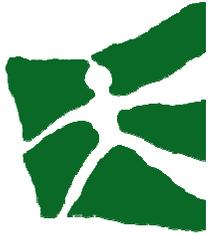


Institute of Information Management



University of St.Gallen

Building a Business Collaboration Infrastructure for Health Care

Experiences from Switzerland

Dr. Peter Rohner
University of St. Gallen
Institute of Information Management
Competence Center Health Network Engineering (CC HNE)
Mueller-Friedberg-Strasse 8
CH-9000 St. Gallen, Switzerland
<http://www.iwi.unisg.ch> | <http://ehealth.iwi.unisg.ch>



Agenda

- Healthcare in Switzerland
- Competence Center Health Network Engineering (CC HNE)
- Problems
- Networkability
- eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure (eHCI)
- Investment Dilemma
- National/Regional eHCI
- Summary and Outlook

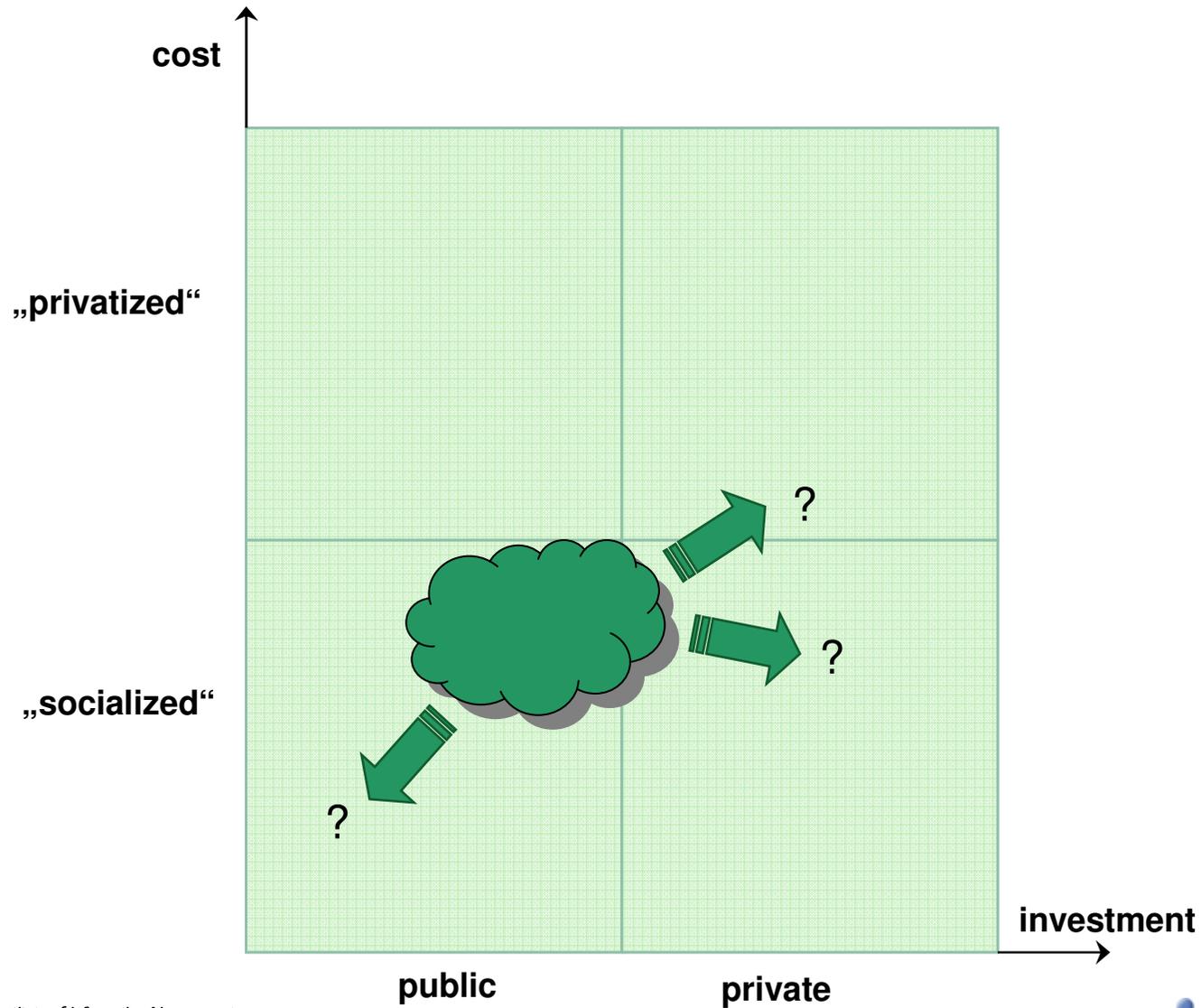
Healthcare in Switzerland

Structure

- 7.5 mio. inhabitants
- Federal / decentral structure:
 - Federal government (definition, regulation and controlling of health issues)
 - 26 provinces (execution with particular regulation, distinct organisations and infrastructures)
- Combination of public, subsidised private and fully private systems:
 - Public (state-owned): university hospitals, provincial hospitals
 - Subsidised private: (home) care services
 - Fully private: hospitals, specialized clinics, health centers, general practitioners, insurance companies (health insurance is mandatory), service providers
- Distinct structures and payment systems for inpatient and outpatient services („SwissDRG“ coming soon, „TARMED“)

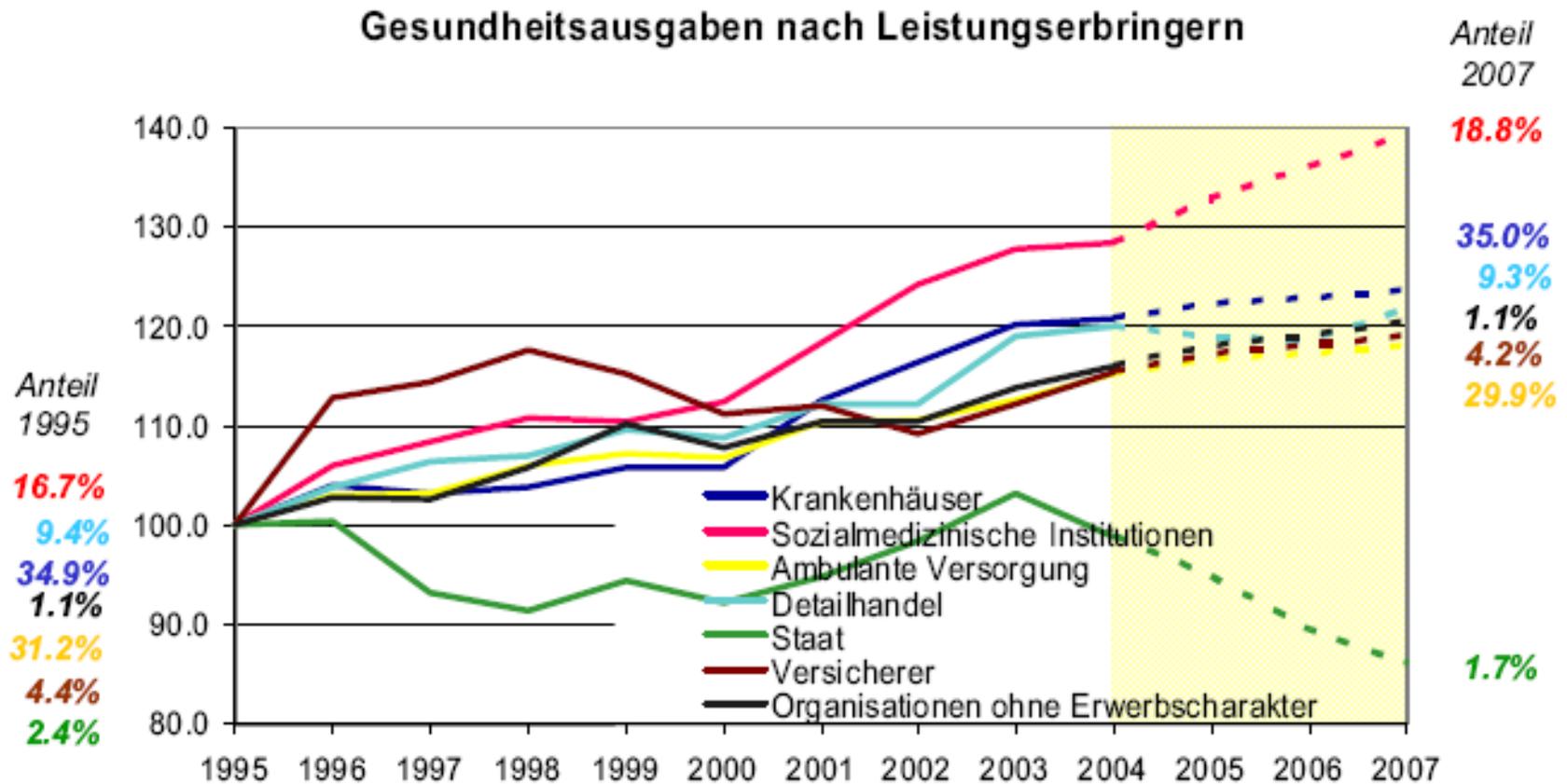
Healthcare in Switzerland

Competition in Service Delivery



Healthcare in Switzerland

Cost Development

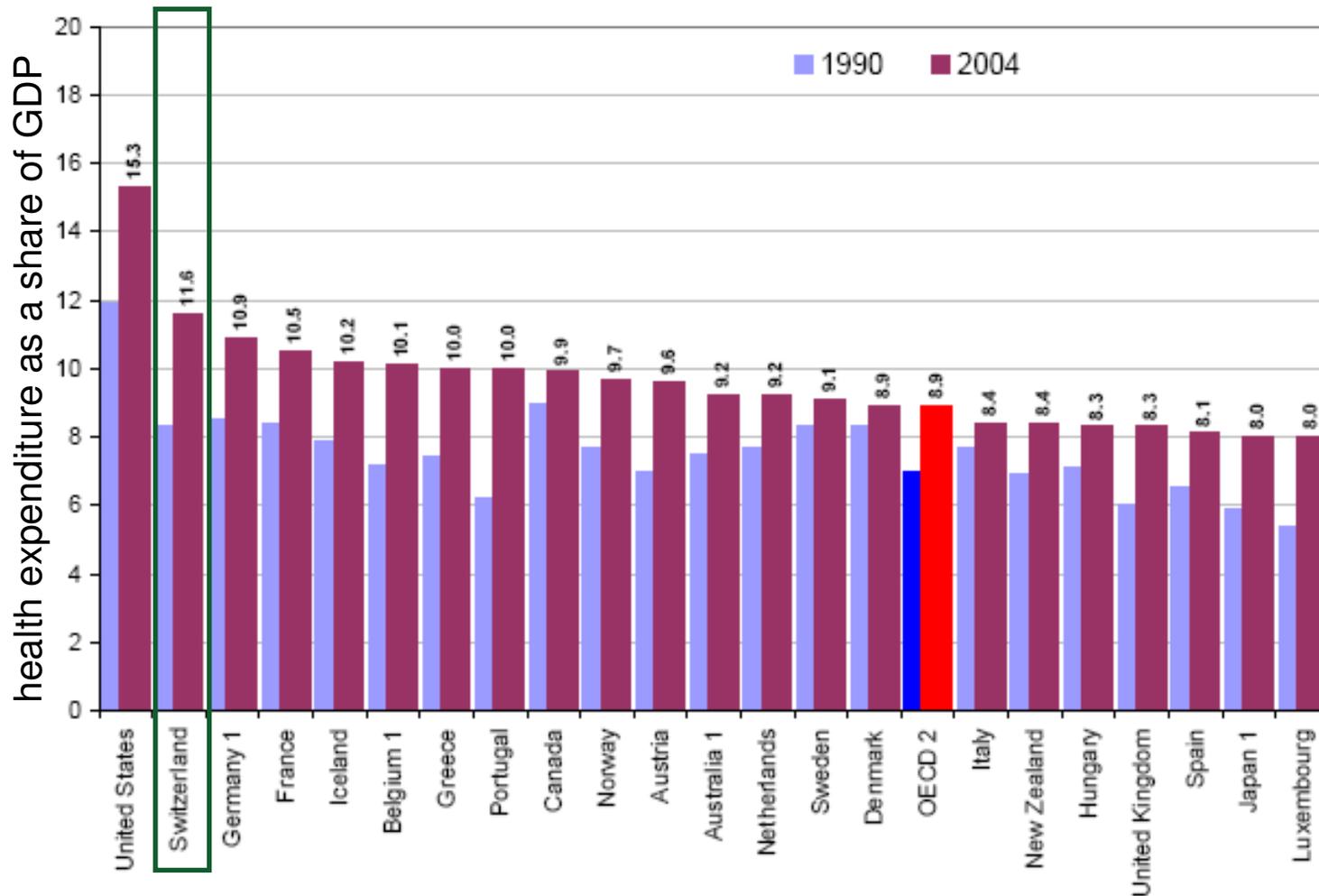


Source: Konjunktur Forschungsstelle ETH Zürich, Frühjahrsprognose der Entwicklung der schweizerischen Gesundheitsausgaben 2005–2007, Juni 2006

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Healthcare in Switzerland

International Comparison (Cost as part of GDP)



1. 2003. 2. OECD average for 1990 excludes Slovak Republic as expenditure data is not available. Source: OECD Health Data 2006, June 2006.

Source: OECD Directorate for Employment, Labour and Social Affairs [homepage on the Internet]. Change in health expenditure as a share of GDP, OECD countries, 1990 and 2004 [cited 2007 July 08]. Available from: <http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/5/28/36992150.pdf>

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CC HNE

Organization and Purpose

- Part of the Institute of Information Management at the University of St. Gallen
- Small, very specialized team
- Exchange of best practice
- Management education
- Design research (create new and innovative artefacts that address relevant problems; .. together with the relevant partners; ... intensive evaluation phases)
- Our intention
 - We do not intend to change the Swiss healthcare system (directly)
 - we support our members in their own transformation (quality of outcome, efficiency of operation, cost control, competitiveness, ...)
 - therefore we do change the system (indirectly) 😊

CC HNE

Serving the Swiss Hospitals



CC HNE

Research areas

- Cooperation and Collaboration:
 - Primary Care (Hospital) - Secondary Care
 - Hospital - Hospital
 - Hospital - Insurance
 - Hospital - Supplier (SRM)
- Process Management (administrative and clinical):
 - PBB: Process Building Blocks (services in the organization layer; an FP6-EU-research-project)
 - Process-oriented patient identification (as a service and a centerpiece between the organization layer and IT layer)
- Business value of IT in healthcare (together with industry partners)

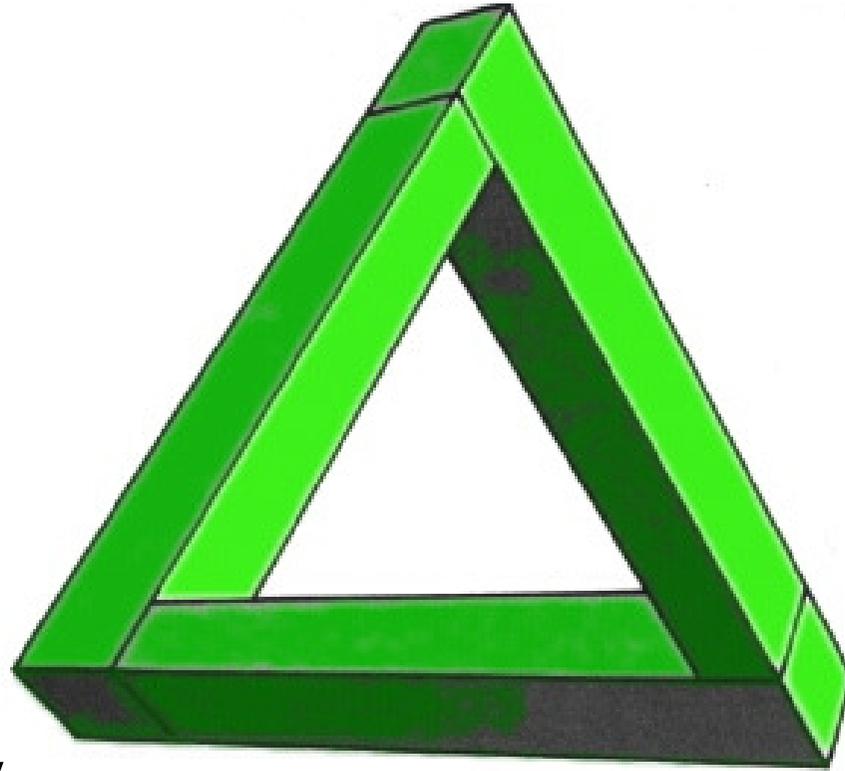
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Problems
Goals

Quality

(Producing a steady outcome; safety)



Efficiency

(Doing the things right)

Effectiveness

(Doing the right things)

Problems

Effectiveness (of a Hospital)

- High degree of regulation:
 - Law
 - Politics
 - Service Agreements
 - ...
- No incentives for a patient-centric behaviour (e.g. reduction of waiting times, conjoint treatment planning, swift information) or patient experience
- ...

Problems

Efficiency and Cost

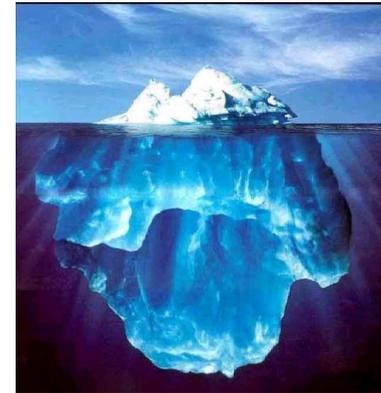
- The Whole System
 - Ageing of the society; chronic/degenerative diseases
 - Density of supply
 - Growing number of doctors
 - Technological advancements
 - Rising expectations
- Hospitals
 - Many incentives for expansion
 - Relationship between cost and price (in spite of DRG)
 - ...

Source: Institut für Sozial- und Präventivmedizin der Universität Zürich

Problems

Quality of Outcome (incl. Patient Safety)

- Some Examples (...):
 - Blood Transfusion Errors
 - Wrong Side Surgeries
 - Medication Errors
 - ...
- CIRS
- Opposition against transparency [in an industrialized and competitive environment, it's the customer who judges the quality, in healthcare it's the „supplier“...]
- ...



Problems

Health Care Compared to Competitive Industries

Health Care

- **Outcome (*Patient*)**
- Monolithic structures with a low degree of (external) division of labour
- Limited competition
(in the state-owned sector)
- Hierarchies, administrative agreements
- Costs (plans)
- Better/more outcome leads to higher costs

Machine Works (Ex.)

- **Output (*Customer*)**
- Very high degree of division of labour between the actor (industrialization)
- Intensive competition
- "Coopetition" (***networking*** and ***standards***)
- Prices (market)
- More output leads to diminishing costs

Problems

Transformation Will Take Place

- The Rapidity ... of Transformation [Greenwood, Hinnings 1996]:
 - „Highly regulated sectors withstand change ...“,
 - „If there is a disruption strong enough..., change will be radical and happening fast“

Problems

Transformation Path (Rather Internally)

- The Evolving World of Health Care Organizations [Scott et al 2003]: Reduction of government-owned hospitals,
 - Competitiveness:
 - Running a hospital as a business

Problems

The Swiss Hospital Agenda: Competitiveness



Source and © ROHNER BERATUNG AG
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Problems

Transformation Path (Also Externally)

- The Evolving World of Health Care Organizations [Scott et al 2003]: Reduction of government-owned hospitals,
 - Competitiveness:
 - Running a hospital as a business [see you consultant]
 - Interconnection of the actors [let's do serious research on this]:
 - Higher level of Specialization
 - Increase of cooperation between healthcare service providers
 - Advance of collaboration between healthcare service providers and other actors
 - Integration of different partners into delivery systems, „*combined with insurance and financial function ...*“
 - ...

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Networkability

What is it?

Networkability is the ability *of every single actor* to team up with other players (in the health care sector)

- rapidly
- and with low setup costs

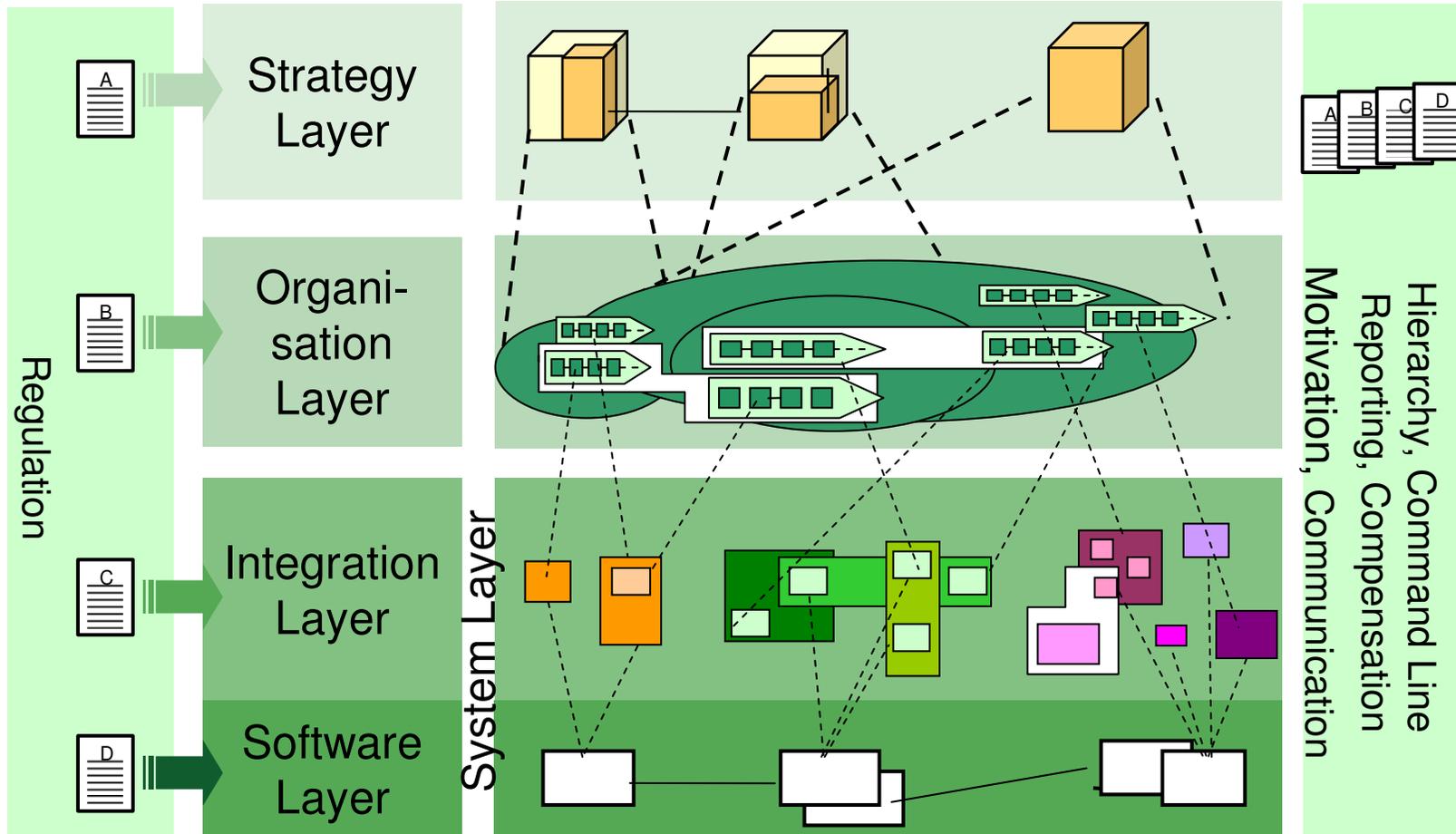
for the joint delivery of services

This aint no „technical“ task at all!

Networkability

A Complex Task: Some **Business** Engineering Needed...

... leading to a higher IT-adoption rate

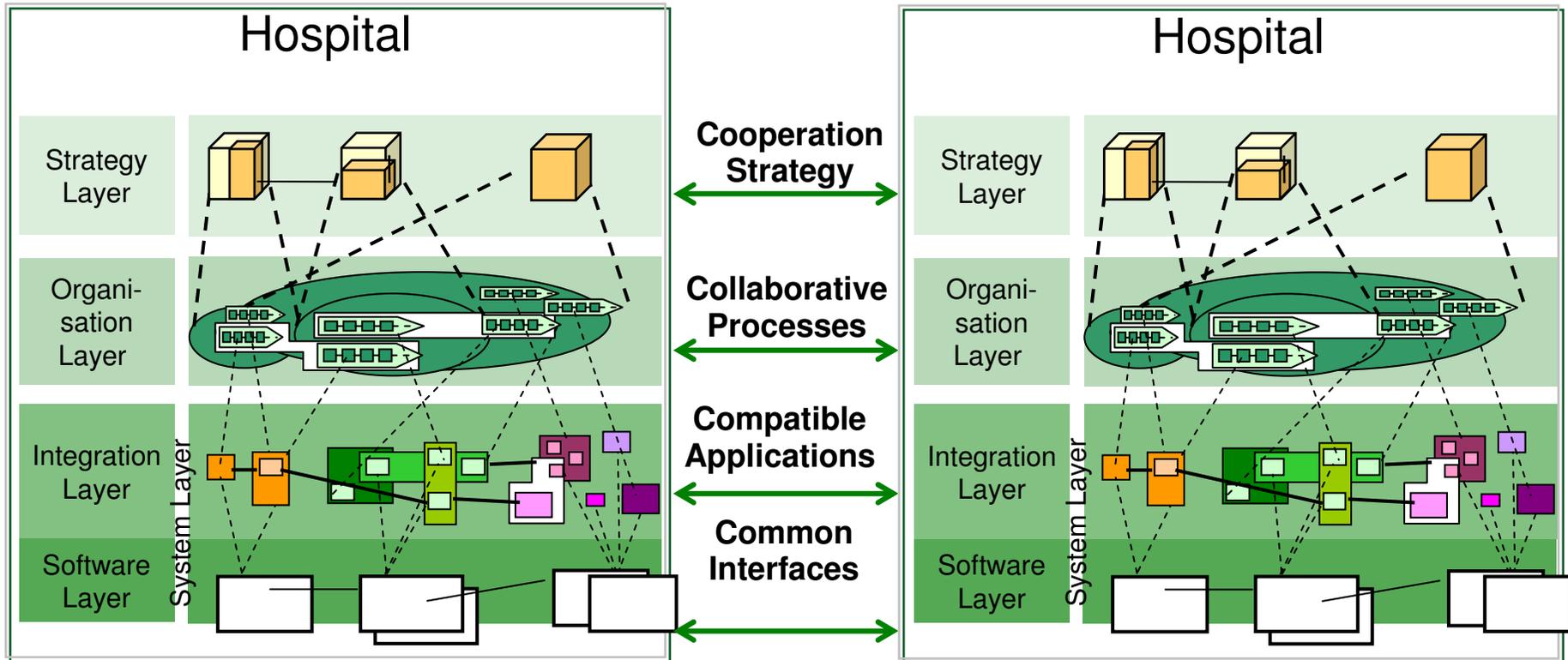


Source: Based on [Winter2003]

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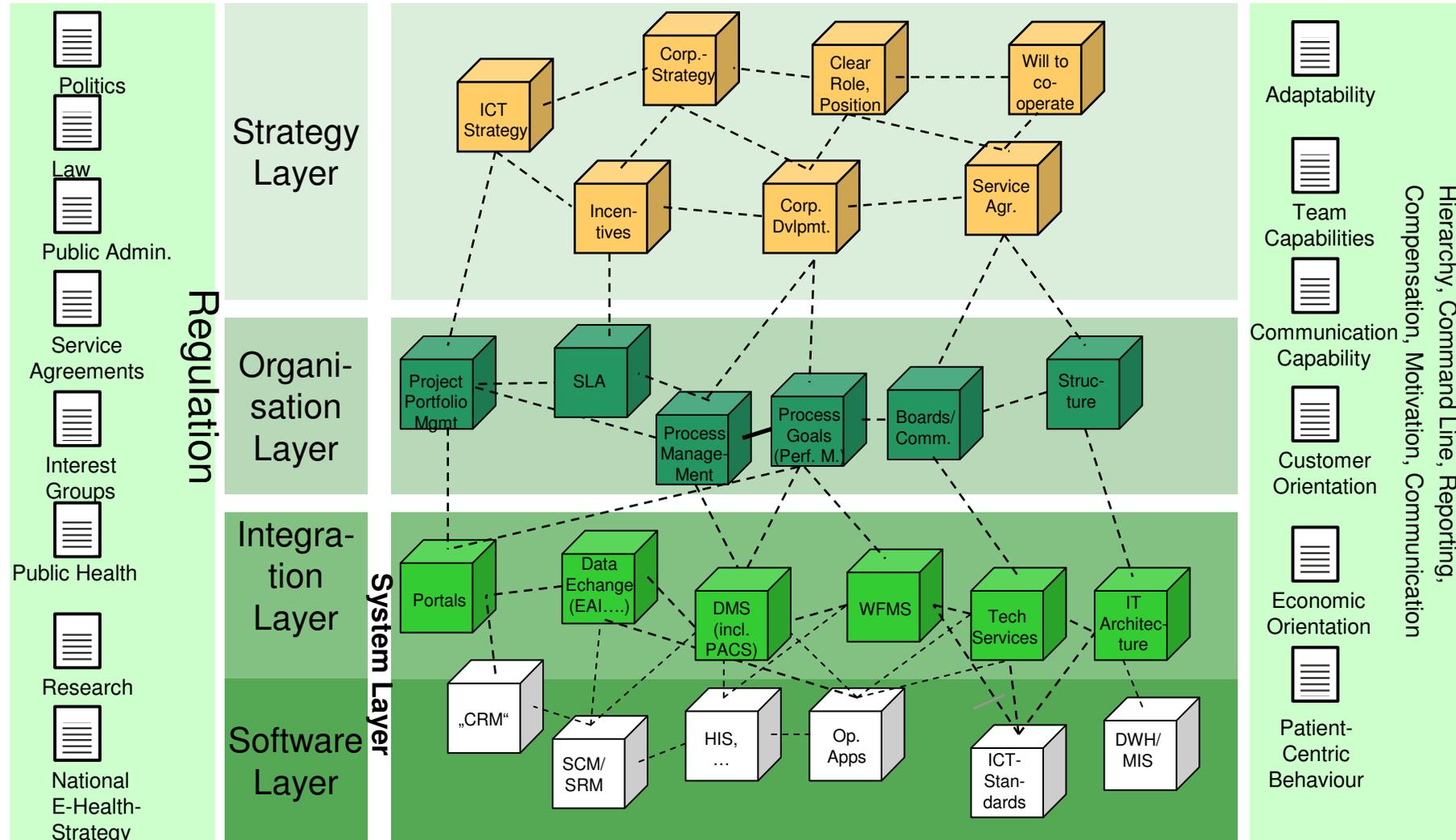
Networkability

Teaming Up...



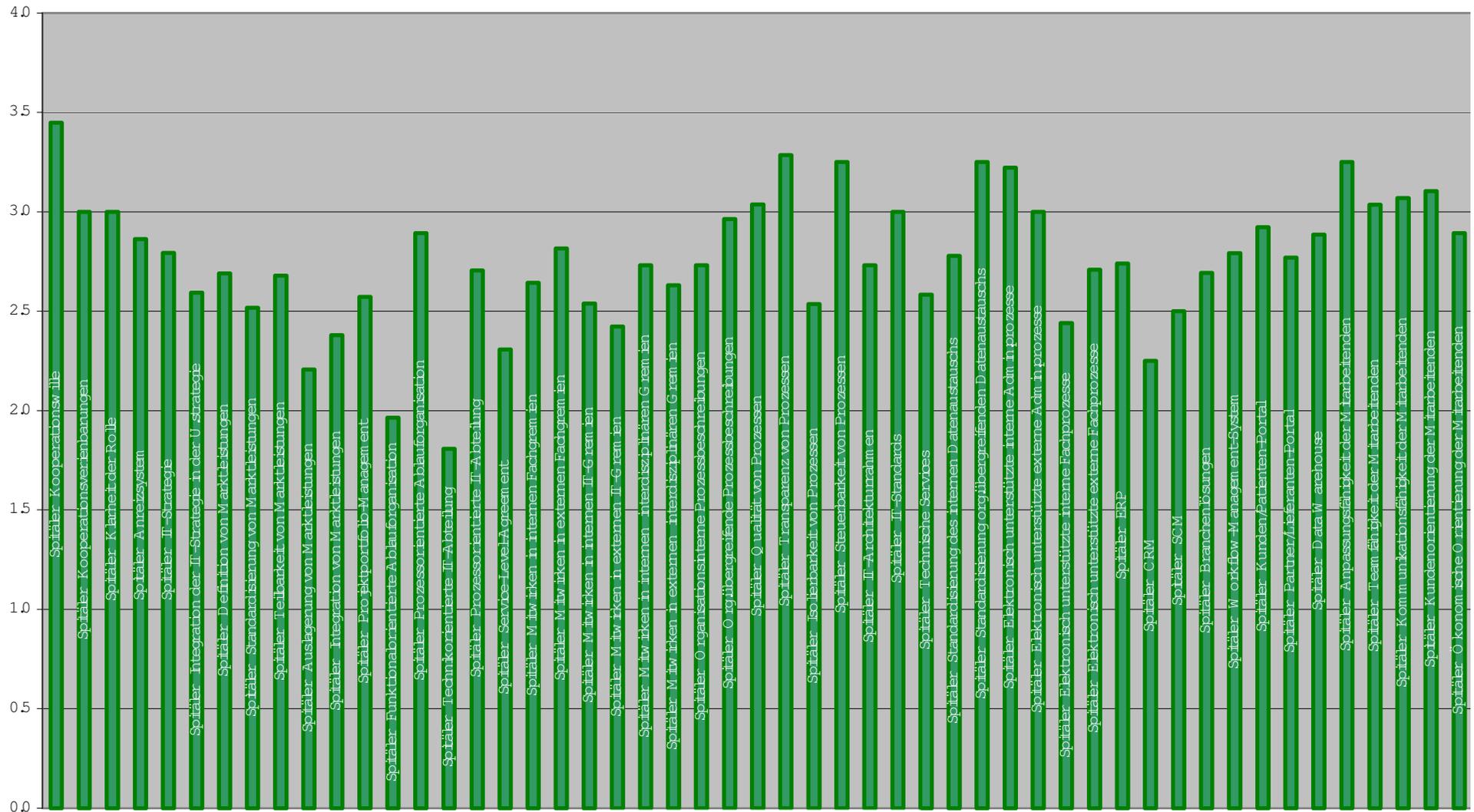
Networkability

Factors (Objects) Influencing Networkability



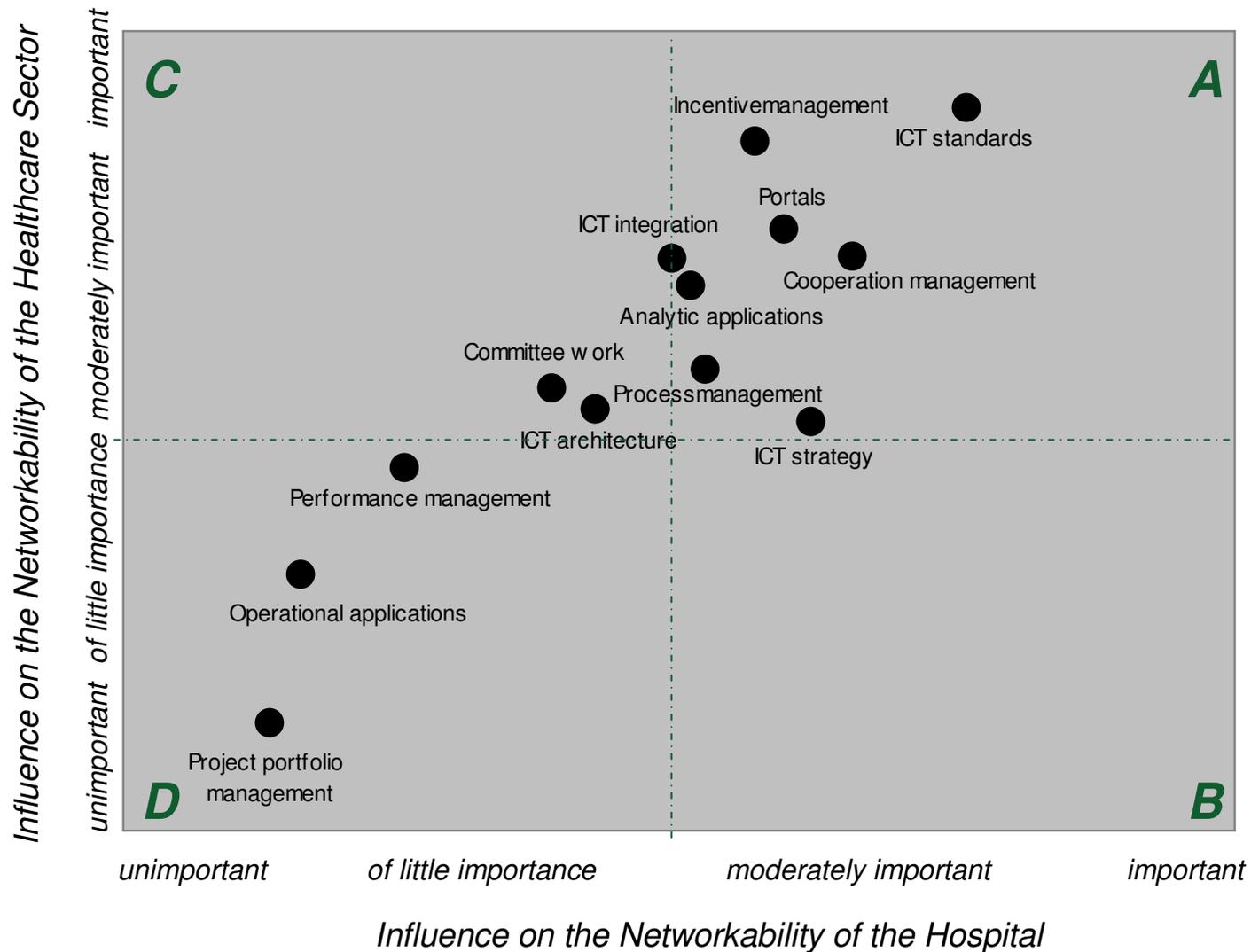
Networkability

Evaluation of the Factors (Objects)



Networkability

Priority of the Factors

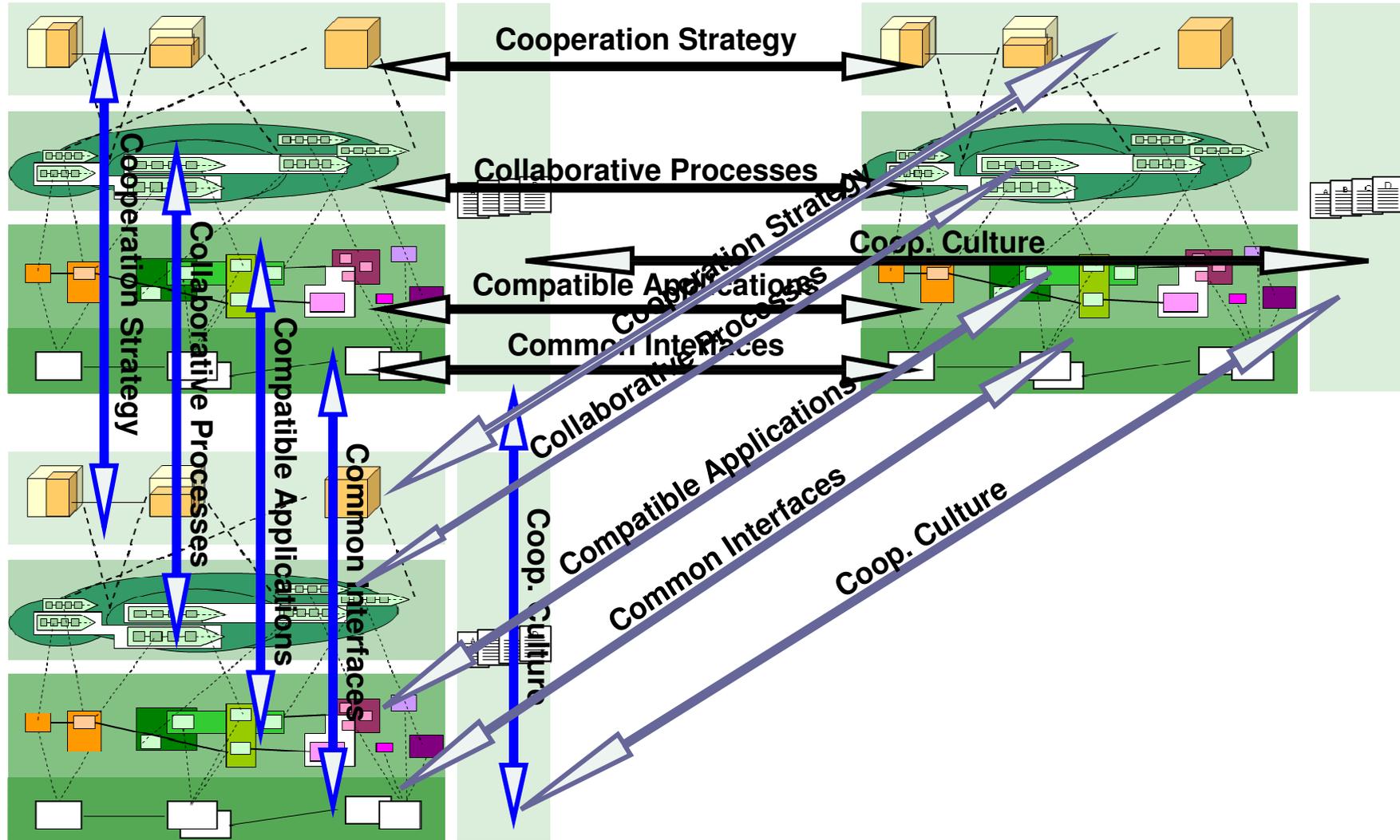


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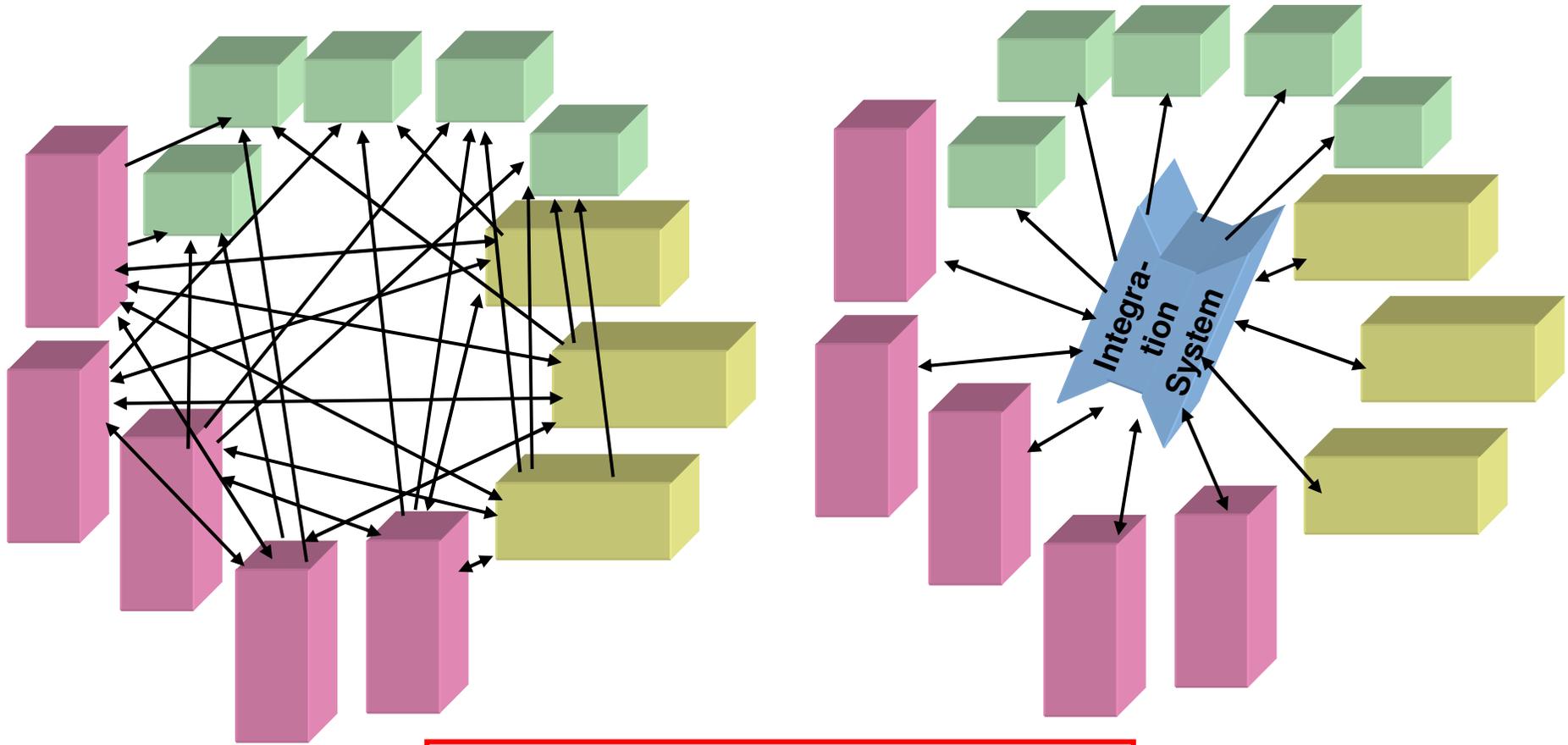
eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Teaming Up ...



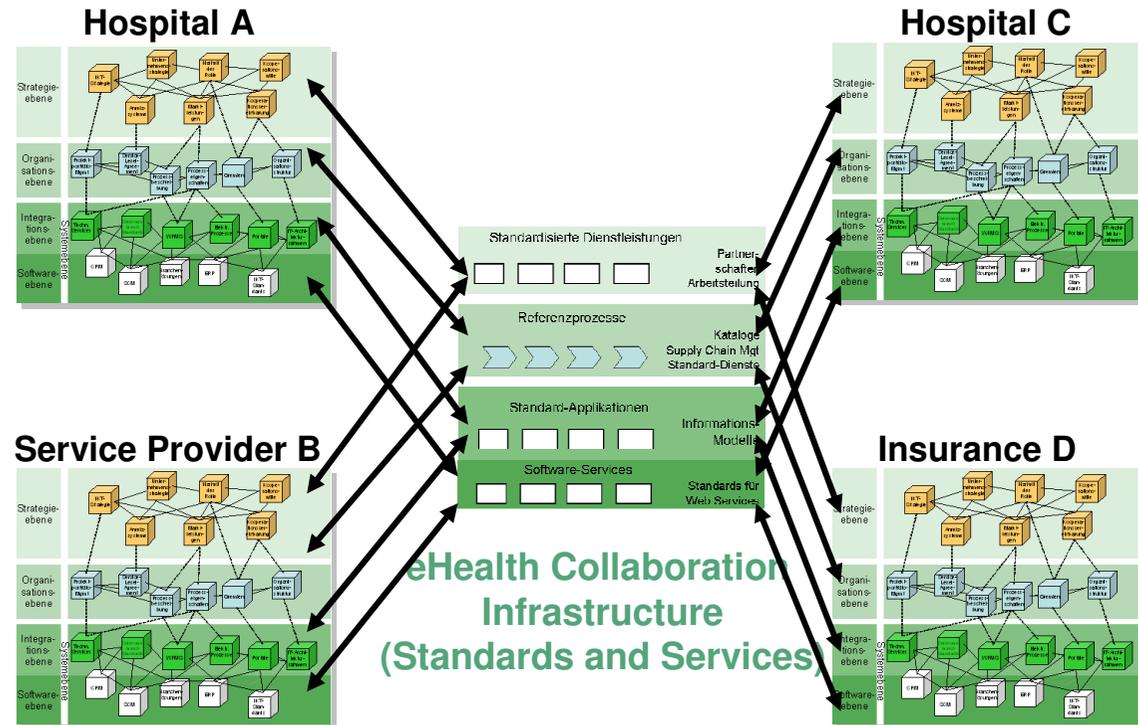
eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Teaming Up: Hub and Spoke...



eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Teaming Up: Standards and Services



eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Types of Cooperation and Collaboration

- Primary Care - Secondary Care (Hospital)
- Hospital - Hospital (e.g. Regionalization, Specialisation, Shared Services)
- Hospital (or Delivery System) - Insurance
- Hospital - Supplier or Service Provider (e.g. Ambulance, Blood Donation, Medical Equipment)
- Hospital - Government Agency
- ... also over the border (Austria, France, Germany, Italy)

eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Different Combinations of Partners (Business Models)

- B2E (e.g. use of a HIS, PACS)
- B2B2E (e.g. resource and appointment management; typically with user interaction)
- B2B (e.g. logistics data, payment; typically without user interaction)
- B2C (e.g. HMO portal)
- B2B2C (e.g. EHR portal)
- B2C2B (e.g. EBPP with „Tiers Garant“)

eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure

Services (1/2)

- EHR (...)
- Patient Relationship Management
- „Kostengutsprache“ (insurance states that it will pay the cost)
- Billing
- Financial Clearing
- Prescription
- Doctors Letter
- Resource Planning

eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure Services (2/2)

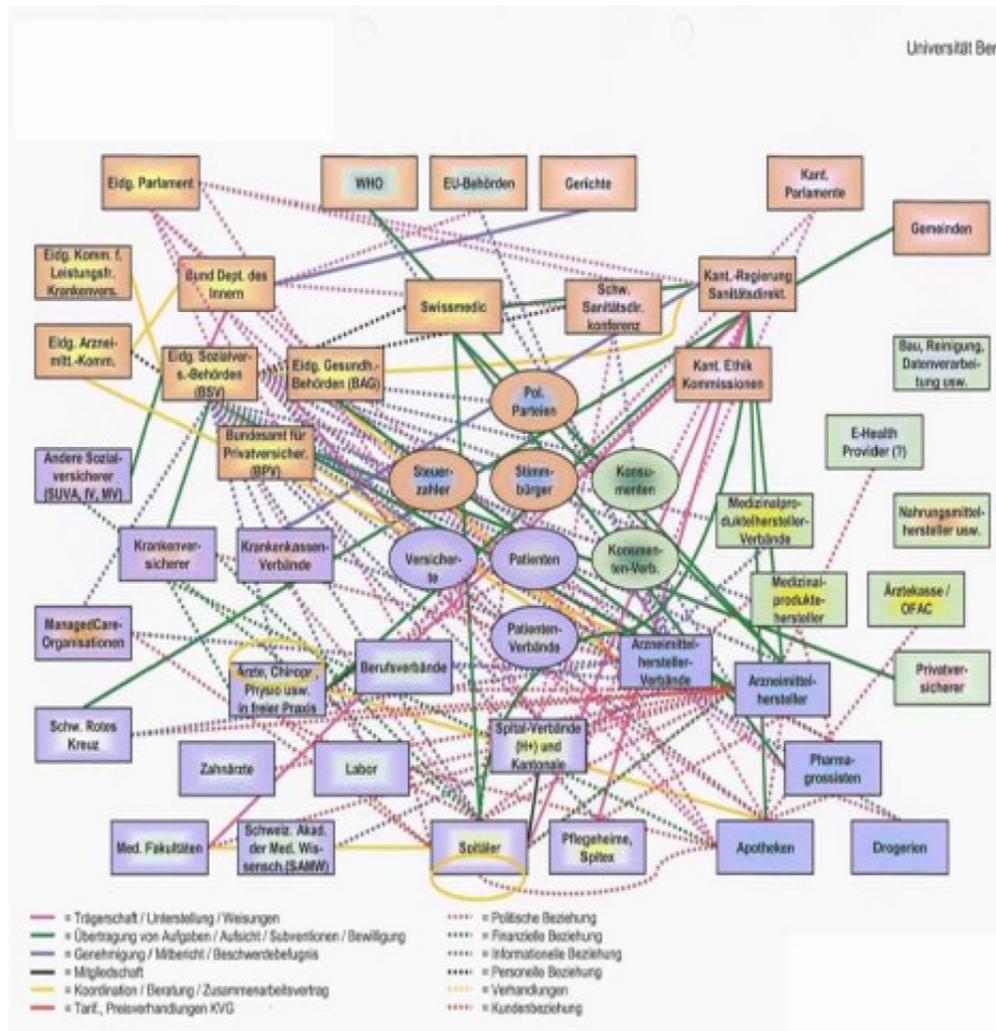
- Treatment Planning
- Diagnostic Support
- Telemedicine Support
- Knowledge Sharing
- Shared Commercial Services (e.g. Logistics, SRM/SCM, Finance)
- Catalog Services (e.g. Pharmaceutical Master Data)
- Identity Management (Health Professionals)
- Patient Identification (MPI, ...)
- ...

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Investment Dilemma

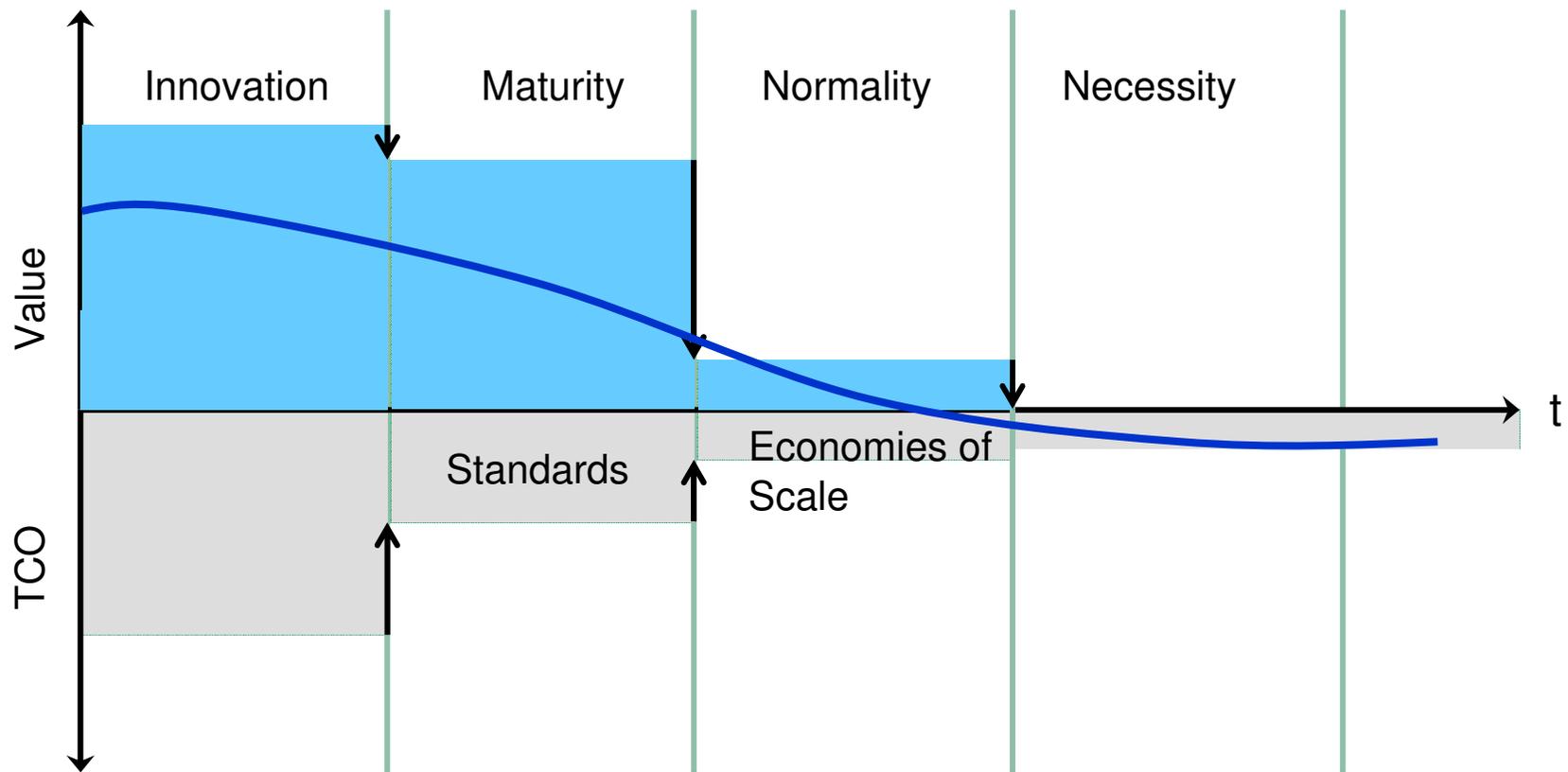
Complexity



Investment Dilemma

Value of an IT Solution for a Single Player

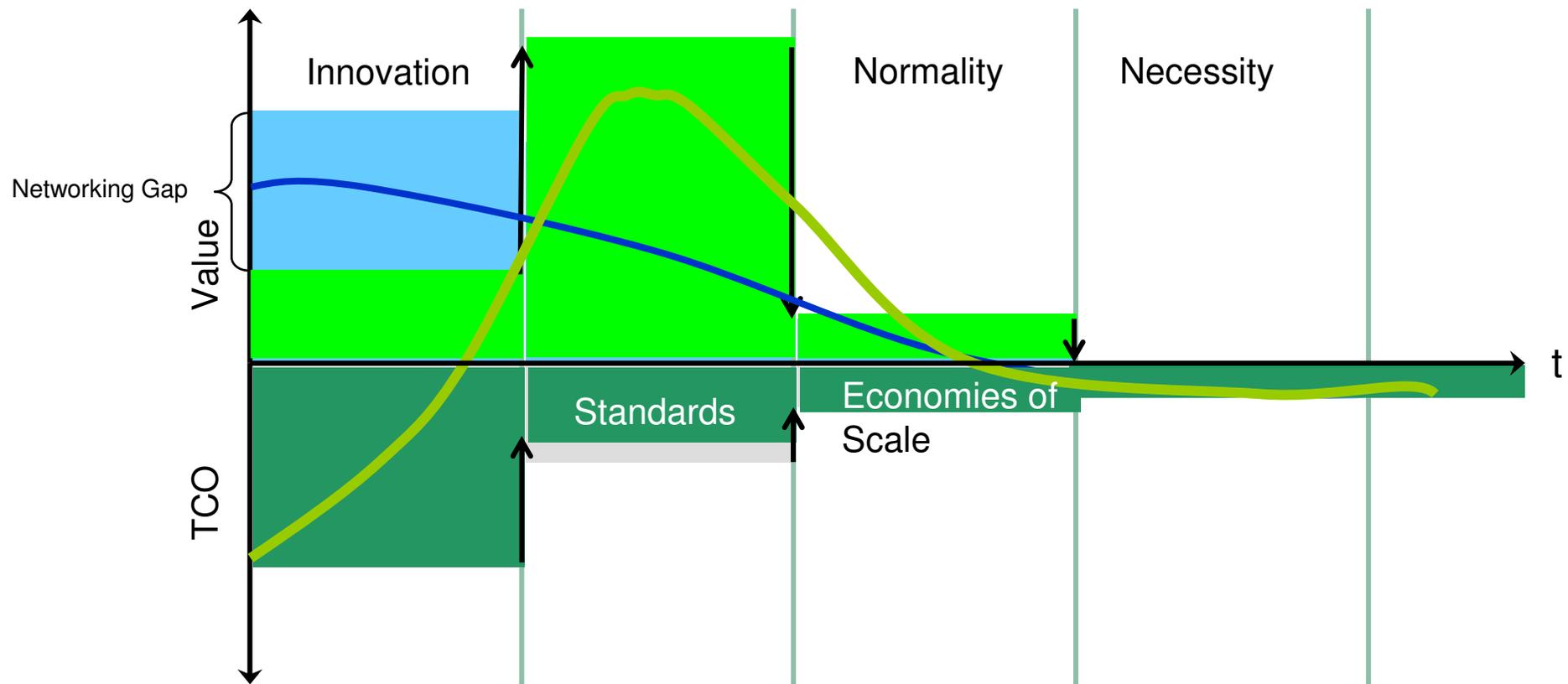
■ *Differentiation*



Investment Dilemma

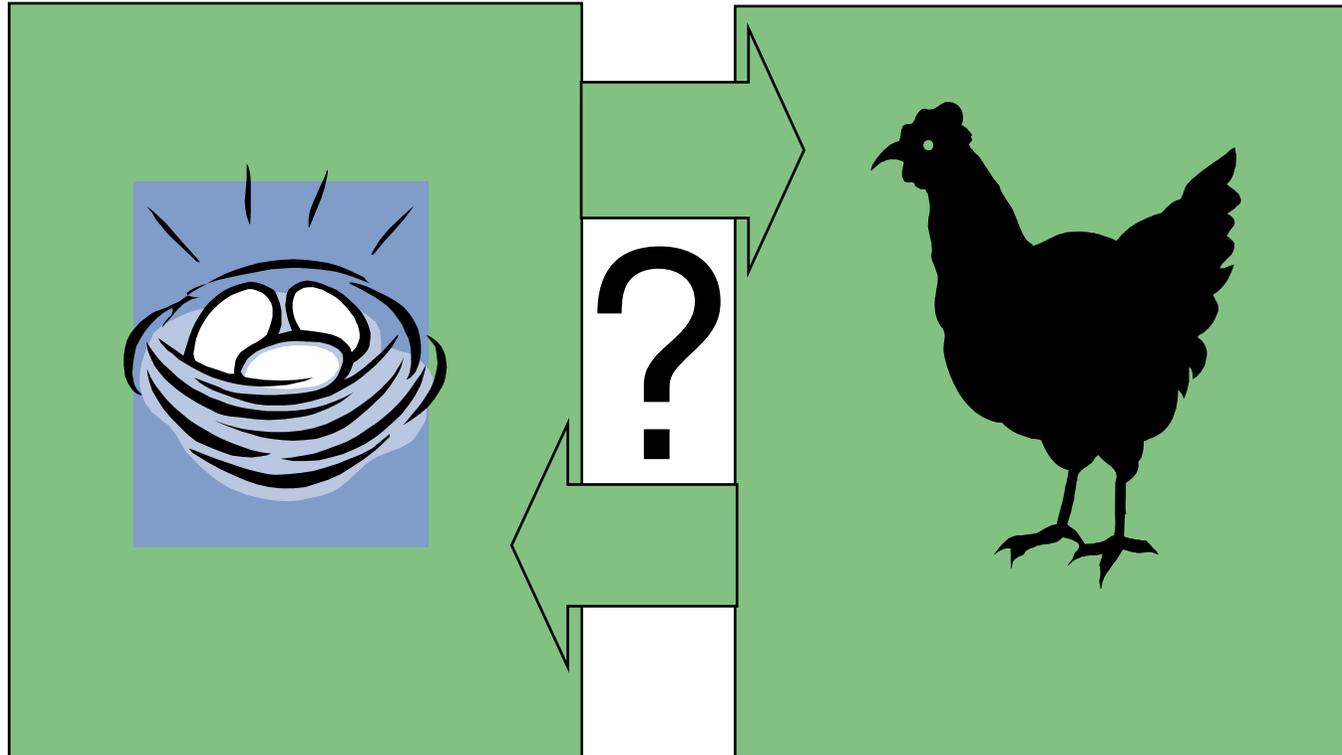
Value of an IT Solution for a Network of Players

■ *Networking*



Investment Dilemma

What has to come first?



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National/Regional eHCI

Swiss Landscape (of RHIOs): Specialization and ...

- Centris (full service provider for insurance companies)
- H-Net (data exchange between insurances and hospitals (mainly administrative data) and between hospitals (mainly radiology pictures))
- HIN (trusted mail between hospitals and general practitioners)
- Medidata (data exchange between insurances and hospitals (mainly administrative data))
- More than a dozen trust centers for general practitioners
- One service center for most independent Swiss pharmacies
- Some provincial pilots („eKOGU“, „MediSwiss“)
- ...

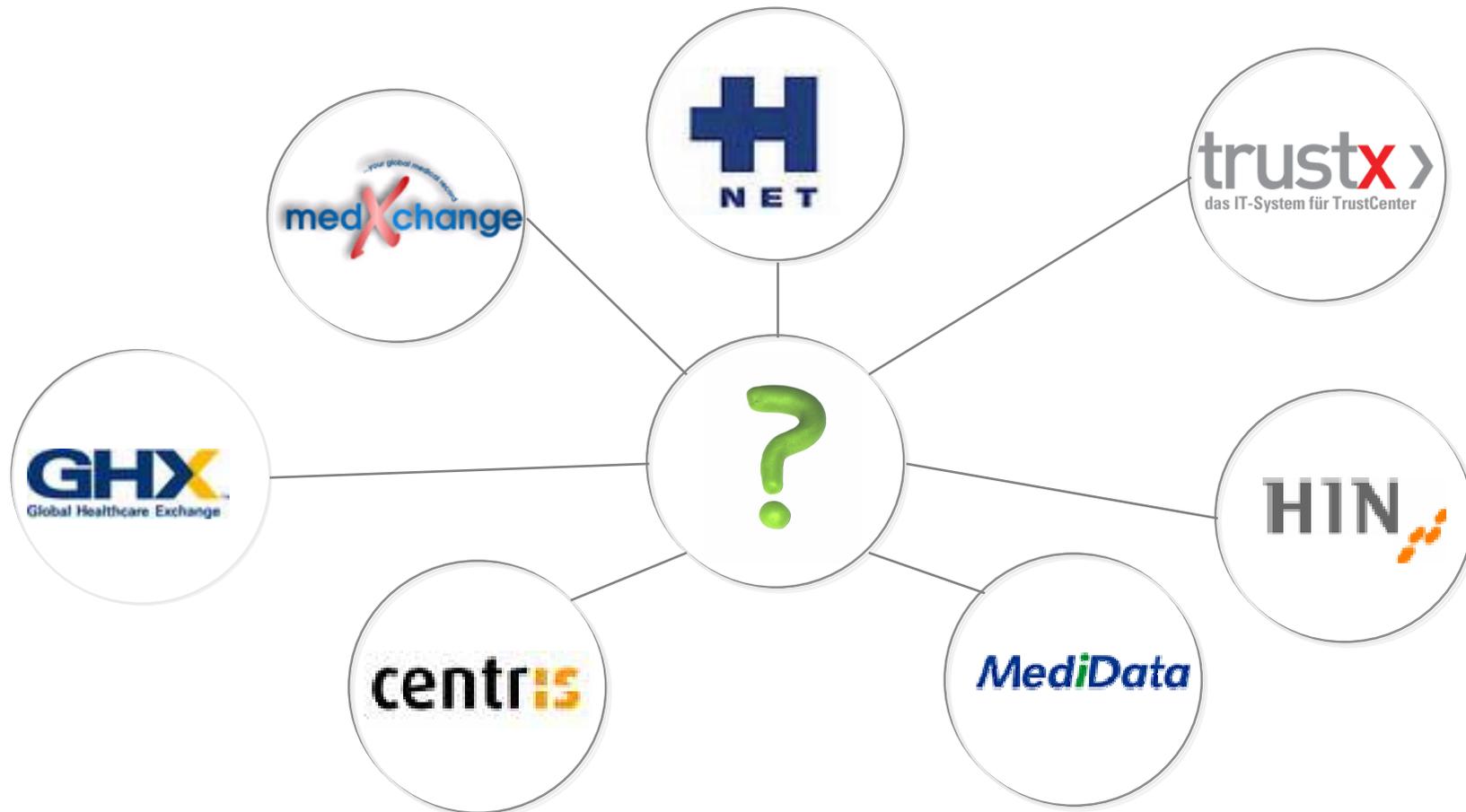
National/Regional eHCI

Swiss Landscape (of RHIOs): ... and Dependency

- Most of the service providers are owned by a large insurance company, an association or a group of specific actors etc. and are therefore ***not mutually trustworthy***
- ***no service provider supports all*** business models or supplies the full spectrum of services
- the ***service providers are not linked*** (the actors have to be connected to multiple service providers [!])
- the ***roles*** (exclusive service provider or a shared service provider or a service integrator) are continuously changing
- the services which are provided are concentrated on the ***system layer*** (for data exchange); the ability to manage processes and to foster certain business models is lacking

National/Regional eHCI

Looking for a Shared Service Provider (“Intermediate”)



National/Regional eHCI

Questions (1/2)

- Who defines the role of an intermediate?
 - The federal government („Bund“)?
 - The conference of the regional health secretaries („GDK“)?
 - Actors' associations?
 - The „market“?
- Who should act as the intermediate?
 - One of the existing Swiss RHIOs by extending its services?
 - Some of the existing Swiss RHIOs by integrating one another?
 - A new Service Provider (from the healthcare industry, from the IT industry, from the „Service Public“, from abroad)?
- How can this intermediate be financed?
 - Through a „Public Private Partnership“?
 - By transaction fees?
 - By a tertiary use of clinical data?
 - ...?

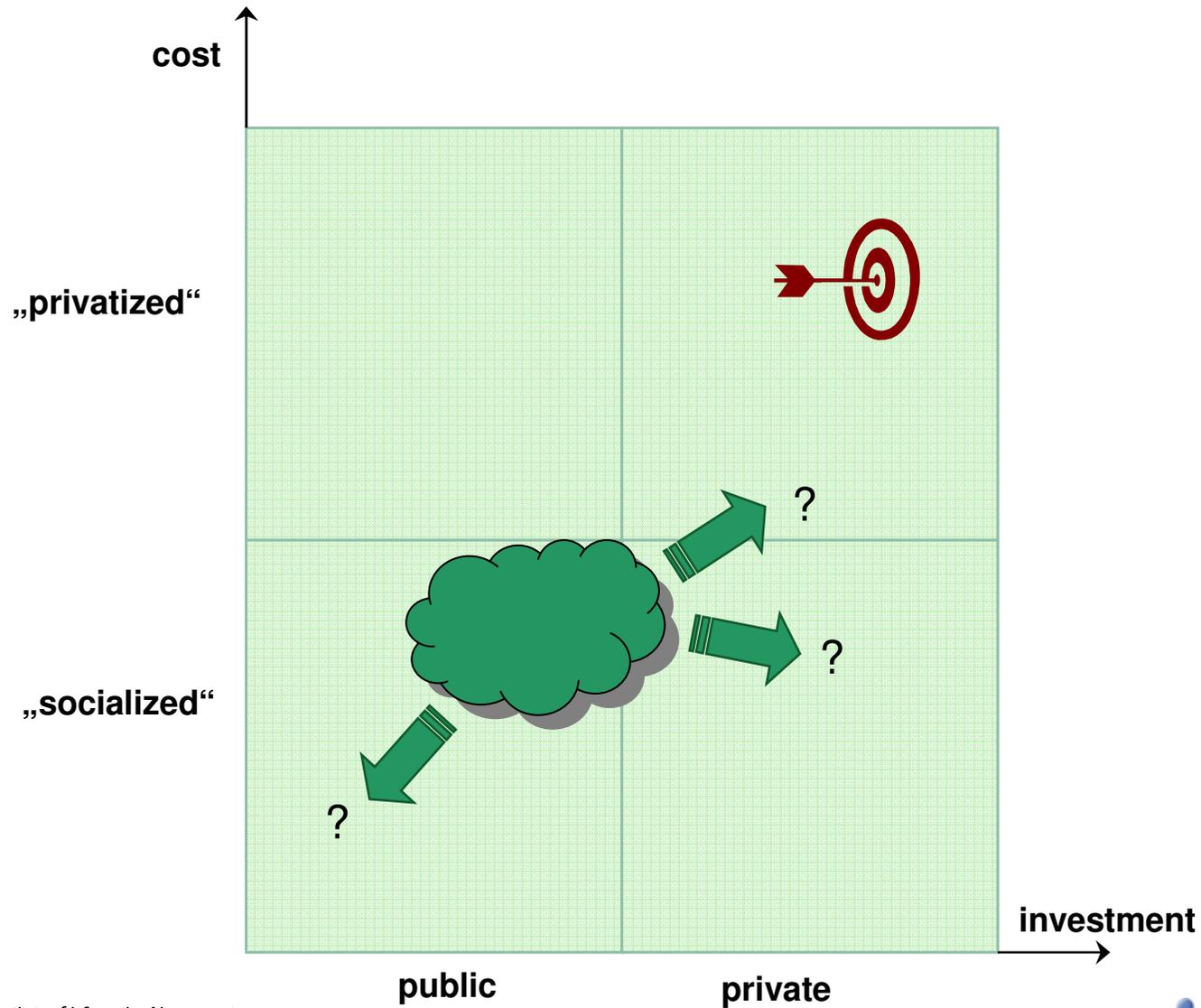
National/Regional eHCI

Questions (2/2)

- Who should/can/wants/will be forced to take the lead?
 - The federal government („Bund“)?
 - The conference of the regional health secretaries („GDK“)?
 - Actors' associations?
 - The „market“?

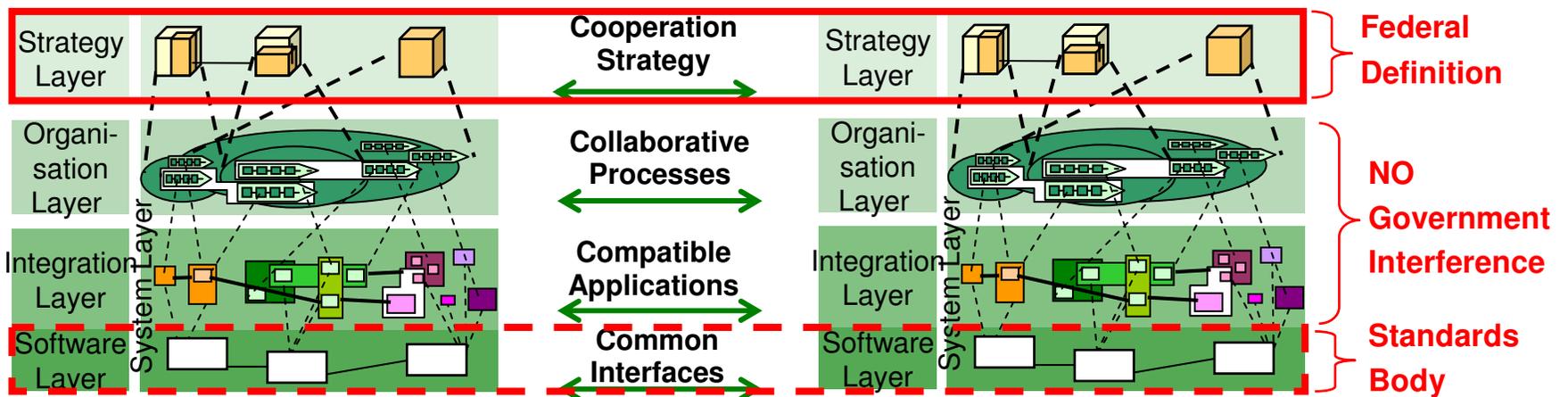
National/Regional eHCI

„Good Governance and Regulation“



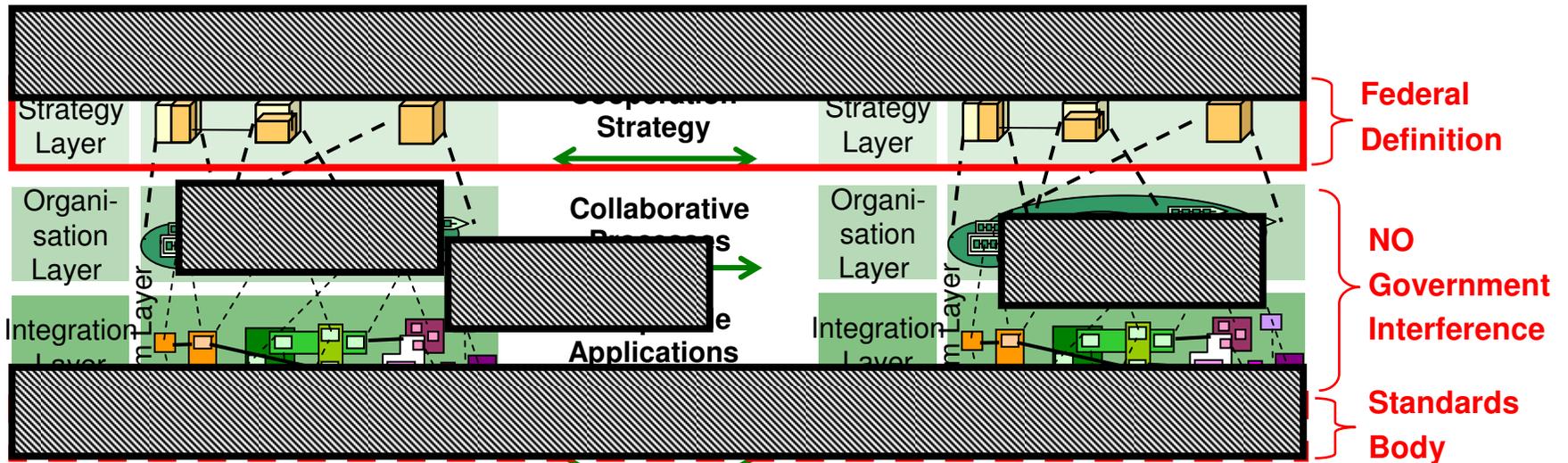
National/Regional eHCI

„Good Governance and Regulation“



National/Regional eHCI

„Good Governance and Regulation“



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Summary

- To overcome the problems (mainly quality and cost) a shift towards “privatization” and consumer-driven healthcare is needed
- Hospitals have to become competitive (DGRs are only a forerunner)
- Networkability is the key to the “industrialization” of healthcare
- The development of competitiveness (internally) and networkability (externally) go hand in hand
- An eHealth Collaboration Infrastructure (eHCI) is needed
- Government regulation and private initiatives should be combined to solve the investment dilemma

Outlook

- CC HNE Trip to the U.S. & Canada in early 2009
- Let's get in touch!
- Please e-mail or call

Thank you for your attention
See you in the U.S. or Canada in early 2009

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University of St.Gallen

Dr. Peter Rohner

peter.rohner@unisg.ch

peter.rohner@rohner.ch

ehealth.iwi.unisg.ch

+41 71 224 38 60