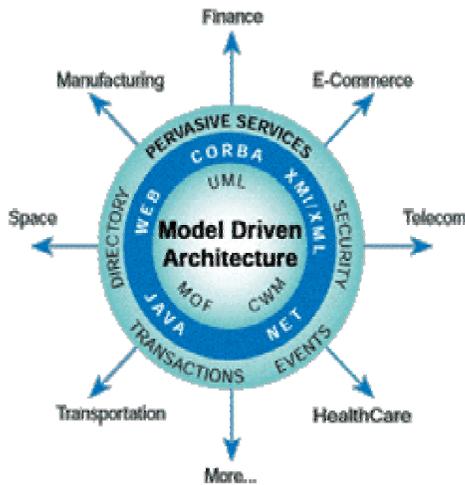


Linking the Real with the Simulated using MDA



Enterprise Collaboration Architecture



*A tutorial on applying Model Driven Architecture
to live and simulated systems*

Introductions



DataAccessTechnologies

Where Business Meets Technology

Cory Casanave

cory-c@enterprisecomponent.com

www.enterprisecomponent.com

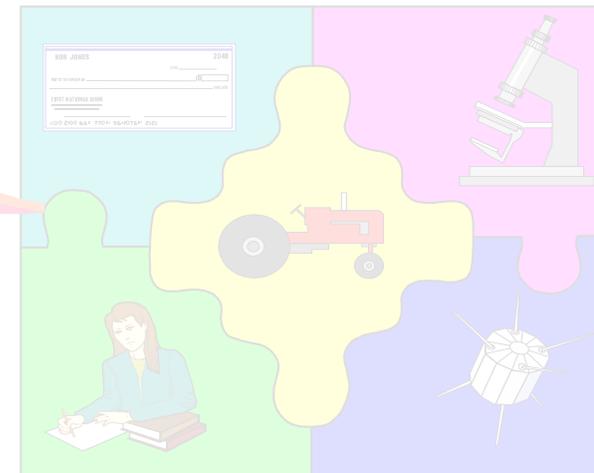
Primary author of “Component Collaboration Architecture” in EDOC

Integrating Enterprises, People & Systems - Worldwide

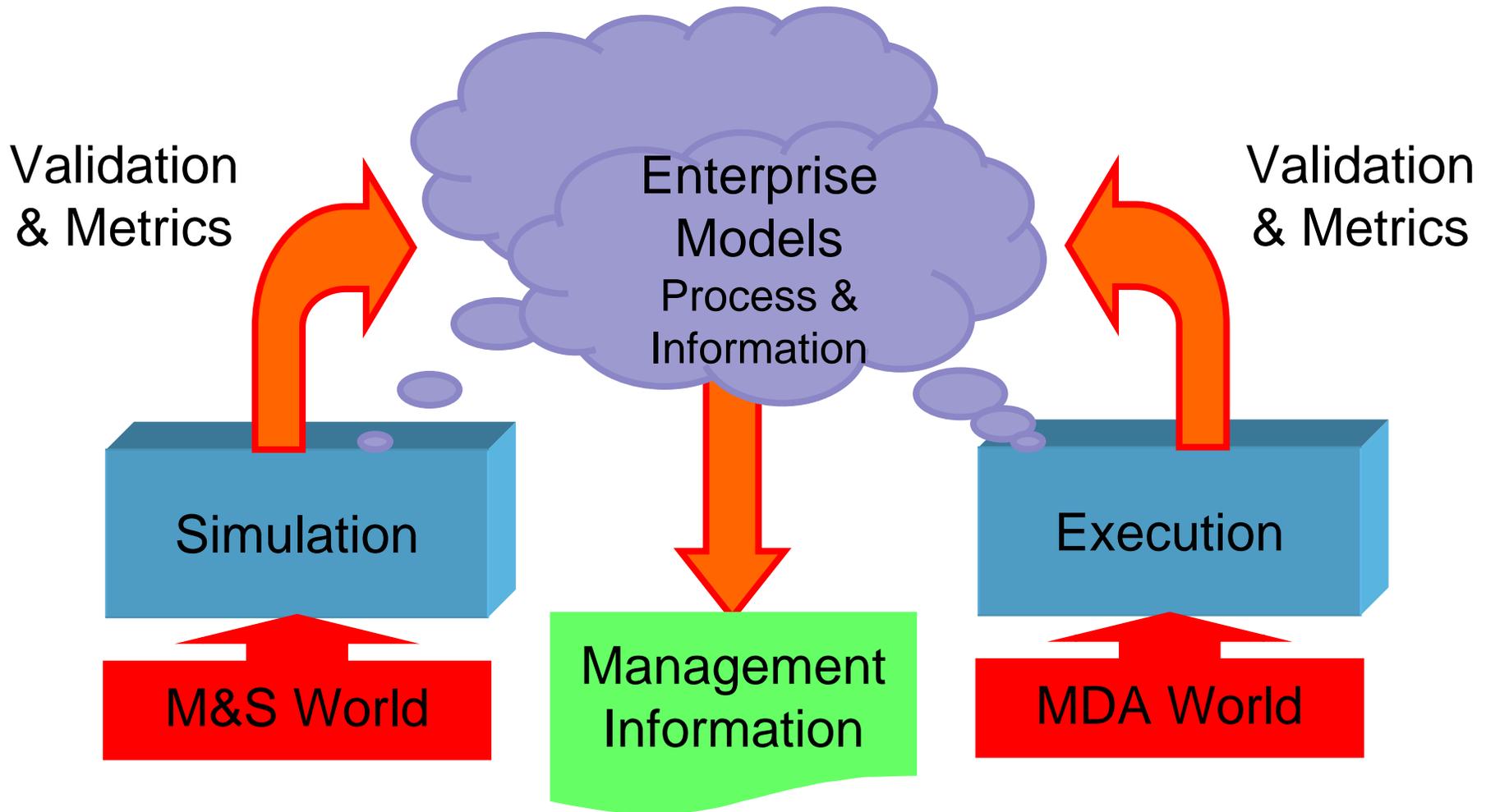
⌘ Business Requirements

- ⊞ Virtual Enterprises
- ⊞ Joint Interoperability
- ⊞ Enterprise Integration (EAI)
- ⊞ Supply-chain automation (B2B)
- ⊞ Customer Integration (B2B)
- ⊞ Web deployment (B2C)
- ⊞ Internet Marketplace (B2C)

⌘ Collaboration and Integration



Model What You Simulate & Perform



Current State – Dead Information



- ⌘ Trapped in documents
- ⌘ “PowerPoint architectures” & “Paper tigers”
- ⌘ No semantics behind the pictures
- ⌘ Different diagrams not linked
- ⌘ Not easily modified (Except as a picture)
- ⌘ Propagating information is manual
- ⌘ No repository or proprietary repository
- ⌘ No way to automate *getting value out*

MDA Models



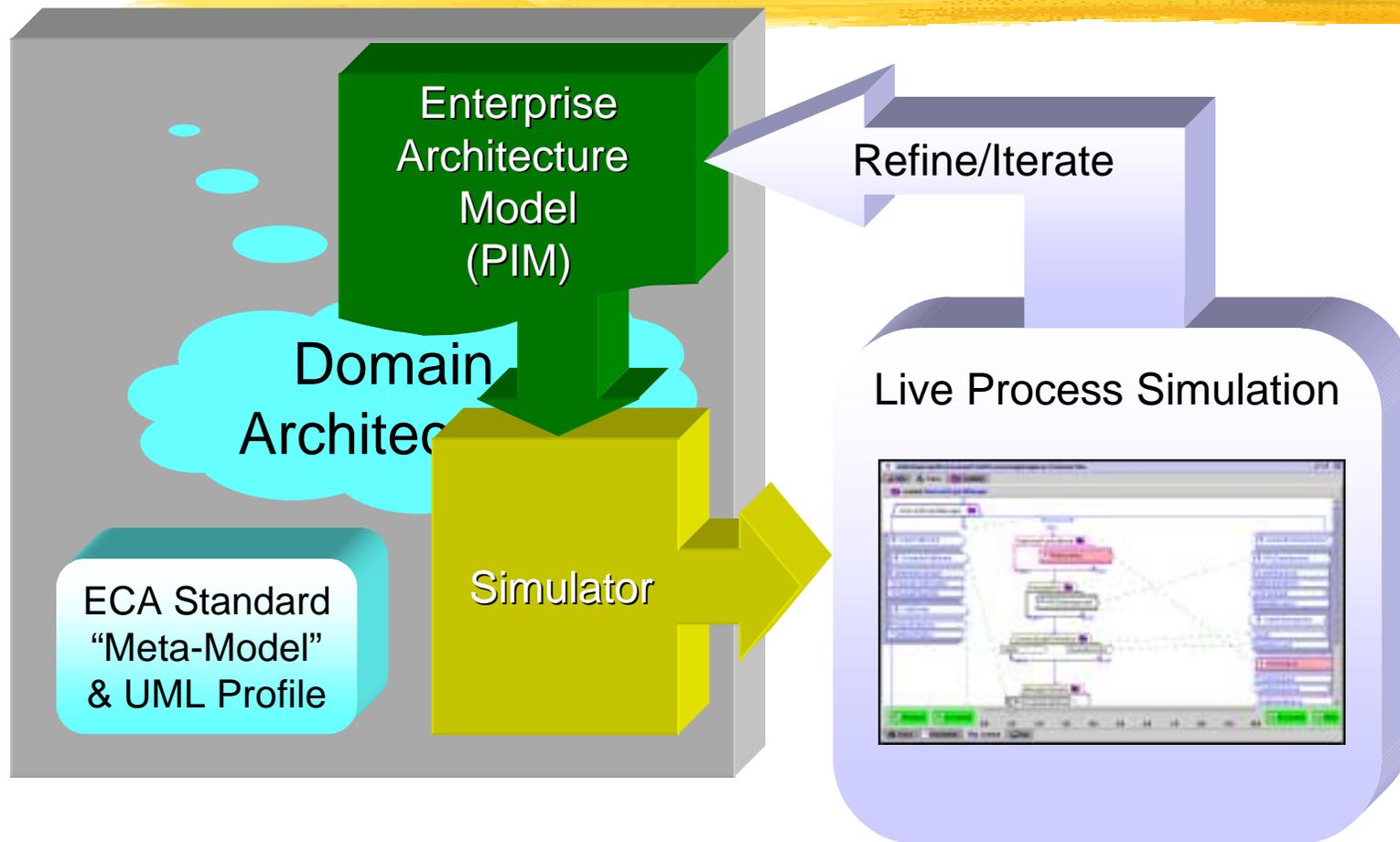
- ⌘ Information in open repositories
- ⌘ Semantics behind the models – they mean something
- ⌘ Can be reverse engineered from dead information
- ⌘ Designed for value – what do we get out of our architectures?
- ⌘ Information in multiple diagrams is semantically linked
- ⌘ Changes are automatically propagated
- ⌘ Automated production of value
 - ☑ Documentation, middleware, simulation, tests, code
- ⌘ Living information made part of the enterprise and the system

Why Process Simulation?

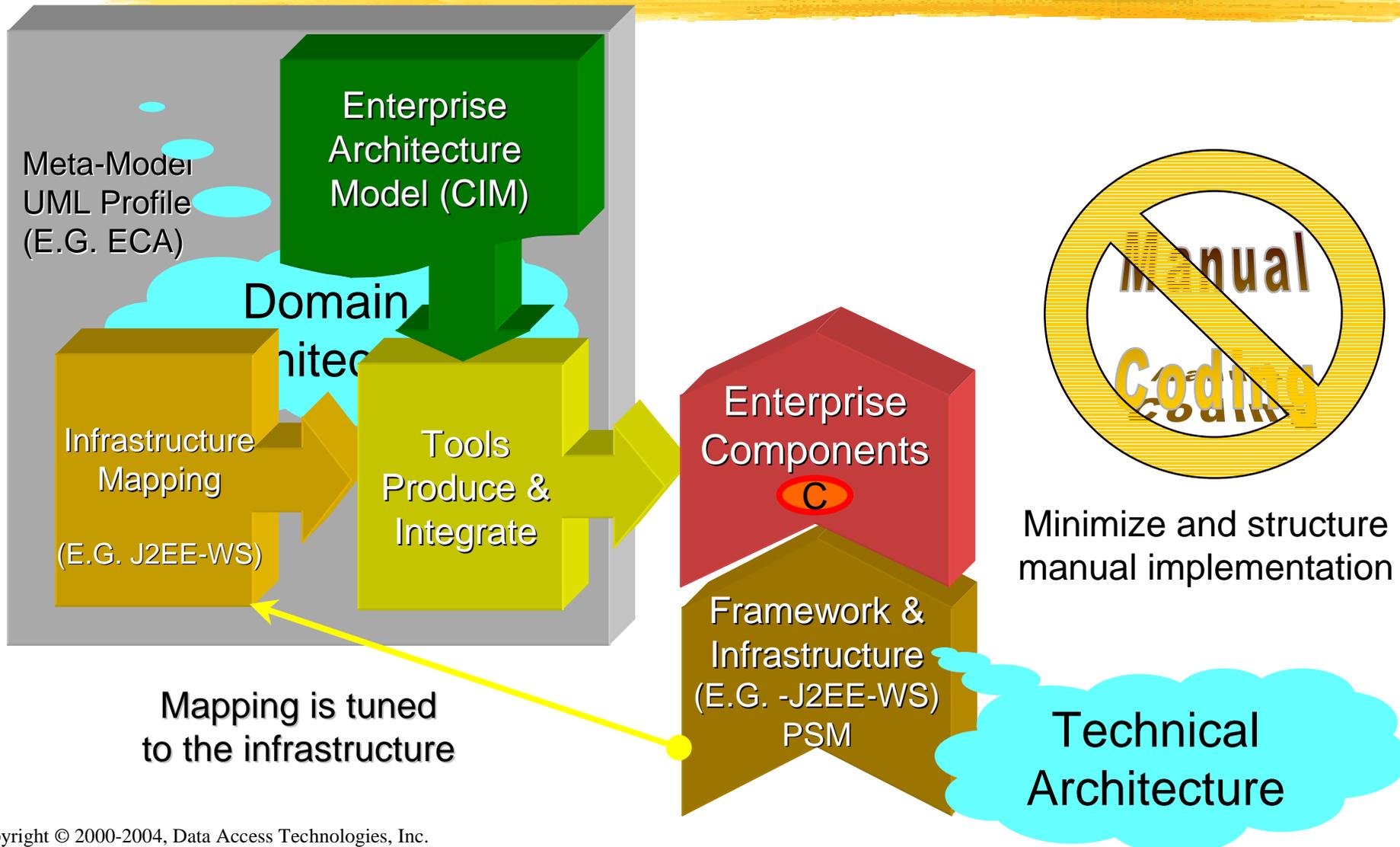


- ⌘ Validation – Simulation of processes allows stakeholders to validate and refine new processes prior to deployment
- ⌘ Training – Simulation is a core requirement for training, systems need to be able to operate in a simulation of real mode and dedicated trainers need to simulate the real world
- ⌘ Testing – simulation is used to test live systems components for performance and conformance
- ⌘ Decision Support – Simulation can aid in “projecting the future” for decision support

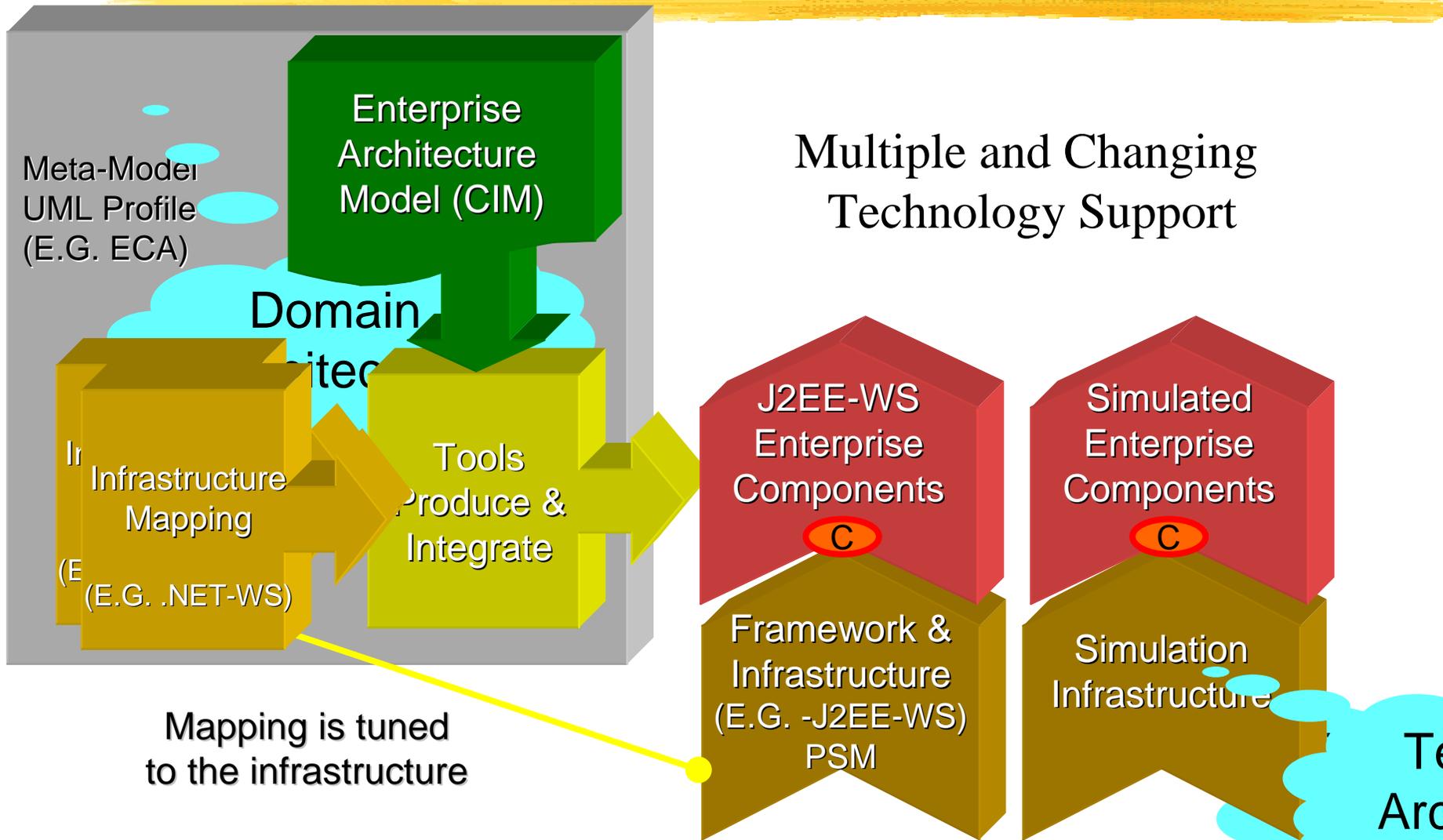
Simulated Model Driven Architecture



Automated Model Driven Architecture



Automated Model Driven Architecture



The new center



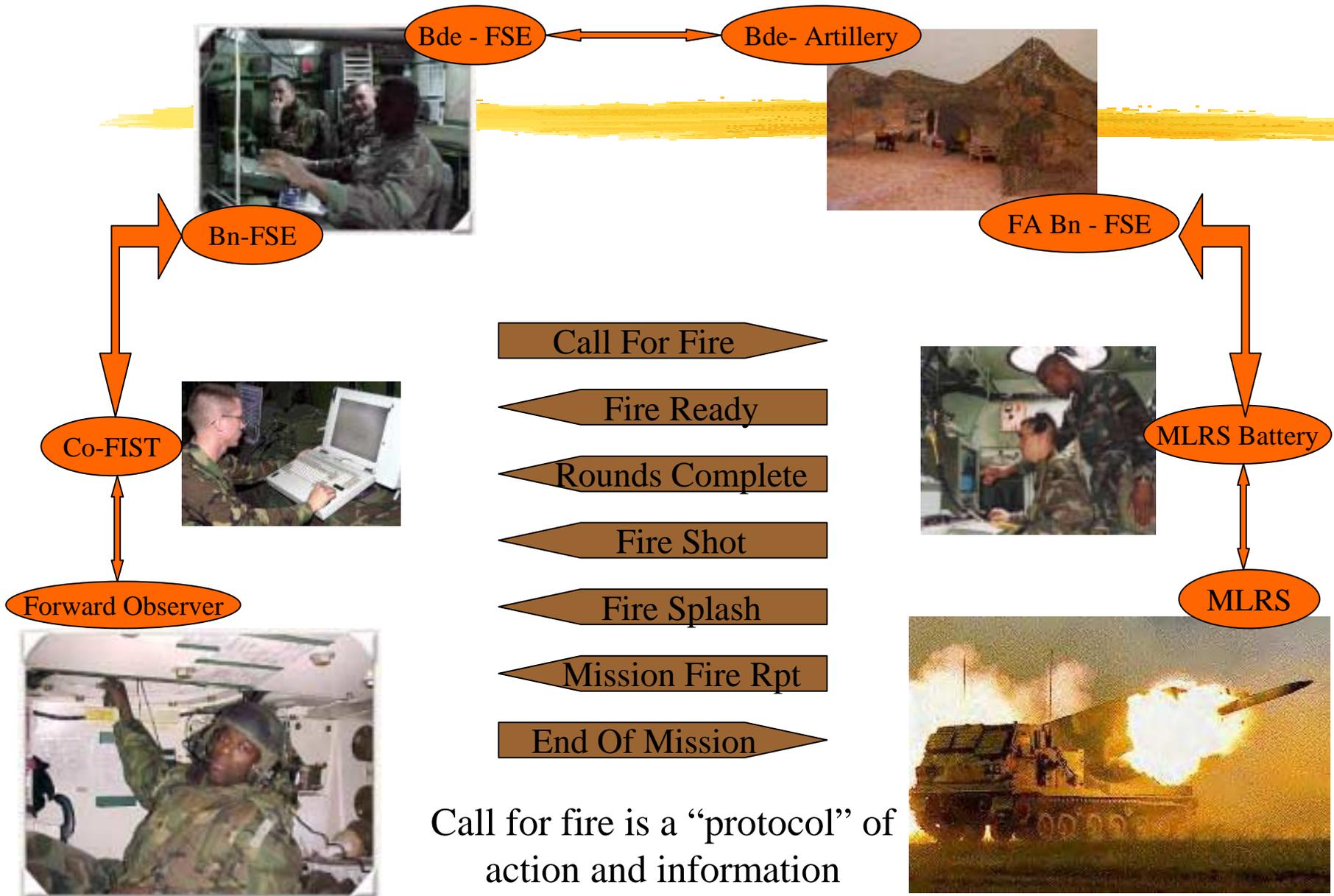
- ⌘ The strategic core of you systems must be the enterprise its self
- ⌘ Only technology independent enterprise focused models will survive the transience of technology and lock-in
- ⌘ These models can become *part of your solution*, driving enterprise applications and simulations
- ⌘ Enabler: Model Driven Architecture (MDA) with EDOC-Enterprise Collaboration Architecture

Military Example



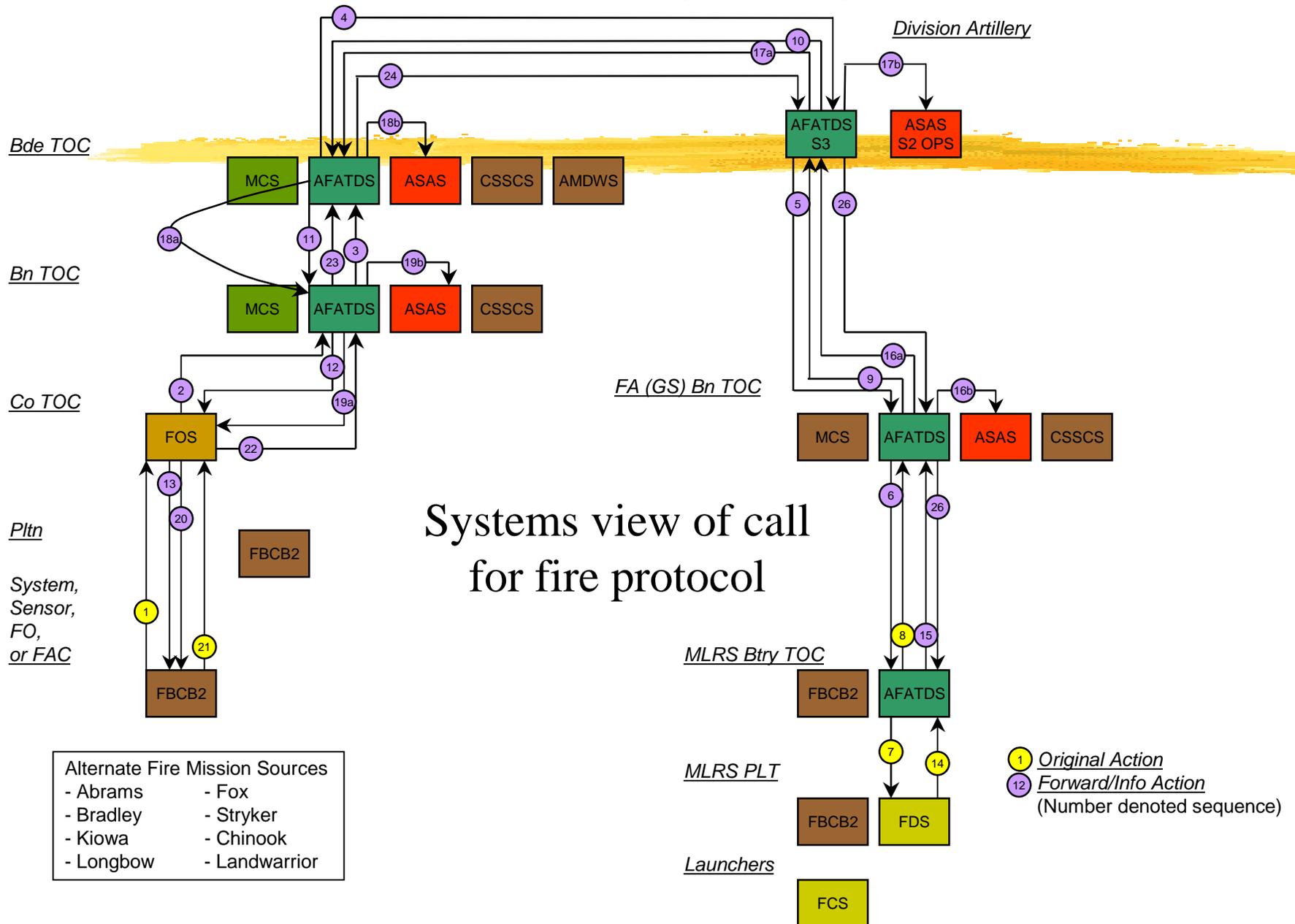
Linking Tactical C2 systems
with "Live", "Virtual" and
"Constructive" simulations
(SIMCI)

Call for Fire - MLRS



Call for fire is a “protocol” of action and information exchange between parties

Thread 2b - FS: CFF To GS MLRS (AFATDS)

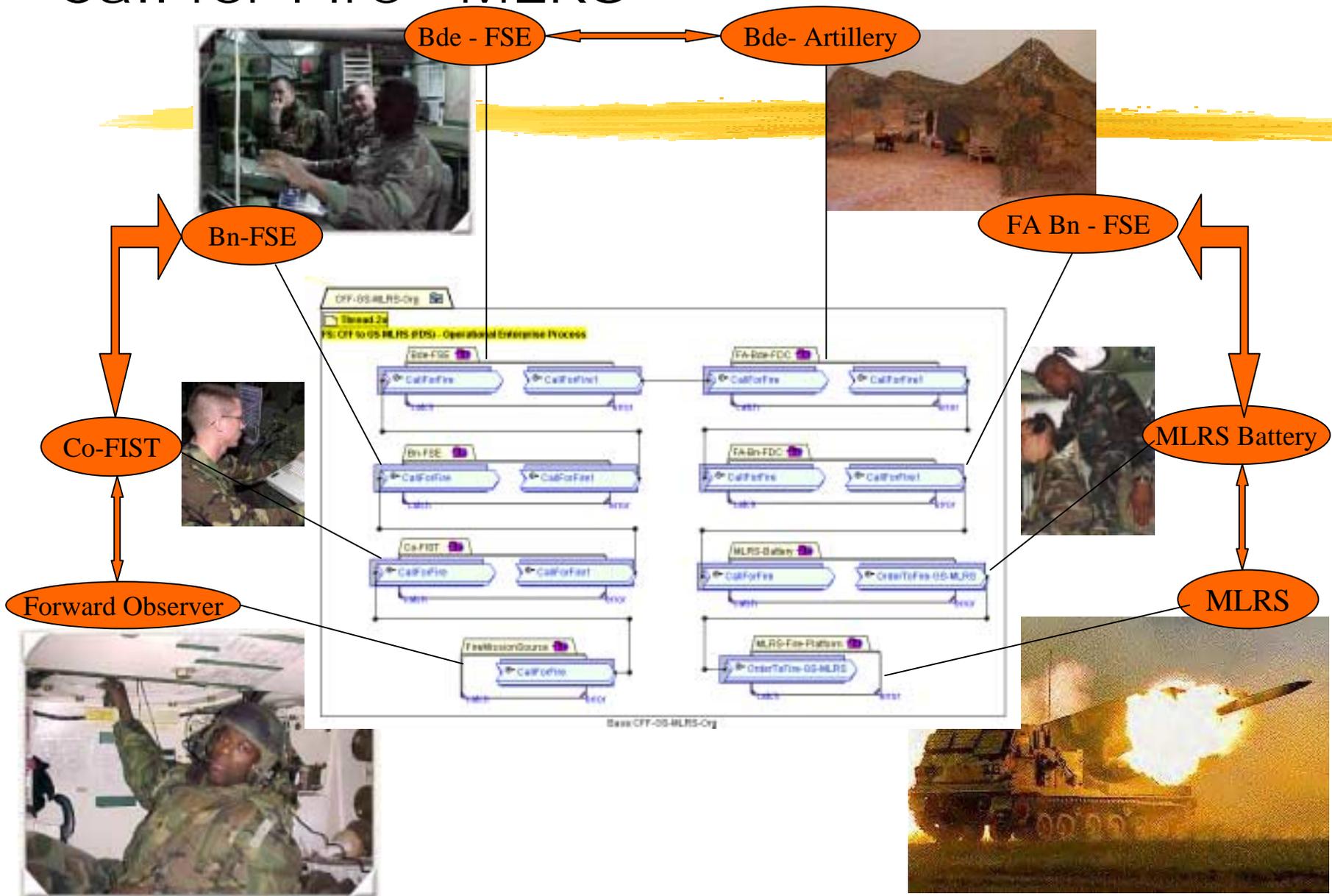


Systems view of call for fire protocol

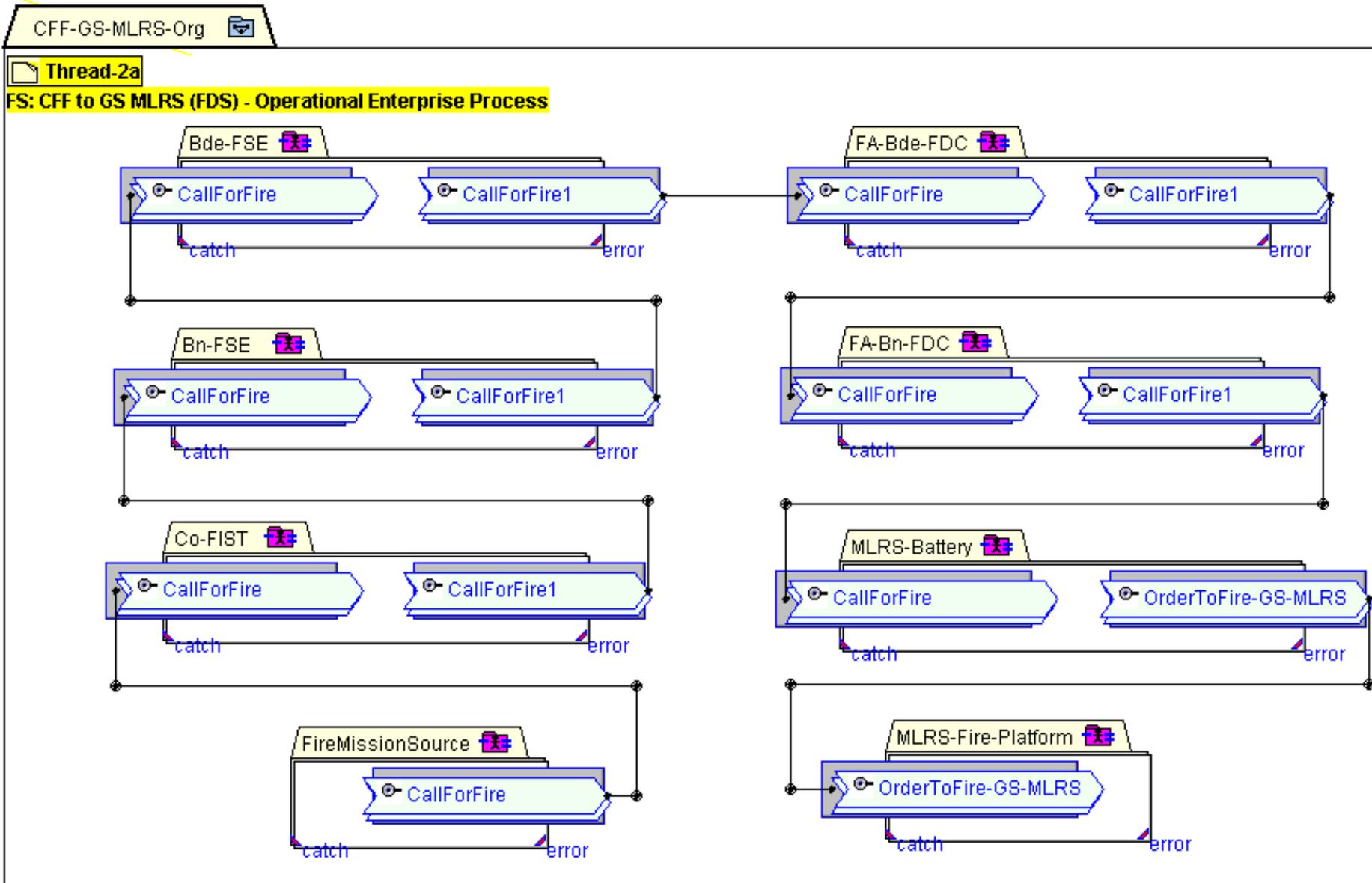
Thread Detail (Spread Sheet)

Thread 2b - FS: CFF to GS MLRS (FDS)								
CFF mission (immediate suppression) initiated by System, Sensor, FO or FAC and fired by GS MLRS								
Step	Activity/Task	Originating OPFAC	System	Information	Type	Destination OPFAC	System	Info Action
1	System, Sensor, FO or FAC detects target; analyzes situation and makes call for fire request	OBS	FBCB2	Call For Fire (CFF)	K02.4	Co FIST	FOS	A
2	Co FIST receives CFF request from platform, does a quick analysis (checking for dual targeting, etc.), and passes CFF to the Bn FSE	Co FIST	FOS	CFF		Bn TOC	AFATDS	A
3	Bn FSE receives CFF, makes determination that Bn assets cannot handle the mission, and passes the request to the Bde FSE	Bn TOC	AFATDS	CFF	Pkg 10/11 Fmt	Bde TOC	AFATDS	A
4	Bde FSE receives CFF, makes determination that Bde assets cannot handle the mission, and passes the request to the FA Bde (Div Arty) FDC	Bde TOC	AFATDS	CFF	Pkg 10/11 Fmt	FA Bde TOC	AFATDS	A
5	FA Bde FDC receives CFF, makes determination that GS FA assets can handle the mission, and passes the request to the FA (GS) Bn FDC	FA Bde TOC	AFATDS	CFF		FA Bn TOC	AFATDS	A
6	FA Bn FDC receives Fire request/order to fire, assigns mission to MLRS battery	FA Bn TOC	AFATDS	CFF	Pkg 10/11 Fmt	MLRS Btry CP	AFATDS	A
7	Btry FDS receives OTF and transmits this OTF to the MLRS platoon FDS	MLRS Btry CP	ATADS	OTF	BCS Fmt	MLRS Platoon	FDS	A
8	4 different messages transmitted back to the observer and as info to other echelons, depending upon the specific fire mission requested, some may not be necessary; "Ready" states that the battery is preparing to fire the mission, "Shot" states that the i	MLRS Btry CP	AFATDS	MTO, Shot, Spalsh, Rounds Complete	Pkg 10/11 Fmt	FA Bn TOC	AFATDS	I

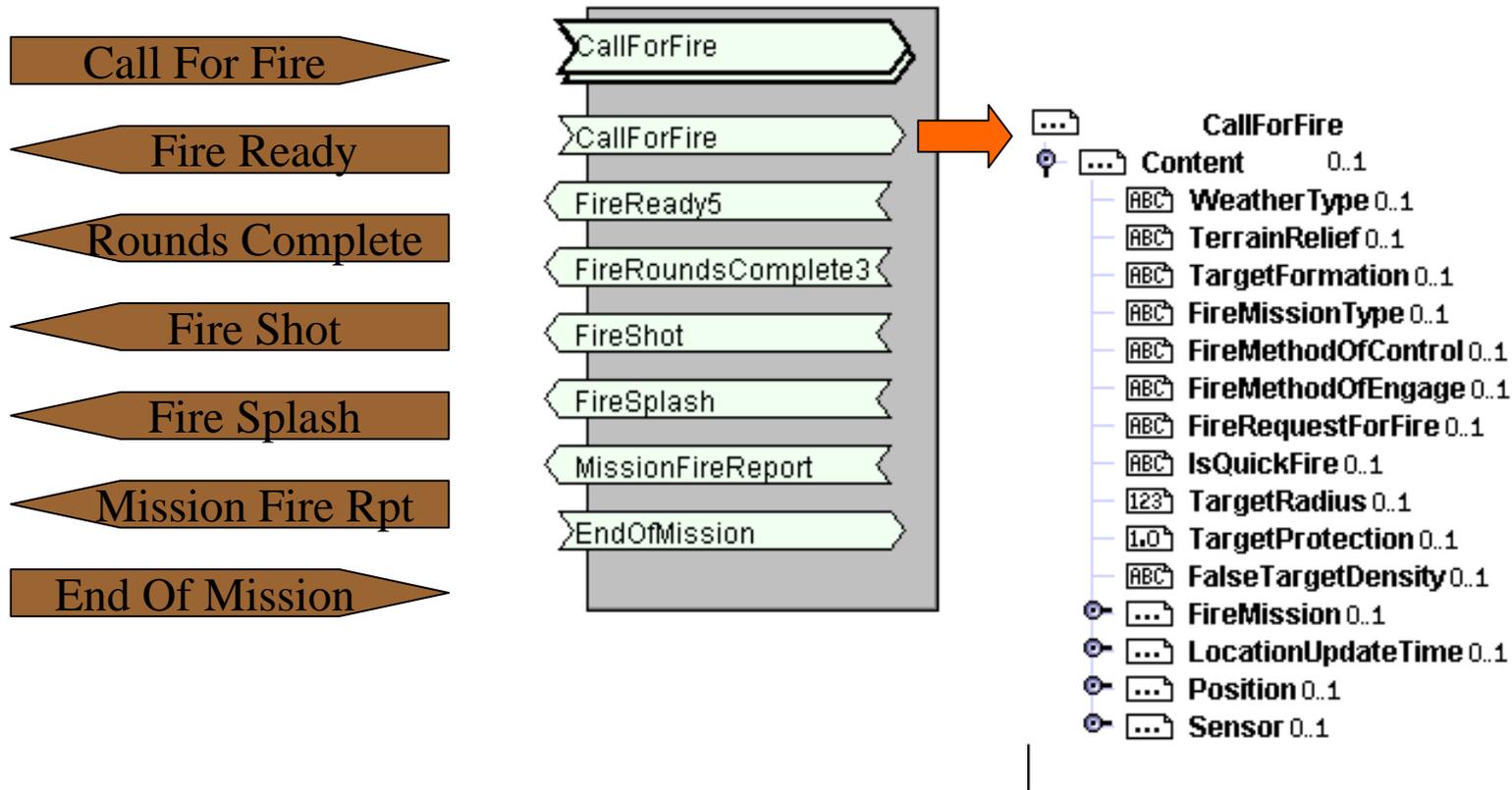
Call for Fire - MLRS



Model Of CFF Thread

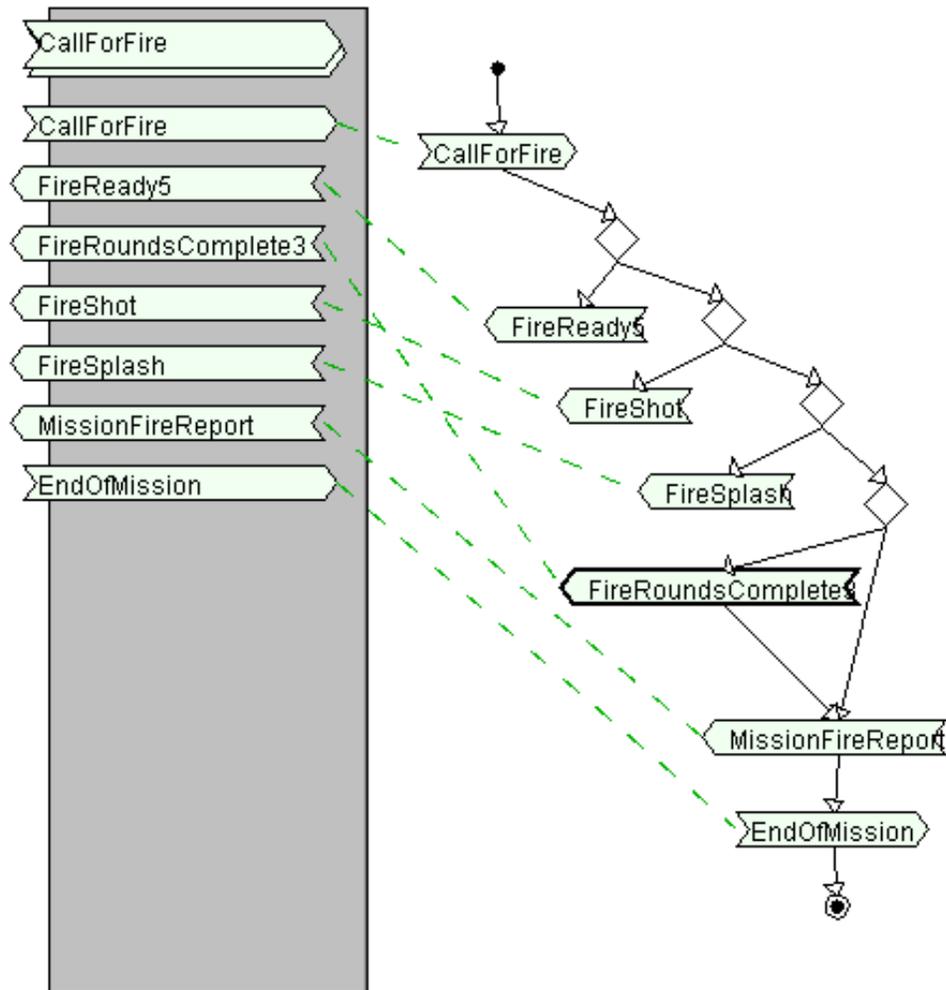


Model Information Flows

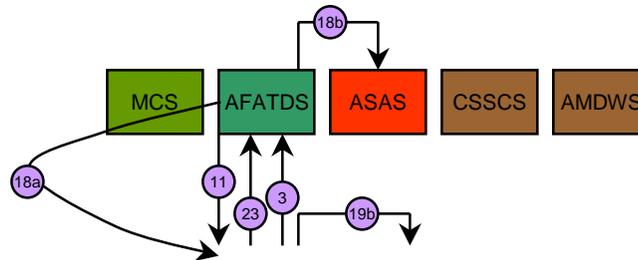
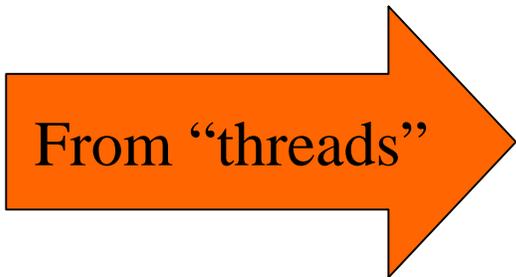
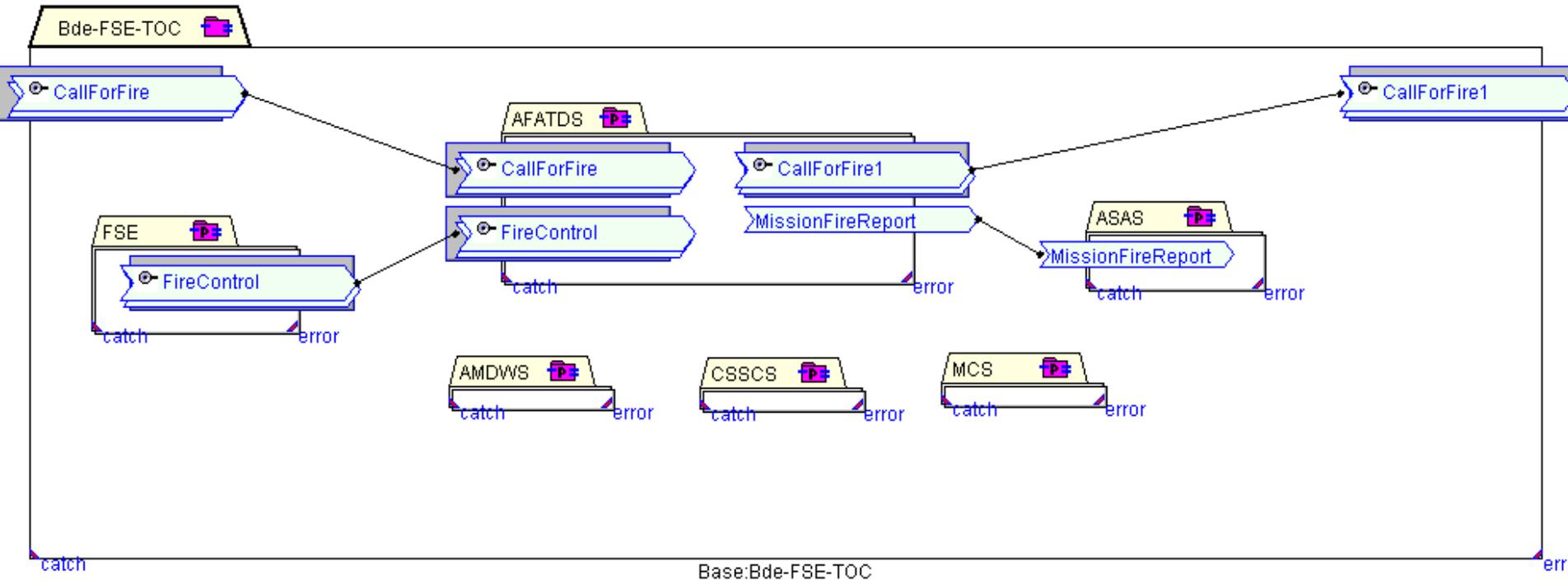


* Not technology details!

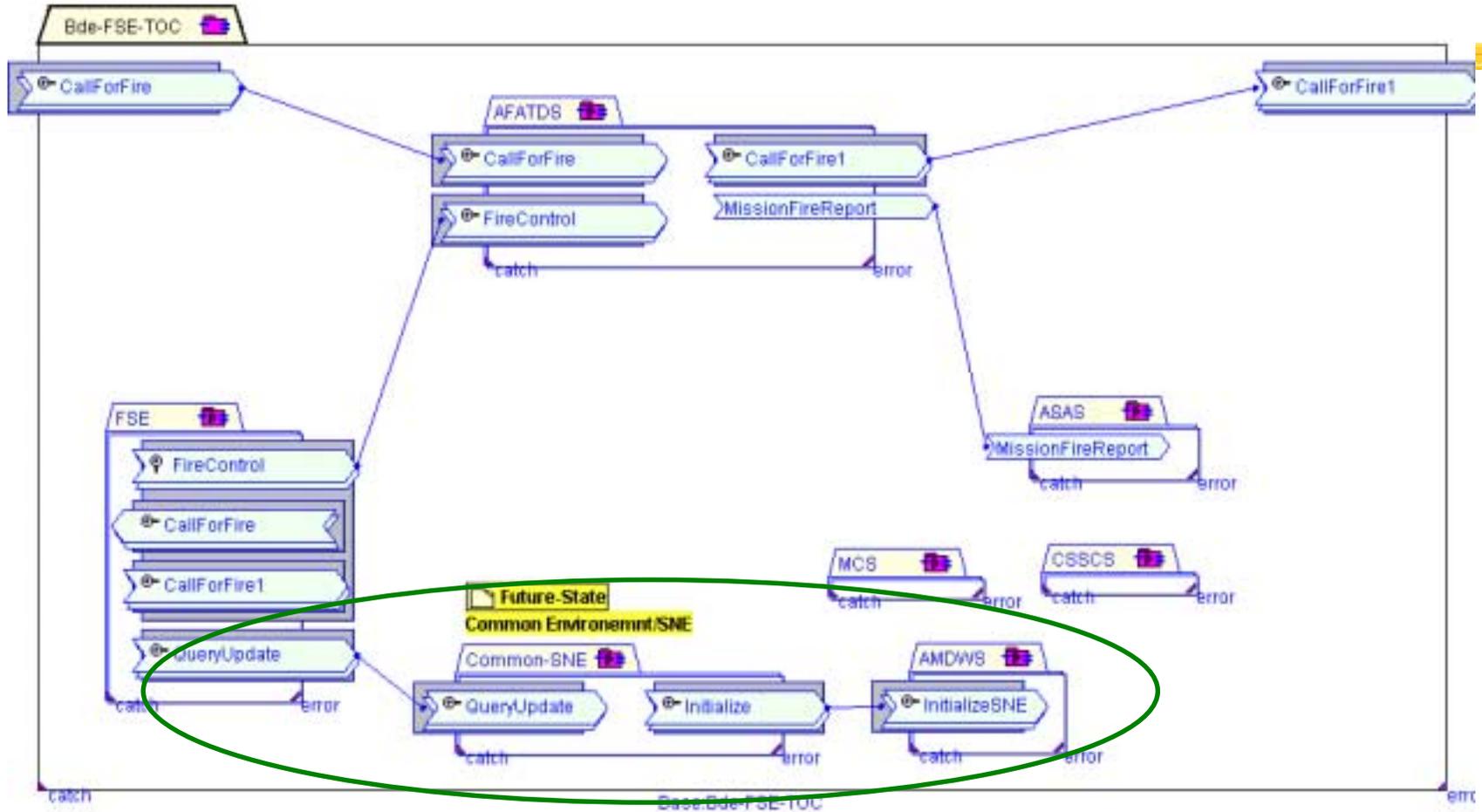
Choreography – Understanding When



Drill Down - Inside of a TOC

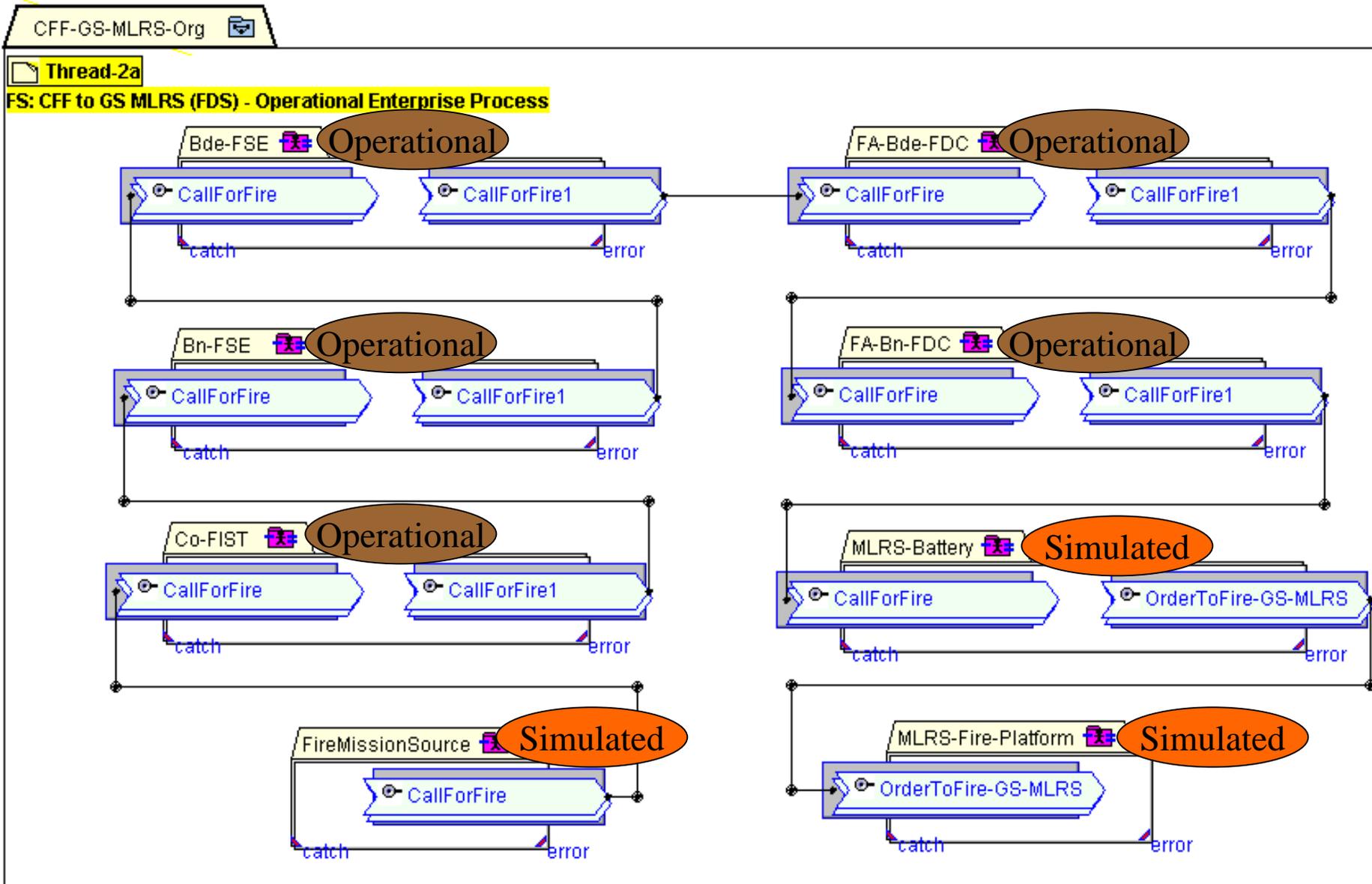


Inside of a TOC

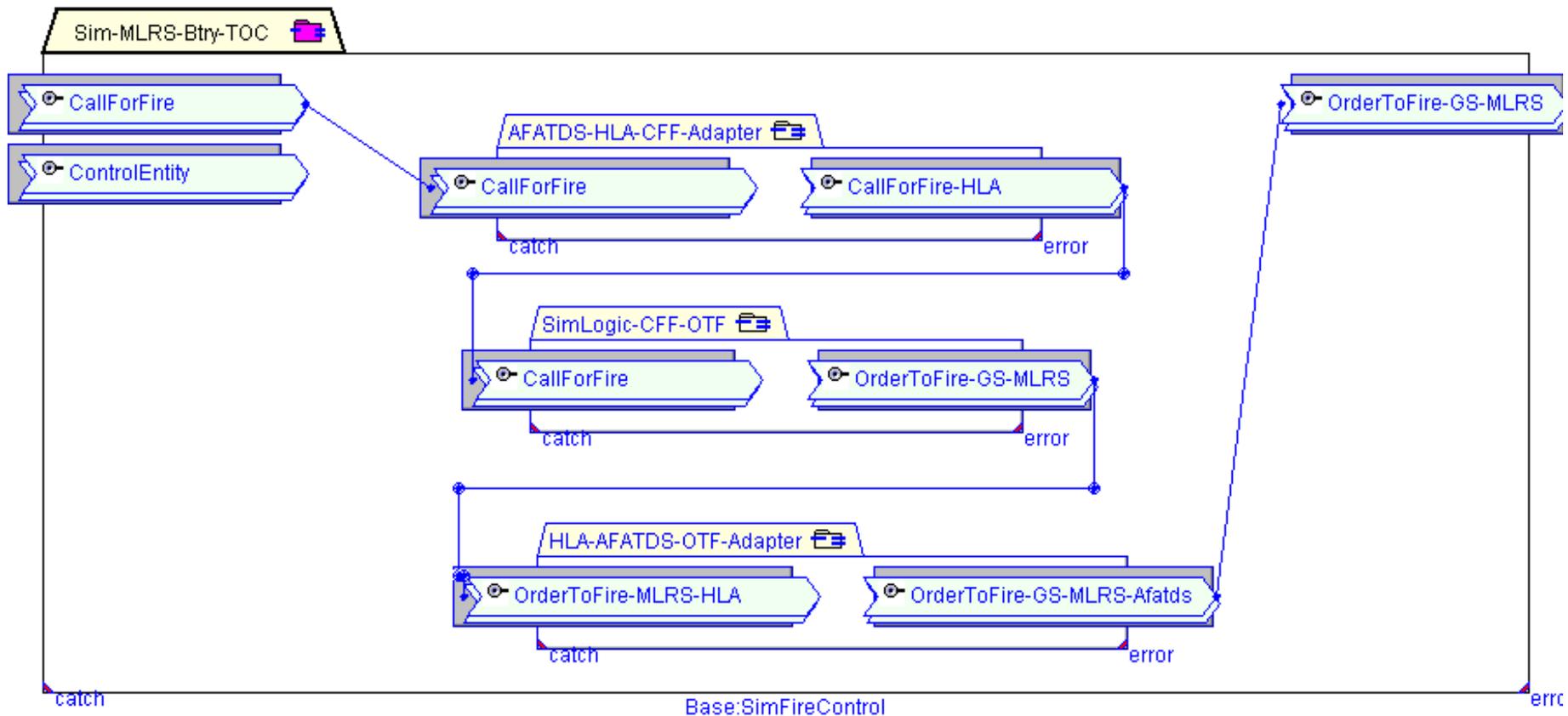


Example Future State

Simulated or Real?



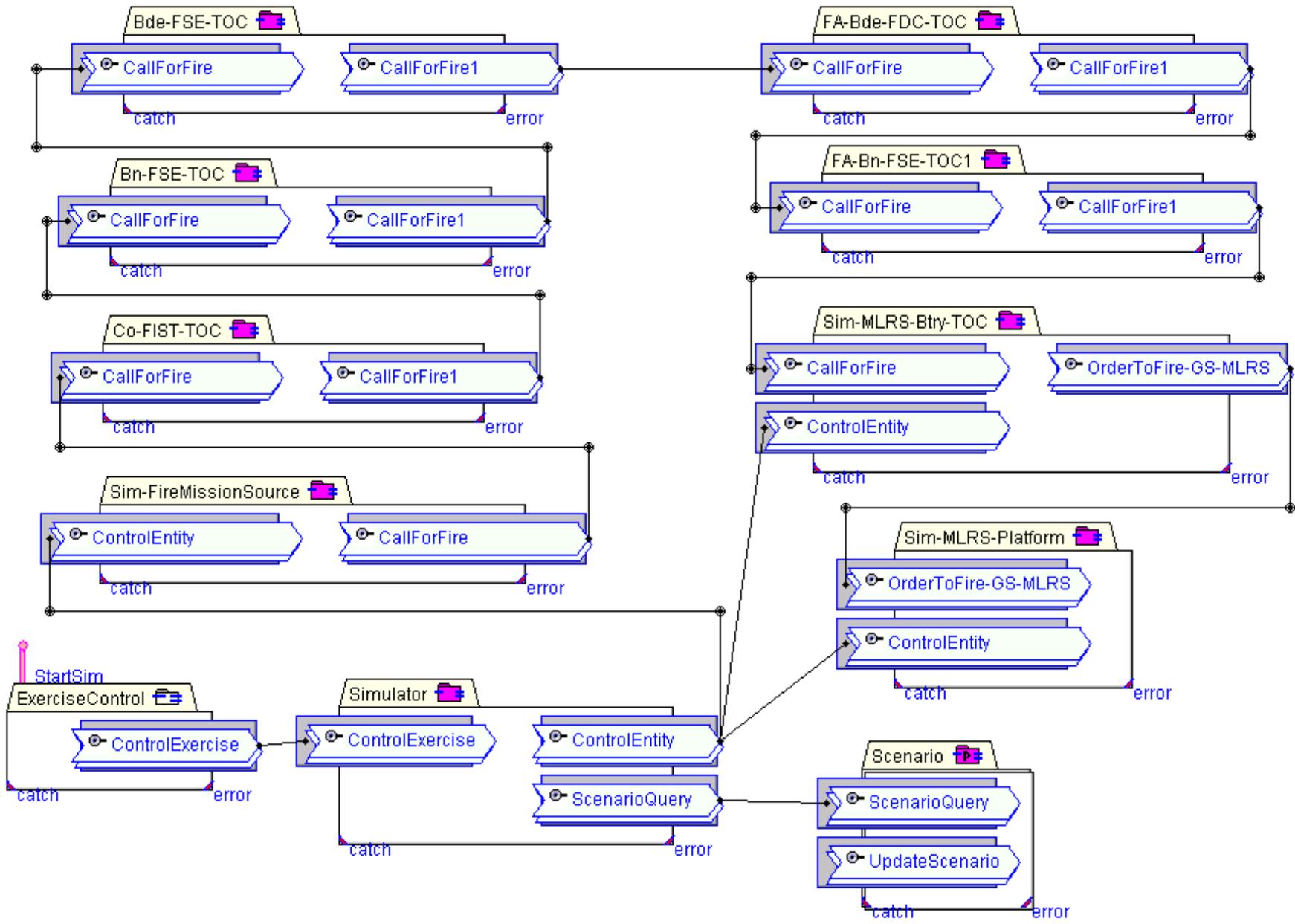
Inside of a Simulated "TOC"

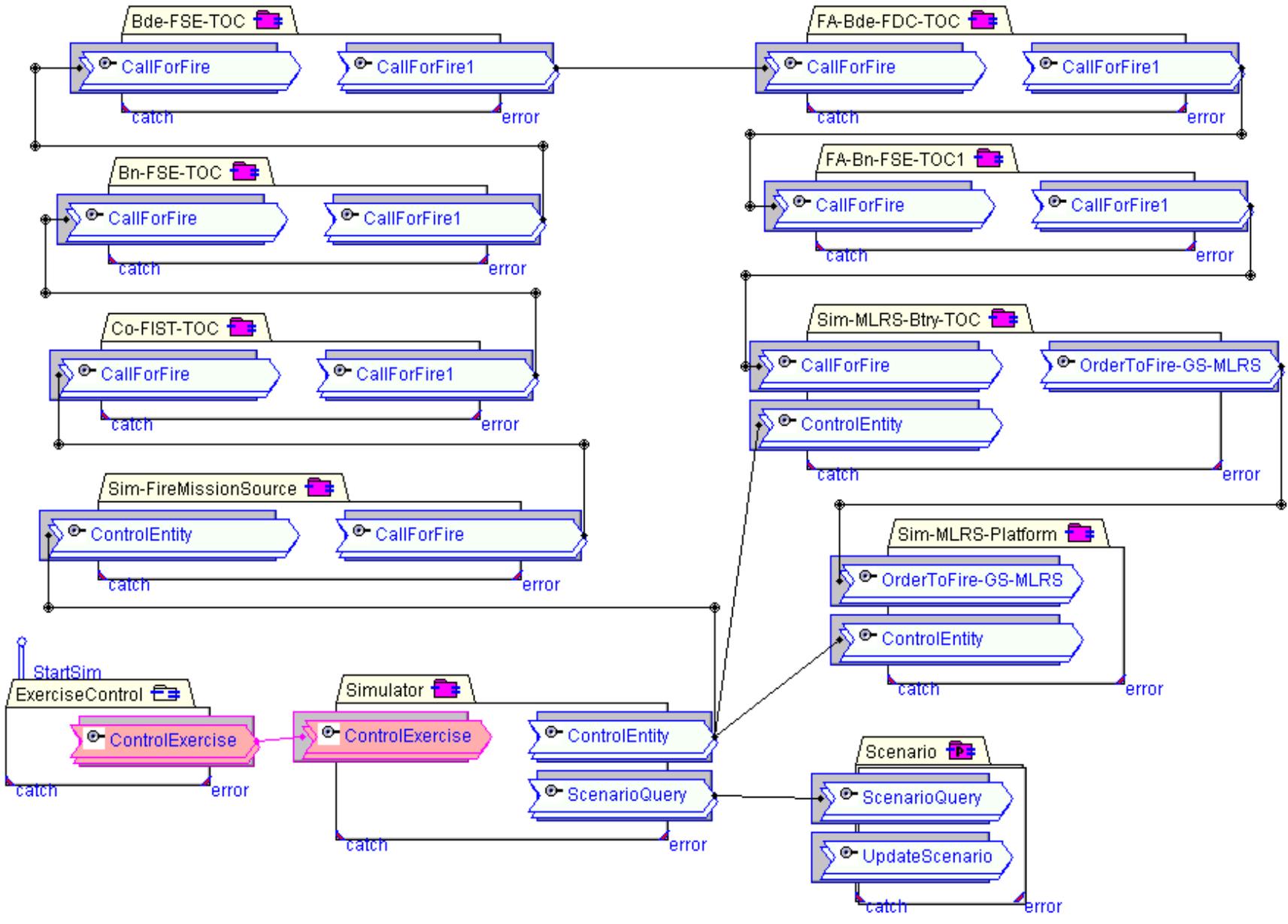


Simulating the Process



Tactical and Simulated
components interacting





Future-State
Integrated Environment/Terrain

catch

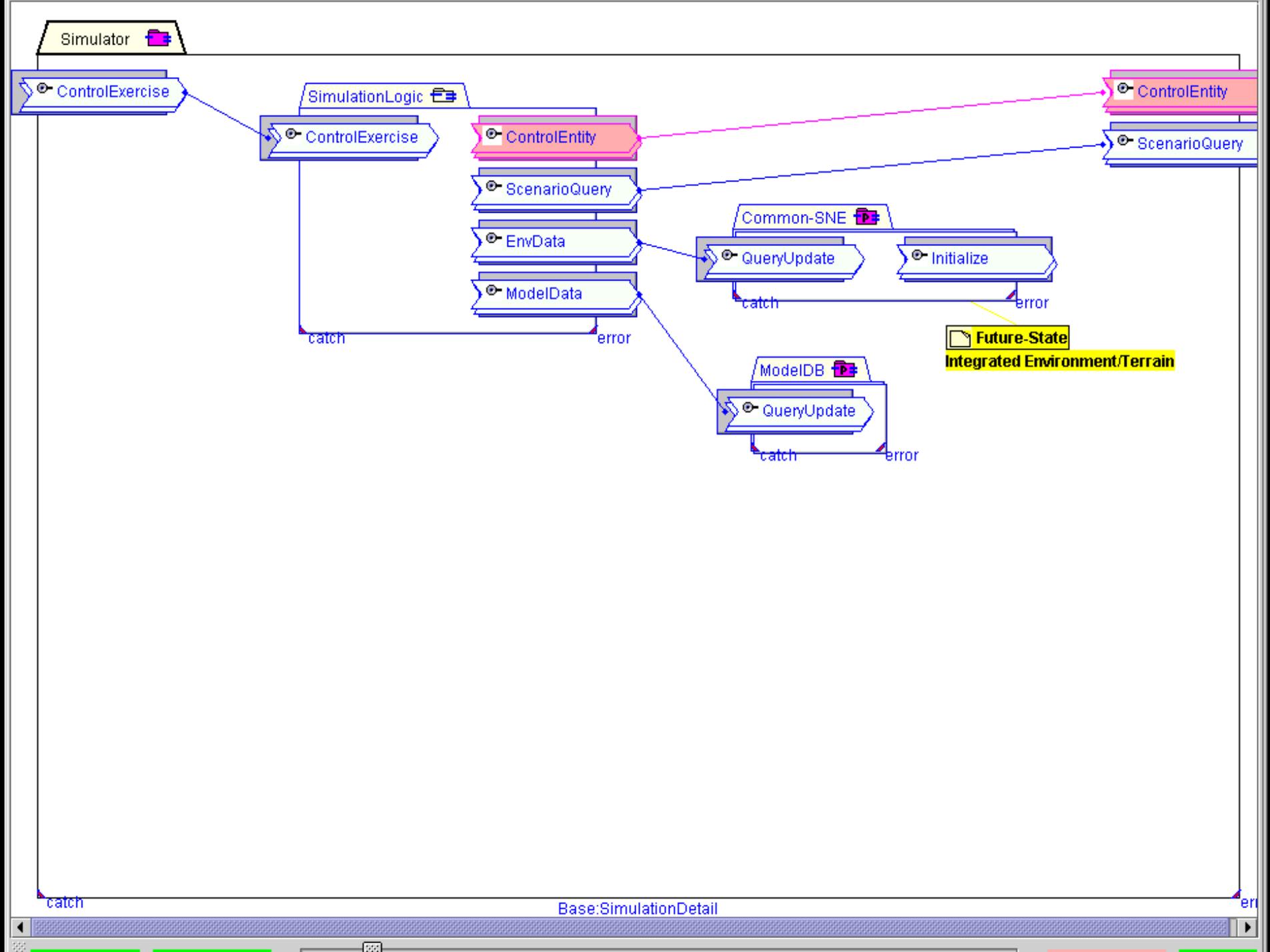
error

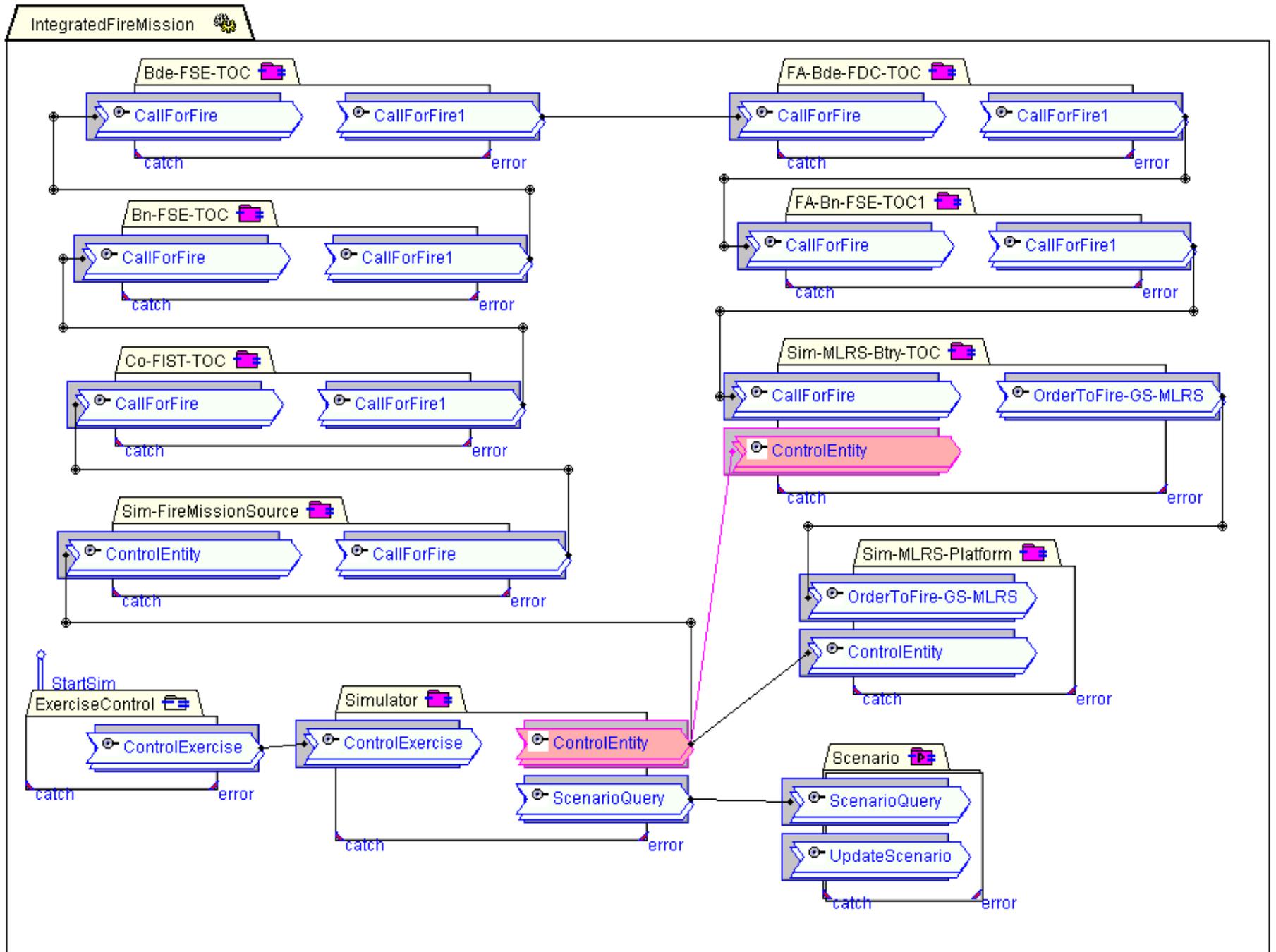
catch

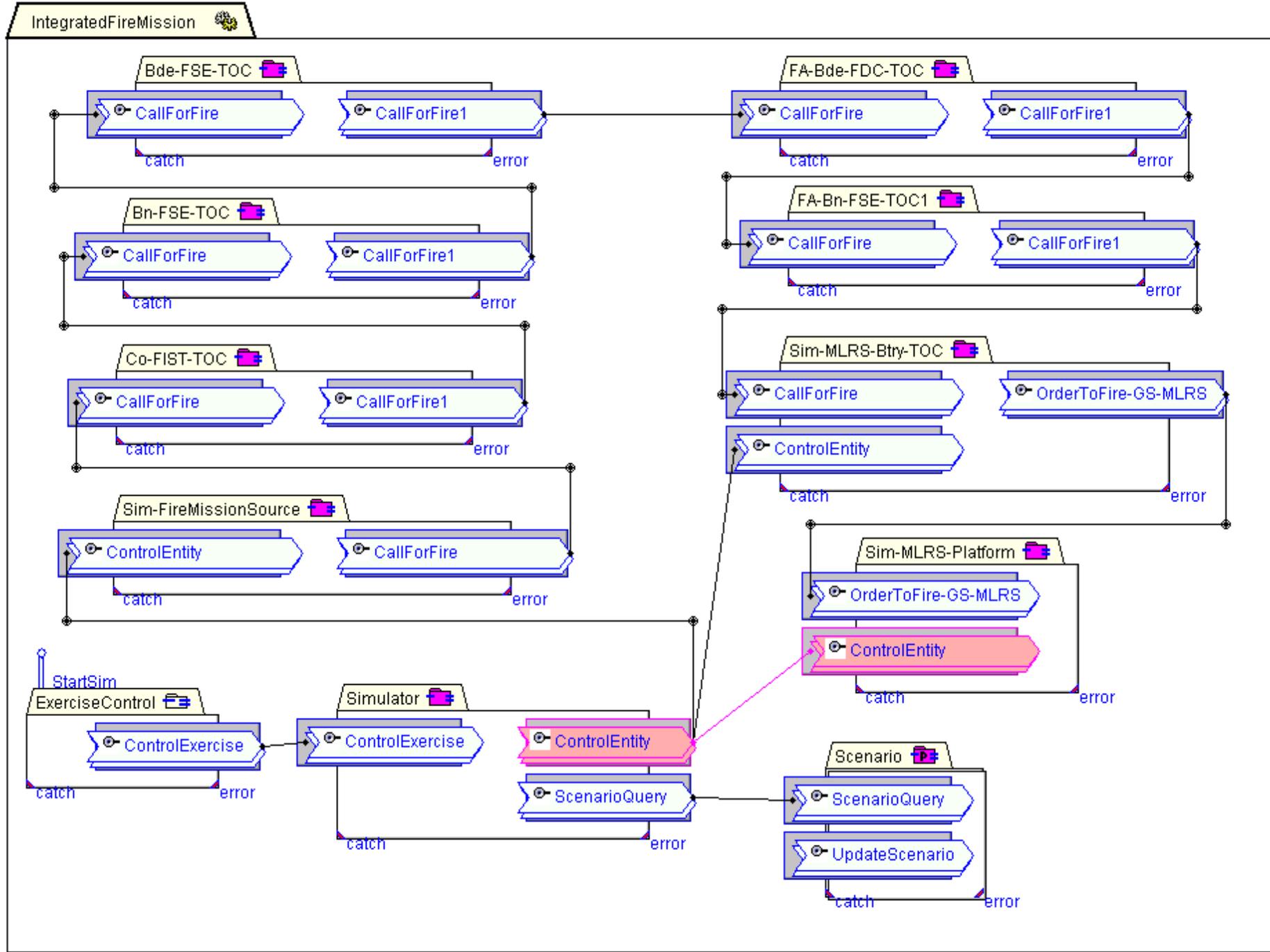
error

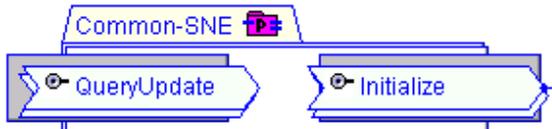
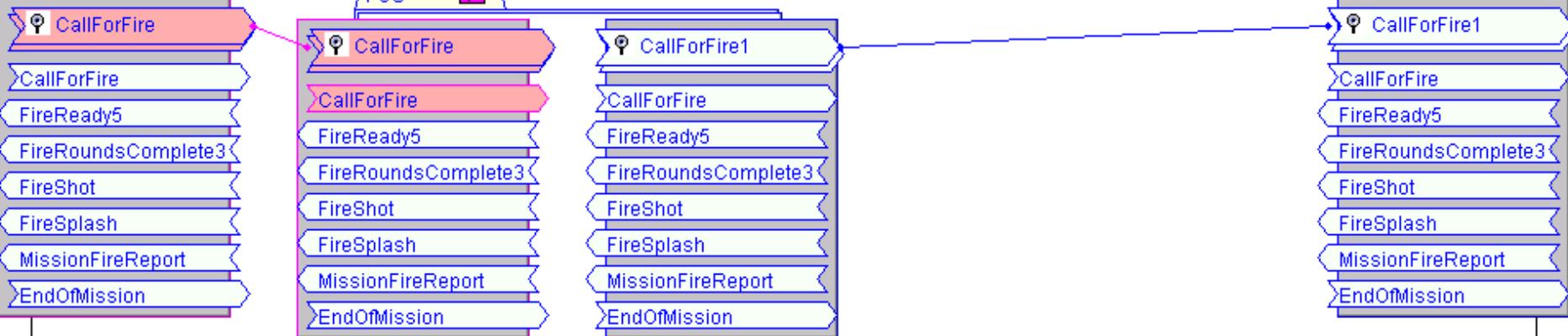
catch

error









Future-State
Integrated Environment/Terrain

catch

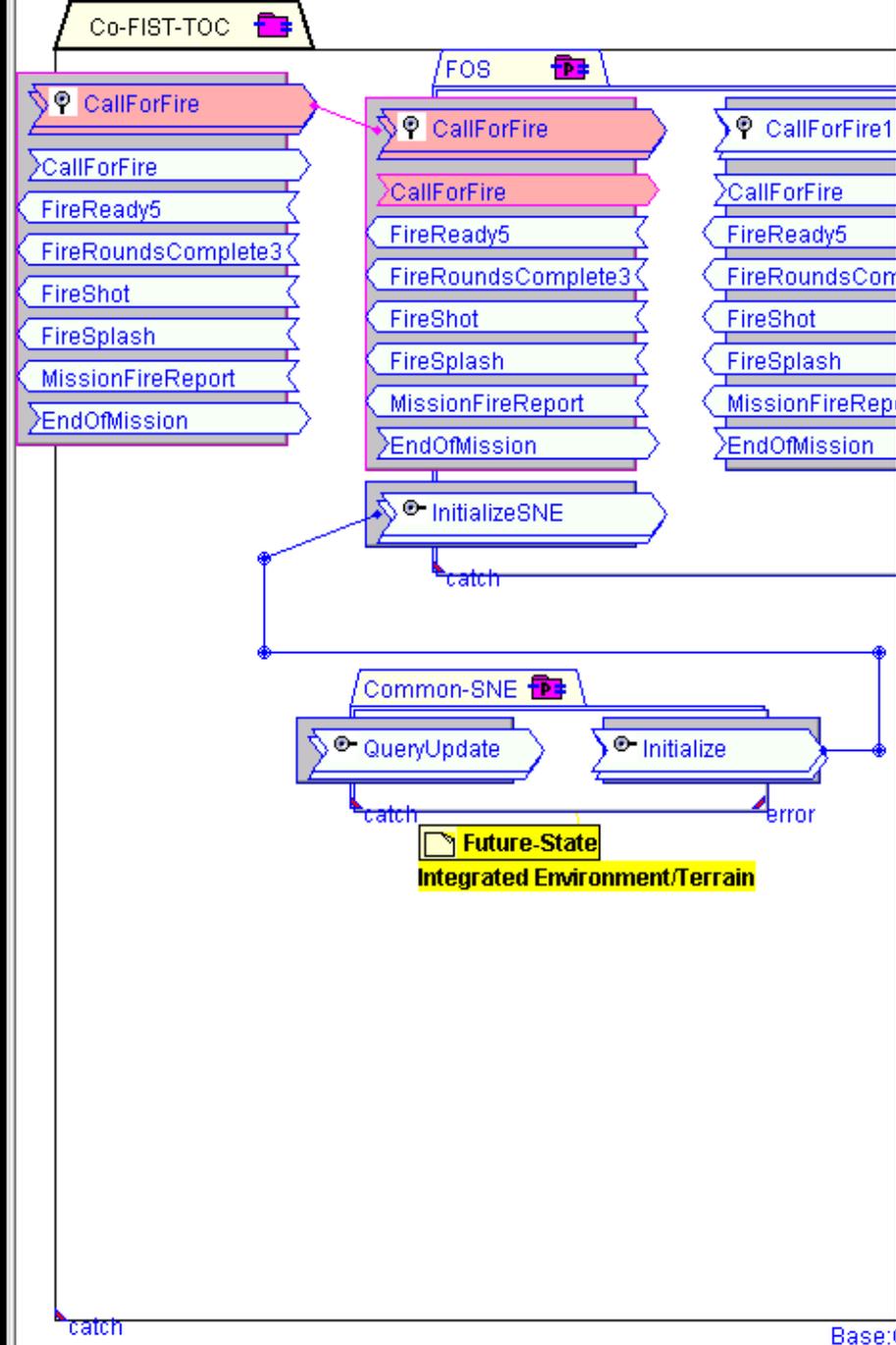
error

catch

error

catch

error



StartSim Trace Context

XML Event - CallForFire

text form

```

<CallForFire>
  <Content>
    <WeatherType/>
    <TerrainRelief/>
    <TargetFormation/>
    <FireMissionType/>
    <FireMethodOfControl/>
    <FireMethodOfEngage/>
    <FireRequestForFire/>
    <IsQuickFire/>
    <TargetRadius>0</TargetRadius>
    <TargetProtection>0</TargetProtection>
    <FalseTargetDensity/>
    <FireMission>
      <ProjectileType/>
      <FiringUnits/>
      <NumVolleys/>
      <NumRounds/>
    </FireMission>
    <LocationUpdateTime>
      <IsValid/>
      <Day>

```

Previous In Context

Co-FIST-TOC



FOS



CallForFire1

CallForFire

FireReady5

FireRoundsComplete3

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

CallForFire

CallForFire

FireReady5

FireRoundsComplete3

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

CallForFire

CallForFire

FireReady5

FireRoundsComplete3

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

CallForFire1

CallForFire

FireReady5

FireRoundsComplete3

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

InitializeSNE

catch

error

Common-SNE



QueryUpdate

Initialize

catch

error

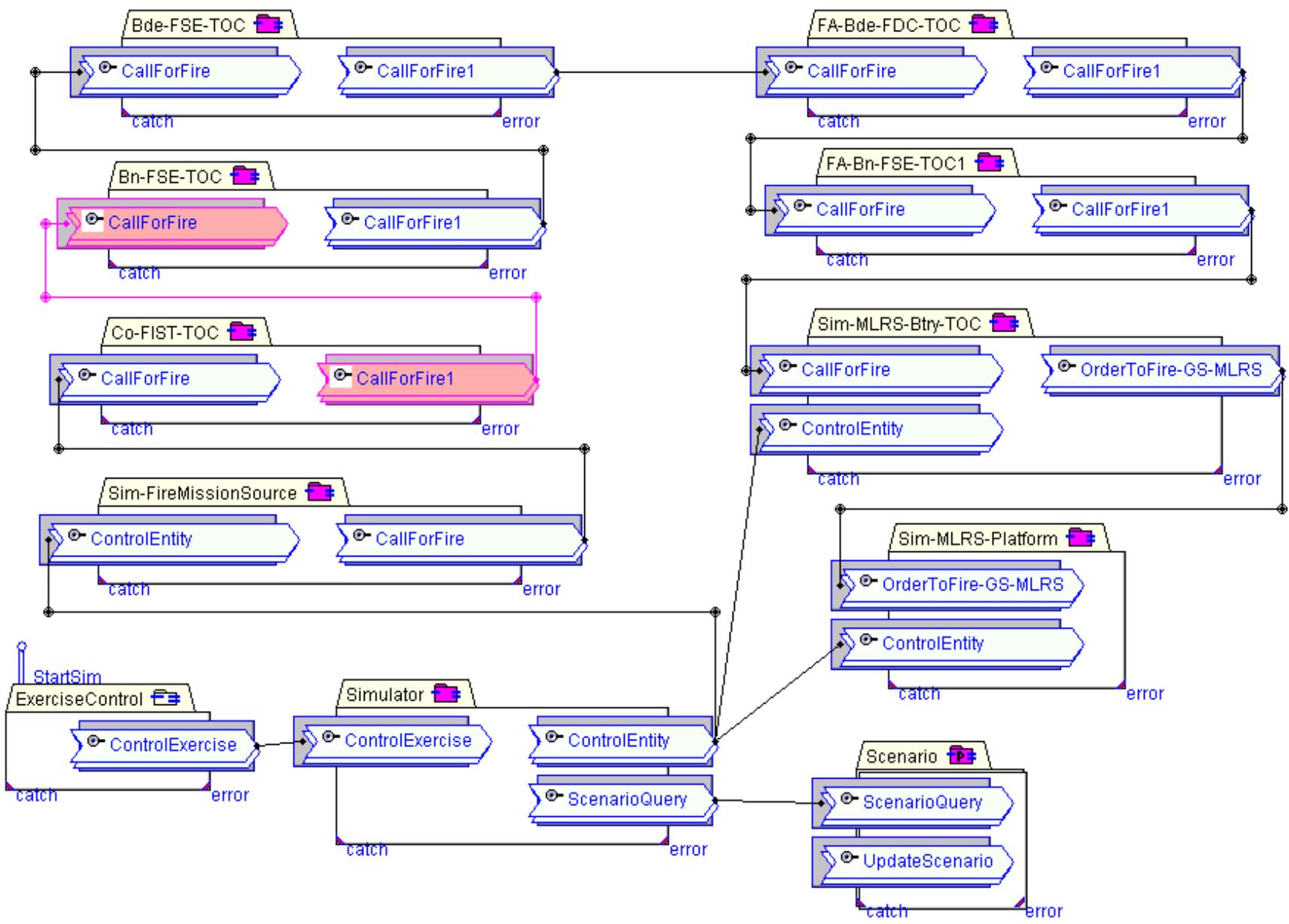
Future-State

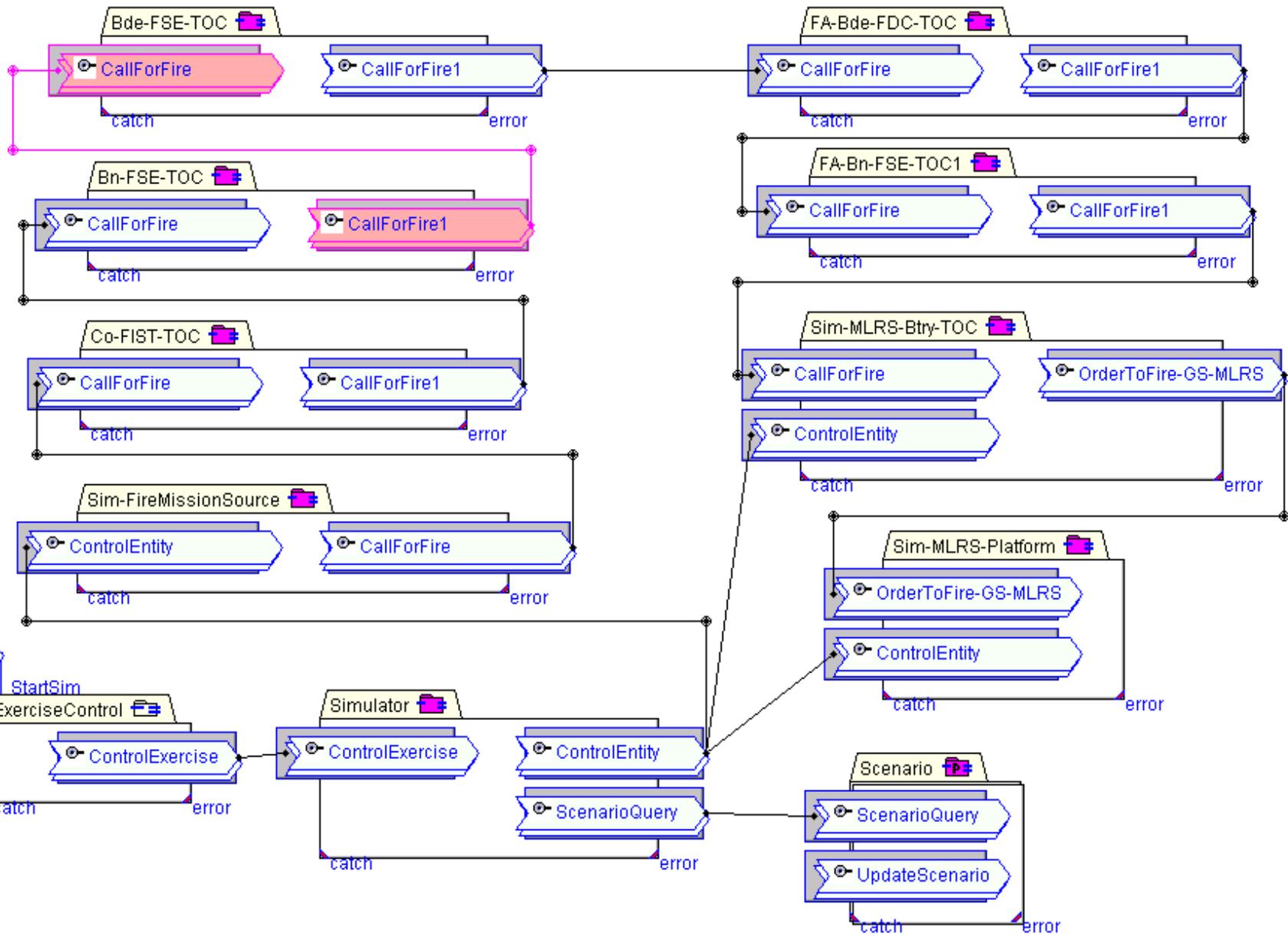
Integrated Environment/Terrain

catch

Base:Co-FIST-TOC

error







CallForFire

CallForFire1

AFATDS

CallForFire

CallForFire1

CallForFire

CallForFire

FireReady5

FireReady5

FireRoundsComplete3

FireRoundsComplete3

FireShot

FireShot

FireSplash

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

EndOfMission

FireControl

ASAS

MissionFireReport

catch

error

catch

error

MCS

catch

error

CSSCS

catch

error

Future-State

NOTE:
CONTROL FONE

QueryUpdate

Initialize

AMDWS

InitializeSNE

catch

error

catch

error

FSE

FireControl

CallForFire

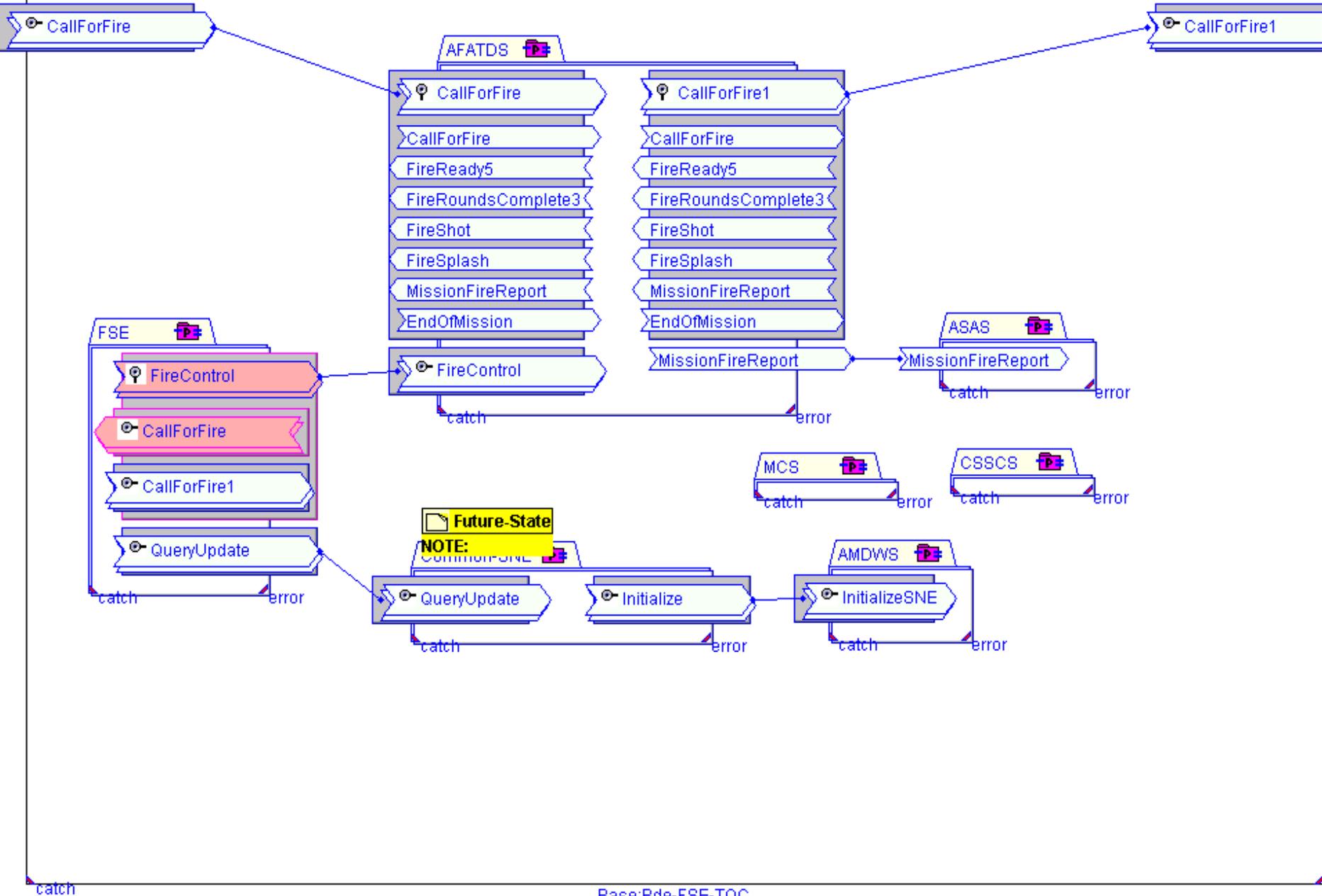
CallForFire1

QueryUpdate

catch

error

catch



CallForFire

CallForFire1

AFATDS



FSE



Future-State
NOTE:
Common-ONE



AMDWS



catch

CallForFire

CallForFire1

AFATDS

CallForFire

CallForFire1

- >CallForFire
- FireReady5
- FireRoundsComplete3
- FireShot
- FireSplash
- MissionFireReport
- >EndOfMission

- >CallForFire
- FireReady5
- FireRoundsComplete3
- FireShot
- FireSplash
- MissionFireReport
- >EndOfMission

FSE

FireControl

CallForFire

CallForFire1

QueryUpdate

Future-State

NOTE: CONTAINS ONE

QueryUpdate

Initialize

AMDWS

InitializeSNE

ASAS

MissionFireReport

MCS

catch

error

CSSCS

catch

error

catch

error

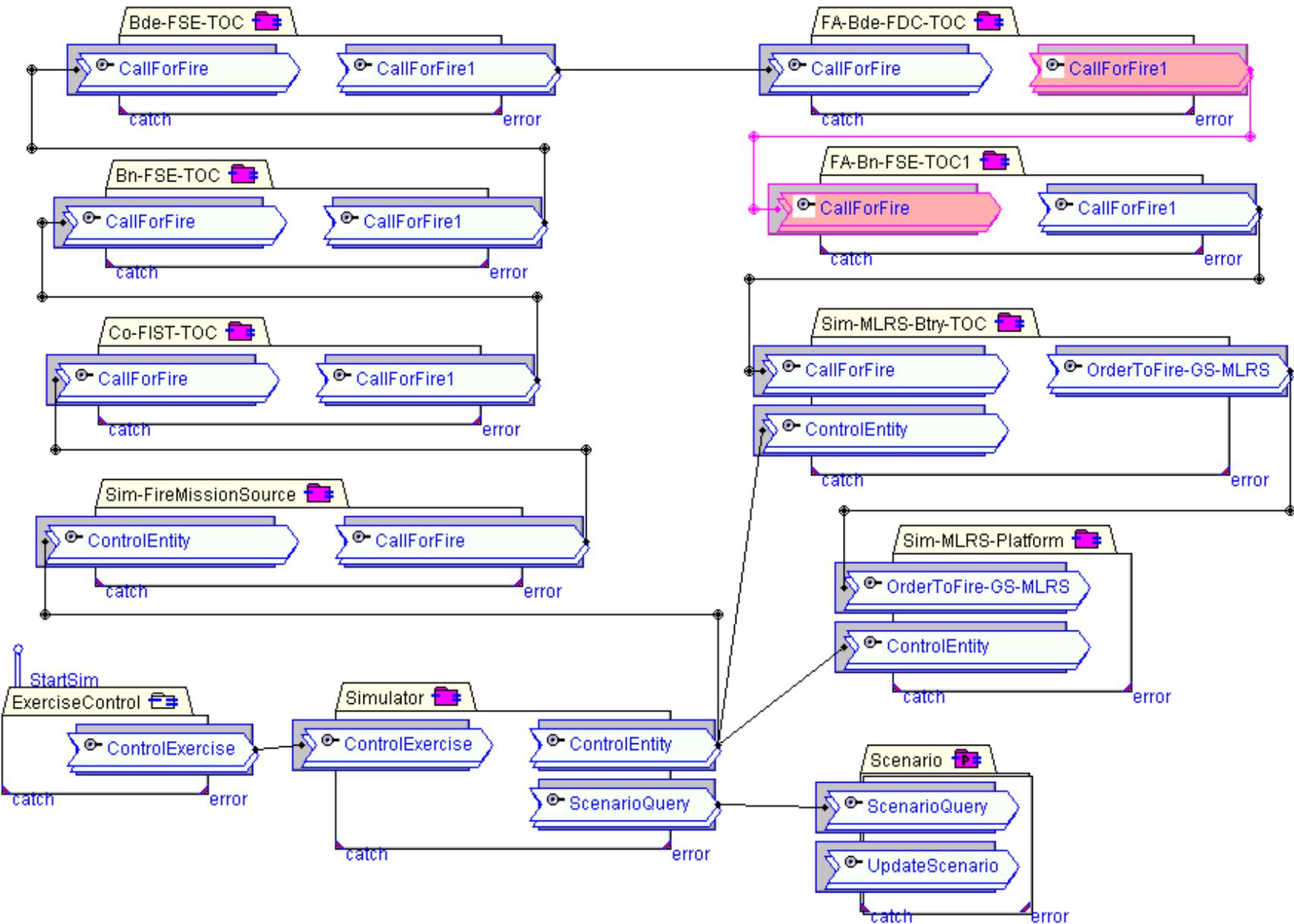
catch

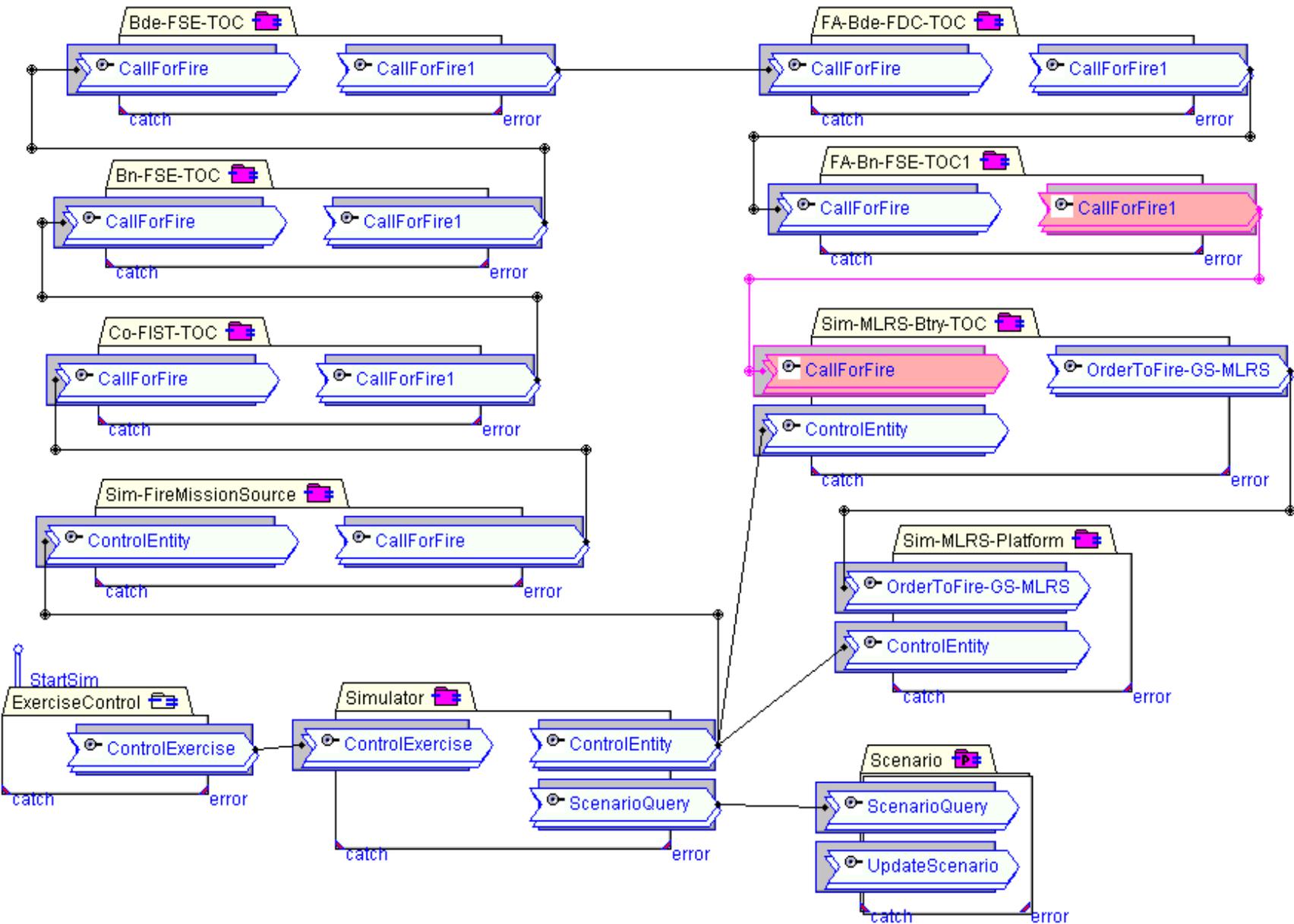
error

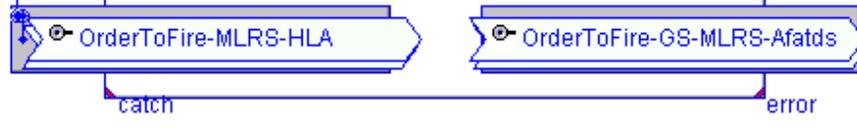
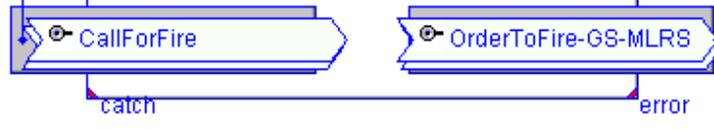
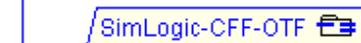
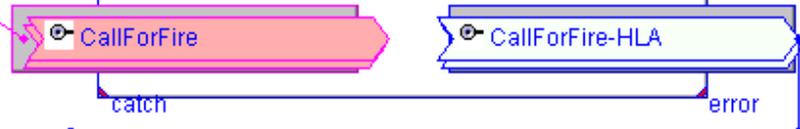
catch

error

catch

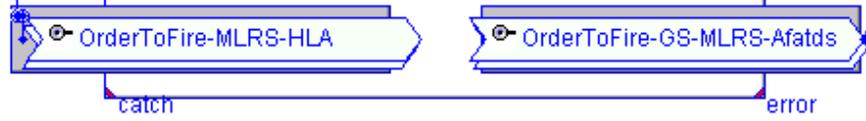
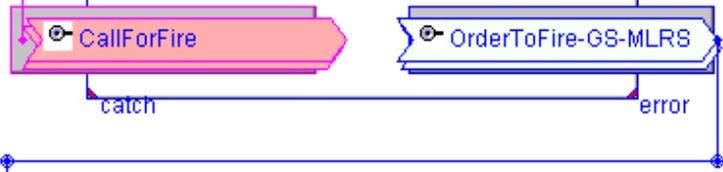
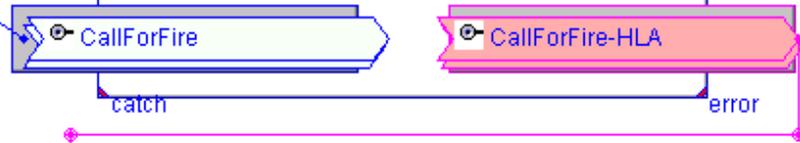






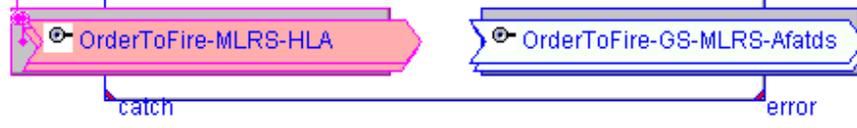
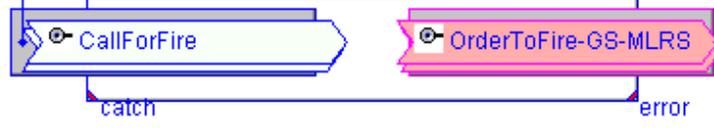
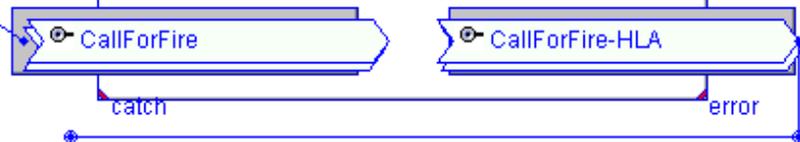
catch

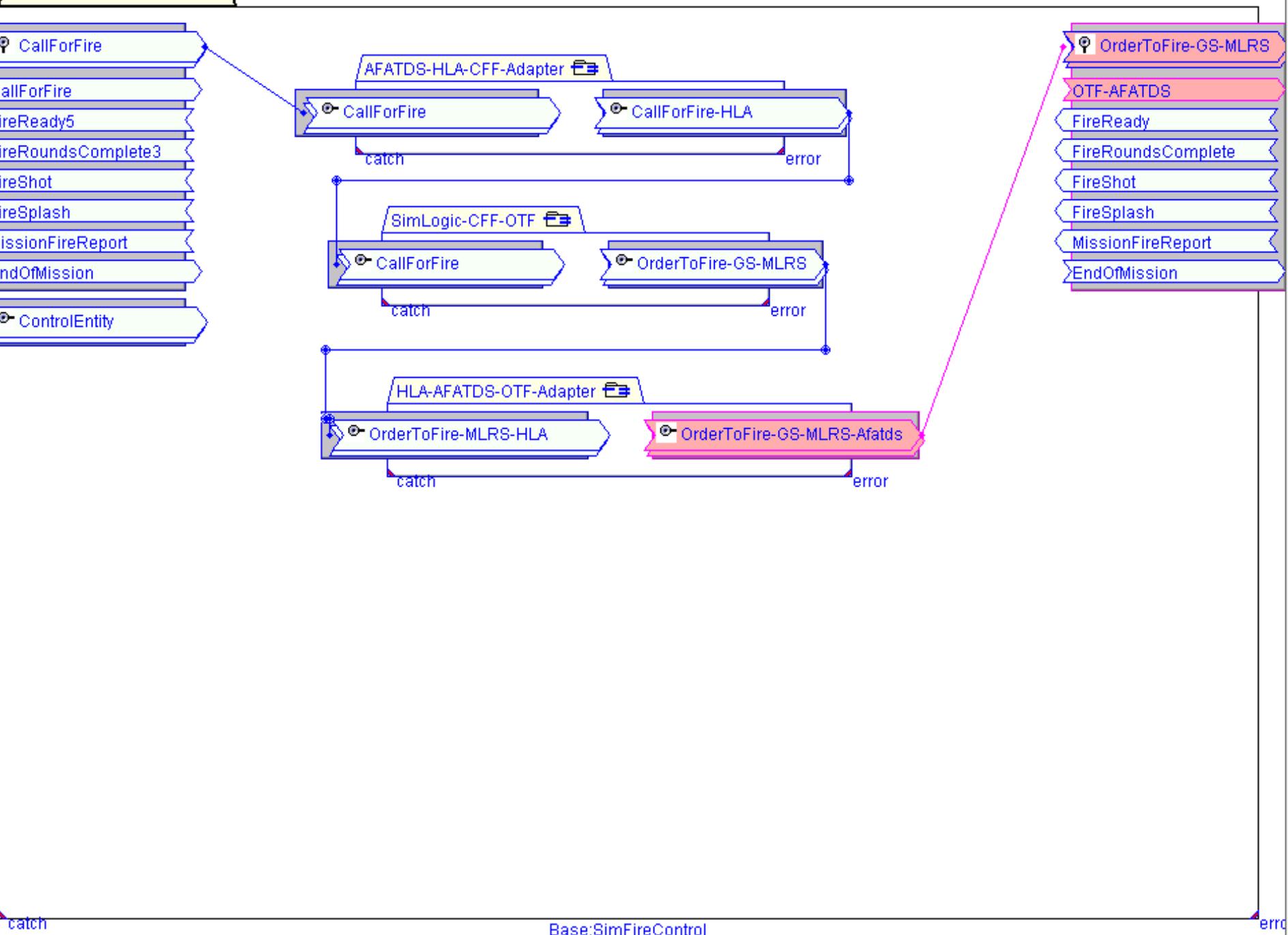
error



catch

error

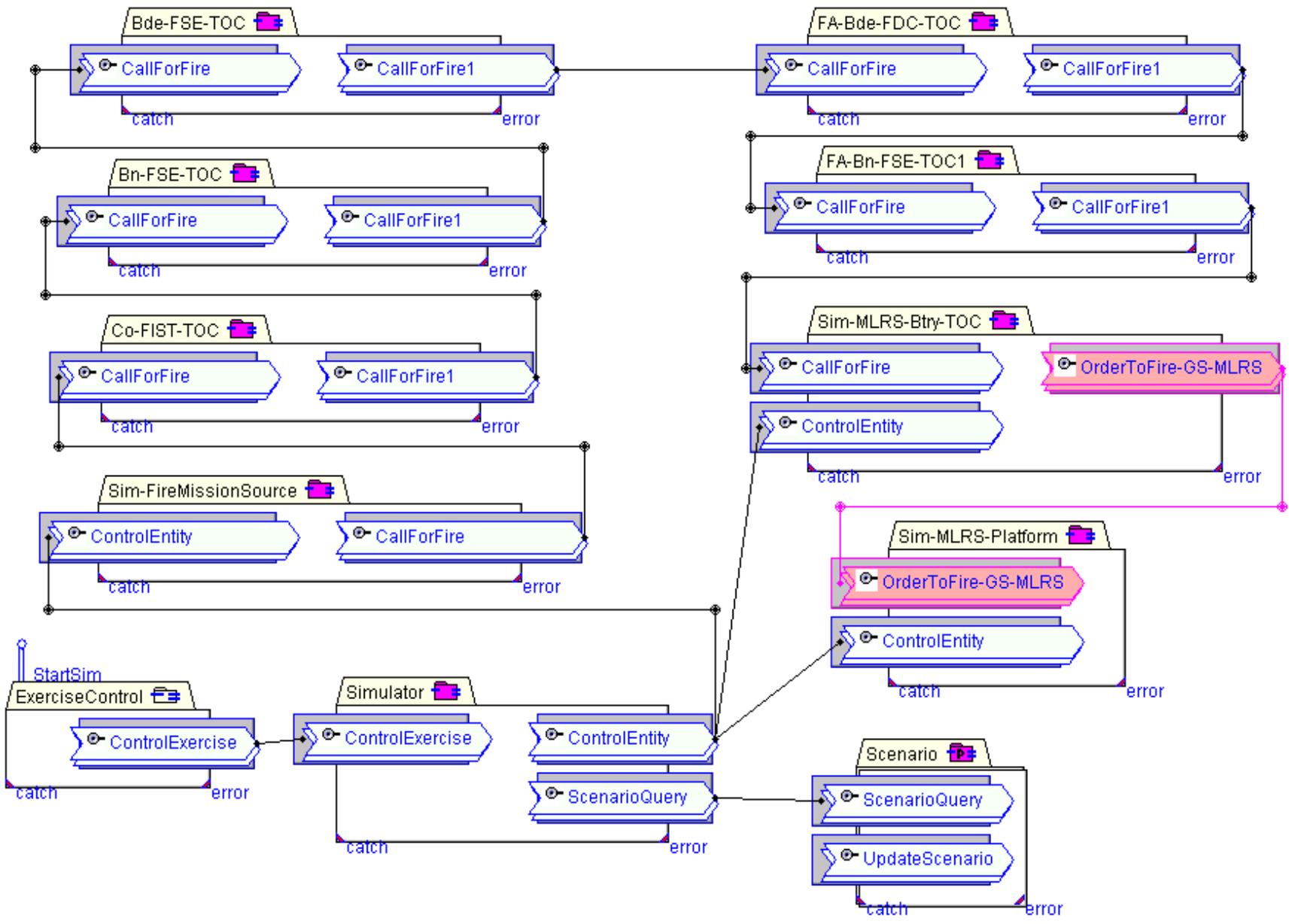




catch

Base:SimFireControl

error



Sim-MLRS-Platform



OrderToFire-GS-MLRS

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

ControlEntity

HLA-AFATDS-OTF-Adapter

OrderToFire-MLRS-HLA

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

catch

OrderToFire-GS-MLRS-Afatds

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

error

OTF-SimLogic

OrderToFire-GS-MLRS

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

catch

error

catch

Base:SimFirePlatform

error





HLA-AFATDS-OTF-Adapter



OTF-SimLogic



catch

error

catch

error

catch

error



OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

ControlEntity

OrderToFire-MLRS-HLA

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

OrderToFire-GS-MLRS-Afatds

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

EndOfMission

OrderToFire-GS-MLRS

OTF-AFATDS

FireReady

FireRoundsComplete

FireShot

FireSplash

MissionFireReport

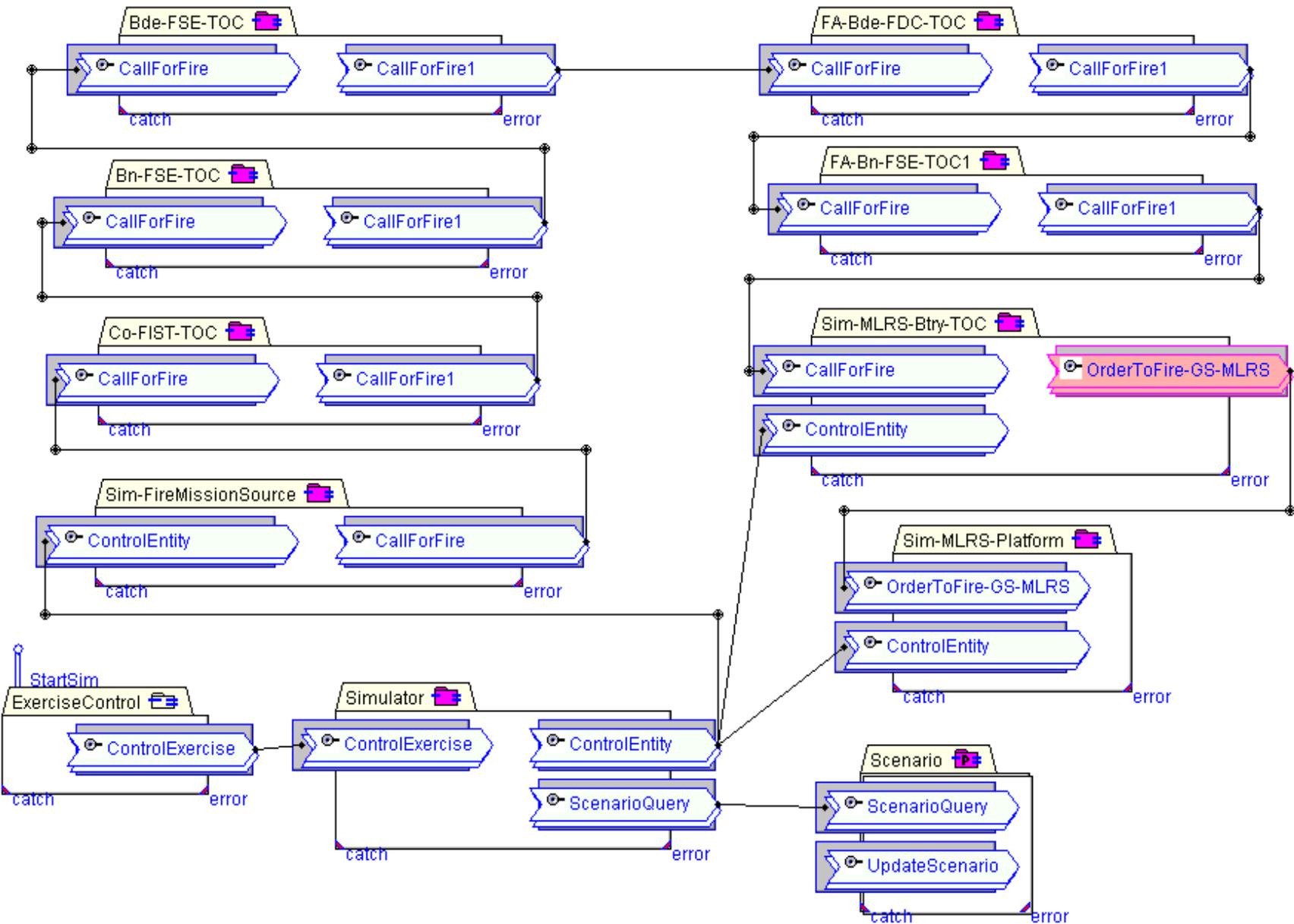
EndOfMission

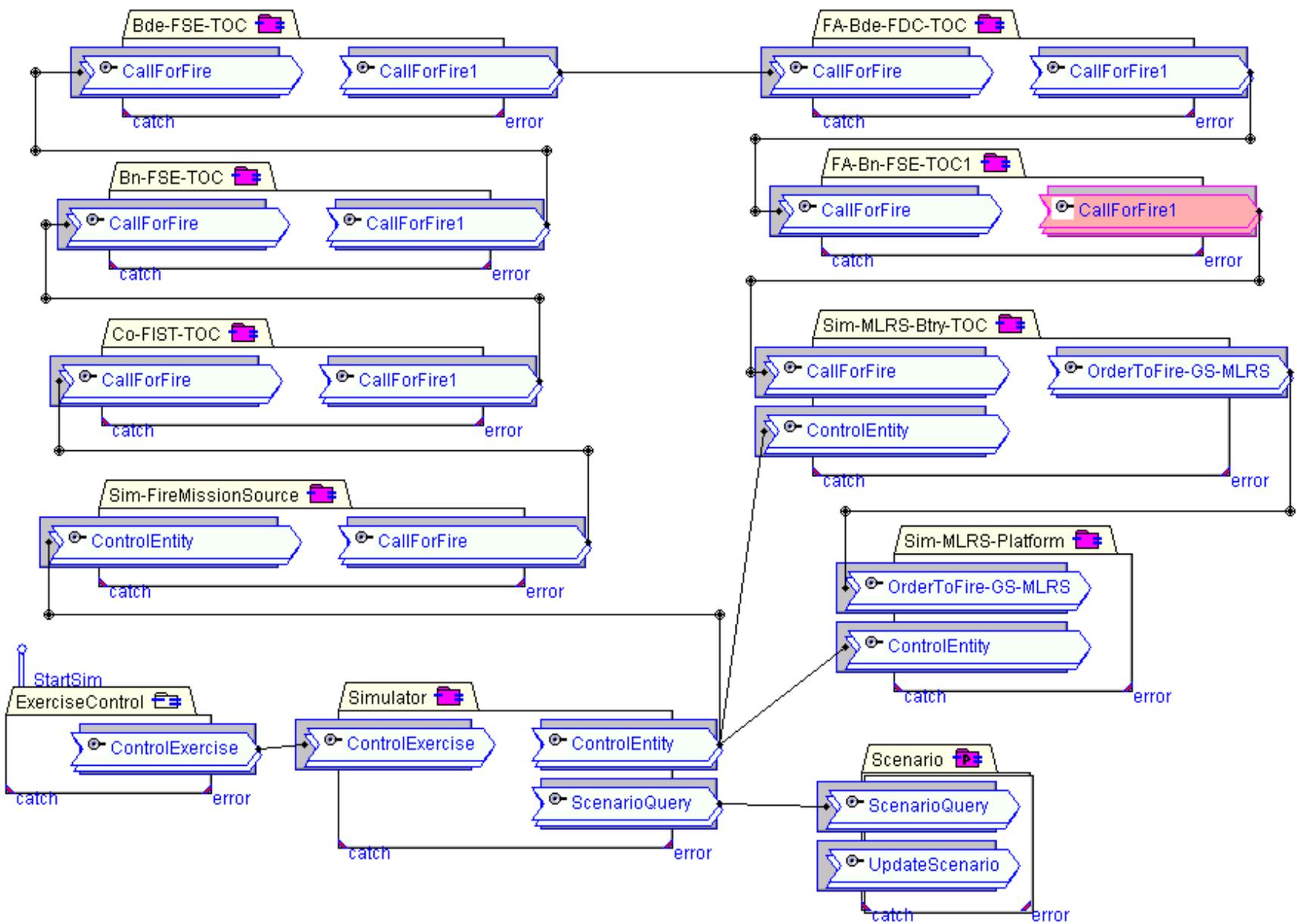
catch

error

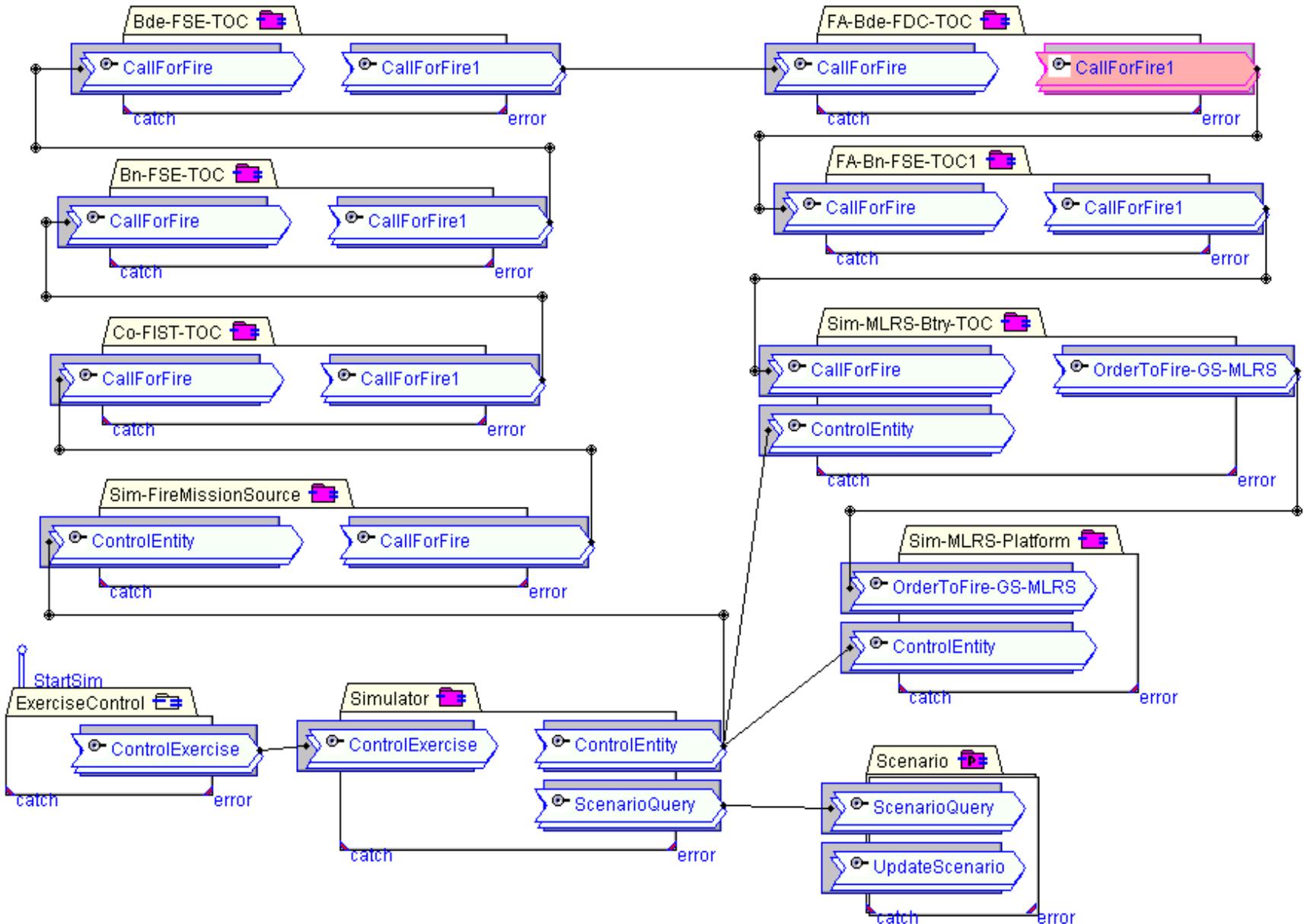
catch

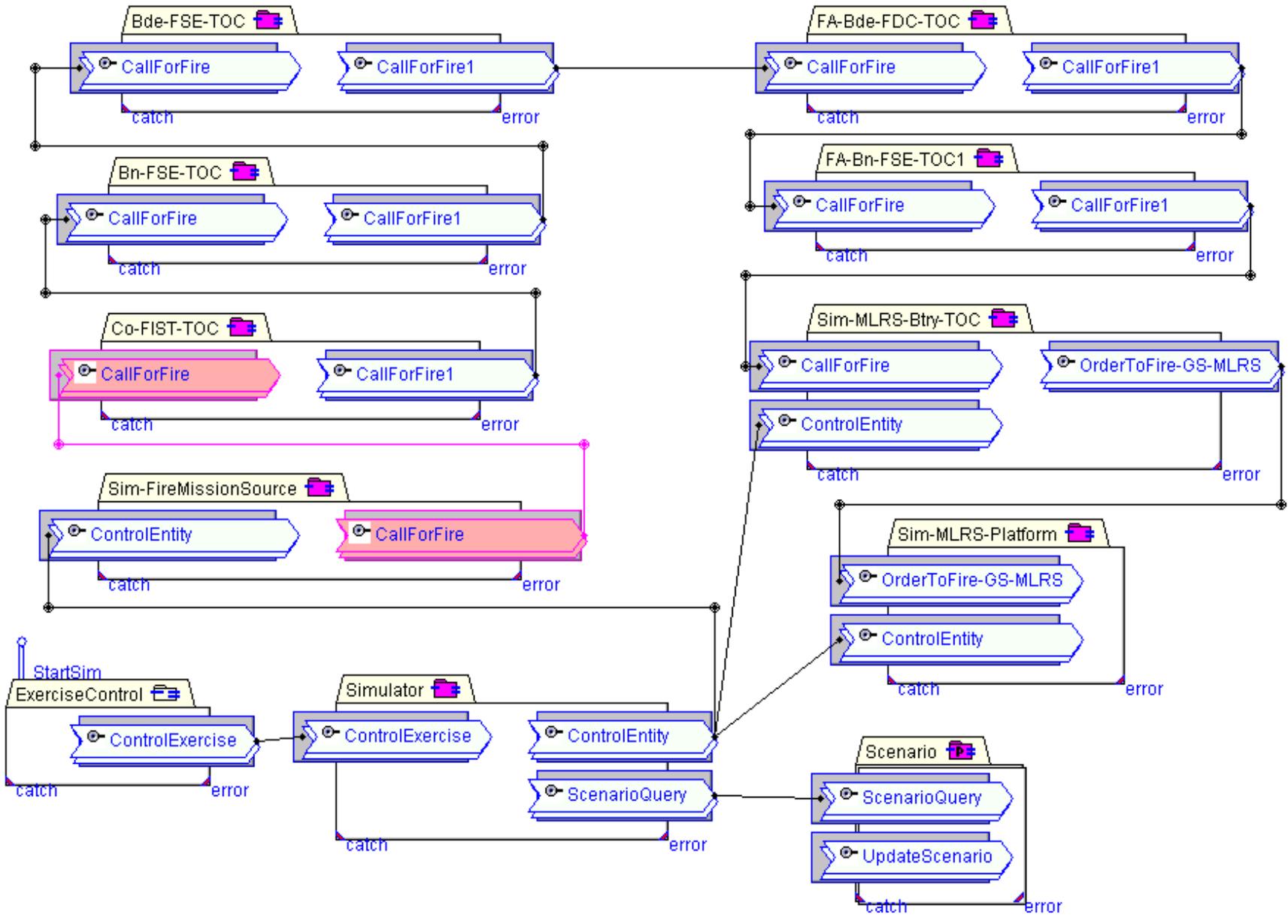
error









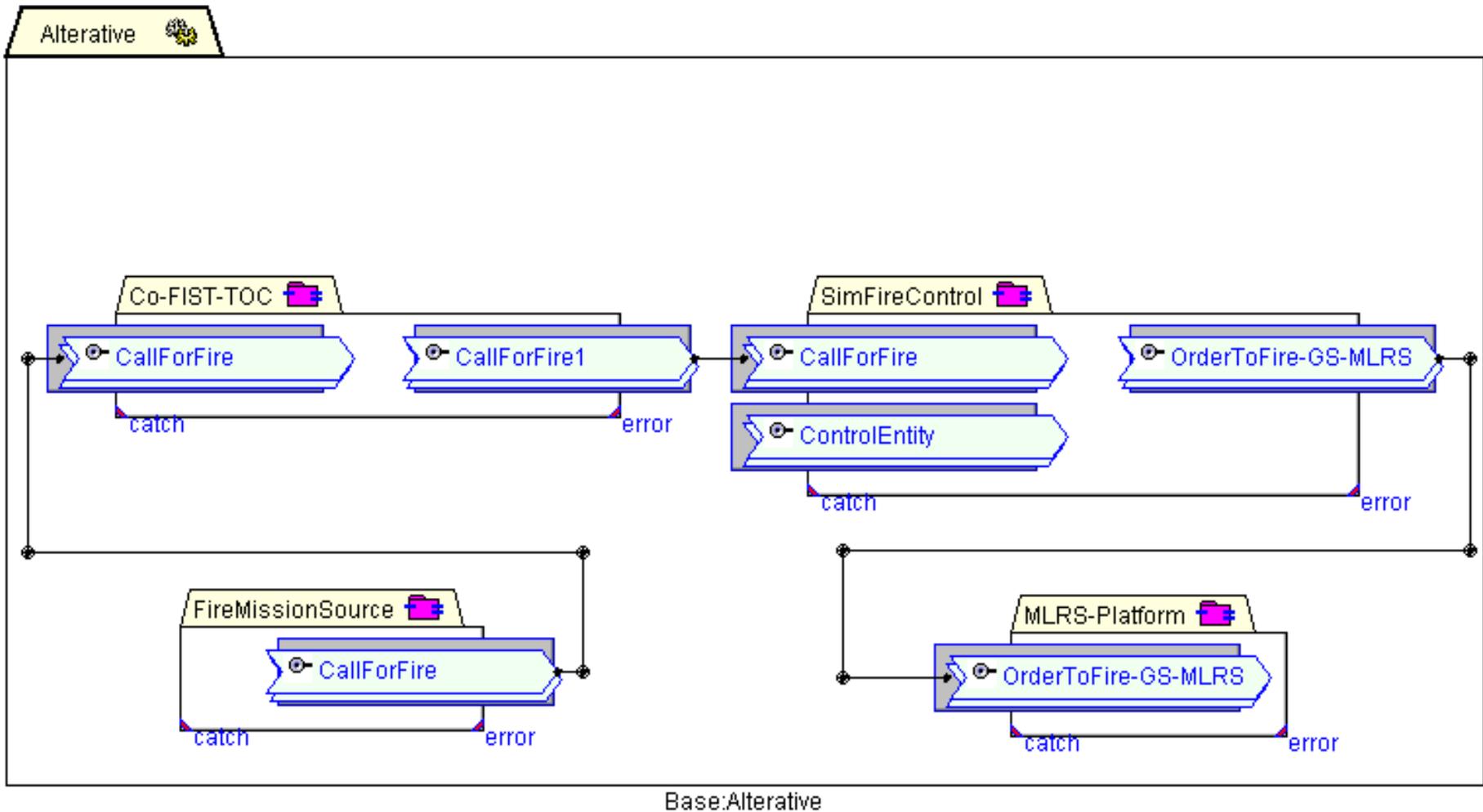


Simulation Summary



- ⌘ We can simulate a process
- ⌘ Integrating real and simulated components
- ⌘ Understanding the interactions
- ⌘ At any level of detail

Trying Alternatives



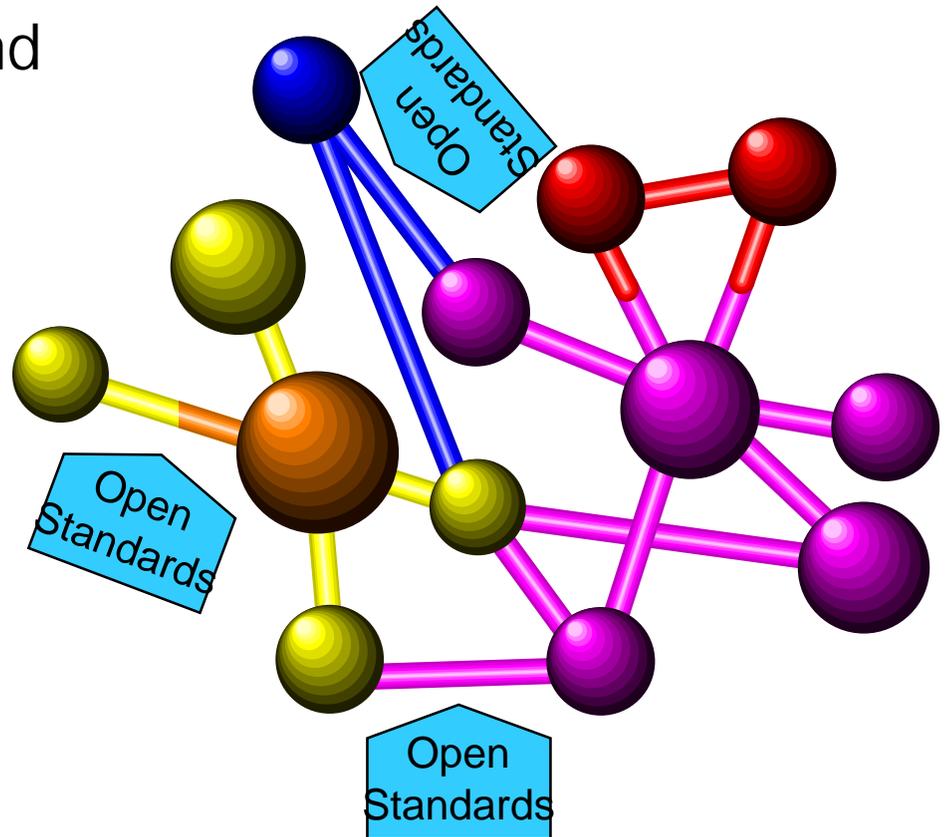
Supporting a Service Oriented Architecture



SOA for real and simulated components

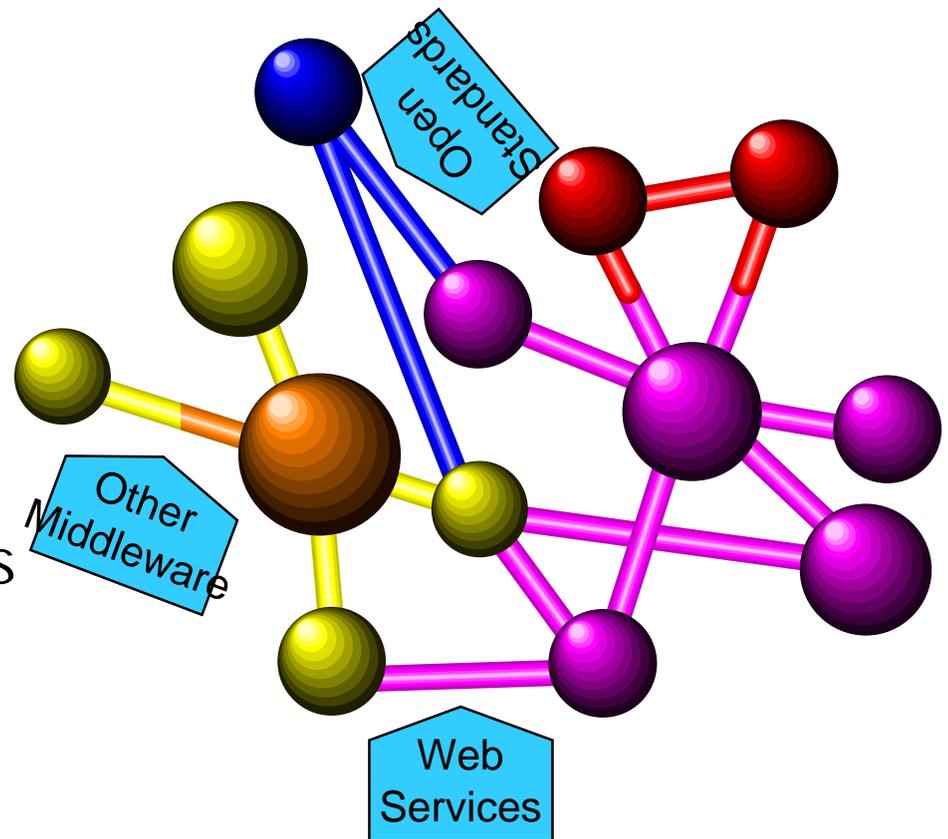
Enterprise Components

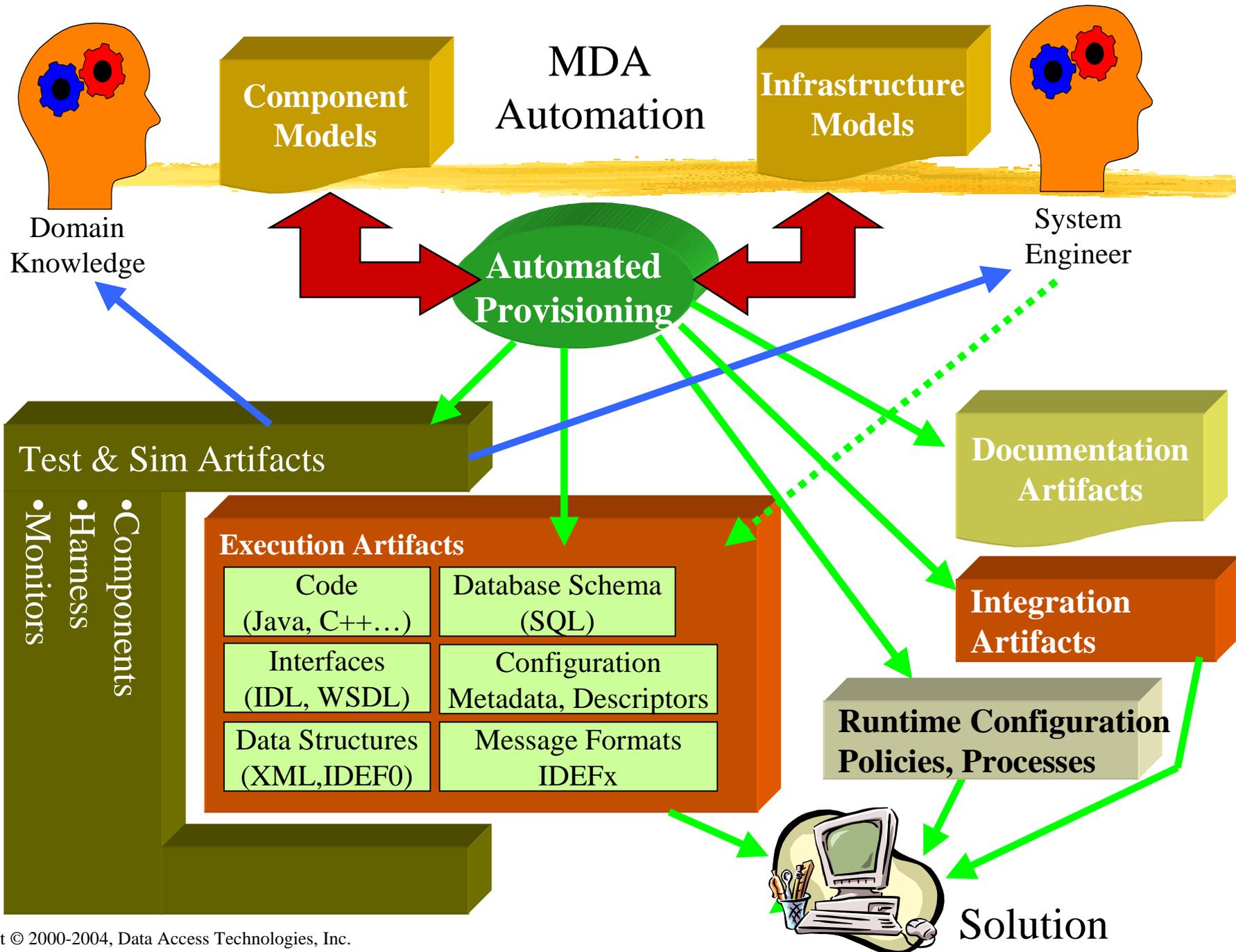
- ⌘ Enterprise Components must be independent and distributable
- ⌘ While being able to interoperate with each other
- ⌘ Making the information system or simulation a lattice of cooperating components
- ⌘ Simulated or Real
 - ☑ Same model, same architecture



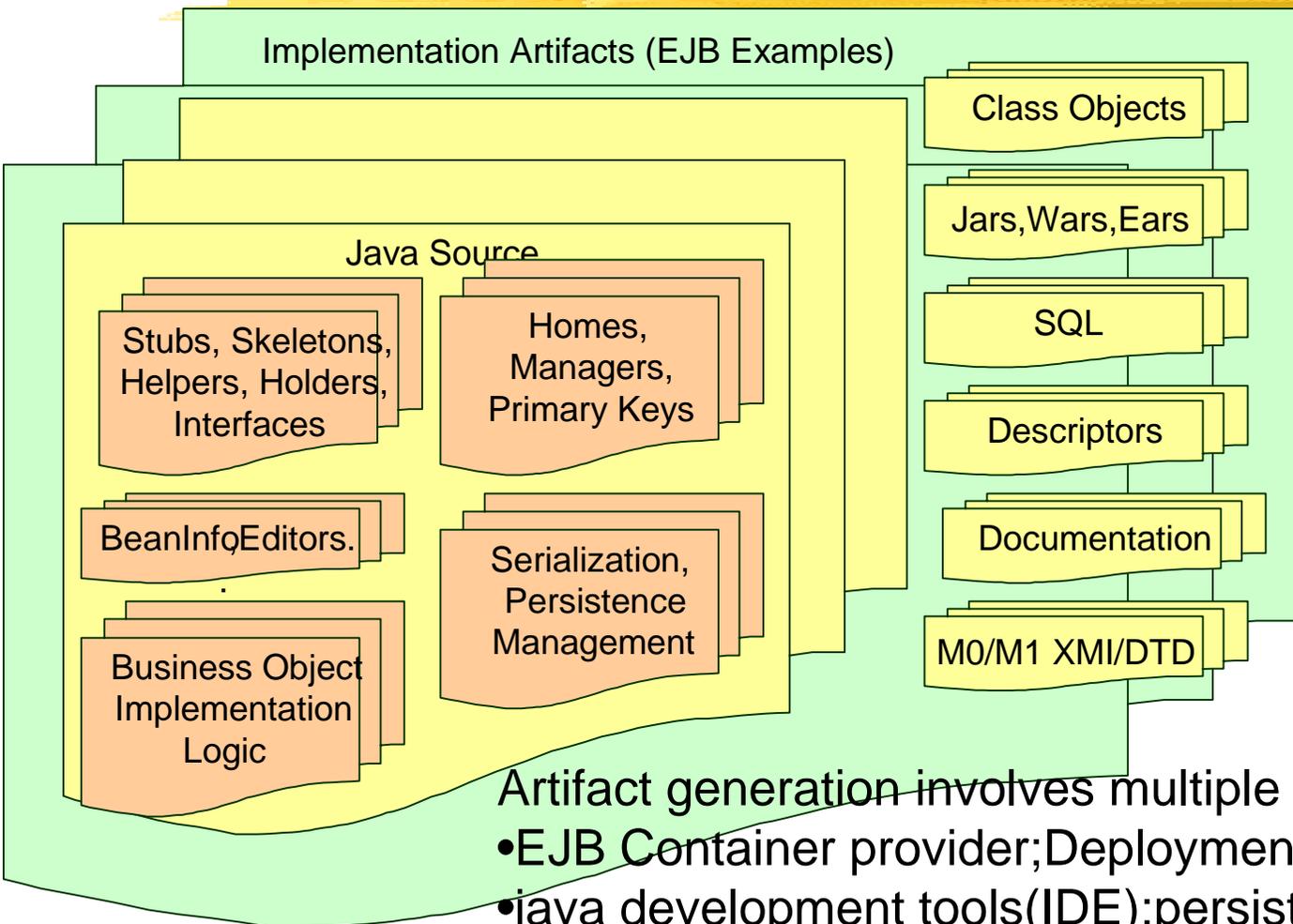
[Web] services provide open connectivity

- ⌘ Services allow components to be independently implemented
- ⌘ While interacting across well defined services
- ⌘ Making the information system a lattice of cooperating components
- ⌘ Simulated or Real
 - ☒ Same model, same architecture





Example Generated Artifacts



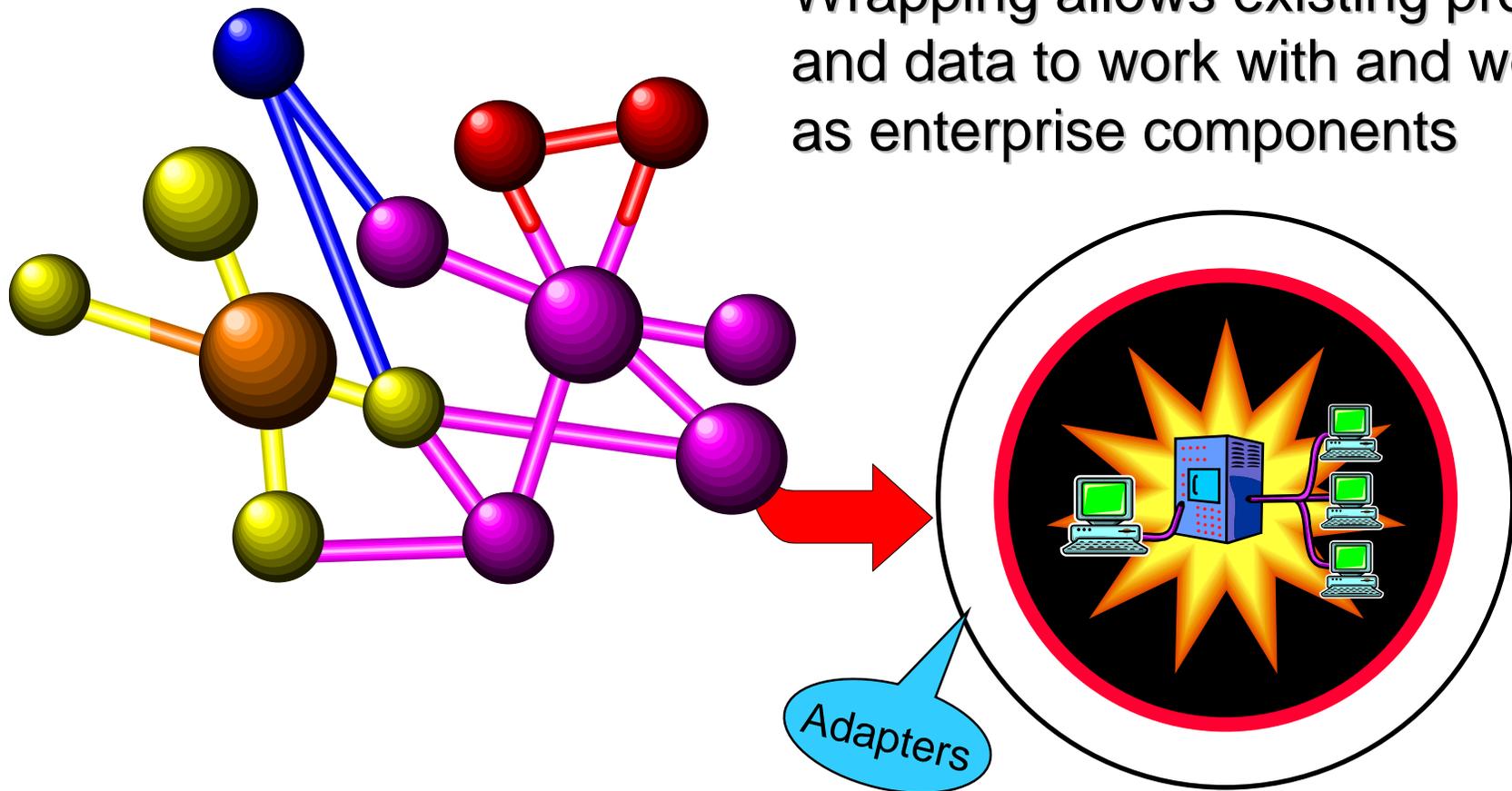
Artifact generation involves multiple tools

- EJB Container provider; Deployment tools; Packers;
- Java development tools (IDE); persistence provider; ...

Typical 10-20 per PIM Classifier

0-20% manual override

Legacy "Wrapping"



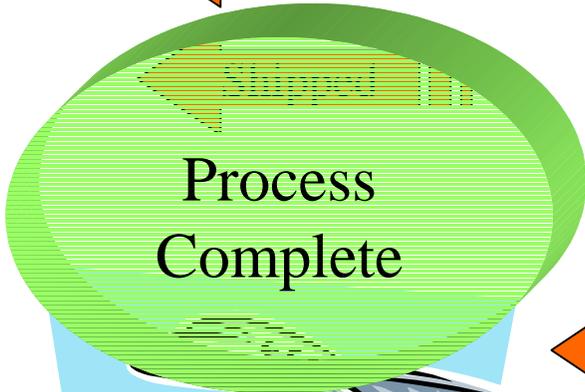
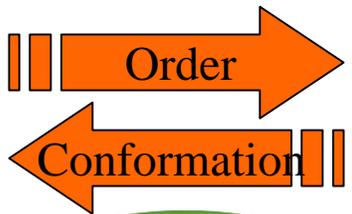
The Marketplace Example



Mechanics Are Us
Buyer



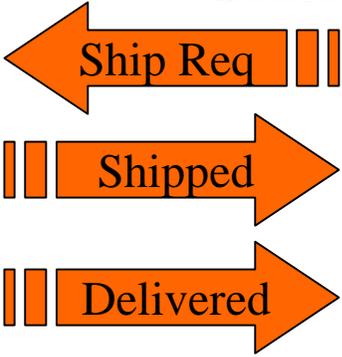
Physical
Delivery



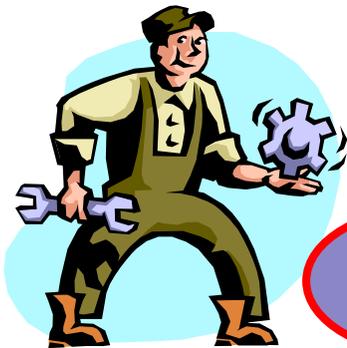
GetItThere Freight
Shipper



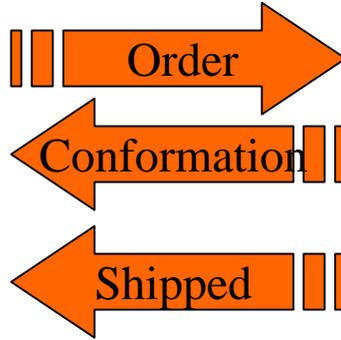
Acme Industries
Seller



Where are the services?



Web Service



Web Service

Mechanics Are Us
Buyer

Acme Industries
Seller



Physical
Delivery

Web Service



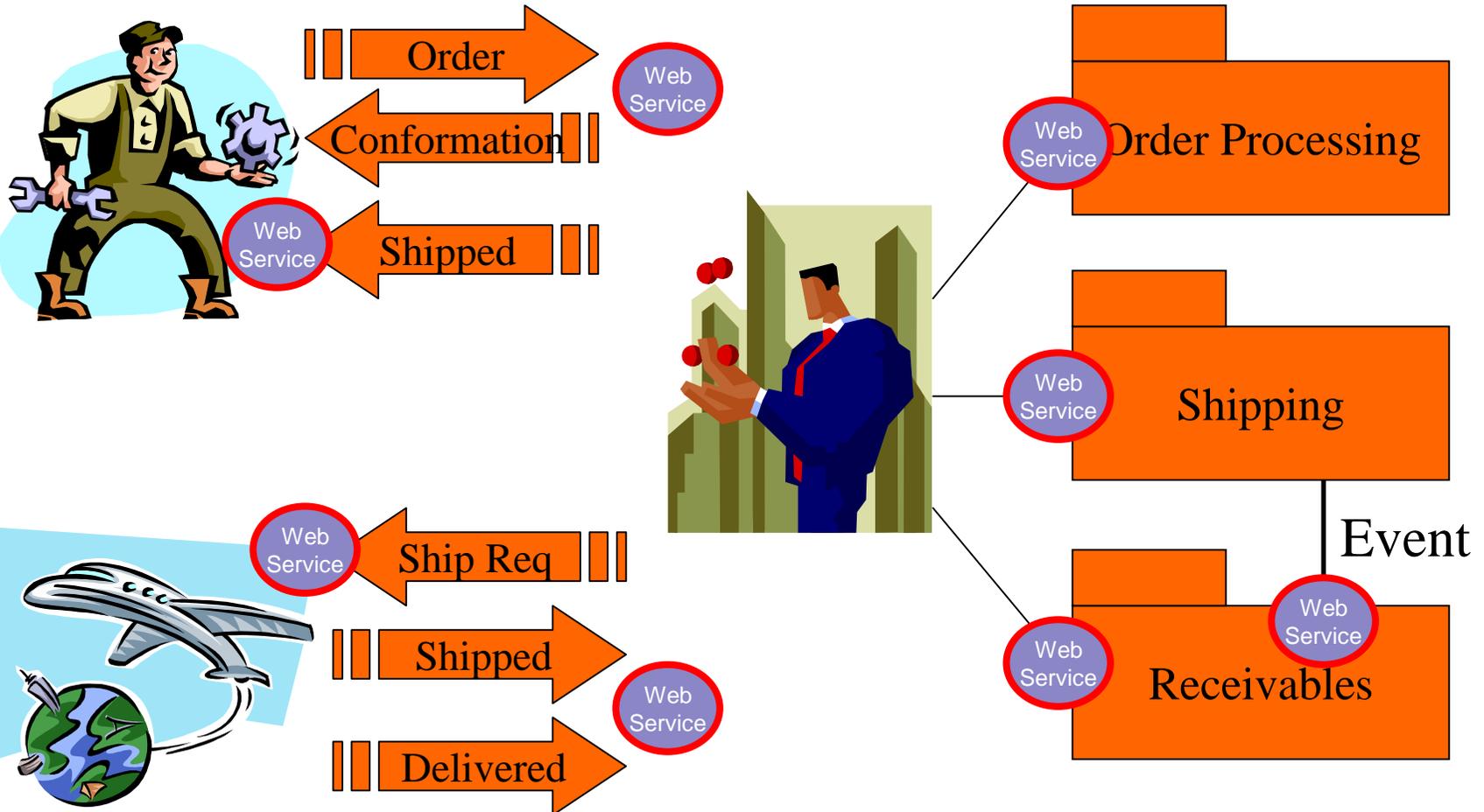
Web Service



Web Service

GetItThere Freight
Shipper

Inside the Seller

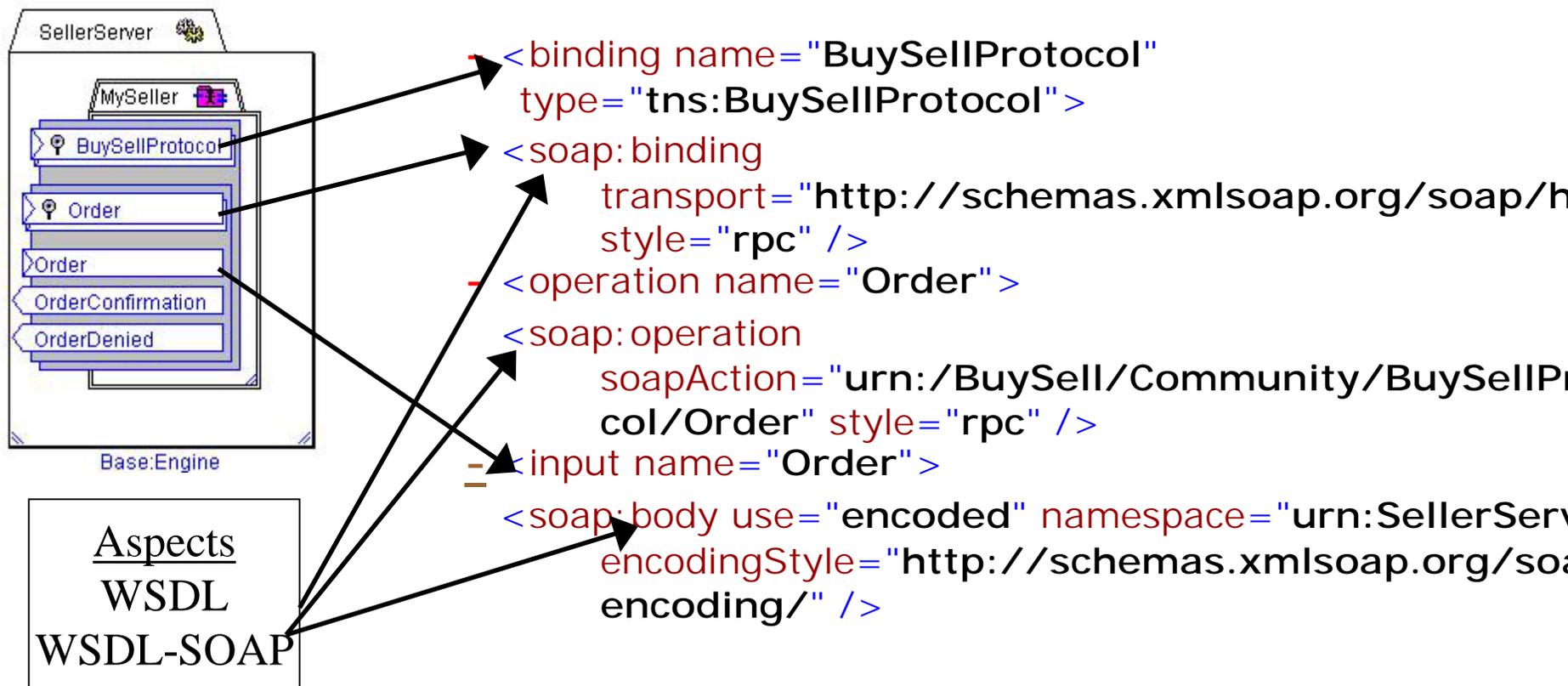


MDA Models and SOA



- ⌘ An application could be constructed of hundreds of services
- ⌘ MDA Models help us understand the context of service interfaces
- ⌘ How they serve enterprise processes and requirements
- ⌘ How they work together and (if require), work internally
- ⌘ MDA can generate the service specifications –
 - ☑ completely consistent with the architecture
- ⌘ MDA can then assist in the generation and implementation of the components behind the interfaces

Mapping of a protocol binding to web service technology



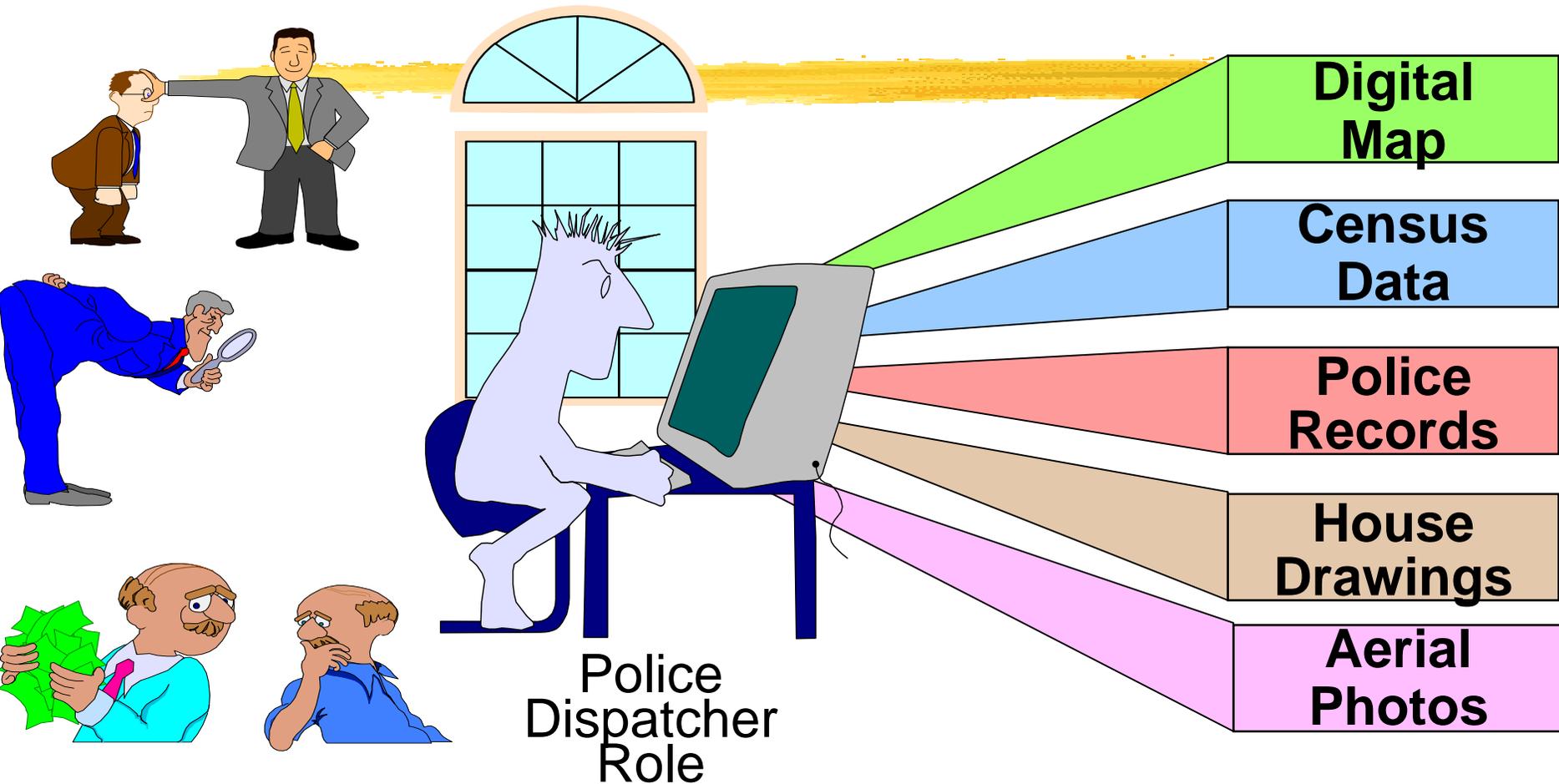
The Enterprise Collaboration Architecture



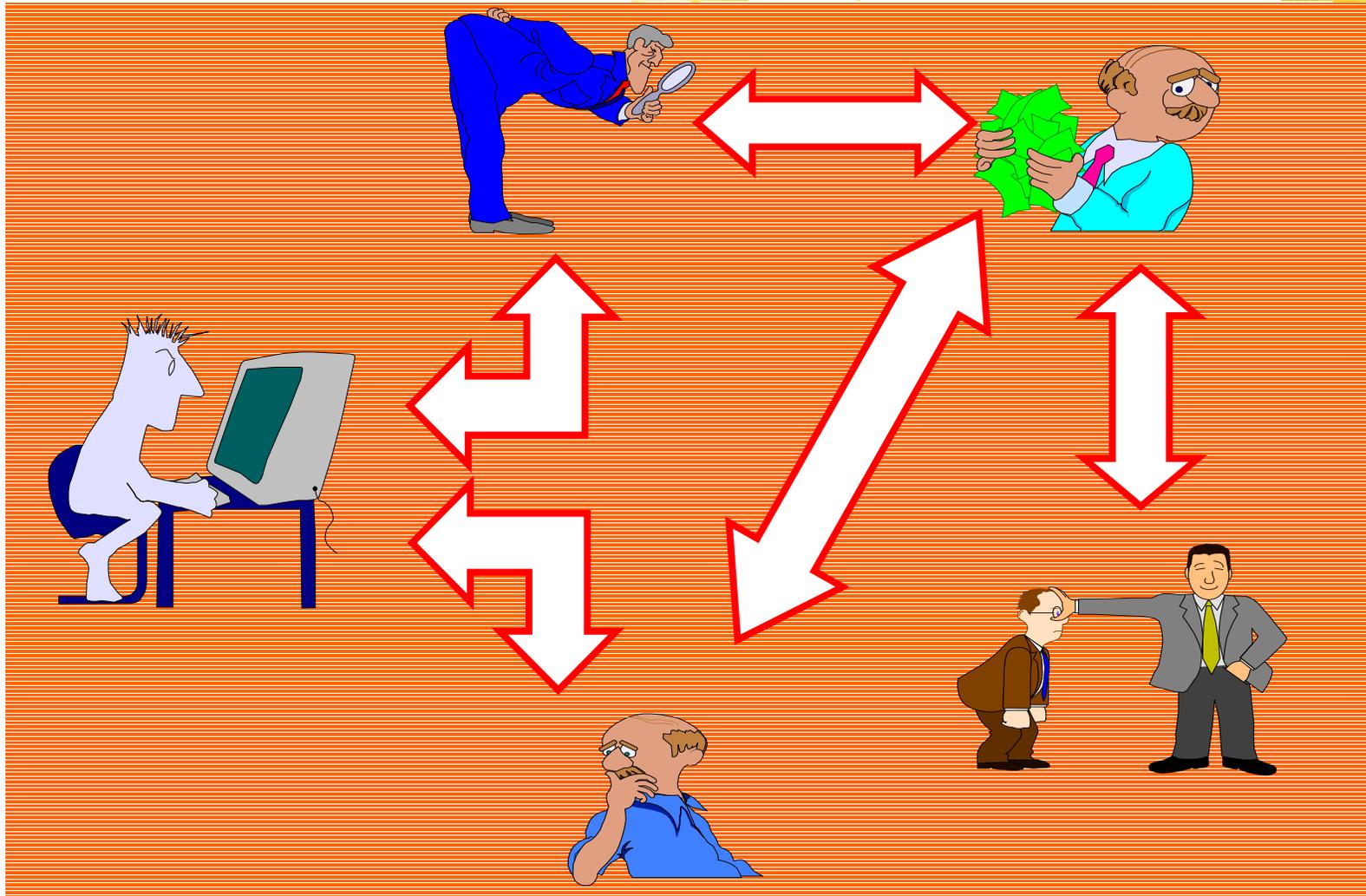
- ⌘ ECA is a “profile of UML”, a way to use UML for a specific purpose - it is an OMG standard
 - ☑ That purpose is *modeling enterprise systems and components*.
- ⌘ You can also think of this as a “modeling framework” for enterprise computing
- ⌘ ECA is part of the “Model Driven Architecture” (MDA) initiative of the OMG
 - ☑ Using precise modeling techniques as part of the development lifecycle to speed development and provide technology independence
- ⌘ ECA has been adopted by the OMG as part of the EDOC RFP.
- ⌘ ECA defines an architecture and meta model

The Connected Enterprise

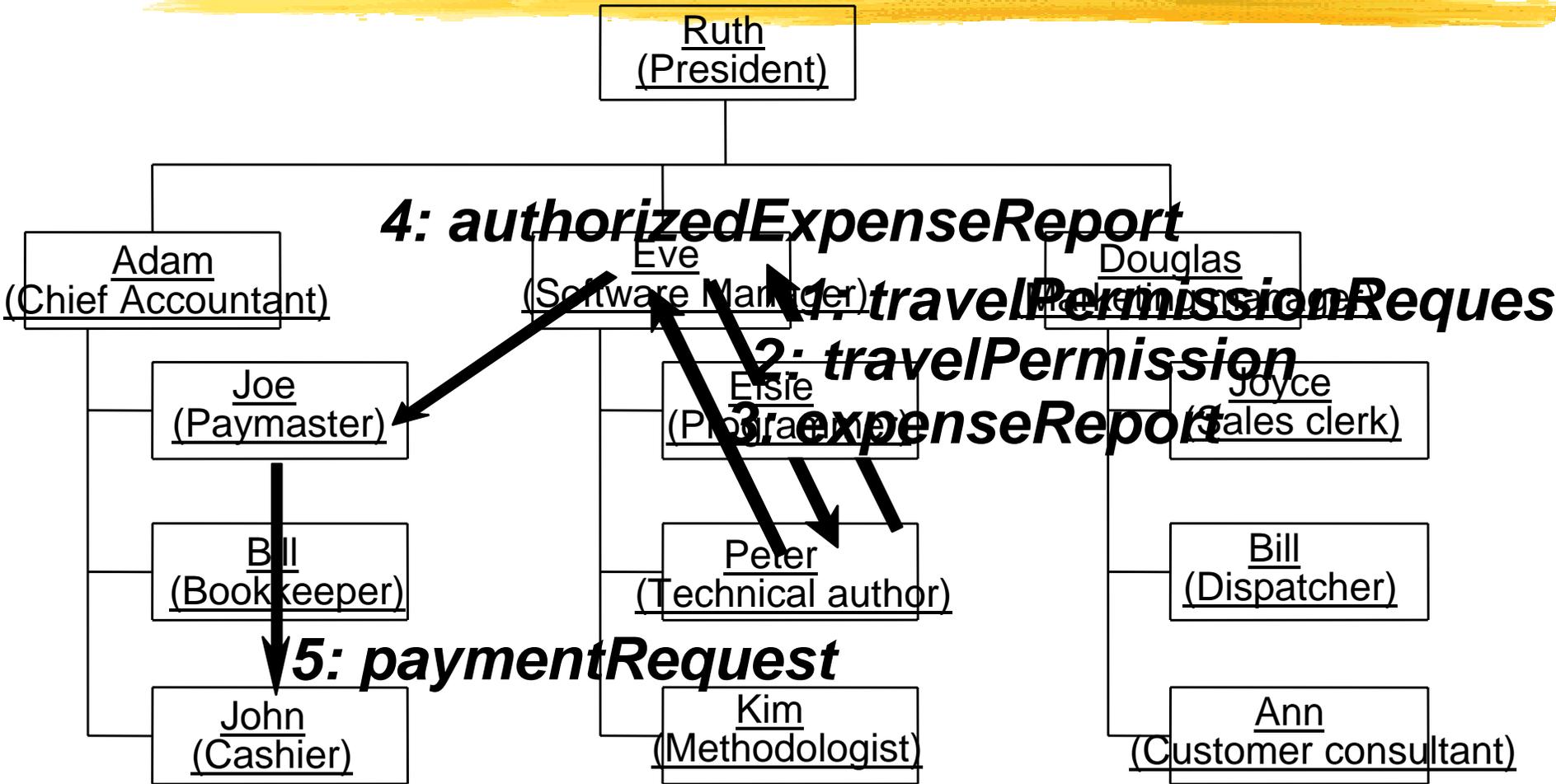
Content and Communication



Multiple roles in a collaboration

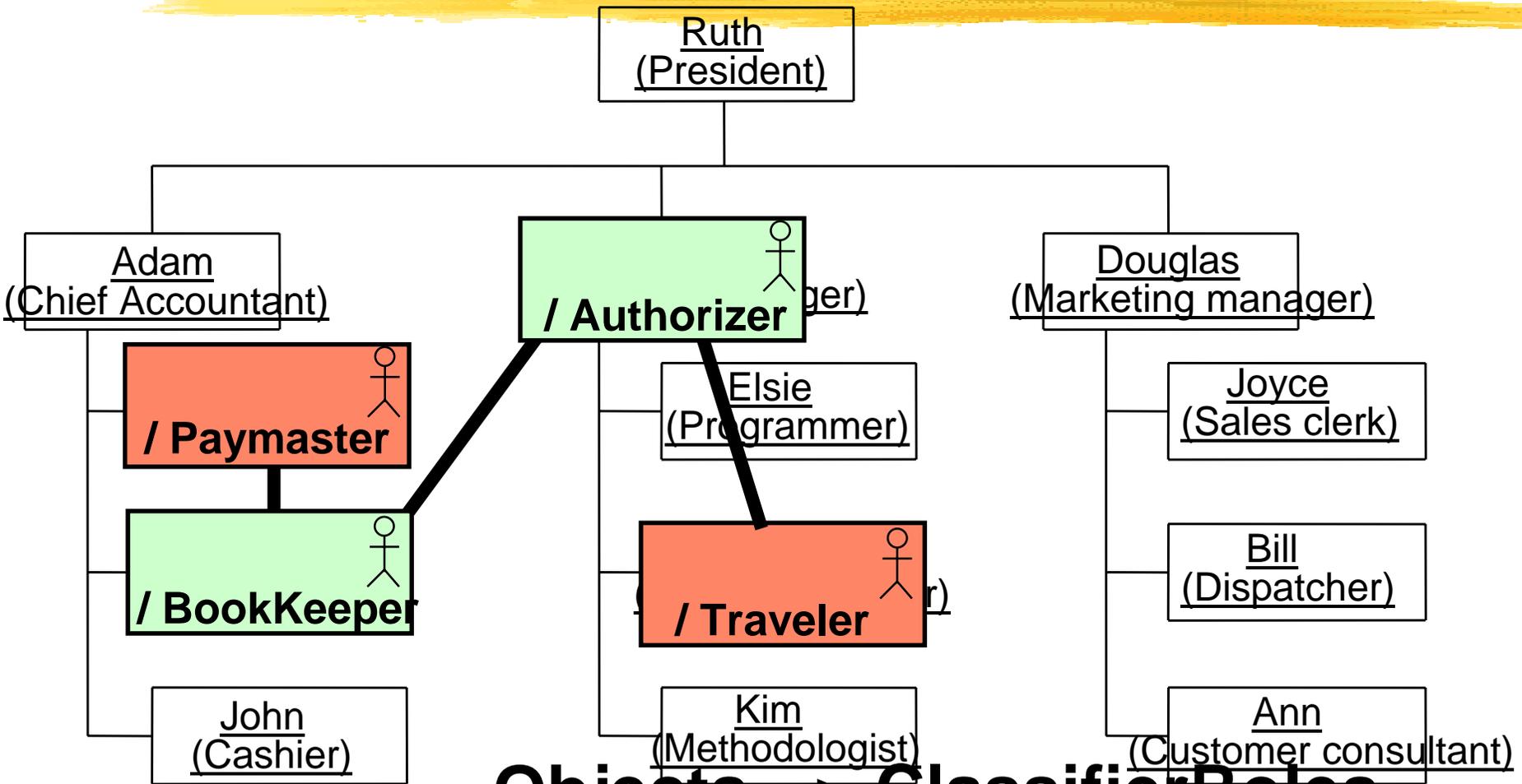


Travel Expense Example



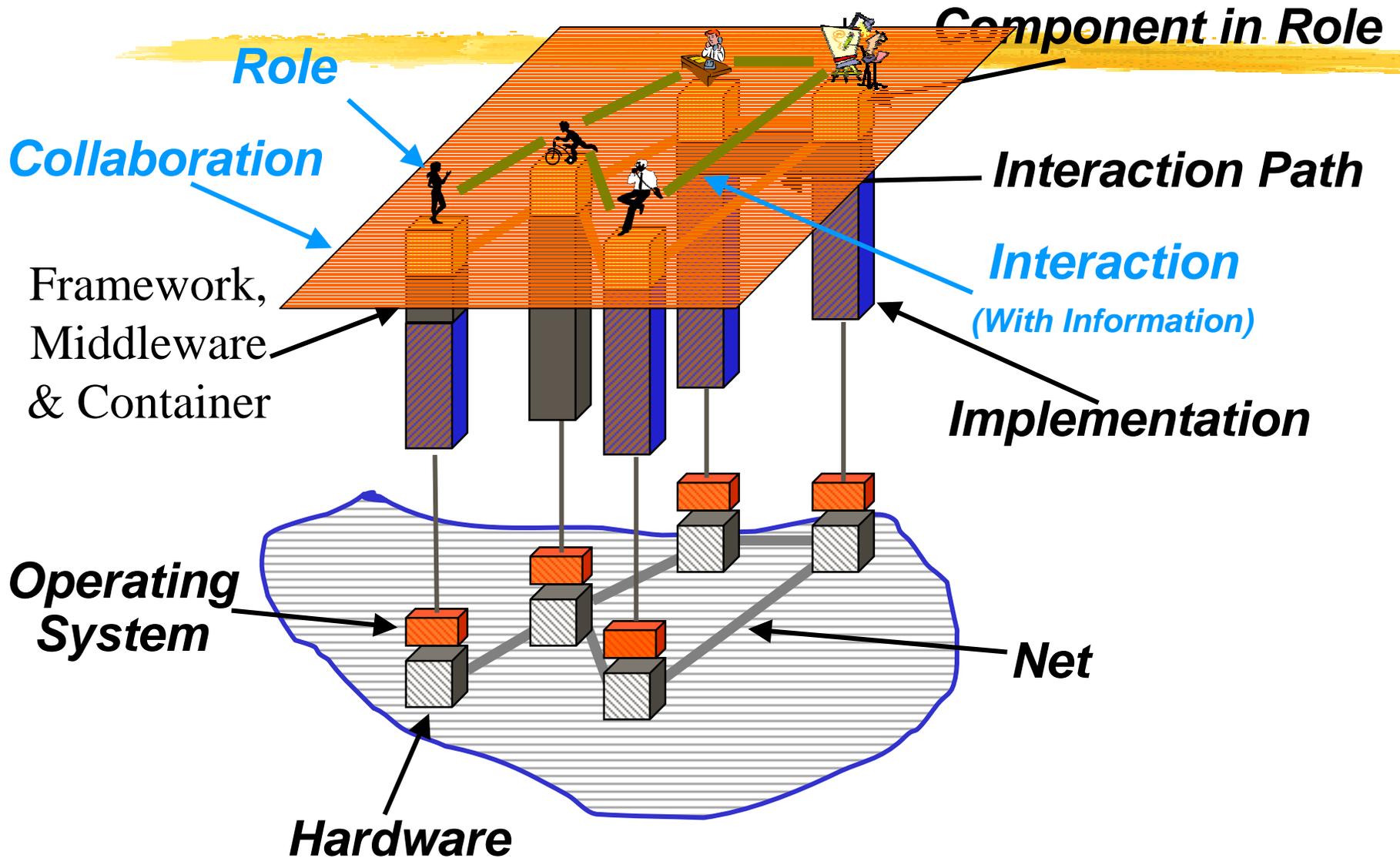
Diagram

Travel Expense Model



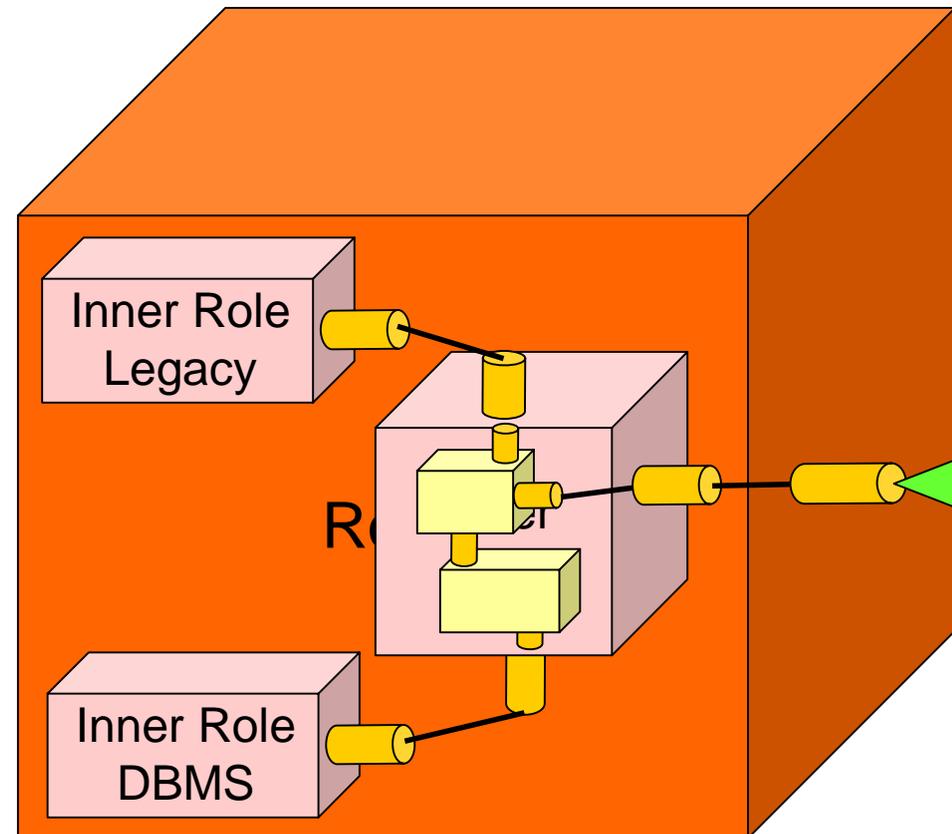
Objects --> ClassifierRoles

Roles to Systems



Drilling down – inside a role

- ⌘ The open domain should make no assumptions about the “inside” of a role.
- ⌘ Inside one role you *frequently* find more collaborating “parts” of the enterprise - the same model *may* be used
- ⌘ Until you get to system inside a managed domain
 - ⊞ Shared resources (DBMS)
 - ⊞ Common Management
 - ⊞ Frequently a legacy system
 - ⊞ Code



ECA Methodology



A simple methodology for
creating collaborative
business processes

Basic Steps

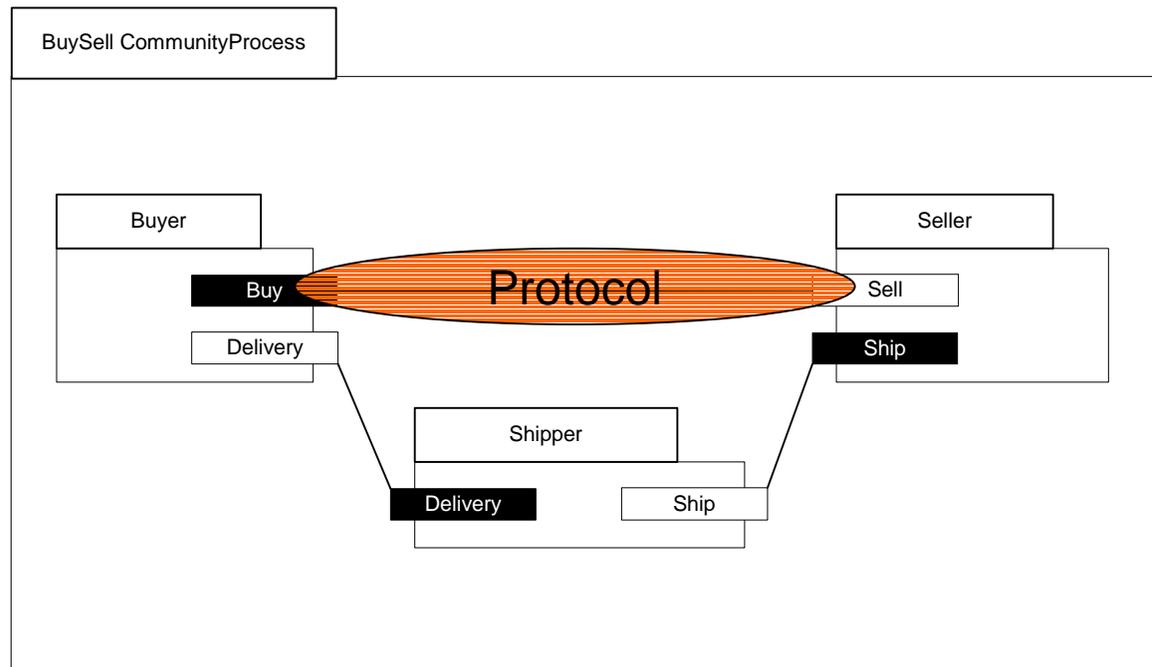


- ⌘ Identify roles and organize roles into collaborations
- ⌘ Define collaboration documents
- ⌘ Create basic business transactions
- ⌘ Organize into protocols and events
- ⌘ Use protocols to define ports on roles
- ⌘ Drill-down into role detail
- ⌘ Implement roles
- ⌘ Configure implementations for deployment with technology specifics
- ⌘ Deploy

Components collaborate in processes

⌘ Identify a “community process”, the roles and interactions in a collaboration

Models helps organize and define the set of services required for enterprise collaboration and simulation



Identifying roles and collaborations

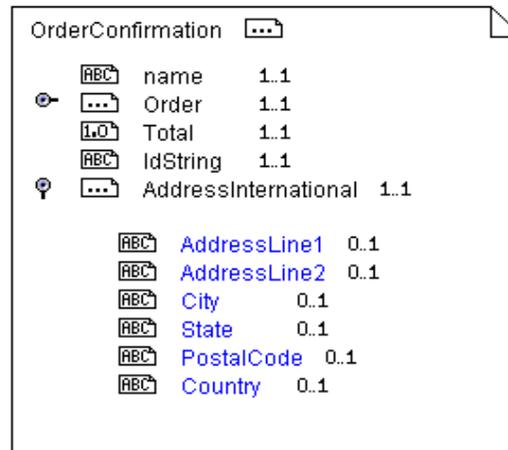
The screenshot displays the Component-X Studio interface. The title bar reads "Component-X Studio - Methodology:FirstCollaboration". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "New", "Project", "Debug", "Options", "Window", and "Help". A toolbar with various icons is located below the menu bar. A status bar at the top left indicates "map execution complete".

The main workspace is divided into two panes. The left pane, titled "Project - Methodology:FirstCollaboration", shows a project tree with the following structure:

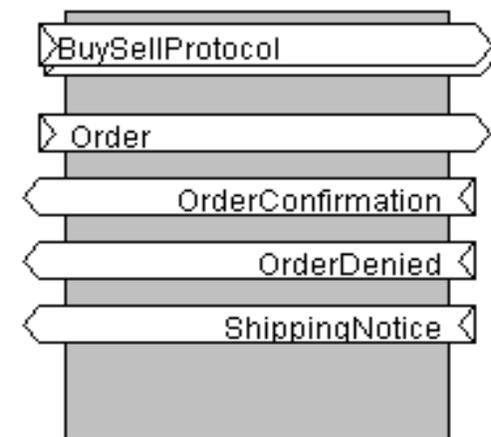
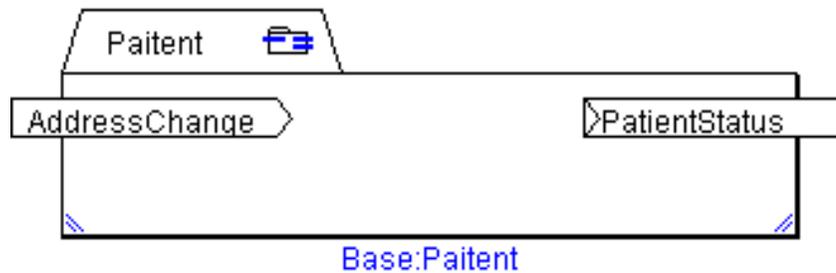
- MyCompany
 - B2BSales
 - BuySell
 - dat

The right pane, titled "MyCompany/B2BSales/CommunityProcess", displays a UML diagram. The diagram shows a container labeled "BuySell" containing three roles: "Buyer", "Seller", and "Shipper". Each role is represented by a box with a person icon and the text "Adapter: HTTP". The diagram is based on the "CommunityProcess" class, as indicated by the text "Base:CommunityProcess" at the bottom of the diagram area.

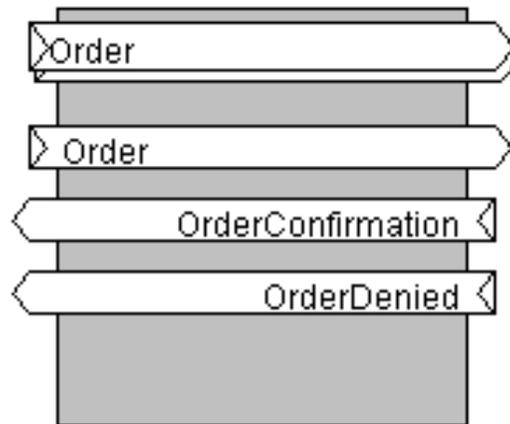
Identify Documents



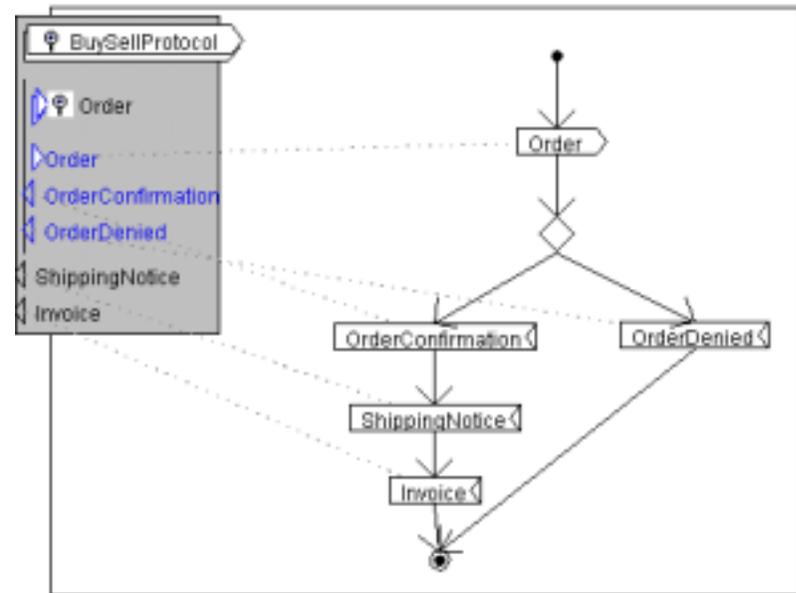
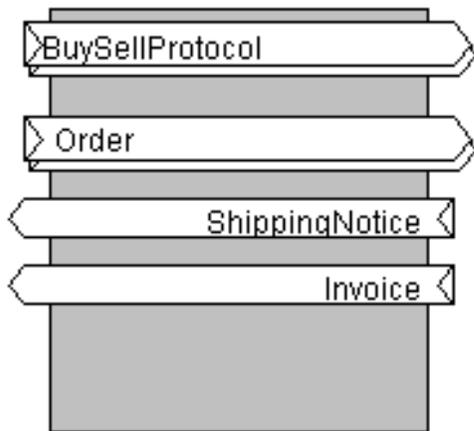
Distinguish protocols and events



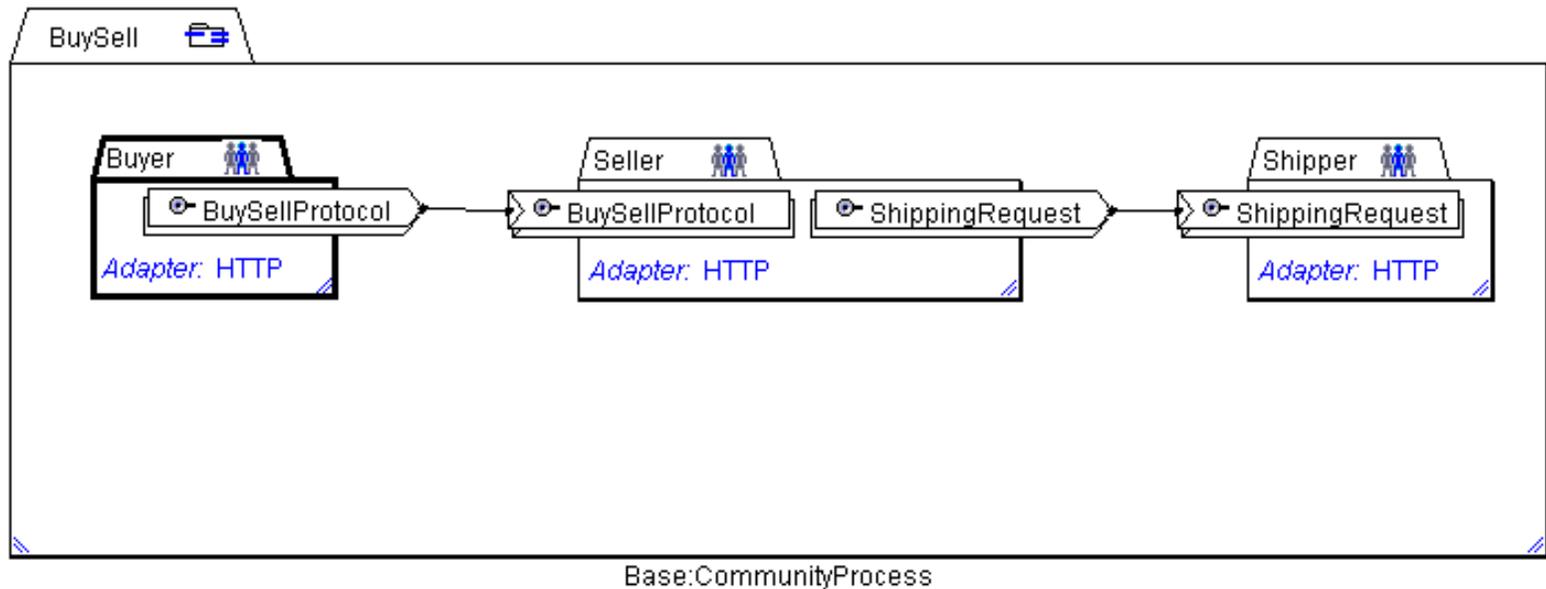
Create Business Transactions



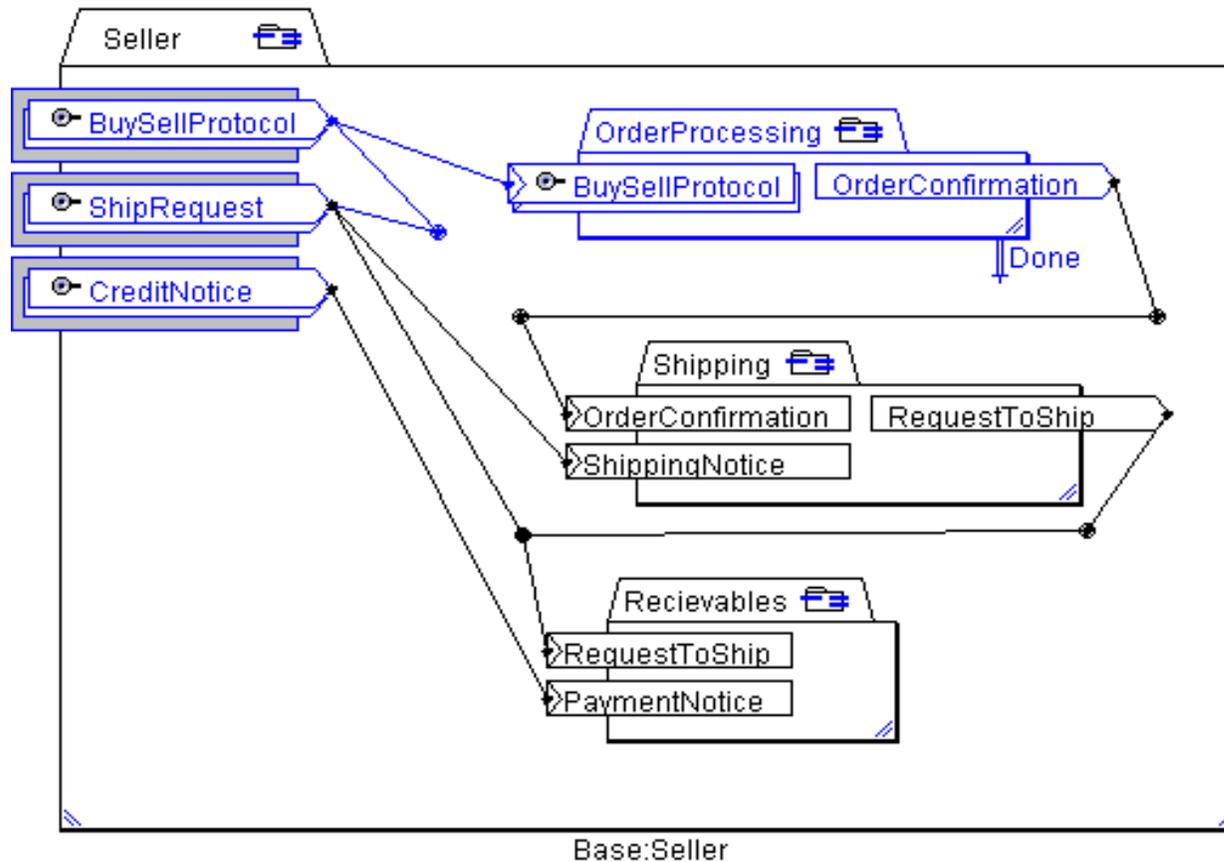
Organize into protocols



Add ports to complete community process



Drill-down

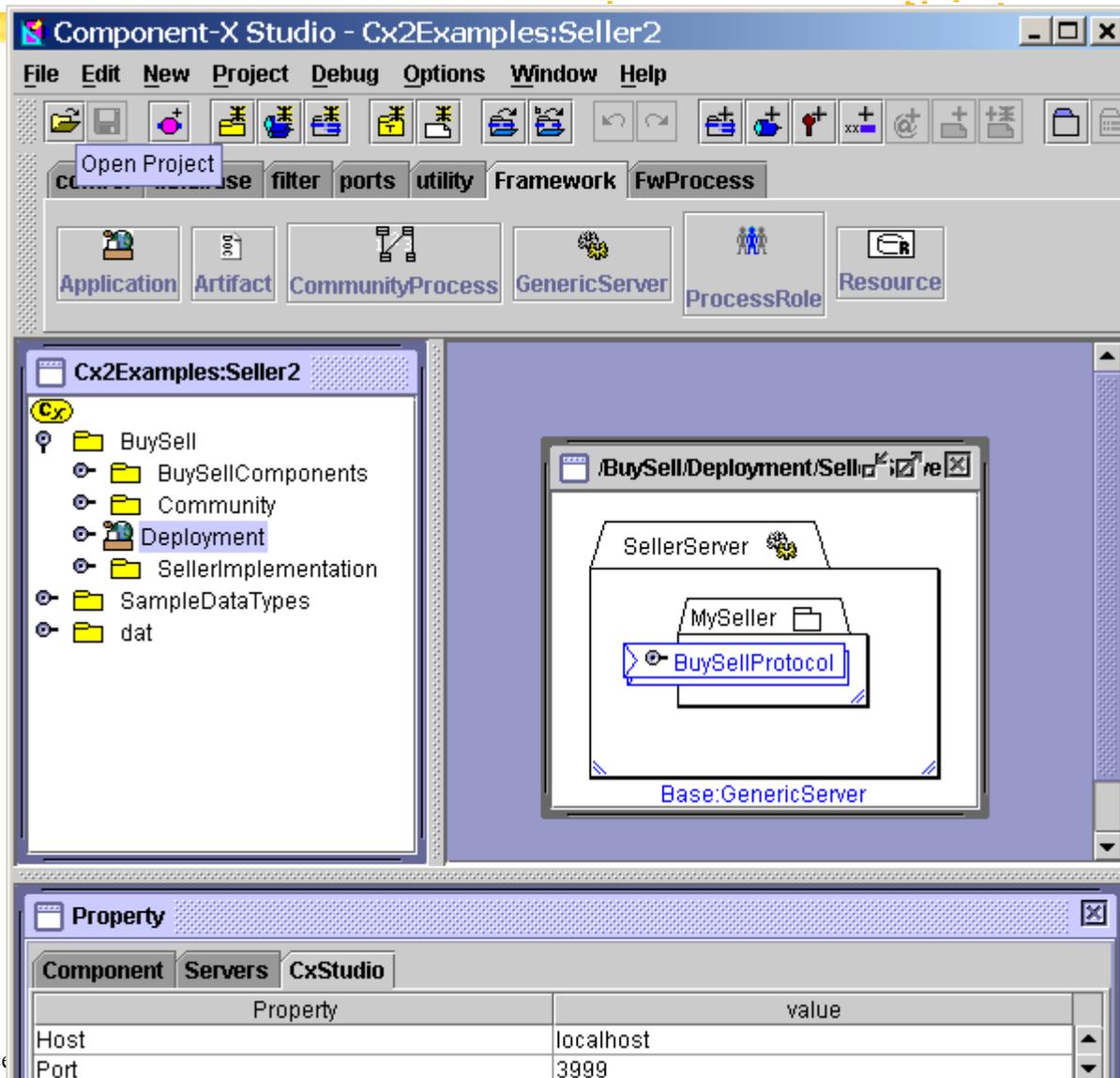


Add implementation



- ⌘ As component compositions
- ⌘ In a programming language
- ⌘ By using an external service
- ⌘ Wrap legacy
- ⌘ As a simulation

Add technology specifics for deployment



Web services implement connections between components in roles

Web Service Specification

Service

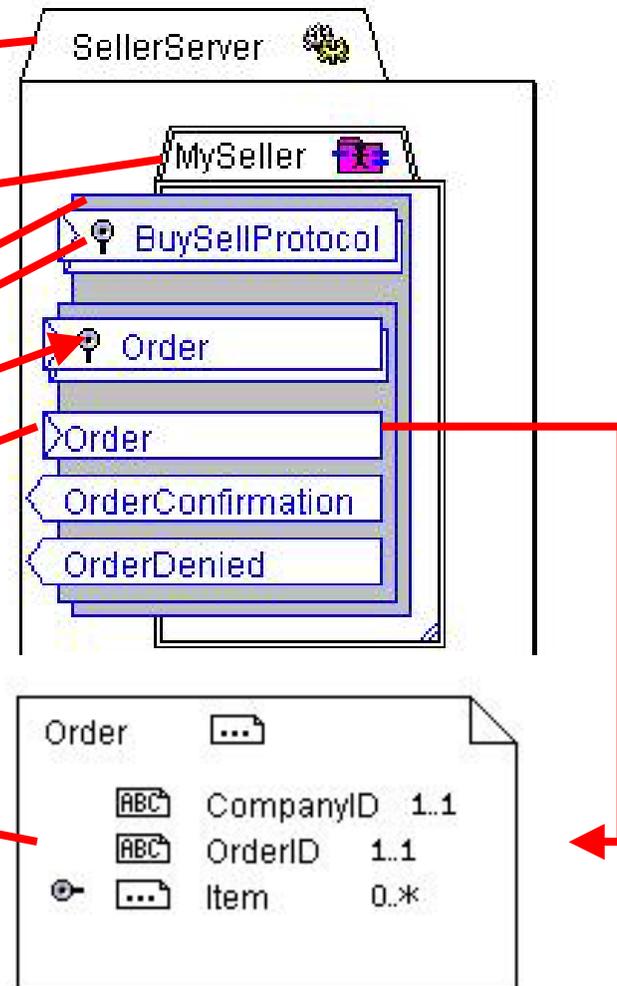
Port on the service

Protocol

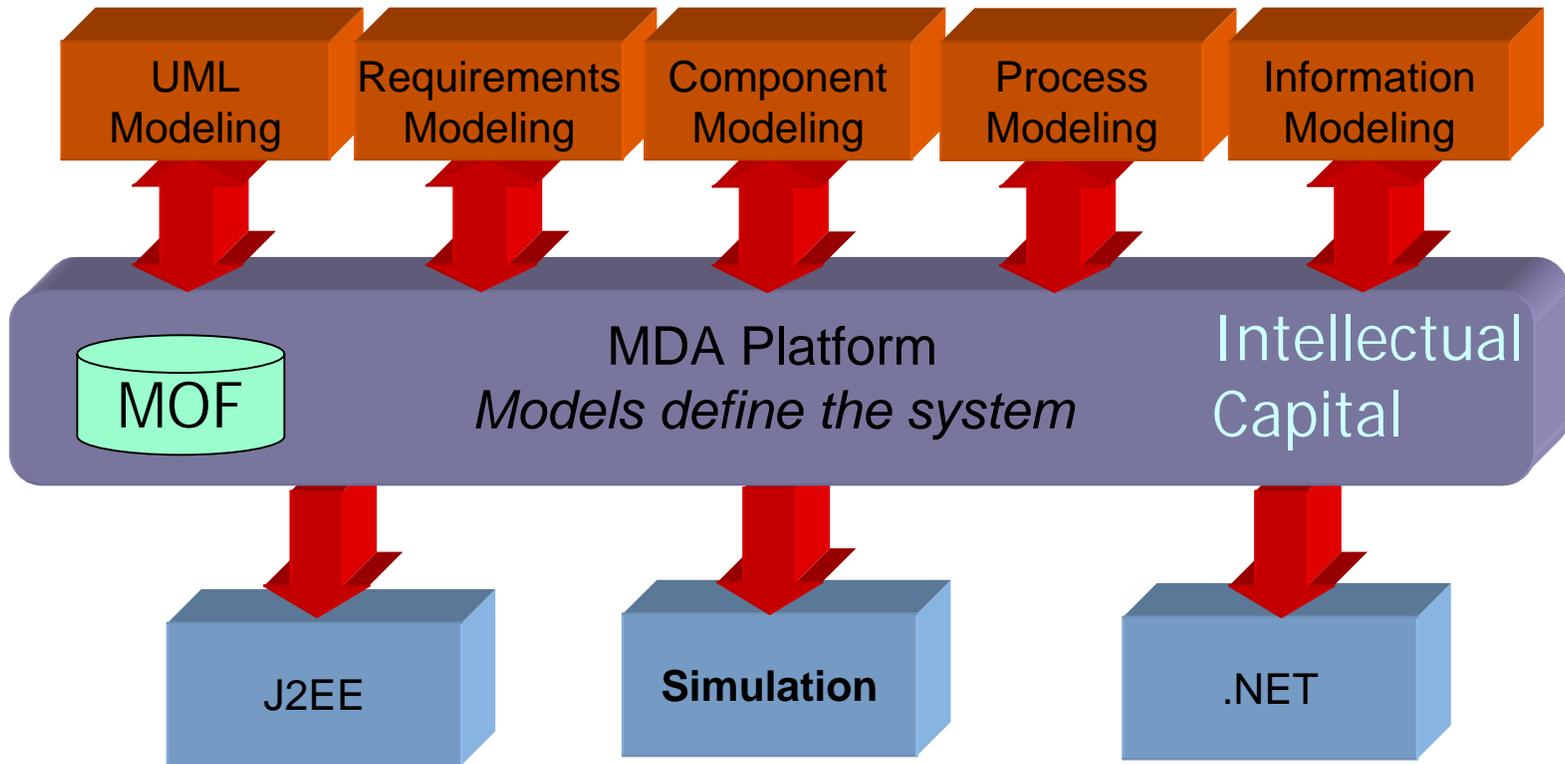
Operation

Message

Schema Type



Integration of Intellectual Capital



Integration of infrastructure

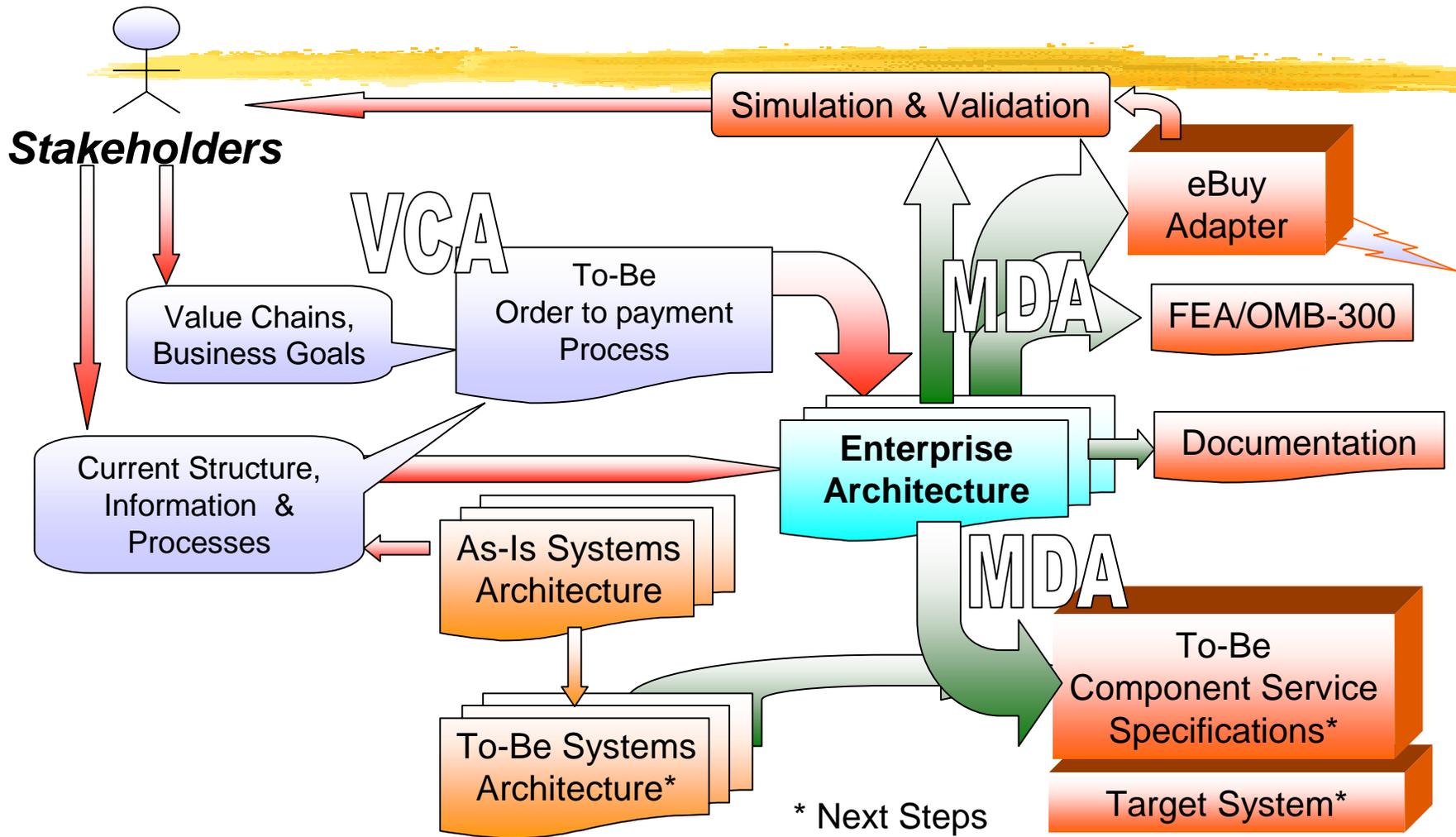
GSA

Executable Enterprise Architecture



Thanks to George Thomas
Enterprise Architect
General Services Administration

Achieving Stakeholder Goals Making Architecture Executable



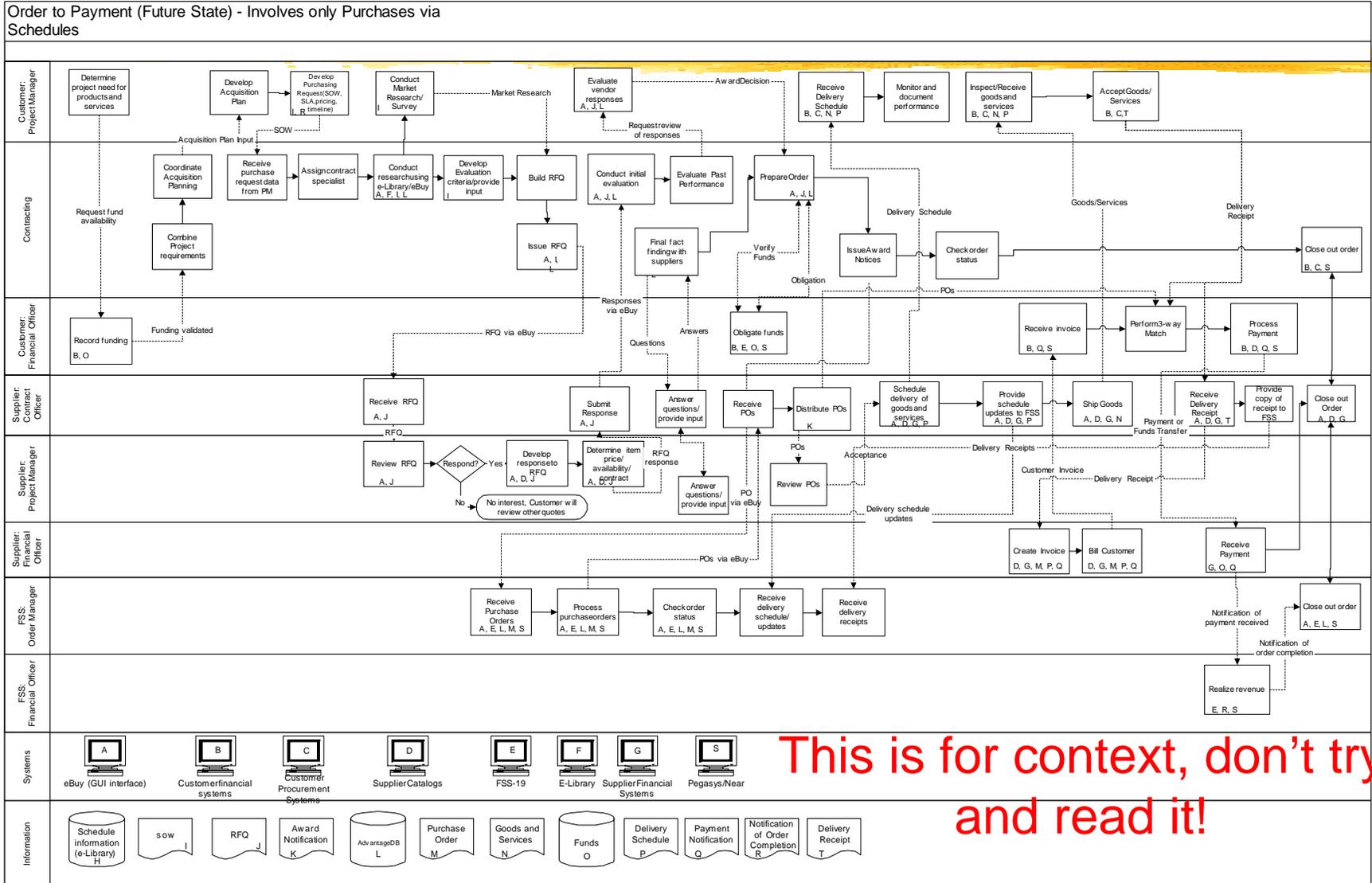
* Next Steps

Source Material



- ⌘ PowerPoint architecture of to-be process
- ⌘ Systems architecture document
- ⌘ Source code

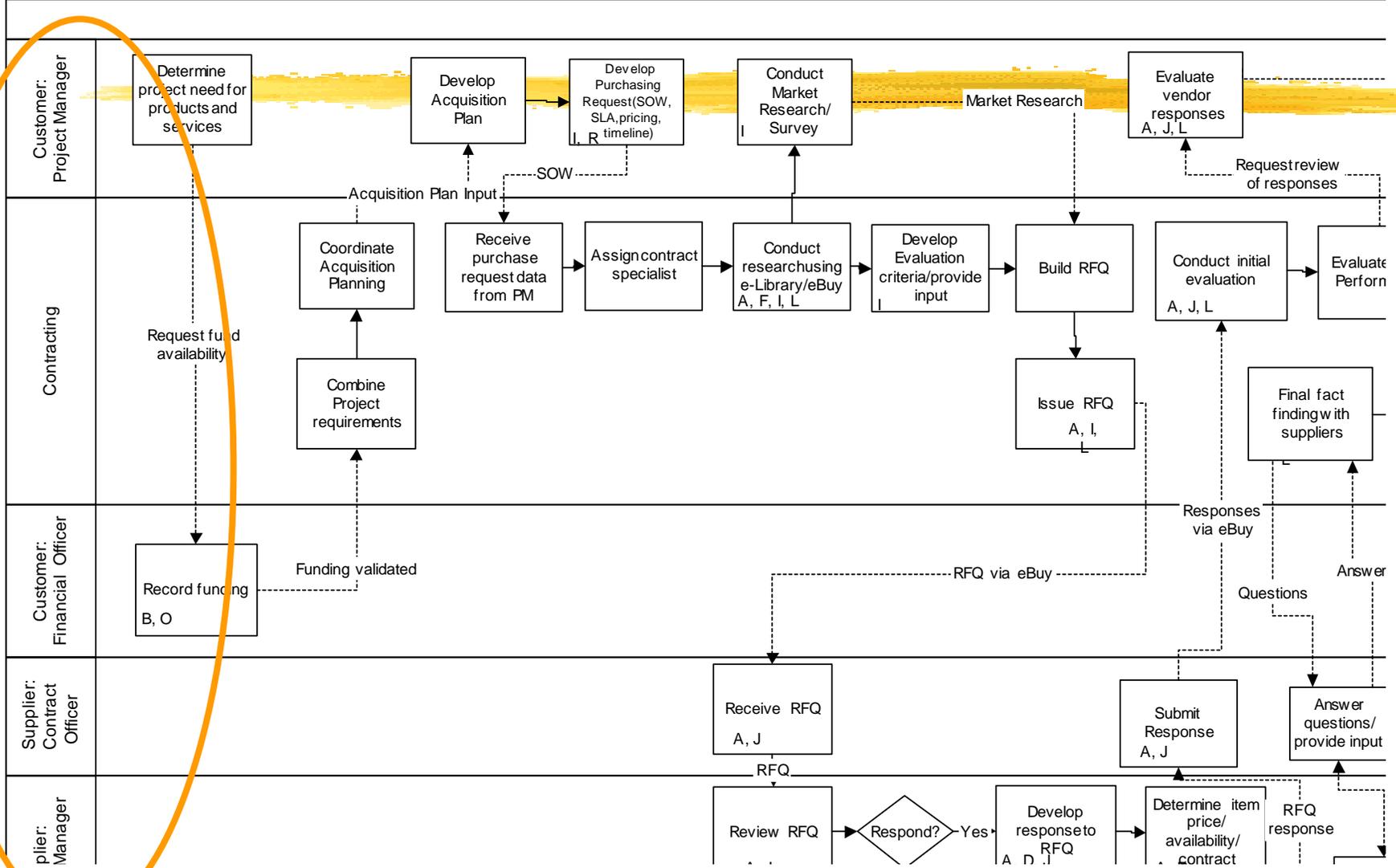
Order to Payment Process Diagram



This is for context, don't try and read it!

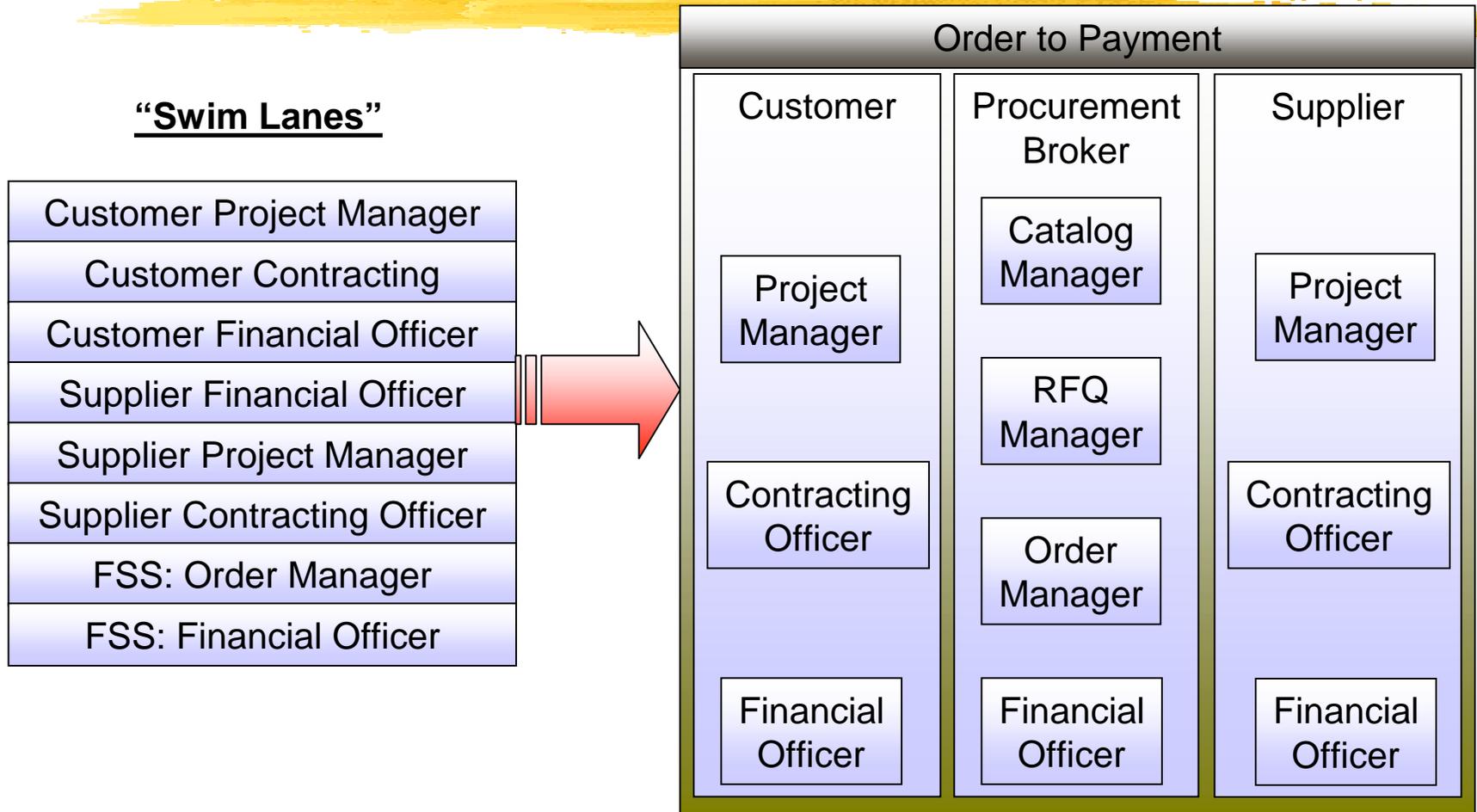
Identifying Roles

Order to Payment (Future State) - Involves only Purchases via Schedules

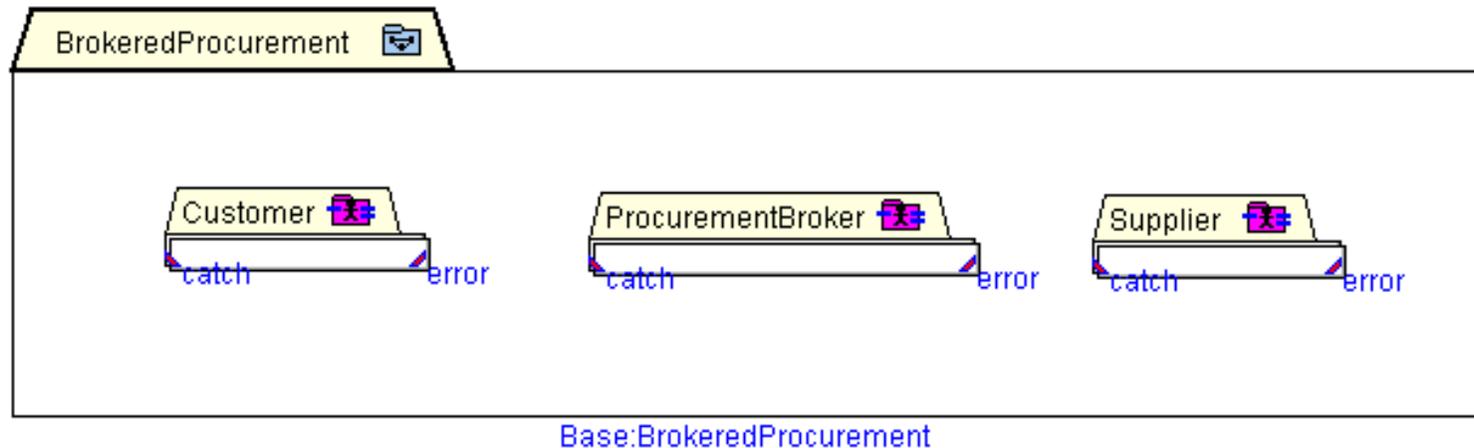
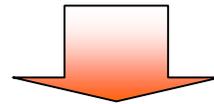


Finding the Roles and Inner Roles

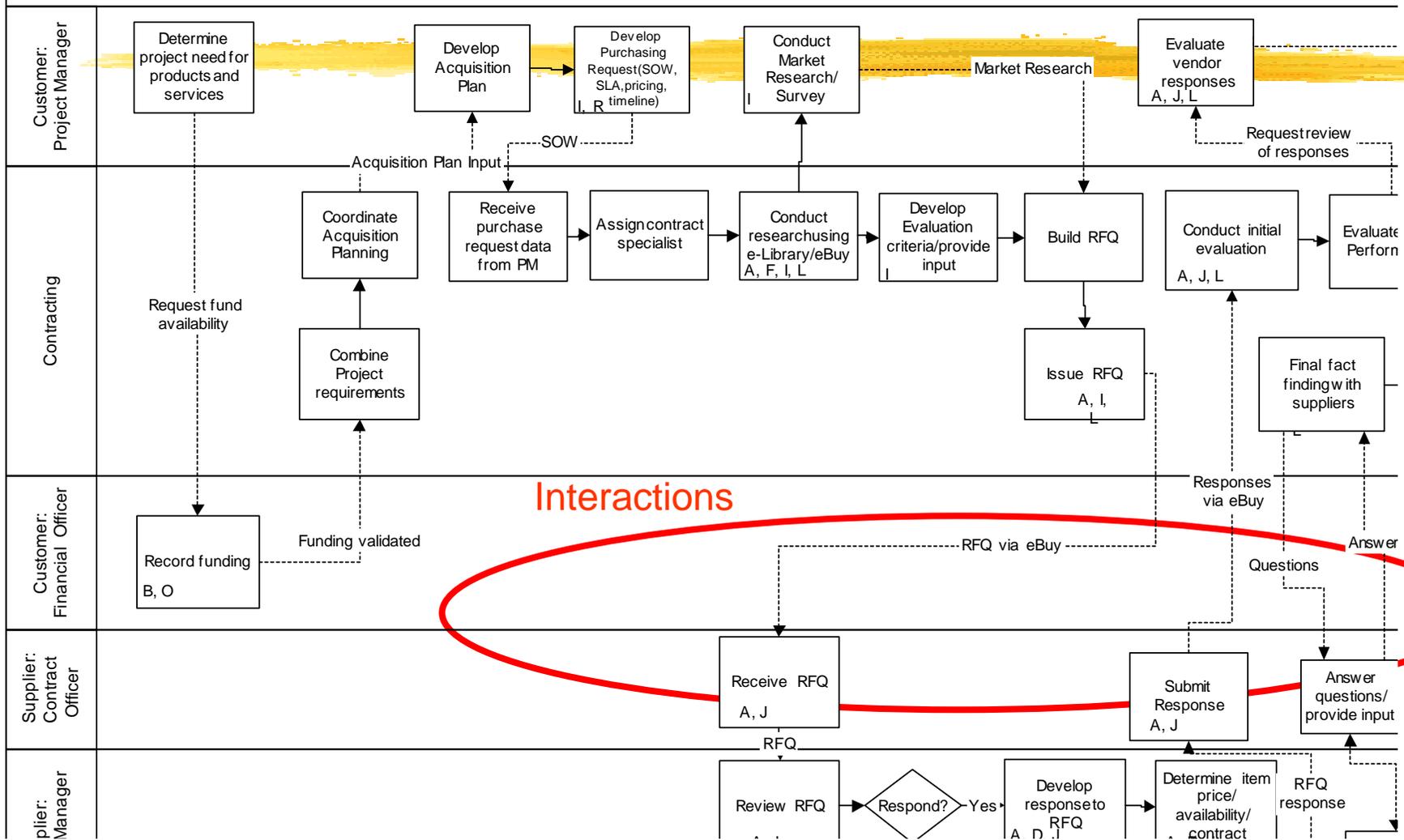
Roles in a Collaboration



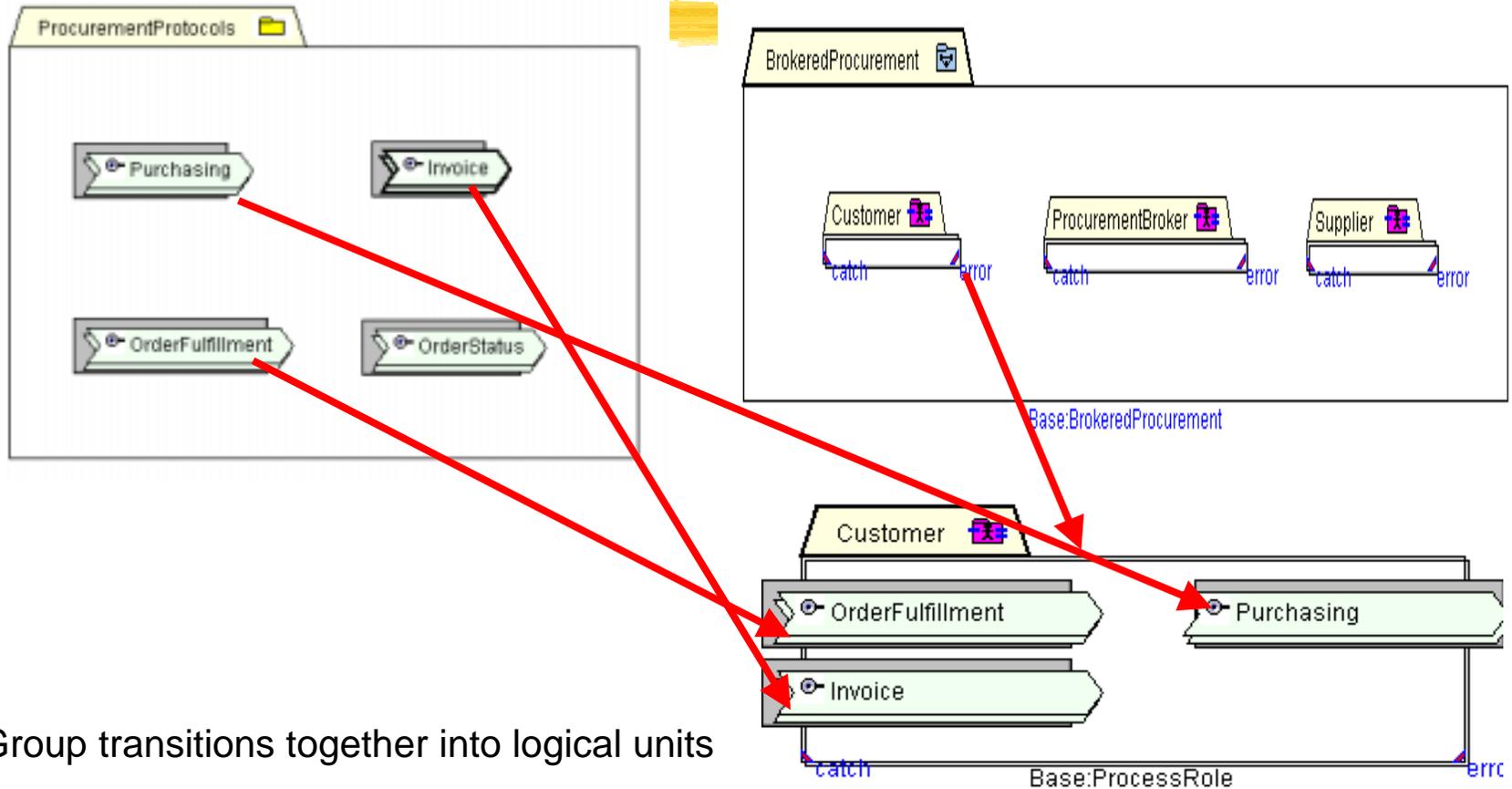
Highest Level Roles In Procurement Collaboration



Order to Payment (Future State) - Involves only Purchases via Schedules

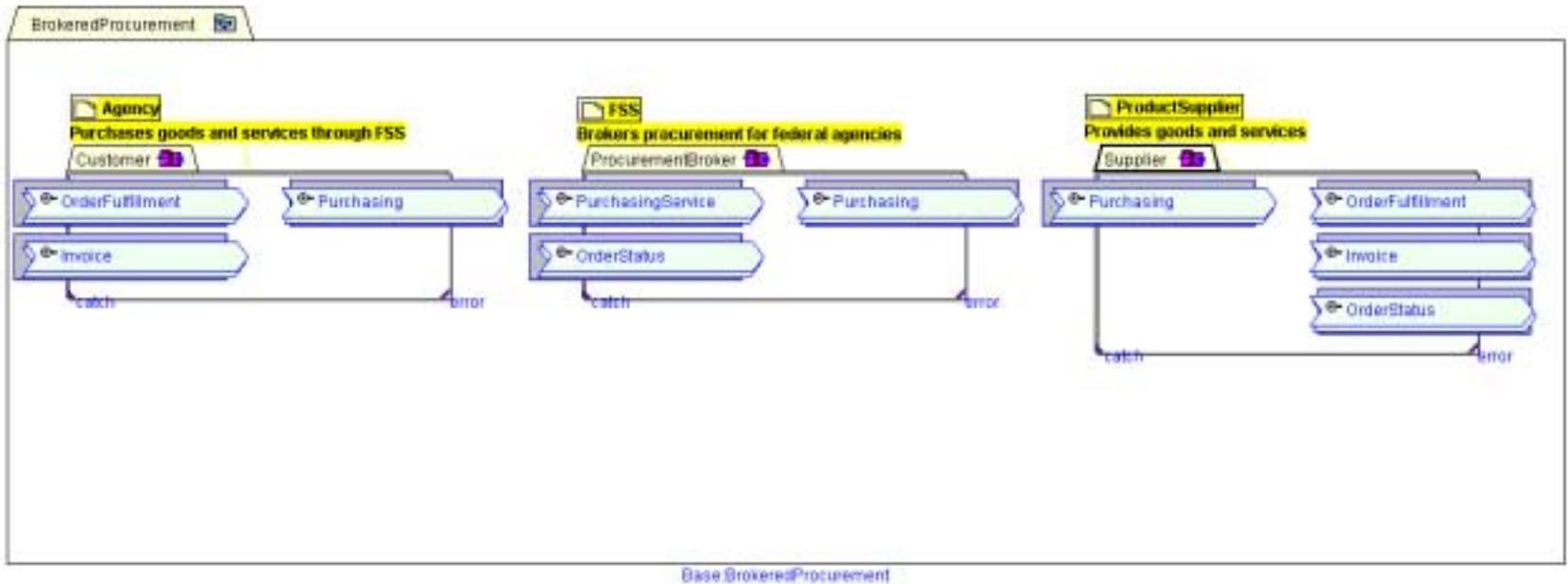


Attach Protocols to Roles as "Ports"

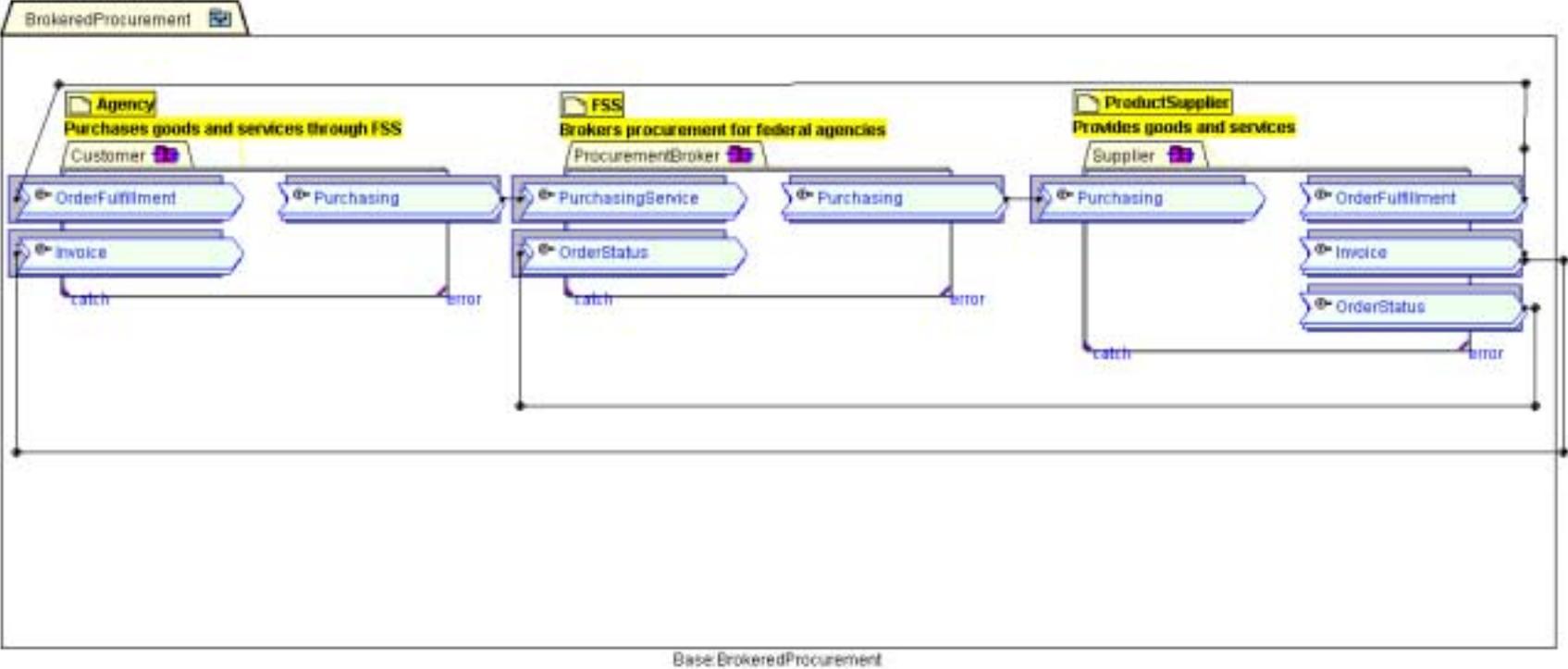


Group transitions together into logical units

Ports are Automatically Propagated

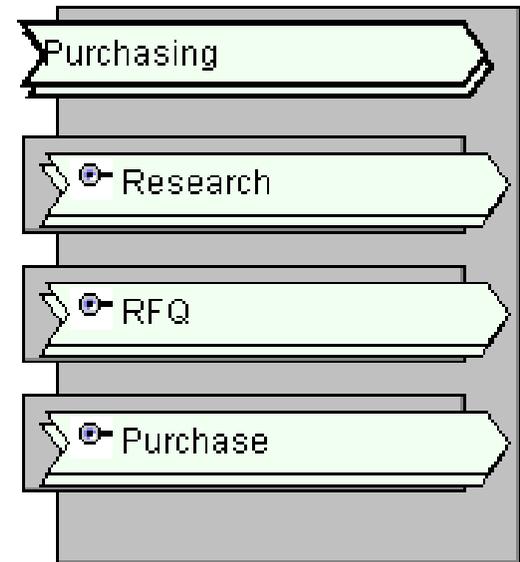


Specifying Interactions

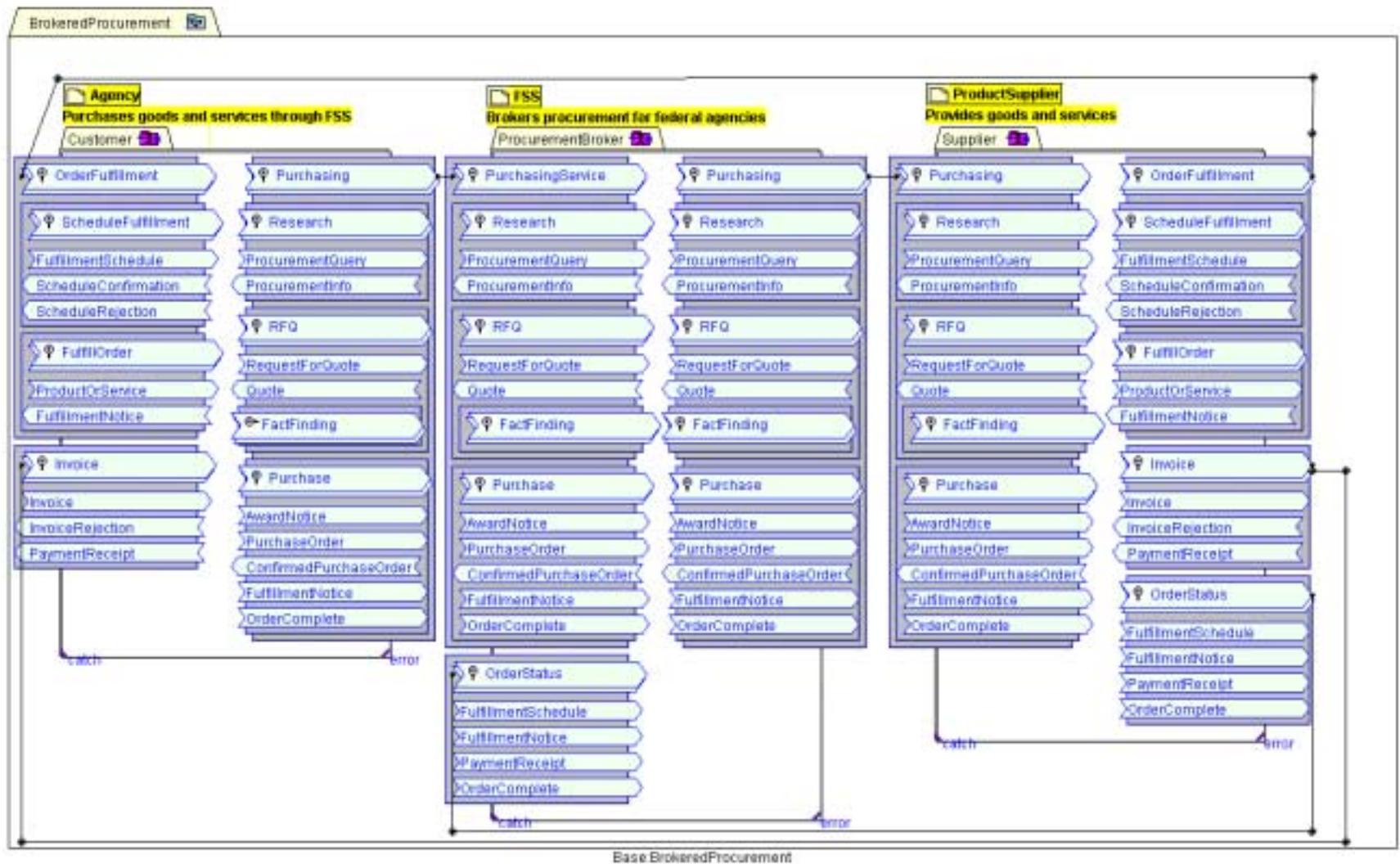


Inner Protocols

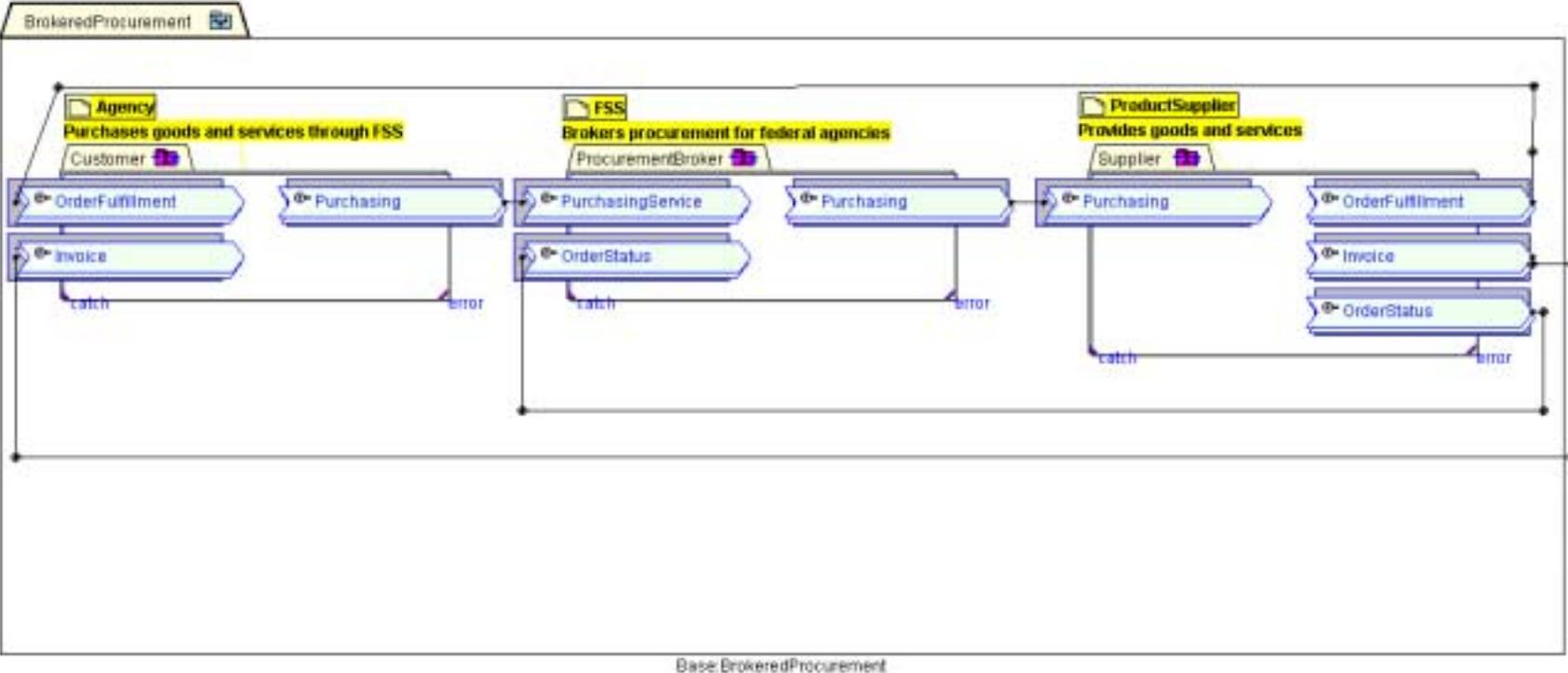
- ⌘ Protocols represent conversations between roles
- ⌘ Conversations frequently have sub-conversations, detail about a specific subject
- ⌘ These sub-conversations are inner protocols
- ⌘ Inner protocols can also be reused in other protocols or even as top-level protocols
- ⌘ Protocols can “nest” to any level of detail



FSS Services Collaboration

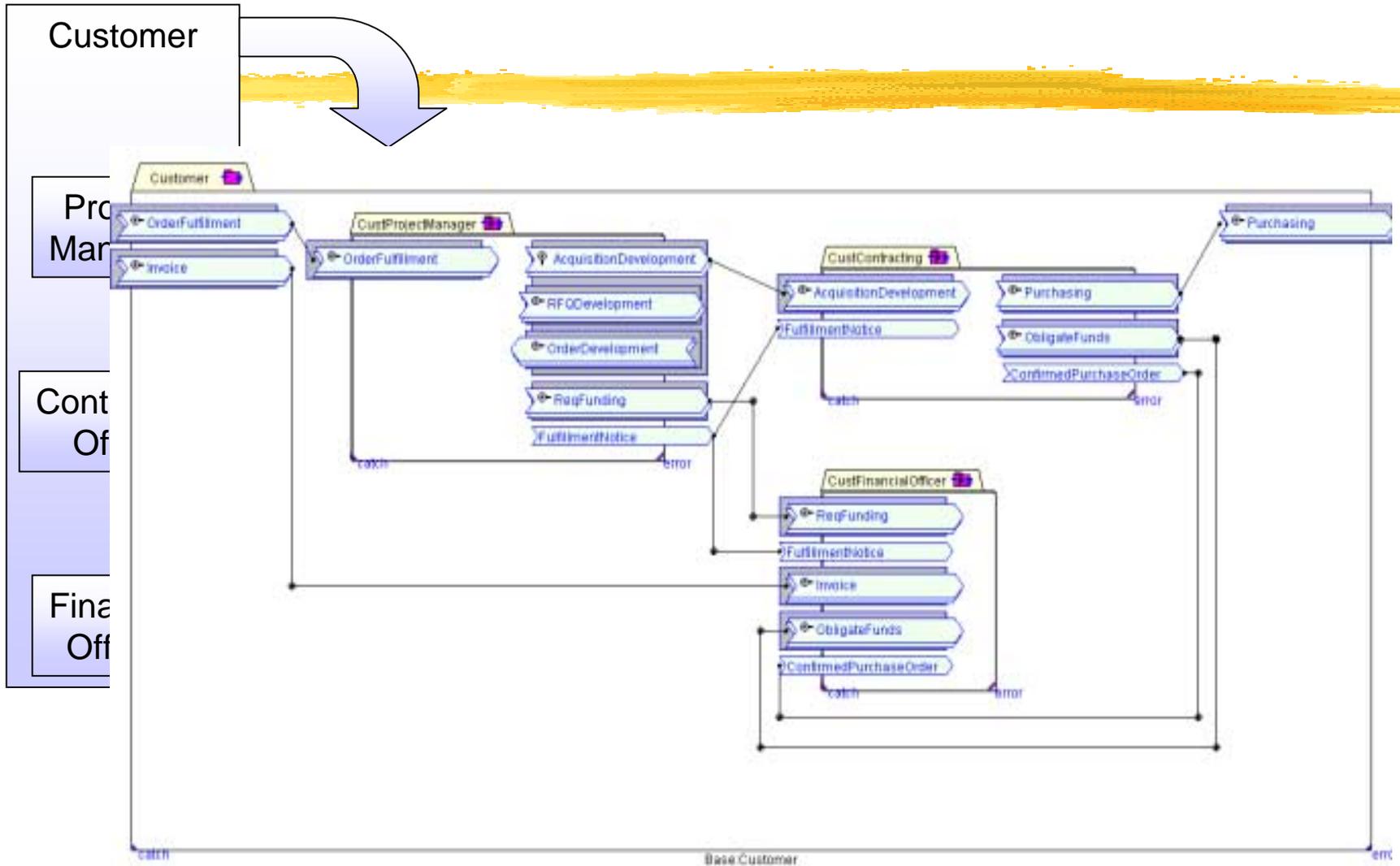


Summary Top Level Collaboration



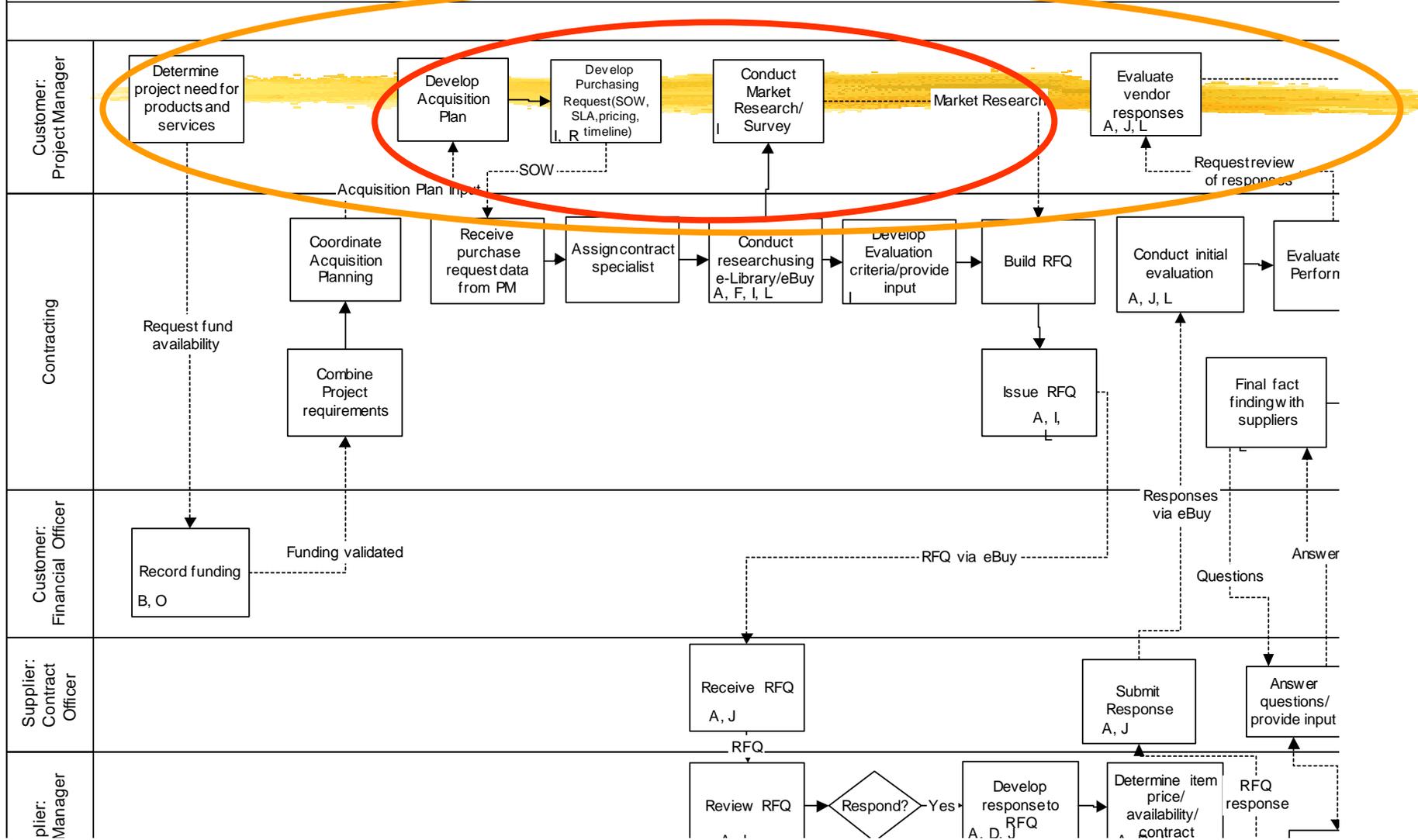
Simplified View - Level of detail is optional

Drilling Down into Customer Detail

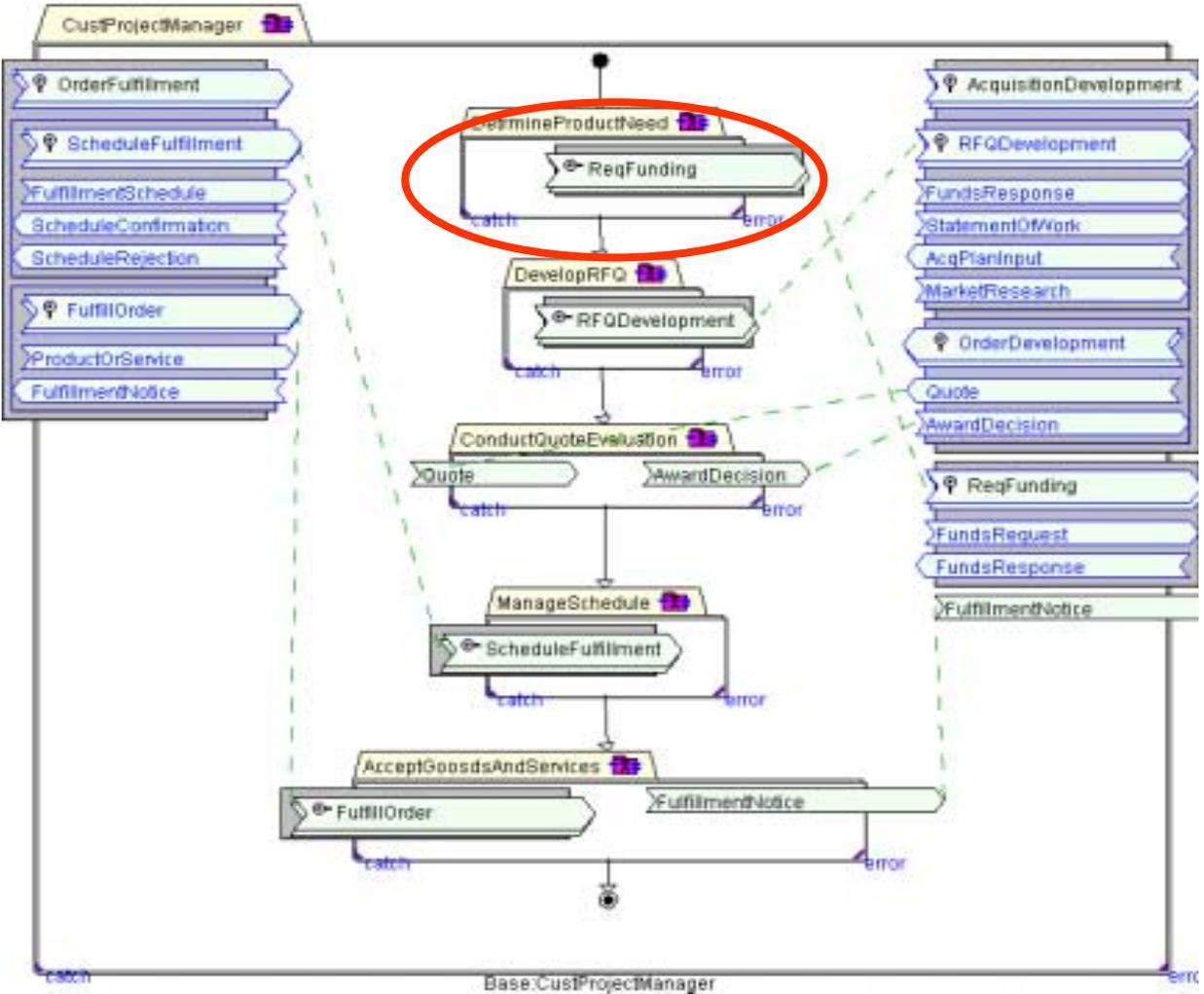


Process Steps

Order to Payment (Future State) - Involves only Purchases via Schedules

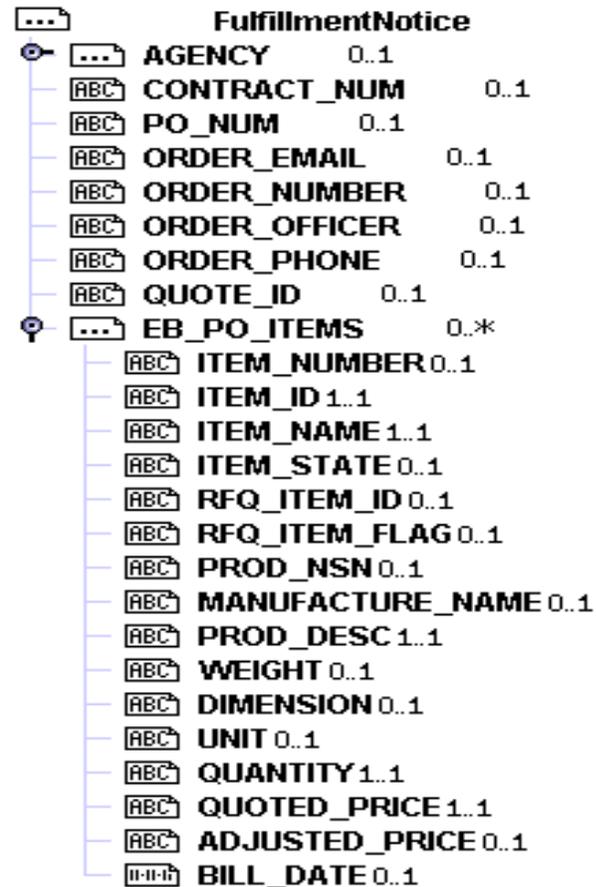


Choreography of Process



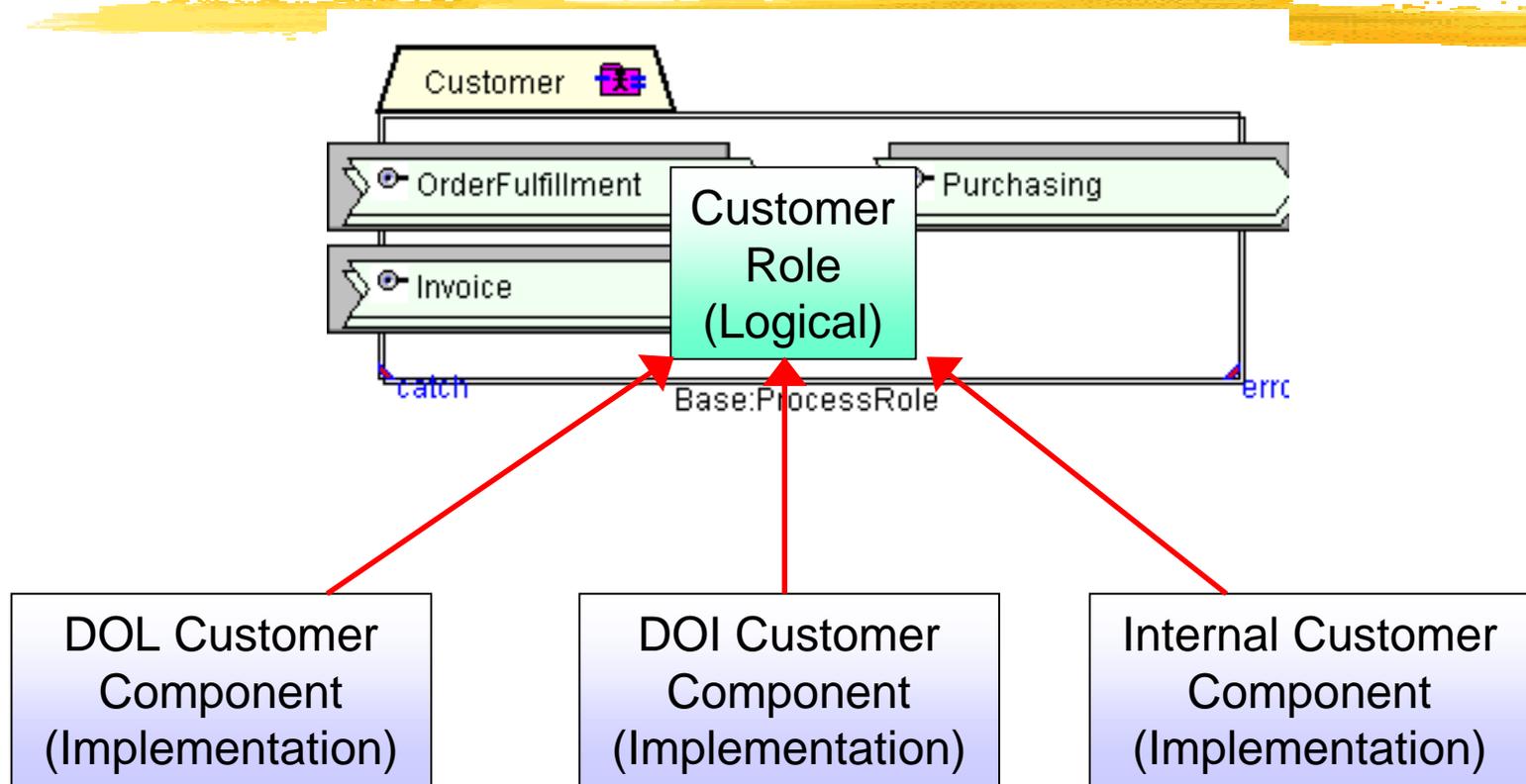
Modeling Collaboration Documents

- ⌘ Fill in details of the documents
- ⌘ Focus on business information - not technology
- ⌘ Collaboration - Not an information model
- ⌘ May be derived from existing sources
 - ☑ This was reverse engineered from database
- ⌘ Helps in creating technology mappings - E.G. Web Services
- ⌘ Includes
 - ☑ Composition
 - ☑ Type
 - ☑ Cardinality



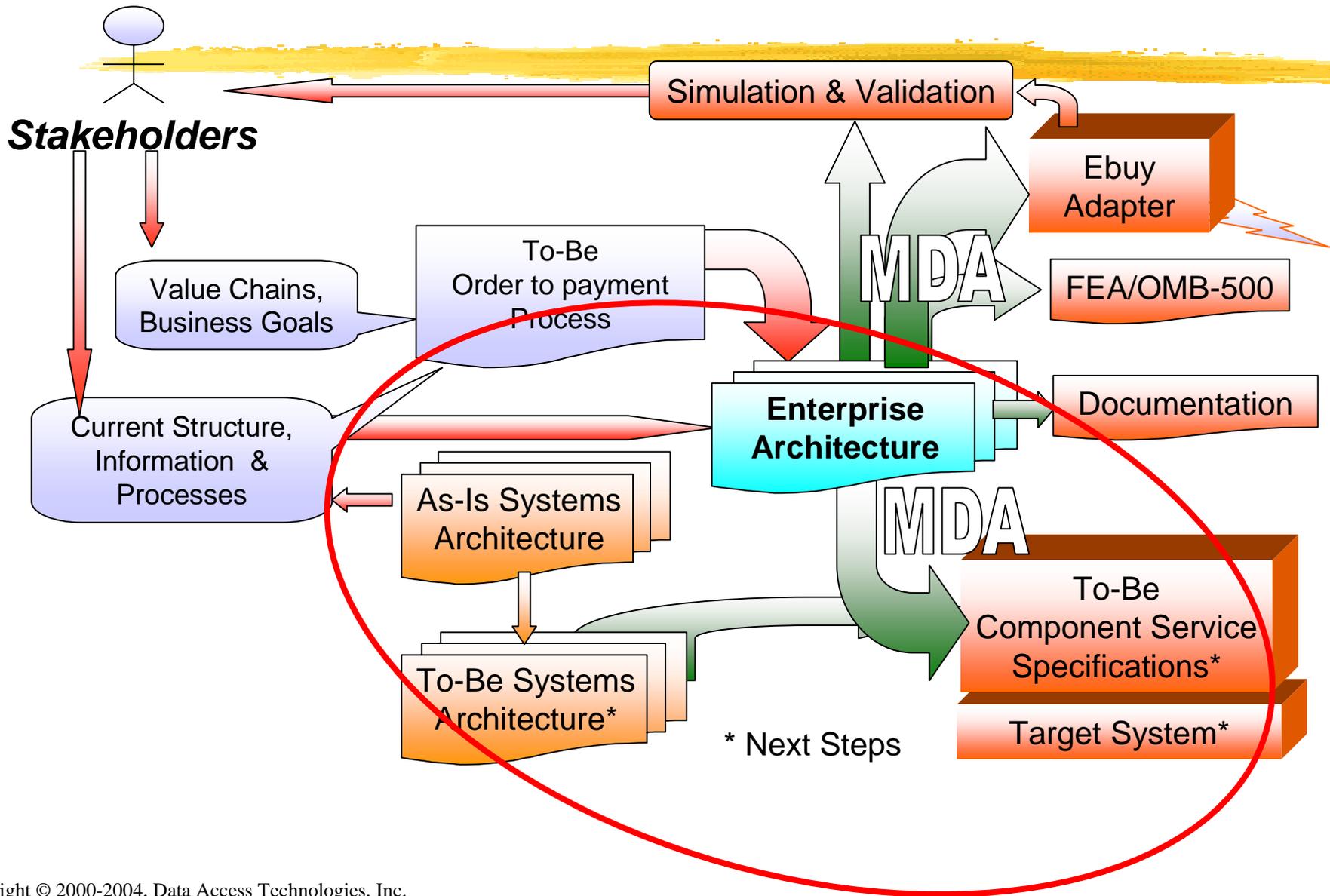
Dealing with Variation

Multiple Implementations of a Role

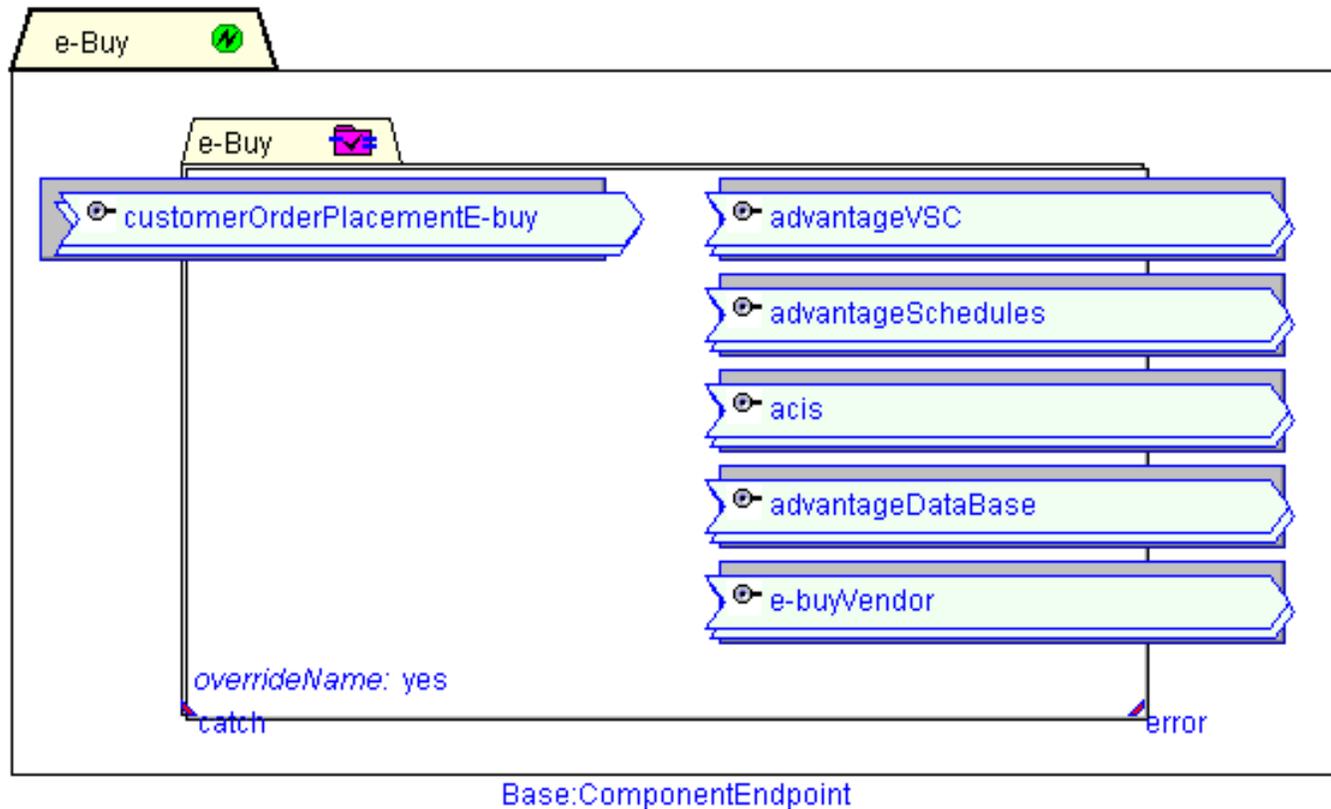


The “Inside” can change as long as the external “contract” is satisfied

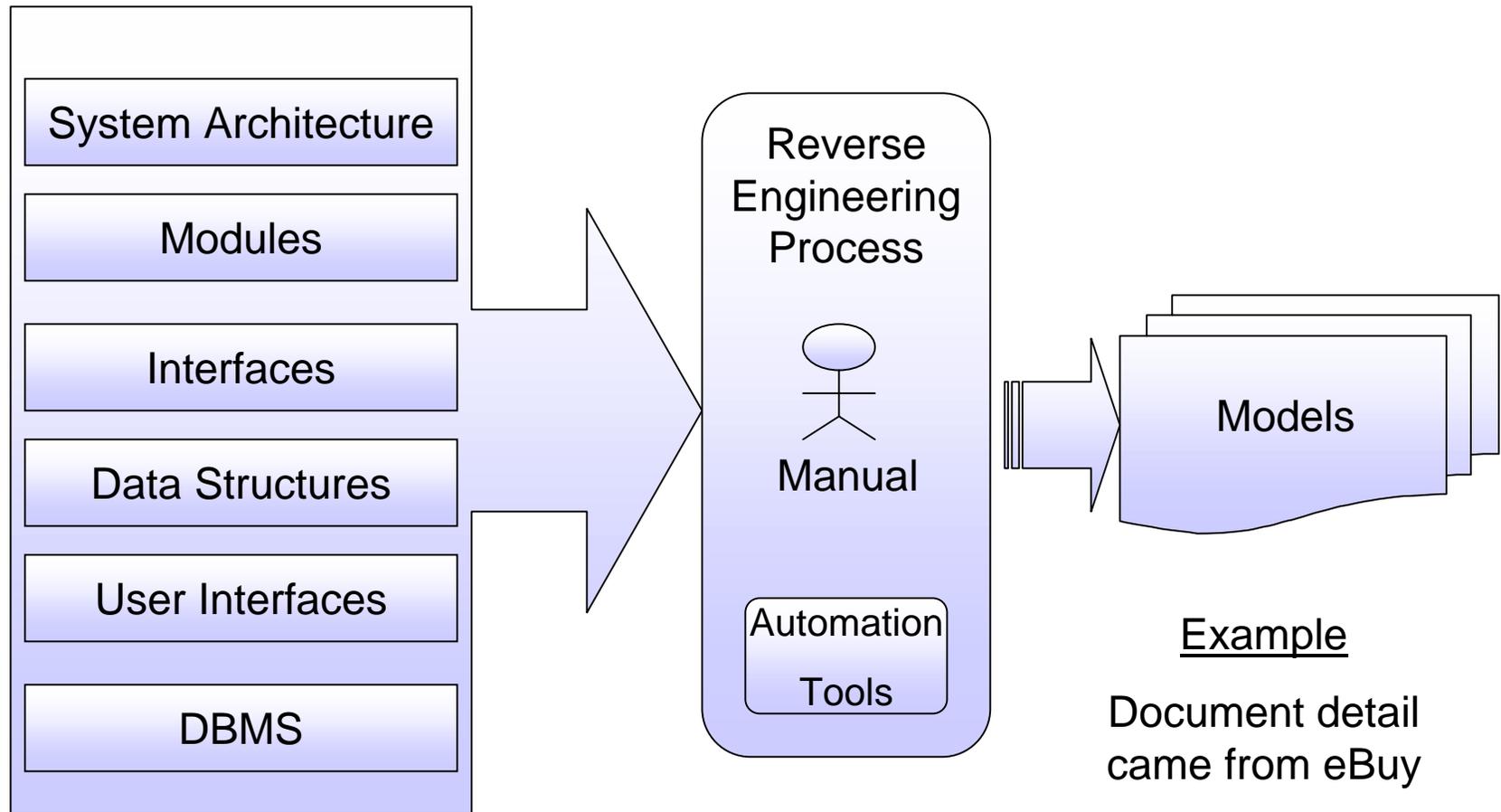
Technology Mapping



Systems Architecture - Zoom



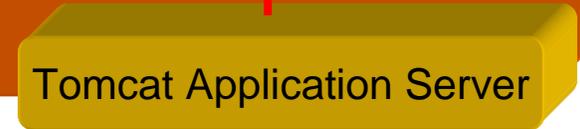
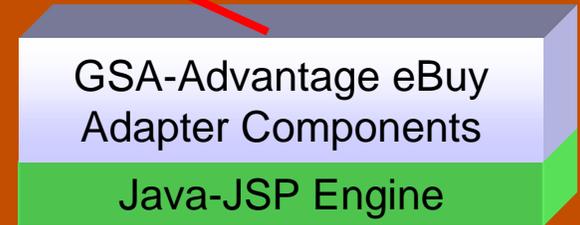
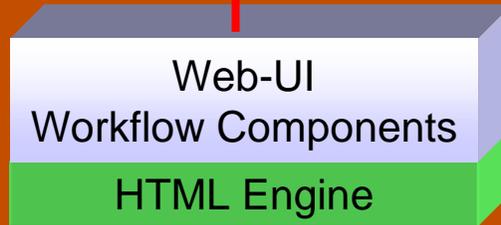
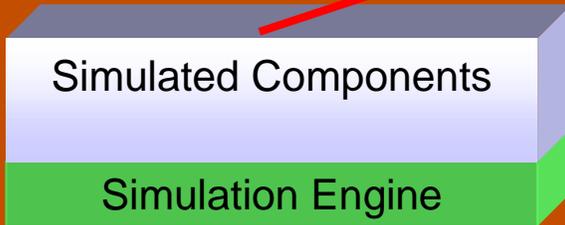
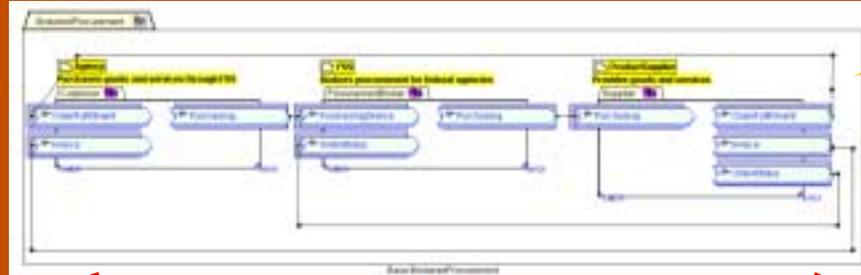
Reverse Engineering



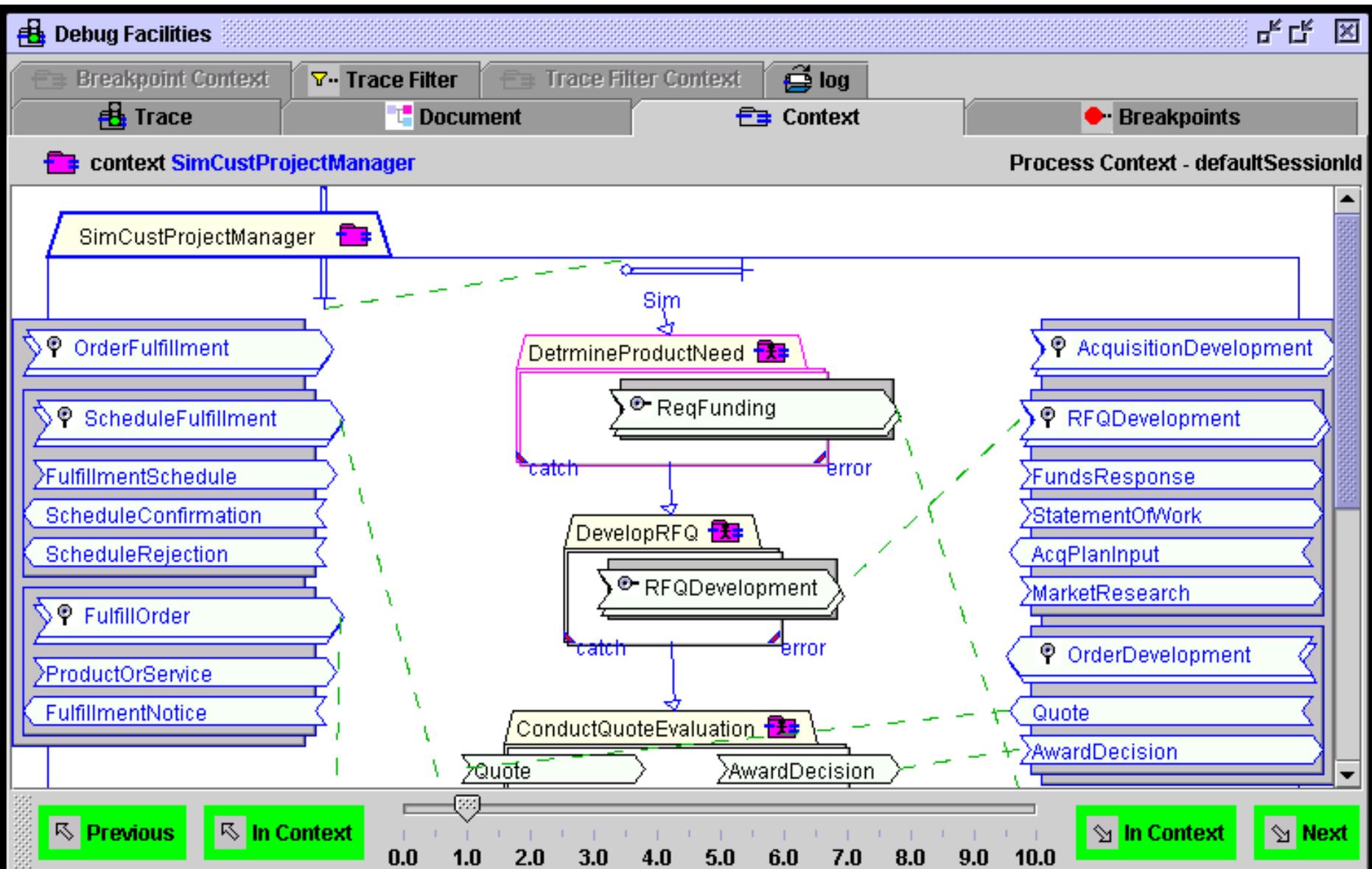
GSA-FSS MDA Pilot Executable

Component-X

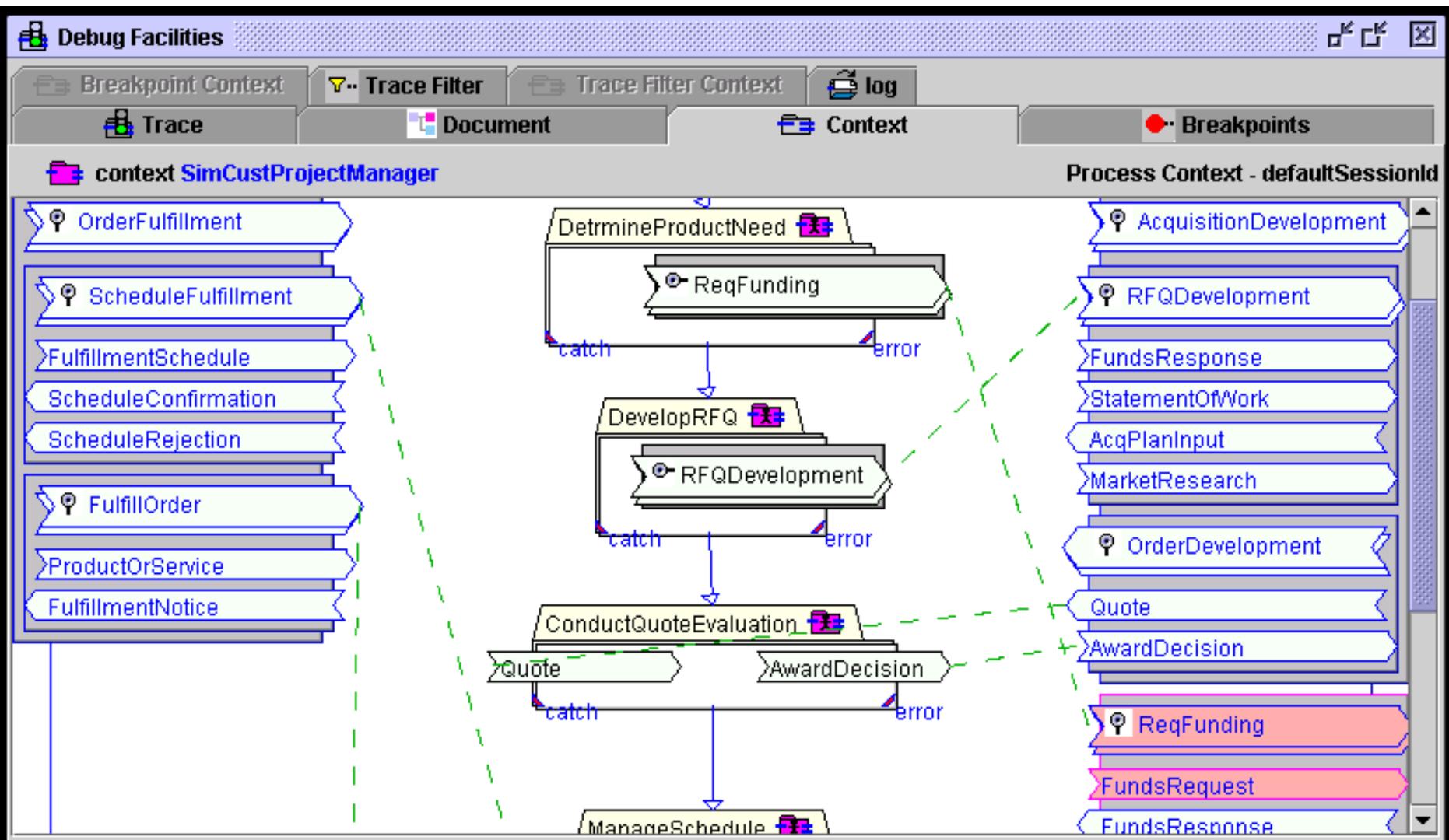
GSA-FSS
Executable Enterprise
Architecture



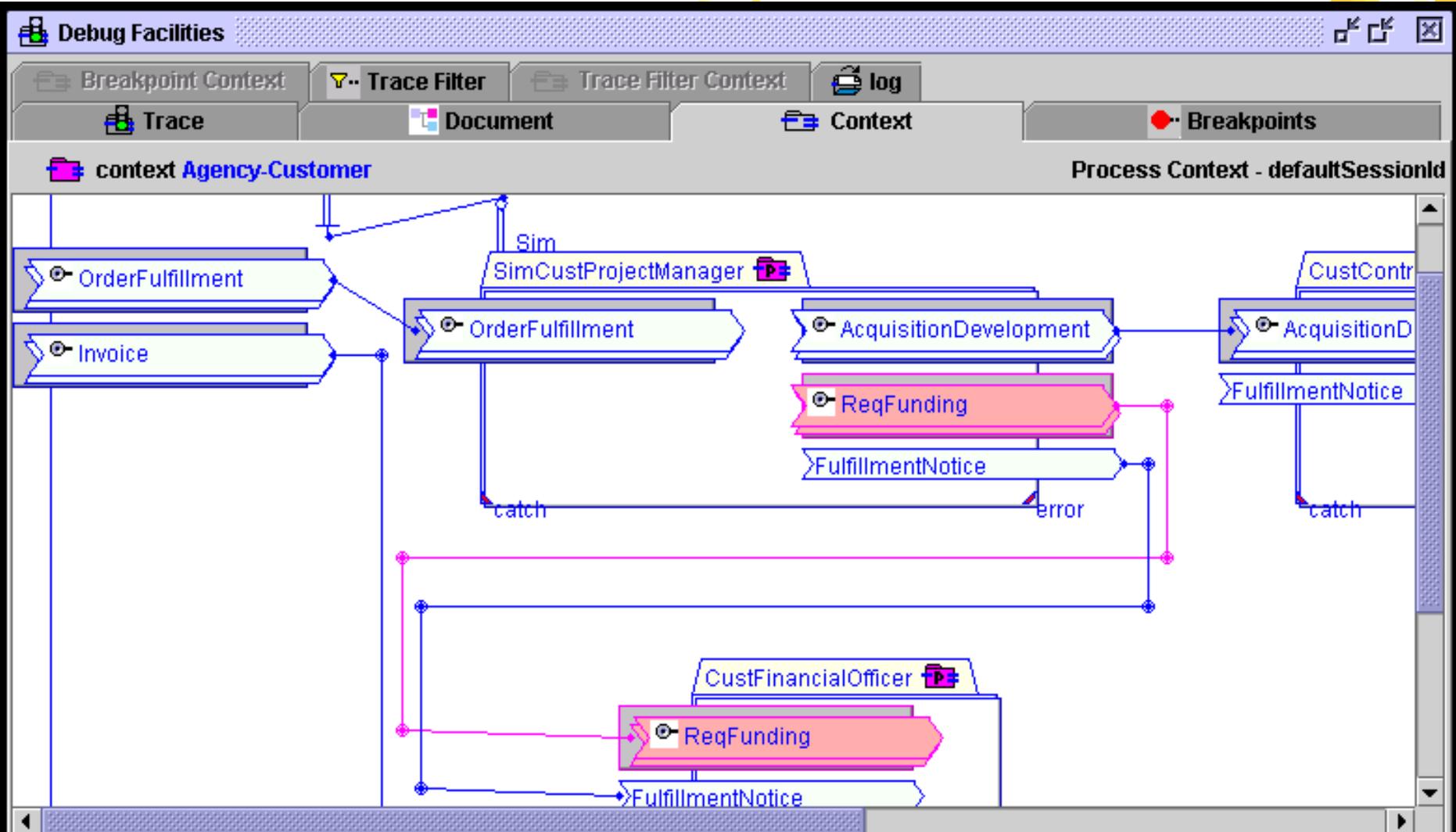
Initiating Activity



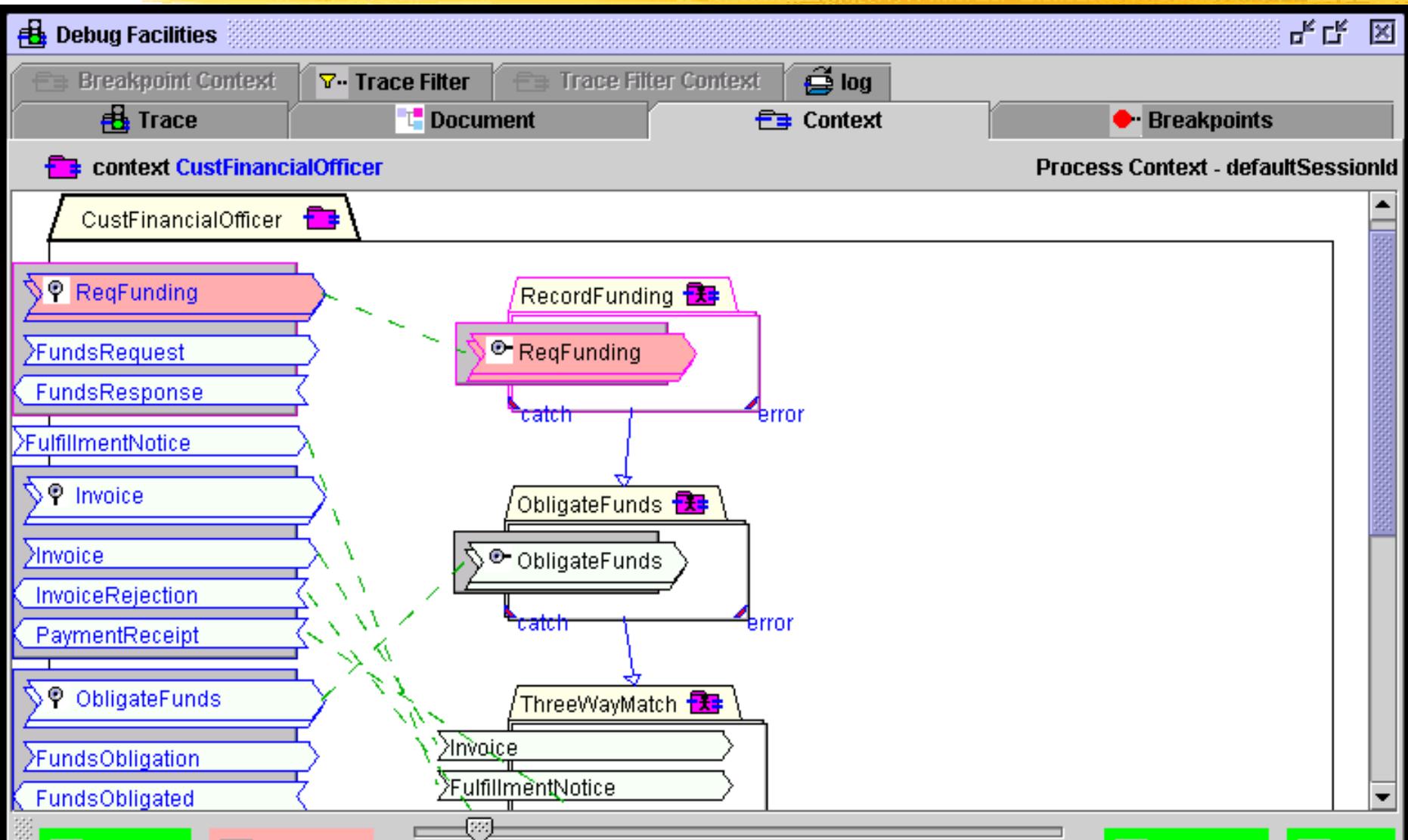
Activity interacting externally



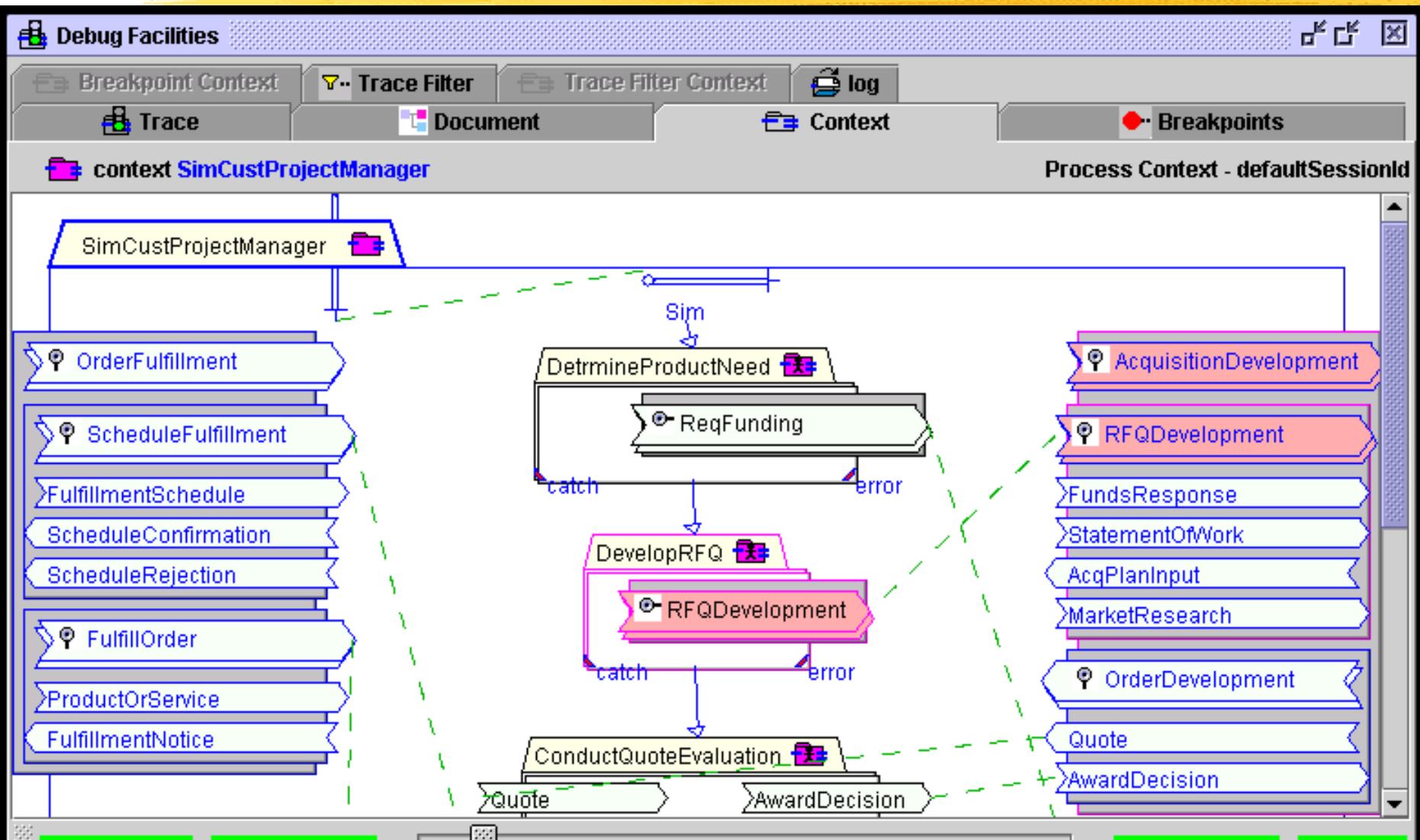
... With financial officer



Who records the funding



And the process returns to the PM



Web-UI components implement workflow



GovernmentProcurement

Organization	Role	Activity	Sub-Activity
 <u>Customer</u>	 <u>CustContracting</u>	 <u>RFQDevelopment</u>	 <u>BuildRFQ</u>

- You are a customer who has researched and found the schedule/SIN required to implement your work order. You now must prepare an RFQ and select qualified suppliers.
- *Use eBuy to prepare an RFQ for this stage of the MDA demonstration.*
- You are user id "102567"
- Your schedule number is "36"
- Your special item number is "51 224"
- When the RFQ has been submitted to eBuy, please press [Continue](#)
-



go to eBuy!

Integration with eBuy application

Log off Prepare My RFQs Profile e-Buy Home

GSA Advantage! Home

GSA Advantage! e-Buy

... Working for the U.S. Government

Step 1. Assign Category & Select Vendors

Instructions: Here are the vendors who currently have contracts under the Category you selected. Please place a "check" next to the vendors whom you would like to quote on your RFQ. You may request a quote from any or all vendors listed. The vendors you select will receive an e-mail notice inviting them to quote on your RFQ. In order to satisfy FAR requirements, you should request quotes from at least three (3) vendors (if available). Keep in mind, the vendors are not required to submit a quote. Click "Submit" when finished.

Category	Description
36	null
51 224	null

36 contractors are available. [Submit](#)

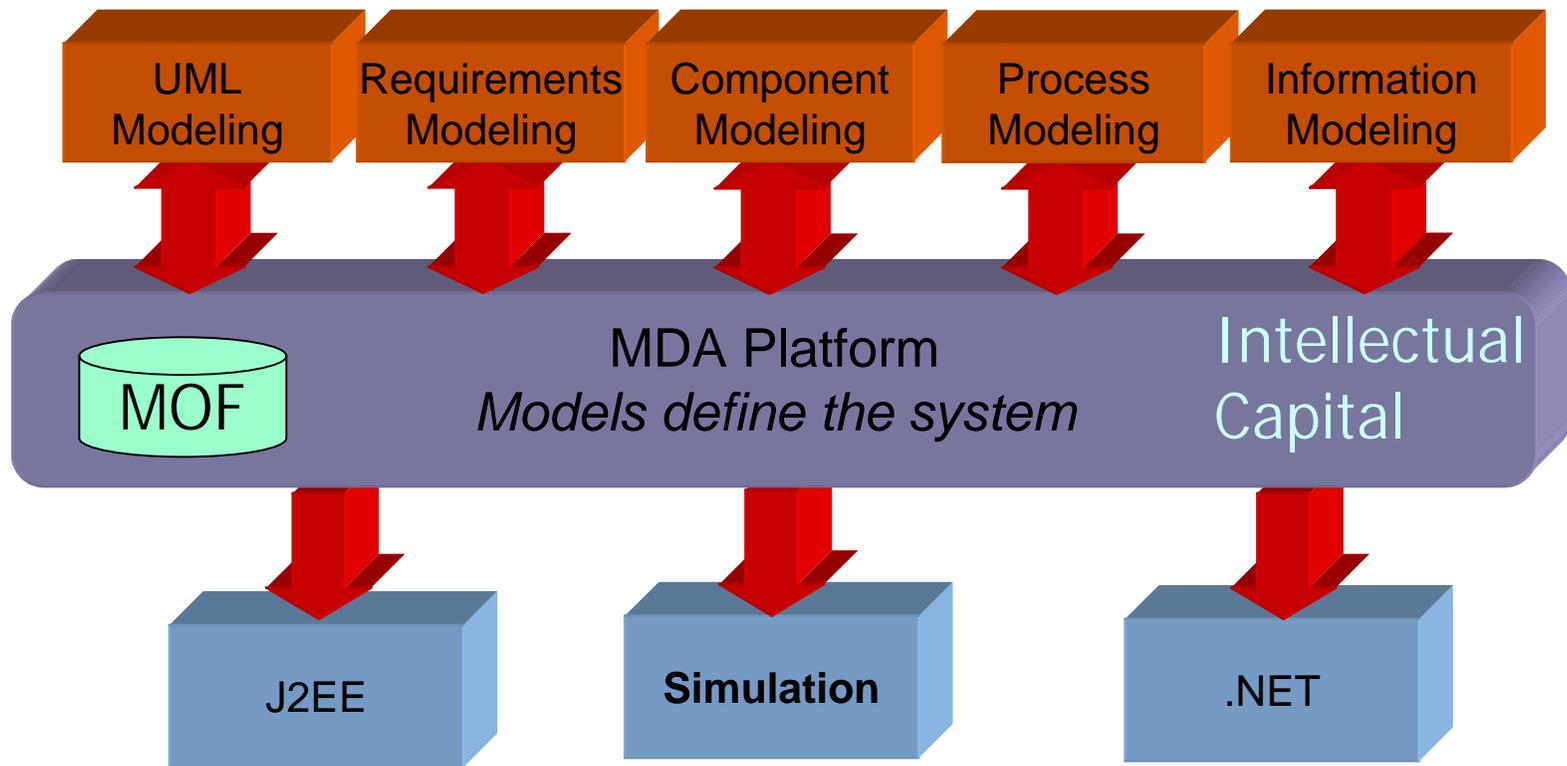
Select all vendors

Display: All Business types Small Business 8(a) Small Business Hub Zone Woman Owned Business [Go!](#)

Vendor	City, State	Business Type	Text file	Web page
<input type="checkbox"/>	city, state	Other than small		
<input type="checkbox"/>	city, state	Other than minority business enterprise		
<input type="checkbox"/>	city, state	Other than small		
<input type="checkbox"/>	city, state	Other than minority business enterprise		
<input type="checkbox"/>	city, state	Other than small		

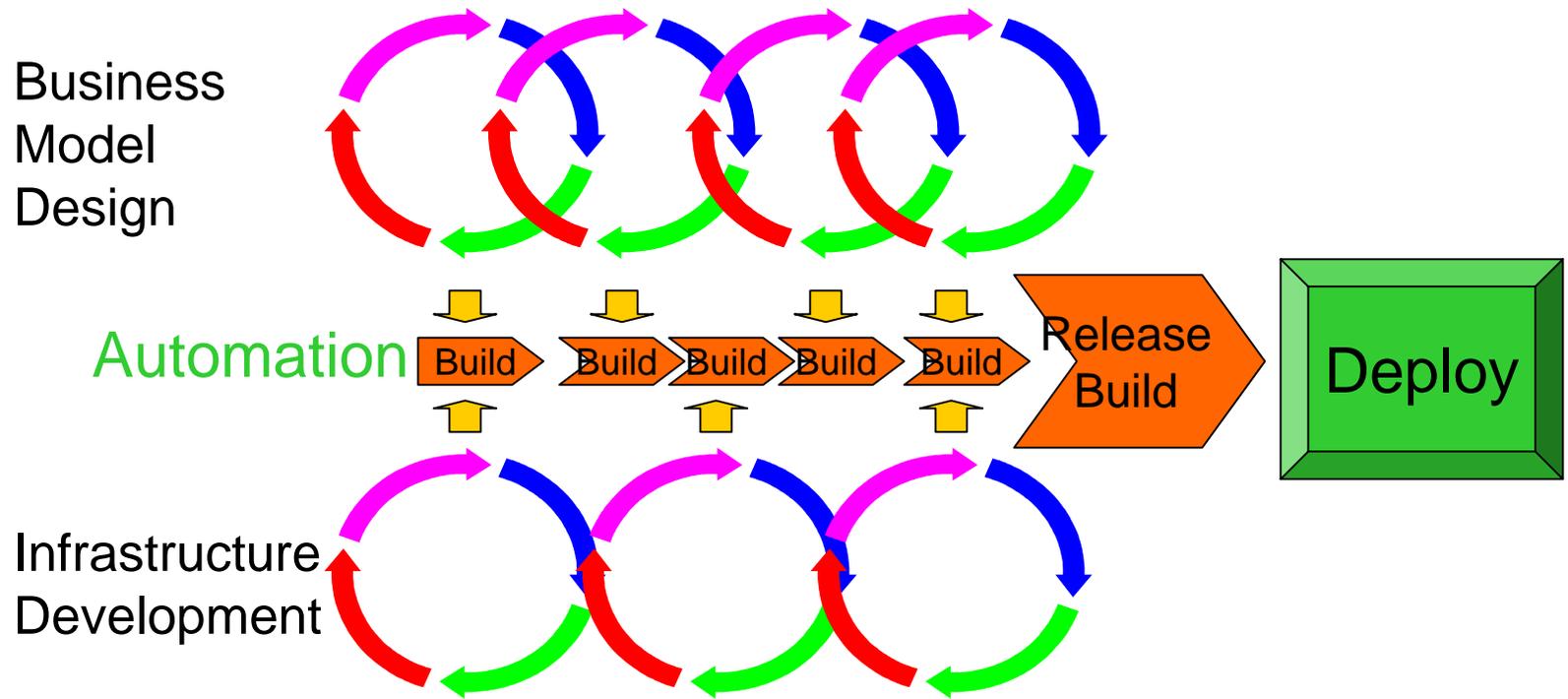
Local intranet

Integration of Intellectual Capital



Integration of infrastructure

Iterative Development



Generated Documentation

Cx Component Summary Information - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://coryc:8088/cx/ui/component-summary?> Go Links DAT-Email Yahoo! Mail www.xmethods.net Google

role **CustProjectManager** project [null/GSA-Projects:ProcurementV12](#)

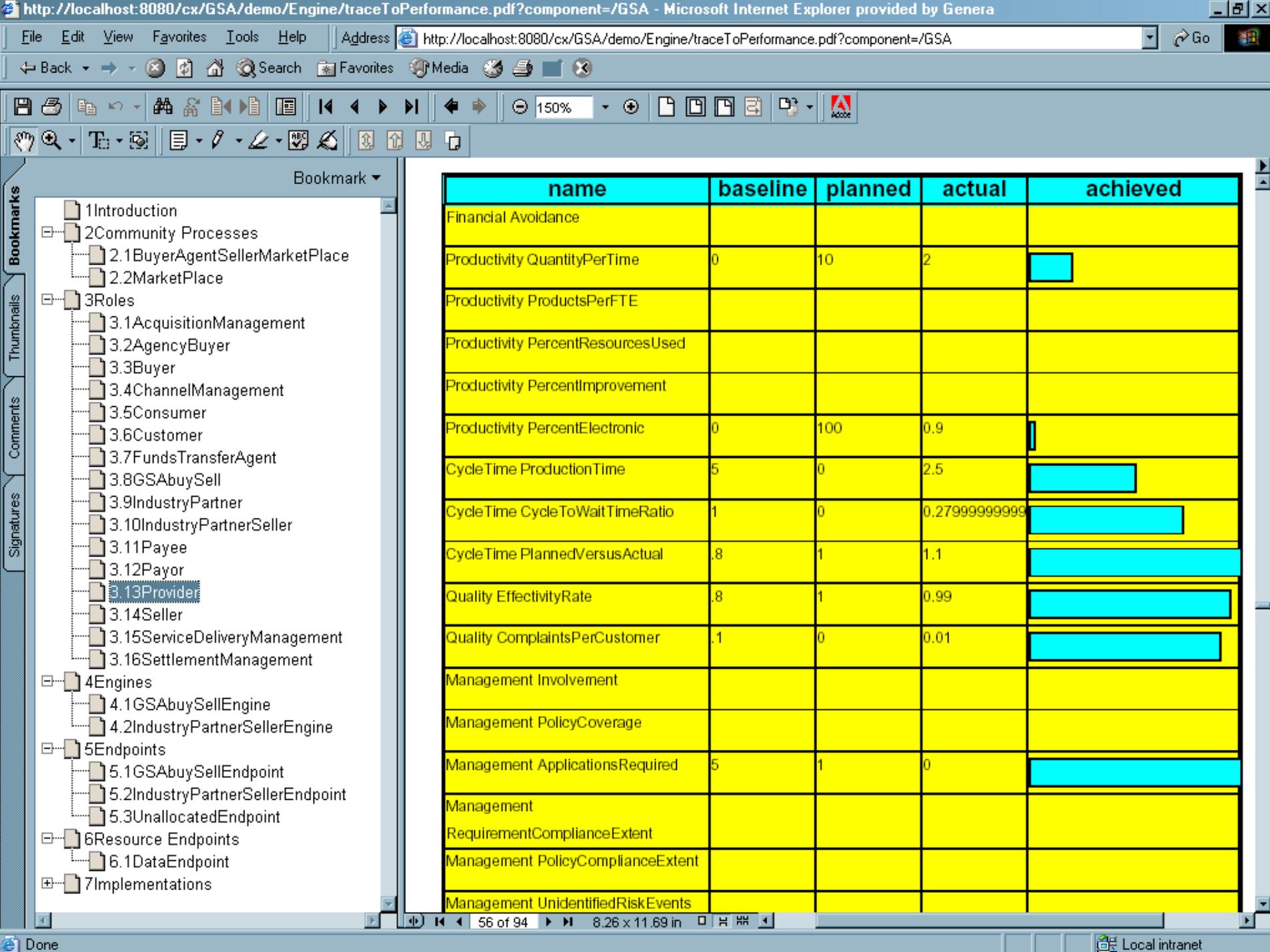
[Process: defaultSessionId](#)

Diagram

```
classDiagram
    class CustProjectManager
    class OrderFulfillment
    class AcquisitionDevelopment
    class ReqFunding
    class FulfillmentNotice
    CustProjectManager --> OrderFulfillment
    CustProjectManager --> AcquisitionDevelopment
    CustProjectManager --> ReqFunding
    CustProjectManager --> FulfillmentNotice
```

Description

documentation	The Customer Project Manager is a sub-role under Customer in the Brokered Procurement Process. The Program Manager performs many key functions internal to the Customer Agency. These functions include determine the needs for services on a project, developing the RFQ, Initiating the RFQ process, Requesting Funds for the project, Conducting evaluations of the RFQs, managing the delivery schedule with the Supplier, and Accepting the Services Rendered.
toolTipText	(a role within a community process)



- Bookmarks
- 1Introduction
 - 2Community Processes
 - 2.1BuyerAgentSellerMarketPlace
 - 2.2MarketPlace
 - 3Roles
 - 3.1AcquisitionManagement
 - 3.2AgencyBuyer
 - 3.3Buyer
 - 3.4ChannelManagement
 - 3.5Consumer
 - 3.6Customer
 - 3.7FundsTransferAgent
 - 3.8GSAbuySell
 - 3.9IndustryPartner
 - 3.10IndustryPartnerSeller
 - 3.11Payee
 - 3.12Payor
 - 3.13Provider
 - 3.14Seller
 - 3.15ServiceDeliveryManagement
 - 3.16SettlementManagement
 - 4Engines
 - 4.1GSAbuySellEngine
 - 4.2IndustryPartnerSellerEngine
 - 5Endpoints
 - 5.1GSAbuySellEndpoint
 - 5.2IndustryPartnerSellerEndpoint
 - 5.3UnallocatedEndpoint
 - 6Resource Endpoints
 - 6.1DataEndpoint
 - 7Implementations

name	baseline	planned	actual	achieved
Financial Avoidance				
Productivity QuantityPerTime	0	10	2	
Productivity ProductsPerFTE				
Productivity PercentResourcesUsed				
Productivity PercentImprovement				
Productivity PercentElectronic	0	100	0.9	
CycleTime ProductionTime	5	0	2.5	
CycleTime CycleToWaitTimeRatio	1	0	0.279999999999	
CycleTime PlannedVersusActual	.8	1	1.1	
Quality EffectivityRate	.8	1	0.99	
Quality ComplaintsPerCustomer	.1	0	0.01	
Management Involvement				
Management PolicyCoverage				
Management ApplicationsRequired	5	1	0	
Management RequirementComplianceExtent				
Management PolicyComplianceExtent				
Management UnidentifiedRiskEvents				

Net effect



- ⌘ Using these open standards and automated techniques we can;
 - ☑ Bring together enterprise architecture, simulation and solutions architectures
 - ☑ Achieve the strategic advantage of an open and flexible enterprise
 - ☑ Produce and/or integrate these systems FASTER and CHEAPER than could be done with legacy techniques
 - ☑ Provide a lasting asset that will outlive the technology of the day
- ⌘ Integration of modeling, simulation and executable systems