



# OpenSplice | DDS

Delivering Performance, Openness, and Freedom

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## Real-time Data Distribution for Airborne Systems



# Agenda

- ▶ IMA approach, an ARINC & APEX Overview
- ▶ APEX Communication system analysis
- ▶ What could DDS bring to ARINC platforms
- ▶ Challenges and initial results
- ▶ Conclusion

The logo for OpenSplice DDS is displayed against a blue background with a perspective view of a tunnel made of lines. The word 'OpenSplice' is in white, with 'Splice' in red, and 'DDS' is in white. A vertical red line separates 'Splice' from 'DDS'.

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## IMA approach, ARINC & APEX Overview



# Aerospace Technological Trends

- ▶ The all-IT on board reality
  - ▶ More computers, Entertainment units, Visual displays
  - ...
- ▶ Pressure on Development cost
  - ▶ A need for COTS certified software platforms for avionics
  - ▶ Taking full advantage of the HW horsepower increase
  - ▶ Shrinking Development/Certification cycles
- ▶ Pressure to increase on board safety
- ▶ Pressure to increase aircraft payload

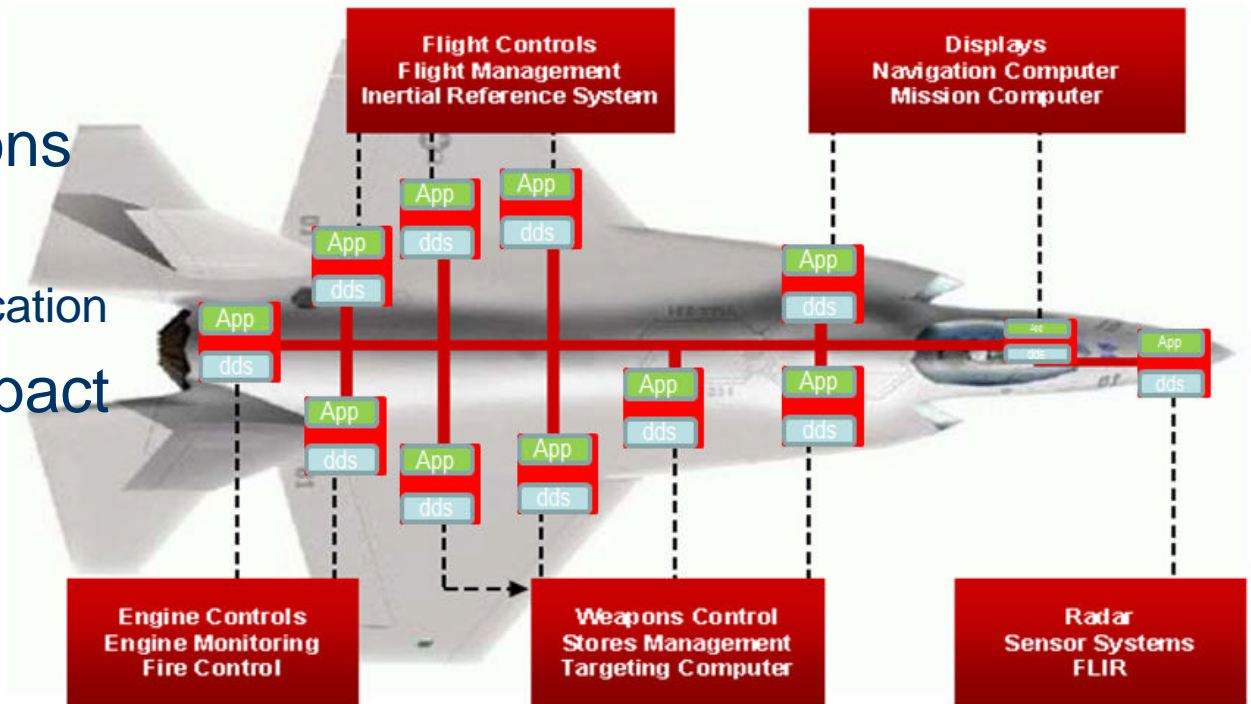


Proprietary information subject to non-disclosure



# Federated Approach principals and impacts

- ▶ Increase safety by segregating and reinforcing applications isolation
  - ▶ e.g. 1 board ? 1 Application
- ▶ Increase cost and impact system performance
- ▶ Make HW integration more complex
- ▶ Don't take full advantage of the HW computational resources and multi-core architectures



# Integrated Modular Avionic Approach principals and impacts

## ▶ IMA goals

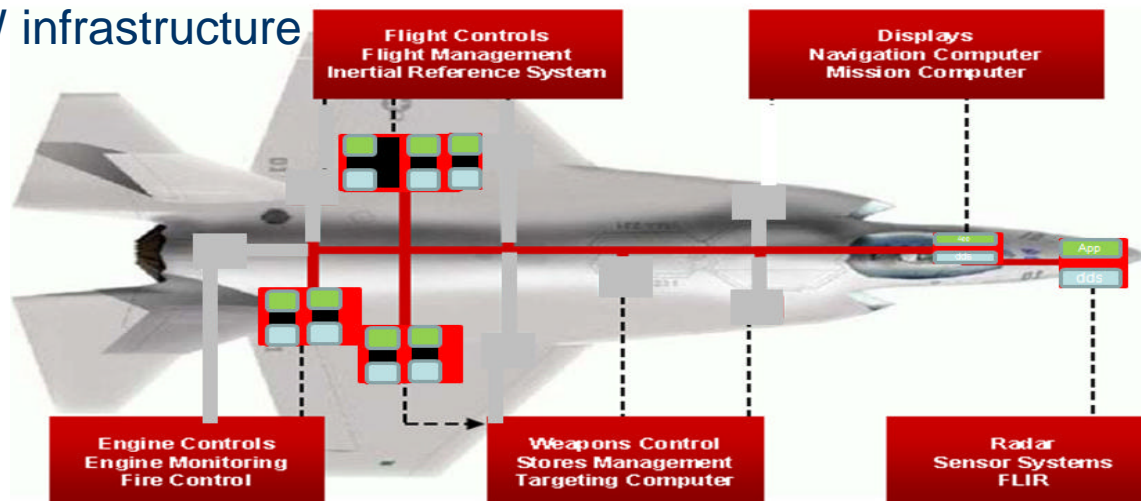
- ▶ Move to more system integration with no compromise on safety and performance
- ▶ Ease system Validation and Certification

## ▶ Pros

- ▶ Make HW and SW integration and certification easier and less expensive
- ▶ Foster SW Modularity, Reuse and Portability.
- ▶ Increase Fault-tolerance by fostering N-modular redundancy
- ▶ **Reduce Weight, Wiring in the aircraft , Power consumption**

## ▶ Cons

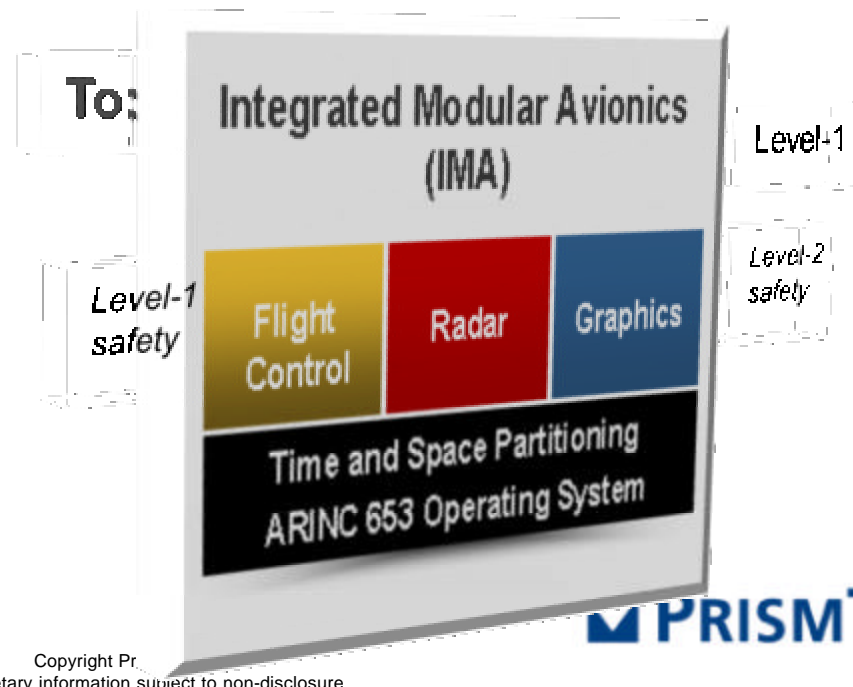
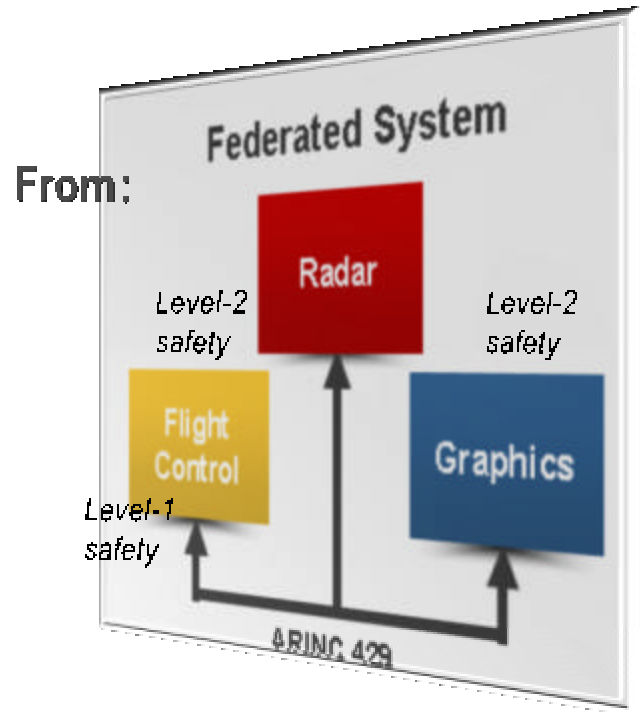
- ▶ SW integration more complex unless carefully thought and well handled by SW infrastructure



PRISMTECH

# Aeronautical Radio INC 653, toward more integration

- ▶ **ARINC 653 is the industry specification for Integrated Modular Avionics**
- ▶ Re-enforce application isolation through computational environment Partitioning
  - ▶ OS partition can be seen as VM-Ware with its own execution environment
  - ▶ Partitioning in space and time
- ▶ **ARINC 653 OSs and applications are typically certified per DO-178B**







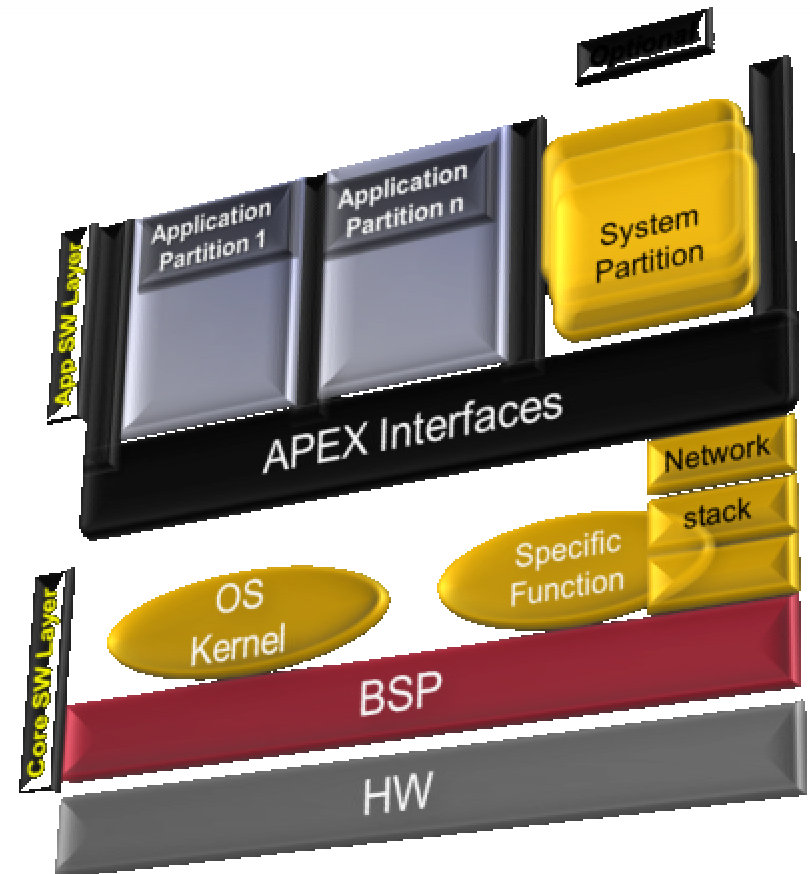
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## APEX overview and Communication, System Analysis

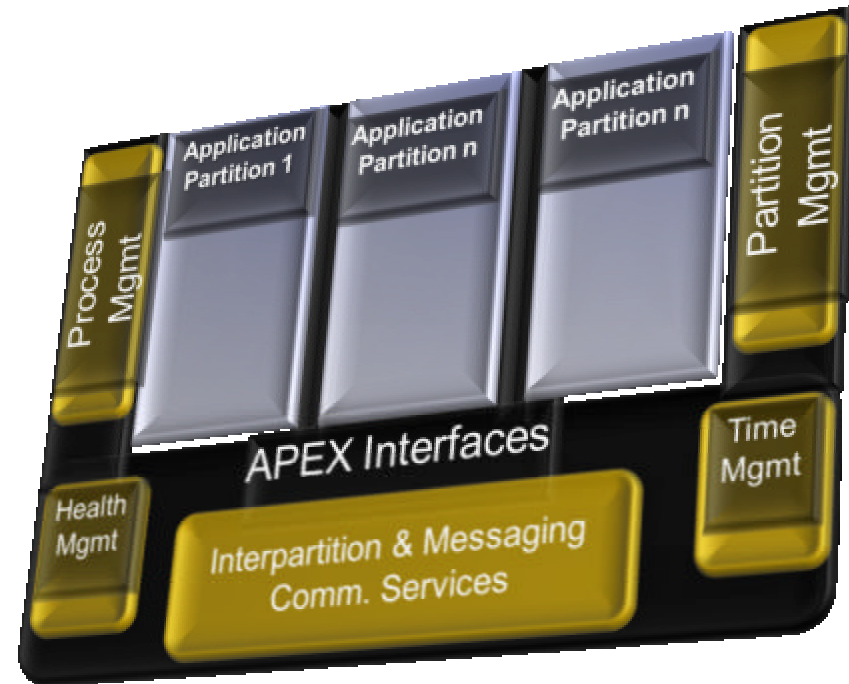
# ARINC 653 Framework architecture

- ▶ Primary objective: definition of a G.P **Application EXecutive** APIs to push toward GPP computers for avionics
- ▶ **APEX**: Interface between an avionics computer OS & the embedded application SW
  - ▶ Defines a set of OS facilities & Services
  - ▶ Fosters Aircraft to Aircraft SW portability to minimize recertification effort
  - ▶ Supports of different safety levels modules coo-running on the same core.



# ARINC control services (i.e routines)

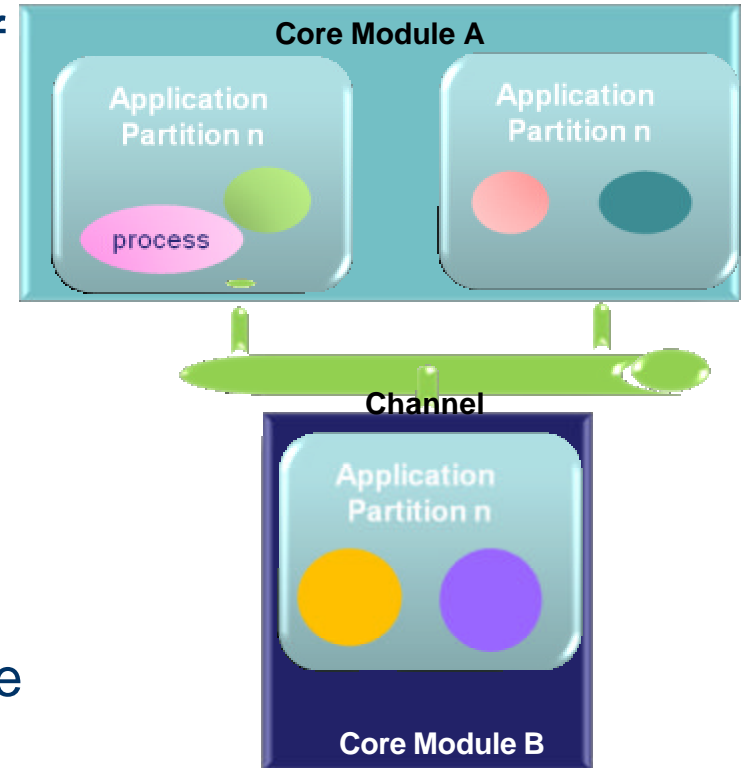
- ▶ Time, Partition and Process management
  - ▶ Let partitions control their processes (PERIODICWAIT/TIMEWAIT/RELENSH)
  - ▶ Priority Preemption, Deadlines ...
- ▶ Inter-intra and Inter-module partition and process Communication management
- ▶ Health and Error Monitoring
  - ▶ Cold/ Warm Restarts





# APEX Inter-partition/module Communication

- ▶ Comm. between partitions, or between partitions and external entities use the same services, and are independent of the underlying transport
- ▶ Comm. is identical regardless of application locations
  - ▶ reside on the same core module, or on different core modules
- ▶ Messages oriented comm. assured via Channel concept:
  - ▶ A logical route between one source and one or more destinations
  - ▶ Channel's end points are ports
  - ▶ Channels have two transfer modes
    - ▶ Sampling
    - ▶ Queuing



Interpartition comm.  
Through channel & ports



# Channel Transfer Sampling mode

- ▶ Successive messages of the same type are overwritten
  - ▶ Message remains in the source port until it is transmitted or it is overwritten
  - ▶ When it reaches destination port new occurrence overwrites the current message if not read
  - ▶ Provides access to the latest occurrence
  - ▶ Each occurrence cannot be transmitted more than once
  - ▶ Message ordering is provided
- ▶ Refresh Rate is supported
  - ▶ Indicates the maximum acceptable age of a message from the time it was received at the destination port.

# Channel Transfer Queuing mode

- ▶ Each new Instance of a message may carry uniquely different data
- ▶ No overwriting allowed
- ▶ No message lost, unless the message queue is full



# APEX Limitation (1)

- ▶ No way to obtain a High level data representation
  - ▶ Data Object
  - ▶ Data streams , etc ...
  - ▶ No built-in process to manage complex data consistency or data identity.
- ▶ No High level Data life cycle control
  - ▶ E.g No way to manage data history
    - ▶ beside the all or nothing history rule
- ▶ No way to manage data availability
- ▶ Limited way to manage data delivery
  - ▶ Reliable Sampling transfer not supported
  - ▶ Unreliable Queuing transfer not supported



## APEX Limitation (2)

- ▶ No way to build local data views
  - ▶ correlate and aggregate different data types
- ▶ No way to express data urgency
- ▶ No Explicit mechanism to manage data redundancy for FT
- ▶ No way to send data atomically
- ▶ No way to filter and Query data at runtime

## APEX Limitation (3)

- ▶ No connectivity with Open system architectures
  - ▶ native web based connectivity
  - ▶ ESB connectivity etc ...
- ▶ No SOA support
  - ▶ Client-Service RMI interaction
  - ▶ WS
  - ▶ Corba or (none-corba)
- ▶ No interoperability protocol provided in ARINC653



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What could DDS bring to APEX



# DDS as an APEX Messaging Service (1)

- ▶ Pros: Proves that DDS can handle all APEX comm. functionalities.
- ▶ DDS Provide interoperability
  - ▶ No port protocol provided in ARINC653



- ▶ Channel sampling mode supported through :
  - ▶ HistoryQoS set to keepLast
  - ▶ ReliableQoS set to BestEffort
  - ▶ LifespanQoS+destinationTimestamp
- ▶ Channel Queuing mode supported through :
  - ▶ HistoryQoS set to keepAll
  - ▶ ResourceLimitQoS
  - ▶ Reliable QoS set to Reliable

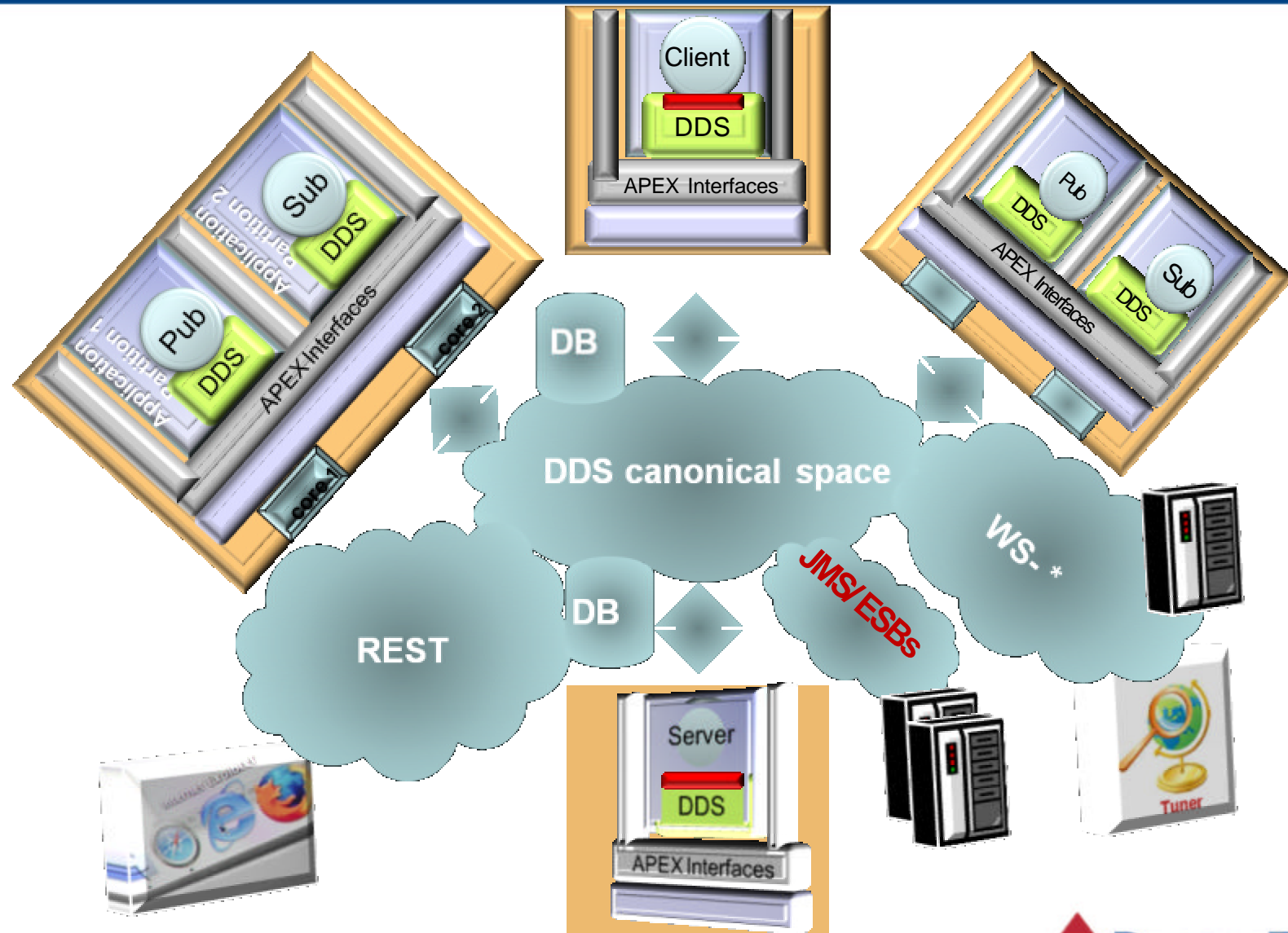


## DDS as an APEX Messaging Service (2)

### ▶ Cons:

- ▶ The approach does not fully take advantage of DDS nor bypass APEX comm. limitations
- ▶ All ARINC compliant OSs provide already an efficient implementation of the APEX MS.
- ▶ Dwarf DDS to a simple messaging system.

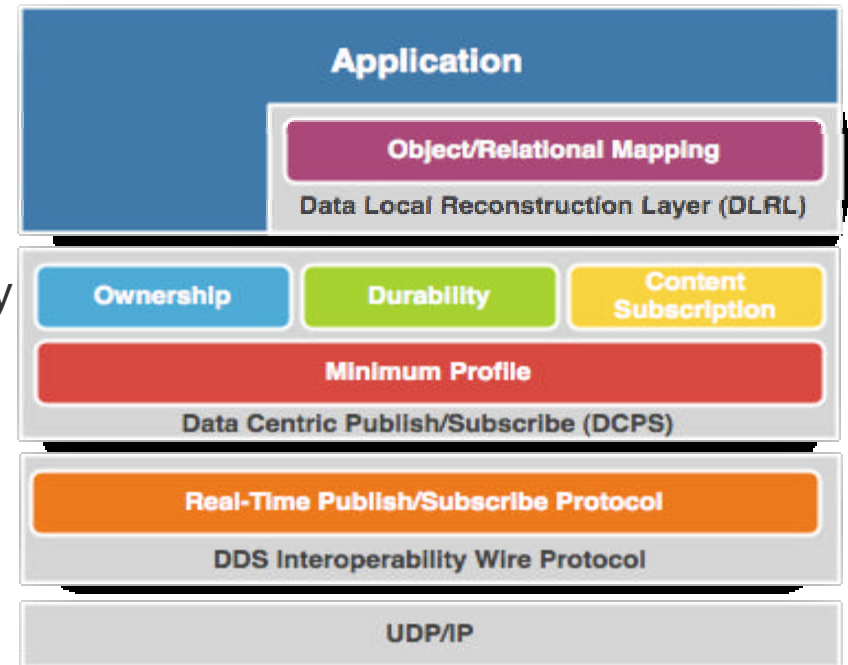
# The need for Polymorphic Data Distribution Middleware



# OMG Data Distribution Service for RT-Systems

## DDS for Real-Time Systems a Modular and customizable technology.

- ? “**Minimum Profile**”: provides basic Pub&Sub capabilities and QoS management
- ? “**Durability profile**”: provides data persistency QoS
- ? “**Content Subscription**”: provides content awareness and filtering
- ? “**Ownership**”: Provides data ownership management for Fault tolerance
- ? “**DLRL**”: provides Data Object View
- ? **DDS Interoperability Wire Protocol, V2.1**

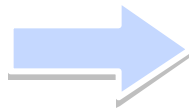


# Relational Modeling

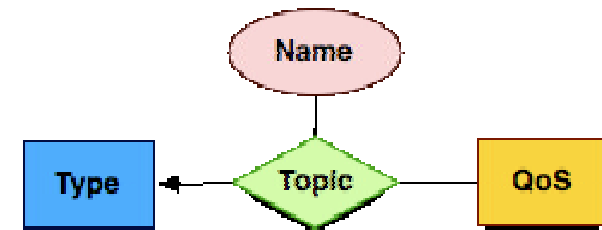
- ▶ **Modeling.** Information model can be represented by means of Entity Relationship (ER) diagrams
- ▶ **Topics.** Entities, represented by means of Topics, are in turns an association between a data **type** & a set of **QoS** & identified by a unique name (like tables in an RDBMS)
- ▶ **Data Types.** The data type associated to a Topic is often a structured type expressed in IDL
- ▶ **Instances.** Key values in a datatype uniquely identify an instance (like rows in table)
- ▶ **Correlation.** SQL Expressions can be used to correlate information by means of key values

```
SELECT * FROM Flights f
WHERE destination == 'CDG'
```

call_sign	origin	dest	aircraft
AZ101	FCO	CDG	Airbus 330
AF102	CGD	GTW	Airbus 310
BA103	GTW	MCM	BOENG 737



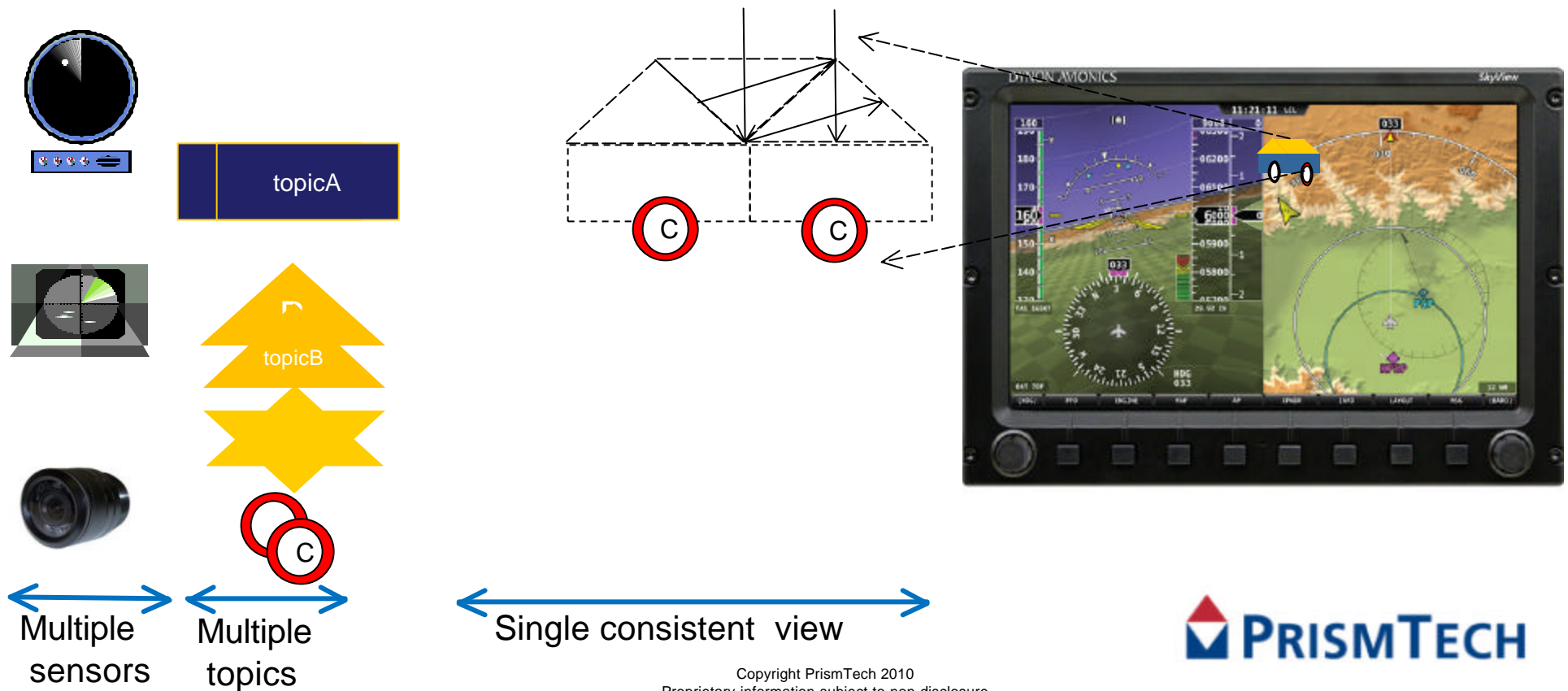
call_sign	origin	dest	aircraft
AZ101	FCO	CDG	Airbus 330
BA103	GTW	CGD	BOENG 737



```
struct Flight {
    string    call_sign;
    string    origin;
    sting     dest;
    aircraft  string;
};
#pragma keylist Flight
call_sign;
```

# High level data representation

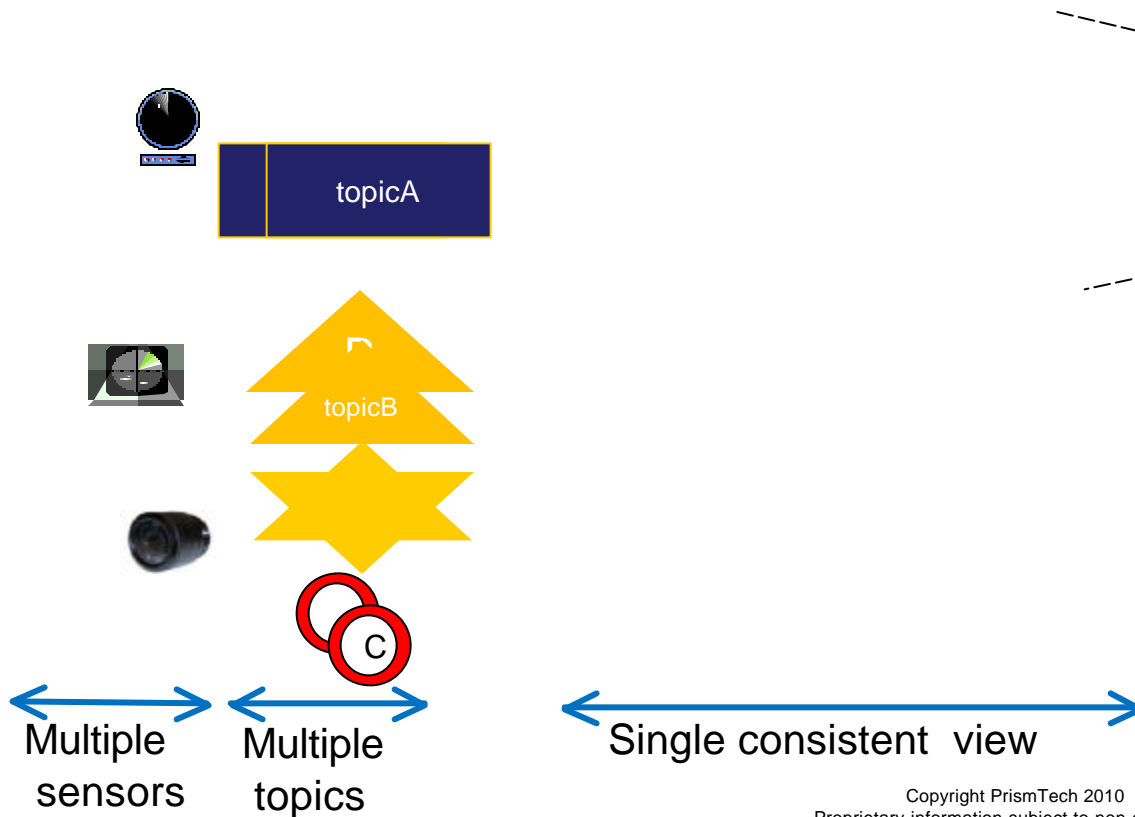
- ▶ Beyond messaging, DDS brings the ability to locally reconstruct complex views on data from basic pieces
  - ▶ Using the Multi-topic reconstruction capability
  - ▶ Using Object Oriented data representation





# High level data representation

- ▶ Beyond messaging, DDS brings the ability to locally reconstruct complex views on data from basic pieces
  - ▶ Using the Multi-topic reconstruction capability
  - ▶ Using Object Oriented data representation



# Object-Oriented Modeling

*Unleashing the power of Objects...*

► DDS supports **true Object Oriented Distributed Information Modeling** providing:

► **Reduced Complexity & Improved Productivity**

- Focus on the architecture & business logic, while hiding away the details involved with the diffusion of shared objects state

► **Encapsulation**

- Attributes are only accessible through dedicated getter/setter operations, i.e., don't need to the messaging middleware or the application to have privileged access to business objects representation

► **Local Operations**

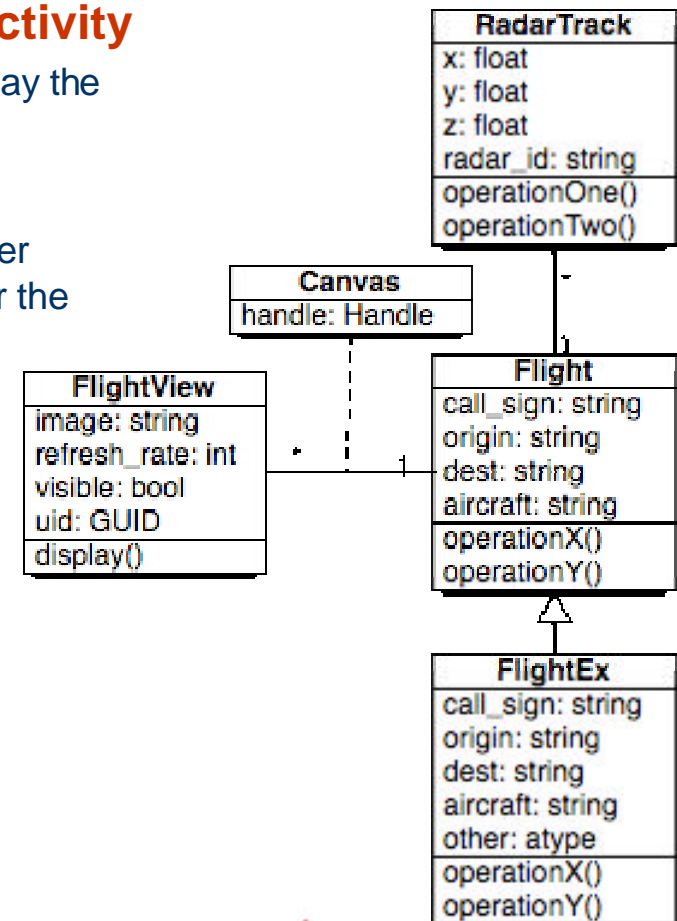
- Besides getters/setters, all other kind of manipulations be done using custom operations

► **Inheritance**

- Single inheritance supported for DLRL Objects

► **Navigable Relationships**

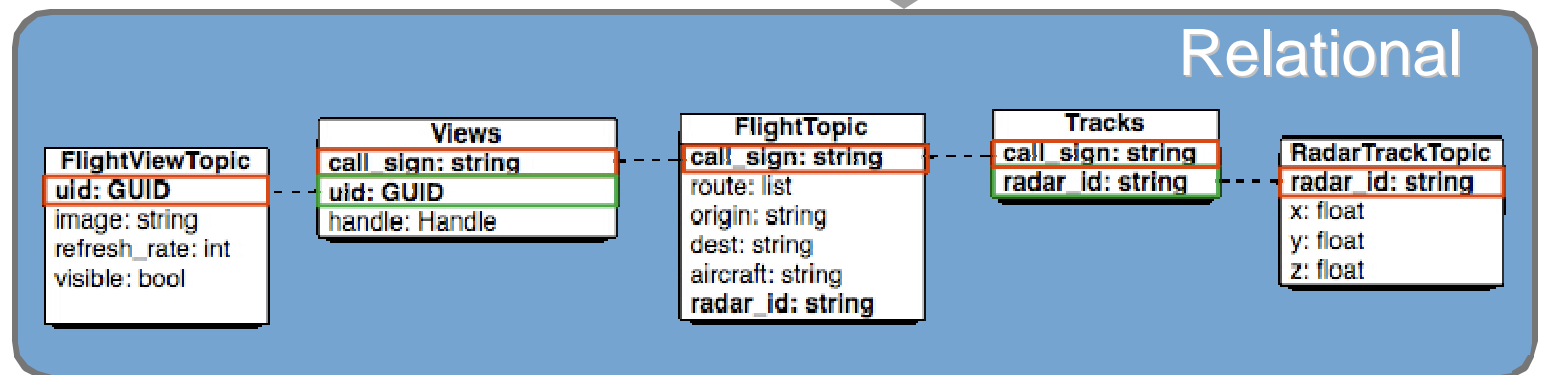
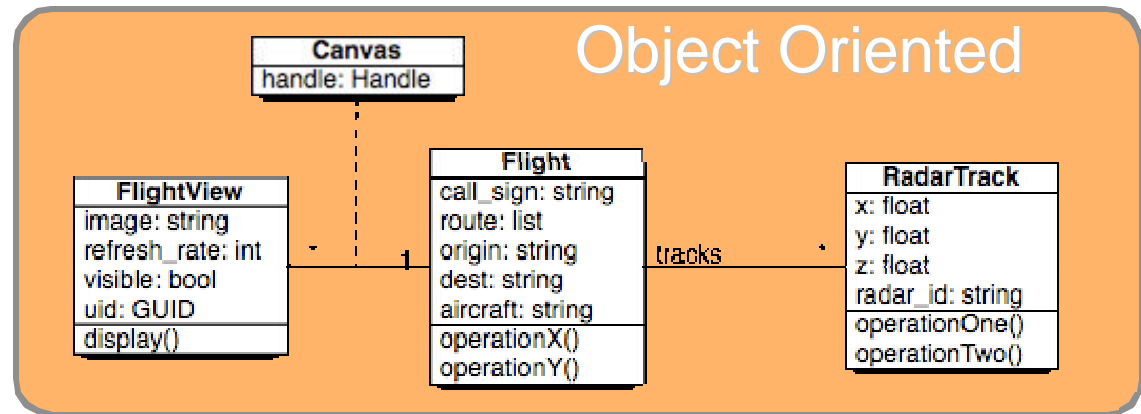
- Single Relationships
- Multi Relationships (Set, Map, List)



# High Data representation : Object/Relational Mapping

## OO ? Relational

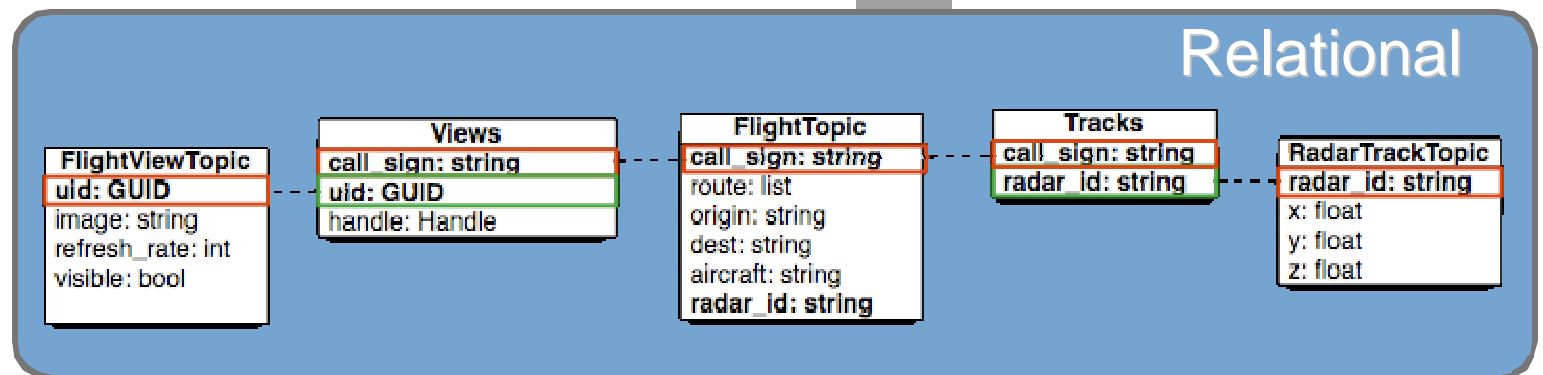
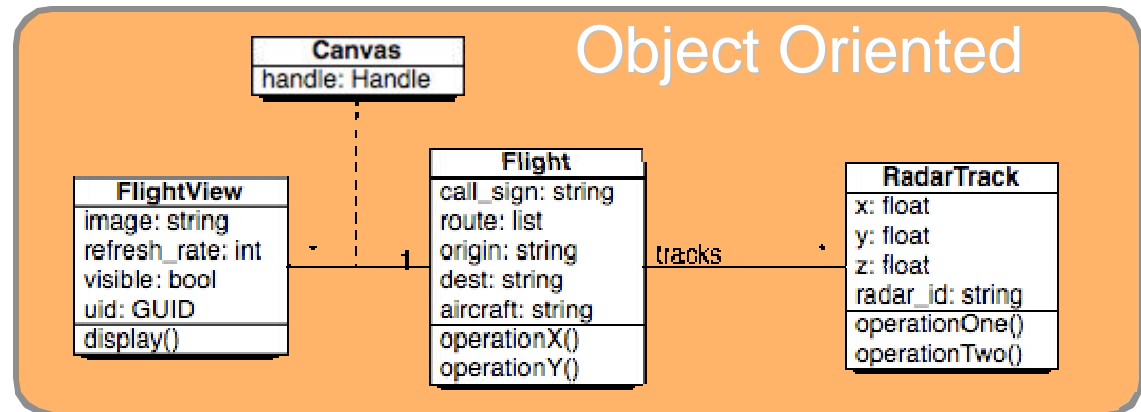
? Middleware can automatically manage the generation & association between the Object-Oriented Model & the Relational Model



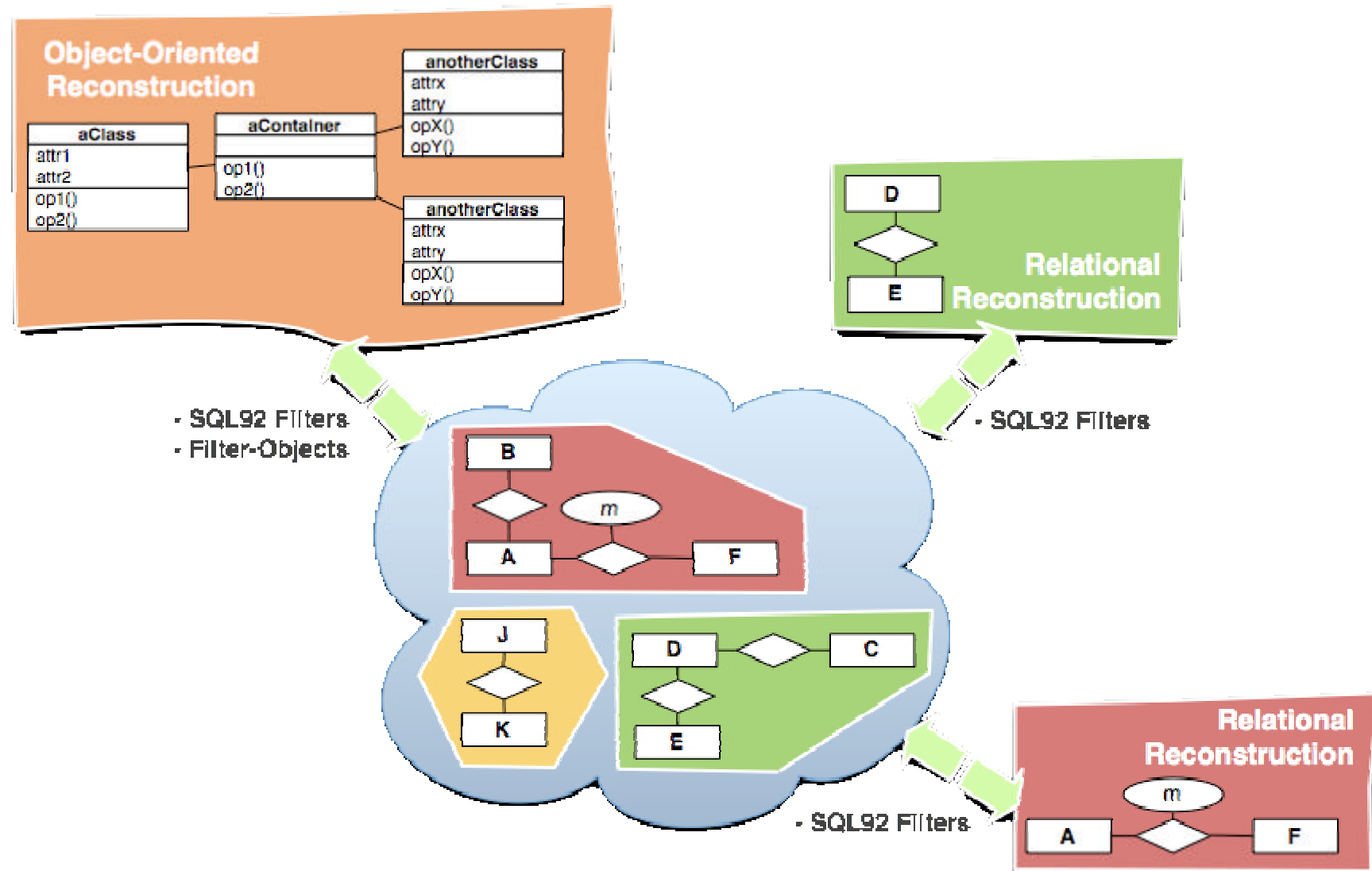
# High Data representation : Object/Relational Mapping

## Relational ? OO

- ? The Object/Relational Mapping can be specified by the user
- ? Multiple Object/Relational Mappings are possible

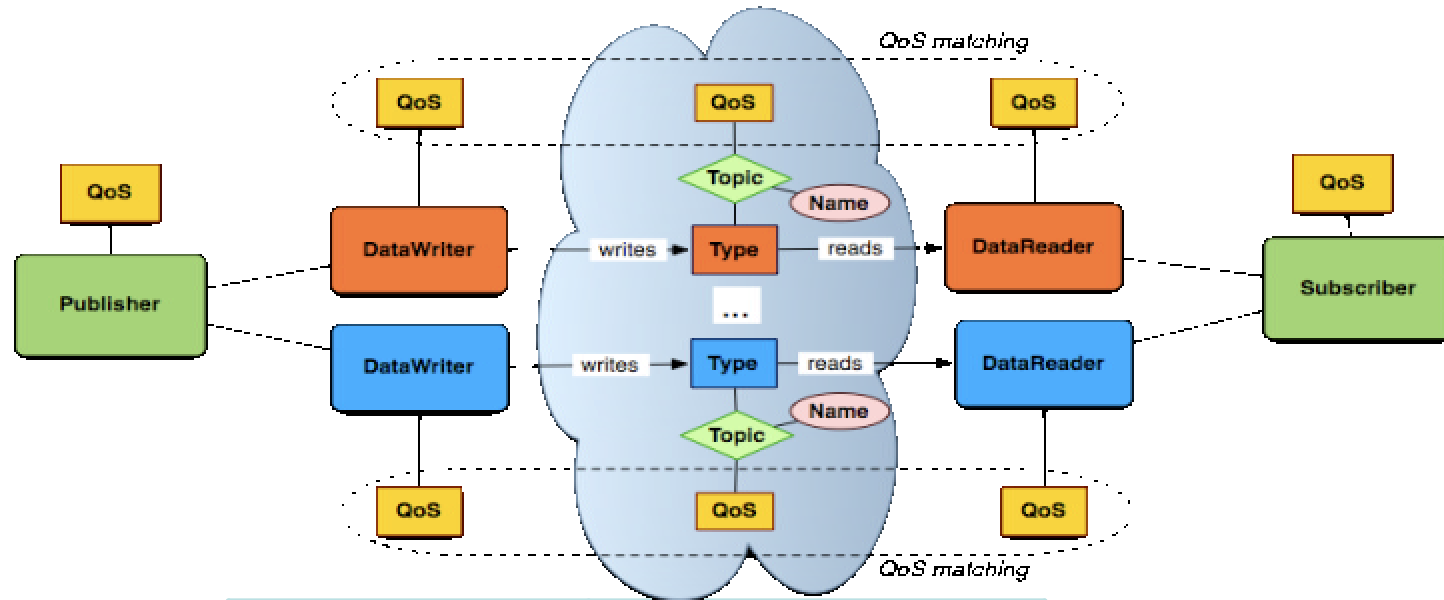


# High Data representation : the Big Picture





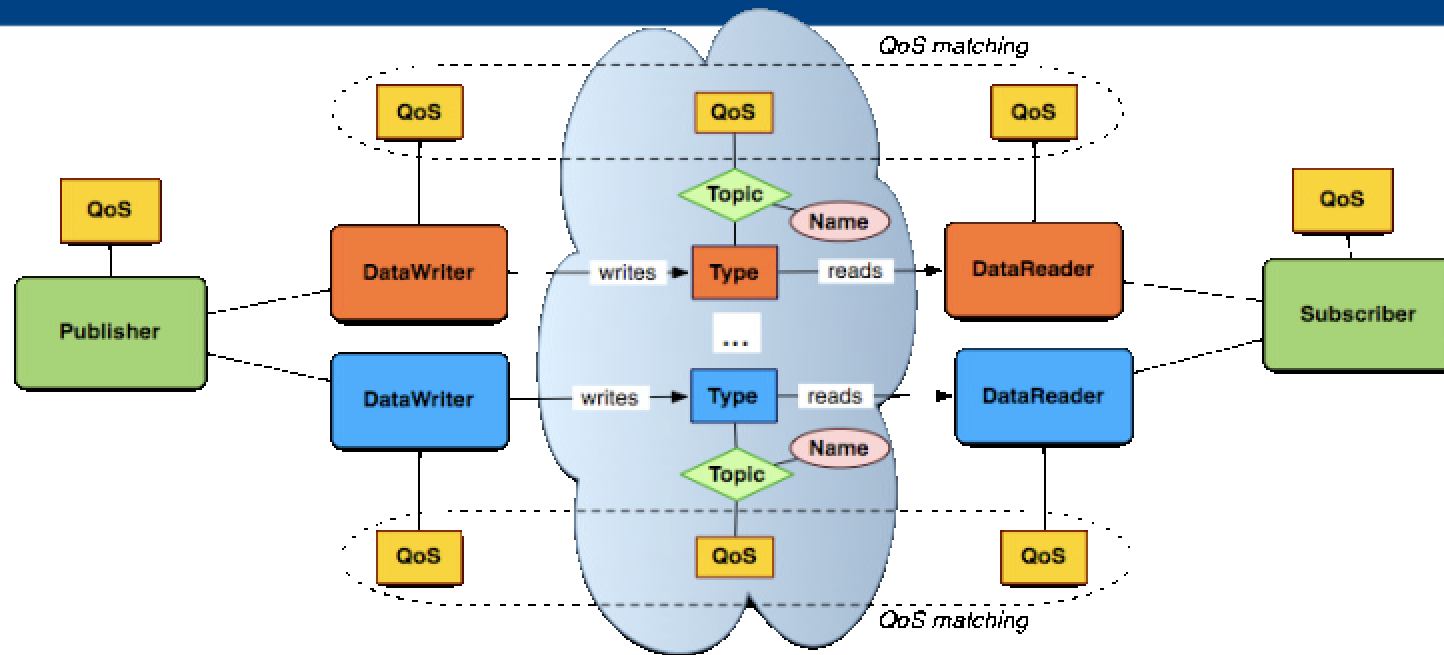
# DDS Data High availability and Urgency managent



QoS Policy	SEMANTIC	QoS Classes
DURABILITY	Data Persistency for later joiners	<b>Data Availability</b>
LIFESPAN	Time to live interval	
HISTORY	History depth	

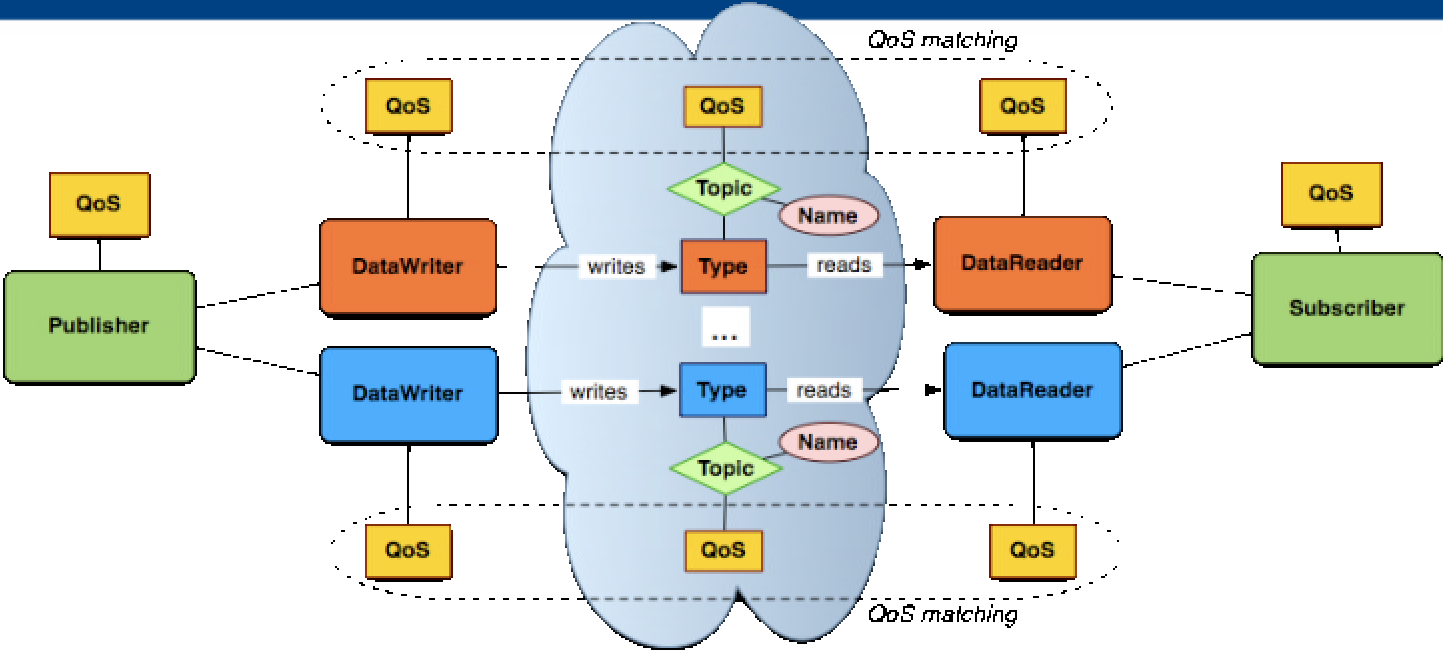
QoS Policy	SEMANTIC	QoS Classes
DEADLINE	Policy to set Data Writing rate (W.freq)	<b>Data Urgency</b>
LATENCY BUDGET	maximum acceptable delay of a sample	
TRANSPORT PRIORITY	Help setting priority at transport	

# DDS Data Life Cycle management



QoS Policy	SEMANTIC	QoS Classes
WRITER DATA LIFECYCLE	Data instance disposal management	<b>Data Lifecycle</b>
WRITER DATA LIFECYCLE	Samples autopurge management	

# DDS Data Delivery management

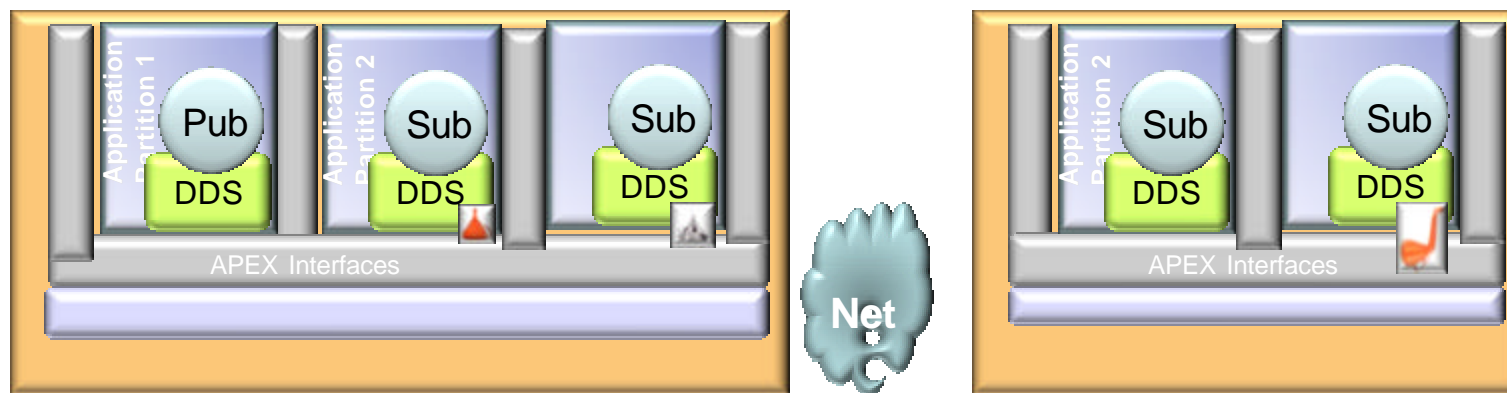


<b>RELIABILITY</b>	Data delivery guaranteed level	<b>Data Delivery</b>
<b>PARTITION</b>	topic instance Logical partition	
<b>DESTINATION ORDER</b>	Determine logical order among changes made by Publishers	

# Content subscription management,

## ► Filtering

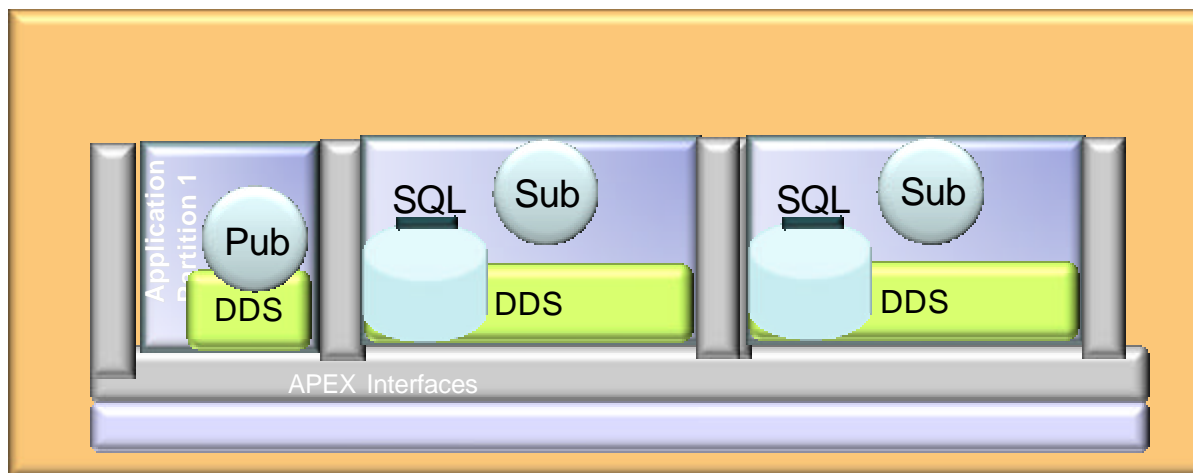
- An Ability to apply Logical expression at low level data stream to get meaningful application data exclusively



# Content subscription management,

## ► Querying

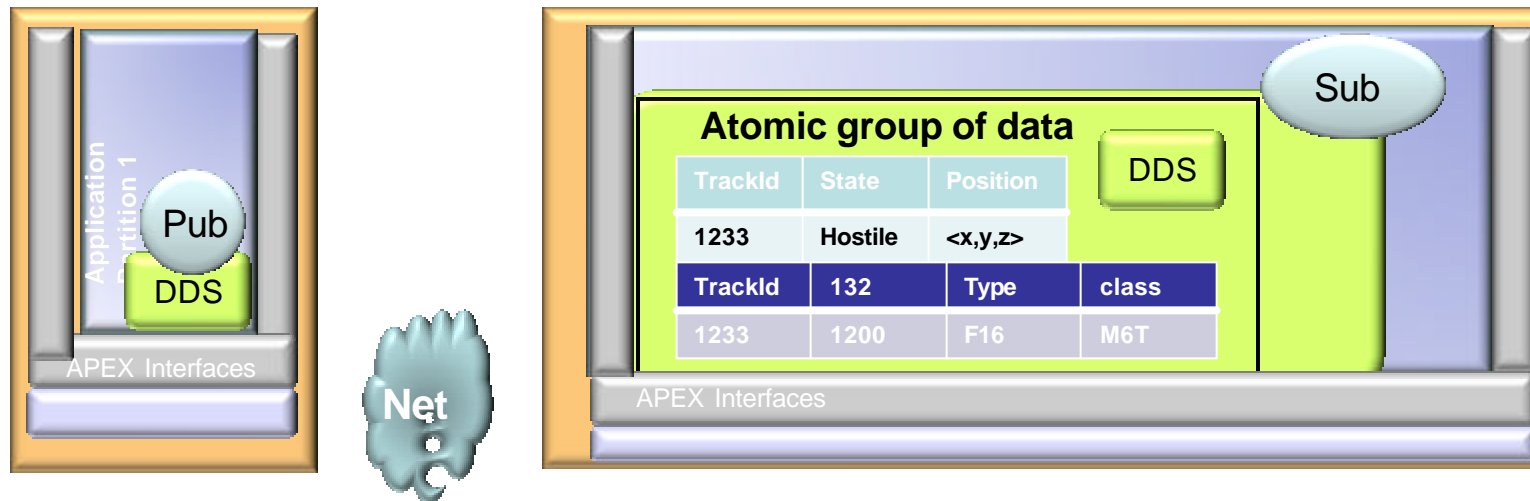
- An Ability to build local caches and apply complex SQL 92 queries
- A powerful mechanism to build and manage highly available, recoverable and, in memory local databases





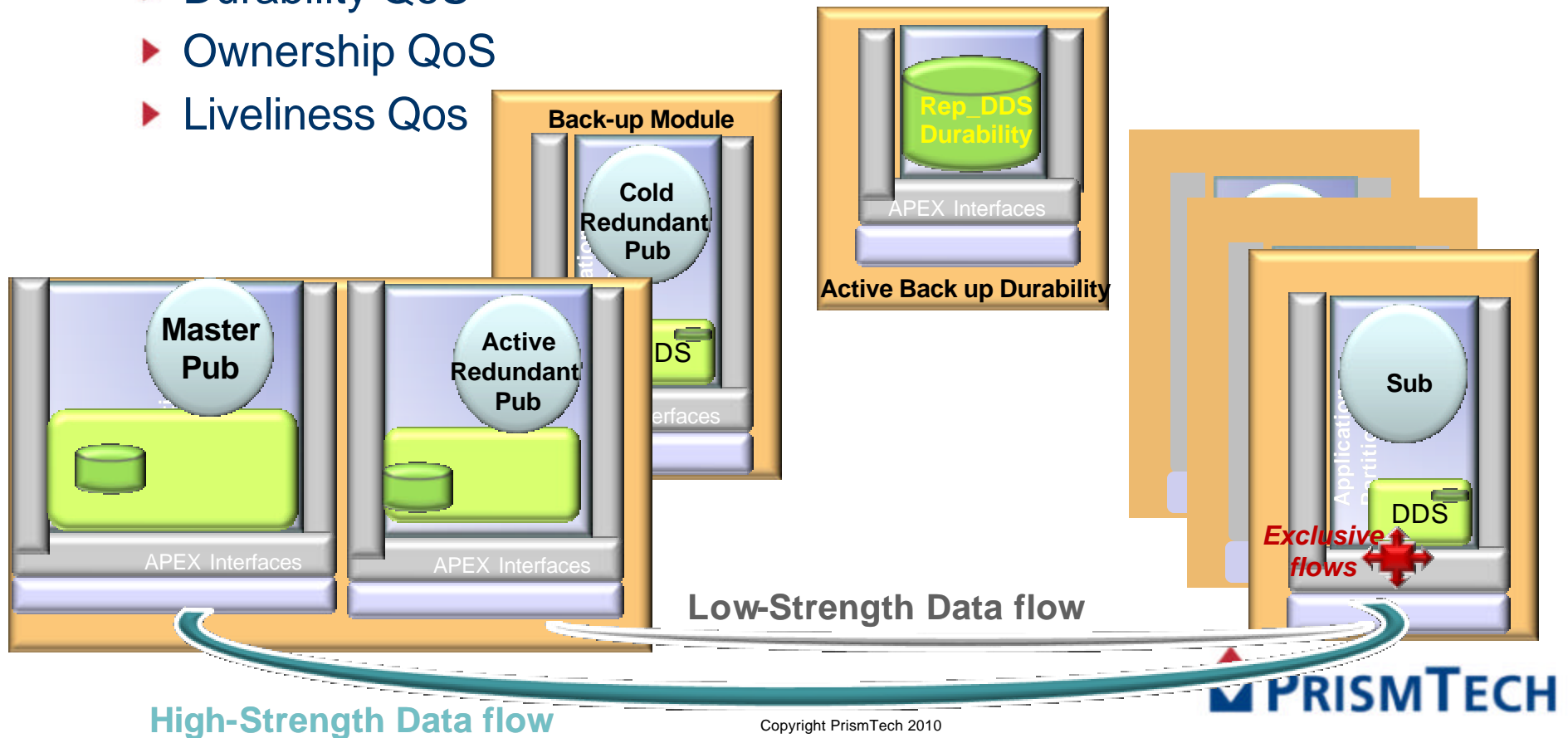
# Atomic data transfer

- ▶ All or Nothing semantic
- ▶ Data scope could involve several datatypes (topics)
- ▶ Publishing side defines the Atomic data group
- ▶ DDS Presentation QoS
  - ▶ Coherent\_change = True
  - ▶ Access\_scope = Group/Topic/instance
  - ▶ Access\_order = True



# Fault-tolerance data support

- ▶ Support of Cold/Warm/Hot Standby and Active Replication models
- ▶ Relies on DDS Replicated Durability services
  - ▶ Durability QoS
  - ▶ Ownership QoS
  - ▶ Liveliness QoS

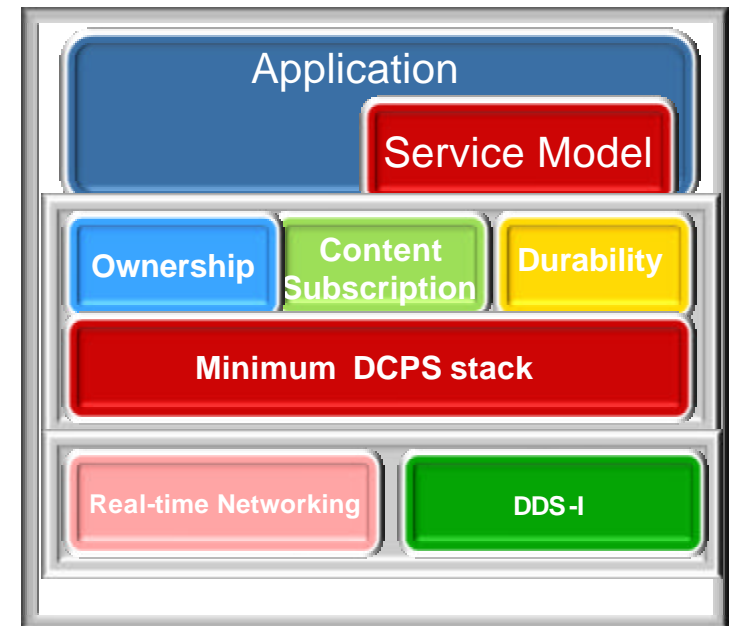


# SOA Model support (1)

- ▶ **DDS as the single communication infrastructure for both R.M.I as Data Distribution**

## Main advantages

- ▶ SOA Provides higher abstraction then sending requests and getting replies through topics
- ▶ Facilitated APEX applications design and implementation
- ▶ One Technology to learn and one platform have to maintained... !
- ▶ Useful for further integration with other SOA based systems



# SOA Model Support

- ▶ Services and data can be defined with same IDL language
- ▶ Synchronous and asynchronous invocations are supported as well as one-to-one and **one-to-many**
- ▶ Services can be dynamically discovered
  - ▶ taking advantage of DDS dynamic discovery

```
// Interface definition
interface EngineController {
    long start();
    long stop();
    long setSpeed(in float s);
};

// Data definition
struct Engine {
    long id;
    temperature t;
    kroseneCapacity c;
};

#pragma keylist Engine id;
```



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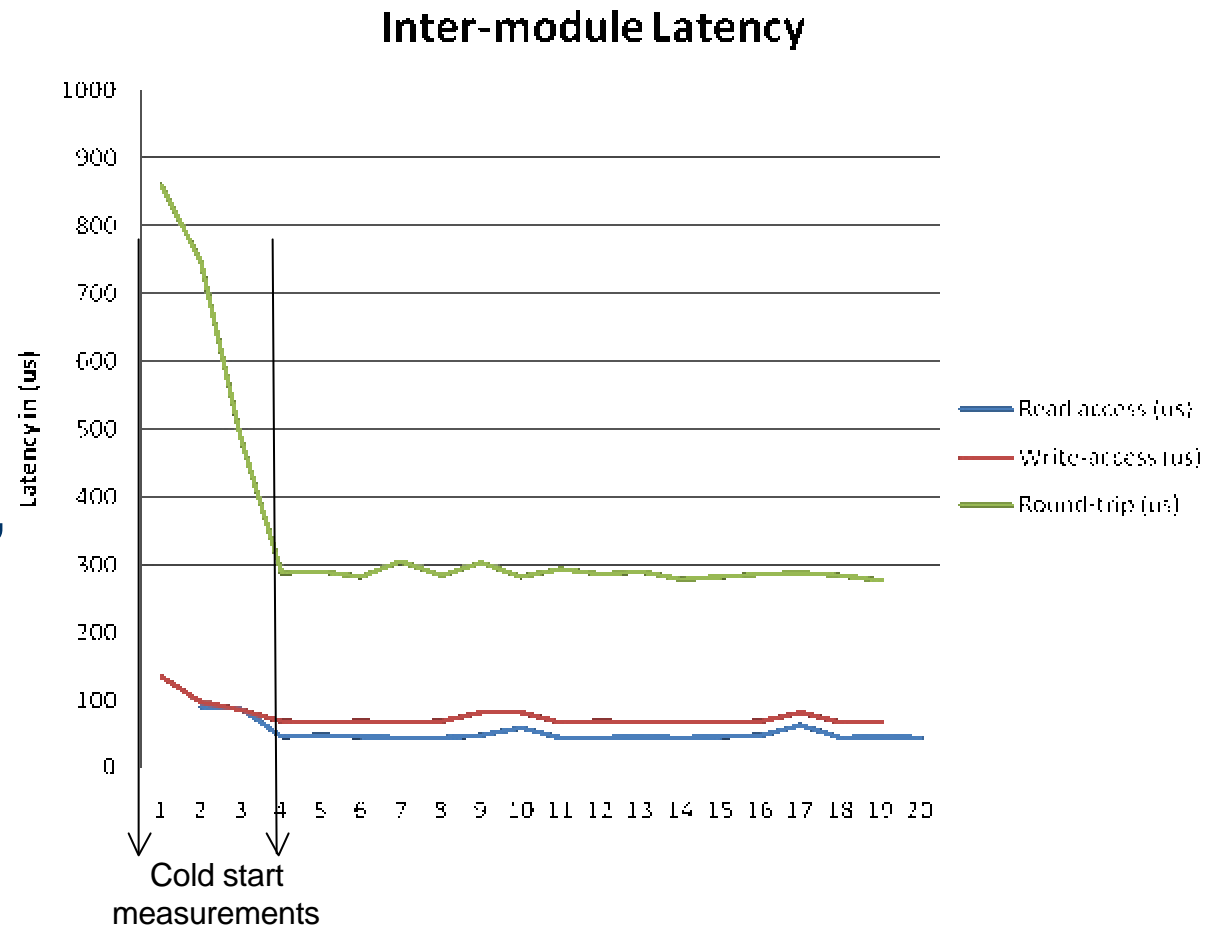
## Initial Results





# Initial results

- ▶ OpenspliceDDS has been ported on VxWorks 653 (Beta)
- ▶ Benchs with no time Partitioning
- ▶ Publishing partition on 8641D/dual Core, 1.5 Ghz
  - ▶ vxWorks653 v2.3
- ▶ Subscribing partition on mono core 8548, 1,3 Ghz
  - ▶ vxWorks653 v2.3





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## Conclusion

# Conclusion

- ▶ DDS covers all APEX functionalities and beyond
- ▶ DDS boosts APEX based application development allowing the build of both Data Centric and Service Oriented applications
- ▶ DDS comes with **Modular** and **pre-Certifiable** profiles
- ▶ Provide connectivity to Web based component as well as other Enterprise messaging and database services
- ▶ **A middleware supplement should be added to the ARINC specification**
- ▶ **OpenspliceDDS** beta version has been ported to a VxWorks 653 ARINC OS.

