

MicroQoSCORBA:

A Reflective, QoS-Enabled, Configurable MicroCORBA with CASE Support*

A. David McKinnon, David E. Bakken, John C. Shovic

SANDS Laboratory
School of Electrical Engineering & Computer Science
Washington State University

**Updated slides at <http://www.eecs.wsu.edu/~bakken/omg-mqc.pdf>*

Existing CORBA Specifications

- MinimumCORBA
 - Removes support for dynamic interfaces, etc
 - Reduces the memory footprint of an ORB
- Real-time CORBA
 - Provides tools to better predict time delays
 - Enables hard real-time CORBA applications

MicroQoSCORBA Objectives

- Go beyond Minimum & Real-Time CORBA
- Be Small
 - Distributed sensor networks, home appliances
- Have QoS
 - Run time performance, security, fault tolerance
- Maintain interoperability

Architecture Overview

- Lifecycle choices
 - Exploit limiting choices from the initial idea until the end of execution
- Quality of Service choices
 - Decide what to support
- Development tools

Lifecycle Choices

- Initial design
- IDL compilation
- Code compilation/linkage
- System initialization/startup
- Run time execution

Initial Design Overview

- Embedded systems hardware
- Role definitions
- Interaction styles
- Communications support
- IDL subsetting

Hardware Choices

- Hardware characteristics
 - Homogeneity, Capabilities, Communications
- Motorola 6805
 - 4 Kbytes ROM, 64 Bytes RAM
- Dallas Semiconductor Java iButton (rel. 1.1)
 - 64 Kbytes ROM, 6 Kbytes RAM
- Palm m100 Handheld
 - 2 Mbytes RAM

Role Choices

- Client
 - Accesses server resources
 - Thin vs. fat client
- Server
 - Fulfills client requests
- Peer
 - Sends and receives requests

Interaction Style Choices

- Send/receive
 - Synchronous messaging
- Push/Pull
 - Need lists of nodes to push/pull data from
- One-way messages
 - Asynchronous messaging support
- Exceptions
 - Occur at unpredictable times
- Event & Notification Services

Communications Support

- Hardware
 - Serial/UART
 - Ethernet
 - Wireless
- Protocols
 - Internet Standards (e.g., TCP/IP, UDP)
 - Propriety

IDL Subsetting

- Data types constraints
 - 8, 16, 32, 64-bit integers
 - Floating point values
 - Structures
- Functionality constraints
 - Fixed format messages
 - Maximum message length
- Exceptions

Interface Compilation Overview

- IDL Subsets
- Implementation specific code generation
- Representation Optimizations

Interface Compilation–IDL Subsets

- Verify conformance with the IDL subset
 - Supported data types
 - Supported message formats/styles
- Generate meta-data for the IDL compiler

Interface Compl.–Code Generation

- Application specific
 - Leverage IDL subset meta-data
- Client stub/Server skeleton Generation
 - Space/Time optimizations of the send/receive call stack
 - Fixed format messages
 - Insert QoS support, as needed

Interface Compl.–Representations

- Optimize Static String Representations
 - Method names
 - Exception names
 - String constants
- Object References
- Exceptions

Application Compilation/Linkage

- Space/Time optimizations
 - Use existing compiler techniques
- Library usage
 - Static
 - Dynamic

System Initialization/Startup

- Device initialization
 - Use reflection to load appropriate modules
 - Initialize QoS subsystems
- Network initialization
 - Locate other key nodes on the network

Run Time Execution

- Fixed functionality
- Dynamic functionality
 - Increased Resource Usage

Quality of Service

- Security
 - Multiple strengths/Algorithms
- Fault Tolerance
 - Quantity and types of faults tolerated
- Real-time Behavior
 - Scheduling Algorithms, Network performance
- Resource Issues
 - Power awareness

Configurability

- Each embedded system is slightly different
- Not everyone will need the kitchen sink
- Let the developer pick and choose
- Configure QoS properties, too
 - Multiple implementations/strengths for one property to choose from
 - Choose at startup with reflection/introspection

CASE Tools

- Not all developers are created equal
- Make it easy for the casual programmer
 - Domain expert, but QoS novice
 - Lifecycle support personnel
 - Temporary/contract employees
- Let the tools choose compatible components based upon
 - QoS requirements
 - Resource configuration

MicroQoSCORBA Challenges

- What ORB/service constraints/subsets make sense (and what are their resource costs)?
- What QoS implementations/strengths make sense for each QoS property?
- What combinations of QoS property implementations make sense? (e.g., ‘X’ real-time & ‘Y’ security)
- How can reflection be used to improve the QoS performance of an ORB at runtime?

Conclusions

- MicroQoSCORBA will
 - Enhances software reliability & security
 - Allows standards-based connectivity to the deeply embedded systems market
 - Provide QoS in a variety of subsystems
- Further work is needed
 - QoS components
 - CASE configuration tools

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