Date: March 2009

# Application Management and System Monitoring for CMS Systems

Beta 3 with change bars

OMG Document Number: dtc/2009-03-14

Copyright © 2008, 2009, Object Management Group, Inc.

Copyright © 2005, 2006, Progeny Systems Corporation

Copyright © 2005, 2006, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI)

Copyright © 2005, 2006, THALES

Copyright © 2005, 2006, Themis Computer

## USE OF SPECIFICATION - TERMS, CONDITIONS & NOTICES

The material in this document details an Object Management Group specification in accordance with the terms, conditions and notices set forth below. This document does not represent a commitment to implement any portion of this specification in any company's products. The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

#### LICENSES

The companies listed above have granted to the Object Management Group, Inc. (OMG) a nonexclusive, royalty-free, paid up, worldwide license to copy and distribute this document and to modify this document and distribute copies of the modified version. Each of the copyright holders listed above has agreed that no person shall be deemed to have infringed the copyright in the included material of any such copyright holder by reason of having used the specification set forth herein or having conformed any computer software to the specification.

Subject to all of the terms and conditions below, the owners of the copyright in this specification hereby grant you a fully-paid up, non-exclusive, nontransferable, perpetual, worldwide license (without the right to sublicense), to use this specification to create and distribute software and special purpose specifications that are based upon this specification, and to use, copy, and distribute this specification as provided under the Copyright Act; provided that: (1) both the copyright notice identified above and this permission notice appear on any copies of this specification; (2) the use of the specifications is for informational purposes and will not be copied or posted on any network computer or broadcast in any media and will not be otherwise resold or transferred for commercial purposes; and (3) no modifications are made to this specification. This limited permission automatically terminates without notice if you breach any of these terms or conditions. Upon termination, you will destroy immediately any copies of the specifications in your possession or control.

### **PATENTS**

The attention of adopters is directed to the possibility that compliance with or adoption of OMG specifications may require use of an invention covered by patent rights. OMG shall not be responsible for identifying patents for which a license may be required by any OMG specification, or for conducting legal inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention. OMG specifications are prospective and advisory only. Prospective users are responsible for protecting themselves against liability for infringement of patents.

## GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS

Any unauthorized use of this specification may violate copyright laws, trademark laws, and communications regulations and statutes. This document contains information which is protected by copyright. All Rights Reserved. No part of this work covered by copyright herein may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means--graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or information storage and retrieval systems--without permission of the copyright owner.

## DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY

WHILE THIS PUBLICATION IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, IT IS PROVIDED "AS IS" AND MAY CONTAIN ERRORS OR MISPRINTS. THE OBJECT MANAGEMENT GROUP AND THE COMPANIES LISTED ABOVE MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS PUBLICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY OF TITLE OR OWNERSHIP, IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE OBJECT MANAGEMENT GROUP OR ANY OF THE COMPANIES LISTED ABOVE BE LIABLE FOR ERRORS CONTAINED HEREIN OR FOR DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, RELIANCE OR COVER DAMAGES, INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFITS, REVENUE, DATA OR USE, INCURRED BY ANY USER OR ANY THIRD PARTY IN CONNECTION WITH THE FURNISHING, PERFORMANCE, OR USE OF THIS MATERIAL, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

The entire risk as to the quality and performance of software developed using this specification is borne by you. This disclaimer of warranty constitutes an essential part of the license granted to you to use this specification.

#### RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND

Use, duplication or disclosure by the U.S. Government is subject to the restrictions set forth in subparagraph (c) (1) (ii) of The Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software Clause at DFARS 252.227-7013 or in subparagraph (c)(1) and (2) of the Commercial Computer Software - Restricted Rights clauses at 48 C.F.R. 52.227-19 or as specified in 48 C.F.R. 227-7202-2 of the DoD F.A.R. Supplement and its successors, or as specified in 48 C.F.R. 12.212 of the Federal Acquisition Regulations and its successors, as applicable. The specification copyright owners are as indicated above and may be contacted through the Object Management Group, 140 Kendrick Street, Needham, MA 02494, U.S.A.

#### **TRADEMARKS**

MDA®, Model Driven Architecture®, UML®, UML Cube logo®, OMG Logo®, CORBA® and XMI® are registered trademarks of the Object Management Group, Inc., and Object Management Group<sup>TM</sup>, OMG<sup>TM</sup>, Unified Modeling Language<sup>TM</sup>, Model Driven Architecture Logo<sup>TM</sup>, Model Driven Architecture Diagram<sup>TM</sup>, CORBA logos<sup>TM</sup>, XMI Logo<sup>TM</sup>, CWM Logo<sup>TM</sup>, IIOP<sup>TM</sup>, MOF<sup>TM</sup>, OMG Interface Definition Language (IDL)<sup>TM</sup>, and OMG SysML<sup>TM</sup> are trademarks of the Object Management Group. All other products or company names mentioned are used for identification purposes only, and may be trademarks of their respective owners.

### **COMPLIANCE**

The copyright holders listed above acknowledge that the Object Management Group (acting itself or through its designees) is and shall at all times be the sole entity that may authorize developers, suppliers and sellers of computer software to use certification marks, trademarks or other special designations to indicate compliance with these materials.

Software developed under the terms of this license may claim compliance or conformance with this specification if and only if the software compliance is of a nature fully matching the applicable compliance points as stated in the specification. Software developed only partially matching the applicable compliance points may claim only that the software was based on this specification, but may not claim compliance or conformance with this specification. In the event that testing suites are implemented or approved by Object Management Group, Inc., software developed using this specification may claim compliance or conformance with the specification only if the software satisfactorily completes the testing suites.

# **OMG's Issue Reporting Procedure**

All OMG specifications are subject to continuous review and improvement. As part of this process we encourage readers to report any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or inaccuracies they may find by completing the Issue Reporting Form listed on the main web page <a href="http://www.omg.org">http://www.omg.org</a>, under Documents, Report a Bug/Issue (<a href="http://www.omg.org/technology/agreement.htm">http://www.omg.org/technology/agreement.htm</a>).

1	Scope	1
2	Conformance Criteria	1
3	Normative References	4
4	Terms and Definitions	
	4.1 General Definitions	6
5	Symbols	9
6	Additional Information	9
Ŭ		
	6.1 Overall Design Rationale	
	6.1.1 Design Overview	
	6.1.2 CIM Overview	
	6.1.4 HPI Domains	
	6.2 Changes or extensions required to adopted OMG specifications	
	6.3 Acknowledgements	
7	Platform Independent Model (PIM)	
	7.1 General View	15
	7.1.1 Packages	15
	7.1.2 Conventions	16
	7.2 AMS Management Package	19
	7.2.1 AMS_ApplicationManagement Class	
	7.2.2 AMS_ConfManagement Class	
	7.2.3 AMS_DeploymentConfManagement Class	
	7.2.4 AMS_ErrorStruct	
	7.2.5 AMS_ESEManagement Class	
	7.2.6 AMS_HWFilter Class	
	7.2.7 AMS_HWManagement Class	
	7.2.8 AMS_LoadBalancingManagement Class	
	7.2.9 AMS_Log Class	
	7.2.10 AMS_LogRecord Class	
	7.2.11 AMS_RTHWIndication Class	
	7.2.12 AMS_RTSWIndication Class	
	7.2.13 AMS_RedundancyGroupManagement Class	
	7.2.14 AMS_SAMManagement Class	
	7.2.15 AMS_SWFilter Class	
	7.3 Application Package	
	7.3.1 AMS_Application Class	
	7.3.2 AMS_BalancingStyle Class	
	7.3.4 AMS LoadBalancingGroup Class	
	7.0.7 AINO EUGUDGIGHIGOLOGO OIGSS	🗸

	7.3.5 AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Class	. 51
	7.3.6 AMS RedundancyGroup Class	. 52
	7.3.7 AMS_ReplicationStyle Class	
	7.3.8 AMS_SoftwareSystem Class	
	7.3.9 AMS_StdState Class	
7 4	Application Deployment Package	
	7.4.1 AMS_DeploymentConfiguration Class	
	7.4.2 AMS_DeploymentLink Class	
75	Application Deployment Specification Package	
1.5	7.5.1 AMS_ActionOnLink Class	61
	7.5.2 AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec Class	
<b>7</b> 0	7.5.3 AMS_DeploymentSpec Class	
0.1	Application Specification Package	
	7.6.1 AMS_ActionCheckCase Class	
	7.6.2 AMS_ActionCheckLink Class	
	7.6.3 AMS_ApplicationModelCheck Class	
	7.6.4 AMS_CCMDeploy Class	
	7.6.5 AMS_CCMStart Class	
	7.6.6 AMS_CCMStop Class	69
	7.6.7 AMS_ESESpec Class	69
	7.6.8 AMS_ExecuteProgram Class	. 71
	7.6.9 AMS_J2EEDeploy Class	. 71
	7.6.10 AMS J2EEStart Class	. 71
	7.6.11 AMS_J2EEStop Class	71
	7.6.12 AMS MechanizedAction Class	
	7.6.13 AMS_RedundancyEltState Class	
	7.6.14 AMS_SecurityCheck Class	
	7.6.15 AMS_SEShutdownDependency Class	
	7.6.16 AMS_SEStartCPUDependency Class	
	7.6.17 AMS_SEStartDependency Class	
	7.6.18 AMS_SEStartTimeDependency Class	
	7.6.19 AMS_SoftwareElementAction Class	
	7.6.20 AMS SoftwareElementCheck Class	
	7.6.21 AMS SoftwareFeatureAction Class	
	7.6.22 AMS_SoftwareFeatureCheck Class	
	7.6.23 AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec Class	
	7.6.24 AMS_TypeOfFeature Class	
7 7	<del>- •</del> •	
1.1	CIM Package	
	7.7.1 CIM_Action Class	
	7.7.2 CIM_AdminDomain Class	
	7.7.3 CIM_ApplicationSystem Class	
	7.7.4 CIM_ArchitectureCheck Class	
	7.7.5 CIM_Check Class	
	7.7.6 CIM_ComputerSystem Class	
	7.7.7 CIM_ConnectivityCollection Class	
	7.7.8 CIM_CopyFileAction Class	
	7.7.9 CIM_Dependency Class	
	7.7.10 CIM_DirectorySpecification Class	
	7.7.11 CIM_Display Class	. 79
	7.7.12 CIM_EnabledLogicalElement Class	. 79

7.7.15 CIM_ExecuteProgram Class	. 80
7.7.16 CIM_FileAction Class	80
7.7.17 CIM IPProtocolEndPoint Class	80
7.7.18 CIM Indication Class	81
7 7 24 CIM   ogicalFlement Class	83
<b>—</b>	
<b>–</b>	
<b>-</b>	
<b>-</b>	
7.8.1 AdministrativeState Class	
7.8.2 AvailibilityStatus Class	94
7.8.3 LogAdministrator Class	
7.8.4 LogConsumer Class	
7.9.1 LogRecord Class	
7.0.1 Logi (60014 61400	
7.9.2 LogRecordSequence Class 7.9.3 LogStatus Class	96
	7.7.17 CIM_IPProtocolEndPoint Class 7.7.18 CIM_Indication Class 7.7.19 CIM_LANEndPoint Class 7.7.20 CIM_LogicalDevice Class 7.7.21 CIM_LogicalDevice Class 7.7.22 CIM_LogicalDevice Class 7.7.24 CIM_LogicalDevice Class 7.7.25 CIM_LogicalPerent Class 7.7.26 CIM_LogicalPerent Class 7.7.26 CIM_LogicalPerent Class 7.7.27 CIM_Memory Class 7.7.27 CIM_Memory Class 7.7.29 CIM_Network Class 7.7.29 CIM_Network Class 7.7.30 CIM_NextHopIPRoute Class 7.7.31 CIM_NextHopIPRoute Class 7.7.31 CIM_NextHopPRoute Class 7.7.32 CIM_OSVersionCheck Class 7.7.33 CIM_OPeratingSystem Class 7.7.34 CIM_PhysicalElement Class 7.7.35 CIM_PowerSupply Class 7.7.36 CIM_Process Class 7.7.37 CIM_Process Class 7.7.38 CIM_Process Class 7.7.39 CIM_ProcessIndication Class 7.7.39 CIM_ProtocolEndPoint Class 7.7.30 CIM_RecordForLog Class 7.7.41 CIM_RedundancyGroup Class 7.7.42 CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint Class 7.7.43 CIM_Service Class 7.7.44 CIM_Service Class 7.7.45 CIM_Service Class 7.7.47 CIM_Service Class 7.7.47 CIM_Service Class 7.7.47 CIM_SoftwareFeature Class 7.7.49 CIM_SoftwareFeature Class 7.7.49 CIM_SoftwareFeature Class 7.7.50 CIM_Thread Class 7.7.51 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.52 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.53 CIM_Watchdog Class 7.7.54 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.55 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.56 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.57 CIM_Watchdog Class 7.7.58 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.59 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.50 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.51 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.52 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.53 CIM_Onit Class 7.7.54 Class 7.7.55 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.55 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.56 CIM_UnixThread Class 7.7.57 Class 7.8.1 Administrative State Class 7.8.2 AvailibilityStatus Class 7.8.3 LogAdministrator Class 7.8.4 LogConsumer Class LogFullAction Class

7.9.5 ProducerLogRecord Class	98
7.10 Logical Hardware Package	98
7.10.1 AMS ComputerSystem Class	102
<del>-</del>	
<del>-</del>	
<del>-</del>	
7.12 Supported Application Model Package	113
7.12.1 AMS_Accounting <class t="" t,="" v=""> Template</class>	115
7.12.2 AMS_Control Class	116
7.14.2 Mapping between ESE transitions and methods	120
OMC CORRAIDL Platform Specific Model	122
8.1 Mapping Rationale	123
8.1.1 Objective	123
8.1.2 Mapping principle	123
8.1.3 Mapping exceptions	126
8.1.4 Initial reference issues	
·	
6.5 CONOTHARICE CITIENA	1∠8
	7.10 Logical Hardware Package 7.10.1 AMS_ComputerSystem Class 7.10.2 AMS_Domain Class 7.10.3 AMS_Domain Class 7.10.4 AMS_Host Class 7.10.5 AMS_Host Class 7.10.6 AMS_LANEndPoint Class 7.10.7 AMS_OperatingSystem Class 7.10.8 AMS_Printer Class 7.10.9 AMS_Router Class 7.10.10 AMS_StidHWUtilisation class 7.10.11 AMS_Switch Class 7.10.11 AMS_Switch Class 7.11.1 Logical Hardware Specification Package 7.11.1 AMS_CodedConstraint Class 7.11.2 AMS_ConfigurationSpecification Class 7.11.3 AMS_CoupleName Class 7.11.4 AMS_NameValueCouple Class 7.11.5 AMS_RangeConstraint Class 7.11.6 AMS_SetConstraint Class 7.11.7 AMS_ValueConstraint Class 7.12 Supported Application Model Package 7.12.1 AMS_Control Class 7.12.3 AMS_Mechanism Class 7.12.3 AMS_Mechanism Class 7.12.3 AMS_Mechanism Class 7.12.4 AMS_ModelType Class 7.12.5 AMS_OSType Class 7.12.6 AMS_Property <class t="" t,="" v=""> Template 7.12.7 AMS_State Class 7.12.8 AMS_SupportedApplicationModel Class 7.12.9 AMS_SupportedApplicationModel Class 7.12.10 AMS_SupportedMechanism Class 7.12.10 AMS_SupportedMechanism Class 7.12.10 AMS_SupportedMechanism Class 7.13.1 Success or failure codes 7.13.2 Log of activity 7.14 Dynamic behavior 7.14.1 Software Element state diagram 7.14.2 Mapping between ESE transitions and methods  OMG CORBA/IDL Platform Specific Model 8.1 Mapping Rationale 8.1.1 Objective 8.1.2 Mapping principle 8.1.3 Mapping principle</class>

8.6 Mapping	128
8.6.1 AMS_Util.idl	
8.6.2 AMS_Client.idl	
8.6.3 AMS_AMSManagement.idl	
8.6.4 AMS_Application.idl	
8.6.5 AMS_ApplicationDeployment.idl	
8.6.6 AMS_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.idl	
8.6.7 AMS_ApplicationSpecification.idl	
8.6.8 AMS_CIM.idl	
8.6.9 AMS_LogicalHardware.idl	
8.6.11 AMS_SupportedApplicationModel.idl	
6.6.11 Aivio_SupportedApplicationivioder.idi	170
9 XML Platform Specific Model	173
9.1 Mapping Rationale	
9.1.1 Objective	
9.1.2 Mapping principle	
9.1.3 Mapping exceptions	
9.1.4 Samples	
9.1.5 Host	
9.2 Specific attributes and parameters information	
9.3 Specific Data Types	
9.4 Specific Failure Codes	
9.5 Conformance Criteria	
9.6 Mapping	
9.6.1 AMSUtil	
9.6.2 AMS Management	
9.6.3 Application	
9.6.4 Application Deployment	
9.6.5 Application Deployment Specification	
9.6.6 Application Specification	190
9.6.7 CIM	
9.6.8 Logical Hardware	
9.6.9 Logical Hardware Specification	
9.6.10 Supported Application Model	216
10 DMTF CIM Managed Object Format (MOF) Platform	
	040
Specific Model	
10.1 Mapping Rationale	
10.2 Specific attributes and parameters information	219
10.3 Specific data types	220
10.4 Specific failure codes	220
10.5 Mapping	220
10.5.1 Management	
10.5.2 Application	
10.5.3 Application Deployment	
10.5.4 Application Deployment Specification	
10.5.5 Application Specification	
10.5.6 Logical Hardware	259

10.5.7 Logical Hardware Specification	266
DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model	273
•	
11.3 Specific data types	286
11.5 Conformance Criteria	287
XML for HPI Platform Specific Model	303
•	
·	
	10.5.7 Logical Hardware Specification 10.5.8 Supported Application Model  DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model  11.1 Mapping Rationale 11.1.2 Mapping principle 11.2 Specific attributes and parameters information 11.3 Specific data types 11.4 Specific failure codes 11.5 Conformance Criteria 11.6 Mapping  XML for HPI Platform Specific Model 12.1 Mapping Rationale 12.2 Specific attributes and parameters information 12.3 Specific data types 12.4 Specific failure codes 12.5 Conformance Criteria 12.6 Mapping

# **Preface**

## **About the Object Management Group**

## **OMG**

Founded in 1989, the Object Management Group, Inc. (OMG) is an open membership, not-for-profit computer industry standards consortium that produces and maintains computer industry specifications for interoperable, portable, and reusable enterprise applications in distributed, heterogeneous environments. Membership includes Information Technology vendors, end users, government agencies, and academia.

OMG member companies write, adopt, and maintain its specifications following a mature, open process. OMG's specifications implement the Model Driven Architecture® (MDA®), maximizing ROI through a full-lifecycle approach to enterprise integration that covers multiple operating systems, programming languages, middleware and networking infrastructures, and software development environments. OMG's specifications include: UML® (Unified Modeling Language<sup>TM</sup>); CORBA® (Common Object Request Broker Architecture); CWM<sup>TM</sup> (Common Warehouse Metamodel); and industry-specific standards for dozens of vertical markets.

More information on the OMG is available at <a href="http://www.omg.org/">http://www.omg.org/</a>.

## **OMG Specifications**

As noted, OMG specifications address middleware, modeling and vertical domain frameworks. A Specifications Catalog is available from the OMG website at:

http://www.omg.org/technology/documents/spec\_catalog.htm

Specifications within the Catalog are organized by the following categories:

## **OMG Modeling Specifications**

- UML
- MOF
- XMI
- CWM
- Profile specifications.

## **OMG Middleware Specifications**

- CORBA/IIOP
- IDL/Language Mappings
- Specialized CORBA specifications
- CORBA Component Model (CCM).

## **Platform Specific Model and Interface Specifications**

- CORBAservices
- CORBAfacilities
- OMG Domain specifications
- OMG Embedded Intelligence specifications
- OMG Security specifications.

All of OMG's formal specifications may be downloaded without charge from our website. (Products implementing OMG specifications are available from individual suppliers.) Copies of specifications, available in PostScript and PDF format, may be obtained from the Specifications Catalog cited above or by contacting the Object Management Group, Inc. at:

OMG Headquarters 140 Kendrick Street Building A, Suite 300 Needham, MA 02494 USA

Tel: +1-781-444-0404 Fax: +1-781-444-0320 Email: <u>pubs@omg.org</u>

Certain OMG specifications are also available as ISO standards. Please consult <a href="http://www.iso.org">http://www.iso.org</a>

## **Typographical Conventions**

The type styles shown below are used in this document to distinguish programming statements from ordinary English. However, these conventions are not used in tables or section headings where no distinction is necessary.

Times/Times New Roman - 10 pt.: Standard body text

Helvetica/Arial - 10 pt. Bold: OMG Interface Definition Language (OMG IDL) and syntax elements.

Courier - 10 pt. Bold: Programming language elements.

Helvetica/Arial - 10 pt: Exceptions

**Note** – Terms that appear in *italics* are defined in the glossary. Italic text also represents the name of a document, specification, or other publication.

#### Issues

The reader is encouraged to report any technical or editing issues/problems with this specification to <a href="http://www.omg.org/technology/agreement.htm">http://www.omg.org/technology/agreement.htm</a>.

# 1 Scope

The term C4I (Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence) covers – in a very general definition – an information system with associated (or integrated) sensors and actuator subsystems.

Within the wide domain of C4I systems, we distinguish the domain of naval Combat Management Systems. C4I systems are located on a naval ship, that assist the command team in its responsibility for execution of a mission. The Naval CMS systems' main capabilities encompass awareness of situation around the ship (or a group of ships within a naval force or theater) using sensors, exchange and fusion of this information into a tactical picture to support recognition of threats and response to those threats using actuators such as torpedo, missile and gun systems. Other capabilities of a Naval CMS include those frequently called Command Support capabilities, which in general are concerned with preparation of the ship's mission. They also include the preparation and supervision of execution of diverse plans, as well as reception and interpretation of communication from external parties (other vessels or shore-based parties).

The problem of application management and system monitoring in CMS systems can be characterized as follows:

- CMS systems aboard naval vessels are built upon a huge variety of underlying computing platforms (including both hardware and software infrastructures). Those differences are manifest within the scope of a single CMS on a single vessel as well as within a family of CMS systems in a product-line organization of a CMS provider. In a single vessel case, applications may vary from hard-real-time applications used in fire control, to non-real-time office-like applications used in Command Support activities. Within a product line, CMS providers want to achieve long-term and large-scale reuse of applications on changing computing platforms. Both phenomena require a consistent and if possible unified form of application management.
- These computing platforms manage applications in different, often proprietary and incompatible ways. There is a lack
  of formalized consensus on basic terms such as "an application", "a software system" and such. Few of the available
  relevant standards only address parts of the problem area.
- The different available platforms (e.g., process based and component based frameworks) are not consistent in even simple forms of application management such as starting and stopping.
- Specific aspects of application management such as quality-of-service (e.g., end-to-end time constraints on starting and stopping of applications) which are relevant to the naval CMS case are in general not addressed.
- There is a lack of overarching application management framework that would enable application builders and CMS system integrators to abstract from platform dependencies.

Similar problems can be identified in other military and non-military systems, especially in the area of crisis management systems. Therefore, the solutions, when developed, are expected to be reusable in other domains (dual-use).

# 2 Conformance Criteria

The conformance criteria of an implementation w.r.t this specification is stated through the concepts of "profiles" and "PSM."

The Normal profile is formalized by:

- The following packages (see Table 2.1 for further information)
- · LW Logging
- · AMSM Management without the AMS HWFilter and AMS RTHWIndication classes

- · Supported Application Model
- · Application
- · Application Specification
- · Application Deployment
- Application Deployment Specification
- And the following classes and their associations of the "Logical Hardware" package: AMS\_ComputerSystem, AMS\_OperatingSystem, AMS\_Host.

#### Other known profiles are:

<u>Maximum Control profile</u>: this profile adds the optional methods AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement::Load, the
optional state "LOADED, the optional Transitions "LOAD," "START," "UNLOAD," and "LOAD\_DIRTY," the
optional items AMS\_LOAD, AMS\_START, AMS\_UNLOAD, AMS\_LOAD\_DIRTY, and AMS\_LOADED.

This profile is intended for operating systems that cannot load an executable onto memory without effectively executing it such as Linux, Windows systems, and so on.

- <u>Fault Tolerance Management profile</u>: This profile adds the optional classes AMS\_RedundancyEltState, AMS\_RedundancyGroup, AMS\_ReplicationStyle, AMS\_RedundancyGroupManagement, and the optional associations RedInitState, CIM\_SystemComponent (between AMS\_Application and AMS\_Redundancy-Group), CIM\_RedundancyComponent (between AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement and AMS\_RedundancyGroup), AMS\_RG, AMS\_RedundancyFeature, and Status.
- <u>Load Balancing Management profile</u>: This profile adds the optional classes AMS\_RedundancyEltState, AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup, AMS\_BalancingStyle, AMS\_LoadBalancingManagement, and the optional associations RedInitState, CIM\_SystemComponent (between AMS\_Application and AMS\_LoadBalancing-Group), CIM\_RedundancyComponent (between AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement and AMS\_Load-BalancingGroup), AMS\_LB, AMS\_LoadBalancinfFeature, and Status.
- <u>Hardware System Management profile</u>: This profile adds the "Logical Hardware Specification" package and the classes and associations of the "Logical Hardware" package that are not present in the *Normal profile*.

## Known PSMs are:

- IDL PSM: see Chapter 8 "OMG CORBA/IDL Platform Specific Model"
- XML PSM: see Chapter 9 "XML Platform Specific Model"
- CIM PSM: see Chapter 10 "DMTF CIM Managed Object Format (MOF) Platform Specific Model"
- DCPS/f PSM: see Chapter 11 "DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model"
- DCPS/m PSM: see Chapter 11 "DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model"
- HPI PSM: this PSM is defined by the "XML for HPI" PSM (see Chapter 12 "XML for HPI Platform Specific Model")

This PSM has the same level of information as the matching part of the PIM. It must be understood as a model that deals with the necessary information to figure out the cross-referencing of the AMSM model with the HPI model, thus allowing the use of the HPI API within an AMSM service implementation.

Obviously, this PSM cannot be implemented when the "Hardware System Management profile" is not present.

The "IDL PSM," "CIM PSM," and "DCPS/f PSM" are known as the "Core PSMs."

Subsequently, the following rules applies to a compliant implementation (the key words "MUST" and "MAY" in this paragraph are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119):

- The "Normal profile" MUST be implemented (i.e., the software part is mandatory).
- The other profiles MAY be implemented (i.e, Hardware, Load Balancing, Fault Tolerance, and maximum control capabilities are optional but compatible).
- The "XML PSM" MUST be implemented (i.e, XML is mandatory).
- At least one of the "Core PSMs" MUST be implemented (i.e., the AMSM service is always accessible through IDL, CIM, or DCPS interfaces).
- When one of the "Core PSMs" is implemented, the other PSM belonging to the "Core PSMs" set MAY be implemented (i.e., IDL, CIM, and DCPS/f PSM are compatible).
- The "HPI PSM" MAY be implemented if and only if the "Hardware System Management profile" is also implemented (i.e., the use of HPI is optional, dependent of the hardware profile and compatible with other profiles).
- The "DCPS/m PSM" MAY be implemented when the "DCPS/f PSM" is not implemented (i.e., it is possible but not required because there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore the implementation of DDS/DCPS).

A summary of the aforementioned rules is provided in the following tables:

Table 2.1 Profile vs. Packages

		Profiles				
s I	Profile vs. Packages rules <sup>a</sup>	Normal	HW System Management	Fault Tolerance	Load Balancing	Maximum Control
	LW Logging	F	F	F	F	F
	AMSM Management	P (no HW, LB and FT elements)	+ HW elements	+ FT elements	+ LB elements	P
	Supported Application Model	F	F	F	F	F
ges	Application	P (no LB and FT elements)	P	+ FT elements	+ LB elements	+ opt. methods
Packages	Application Spec	P (no LB and FT elements)	P	+ FT elements	+ LB elements	P
	Application Deployment	F	F	F	F	F
	Application Deployment Spec.	F	F	F	F	F
	Logical Hardware	P (classes for hosts)	F	P	P	P
	Logical Hardware Spec.	/	F	/	/	/

- a. Table legend:
  - A At least one among them must be implemented
  - P Partial
  - F Full

Table 2.2 Profiles vs. Implementation

Profiles vs. Implementation rules		Profiles	ofiles			
		Normal	HW System Management	Fault Tolerance	Load Balancing	Maximum Control
Implementation	Must	X				
Implem	May		X	X	X	X

Table 2.3 Implementation vs. PSMs

Implementation vs.		Implementation		
PSMs rules		Must	May	
		XML	X	
	Core	IDL	At least one among them	
PSMs	PSMs	CIM		
PS		DCPS/f		
		DCPS/m		X
		HPI		X

## 3 Normative References

The following normative documents contain provisions, which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.

- [CIM] CIM Schema, DMTF, V2.9.0. 5 Jan, 2005.
- [CIMMOF] CIM 2.2 Specification, DMTF, 14 June 1999. (DSP0004).
- [CIMHTTP] CIM Operations over HTTP, DMTF, V1.1.6 January, 2003. (DSP0200).
- [CIMXML] Representation of CIM in XML, DMTF, V2.1.2 May, 2002. (DSP0201).
- [CORBA] Common Object Request Broker Architecture: Core Specification, OMG, V3.0.3 (formal/04-03-12).

- [D&C] Deployment and Configuration of Component-based Distributed Applications, OMG, V4.0 (formal/06-04-02).
- [DDS] Data Distribution Service for Real-time Systems Specification, OMG, V1.0, (formal/04-12-02).
- [HPI] Hardware Platform Interface Specification, SA Forum, HPI-B-01.01 January, 2005.
- [JEE5] Java Enterprise Edition v5.0, Sun Microsystems.
- [LWLOG] Lightweight Logging Service, OMG (formal/05-02-02).
- [REGEXP] Chapter 9, "Regular Expressions" of the *Base Definitions volume* of IEEE Std 1003.1-2001. <a href="http://www.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/009695399/basedefs/xbd">http://www.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/009695399/basedefs/xbd</a> chap09.html.
- [SNMP] Simple Network Management Protocol.
- [WBEM] The Web Based Enterprise Management Initiative. See the latest version available at <a href="http://www.dmtf.org/standards/wbem/">http://www.dmtf.org/standards/wbem/</a>.
- [XMLSchema] XML Schema, W3C Recommendation, 28 October 2004. Latest version at <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-schema-2/">http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-schema-2/</a>.

## 4 Terms and Definitions

## 4.1 General Definitions

Architecture Board (AB) - The OMG plenary that is responsible for ensuring the technical merit and MDA-compliance of RFPs and their submissions.

**Board of Directors (BoD)** - The OMG body that is responsible for adopting technology.

**Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)** - An OMG distributed computing platform specification that is independent of implementation languages.

Common Warehouse Metamodel (CWM) - An OMG specification for data repository integration.

**CORBA Component Model (CCM)** - An OMG specification for an implementation language independent distributed component model.

Interface Definition Language (IDL) - An OMG and ISO standard language for specifying interfaces and associated data structures.

*Mapping* - Specification of a mechanism for transforming the elements of a model conforming to a particular metamodel into elements of another model that conforms to another (possibly the same) metamodel.

*Metadata* - Data that represents models. For example, a UML model; a CORBA object model expressed in IDL; and a relational database schema expressed using CWM.

**Metamodel** - A model of models.

*Meta Object Facility (MOF)* - An OMG standard, closely related to UML, that enables metadata management and language definition.

**Model** - A formal specification of the function, structure and/or behavior of an application or system.

**Model Driven Architecture (MDA)** - An approach to IT system specification that separates the specification of functionality from the specification of the implementation of that functionality on a specific technology platform.

**Normative** – Provisions that one must conform to in order to claim compliance with the standard. (as opposed to non-normative or informative which is explanatory material that is included in order to assist in understanding the standard and does not contain any provisions that must be conformed to in order to claim compliance).

*Normative Reference* – References that contain provisions that one must conform to in order to claim compliance with the standard that contains said normative reference.

**Platform** - A set of subsystems/technologies that provide a coherent set of functionality through interfaces and specified usage patterns that any subsystem that depends on the platform can use without concern for the details of how the functionality provided by the platform is implemented.

**Platform Independent Model (PIM)** - A model of a subsystem that contains no information specific to the platform, or the technology that is used to realize it.

**Platform Specific Model (PSM)** - A model of a subsystem that includes information about the specific technology that is used in the realization of it on a specific platform, and hence possibly contains elements that are specific to the platform.

**Request for Proposal (RFP)** - A document requesting OMG members to submit proposals to the OMG's Technology Committee. Such proposals must be received by a certain deadline and are evaluated by the issuing task force.

**Task Force (TF)** - The OMG Technology Committee subgroup responsible for issuing an RFP and evaluating submission(s).

**Technology Committee (TC)** - The body responsible for recommending technologies for adoption to the BoD. There are two TCs in OMG – *Platform TC* (PTC), that focuses on IT and modeling infrastructure related standards; and *Domain TC* (DTC), that focus on domain specific standards.

*Unified Modeling Language (UML)* - An OMG standard language for specifying the structure and behavior of systems. The standard defines an abstract syntax and a graphical concrete syntax.

*UML Profile* - A standardized set of extensions and constraints that tailors UML to particular use.

XML Metadata Interchange (XMI) - An OMG standard that facilitates interchange of models via XML documents.

## 4.2 Definitions Specific to this Specification

**Application** - The set of one or more Executable Software Elements that perform a defined set of functionality. An Application is a structural construct that defines the set of elements that need to be executed to provide the desired functionality. Starting (and stopping) an Application results in configuring and starting (or stopping) the defined set of Executable Software Elements.

**Application Model** - The platform required by the application (e.g. process model and container model) or supported by part of the system topology.

**Application Specification** - The generalized configuration information for the set of Executable Software Elements that make up the Application. This information includes configuration settings common across software elements.

**Configuration** - The set of deployment information such as parameters, rules, and hardware resources needed to support control and monitoring of an application.

**Deployment Configuration** - A defined set of Software Systems, Applications, and/or Executable Software Elements with explicit parameterization and host mapping for each of the Executable Software Elements (including the executable software elements that comprise the Applications and Software Systems). This defines a static software-to-hardware mapping. A Deployment Configuration may map to an Executable Software Element, an Application, a Software System, or may contain a combination of Executable Software Elements, Applications, and/or Software Systems. Note: future RFPs will define Deployment Configurationsto support dynamic configurations that allow the specific set of Executable Software Elements, parameterization, and host mappings to be determined at run-time.

**Executable Software Element** - An executable program or equivalent (script, .jar file, single executable CORBA component, etc.) that is be directly managed (i.e., started, stopped, configured, and monitored) by the application management service. This does not include elements such as libraries, which are not executed by themselves.

**Executable Software Element Specification** - The generalized configuration information for an Executable Software Element, including hardware and OS requirements, information on how to start and stop the software element (e.g., how and where to load the software element, the model [process, container and type of container] the element conforms to, how to configure environment variables and arguments, pre-configuration commands and checks, post-configuration commands and checks).

Host - A computing element of the system topology on which an Executable Software Element can run.

**Node** - A processing unit such as a server, a workstation or a tightly coupled collection of processor boards within e.g., a VME rack (VME is a flexible open-ended bus system which makes use of the Eurocard standard).

*Service Infrastructure* - A set of run-time Executable Software Elements and support files that provide the application management service functionality.

**Software System** - A set of one or more Applications or Software Systems that operate together to provide a higher level set of functionality. A Software System is a structural construct that defines a hierarchical view of the Software Systems and Applications that need to be run to provide the desired higher level functionality. Starting (and stopping) a Software System results in configuring and starting (or stopping) the set of Executable Software Elements defined in each of the Applications under the top-level Software System or under any level of the included Software Systems.

**Software System Specification** - The generalized configuration information for the set of Software Systems and Applications that make up the Software System. This information includes configuration settings common across all software systems, applications, and software elements.

**System Infrastructure** - The set of elements such as computers, processors, communication networks. The infrastructure includes both hardware as well as software.

**System Topology** - The set of computing, storage, and network components on which the application management services and the Executable Software Elements being managed will run.

**System Topology Specifications** - Information on the expected system topology including network connectivity, hardware resources, and operating system configuration.

## 4.3 Acronyms and Abbreviations

AIS Application Interface Specification

A standard for application management, developed by the SA Forum

AMS The trigram used before the name of the classes and associations specifically designed for this specification

(i.e., not get from DMTF/CIM).

**AMSM** The name of this specification and of the technical services.

CIM Common Information Model

A standard for system administration developed by DMTF

CMIP Common Management Information Protocol

CMS (Naval) Combat Management System

CORBA Common Object Request Broker Architecture

**DCOM** Distributed Component Object Model

**DCPS** Data-Centric Publish-Subscribe

**DDS** Data Distribution Service

**DMI** Desktop Management Interface

**DMTF** Distributed Management Task Force (cf. <u>www.dmtf.org</u>)

**ESE** Executable Software Element

FRU Field Replaceable Unit

HPI Hardware Platform Interface

A standard for hardware elements management, developed by the SA Forum

HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol
LWLOG Lightweight Logging Service
MIB Management Information Base

MOF Managed Object Format (not to be confused with Meta Object Facility)

Textual notation used by DMTF to represent CIM models

**OM** Object Manager

OMG Object Management Group (cf. www.omg.org)

**OP** Object Provider

**RFP** Request For Proposal

SA Forum Service Availability Forum (cf. www.saforum.org)

SMS Systems Management Specification

Future combination of HPI and AIS, to be developed by the SA Forum

**SNMP** Simple network Management Protocol

UML Unified Modeling Language

W3C World Wide Web Consortium (cf. www.w3c.org)

WBEM Web-Based Enterprise Management
XML eXtensible Mark-up Language

# 5 Symbols

There are no symbols applicable in this specification.

## 6 Additional Information

## 6.1 Overall Design Rationale

## 6.1.1 Design Overview

The design of the specification follows the following principles:

- Maximum use possible of existing standard DMTF CIM. The CIM is a widely accepted standard for management of
  software and hardware systems. As such, it is deemed to form a good basis for CMS AMSM standardization. The
  specification selects the subset of CIM relevant for the CMS domain and extends it where needed.
- Inclusion of HPI-based hardware monitoring as optional PSM. This is motivated by the fact that CIM does not model hardware elements to the detail level required by AMSM RFP.
- A set of PSMs covering a variety of platform technologies: CORBA, DDS/DCPS, XML, DMTF CIM Managed Object Format (MOF), HPI.
- A hierarchical 3-level model of software systems, applications and software executable elements.
- A division between design-time and run-time information of software and hardware entities.
- · A flexible deployment model allowing user defined conditions and actions to be defined.

The following sections provide an introduction to CIM and HPI which form the basis of the specification.

## 6.1.2 CIM Overview

This is a PIM based upon a standard which exists in the world of commercial Enterprise Management Systems, the DMTF Common Information Model [CIM]. CIM provides a standard set of object oriented models in UML and the Managed Object Format [MOF] which cover a large variety of devices and can be extended as required for adding new features on an evolving base of models. The MOF language is based upon IDL.

CIM is a standard within the Web Based Enterprise Management [WBEM] framework of the DMTF. The goal of WBEM is to unify management of distributed heterogeneous computing systems. This is accomplished by defining a comprehensive and extensible information model of system components, an encoding of CIM in XML [CIMXML], and the transport of CIM via HTTP [CIMHTTP].

The CIM schemas are updated on a continuing basis to extend support to new areas and to refine models as experience is gained. The MOF specification defines the basic language and rules of constructing CIM schemas. MOF is revised on a much less frequent basis than the CIM schemas.

Utilizing models based upon CIM provides a large base of existing and proven models for basic enterprise management to build from, as well as a framework for extending and creating new models to meet the requirements. In addition, using CIM/WBEM provides a means of integrating a CMS management system with standard COTS enterprise and network management systems.

CIM models a software or hardware system as a collection of component models connected via associations. A specific instance of a system is modeled as a collection of instances of component models and associations. A specific instance of a model is identified by the set of KEY attributes of the model. The MOF standard defines a URI syntax to identify a specific instance of a modeled component.

Although CIM models can be visualized in UML, the definition of the basic language of CIM schemas is found in the [MOF] specification. Few of the details of MOF syntax are required for understanding this specification. However, there are several features of MOF which are somewhat unusual and do effect the specification. One of the important features is a restriction in MOF that a derived class can only define new KEY attributes if the superclass does not already contain KEY attributes.

The large variety of models in the base CIM schemas is both a strength and a weakness of CIM. There is usually more than one way (and frequently several ways) to model a given system in CIM, and deciding on the particular schemas to use can be a challenge. In this specification, we have made choices on which subset of CIM models to use. In many cases, other CIM models could just as well be used to meet the requirements.

All models within this specification are derived from standard CIM schemas. As such, we do not list all inherited attributes and methods of the base CIM schemas as they are detailed in [CIM]. We only provide an exhaustive list of attributes and methods for classes which are extensions defined in this specification.

## 6.1.3 HPI Overview

The SA Forum Hardware Platform Interface (HPI) specifies a generic mechanism to monitor and control highly available systems. The ability to monitor and control these systems is provided through a consistent, platform independent set of programmatic interfaces. The HPI specification provides data structures and functional definitions to interact with manageable subsets of a platform or system.

The HPI allows applications and middleware ("HPI User") to access and manage hardware components via a standardized interface. Its primary goal is to allow for portability of HPI User code across a variety of hardware platforms.

In essence, the HPI model is comprised of four basic concepts – Sessions, Domains, Resources, and Entities – each of which is described briefly below.

#### 6.1.3.1 HPI Entities

Starting at the basic foundation of the HPI model, entities represent the physical components of the system. Each entity has a unique identifier, called entity path, which is defined by the component's location in the physical containment hierarchy of the system.

An entity's manageability is modeled in HPI by management instruments, which are defined in resource data records associated with the entity. These management instruments are the mechanisms by which HPI Users control and receive information about the state of the system.

Entity management via the HPI may include any combination of the following functions:

- Reading values related to the operation or health of a component. This ability is modeled as a "Sensors" associated with the entity.
- Controlling aspects of the operation of a component. This ability is modeled as a "Controls" associated with the entity, plus special functions to control the powering and resetting of a component.

- Reporting inventory and static configuration data. This data is reported as a the "Inventory Data Repository" associated with the entity.
- Operating watchdog timers on components. Watchdog timers may cause implementation-defined actions to occur when the timers expire. The ability to operate watchdog timers is modeled via "Watchdog Timers" associated with the entity.
- Announcing status and fault condition information on a component. This ability is modeled as an "Annunciators" associated with the entity.

## 6.1.3.2 HPI Resources

Resources provide management access to the entities within the system. Each resource is responsible for managing and presenting to the HPI User the entities that it is managing. Additionally, resources may provide the following functions:

- Monitoring and controlling the insertion and removal of components in the system as it operates. This is reported through the interface as "Hot Swap" events and controlled via a set of "Hot Swap" functions.
- Storing a historical log of resource events for later retrieval. This storage and retrieval mechanism is modeled as a "Resource Event Log" contained in the resource.
- Updating management parameters, storing new parameters in non-volatile storage.

Figure 6.1 shows an example of the relations between HPI resources and entities. In this example:

- The boxes in the middle represent the basic "attributes" and "interfaces" which are called "Resource Data Records" in HPI.
- Blue boxes (with italicized text) represent inventory data (product id, serial number, etc.) which is practically mandatory for any entity.
- Green boxes (with underlined text) in represent sensors.
- Red boxes (with bold text) represent controllers.
- The tree structure on the right represents the entities, with their relative position. This is represented in HPI by the "entity path."
- The yellow circles on the left represent the resources, and the arrows show which "data record" is associated with each resource.

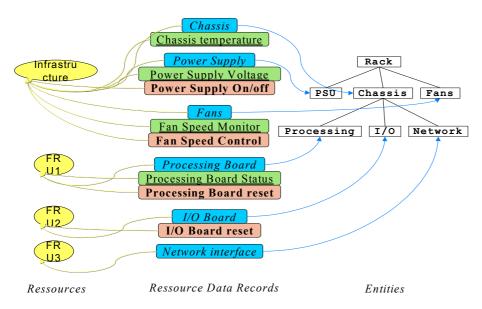


Figure 6.1 - Example of HPI Resources and Entities

#### 6.1.4 HPI Domains

The HPI view of a system is divided into one or more domains, where a domain provides access to some set of the resources within the system. A domain represents some part of the system that is capable of being managed by an HPI User; many systems may have a single domain, whereas systems that have areas dedicated to separate tasks, for example, may manage these through separate domains. Additionally, domains provide the following functions:

- Forwarding resource generated events. Events generated by resources within a domain are disseminated to HPI Users that are subscribed to receive domain events.
- Storing a historical log of events from the resources in the domain for later retrieval. This storage and retrieval mechanism is modeled as a "Domain Event Log" contained in the domain.
- Monitoring and controlling the insertion and removal of components in the system as it operates. This is reported
  through the interface as "Hot Swap" events, and reflected in a Resource Presence Table (RPT) accessible via the
  domain.
- Maintaining a table of current fault conditions within the domain.
- Maintaining a table of peer and/or tiered domains associated with the domain.

## 6.1.4.1 HPI Sessions

Sessions provide access to an HPI implementation. This is accomplished by opening an HPI session within a domain; one HPI User can have multiple sessions open at once, and there can be multiple concurrent open sessions within a domain. It is intended that, in future releases, access control to the HPI will be performed at the session level to allow sessions to have different permission settings. Sessions also provide access to events that originate in the domain for which the session was opened.

## 6.1.4.2 HPI versus CIM Physical Elements

HPI entities represent the physical components of the system, and correspond to CIM Physical Elements. The information provided by the "entity path" is equivalent to the information provided by CIM "Location" class and "ConntainedLocation" relation.

In CIM, the hierarchical view based on physical assembly is optional, whereas it is mandatory in HPI.

This AMSM standard requests that the hierarchical view be based on physical assembly, to the extent needed to identify and locate the Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) which comprise a computer system.

The definition of an FRU is common to the CIM and HPI: an FRU is a physical element that may be easily removed, added, or replaced while the system is in operation, with minimal impact on the operational capability.

The identification of FRUs which comprise a computer system may be defined statically or discovered dynamically. Both approaches are allowed; the comparison between a "discovered" and an "expected" configuration is not required to be accomplished by the implementation, but the implementation should allow the application software to carry out this comparison (and, for example, an application can decide if a mismatch between the "discovered" and "expected" configuration is to be considered as a computer system fault, or just a restriction on the set of possible configurations.

In operational conditions, for the type of systems in the scope of this AMSM standard, it is not necessarily required to retrieve detailed diagnostics about each FRU. A basic requirement, in case of computer system malfunction, is to identify which FRU is to be replaced.

#### 6.1.4.3 Standardization concern

This AMSM specification is based on standardization efforts within DMTF and the SA-Forum, leveraging consistencies and complementarities between their respective CIM and HPI standards. These are ongoing standardization efforts and are expected to evolve and change after the time of writing this specification – the version of these standards used in this specification are listed in the Normative Reference section. The authors are aware of these non-OMG standardization activities, and are committed to avoiding overlap, and where overlap is needed, to ensure consistency with the OMG AMSM standard.

## 6.2 Changes or extensions required to adopted OMG specifications

No changes to UML 2.0 or other OMG specifications are required.

## 6.3 Acknowledgements

- · Progeny Systems Corporation
- SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI)
- THALES
- · Themis Computer

# 7 Platform Independent Model (PIM)

## 7.1 General View

## 7.1.1 Packages

In order to break down the overall model in a modular way such that interdependencies and complexity are minimized, two dimensions were considered:

- 1. Hardware vs. Software vs. Deployment (i.e., Software on Hardware).
- 2. Run-Time (monitoring) classes vs. Specification Classes.

Based on that reflection, concepts could have been gathered either under three packages: hardware, software, and deployment; or under two packages: run-time and specification. Yet, each of these modeling methods would have been partial and biased.

Hence, this specification keeps at the same root level all the packages implied: run-time hardware ("Logical Hardware"), specification hardware ("Logical Hardware Specification" package), run-time software ("Application" package), specification software ("Application Specification" package), run-time deployment ("Application Deployment" package), and specification deployment ("Application Deployment Specification" package).

Yet these packages can still be spread on the two previous dimensions, as shown in the table:

Package	Hardware	Software	Deployment
Run-Time	Logical Hardware	Application	Application Deployment
Specification	Logical Hardware Specification	Application Specification	Application Deployment Specification

## Issue 13061 - Clarify inheritance of CIM classes

The PIM reuses also several classes from [CIM]. This reuse is done by defining classes that match CIM classes in a specific package called "CIM". These CIM classes are a subset of the classes defined by the CIM standard and their attributes and associations are also a subset of the attributes and associations defined in the CIM standard. Thus, when an AMSM class inherits from a CIM class, it inherits just the attributes and associations that have deemed as useful in the context of C4I systems.

The following graph shows all packages of the AMSM service.

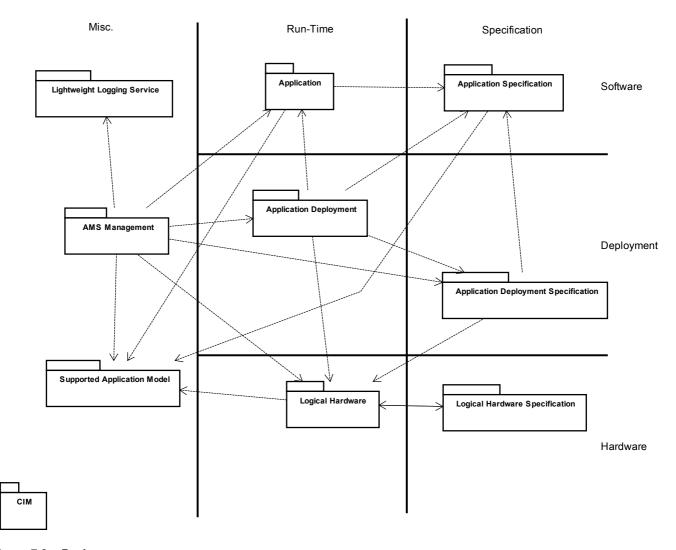


Figure 7.2 - Packages

In the next section, each of these packages will be specified in turn.

#### 7.1.2 Conventions

## 7.1.2.1 Naming convention

Issue 13248 - The construction of global names of an instance is unclear

In order to give a normalized global name to instantiations of the classes of this model, the AMSM service uses a naming convention that is based on specific attributes and associations of the class of the considered element. In the models shown hereafter, an UML constraint ("key") have been used to mark these specific attributes and associations.

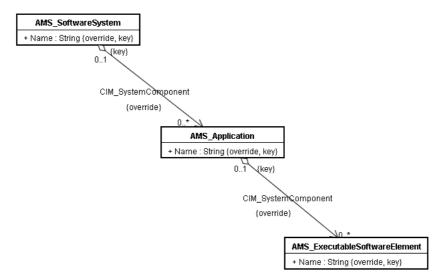
As already stated, the owner classes of a class can be found by going backward on associations whose other end is constrained as "key".

The global name of an instance I of a class B is thus given by the following rules:

- If i has no owner, its global name is given by its only attribute marked as "{key}" with the following syntax: "<className>.<attributeName>=<Value>". The value of a key attribute shall be unique for all the instances of a given class.
- Else, the global name of i is constructed by concatenating:
  - the global name of its owner,
  - the letter ":" (ASCII code 58), and
  - the only attribute of i marked as "{key}" with the following syntax: "<className>.<attributeName>=<Value>"...

## Example 1:

Considering the following excerpt of the PIM and an Executable Software Element named "ESE" residing in an application named "App" which resides in a system named "System" with doesn't reside in any other system.



Thus, the global name of the system is "AMS\_SoftwareSystem.Name=System" (no "owner", key attribute "Name"), the global name of the application is "AMS\_SoftwareSystem.Name=System:AMS\_Application.Name=App" (Owner given by the key association "CIM\_SystemComponent", key attribute "Name"), and the global name of the Executable Software Element is "AMS\_SoftwareSystem.Name=System:

AMS\_Application.Name=App:AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement=ESE" (Owner given by the key association "CIM\_SystemComponent", key attribute "Name").

## Example 2:

In the same context, an Executable Software Element named "ESE" residing in an application named "test2" which resides in a second application name "test1" in a system named "test1" with doesn't reside in any other system.

The global name of ESE is: "AMS\_SoftwareSystem.Name=test1: AMS\_Application.Name=test1: AMS\_Application.Name=test2: AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement=ESE".

#### 7.1.2.2 Other constraints

The constraint {override} denotes an attribute or a method inherited from CIM and which multiplicity and/or type have been modified accordingly to the DMTF CIM rules.

The constraints {optional MC}, {optional FTM}, {optional LBM} and {optional HSM} indicate an item that belongs to one of the non-mandatory profiles (cf. Chapter 2): MC for the "Maximum Control profile," FTM for the "Fault Tolerance Management profile," LBM for the "Load Balancing Management profile," and HSM for the "Hardware System Management profile."

Note – For the sake of clarity, associations between optional classes are not noted as optionals but <u>are</u> optionals.

## 7.1.2.3 Data types

The following table defines the data types used in the specification and that are not classes:

Data type	Definition	Comment
Collection <type></type>	A collection of the "Type"	"Type" is a data type or a class. This data type does not preclude any implementation style.
datetime	String of 25 chars of the format yyyymmddhhmmss.mmmmmmsutc where: yyyy is 4 digit year mm is month dd is day hh is 24 hr hour ss is seconds mmmmmm is number of microseconds s is "+" or "-" sign of the offset from utc or ":" if the offset is meaningless,(such as in an interval of time) utc is the offset in minutes	This type is used for all dates.
String	UCS-2 string	ISO/IEC 10646 encoding form: Universal Character Set coded in 2 octets.
uint8	at most 8 bits long unsigned integer	
uint16	at most 16 bits long unsigned integer	
uint32	at most 32 bits long unsigned integer	
uint64	at most 64 bits long unsigned integer	

#### 7.1.2.4 Eluded operations definitions

Some operations need to be typed as collection of known classes. In these cases, the data type "Collection<*Type*>" will be used.

In order to simplify diagrams and to take into account all the specificities of the Platforms which are aimed by PSM, it will be considered that every attribute on a class goes with a mechanism allowing a client to get and set the value of this attribute.

This mechanism could be a couple of get/set methods (CORBA/IDL PSM) or a generic mechanism induced by the PSM itself (DMTF/CIM PSM and DDS/DCPS PSM).

In the same way, all compositions from a class stereotyped as <<enum>> go with a get/set mechanism.

Furthermore, all other associations between classes, which are not stereotyped as <<enum>>, go with a mechanism allowing to get the collection of elements associated with others.

In the rest of this chapter, "CIM" is referring to the DMTF CIM (Common Information Model), "MOF" to the DMTF CIM MOF (Managed Object Format) and "CIM documentation" to [CIM].

## 7.2 AMS Management Package

The "AMS Management" package holds the main entry points of the AMSM service: the AMS\_ConfManagement, AMS HWManagement, AMS DeploymentConfManagement, AMS SystemManagement,

AMS\_ApplicationManagement, AMS\_ESEManagement, AMS\_LoadBalancingManagement, and

AMS\_RedundancyGroupManagement classes. These interfaces allow to get status and to subscribe to status changes. This subscription on hardware or software status changes implies callbacks and information on it. These data are gathered in the AMS \*Indication and AMS \*Status classes.

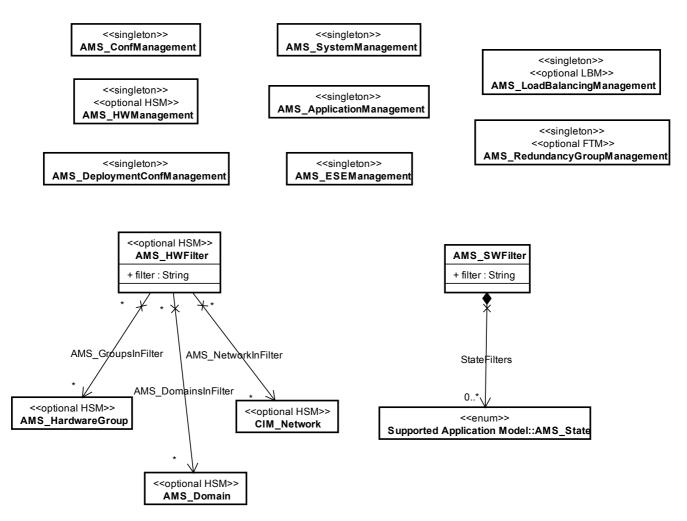


Figure 7.3 - AMS Management class

This diagram displays:

- The 8 classes that provide the entry points of the AMSM service with the operations that give access to the remainder of the model (these operations are not shown in the diagram for clarity):
  - · AMS HWManagement and AMS PhysicalHWManagement for hardware
  - AMS\_DeploymentConfManagement for the deployment configurations
  - AMS SystemManagement for systems
  - AMS ApplicationManagement for applications
  - AMS\_ESEManagement for executable software Elements
  - AMS LoadBalancingManagement for load balancing groups
  - AMS\_RedundancyGroupManagement for redundancy groups
- The two classes that model filter parameters in some operations of preceding classes:

- · AMS SWFilter for filters on software
- · AMS HWFilter for filters on hardware

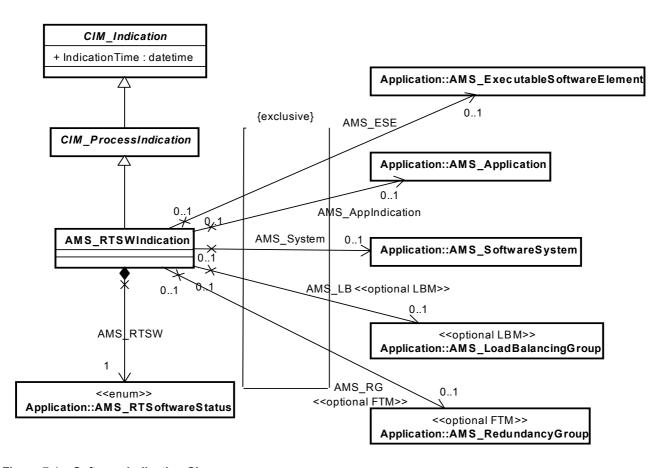


Figure 7.4 - Software Indication Class

In the previous diagram, the AMS\_RTSWIndication class gathers the data returned when the state of software changes. Such information deals with the state of an instance of one of the following classes ("exclusive" constraint):

- · an executable software element
- · an application
- · a system
- · a load balancing group
- · a redundancy group

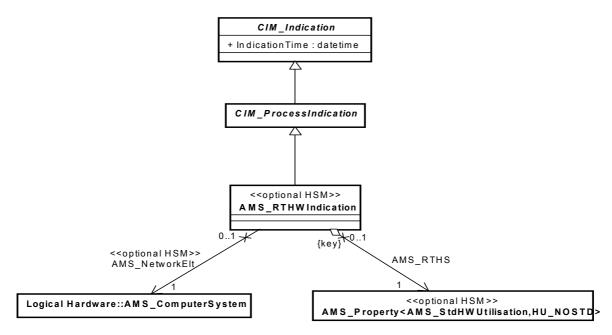


Figure 7.5 - Hardware Indication Class

In this diagram, the AMS\_RTHWIndication class gathers the data returned when the state of computers (AMS\_ComputerSystem) changes.

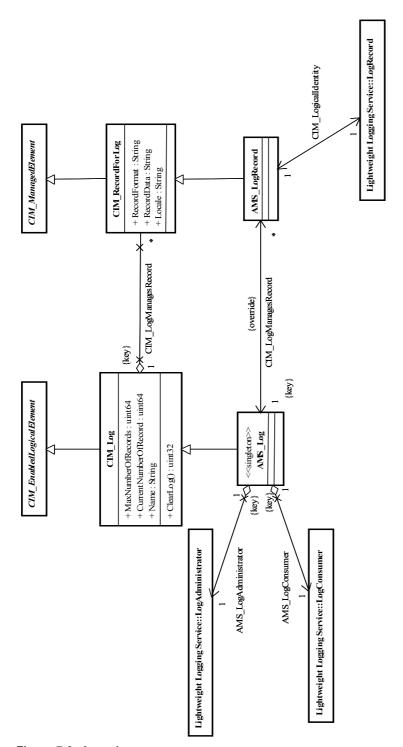


Figure 7.6 - Log class

This last diagram displays the log model of the AMSM service. This log model uses fully the interfaces of the lightweight log service (cf. [LWLOG]).

### 7.2.1 AMS\_ApplicationManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the application information. Its operations allow:

- Subscription to periodic state updates of some applications.
- Subscription to the change of state of some applications.
- An access to other interfaces for a more specific view on executable software elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetApplication	return type	Collection <ams_application></ams_application>
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
SubscribeApplicationStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeApplicationStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.2.1.1 GetApplication (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation returns all applications that match the specified filter.

### 7.2.1.2 SubscribeApplicationStatus ( delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID : uint32 )

This operation subscribes to periodic status updates of applications that match the specified "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS\_RTSWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the "filter" parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.1.3 SubscribeApplicationStatusChange (filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the status modifications of applications which match the specified "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS\_RTSWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

### 7.2.1.4 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation removes a previous subscription.

This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous..

### 7.2.2 AMS\_ConfManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the loading and unloading of configuration files.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
LoadConfiguration	return type	uint16
	file	String
UnloadConfiguration	return type	uint16
	file	String
GetLastError	return type	AMS_ErrorStruct

### 7.2.2.1 LoadConfiguration (file: String)

This operation loads a configuration file. This configuration file must conform to the XML PSM (cf. section 2.6).

Issue 13233 - Error return values missing for LoadConfiguration and UnloadConfiguration

This operation shall return AMS NOK if it doesn't work properly (see log for more information).

#### 7.2.2.2 UnloadConfiguration (file: String)

This operation unloads a configuration file. This configuration file must have been loaded previously through the LoadConfiguration method.

Issue 13233 - Error return values missing for LoadConfiguration and UnloadConfiguration

This operation shall return AMS\_NOK if it doesn't work properly (see log for more information).

#### 7.2.2.3 GetLastError ()

This operation gives a description of the last error that occurred.

Special cares have to be taken by implementations in order to deal with multi-threading issues.

### 7.2.3 AMS\_DeploymentConfManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the deployment configuration information. Its operations allow:

• access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetDeploymentConfiguration	return type	Collection <ams_deploymentconfiguration></ams_deploymentconfiguration>

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.2.3.1 GetDeploymentConfiguration ()

This operation returns all deployment configurations.

### 7.2.4 AMS\_ErrorStruct

This structure models the error as returned by the AMS\_ConfManagement::GetLastError method.

The attributes give:

- · A string message
- An error number (the errno of POSIX on POSIX systems) if available (-1 if not)
- An uint16 with the code of the error (cf. Section 7.13.1)
- The element that caused the error referenced by a string that contains the full name of this element. When an action fails to be executed, this attributes gives a reference to the CIM\_Action that actually fails.

Attributes	Туре
Message	String
Number	uint16
Code	uint16
Element	String

### 7.2.5 AMS\_ESEManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the executable software element information. Its operations allow:

- subscription to periodic state updates of some executable software elements,
- subscription to the change of state of some executable software elements, and

• access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetESE	return type	Collection <ams_executablesoftwareelement></ams_executablesoftwareelement>
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
SubscribeESEStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeESEStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
ShutdownESE	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
GetESESpec	return type	Collection <ams_esespec></ams_esespec>
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32

The following sections review the operation in detail.

### 7.2.5.1 GetESE (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation returns all executable software elements that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.5.2 GetESESpec()

This operation returns all executable software elements specifications.

### 7.2.5.3 ShutDownESE (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation shuts down all executable software elements that match the specified filter.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

### 7.2.5.4 SubscribeESEStatus (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID : uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the executable software elements matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS\_RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.5.5 SubscribeESEStatusChange (filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the executable software elements matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

### 7.2.5.6 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous...

### 7.2.6 AMS\_HWFilter Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The AMS HWFilter class models filters on hardware items.

The attributes are:

- A string containing a regular expression on the name of the hardware items (basic regular expression as described in [REGEXP]).
- Some hardware groups in which the hardware must be found.
- Some domains in which the hardware must be found.
- Some networks in which network links and network elements must be found.

Attributes	Туре	
Filter	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_GroupsInFilter	**	AMS_HardwareGroup
AMS_DomainsInFilter	**	AMS_Domain
AMS_NetworkInFilter	* *	CIM_Network

# 7.2.7 AMS\_HWManagement Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. This class is the interface to access the logical hardware information. Its operations allow:

- subscription to periodical state updates of some logical hardware,
- subscription to the change of state of some logical hardware, and
- access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetNetworkLinks	return type	Collection <cim_protocolendpoint></cim_protocolendpoint>
	filter	AMS_HWFilter
SubscribeNetworkLoadChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_HWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeNetworkLoad	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_HWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
CreateHardwareGroup	return type	uint16
	location	CIM_Location
	connectivity	String
	devices	String
	out group	AMS_HardwareGroup
GetAllLocations	return type	Collection <cim_location></cim_location>
SubscribeHWStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_HWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeHWStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_HWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32

Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32
GetComputerSystems	return type	Collection <ams_computersystem></ams_computersystem>
GetHardwareGroups	return type	Collection <ams_hardwaregroup></ams_hardwaregroup>
GetNetworks	return type	Collection <cim_network></cim_network>
GetDomains	return type	Collection <ams_domain></ams_domain>

# 7.2.7.1 CreateHardwareGroup ( location: CIM\_Location, connectivity: String, devices: String, out group: AMS\_HardwareGroup )

This operation creates a hardware group from:

- · a physical location
- subnets (parameter "connectivity")
- device types (parameter "devices")

It shall return:

- AMS BADCONNECTIVITY if the 'connectivity' parameter is wrong.
- AMS\_BADDEVICES if the 'devices' parameter is wrong,

#### 7.2.7.2 GetAllLocations ()

This operation returns all locations known by the AMSM service.

#### 7.2.7.3 GetNetworkLinks (filter: AMS HWFilter)

This operation returns all network links that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.7.4 SubscribeHWStatus (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_HWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the hardware items matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS\_RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

### 7.2.7.5 SubscribeHWStatusChange (filter: AMS\_HWFilter, out subscriptionID : uint32 )

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the hardware items matching with "filter."

<sup>&</sup>quot;subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.7.6 SubscribeNetworkLoad (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_HWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to periodic updates of the network load elements matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

This operations returns a collection of AMS\_RTHWIndication.

This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.7.7 SubscribeNetworkLoadChange (filter: AMS\_HWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the load of the network elements matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

### 7.2.7.8 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous.

#### 7.2.7.9 GetComputerSystems(filter: AMS\_HWFilter)

This operation returns all computers that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.7.10 GetHardwareGroups(filter: AMS HWFilter)

This operation returns all hardware groups that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.7.11 GetNetworks(filter : AMS\_HWFilter)

This operation returns all networks that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.7.12 GetDomains(filter : AMS\_HWFilter)

This operation returns all domains that match the specified filter.

### 7.2.8 AMS\_LoadBalancingManagement Class

This class belongs to the "Load Balancing Management" profile.

This class is the interface to access the load balancing group information. Its operations allow:

• subscription to periodic state updates of some load balancing groups,

- · subscription to the change of state of some load balancing groups, and
- · access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetLB	return type	Collection <ams_loadbalancinggroup></ams_loadbalancinggroup>
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
SubscribeLBStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeLBStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32

#### 7.2.8.1 GetLB (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation returns all load balancing groups that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.8.2 SubscribeLBStatus (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the load balancing groups matching with "filter." "subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.8.3 SubscribeLBStatusChange (filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the load balancing groups matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

This operation returns a collection of AMS RTHWIndication.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.8.4 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous.

### 7.2.9 AMS\_Log Class

The class describes the log and its characteristics.

Since there is just one log per AMSM service, it is a singleton.

This class is an interface that permits to get the administrating and consuming interfaces of the normalized lightweight logging service.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_LogManagesRecord {override}	**	AMS_LogRecord
AMS_LogAdministrator	11	LogAdministrator
AMS_LogConsumer	11	LogConsumer

# 7.2.10 AMS\_LogRecord Class

The AMS\_LogRecord class is used to instantiate records to be aggregated to a Log. It is logically equivalent with a LogRecord of the Lightweight Logging Service.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_LogicalIdentity	11	LogRecord
CIM_LogManagesRecord {key} {override}	11	AMS_Log

### 7.2.11 AMS\_RTHWIndication Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The AMS\_RTHWIndication class gathers information on hardware status.

Its associations represent an AMS\_ComputerSystem and an AMS\_Property<AMS\_StdHWUtilisation,HU\_NONSTD>. The second is the status of the first.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_NetworkElt	11	AMS_ComputerSystem
AMS_RTHS	11	AMS_Property <ams_stdhwutilisation,hu_nonstd></ams_stdhwutilisation,hu_nonstd>

### 7.2.12 AMS\_RTSWIndication Class

The AMS\_RTSWIndication class gathers information on software status.

Its associations represent an AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement or an AMS\_Application or an AMS\_SoftwareSystem or an AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup or an AMS\_RedundancyGroup, and an AMS\_RTSoftwareStatus. The last is the status of one of the firsts.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_ESE	01	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
AMS_AppIndication	01	AMS_Application
AMS_System	01	AMS_SoftwareSystem
AMS_LB	01	AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
AMS_RG	01	AMS_RedundancyGroup
AMS_RTSW	11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus

### 7.2.13 AMS\_RedundancyGroupManagement Class

This class belongs to the "Fault Tolerance Management" profile. This class is the interface to access the redundancy group information. Its operations allow:

- subscription to periodical state updates of some redundancy groups,
- · subscription to the change of state of some redundancy groups, and
- · access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetRG	return type	Collection <ams_redundancygroup></ams_redundancygroup>
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
SubscribeRGStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeRGStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
out subscriptionID		uint32
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16

out of the state o
--

#### 7.2.13.1 GetRG (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation returns all redundancy groups that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.13.2 SubscribeRGStatus (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the redundancy groups matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

This operation returns a collection of AMS RTHWIndication.

This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

### 7.2.13.3 SubscribeRGStatusChange (filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the redundancy groups matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS\_RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.13.4 Unsubscribe ( subscriptionID: uint32 )

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous.

#### 7.2.14 AMS\_SAMManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the Supported Applications Models. Its operations allow:

• an access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetAllSAM	return type	Collection <ams_supportedapplicationmanagement></ams_supportedapplicationmanagement>

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.2.14.1 GetAIISAM ()

This operation returns all application models known by the AMSM service.

### 7.2.15 AMS\_SWFilter Class

The AMS\_SWFilter class models filters on software items.

The attributes or associations are:

- A string containing a regular expression on the name of the software items and/or a logical expression on attributes of ESE, applications or system (basic regular expression as described in [REGEXP]).
- · A list of required states.

Attributes Type		
Filter	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
StateFilters	0*	AMS_State

### 7.2.16 AMS\_SystemManagement Class

This class is the interface to access the system information. Its operations allow:

- subscription to periodic state updates of some systems,
- · subscription to the change of state of some systems, and
- access to other interfaces for a more specific view on elements.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
GetSystem	return type	Collection <ams_softwaresystem></ams_softwaresystem>
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
SubscribeSystemStatusChange	return type	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeSystemStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	filter	AMS_SWFilter
	out subscriptionID	uint32
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32

#### 7.2.16.1 GetSystem (filter: AMS\_SWFilter)

This operation returns all software systems that match the specified filter.

#### 7.2.16.2 SubscribeSystemStatus (delay: uint16, filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the software systems matching with "filter."

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The effect of this operation is subscription to AMS RTHWIndication class.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.16.3 SubscribeSystemStatusChange (filter: AMS\_SWFilter, out subscriptionID : uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the software systems matching with "filter".

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The data returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.

#### 7.2.16.4 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous.

# 7.3 Application Package

The "Application" package groups the classes needed to manage and monitor applications while they are running. The information needed to define (i.e., before runtime) applications has been put in the "Application Specification" package. Since some items needed to manage applications are defined beforehand, there are links from this package to the "Application Specification" package.

This package does not introduce the deployment aspects, which are included in the "Application Deployment" package.

Roughly, an application (AMS\_Application) is designed as a set of executable software elements and/or redundancy groups and/or load balanced groups. A redundancy group (AMS\_RedundancyGroup) gathers executable software elements which are executed in a redundant way. A load balancing group (AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup) gathers executable software elements, which are executed in a load, balanced way.

Each of these elements:

- Is linked to a specification (AMS ESESpec or AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec), which stores:
  - the information which were used for the creation of the element when deploying the software element specification, and
  - the information which will be needed later on for management (start, stop, etc.).

• Recognizes some management and monitoring interfaces.

Issue 13036 - HALTED as optional

Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

Issue 13226 - figure 7.8 invalid "optional LBM" stereotype

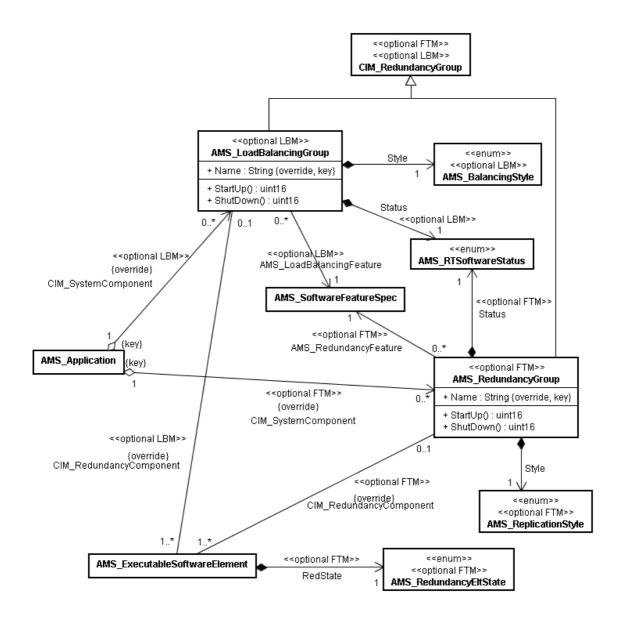


Figure 7.7 - Application class diagram (1/3)

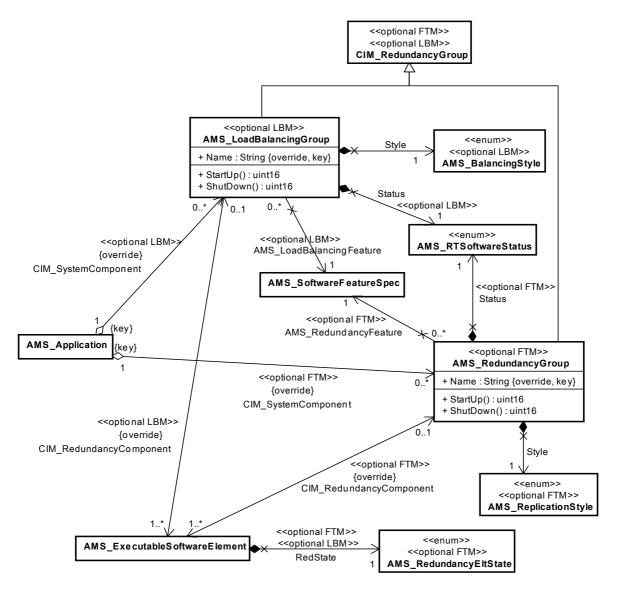


Figure 7.8 - Application Class diagram (2/3)

Moreover process and thread are designed through the CIM\_Process and CIM\_Thread classes. When a Unix operating system is involved, the CIM\_UnixProcess and CIM\_UnixThread classes are to be used.

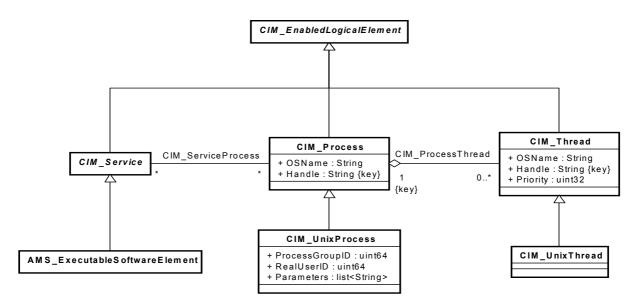


Figure 7.9 - Application class diagram (3/3)

The following instantiation diagram shows an example of such elements.

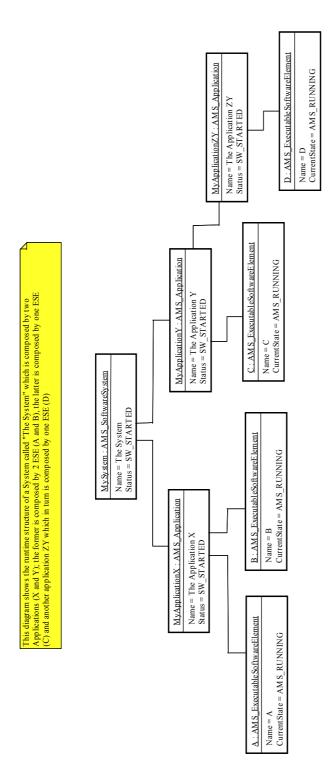


Figure 7.10 - Application instantiation

And the following sequence diagram shows an example of use of the API.

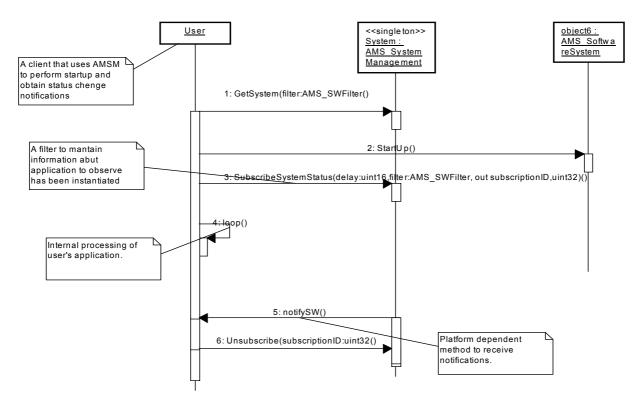


Figure 7.11 - Exemple of application start sequence

### 7.3.1 AMS\_Application Class

The AMS Application class models the applications.

It is a part of an AMS\_SoftwareSystem, may gather AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElements, AMS\_LoadBalancingGroups, and AMS\_RedundancyGroups and must be associated to the AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been used to create it and which refers to creation information.

It may also gather other AMS Applications with the association "AMS ApplicationOfApplication."

Its attributes are:

- A name which, with its CIM\_SoftwareSystem's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A status (started, stopped, or failed).

An AMS\_Application is an interface that allows to start, stop, and get the status of the application itself.

Attributes Type		
Name {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_SystemComponent {override}	0*	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement

CIM_SystemComponent {key} {override}	01	AMS_SoftwareSystem
AMS_ApplicationFeature	11	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
CIM_SystemComponent {override} < <optional ftm="">&gt;</optional>	0*	AMS_RedundancyGroup
AMS_ApplicationOfApplication {key}	01	AMS_Application
AMS_ApplicationOfApplication	0 *	AMS_Application
CIM_SystemComponent {override} < <optional lbm="">&gt;</optional>	0*	AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
Status	11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
StartUp	return type	uint16
ShutDown	return type	uint16

### 7.3.1.1 ShutDown ()

This operation shuts down the application. It shuts down all the executable software elements which belong to the application.

It shall return AMS\_SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements is then undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error, the executable software elements are in an unknown state.

#### 7.3.1.2 StartUp()

This operation starts up the application. It starts up all the executable software elements which belong to the application.

It shall return AMS\_STARTFAILED if at least one of the executable software element could not start. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error, the executable software elements are in an unknown state.

### 7.3.2 AMS\_BalancingStyle Class

This class belongs to the "Load Balancing Management" profile.

The AMS BalancingStyle class enumerates possible style for balancing in a load balancing group.

#### Possible values are:

- "Round Robin:" If a request from a client is balanced with a Round-Robin strategy upon a group of members, the exact order in which requests are handed over to group members may be implementation-dependent; however, the service must guarantee that, for a group with n members, if a request is forwarded to a particular group member, the next n-1 requests, from the same client, are not forwarded to that member.
- "Random:" Requests are handed over to group members in a randomly way.
- "Implementation Defined:" The exact order in which requests are handed over to group members is defined by the implementation.

Enumeration	
	LB_ROUND_ROBIN
	LB_RANDOM
	LB_IMPL_DEFINED

### 7.3.3 AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement Class

The AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement class models a software element that is an executable program or equivalent (script, .jar file, single executable CORBA component, etc.) that will be directly managed (i.e., started, stopped, configured, and monitored) by the application management service. This does not include elements such as libraries, which are not executed by themselves. It is part of an AMS\_Application, may be associated with an AMS\_RedundancyGroup, and must be associated to the AMS\_ESESpec that has been used to create it and retains most of the information on the element.

Its attributes and associations are:

- A name that, with its CIM\_Application's or AMS\_Application's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A current state that is taken in the states allowed by its application model.
- A status (started, stopped, or failed).
- A state regarding the redundancy (no redundancy, primary or redundant copy).
- A platform-specific states designed by with the AMS\_Property<AMS\_StdState, ST\_NONSTD> instanciation of the AMS\_Property template. The AMS\_StdState enumeration gives some normalized types of state.

**Note** – Other well-known platform-specific states such as PID, GID, and so forth are designed in the CIM\_Process and CIM\_Thread classes.

#### Issue 13049 - Typos class and interfaces

An AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement is an interface that allows starting, stopping, loading, continuing, and getting the status of the software element itself.

Attributes	Туре	
------------	------	--

String	
Multiplicity	Class
01	AMS_Application
11	AMS_ESESpec
11	AMS_State
01	AMS_SoftwareSystem
01	AMS_RedundancyGroup
01	AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus
11	AMS_RedundancyEltState
11	AMS_DeploymentLink
0 *	AMS_Property <ams_stdstate,st_nonstd></ams_stdstate,st_nonstd>
Parameters	Parameters type
return type	uint16
return type	uint16
return type	uint16
spec	AMS_ESESpec
return type	uint16
host	AMS_Host
commandLine	String
return type	uint16
	Multiplicity         0 1         1 1         0 1         0 1         1 1         1 1         0 *         Parameters         return type         return type         return type         spec         return type         host         commandLine

Issue	13036 - HALTED as optional  Load < <optional mc="">&gt;</optional>	return type	uint16
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Issue	13036 - HALTED as optional  Stop < <optional mc="">&gt;&gt;</optional>	return type	uint16
Issue	13036 - HALTED as optional  Continue < <optional mc="">&gt;&gt;</optional>	return type	uint16
	ForceShutDown	return type	uint16
	ActivateAsPrimary	return type	uint16

#### 7.3.3.1 ActivateAsPrimary ()

This operation activates the executable software element such as it becomes the primary element in its redundancy group. It shall return:

- AMS ALREADYPRIMARY if the element was already a primary element.
- AMS\_NOTFT if the element is not in a redundancy group.
- AMS PRIMARYFAILED if the element could not be activated for any other reason.

In all cases of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

This method does not affect the state of the executable software element.

#### 7.3.3.2 Continue ()

This operation continues the executable software element. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be continued on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not be continued on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be continued.
- AMS\_CONTFAILED if the element could not be continued for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS\_BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### Issue 13036 - HALTED as optional

This method is optional.

#### 7.3.3.3 ForceShutDown()

This operation forces the shutdown of the executable software element. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be shut down on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack
  of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not be shut down on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be shut down.
- AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if the element could not be shut down for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS\_BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transistions

#### 7.3.3.4 Halt()

This operation stops the executable software element. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be stopped on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not be stopped on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be halted.
- AMS\_HALTFAILED if the element could not be halted for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error, the executable software element remains in which it was before the execution of the method.

### 7.3.3.5 Load()

This operation loads the executable software element into memory. This operation is optional ("Maximum Control" profile). It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions
  of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support the associated specification model type.

- AMS BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be loaded.
- AMS LOADFAILED if the element could not start for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS\_BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### 7.3.3.6 ShutDown ()

This operation shuts down the executable software element. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be shut down on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack
  of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not be shut down on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADACTION if the element could not be shut down on account of a badly formed action in the specification definition.
- AMS\_BADCHECK if the element could not be shut down on account of a badly formed check in the specification definition.
- AMS NOTCHECKED if at least one of the checks of the associated specification was not true.
- AMS BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be shut down.
- AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if the element could not be shut down for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### 7.3.3.7 StartUpOnHost (host: AMS\_Host, commandLine: String)

This operation starts up the executable software element on the host and with the command line indicated by the parameters. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions
  of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADACTION if the element could not start on account of a badly formed action in the specification definition in parameter.
- AMS\_BADCHECK if the element could not start on account of a badly formed check in the specification definition in parameter.
- AMS\_NOTCHECKED if at last one of the checks of the specification in parameter was not true.
- AMS\_BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support the associated specification model type.
- AMS BADCOMMANDLINE if the command line in parameter is wrong.

- AMS BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be started.
- AMS\_STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### 7.3.3.8 StartUpOnSpec (spec: AMS\_ESESpec)

This operation replaces the AMS\_ESESpec associated by CIM\_SoftwareElementServiceImplementation, and next starts up the executable software element.

It allows to change at run time the way an ESE is started, shutdowned, etc. by changing its actions and checks set. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the action of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS right error when performing one of the action of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADACTION if the element could not start on account of a badly formed action in the specification definition in parameter.
- AMS\_BADCHECK if the element could not start on account of a badly formed check in the specification definition in parameter.
- AMS\_NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the specification in parameter was not true.
- AMS\_BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support the associated specification model type.
- AMS\_BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be started.
- AMS STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### 7.3.3.9 StartUp()

This operation starts up the executable software element with the specification actually associated by CIM SoftwareElementServiceImplementation. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADACTION if the element could not start on account of a badly formed action in the specification definition.
- AMS BADCHECK if the element could not start on account of a badly formed check in the specification definition.
- AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the associated specification was not true.

- AMS\_BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support the associated specification model type.
- AMS\_BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be started.
- AMS STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

#### 7.3.3.10 Stop()

This operation stops the executable software element. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be stopped on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the element could not be stopped on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated specification.
- AMS\_BADSTATE if the element is not in a state in which it could be stopped.
- AMS\_STOPFAILED if the element could not be stopped for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error (but AMS\_BADSTATE), the executable software element is in the ERROR state.

### 7.3.4 AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup Class

This class belongs to the "Load Balancing Management" profile.

The AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup class models the groups of elements that are load balanced.

Load Balancing service provides the ability to optimize the distribution of load among the available servers of the system. In this context the concept of "Strategy" means the rule used by each application for choosing the server to execute the request within the available replicas.

It is a part of an AMS\_Application, must be associated to the AMS\_ExecutableElements that belong to it, and must be associated to the AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been used to create it and which stores creation information.

Its attributes and associations are:

- A name which, with its CIM Application's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A style which is the strategy to be used for that group.
- A status (started, stopped, or failed).

An AMS\_LoadBalancingGroup is an interface that allows to start, stop and retrieve the status of the group.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_SystemComponent {key} {override}	11	AMS_Application
AMS_LoadBalancingFeature	11	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
CIM_RedundancyComponent {override}	1*	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
Style	11	AMS_BalancingStyle
Status	11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
StartUp	return type	uint16
ShutDown	return type	uint16

#### 7.3.4.1 ShutDown ()

This operation shuts down the load balancing group. It must stop down all the executable software elements which belong to the group.

It shall return AMS\_SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable software element could not shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

#### 7.3.4.2 StartUp()

This operation starts up the load balancing group. It starts up all the executable software elements which belong to the group.

It shall return AMS\_STARTFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not start. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

### 7.3.5 AMS\_RTSoftwareStatus Class

The AMS RTSoftwareStatus class enumerates run-time status of software items.

Enumeration	
	SW_STARTED
	SW_STOPPED

SW FAILED

### 7.3.6 AMS\_RedundancyGroup Class

This class belongs to the "Fault Tolerance Management" profile.

The AMS RedundancyGroup class models the groups of elements that are working in a redundant way.

It is a part of an AMS\_Application, must be associated to the AMS\_ExecutableElement that belongs to it, and must be associated to the AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been used to create it and which stores creation information.

Its attributes and associations are:

- A name which, with its CIM Application's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- The style of replication (AMS ReplicationStyle).
- A status (started, stopped, or failed).

An AMS RedundancyGroup is an interface that allows to start, stop, and retrieve the status of the group.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_RedundancyComponent {override}	1*	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
CIM_SystemComponent {key} {override}	11	AMS_Application
AMS_RedundancyFeature	11	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
Style	11	AMS_ReplicationStyle
Status	11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
StartUp	return type	uint16
ShutDown	return type	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.3.6.1 ShutDown()

This operation shuts down the redundancy group. It must stops down all the executable software elements which belong to the group.

It shall return AMS\_SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

#### 7.3.6.2 StartUp()

This operation starts up the redundancy group. It must start up all the executable software elements which belong to the group.

It shall return AMS\_STARTFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not start. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

### 7.3.7 AMS\_ReplicationStyle Class

This class belongs to the "Fault Tolerance Management" profile.

The AMS\_ReplicationStyle class enumerates possible style for replication of a redundancy group.

This enumeration comes from Fault Tolerant CORBA ([CORBA]).

- RG\_STATELESS: the object contains read only data, so there is no need for recording or transferring object's state.
- RG\_COLD\_PASSIVE: replicas are not loaded into memory and they only come into existence when the primary replica fails. Since there is only one primary replica at any one time, the primary replica's state must be captured in case it fails. If the primary replica fails, one of the cold backup replicas is loaded into memory, and assumes the role of the new primary replica. For the new primary replica to take over from the old primary replica, the new replica's state must be identical to the state of the old primary replica. Before the new primary can fully assume the role of the primary replica, its state is initialized using the last checkpoint recorded previously by the logging-recovery mechanisms.
- RG\_WARM\_PASSIVE: this replication style differs from the Cold Passive replication in that the state of the primary member object of the object group gets recorded and transferred to other member objects of the object group (i.e., backup replicas). This type of recovery provides faster recovery from faults than Cold Passive.
- RG\_ACTIVE and RG\_ACTIVE\_WITH\_VOTING: with this replication style all members of the object group execute the invoked methods simultaneously and expected to provide rapid recovery from faults.
- RG IMPL DEFINED: specific implementation defined style of replication.

Enumeration	
	RG_COLD_PASSIVE
	RG_WARM_PASSIVE
	RG_ACTIVE
	RG_ACTIVE_WITH_VOTING
	RG_STATELESS
	RG_IMPL_DEFINED

### 7.3.8 AMS\_SoftwareSystem Class

The AMS\_SoftwareSystem class models the software systems.

It may be a part of another AMS\_SoftwareSystem, gathers AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElements and AMS\_Applications and must be associated to the AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been used to create it and which store creation information.

Its attributes and associations are:

- A name which, with its CIM SoftwareSystem's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A status (started, stopped, or failed).

### Issue 13049 - Typos class and interfaces

An AMS\_SoftwareSystem is an interface that allows to start, stop, and retrieve the status of the software system.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_SystemComponent {override}	0*	AMS_Application
AMS_SystemOfSystem	0*	AMS_SoftwareSystem
AMS_SystemOfSystem {key}	01	AMS_SoftwareSystem
AMS_SystemFeature	11	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
CIM_SystemComponent {override}	0*	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
Status	11	AMS_RTSoftwareStatus
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
StartUp	return type	uint16
ShutDown	return type	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.3.8.1 ShutDown ()

This operation shuts down the software system. It must stop down all the executable software elements which belong to the system.

It shall return AMS\_SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

#### 7.3.8.2 StartUp()

This operation starts up the software system. It must start up all the executable software elements which belong to the system.

It shall return AMS\_STARTFAILED if at least one of the executable software element could not start. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

Issue 13065 - AMS\_StdState not explained

### 7.3.9 AMS\_StdState Class

This class enumerates the standardized platform-specific state for an AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement.

ST NONSTD denotes a non-normalized value and ST ENV denotes the value of the environment variables.

Enumeration	
	ST_NONSTD
	ST_ENV

# 7.4 Application Deployment Package

The "Application Deployment" package groups the classes needed to describe a deployment configuration while applications are running.

The information needed to define (before runtime) deployment has been put in the "Application Deployment Specification" package.

Since some items needed to manage deployments are defined beforehand, there are links from this package to the "Application Deployment Specification" package so as to store this information.

This package does not introduce either application or hardware aspects, which are elaborated in the "Application" and "Hardware" packages.

Generally, a deployment (AMS\_DeploymentConfiguration) contains a set of deployment links (AMS\_DeploymentLink) that defines the hosts that an application, a software system, or a software element are deployed.

The AMS DeploymentConfiguration class:

- Is linked to a specification (AMS DeploymentConfigurationSpec), which stores:
  - the information which were used for the creation of the element when deploying the deployment specification, and
  - the information which will be needed later on for management (start, shutdown).
- Recognizes some management and monitoring interfaces.

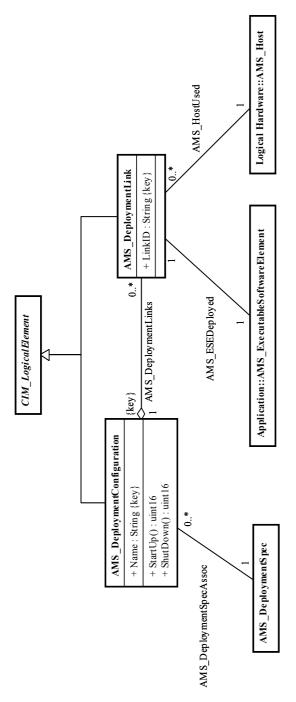


Figure 7.12 - Application Deployment class diagram

## 7.4.1 AMS\_DeploymentConfiguration Class

The AMS\_DeploymentConfiguration class models the deployment configurations (run time concept).

It gathers AMS\_DeploymentLinks and must be associated to the AMS\_DeploymentConfigurationSpec that has been used to create it and which store creation information.

Its attribute is the name of the deployment configuration.

An AMS DeploymentConfiguration is an interface that allows to start or stop a deployment configuration.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_DeploymentLinks	0*	AMS_DeploymentLink
AMS_DeploymentSpecAssoc	11	AMS_DeploymentSpec
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
StartUp	return type	uint16
ShutDown	return type	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.4.1.1 ShutDown ()

This operation shuts down the deployment configuration: it must shut down all the executable software elements which belong to the deployment configuration.

It shall return AMS\_SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable software element could not shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements is then undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

#### 7.4.1.2 StartUp()

This operation starts up the deployment configuration: it must start up all the executable software elements which belong to the deployment configuration.

It shall return AMS\_STARTFAILED if at least one of the executable software elements could not start. The state of the other executable software elements is the undefined.

A full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

### 7.4.2 AMS\_DeploymentLink Class

The AMS\_DeploymentLink class models the fact that software (application, software system, or software element) is running on some hosts.

It belongs to an AMS\_DeploymentConfiguration and is linked to some AMS\_Hosts and an AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement.

If the association with an AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement is used, just one host is allowed.

Its attribute is a "LinkID" which, with its AMS\_DeploymentConfiguration's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.

Attributes	Туре	
LinkID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_HostUsed	11	AMS_Host
AMS_ESEDeployed	11	AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
AMS_DeploymentLinks {key}	11	AMS_DeploymentConfiguration

# 7.5 Application Deployment Specification Package

The "Application Deployment Specification" package groups the classes needed to model a deployment configuration so that they can be deployed subsequently. This package is a configuration view of deployment configurations.

The information needed to manage and monitor applications have been put in the "Application Deployment" package. The aim of the classes of this package is to describe the connections amongst hardware elements and software elements intended for future deployment. So, an AMS\_DeploymentSpec is a set of links (AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpec) that describes these connections.

These links allow the definition of the deployments:

- of:
  - either an executable software element specified by an AMS\_ESESpec, or
  - another link form another deployment spec,
- on an actual host (AMS Host).

In the case of the deployment of an executable software element, actions to be taken while starting, shutting down can be added to those defined on the executable software element specification itself.

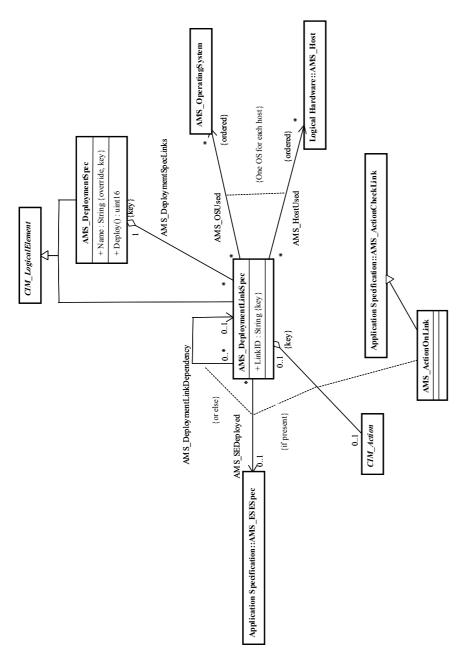


Figure 7.13 - Application Deployment Specification class diagram

The following instantiation diagram shows an example of such elements.

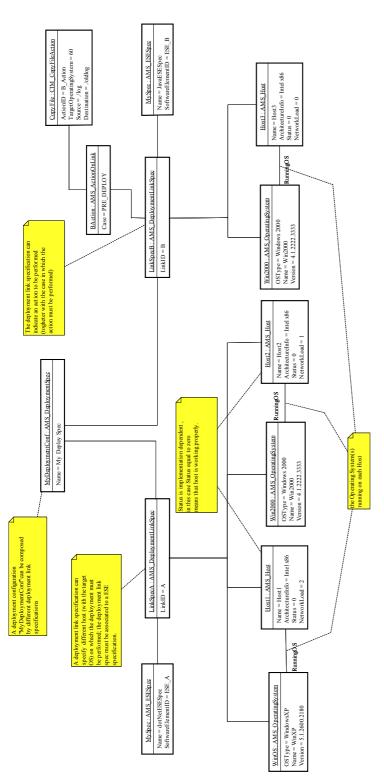


Figure 7.14 - Application Deployment Specification instanciation

## 7.5.1 AMS\_ActionOnLink Class

The AMS\_ActionOnLink class is an association class between AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpec and CIM\_Action. It is specifying in which case the action will be used: start, stop, etc.

## 7.5.2 AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpec Class

Issue 13326 - Unclear what a AMS DeploymentLinkSpec describes

The AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpec class models the fact that a software executable element will have to run on some hosts. These hosts are defined either as an actual host or with a kind of host (requested hardware).

It belongs to an AMS\_DeploymentSpec and is linked to the following:

- · either some AMS Hosts and AMS OperatingSystem. Each host must correspond with one operating system, and
- either an AMS\_ESESpec or another AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpec of which the software will be taken into account.

It also may have an action linked with the association class AMS\_ActionOnLink, which specifies in which case (start, stop, etc.) this action will have to be used.

Its attribute is a "LinkID" which, with its AMS\_DeploymentSpec's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.

Attributes	Туре	
LinkID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_ConfSpecDLS < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	01	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
AMS_SEDeployed	01	AMS_ESESpec
AMS_HostUsed {ordered}	**	AMS_Host
AMS_DeploymentLinkDependency	01	AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec
AMS_DeploymentSpecLinks {key}	11	AMS_DeploymentSpec
AMS_ActionOnLink	01	CIM_Action
AMS_OSUsed {ordered}	* . *	AMS_OperatingSystem

## 7.5.3 AMS\_DeploymentSpec Class

The AMS\_DeploymentSpec class models the information needed to define deployment configurations. It gathers AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpecs. Its attribute is its name.

Attributes	Туре	
------------	------	--

Name {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_DeploymentSpecAssoc	0*	AMS_DeploymentConfiguration
AMS_DeploymentSpecLinks	**	AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
Deploy	return type	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

### 7.5.3.1 Deploy()

This operation deploys the Executable Software Element defined in the links associated with the current deployment specification on the host defined on the same link.

In case of static deployment, all associations with (AMS\_Host, etc.) shall be defined beforehand.

In case of dynamic deployment these associations shall be determined at run time. This second case will be the subject of a future extension of the standard. It shall return:

- AMS\_RESOURCEERROR if the deployment could not be performed on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk) when performing one of the actions of the associated executable software element specifications.
- AMS\_RIGHTERROR if the deployment could not be performed on account of an OS right error when performing one of the actions of the associated executable software element specifications.
- AMS\_BADACTION if the deployment could not be performed on account of a badly formed action in the executable software element specification definitions.
- AMS\_BADCHECK if the deployment could not be performed on account of a badly formed check in the executable software element specification definitions.
- AMS\_NOTCHECKED if at least one of the checks of the associated executable software element specifications was not true while deploying.
- AMS\_BADMODELTYPE if the targeted hosts does not support the matching specification model types.
- AMS DEPLOYFAILED if the element could not start for any other reason.

In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error shall be logged.

After an error, the executable software elements already deployed are in an unknown state.

# 7.6 Application Specification Package

The "Application Specification" package groups the classes needed to model applications so they can be deployed subsequently. This package is a configuration view of applications.

The information needed to manage and monitor applications have been put in the "Application" package.

The main piece here is the specification of an executable software element: an AMS\_ESESpec. An executable software element specification is the object which the AMSM service needs to deploy applications (i.e., create an executable software element from its specification) and, subsequently, to manage and monitor it. An actual executable software element will not hold a lot of information in itself since it will use its specification to keep them. Of this application information, the most important are the checks (CIM Check) and actions (CIM Action).

Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions

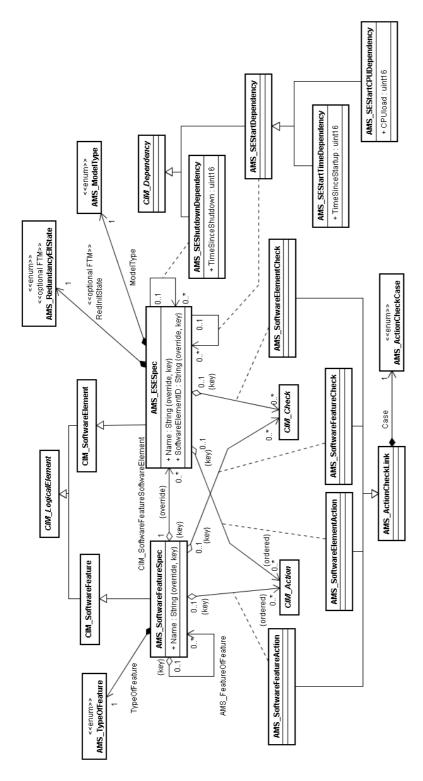
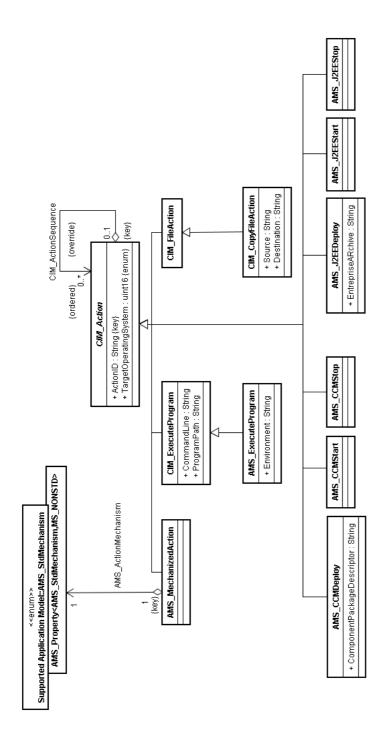


Figure 7.15 - Application Specification class diagram

CIM\_Action are "operations that are part of a process to start or shutdown [or deploy] a software element" (from CIM documentation).

Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions



#### Figure 7.16 - Action Specification class diagram

CIM\_Check are "conditions or characteristics that have to be true so as to deploy a Software Element" (from CIM documentation).

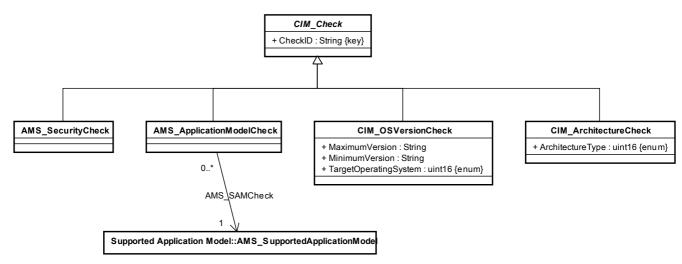


Figure 7.17 - Check Specification class diagram

An association class between AMS\_ESESpec and either CIM\_Action or CIM\_Check specifies the condition (start, stop, deploy) in which the action or check will take place.

Specifications of executable software elements are then gathered in feature specifications, which could be next deployed as systems, applications, load balancing groups, or redundancy groups.

The AMS\_ExecuteProgram is a subclass of a CIM\_ExecuteProgram. The CIM\_ExecuteProgram class contains the Strings CommandLine and ProgramPath. These provide a way of specifying the (OS dependent) command and path, including any arguments required on the command line, to perform a transition of the ESE state diagram. These can be used to start scripts, executables, or container applications such as J2SE applications. The ASM\_ExecuteProgram class adds an environment string which can be used to provide an appropriate environment string if required.

A separate instantiation of an AMS\_ExecuteProgram object would be created for each supported action given by the AMS\_ActionCheckCase enumeration. In an actual implementation of a system, an AMS\_ESESpec instance is used to gather the static specification data of a particular Software Element. The AMS\_SoftwareElementAction association class is used to associate a particular instance of the AMS\_ExecuteProgram object with the AMS\_ESESpec for the corresponding Executable Software Element. There will in general be multiple instances of the AMS\_SoftwareElementAction association class for each AMS\_ESESpec. Each of these instances will have different values for the AMS\_ActionCheckCase corresponding to the appropriate action in the ESE state diagram. Each AMS\_SoftwareElementAction will associate a particular AMS\_ESESpec with a particular instance of an AMS\_ExecuteProgram object, which provides the (OS dependent) parameters to take a particular action. Figure 7.17 provides an example of an instance diagram illustrating the use of these classes.

The following instantiation diagram shows an example of application specification objects.

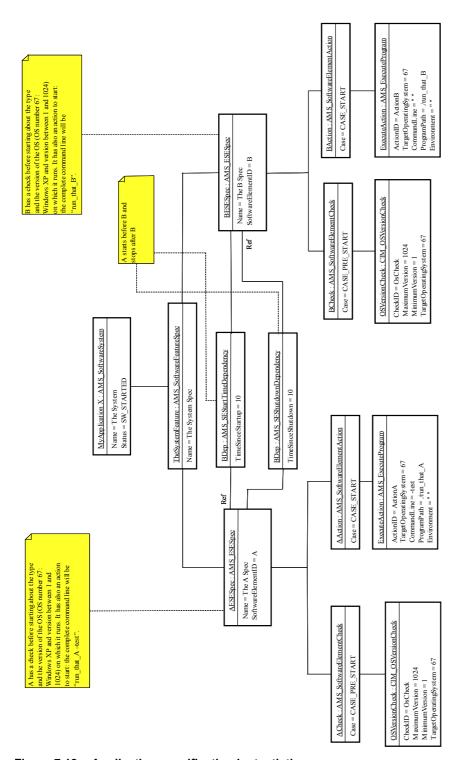


Figure 7.18 - Application specification instantiation

# 7.6.1 AMS\_ActionCheckCase Class

The AMS\_ActionCheckCase class is the enumeration of all the conditions in which actions or checks could take place:

- CASE\_PRE\_DEPLOY: just before deployment
- CASE DEPLOY: during deployment (action: how to deploy, check: is it allowed to deploy)
- · CASE POST DEPLOY: just after deployment
- CASE\_PRE\_START: just before a startup
- CASE\_START: during startup (action: how to startup, check: is it allowed to startup)
- CASE POST START: just after startup

#### Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

- · CASE PRE STOP: just before shutdown
- CASE STOP: during shutdown (action: how to shutdown, check: is it allowed to shutdown)
- · CASE\_POST\_STOP: just after shutdown
- CASE\_ALTERNATE\_SHUTDOWN: an other way to shutdown the element. This is intended for "last chance" killing (such as "kill -9" on Unix systems).

Enumeration	
	CASE_PRE_DEPLOY
	CASE_DEPLOY
	CASE_POST_DEPLOY
	CASE_PRE_START
	CASE_START
	CASE_POST_START
	CASE_PRE_STOP
	CASE_STOP
	CASE_POST_STOP
	CASE_ALTERNATE_SHUTDOWN

## 7.6.2 AMS\_ActionCheckLink Class

The AMS ActionCheckLink class is a super-class for all the association classes to CIM Action and CIM Check.

It defines the attribute "Case" that contains the condition in which the action or the check will take place.

This condition is taken among the enumeration AMS ActionCheckCase.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
Case	11	AMS_ActionCheckCase

## 7.6.3 AMS\_ApplicationModelCheck Class

The AMS ApplicationModelCheck class models the tests in relation to an application model.

One of these checks implies to verify that its application model is supported by the targeted host.

Its attribute provides the AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel against witch the targeted host has to be tested.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_SAMCheck	11	AMS_SupportedApplicationModel

#### 7.6.4 AMS\_CCMDeploy Class

The AMS\_CCMDeploy causes deployment of Applications and Systems from a component package descriptor (cf [D&C]).

Its attribute is ComponentPackageDescriptor which is the file containing the package descriptor.

Attributes	Туре	
ComponentPackageDescriptor	String	

## 7.6.5 AMS\_CCMStart Class

AMS CCMStart causes CCM Executable Software Element to be started.

## 7.6.6 AMS\_CCMStop Class

AMS CCMStart causes CCM Executable Software Element to be stopped.

#### 7.6.7 AMS\_ESESpec Class

The AMS\_ESESpec class is designed as a subclass of CIM\_SoftwareElement, which is referred in CIM documentation as "a collection of files and associated details...".

It is part of an AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec and may be associated with CIM Checks and CIM Actions.

More specifically, actions and checks are linked to executable software element specifications with an attribute (classes AMS\_SoftwareElementAction and AMS\_SoftwareElementCheck), which describes in which case the actions or checks must be used: deployment, pre(post)-start, start, pre(post)-shutdown or for an alternate shutdown mechanism.

The AMS\_SEShutdownDependency and AMS\_SEStartDependency associations with AMS\_ESESpecs allow the definition of dependency graphs for, respectively, the shutdown or the start of complex applications. These associations may have the following attributes defined for the links:

- "TimeSinceShutdown" sets a delay before the shutdown of next the software element.
- "TimeSinceStartup" sets a delay before the start of the next software element.
- "CPUload" sets a condition on the CPU before the start of the next software element.

#### AMS ESESpec Class attributes and associations are:

- A name and a software id that, with its AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A container type (ModelType).
- An initial redundancy state (primary, slave... AMS\_RedundancyEltState).

#### Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions

• An ordered list of actions (AMS\_SoftwareElementAction), these actions shall be executed in this order. The first action to execute is the reference action of the AMS\_ESESpec..

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
SoftwareElementID {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement {key} {override}	11	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
ModelType	11	AMS_ModelType
AMS_SEStartDependency	0*	AMS_ESESpec
AMS_SoftwareElementCheck	0 *	CIM_Check
Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions	0*	CIM_Action
AMS_SoftwareElementAction {ordered}		
RedInitState < <optional ftm="">&gt;</optional>	11	AMS_RedundancyEltState
AMS_SEShutdownDependency	0*	AMS_ESESpec

## 7.6.8 AMS\_ExecuteProgram Class

The AMS\_ExecuteProgram is modeled as a subclass of CIM\_ExecuteProgram which is defined has action that "causes programs to be executed. ExecuteProgram can be used to launch the effective software element and/or to launch a JVM and so on." (CIM documentation).

On POSIX systems, launching the program must be done through an exec/fork sequence.

The attributes are:

- CommandLine: "A string that can be executed and invokes program(s), from a system's command line" (CIM documentation).
- ProgramPath: the location or 'path' where the program is run.
- Environment: the set of environment variables to be defined before program can be executed.

Attributes	Туре	
Environment	String	

## 7.6.9 AMS\_J2EEDeploy Class

The AMS J2EEDeploy causes deployment of Applications and Systems from a J2EE archive (cf [J2EE]).

Its attribute is EntrepriseARchive which is the file containing the archive (.ear).

Attributes		Туре	
	EntrepriseARchive	String	

### 7.6.10 AMS\_J2EEStart Class

AMS J2EEStart causes J2EE Executable Software Element to be started.

#### 7.6.11 AMS J2EEStop Class

AMS J2EEStart causes J2EE Executable Software Element to be stopped.

#### 7.6.12 AMS\_MechanizedAction Class

The AMS\_MechanizedAction class models the actions that use a mechanism defined by either a normalized enumeration (AMS\_StdMechanism) or an implementation-defined string and a value.

For instance, the POSIX mechanism "kill -9" is designed with the AMS\_StdMechanism MS\_POSIXSIGNAL and the value "9."

**Note** – Shell scripts have to be launched through the AMS\_ExecuteProgram class, which allow to precise the shell used and the script itself in its CommandLine attribute.

Obviously, the mechanism of the AMS\_MechanizedAction class will have to match with the mechanisms allowed by the supported application model of the AMS\_OperatingSystem on which the action has to be performed. This check will have to be carried out when starting, stopping, or deploying an AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_ActionMechanism {key}	1	AMS_Property <ams_stdmechanism,ms_nonstd></ams_stdmechanism,ms_nonstd>

## 7.6.13 AMS\_RedundancyEltState Class

This class belongs to the "Fault Tolerance Management" profile.

The AMS\_RedundancyEltState class enumerates possible states of an executable software element regarding its role in a redundancy group:

- REDSTATE NORG: the element is not in a redundancy group.
- REDSTATE\_PRIMARY: the element is the primary in its redundancy group.
- REDSTATE\_PASSIVE: the element is one of the passive in its redundancy group.

Enumeration	
	REDSTATE_NORG
	REDSTATE_PRIMARY
	REDSTATE_PASSIVE

## 7.6.14 AMS\_SecurityCheck Class

The AMS\_ApplicationModelCheck class models the tests in relation to the concept of security. The behavior of this class is implementation-dependent.

### 7.6.15 AMS\_SEShutdownDependency Class

The AMS\_SEShutdownDependency class is an association class among AMS\_ESESpec. It defines the shutdown dependency graph with one attribute for each link:

• "TimeSinceShutdown" specifies the delay before shutting down the AMS\_ESESpec.

Attributes	Туре	
TimeSinceShutdown	uint16	

### 7.6.16 AMS\_SEStartCPUDependency Class

Issue 13049 - Typos class and interfaces

The AMS\_SEStartCPUDependency class is an association class among AMS\_ESESpec. It defines the start CPU load dependency graph with one attribute for each links:

• "CPUload" specifies maximum value of CPU load present on the host before the executable software element is to be started.

Attributes	Туре	
CPUload	uint16	

## 7.6.17 AMS\_SEStartDependency Class

The AMS\_SEStartDependency class is an association class among AMS\_ESESpec. It defines the start dependency graph having two subclasses: on the one hand for time dependency, and on the other hand for CPU load dependency.

### 7.6.18 AMS\_SEStartTimeDependency Class

Issue 13049 - Typos class and interfaces

The AMS\_SEStartTimeDependency class is an association class among AMS\_ESESpec. It defines the start time dependency graph with one attribute for each links:

"TimeSinceStartup" specifies the delay before starting the AMS\_ESESpec.

Attributes	Туре	
TimeSinceStartup	uint16	

#### 7.6.19 AMS\_SoftwareElementAction Class

The AMS\_SoftwareElementAction class is an association class between AMS\_ESESpec and CIM\_Action. It specifies in which case the action will be used: start, stop, etc.

### 7.6.20 AMS\_SoftwareElementCheck Class

The AMS\_SoftwareElementCheck class is an association class between AMS\_SoftwareFeature and CIM\_Check. It specifies in which case the check will be used: start, stop, etc.

#### 7.6.21 AMS\_SoftwareFeatureAction Class

The AMS\_SoftwareFeatureAction class is an association class between AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec and CIM\_Action. It specifies in which case the action will be used: start, stop, etc.

### 7.6.22 AMS\_SoftwareFeatureCheck Class

The AMS\_SoftwareFeatureCheck class is an association class between AMS\_SoftwareFeature and CIM\_Check. It specifies in which case the check will be used: start, stop.

## 7.6.23 AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec Class

The AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec class is designed as a subclass of CIM\_SoftwareFeature, which is referred as "a concept [that] allows software products or application systems to be decomposed into units that have a meaning to users rather than units that reflect how the product or application was built (i.e., software elements" in CIM documentation).

It may be part of another AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec in a "system of system" spirit.

It gathers AMS ESESpecs or other AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecs and has CIM Checks and CIM Actions.

More specifically, actions and checks are linked to executable software element specifications with an attribute (classes AMS\_SoftwareFeatureAction and AMS\_SoftwareFeatureCheck), which describes in which case the actions or checks must be used: deployment, pre(post)-start, start, pre(post)-shutdown or for an alternate shutdown mechanism.

The attributes or associations are:

- A name that, with the global name of the AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec to which it belongs, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- A type of feature (when deployed): system, application, redundancy group, or load balancing group.

#### Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions

• An ordered list of actions (AMS\_SoftwareElementAction), these actions shall be executed in this order. The first action to execute is the reference action of the AMS\_ESESpec.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_FeatureOfFeature {key}	01	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
AMS_FeatureOfFeature	0*	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
CIM_SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement {override}	0*	AMS_ESESpec
TypeOfFeature	11	AMS_TypeOfFeature
AMS_SoftwareFeatureCheck	0*	CIM_Check
Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions	0 *	CIM_Action
AMS_SoftwareFeatureAction {ordered}		

## 7.6.24 AMS\_TypeOfFeature Class

The AMS\_TypeOfFeature class enumerates the kinds of objects in which an AMS\_SoftwareFeatureSpec can be deployed.

Enumeration	
	SYSTEM
	APPLICATION
	REDUNDANCY_GROUP
	LOADBALANCING_GROUP

# 7.7 CIM Package

The CIM package is a collection of CIM classes used by the AMSM service. The classes are a subset of classes defined by the CIM standard. The documentation shown afterward is an extract from the CIM documentation.

### 7.7.1 CIM\_Action Class

A CIM\_Action is an operation that is part of a process to either create a CIM\_SoftwareElement or to eliminate the CIM\_SoftwareElement. The attributes are:

- "ActionID:" The ActionID property is a unique identifier assigned to a particular Action for a SoftwareElement. (key).
- "TargetOperatingSystem:" The Target Operating System of the SoftwareElement being acted upon. The enumeration is: Unknown, Other, MACOS, ATTUNIX, DGUX, DECNT, Tru64 UNIX, OpenVMS, HPUX, AIX, MVS, OS400, OS/2, JavaVM, MSDOS, WIN3x, WIN95, WIN98, WINNT, WINCE, NCR3000, NetWare, OSF, DC/OS, Reliant UNIX, SCO UnixWare, SCO OpenServer, Sequent, IRIX, Solaris, SunOS, U6000, ASERIES, TandemNSK, TandemNT, BS2000, LINUX, Lynx, XENIX, VM, Interactive UNIX, BSDUNIX, FreeBSD, NetBSD, GNU Hurd, OS9, MACH Kernel, Inferno, QNX, EPOC, IxWorks, VxWorks, MiNT, BeOS, HP MPE, NextStep, PalmPilot, Rhapsody, Windows 2000, Dedicated, OS/390, VSE, TPF, Windows (R) Me, Caldera Open UNIX, OpenBSD, Not Applicable, Windows XP, z/OS, Windows Vista.

Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions

A CIM\_Action owns also an ordered sequence of actions ("CIM\_ActionSequence"). These actions shall be executed in this order after the owning action itself.

Attributes	Туре	
ActionID {key}	String	
TargetOperatingSystem {enum}	uint16	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ActionSequence {key} {override}	01	CIM_Action

Issue 13070 - Undefined order of actions	0*	CIM_Action
CIM_ActionSequence {ordered} {override}		
AMS_SoftwareElementAction {key}	01	AMS_ESESpec
AMS_SoftwareFeatureAction {key}	01	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
AMS_ActionOnLink {key}	01	AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec

#### 7.7.2 CIM\_AdminDomain Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

This is a special grouping of CIM\_ManagedSystemElements. The grouping is viewed as a single entity, reflecting that all of its components are administered similarly, either by the same user, group of users, or policy. It serves as an aggregation point to associate one or more of the following elements: network devices, such as routers and switches, servers, and other resources that can be accessed by end systems. This grouping of devices plays an essential role in ensuring that the same administrative policy and actions are applied to all of the devices in the grouping. The specific behavior and/or semantics of the AdminDomain can be identified through its aggregated and associated entities.

The attributes are:

• "Name:" The inherited Name serves as key of a System instance in an enterprise environment. (key).

Attributes	Туре	
Name {key}	String	

## 7.7.3 CIM\_ApplicationSystem Class

The CIM\_ApplicationSystem class represents an application or a software system that supports a particular business function and that can be managed as an independent unit.

### 7.7.4 CIM\_ArchitectureCheck Class

ArchitectureCheck specifies the hardware platform on which a SoftwareElement can run. The processors on the relevant computer system do not need to satisfy the Check.

The attributes are:

Issue 13050 - Some strange definitions containing "%2B"

• "ArchitectureType:" The ArchitectureType property identifies a particular type of architecture or architectural family that is required to properly execute a particular SoftwareElement. The intent is to capture the details about the machine instructions exploited by the executables of the SoftwareElement. The enumeration is: Other, Unknown, 8086, 80286, 80386, 80486, 8087, 80287, 80387, 80487, Pentium(R) brand, Pentium(R) Pro, Pentium(R) II, Pentium(R) processor with MMX(TM) technology, Celeron(TM), Pentium(R) II Xeon(TM), Pentium(R) III, M1 Family, M2 Family, K5 Family, K6 Family, K6-2, K6-3, AMD Athlon(TM) Processor Family, AMD(R) Duron(TM) Processor, AMD29000 Family, K6-2, Power PC Family, Power PC 601, Power PC 603, Power PC 604, Power PC 620, Power

PC X704, Power PC 750, Alpha Family, Alpha 21064, Alpha 21066, Alpha 21164, Alpha 21164PC, Alpha 21164a, Alpha 21264, Alpha 21364, MIPS Family, MIPS R4000, MIPS R4200, MIPS R4400, MIPS R4600, MIPS R10000, SPARC Family, SuperSPARC, microSPARC II, microSPARC IIep, UltraSPARC, UltraSPARC II, UltraSPARC III, UltraSPARC I

Attributes	Туре
ArchitectureType {enum}	uint16

### 7.7.5 CIM\_Check Class

A CIM\_Check is a condition or characteristic that is expected to be true in an environment defined or scoped by an instance of a CIM\_ComputerSystem. The attributes are:

• "CheckID": An identifier used to uniquely identify the Check. (key).

Attributes	Туре	
CheckID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_SoftwareElementCheck {key}	01	AMS_ESESpec
AMS_SoftwareFeatureCheck {key}	01	AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec

#### 7.7.6 CIM\_ComputerSystem Class

A class derived from System that is a special collection of ManagedSystemElements. This collection provides compute capabilities and serves as aggregation point to associate one or more of the following elements: FileSystem, OperatingSystem, Processor, and Memory (Volatile and/or NonVolatile Storage).

## 7.7.7 CIM\_ConnectivityCollection Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

A ConnectivityCollection groups together a set of ProtocolEndpoints of the same 'type' (i.e., class) which are able to communicate with each other.

Its attributes give:

• "InstanceID:" Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, InstanceID opaquely and uniquely identifies an instance of this class. In order to ensure uniqueness within the NameSpace, the value of InstanceID SHOULD be constructed using the following 'preferred' algorithm: <OrgID>:<LocalID> Where <OrgID> and <LocalID> are

separated by a colon ':', and where <OrgID> MUST include a copyrighted, trademarked or otherwise unique name that is owned by the business entity creating/defining the InstanceID, or is a registered ID that is assigned to the business entity by a recognized global authority (This is similar to the <Schema Name>\_<Class Name> structure of Schema class names.) In addition, to ensure uniqueness <OrgID> MUST NOT contain a colon (':'). When using this algorithm, the first colon to appear in InstanceID MUST appear between <OrgID> and <LocalID>. <LocalID> is chosen by the business entity and SHOULD not be re-used to identify different underlying (real-world) elements. If the above 'preferred' algorithm is not used, the defining entity MUST assure that the resultant InstanceID is not re-used across any InstanceIDs produced by this or other providers for this instance's NameSpace. For DMTF defined instances, the 'preferred' algorithm MUST be used with the <OrgID> set to 'CIM'.

Attributes	Туре	
InstanceID {key}	uint64	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_MemberOfCollection	**	CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
CIM_HostedCollection {key}	11	CIM_Network

## 7.7.8 CIM\_CopyFileAction Class

CIM\_CopyFileAction specifies the files to be moved or copied to a new location. The to/from information for the copy is specified using either the ToDirectorySpecification/ FromDirectorySpecification or the ToDirectoryAction/ FromDirectoryAction associations. The first set is used when the source and/or the target are to exist before any Actions are taken. The second set is used when the source and/or target are created as a part of a previous Action (specified using the association, CIM\_ActionSequence).

Attributes	Туре	
Source	String	
Destination	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ToDirectoryAction	11	CIM_DirectorySpecification
CIM_FromDirectorySpecification	11	CIM_DirectorySpecification

#### 7.7.9 CIM Dependency Class

CIM\_Dependency is a generic association used to establish dependency relationships between ManagedElements.

#### 7.7.10 CIM\_DirectorySpecification Class

The CIM\_DirectorySpecification class captures the major directory structure of a SoftwareElement. This class is used to organize the files of a SoftwareElement into manageable units that can be relocated on a computer system. Its attributes give:

"DirectoryPath:" The DirectoryPath property is used to capture the name of a directory. The value supplied by an
application provider is actually a default or recommended path name. The value can be changed for a particular
environment.

Attributes	Туре	
DirectoryPath	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ToDirectoryAction {key}	01	CIM_CopyFileAction
CIM_FromDirectorySpecification {key}	01	CIM_CopyFileAction

#### 7.7.11 CIM\_Display Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Display is a superclass for grouping the miscellaneous display devices that exist.

#### 7.7.12 CIM EnabledLogicalElement Class

This class extends CIM\_LogicalElement to abstract the concept of an element that is enabled and disabled, such as a CIM LogicalDevice or a CIM ServiceAccessPoint.

#### 7.7.13 CIM EthernetPort Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Capabilities and management of an EthernetPort.

## 7.7.14 CIM\_EthernetPortStatistics Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The EthernetPortStatistics class describes the statistics for the EthernetPort. Its attributes give:

• "InstanceID:" Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, InstanceID opaquely and uniquely identifies an instance of this class. In order to ensure uniqueness within the NameSpace, the value of InstanceID SHOULD be constructed using the following 'preferred' algorithm: <OrgID>:<LocalID> Where <OrgID> and <LocalID> are separated by a colon ':', and where <OrgID> MUST include a copyrighted, trademarked or otherwise unique name that is owned by the business entity creating/defining the InstanceID, or is a registered ID that is assigned to the business entity by a recognized global authority (This is similar to the <Schema Name>\_<Class Name> structure of Schema class names.) In addition, to ensure uniqueness <OrgID> MUST NOT contain a colon (':'). When using this algorithm, the first colon to appear in InstanceID MUST appear between <OrgID> and <LocalID>. <LocalID> is chosen by the business entity and SHOULD not be re-used to identify different underlying (real-world) elements. If the above 'preferred' algorithm is not used, the defining entity MUST assure that the resultant InstanceID is not re-used across any InstanceIDs produced by this or other providers for this instance's NameSpace. For DMTF defined instances, the 'preferred' algorithm MUST be used with the <OrgID> set to 'CIM'.

- "BytesTransmitted:" The total number of bytes transmitted, including framing characters.
- "BytesReceived:" The total number of bytes received, including framing characters.
- "PacketsTransmitted:" The total number of packets transmitted.
- "PacketsReceived:" The total number of packets received.

Attributes	Туре	
InstanceID {key}	uint64	
BytesTransmitted	uint64	
BytesReceived	uint64	
PacketsTransmitted	uint64	
PacketsReceived	uint64	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ElementStatisticalData	11	CIM_LANEndPoint

## 7.7.15 CIM\_ExecuteProgram Class

ExecuteProgram causes programs to be executed on the computer system that defines the Action's environment. Its attribute give:

- "CommandLine:" A string that can be executed and invokes program(s), from a system's command line.
- "ProgramPath:" The location or 'path' where the program is found.

Attributes	Туре	
CommandLine	String	
ProgramPath	String	

### 7.7.16 CIM\_FileAction Class

FileAction locates files that already exist on the CIM\_ComputerSystem that defines the Action's environment. These files are removed or moved/copied to a new location.

### 7.7.17 CIM\_IPProtocolEndPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. A ProtocolEndpoint that is dedicated to running IP. Its attributes give:

- "IPv4Address:" The IPv4 address that this ProtocolEndpoint represents.
- "IPv6Address:" The IPv6 address that this ProtocolEndpoint represents.

- "SubnetMask:" The mask for the IPv4 address of this ProtocolEndpoint, if one is defined.
- "PrefixLenght:" The prefix length for the IPv6 address of this Protocol Endpoint, if one is defined.

Attributes	Туре
IPv4Address	String
IPv6Address	String
SubnetMask	String
PrefixLength	uint8

### 7.7.18 CIM\_Indication Class

CIM\_Indication is the abstract root class for all notifications about changes in schema, objects and their data, and about events detected by providers and instrumentation. Subclasses represent specific types of notifications.

Its attribute give:

• "IndicationTime:" The time and date of creation of the Indication. The property may be set to NULL if the entity creating the Indication is not capable of determining this information. Note that IndicationTime may be the same for two Indications that are generated in rapid succession.

Attributes	Туре
IndicationTime	datetime

#### 7.7.19 CIM LANEndPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. A communication endpoint which, when its associated interface device is connected to a LAN, may send and receive data frames. LANEndpoints include Ethernet, Token Ring, and FDDI interfaces. Its attributes give:

- "LANID:" A label or identifier for the LAN Segment to which the Endpoint is connected. If the Endpoint is not currently active/connected or this information is not known, then LANID is NULL.
- "MACAddress:" The principal unicast address used in communication with the CIM\_LANEndpoint. The MAC address is formatted as twelve hexadecimal digits (e.g., "010203040506"), with each pair representing one of the six octets of the MAC address in "canonical" bit order according to RFC 2469.
- "Alias Addresses:" Other unicast addresses that may be used to communicate with the CIM LANEndpoint.
- "GroupAddresses:" Multicast addresses to which the CIM LANEndpoint listens.
- "MaxDataSize:" The largest information field that may be sent or received by the LANEndpoint.

The CIM\_BindsToLANEndPoint association makes explicit the dependency of a CIM\_ProtocolEndpoint on an underlying CIM\_LANEndpoint, on the same system.

Attributes	Туре	
------------	------	--

LANID	String	
MACAddress	String	
AliasAddresses	String	
GroupAddresses	String	
MaxDataSize	uint32	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ElementStatisticalData	**	CIM_EthernetPortStatistics
CIM_BindsToLANEndPoint	* . *	CIM_ServiceAccessPoint

## 7.7.20 CIM\_Location Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The Location class specifies the position and address of a PhysicalElement. Its attribute give:

• "Name:" Name is a free-form string defining a label for the Location. It is a part of the key for the object.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_PhysicalElementLocation	0 *	CIM_PhysicalElement
CIM_ElementLocation {override}	0 *	AMS_ComputerSystem

### 7.7.21 CIM\_Log Class

Log represents any type of event, error or informational register or chronicle. The object describes the existence of the log and its characteristics. Log does not dictate the form of the data represented or how records/messages are stored in the log and/or accessed. Subclasses will define the appropriate methods and behavior. Its attributes give:

- "MaxNumberOfRecords:" Maximum number of records that can be captured in the Log. If undefined, a value of zero should be specified.
- "CurrentNumberOfRecord:" Current number of records in the Log.
- "Name:" The Name property defines the label by which the object is known.

Attributes	Туре	
MaxNumberOfRecords	uint64	
CurrentNumberOfRecord	uint64	

Name	String	
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
ClearLog	return type	uint32

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.7.21.1 ClearLog()

Purge the log storage area.

### 7.7.22 CIM\_LogicalDevice Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

An abstraction or emulation of a hardware entity, that may or may not be Realized in physical hardware. Any characteristics of a CIM\_LogicalDevice that are used to manage its operation or configuration are contained in, or associated with, the CIM\_LogicalDevice object. Various configurations could exist for a CIM\_LogicalDevice. These configurations could be contained in Setting objects and associated with the LogicalDevice. Its attribute gives:

• "DevideID:" An address or other identifying information to uniquely name the LogicalDevice (key).

Attributes	Туре	
DeviceID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_Realizes	* . *	CIM_PhysicalElement
CIM_SystemComponent {key} {override}	01	AMS_ComputerSystem

#### 7.7.23 CIM\_LogicalDisk Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

A CIM\_LogicalDisk is a presentation of a contiguous range of logical blocks that is identifiable by a FileSystem via the Disk's DeviceId (key) field. For example in a Windows environment, the DeviceID field would contain a drive letter. In a Unix environment, it would contain the access path; and in a NetWare environment, DeviceID would contain the volume name. LogicalDisks are typically built on a DiskPartition or Storage Volume (for example, exposed by a software volume manager) using the LogicalDiskBasedOnPartition or LogicalDiskBasedOn Volume associations.

#### 7.7.24 CIM\_LogicalElement Class

CIM\_LogicalElement is a base class for all the components of a System that represent abstract system components, such as Files, Processes, or LogicalDevices.

### 7.7.25 CIM\_LogicalPort Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The abstraction of a port or connection point of a Device. This object should be instantiated when the Port has independent management characteristics from the Device that includes it. Examples are a Fibre Channel Port and a USB Port.

## 7.7.26 CIM\_ManagedElement Class

CIM\_ManagedElement is an abstract class that provides a common superclass (or top of the inheritance tree) for the non-association classes in the CIM Schema.

#### 7.7.27 CIM Memory Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Capabilities and management of Memory-related CIM\_LogicalDevices.

#### 7.7.28 CIM\_Network Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_Network is a subclass of CIM\_AdminDomain that groups interconnected networking and computing objects capable of exchanging information. Instances of CIM\_Network can represent an enterprise's global network or specific connectivity domains within the global network. These concepts are similar to those defined for the Network object in ITU's M.3100 specification.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_HostedCollection	**	CIM_ConnectivityCollection
AMS_SubnetComponent	* . *	CIM_Network

#### 7.7.29 CIM\_NetworkPort Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_NetworkPort is the logical representation of network communications hardware - a physical connector and the setup/operation of the network chips, at the lowest layers of a network stack.

#### 7.7.30 CIM\_NextHopIPRoute Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_NextHopIPRoute specifies routing in an IP network.

The attributes are:

• "RouteDerivation:" An enumerated integer indicating how the route was derived. This is useful for display and query purposes. Enumeration is: Unknown, Other, Connected, User-Defined, IGRP, EIGRP, RIP, Hello, EGP, BGP, ISIS,

#### OSPF.

- "DestinationMask:" The mask for the Ipv4 destination address.
- "PrefixLength:" The prefix length for the IPv6 destination address.
- "AddressType:" An enumeration that describes the format of the address properties. The enumeration is: Unknown, IPv4, IPv6.

Attributes	Туре
RouteDerivation	uint16
DestinationMask	String
PrefixLength	uint8
AddressType	uint16

### 7.7.31 CIM\_NextHopRoute Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_NextHopRoute represents one of a series of 'hops' to reach a network destination. A route is administratively defined, or calculated/learned by a particular routing process. The attributes are:

- "InstanceID:" Within the scope of the instantiating Namespace, InstanceID opaquely and uniquely identifies an instance of this class. In order to ensure uniqueness within the NameSpace, the value of InstanceID SHOULD be constructed using the following 'preferred' algorithm: <OrgID>:<LocalID> Where <OrgID> and <LocalID> are separated by a colon ':', and where <OrgID> MUST include a copyrighted, trademarked or otherwise unique name that is owned by the business entity creating/defining the InstanceID, or is a registered ID that is assigned to the business entity by a recognized global authority. (This is similar to the <Schema Name>\_<Class Name> structure of Schema class names.) In addition, to ensure uniqueness <OrgID> MUST NOT contain a colon (':'). When using this algorithm, the first colon to appear in InstanceID MUST appear between <OrgID> and <LocalID>. <LocalID> is chosen by the business entity and SHOULD not be re-used to identify different underlying (real-world) elements. If the above 'preferred' algorithm is not used, the defining entity MUST assure that the resultant InstanceID is not re-used across any InstanceIDs produced by this or other providers for this instance's NameSpace. For DMTF defined instances, the 'preferred' algorithm MUST be used with the <OrgID> set to 'CIM'. (key).
- "DestinationAddress:" The address which serves as the destination to be reached.
- "AdminDistance:" The specific administrative distance of this route, overriding any default distances specified by the system or routing service.
- "RouteMetric:" RouteMetric provides a numeric indication as to the preference of this route, compared to other routes that reach the same destination.
- "IsStatic:" TRUE indicates that this is a static route, and FALSE indicates a dynamically-learned route.
- "TypeOfRoute:" An enumerated integer indicating whether the route is administrator-defined (value%3D2), computed (via a routing protocol/algorithm, value%3D3) or the actual route implemented in the network (value%3D4). The default is a computed route. The enumeration is: Administrator Defined Route (2), Computed Route (3), Actual Route (4).

The RouteUsesEndpoint association depicts the relationship between a next hop route and the local Endpoint that is used to transmit the traffic to the 'next hop.'

The AssociatedNextHop association depicts the relationship between a route and the specification of its next hop. The next hop is external to a System, and hence is defined as a kind of CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint. Note that this relationship is independent of CIM\_RouteUsesEndpoint (the local Endpoint used to transmit the traffic), and both may be defined for a route.

Attributes	Туре	
InstanceID {key}	String	
DestinationAddress	String	
AdminDistance	uint16	
RouteMetric	uint16	
IsStatic	boolean	
TypeOfRoute {enum}	uint16	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_AssociatedNextHop	01	CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint
CIM_RouteUsesEndpoint	01	CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
CIM_HostedRoute {key} {override}	01	AMS_Host
CIM_HostedRoute {key} {override}	01	AMS_Router

## 7.7.32 CIM\_OSVersionCheck Class

The OSVersionCheck class specifies the versions of the operating system that can support/execute this Software Element.

This Check can be for a specific, minimum, maximum or a range of releases of an OS. To identify a specific version of the OS, the minimum and maximum versions must be the same. To specify a minimum, only the minimum version needs to be defined. To specify a maximum version, only the maximum version needs to be defined. To specify a range, both minimum and maximum versions need to be defined.

The attributes are:

- "Maximum Version:" Maximum version of the required operating system. The value is encoded as <major>.<minor>.<revision> or <major>.<minor>-(letter revision>.
- "Minimum Version:" Minimum version of the required operating system. The value is encoded as <major>.<minor>.<revision> or <major>.<deter revision>.
- "TargetOperatingSystem:" The Target Operating System of the SoftwareElement being checked. The enumeration is:
   Unknown, Other, MACOS, ATTUNIX, DGUX, DECNT, Tru64 UNIX, OpenVMS, HPUX, AIX, MVS, OS400, OS/2,
   JavaVM, MSDOS, WIN3x, WIN95, WIN98, WINNT, WINCE, NCR3000, NetWare, OSF, DC/OS, Reliant UNIX,
   SCO UnixWare, SCO OpenServer, Sequent, IRIX, Solaris, SunOS, U6000, ASERIES, TandemNSK, TandemNT,
   BS2000, LINUX, Lynx, XENIX, VM, Interactive UNIX, BSDUNIX, FreeBSD, NetBSD, GNU Hurd, OS9, MACH

Kernel, Inferno, QNX, EPOC, IxWorks, VxWorks, MiNT, BeOS, HP MPE, NextStep, PalmPilot, Rhapsody, Windows 2000, Dedicated, OS/390, VSE, TPF, Windows (R) Me, Caldera Open UNIX, OpenBSD, Not Applicable, Windows XP, z/OS, Windows Vista.

Attributes	Туре
MaximumVersion	String
MinimumVersion	String
TargetOperatingSystem {enum}	uint16

#### 7.7.33 CIM\_OperatingSystem Class

An OperatingSystem is software/firmware that makes a ComputerSystem's hardware usable, and implements and/or manages the resources, file systems, processes, user interfaces, services available on the ComputerSystem.

Its attribute OSType is an integer indicating the type of OperatingSystem in the range: { "Unknown," "Other," "MACOS," "ATTUNIX," "DGUX," "DECNT," "Tru64 UNIX," "OpenVMS," "HPUX," "AIX," "MVS," "OS400," "OS/2," "JavaVM," "MSDOS," "WIN3x," "WIN95," "WIN98," "WINNT," "WINCE," "NCR3000," "NetWare," "OSF," "DC/OS," "Reliant UNIX," "SCO UnixWare," "SCO OpenServer," "Sequent," "IRIX," "Solaris," "SunOS," "U6000," "ASERIES," "HP NonStop OS," "HP NonStop OSS," "BS2000," "LINUX," "Lynx," "XENIX," "VM," "Interactive UNIX," "BSDUNIX," "FreeBSD," "NetBSD," "GNU Hurd," "OS9," "MACH Kernel," "Inferno," "QNX," "EPOC," "IxWorks," "VxWorks," "MiNT," "BeOS," "HP MPE," "NextStep," "PalmPilot," "Rhapsody," "Windows 2000," "Dedicated," "OS/390," "VSE," "TPF," "Windows (R) Me," "Caldera Open UNIX," "OpenBSD," "Not Applicable," "Windows XP," "z/OS," "Microsoft Windows Server 2003," "Microsoft Windows Server 2003 64-Bit.", "Windows Vista" }

Attributes	Туре
OSType	String

#### 7.7.34 CIM\_PhysicalElement Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Subclasses of CIM\_PhysicalElement define any component of a System that has a distinct physical identity. Instances of this class can be defined in terms of labels that can be physically attached to the object. All Processes, Files, and LogicalDevices are considered not to be Physical Elements. For example, it is not possible to attach a label to a modem. It is only possible to attach a label to the card that implements the modem. The same card could also implement a LAN adapter. These are tangible Managed SystemElements (usually actual hardware items) that have a physical manifestation of some sort. A ManagedSystem Element is not necessarily a discrete component. For example, it is possible for a single Card (which is a type of PhysicalElement) to host more than one LogicalDevice. The card would be represented by a single PhysicalElement associated with multiple Devices.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_Realizes	**	CIM_LogicalDevice
CIM_PhysicalElementLocation	01	CIM_Location

## 7.7.35 CIM\_PowerSupply Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Capabilities and management of the PowerSupply LogicalDevice.

## 7.7.36 CIM\_Process Class

Each instance of the CIM\_Process class represents a single instance of a running program. A user of the OperatingSystem will typically see a Process as an application or task. Within an OperatingSystem, a Process is defined by a workspace of memory resources and environmental settings that are allocated to it. On a multitasking System, this workspace prevents intrusion of resources by other Processes. Additionally, a Process can execute as multiple Threads, all which run within the same workspace. The attributes are:

- "Handle:" A string used to identify the Process. On POSIX systems, this attribute is the process ID. On Win32 systems, this attribute is the process handle.
- "OSName:" The scoping OperatingSystem's Name.

Attributes	Туре	
OSName	String	
Handle {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ServiceProcess	0*	CIM_Service
CIM_ProcessThread	0 *	CIM_Thread

### 7.7.37 CIM\_ProcessIndication Class

An abstract superclass for specialized Indication classes, addressing specific changes and alerts published by providers and instrumentation. Subclasses include AlertIndication (with properties such as PerceivedSeverity and ProbableCause), and SNMPTrapIndication (which recasts Traps as CIM indications).

### 7.7.38 CIM\_Processor Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

Capabilities and management of the Processor LogicalDevice.

The attributes are:

- "LoadPercentage:" Loading of this Processor, averaged over the last minute, in Percent.
- "CPUStatus:" The CPUStatus property indicates the current status of the Processor. Values: 0 (Unknown), 1 (CPU Enabled), 2 (CPU Disabled by User via BIOS Setup), 3 (CPU Disabled By BIOS (POST Error)), 4 (CPU Is Idle), 7 (Other).

## 7.7.39 CIM\_ProtocolEndPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

A communication point from which data may be sent or received. CIM\_ProtocolEndpoints link system/computer interfaces to LogicalNetworks.

The CIM\_EndpointIdentity association indicates that two CIM\_ProtocolEndpoints represent different aspects of the same underlying address or protocol-specific ID. This association refines the CIM\_LogicalIdentity superclass by restricting it to the Endpoint level and defining its use in well understood scenarios. One of these scenarios is to represent that an Endpoint has both 'LAN' and protocol-specific aspects. For example, an Endpoint could be both a LANEndpoint as well as a DHCPEndpoint.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_MemberOfCollection {key}	11	CIM_ConnectivityCollection
CIM_EndpointIdentity	* *	CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
CIM_EndpointIdentity	* *	CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
CIM_RouteUsesEndpoint	* *	CIM_NextHopRoute

## 7.7.40 CIM\_RecordForLog Class

The CIM\_RecordForLog class is used to instantiate records to be aggregated to a Log.

The attributes are:

- "RecordFormat:" A string describing the data structure of the information in the property, RecordData. If the RecordFormat string is <empty>, RecordData should be interpreted as a free-form string. To describe the data structure of RecordData, the RecordFormat string should be constructed as follows: The first character is a delimiter character and is used to parse the remainder of the string into sub-strings. Each sub-string is separated by the delimiter character and should be in the form of a CIM property declaration (i.e., datatype and property name). This set of declarations may be used to interpret the similarly delimited RecordData property. For example, using a '\*' delimiter, RecordFormat %3D "\*string ThisDay\*uint32 ThisYear\*datetime SomeTime" may be used to interpret: RecordData %3D "\*This is Friday\*2002\*20020807141000.000000-300."
- "RecordData:" A string containing LogRecord data. If the corresponding RecordFormat property is <empty>, or cannot be parsed according to the recommended format, RecordData should be interpreted as a free-form string. If the RecordFormat property contains parseable format information (as recommended in the RecordFormat Description qualifier), the RecordData string SHOULD be parsed in accordance with this format. In this case, RecordData SHOULD begin with the delimiter character and this character SHOULD be used to separate substrings in the manner described. The RecordData string can then be parsed by the data consumer and appropriately typed.
- "Locale:" A locale indicates a particular geographical, political, or cultural region. The Locale specifies the language used in creating the RecordForLog data. If the Locale property is empty, it is assumed that the default locale is en\_US (English). The locale string consists of three sub-strings, separated by underscores:
  - The first sub-string is the language code, as specified in ISO639.
  - The second sub-string is the country code, as specified in ISO3166.
  - The third sub-string is a variant, which is vendor specific.

For example, US English appears as: "en\_US\_WIN," where the "WIN" variant would specify a Windows browser-specific collation (if one exists). Since the variant is not standardized, it is not commonly used and generally is limited to easily recognizable values ("WIN," "UNIX," "EURO," etc.) used in standard environments. The language and country codes are required; the variant may be empty.

Attributes	Туре
RecordFormat	String
RecordData	String
Locale	String

## 7.7.41 CIM\_RedundancyGroup Class

This class belongs to the "Fault Tolerance Management" and "Load Balancing Management" profiles.

A class derived from CIM\_LogicalElement that is a special collection of CIM\_ManagedSystemElements. This collection indicates that the aggregated components together provide redundancy. All elements aggregated in a CIM\_RedundancyGroup should be instantiations of the same object class.

## 7.7.42 CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint describes access and/or addressing information for a remote connection, that is known to a 'local' network element. This information is scoped/contained by the 'local' network element, since this is the context in which it is 'remote.' The attributes are:

- "AccessInfo:" Access and/or addressing information for a remote connection. This can be a host name, network address, or similar information.
- "InfoFormat:" An enumerated integer describing the format and interpretation of the AccessInfo property. The
  enumeration is: Other, Host Name, IPv4 Address, IPv6 Address, IPX Address, DECnet Address, SNA Address,
  Autonomous System Number, MPLS Label, IPv4 Subnet Address, IPv6 Subnet Address, IPv4 Address Range, IPv6
  Address Range, Dial String, Ethernet Address, Token Ring Address, ATM Address, Frame Relay Address, URL,
  FQDN, User FQDN, DER ASN1 DN, DER ASN1 GN, Key ID, DMTF Reserved, Vendor Reserved.

Attributes	Туре	
AccessInfo	String	
InfoFormat	uint16	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_AssociatedNextHop	**	CIM_NextHopRoute

## 7.7.43 CIM\_Sensor Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. A CIM\_Sensor is a hardware device capable of measuring the characteristics of some physical property (for example, the temperature or voltage characteristics of a CIM\_Computer System).

## 7.7.44 CIM\_Service Class

A CIM\_Service is a Logical Element that contains the information that is necessary to represent and manage the functionality provided by a Device or a SoftwareFeature, or both. A Service is a general-purpose object that is used to configure and manage the implementation of functionality. It is not the functionality itself.

### 7.7.45 CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint represents the ability to utilize or invoke a Service. Access points represent that a Service is made available to other entities for use. The attributes are:

 "Name:" The Name property uniquely identifies the ServiceAccessPoint and provides an indication of the functionality that is managed.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_HostedAccessPoint {key} {override}	11	AMS_ComputerSystem
CIM_BindsToLANEndPoint	* *	CIM_LANEndPoint

## 7.7.46 CIM\_SoftwareElement Class

The CIM\_SoftwareElement class is used to decompose a CIM\_SoftwareFeature object into a set of individually manageable or deployable parts, for a particular platform. A SoftwareElement's platform is uniquely identified by its underlying hardware architecture and operating system (for example Sun Solaris on Sun Sparc or Windows NT on Intel platforms). As such, to understand the details of how the functionality of a particular SoftwareFeature is provided on a particular platform, the CIM\_SoftwareElement objects referenced by CIM\_SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElements associations are organized in disjoint sets.

#### 7.7.47 CIM\_SoftwareFeature Class

The CIM\_SoftwareFeature class defines a particular function or capability of a product or application system. This class captures a level of granularity describing a unit of installation, rather than the units that reflect how the product is built or packaged. The latter detail is captured using a CIM\_SoftwareElement class. When a SoftwareFeature can exist on multiple platforms or operating systems (for example, a client component of a three tiered client/server application that

runs on Solaris, Windows NT, and Windows 95), the Feature is a collection of all the SoftwareElements for these different platforms. In this case, the users of the model must be aware of this situation since typically they will be interested in a sub-collection of the SoftwareElements required for a particular platform.

#### 7.7.48 CIM\_StorageExtent Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

StorageExtent describes the capabilities and management of the various media that exist to store data and allow data retrieval. This superclass could be used to represent the various components of RAID (Hardware or Software) or as a raw logical extent on top of physical media.

## 7.7.49 CIM\_System Class

CIM\_System represents an entity made up of component parts (defined by the CIM\_SystemComponent relationship), that operates as a 'functional whole.' Systems are top level objects in the CIM hierarchy, requiring no scoping or weak relationships in order to exist and have context. It should be reasonable to uniquely name and manage a System at an enterprise level. For example, a CIM\_ComputerSystem is a kind of CIM\_System that can be uniquely named and independently managed in an enterprise. However, this is not true for the power supply (or the power supply sub-'system') within the computer.

Although a System may be viewed as a Collection, this is not the correct model. A Collection is simply a 'bag' that 'holds' its members. A System is a higher level abstraction, built out of its individual components. It is more than a sum of its parts. Note that System is a subclass of EnabledLogicalElement which allows the entire abstraction to be functionally enabled/disabled - at a higher level than enabling/disabling its component parts.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ServiceProcess	0*	CIM_Service

## 7.7.50 CIM\_Thread Class

Threads represent the ability to execute units of a Process or task in parallel. A Process can have many Threads, each of which is weak to the Process.

The attributes are:

- "Handle:" A string used to identify the Thread. On POSIX systems, this attribute is the thread ID. On Win32 systems, this attribute is the thread handle.
- "OSName:" The scoping OperatingSystem's Name.
- "Priority:" Priority indicates the urgency or importance of execution of a Thread. A Thread may have a different priority than its owning Process. If this information is not available for a Thread, a value of 0 should be used.

Attributes	Туре	
OSName	String	
Handle {key}	String	

Priority	uint32	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_ProcessThread	1	CIM_Process

#### 7.7.51 CIM\_UnixProcess Class

This class is specific to POSIX systems.

Each instance of the CIM\_UnixProcess class represents a single instance of a running program. A user of the Operating System will typically see a Process as an application or task. Within an OperatingSystem, a Process is defined by a workspace of memory resources and environmental settings that are allocated to it. On a multitasking System, this workspace prevents intrusion of resources by other Processes. Additionally, a Process can execute as multiple Threads, all which run within the same workspace.

The attributes are:

- "ProcessGroupID:" The Group ID of this currently executing process.
- "RealUserID:" The Real User ID of this currently executing process.
- "Parameters:" The operating system parameters provided to the executing process. These are the argv[] values.

Attributes	Туре
ProcessGroupID	uint64
RealUserID	uint64
Parameters	list <string></string>

#### 7.7.52 CIM\_UnixThread Class

This class is specific to POSIX systems.

Threads represent the ability to execute units of a Process or task in parallel. A UnixThread inherits from the superclass, CIM Thread, which is weak to the Process.

#### 7.7.53 CIM\_Watchdog Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

CIM\_Watchdog is a timer implemented in system hardware. It allows the hardware to monitor the state of the Operating System, BIOS or a software component installed on the System. If the monitored component fails to re-arm the timer before its expiration, the hardware assumes that the System is in a critical state, and could reset the ComputerSystem.

# 7.8 Lightweight Logging Service Package

This package gathers Lightweight Logging Service classes used by the AMSM service. The classes are a proper subset of classes defined by the OMG standard. The documentation shown afterward is an extract from [LWLOG].

#### 7.8.1 AdministrativeState Class

The AdministrativeState class denotes the active logging state of an operational Log. When set to UNLOCKED the Log will accept records for storage, per its operational parameters. When set to LOCKED the Log will not accept new log records and records can be read or deleted only.

Enumeration	
	LOCKED
	UNLOCKED

## 7.8.2 AvailibilityStatus Class

The AvailabilityStatus denotes whether or not the Log is available for use. When true, offDuty indicates the Log is LOCKED (administrative state) or DISABLED (operational state). When true, logFull indicates the Log storage is full.

Attributes	Туре
offDuty	boolean
logFull	boolean

### 7.8.3 LogAdministrator Class

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
setMaxSize	return type	uint16
	in size	uint32
setLogFullAction	return type	uint16
	in action	LogFullAction
setAdministrativeState	return type	uint16
	in state	AdministrativeState
clearLog	return type	uint16
Destroy	return type	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

## 7.8.3.1 Destroy()

Tear down an instantiated Log.

## 7.8.3.2 clearLog()

Purge the log storage area.

## 7.8.3.3 setAdministrativeState (in state: AdministrativeState)

The setAdministrativeState operation provides write access to the administrative state value.

### 7.8.3.4 setLogFullAction (in action: LogFullAction)

Configure the action to be taken if the log storage area becomes full.

#### 7.8.3.5 setMaxSize (in size: uint32)

Sets the maximum size the Log storage area.

## 7.8.4 LogConsumer Class

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
getRecordIdFromTime	return type	uint64
	in fromTime	datetime
retrieveById	return type	LogRecordSequence
	inout currentId	uint64
	inout howMany	uint16

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.8.4.1 getRecordIdFromTime (in fromTime: datetime)

Identify a record in the log a record based on its time stamp.

The getRecordIdFromTime operation returns the record Id of the first record in the Log with a time stamp that is greater than, or equal to, the time specified in the fromTime parameter. If the Log does not contain a record that meets the criteria provided, then the RecordId returned corresponds to the next record that will be recorded in the future. In this way, if this "future" recordId is passed into the retrieveById operation, an empty record will be returned unless records have been recorded since the time specified. Note that if the time specified in the fromTime parameter is in the future, there is no guarantee that the resulting records returned by the retrieveById operation will have a time stamp after the fromTime parameter if the returned recordId from this invocation of the getRecordIdFromTime operation is subsequently used as input to the retrieveById operation.

### 7.8.4.2 retrieveByld (inout currentld: uint64, inout howMany: uint16)

Retrieves a specified number of records from the Log.

The retrieveById operation returns a LogRecordSequence that begins with the record specified by the currentId parameter. The number of records in the LogRecordSequence returned by the retrieveById operation is equal to the number of records specified by the howMany parameter, or the number of records available if the number of records specified by the howMany parameter cannot be met. The log will update howMany to indicate the number of records returned and will set currentId to the id of the record following the last retrieved record. If there are no further records available, currentId will be set to zero. If the record specified by currentId does not exist, or if the Log is empty, the retrieveById operation returns an empty list of LogRecords, and sets both, currentId, and howMany to zero.

# 7.9 LogFullAction Class

This type specifies the action that the Log should take when its internal buffers become full of data, leaving no room for new records to be written. WRAP indicates that the Log will overwrite the oldest LogRecords with the newest records, as they are written to the Log. HALT indicates that the Log will stop logging when full.

Enumeration	
	WRAP
	HALT

## 7.9.1 LogRecord Class

The LogRecord Type defines the format of the LogRecords as stored in the Log. It represents an encapsulation of the ProducerLogRecord, supplied by the log producer, and adds the time stamp (via the LogTime structure) and a unique record identification (via the RecordID field).

Attributes	Туре	
id	uint64	
time	datetime	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_LogicalIdentity	11	AMS_LogRecord
	11	ProducerLogRecord

# 7.9.2 LogRecordSequence Class

The LogRecordSequence type defines an unbounded sequence of LogRecords.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
	**	LogRecord

## 7.9.3 LogStatus Class

Interface LogStatus provides access to operations of common interest, which are available through inheritance in all interfaces of the logging service.

Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
getMaxSize	return type	uint32
getCurrentSize	return type	uint32
getNumRecords	return type	uint32
getLogFullAction	return type	LogFullAction
getAvailibilityStatus	return type	AvailibilityStatus
getAdministrativeState	return type	AdministrativeState
getOperationalState	return type	OperationalState

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.9.3.1 getAdministrativeState ()

Returns the administrative state of the Log.

The ability of the logging service to accept and store new logging records can be affected by administrative action. The getAdministrativeState is used to read the administrative state of the Log. The possible states are LOCKED and UNLOCKED. If the state is LOCKED, no new records are accepted. Reading of already stored records is not affected.

#### 7.9.3.2 getAvailibilityStatus ()

Returns the availability status of the Log.

The ability of the Log to accept and store logging records might become impaired. The getAvailabilityStatus operation is used to check the availability status of the Log. The returned instance of the AvailibilityStatus type contains two Boolean values: offDuty, which indicates the log is disabled when true, and logFull, which indicates that all free space is depleted in the log storage area.

#### 7.9.3.3 getCurrentSize()

Returns the amount of log storage area currently occupied by logging records.

#### 7.9.3.4 getLogFullAction()

Returns the action to be taken when the storage area becomes full.

Since the storage space of the Log storage area is finite, the Logging Service has to take special action when the free space is depleted. The kind of action is described by the LogFullAction type. The getLogFullAction operation returns the information about which action the Logging Service will take when the storage area becomes full. The possible values are HALT, which means no further logging records are accepted and stored; or WRAP, which means the log continues by overwriting the oldest records in the storage area.

### 7.9.3.5 getMaxSize()

Returns the size of the logging storage area.

## 7.9.3.6 getNumRecords ()

Returns the number of records presently stored in the Log.

## 7.9.3.7 getOperationalState ()

Returns the operational state of the Log.

The getOperationalState operation returns the actual operational state of the log. Possible values are ENABLED, which means the log is fully functional and available to log producer and log consumer clients; or DISABLED, which indicates the log has encountered a runtime problem and is not available for use by log producers or log consumers.

## 7.9.4 OperationalState Class

The enumeration OperationalState defines the Log states of operation. When the Log is ENABLED it is fully functional and available for use by log producer and log consumer clients. A Log that is DISABLED has encountered a runtime problem and is not available for use by log producers or log consumers. The internal error conditions that cause the Log to go into DISABLED state are implementation specific.

## 7.9.5 ProducerLogRecord Class

The ProducerLogRecord represents the log record written by the log producer client to the log. It will be encapsulated by in a LogRecord object before it is stored in the log storage area.

Attributes	Туре
producerId	String
producerName	String
level	uint16
logData	String

# 7.10 Logical Hardware Package

It represents the "Hardware" sub-package, which groups the classes describing the effective hardware topology. These classes permit the representation of an actual network. The essential class is AMS ComputerSystem which represents:

- A computer as an aggregation of hardware elements.
- A computer as a node in a network.

Hence, an AMS\_ComputerSystem aggregates a hardware configuration (CIM\_LogicalDevice) - processor, memory, file systems, and gets some operating systems (AMS\_OperatingSystem), which supports application models (cf. "Supported Application Model Package").

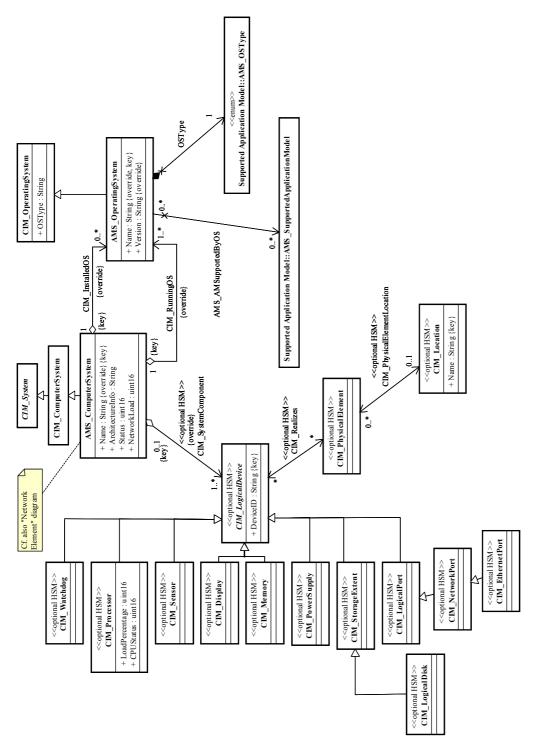


Figure 7.19 - Computer System class diagram

Moreover, it has access points (AMS\_ProtocolEndPoint), i.e., Ethernet ports and route tables.

Eventually, AMS\_ComputerSystems are logically organized through domains (AMS\_Domain) or hardware groups (AMS\_HardwareGroup).

Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

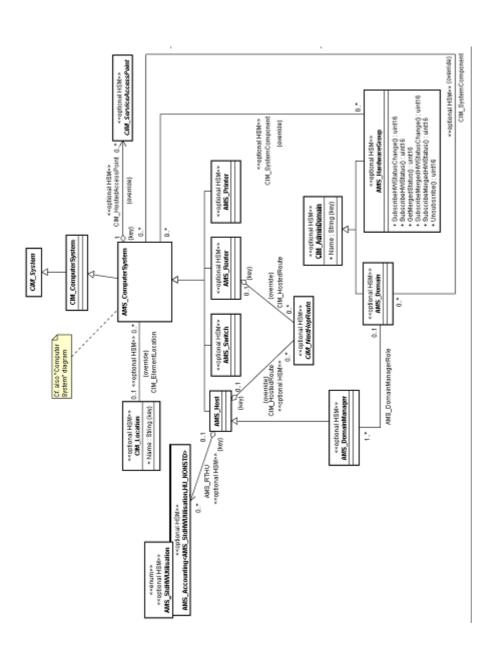


Figure 7.20 - Network class diagram (1/2)

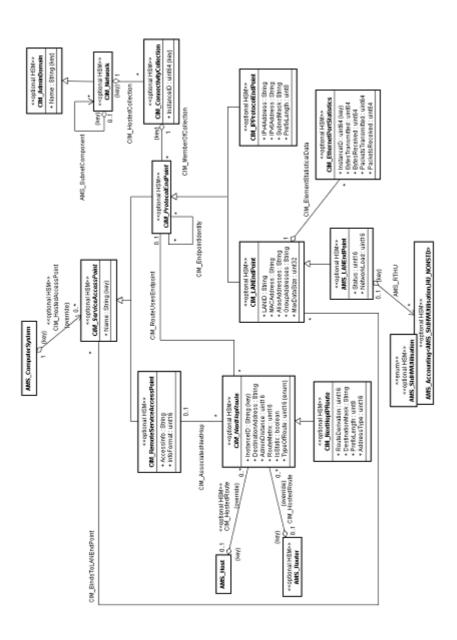


Figure 7.21 - Network class diagram (2/2)

All the AMS\_ComputerSystem class and sub-classes are interfaces offering monitoring methods. The following instantiation diagram shows an example of such a network.

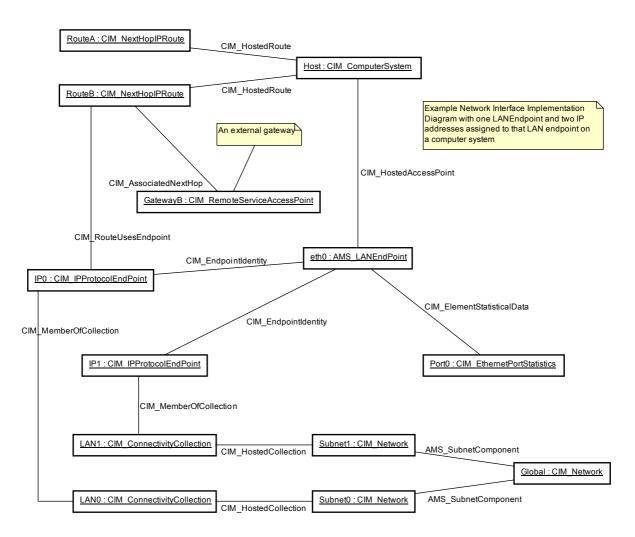


Figure 7.22 - Network instantiation

#### 7.10.1 AMS\_ComputerSystem Class

The AMS\_ComputerSystem class models the hosts. Its subclasses specify which kind of elements are modeled: hosts (AMS\_Host), routers (AMS\_Router), switches (AMS\_Switch), or printers (AMS\_Printer).

It aggregates some CIM\_LogicalDevice which is "an abstraction or emulation of a hardware entity: CIM\_Processor, CIM\_Memory, etc." (CIM documentation). The actual type of element is described in one of the subclasses of CIM LogicalDevice allowed by CIM.

It aggregates also some AMS\_OperatingSystems as CIM\_RunningOS and CIM\_InstalledOS. On account of so-called virtualisation, several operating system may be running on an unique AMS\_ComputerSystem, hence the multiplicity of the CIM\_RunningOS association is 1..\*.

It may be associated with a physical location (CIM\_Location), with some service access points (CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint).

The CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint class does not preclude any type of protocol. The actual protocol may be specified with one of its subclasses. For instance the CIM\_IPProtocolEndPoint defines end points running on IP with IPv4 or IPv6 addresses and a subnet mask.

The attributes of the AMS ComputerSystem are:

- A name that is the name of the host.
- ArchitectureInfo that specify some textual information on the architecture of the element.
- Status that is the state of the computer. The possible values are implementation-dependant.
- NetworkLoad that is the global network load on this host.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override} {key}	String	
ArchitectureInfo	String	
Status	uint16	
NetworkLoad	uint16	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_HostedAccessPoint {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	0*	CIM_ServiceAccessPoint
CIM_SystemComponent {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	1 *	CIM_LogicalDevice
CIM_ElementLocation {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	01	CIM_Location
CIM_SystemComponent {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	0*	AMS_Domain
CIM_InstalledOS {override}	0*	AMS_OperatingSystem
CIM_RunningOS {override}	1*	AMS_OperatingSystem
CIM_SystemComponent {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	0 *	AMS_HardwareGroup
AMS_ConfSpecCS < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	01	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification

## 7.10.2 AMS\_Domain Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_Domain class models a set of computers in a single management domain. It has a set of AMS\_ComputerSystem, some AMS\_DomainManagers (at least one) and an attribute giving its name.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_DomainManagerRole	1*	AMS_DomainManager
CIM_SystemComponent {override}	0 *	AMS_ComputerSystem
AMS_ConfSpecDom	01	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification

# 7.10.3 AMS\_DomainManager Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The AMS\_DomainManager class represents a computer node in a system which is responsible for managing a AMS\_Domain. There may be one or more AMS\_DomainManager instances for a given AMS\_Domain.

AMS\_DomainManager is derived from the AMS\_Host class.

It may be associated with an AMS\_Domain.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_DomainManagerRole	01	AMS_Domain

# 7.10.4 AMS\_HardwareGroup Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_HardwareGroup class represents groupings of AMS ComputerSystems. It has a set of AMS ComputerSystems and an attribute giving its name.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_SystemComponent {override}	0*	AMS_ComputerSystem
AMS_ConfSpecHG	01	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
Operations	Parameters	Parameters type
SubscribeHWStatusChange	return type	uint16
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeHWStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	out subscriptionID	uint32

GetMergedStatus	return type	uint16
SubscribeMergedHWStatusChange	return type	uint16
	out subscriptionID	uint32
SubscribeMergedHWStatus	return type	uint16
	delay	uint16
	out subscriptionID	uint32
Unsubscribe	return type	uint16
	subscriptionID	uint32

The following sections review the operation in detail.

#### 7.10.4.1 GetMergedStatus ()

This operation gets the merged status computed from the status of all the Computer Systems of the Hardware Group. The actual algorithm is implementation dependant.

#### 7.10.4.2 SubscribeHWStatus (delay: uint16, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the status of the hardware items gathered in the Hardware Group.

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The data returned are a collection of AMS\_RTHWIndication.

#### 7.10.4.3 SubscribeHWStatusChange (out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the status of the hardware items gathered in the Hardware Group.

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The data returned are a collection of AMS\_RTHWIndication.

#### 7.10.4.4 SubscribeMergedHWStatus (delay: uint16, out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to receive periodically the merged status of the Hardware Group (cf. GetMergedStatus).

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The data returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication.

#### 7.10.4.5 SubscribeMergedHWStatusChange (out subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation subscribes to the modifications of the merged status of the Hardware Group (cf. GetMergedStatus).

"subscriptionID" is the ID to be passed to the corresponding call to unsubscribe.

The data returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication.

#### 7.10.4.6 Unsubscribe (subscriptionID: uint32)

This operation deletes a previous subscription demand.

This operation shall return AMS\_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID if the parameter is erroneous...

## 7.10.5 AMS\_Host Class

The AMS\_Host class models the hosts as points in a network.

It is a subclass of AMS\_ComputerSystem and a superclass of AMS\_DomainManager.

Since a host can be used for routing, it aggregates some routes (CIM\_NextHopRoute). The CIM\_NextHopRoute class does not preclude any type of protocol. The actual protocol may be specified with one of its subclasses.

### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations

It has also an association to AMS\_Accounting<AMS\_StdHWUtilisation,HU\_NONSTD> in order to design platform-specific hardware utilizations (cf. AMS\_StdHWUtilisation for the normalized set of platform-specific hardware utilizations).

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_HostedRoute {override} < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	0 *	CIM_NextHopRoute
AMS_RTHU < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	Issue 13048 - Association AMS_StdH WUtilization missing in PSM	AMS_Property <ams_stdhwutilisation,hu_nonst d=""></ams_stdhwutilisation,hu_nonst>
AMS_HostUsed	0 *	AMS_DeploymentLink

# 7.10.6 AMS\_LANEndPoint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The AMS\_LANEndPoint class subclasses CIM\_LANEndPoint in order to add the following attributes:

- The status of the communication end point (up or down).
- The network load on this end point (transmission rate expressed in bytes per seconds).

It has also an association to AMS\_Accounting<AMS\_StdHWUtilisation,HU\_NONSTD> in order to design platform-specific hardware utilizations (cf. AMS\_StdHWUtilisation for the normalized set of platform-specific hardware utilizations).

Attributes	Туре	
Status	uint16	
NetworkLoad	uint16	
Attributes	Muliplicity	Class
AMS_RTHU < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	0*	AMS_Accounting <ams_stdhw utilisation,hu_nonstd=""></ams_stdhw>

# 7.10.7 AMS\_OperatingSystem Class

The class AMS\_OperatingSystem models the operating system on hosts. Such an operating system belongs to an AMS\_ComputerSystem either as the running operating system, or as one of the installed operating systems. It is associated with some supported application models (cf. AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel). Its attributes are:

- a name that, with its AMS\_ComputerSystem's global name, takes part of the make-up of its global name.
- a version string that must include any patch information.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
Version {override}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_InstalledOS {key} {override}	11	AMS_ComputerSystem
CIM_RunningOS {key} {override}	11	AMS_ComputerSystem
AMS_AMSupportedByOS	0*	AMS_SupportedApplicationModel
OSType	11	AMS_OSType
AMS_ConfSpecOS < <optional hsm="">&gt;</optional>	01	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification

## 7.10.8 AMS\_Printer Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_Printer class models printers as points in a network. It is a subclass of AMS\_ComputerSystem.

## 7.10.9 AMS\_Router Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_Router class models routers as points in a network. It is a subclass of AMS\_ComputerSystem. It aggregates some routes (CIM\_NextHopRoute). The CIM\_NextHopRoute class does not preclude any type of protocol. The actual protocol may be specified with one of its subclasses.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
CIM_HostedRoute {override}	0*	CIM_NextHopRoute

## 7.10.10 AMS\_StdHWUtilisation class

The AMS\_StdHWUtilisation class enumerates the standardized platform-specific hardware utilizations:

- "HU NONSTD: special value that denotes a non-normalized value (i.e. use the "Name" attribute instead.
- "HU CPU: The amount of time the CPU was occupied during the measurement interval.
- "HU RUNQ: Average run queue length over the measurement interval.
- "HU\_WAIT: The amount of time, processes had to wait for IO during the measurement interval.
- "HU\_LAN\_BTX: The amount of bytes sent via the LAN endpoint transmitter during the measurement interval.
- "HU LAN BRX: The amount of bytes received via the LAN endpoint receiver during the measurement interval.
- "HU LAN PTX: The amount of packets sent via the LAN endpoint transmitter during the measurement interval.
- "HU LAN PRX: The amount of packets received via the LAN endpoint receiver during the measurement interval.
- "HU PMS: The amount of occupied Physical Memory Space.
- "HU PFS: The amount of occupied Paging File Space.
- "HU DSK WR: The amount of bytes written to disk during the measurement interval.
- "HU\_DSK\_RD: The amount of bytes read from disk during the measurement interval.
- "HU OFS: The amount of bytes, of the file systems, that is occupied.
- "HU\_FS: The amount of bytes of the file systems.
- "HU PN: number of running processes.
- "HU\_TN: number of running threads.

## 7.10.11 AMS\_Switch Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_Switch class models switches as points in a network. It is a subclass of AMS\_ComputerSystem.

# 7.11 Logical Hardware Specification Package

This package belongs entirely to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The "Logical Hardware Specification" package groups the classes describing configuration specification for the hardware. A specification of configuration is modeled as a set of name-value pairs.

Each value is defined by either a range of possible values, or a set a possible values, or constraint specified with an implementation-specific constraint language. Each name is defined either in a normalized enumeration, or in an implementation-specific string.

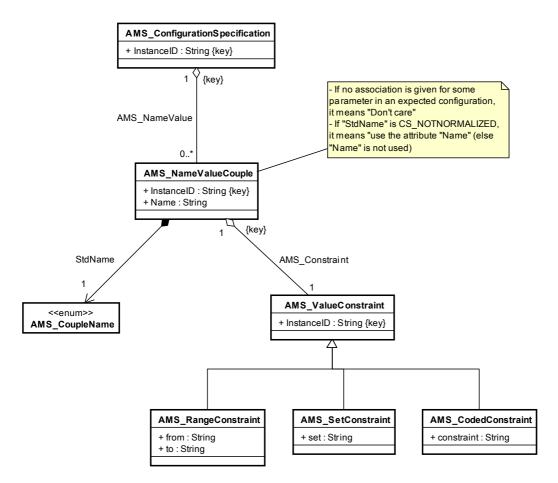


Figure 7.23 - Logical Hardware Specification class diagram (1/2)

AMS\_ConfigurationSpecification holds configuration parameters for:

- operating systems (AMS\_OperatingSystem)
- computers (AMS\_ComputerSystem)
- network domains (AMS Domain)
- hardware groups (AMS\_HardwareGroup)
- deployment specifications (AMS DeploymentLinkSpec)

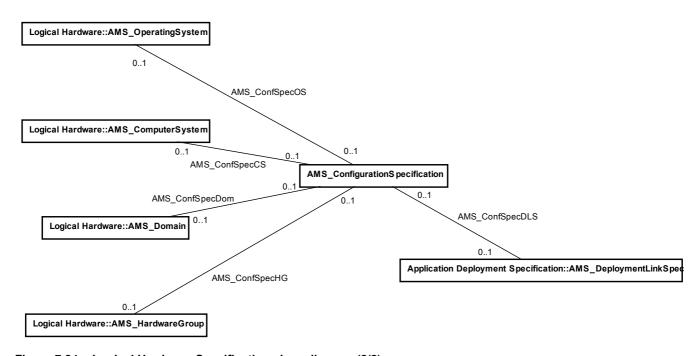


Figure 7.24 - Logical Hardware Specification class diagram (2/2)

## 7.11.1 AMS\_CodedConstraint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_CodedConstraint class models contraints on the values in a specification of configuration by using an implementation-specific language. The constraint is stored in the attribute "constraint".

Attributes	Туре
constraint	String

## 7.11.2 AMS\_ConfigurationSpecification Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_ConfigurationSpecification class models the specifications of configuration. It is a set of parameters modelized by the AMS\_NameValueCouple class. If no association is given for some parameter in an expected configuration, it means "Don't care".

Attributes	Туре	
InstanceID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_ConfSpecCS	01	AMS_ComputerSystem

AMS_ConfSpecOS	01	AMS_OperatingSystem
AMS_ConfSpecDom	01	AMS_Domain
AMS_ConfSpecHG	01	AMS_HardwareGroup
AMS_ConfSpecDLS	01	AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec
AMS_NameValue	0*	AMS_NameValueCouple

# 7.11.3 AMS\_CoupleName Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile.

The AMS\_CoupleName enumeration defines the normalized name of parameters in a specification of configuration.

- CS\_NOTNORMALIZED points out that the containing "AMS\_NameValueCouple" has an implementation-defined name.
- CS\_NAME: the associated (string) value is the name of an element physical element, computer system, operating system, domain (e.g., using IPMI or HPI, name to be used to retrieve detailed information, such as temperature).
- CS FRU: the associated (Boolean) value indicates if the element correspond to a Field Replaceable Unit?
- CS\_POSITION: the associated (integer) value is the relative position of the physical element w.r.t. the enclosing physical element (e.g., slot number in a chassis).
- CS\_INTERFACE: the associated (Boolean) value indicates if this element implement one or more interfaces of the computer system?
- CS\_MFGDATETIME: the associated (string) value is the manufacturing date and time.
- CS MANUFACTURER: the associated (string) value is the manufacturer name or identification.
- CS\_PRODUCTNAME: the associated (string) value is a product name.
- CS PRODUCTVERSION: the associated (string) value is a product version.
- CS\_SERIALNUMBER: the associated (string) value is the serial number.
- CS\_PRODUCTTYPE: the associated (string) value is the type of product.
- CS\_ASSETTAG: the associated (string) value is any complementary information (e.g., NATO number).
- CS\_CHASSISTYPE: the associated (string) value is a type of chassis provided or required (e.g., "ATCA," "CPCI\_3U," "CPCI\_6U," "VME").
- CS MACADDRESS: the associated (string) value is a physical hardware (Media Access Control) address.
- CS POWERSTATE: the associated (string) value is a power state (i.e., Power On or Power Off).
- CS STATUS: the associated (string) value is a consolidated status (e.g., "Operational," "Failed," "Warning").
- CS\_POSTRESULT: the associated (string) value is result of "Power On Self Test" (POST).

Enumeration	
	CS_NOTNORMALIZED
	CS_NAME
	CS_FRU
	CS_POSITION
	CS_INTERFACE
	CS_MFGDATETIME
	CS_MANUFACTURER
	CS_PRODUCTNAME
	CS_PRODUCTVERSION
	CS_SERIALNUMBER
	CS_PRODUCTTYPE
	CS_ASSETTAG
	CS_CHASSISTYPE
	CS_MACADDRESS
	CS_POWERSTATE
	CS_STATUS
	CS_POSTRESULT

# 7.11.4 AMS\_NameValueCouple Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_NameValueCouple class models the parameters of a specification collection. It has a constraint on its values (association AMS\_Constraint), and a name specified either as a string (attribute Name) or as an enumeration (association "StdName").

If "StdName" has not the special value CS NOTNORMALIZED, its standardized value must be used.

If "StdName" has the special value CS\_NOTNORMALIZED, the attribute "Name" has to be used and its value is implementation-dependant.

Attribute	es	Туре	
	InstanceID {key}	String	

Name	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_NameValue {key}	11	AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
StdName	11	AMS_CoupleName
AMS_Constraint	11	AMS_ValueConstraint

## 7.11.5 AMS\_RangeConstraint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_RangeConstraint class models constraints on the values in a specification of configuration by specifying a lower bound (attribute from) and an upper bound (attribute to).

Attributes	Туре
from	String
to	String

# 7.11.6 AMS\_SetConstraint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_SetConstraint class models constraints on the values in a specification of configuration by specifying a set of possibilities (attribute "set").

Attributes	Туре
set	String

## 7.11.7 AMS\_ValueConstraint Class

This class belongs to the "Hardware System Management" profile. The AMS\_ValueConstraint class models the values in a specification of configuration. It is the upper class for the real constraint class.

Attributes	Туре	
InstanceID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
AMS_Constraint {key}	11	AMS_NameValueCouple

# 7.12 Supported Application Model Package

The "Supported Application Model" package identifies the application models which are supported by the AMSM service.

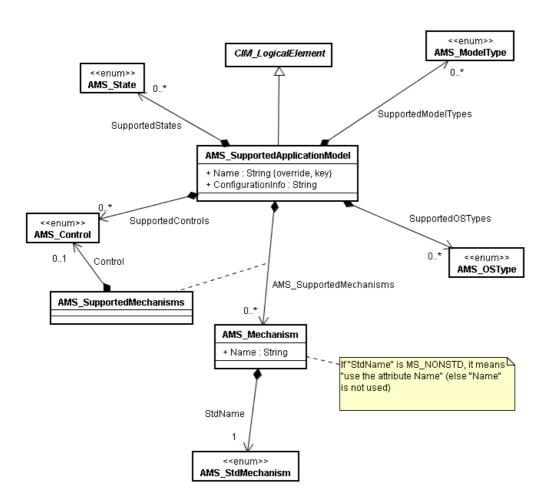


Figure 7.25 - Supported Application Model class diagram

This paragraph defines also the AMS\_Property template which design value-name pairs that are used throughout this PIM.

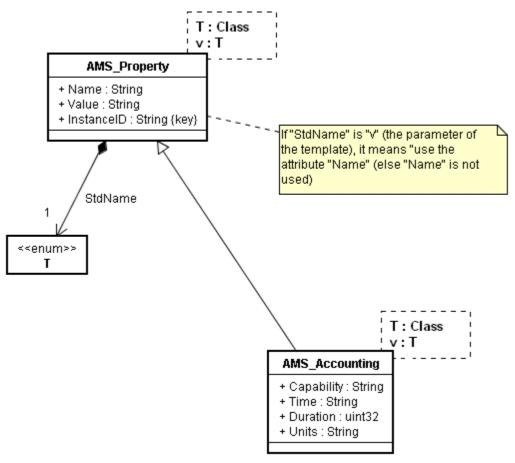


Figure 7.26 - AMS\_Property template class diagram

Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

### 7.12.1 AMS\_Accounting<Class T, T v> Template

The AMS Accounting template adds to the AMS Property value-name pairs the following data:

- "Capability: Maximum capability for the property. An empty string denotes unrestricted capability.
- "Time: Expresses the time the measurement was finished.
- "Duration: Duration of the measurement interval in micro seconds. A value of 0 denotes a sample of absolute value.
- "Units: The units in which the Value is expressed. Standardized values are:
  - Time standardized values:
    - •"ns (nanoseconds)
    - •"us (microseconds)

- Memory size standardized values:
  - •"B (byte)
  - •"kB (kilobyte)
  - •"MB (megabyte)
  - •"GB (gigabyte)
  - •"TB (terabyte)

.This template provides the ability to accounts hardware and software resource usage.

Attributes	Туре	
Capability	String	
Time	String	
Duration	uint32	
Units	String	

# 7.12.2 AMS\_Control Class

This class enumerates the actions allowed when controlling an executable software element. Its items are described in the "Software Element state diagram" (cf. paragraph 2.4.13.).

Some of its items are optional: AMS\_LOAD, AMS\_START, AMS\_UNLOAD, AMS\_LOAD\_DIRTY ("Maximum Control" profile).

Enumeration	
	AMS_LOAD
	AMS_LOAD_START
	AMS_START
	AMS_STOP
	AMS_HALT
	AMS_CONTINUE
	AMS_SHUTDOWN
	AMS_RECOVER
	AMS_UNLOAD
	AMS_LOAD_DIRTY

AMS_LOAD_START_DIRTY
AMS_STOP_HALTED
AMS_RECLAIM
AMS_ALLOCATE
AMS_RECOVER_DIRTY

# 7.12.3 AMS\_Mechanism Class

The AMS\_Mechanism class specifies the possible mechanisms, such as POSIX signals, known by an application model to start, stop, deploy and so forth.

An AMS\_Mechanism has a name, defined through a couple string - enumeration (AMS\_StdMechanisms): if the value of the enumeration is MS\_NONSTD, it means "use the attribute Name" (else "Name" is not used).

Attributes	Туре	
Name	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
StdName	1	AMS_StdMechanisms

## 7.12.4 AMS\_ModelType Class

This class enumerates the supported types of applications.

Enumeration	
	AMS_PROCESS
	AMS_J2EE
	AMS_CCM

# 7.12.5 AMS\_OSType Class

This class enumerates supported operating systems.

Enumeration	
	cf. CIM_OperatingSystem.OSType

# 7.12.6 AMS\_Property<Class T, T v> Template

The AMS\_Property template aims at designing value-name pairs that are used throughout the PIM. An AMS\_Property has a value and a name, which is defined by either a string or an item of an enumeration. This enumeration is intended to normalize some of the possible values of the name yet letting the possibility to the implementations to define new possible names.

The AMS\_Property template has two arguments T and v. T is the enumeration and v one the value of the preceding evaluation. "v" is intended to be the special value that denotes a non-normalized name.

Attributes	Туре	
Name	String	
Value	String	
InstanceID {key}	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
StdName	1	T

## 7.12.7 AMS\_State Class

This class enumerates the states in which executable software elements can be found (cf. section 7.14.1).

Some of its items are optional: AMS\_LOADED ("Maximum Control" profile).

Enumeration	
	AMS_EXECUTABLE
	AMS_HALTED
	AMS_LOADED
	AMS_RUNNING
	AMS_STOPPED
	AMS_UNALLOCATED
	AMS_ERROR

# 7.12.8 AMS\_StdMechanism Class

This class enumerates the standardized mechanisms to start, stop and deploy. MS\_NONSTD is the special value that denotes a non-normalized value and MS\_POSIXSIGNAL denotes a mechanism acquainted with POSIX signals.

MS_NONSTD
MS_POSIXSIGNAL

# 7.12.9 AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel Class

The AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel class specifies the application models which are supported by the AMSM services i.e., applications which AMSM implementation can deal with. Such a model is modeled with:

- The kinds of application concerned (process or J2EE or CCM).
- The kinds of operating systems (enumeration defined in CIM).
- A collection of known control options.
- · A collection of known application states.
- · A name.
- General configuration information (such as startup command line parameters for starting ORBs).
- A collection of mechanisms for each known control option. These mechanisms specify how to start, stop, deploy and so forth and executable element.

Attributes	Туре	
Name {override, key}	String	
ConfigurationInfo	String	
Associations	Multiplicity	Class
Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions	0*	AMS_ModelType
SupportedModelTypes		
Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions	0 *	AMS_OSType
SupportedOSTypes		
SupportedControls	0 *	AMS_Control
SupportedStates	0*	AMS_State
AMS_SupportedMechanisms	0*	AMS_Mechanism

# 7.12.10 AMS\_SupportedMechanisms Class

The AMS\_SupportedMechanisms class is an association class between AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel and AMS\_Mechanism. It specifies for which type of control a mechanism is supported.

Associations	Multiplicity	Class
Control	01	AMS_Control

# 7.13 Miscellaneous

#### 7.13.1 Success or failure codes

Responses to all startup or shutdown requests must return either an indication of success or an indication of failure along with amplifying information concerning the reason for the failure. These indications of success or failure are defined in an enumeration which items are:

Table 7.4 - Error Codes

Enumeration	Comment
AMS_OK	Value is 0. No error.
AMS_BADFILTER	A hardware or software filter is badly formed.
AMS_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID	An Unsubscribe operation has been called with an ID which does not (still) exist.
AMS_BADCONNECTIVITY	The 'connectivity' parameter passed in the AMS_HWManagement::CreateHardwareGroup method in wrong.
AMS_BADDEVICES	The 'devices' parameter passed in the AMS_HWManagement::CreateHardwareGroup method in wrong.
AMS_BADRESOURCES	The 'resources' parameter passed in the AMS_HWManagement::CreateHardwareGroup method in wrong.
AMS_BADMODELTYPE	A host does not support the proposed model type.
AMS_BADCOMMANDLINE	A parameter containing a command line is badly formed.
AMS_BADACTION	Badly formed CIM_Action in a specification definition (for example, "CommandLine" and "ProgramPath" of a CIM_ExecuteProgram hold wrong information, CIM_CopyFileAction refers to non-existing directories).
AMS_BADCHECK	Badly formed CIM_Check in a specification definition (for example, an "ArchitectureType" in an CIM_Architecture-Check is unknown, a "TargetOperatingSystem" in an CIM_OSVersionCheck is unknown, the "MinimumVersion" of a CIM_OSVersionCheck if greater than its "MaximumVersion."
AMS_BADSTATE	One of the action method of the ASM_ExecutableSoftware-Element class is called while the element is not in the proper state for this action according to the state diagram (cf. Section 7.14.1).

Table 7.4 - Error Codes

Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions  AMS_HALTFAILED	The AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement::Halt method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_STARTFAILED	The Startup method (AMS_SoftwareSystem, AMS_Application, AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement, AMS_RedundancyGroup, AMS_LoadBalancingGroup, AMS_DeploymentConfiguration) failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_SHUTDOWNFAILED	The Shutdown method (AMS_SoftwareSystem, AMS_Application, AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement, AMS_RedundancyGroup, AMS_LoadBalancingGroup, AMS_DeploymentConfiguration) failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_LOADFAILED	The AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement::Load method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_STOPFAILED	The AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement::Stop method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_CONTFAILED	The AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement::Continue method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_DEPLOYFAILED	The AMS_DeploymentSpecification::Deploy method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_PRIMARYFAILED	The AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement::ActivateAsPrimary method failed for an unknown reason (see log).
AMS_RESOURCEERROR	OS resource starvation error (lack of memory, disk).
AMS_RIGHTERROR	OS right error.
AMS_NOTCHECKED	A check of an specification was not true.
AMS_ALREADYPRIMARY	An ActivateAsPrimary has been tried on an element that is already a primary.
AMS_NOTFT	An FT operation has been tried on an element that is not in a redundancy group.
Issue 13233 - Error return values missing for LoadConfiguration and UnloadConfiguration	The operation didn't work properly (see log).
AMS_NOK	

# 7.13.2 Log of activity

The service shall maintain a log of its own activity. The activities recorded shall include at least:

• Status change information (either the stati or else the control commands)

· For failures any amplification of the reason for failure

This log facility is modeled with the classes AMS\_Log and AMS\_LogRecord. These classes provide a logging facility matching the CIM logging and the Lightweight Logging Service (cf. [LWLOG]).

CIM logging facility is modeled in the CIM package.

Lightweight Logging Service is reused in the "Lightweight Logging Service" package.

# 7.14 Dynamic behavior

## 7.14.1 Software Element state diagram

This State Diagram illustrates the set of States and Transitions that a Software Element may go through. Not all such States are supported by all Software Elements; for instance, the 'Loaded' State may be Operating System specific.

The applicable set of States appropriate for a given Software Element, is defined by the SupportedStates attribute of the AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel. Also the SupportedControl attribute of the AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel indicates which state transitions are available for a given Software Element.

Issue	13036 - HALTED as optional
Issue	13038 - Transition CONTINUE is missing in fig. 7.27
Issue	13068 - Not all expected ESE state changes are described

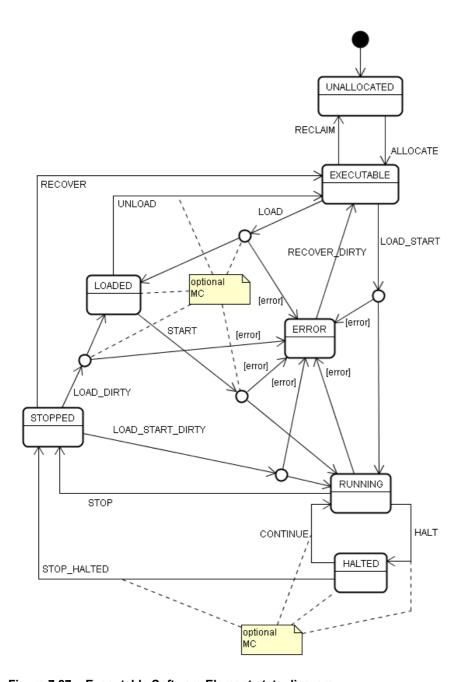


Figure 7.27 - Executable Software Element state diagram

#### 7.14.1.1 Unallocated

#### Description

A Software Element is in the UNALLOCATED state when it has not been allocated to an AMS ComputerSystem.

#### **Transitions**

ALLOCATE	The action of creating an association between this AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement and an AMS ComputerSystem.
	and an AMS_ComputerSystem.

#### 7.14.1.2 Executable

#### Description

The Software Element is available to be executed; it has been allocated to an AMS\_ComputerSystem which has the ability to execute the Software Element. If necessary, the code for the process and associated libraries have been retrieved and are now accessible on the AMS\_ComputerSystem.

#### **Transitions**

LOAD	Load the Software Element into memory on the associated AMS_ComputerSystem computer. This transition is optional ("Maximum Control" profile).
LOAD_START	Load the Software Element into memory and begin its execution on the associated AMS_ComputerSystem.
RECLAIM	The Software Element is disassociated from the given AMS_ComputerSystem, freeing resources.

#### 7.14.1.3 Loaded

## Description

The Software Element has been loaded into memory on the associated AMS\_ComputerSystem. The Process Counter is set to the first instruction in the process, but execution has not commenced.

This state is optional ("Maximum Control" profile).

## **Transitions**

START	Begin the execution of the Software Element. This transition is optional ("Maximum Control" profile).
UNLOAD	Shutdown the Software Element. This transition is optional ("Maximum Control" profile).

## 7.14.1.4 Running

## Description

The Software Element is executing on the associated AMS\_ComputerSystem.

#### **Transitions**

HALT	Issue 13036 - HALTED as optional Halt the execution of the Software Element (e.g., a SIGSTOP on Unix). This transition is optional («Maximum Control» profile)
STOP	Issue 13068 - Not all expected ESE state changes are described  Stop the Software Element. This Transition is also automatically followed when the Executable Software Element normally stops.
error	Issue 13068 - Not all expected ESE state changes are described  This transition is automatically followed when the Executable Software Element crashes.

#### 7.14.1.5 Halted

## Description

The Software Element has been Halted. The Process Counter is not advanced while in this state.

Issue 13036 - HALTED as optional

This state and its transition are optional («Maximum Control» profile).

#### **Transitions**

Issue 13038 - Transition CONTINUE is missing in fig. 7.27

CONTINUE	A request to resume execution of the Software Element (e.g., a SIGCONT on Unix).
STOP_HALTED	Stop the Software Element when in the HALT state

#### 7.14.1.6 Stopped

#### Description

The Software Element has finished executing on the given AMS\_ComputerSystem.

#### **Transitions**

RECOVER	Shutdown the Software Element.
LOAD_DIRTY	Load the Software Element into memory on the associated AMS_ComputerSystem computer. This transition is optional ("Maximum Control" profile).
LOAD_START_DIRTY	Load the Software Element into memory and begin its execution on the associated AMS_ComputerSystem.

#### 7.14.1.7 Error

#### Description

An error has occurred during a transition action of the Software Element.

For example, going from the executable to running state could fail because the LOAD\_START action fails, e.g., an exec of a process fails due to memory, incorrect path for the executable, etc.

#### **Transitions**

RECOVER_DIRTY	A request to recover from the ERROR state.
---------------	--

## 7.14.2 Mapping between ESE transitions and methods

This paragraph gives the mapping between the methods of AMS\_ExecutableSoftwareElement and the transitions known by an executable software element.

Table 7.5 - Mapping between ESE methods and transitions

I

I

Methods	Transitions
StartUp, StartUpOnSpec, StartUpOnHost	LOAD_START, LOAD_START_DIRTY
ShutDown, ForceShutDown	UNLOAD, RECOVER, RECOVER_DIRTY
Load	LOAD, LOAD_DIRTY
Stop	STOP, STOP_HALTED
Continue	CONTINUE
Halt	HALT

# 8 OMG CORBA/IDL Platform Specific Model

# 8.1 Mapping Rationale

## 8.1.1 Objective

The objective of this PSM is to normalize the CORBA/IDL structures and interfaces (cf. [CORBA]).

There are different ways in which this PSM may be utilized; a list (not willing to be exhaustive) is:

- Browsing software system structures: application, groups, and ESEs.
- · Browsing networks and computer systems.
- · Discovery and configuration of networks and computers.
- · Software data inventory.
- · Display of computers and/or applications statuses.
- · GUI-based management of applications and computers.

These uses may be gathered in two main purposes: firstly getting information from a database of software and hardware, secondly managing some of these element: applications, ESEs, computers. If the first purpose involves interfaces to get all the attributes and to iterate on all the associations, the later one asks for a way to quickly retrieve elements of the object.

Therefore all attributes, methods and associations are mapped into IDL elements. As a general rule, classes are mapped to interfaces, attributes to CORBA/IDL attributes, associations to read-only attributes and methods to equivalent methods which deal with errors through CORBA exceptions. Some classes (indications, filters, association classes) are not considered as interface *per se* but as pure information and, so, they are mapped to CORBA/IDL structs.

CORBA/IDL datatypes have not been considered since firstly no method clearly requires to be ran on the clients, and secondly datatypes implies to supply "server libraries" for each possible platform (Java, C++) with .idl files.

Moreover, all associations are mapped with an additional iterator on the list of elements of this association and all methods which return a list of objects are also mapped with an additional method which returns such an iterator.

This iterator is an interface which implements the well-known "Iterator" design pattern (cf. "Design Patterns – Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software" Gamma, Helm, Johnson and Vissides – Addison-Wesley 1994) on the associated elements gathered in a list. This interface defines the methods "First," "Next," "IsDone," and "GetCurrentItem." The method "First" make the iterator stand on the first element of the list, "Next" shifts it on the following element, "IsDone" returns "TRUE" if the iterator is out of bound and "GetCurrentItem" returns the element currently referenced by the iterator.

Subscribe methods and Indication classes are also mapped with one client IDL which has to be implemented by clients in order to receive indications (i.e., callbacks) from an AMSM server.

#### 8.1.2 Mapping principle

The rules used to map the PIM into CORBA/IDL are:

• All package contents are mapped in a single .idl file in which the prefix "omg.org" is used in order to cleanly organize name scope in the interface repository:

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#ifndef _AMS_AMSManagement_IDL_
#define _AMS_AMSManagement_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

#include "AMS_Util.idl"
...
#endif/* _AMS_AMSManagement_IDL_ */
```

All packages are mapped to a module which gathers all the definitions of the package

```
module AMS_Application {
    ...
}:
```

- Data types (uint16, datetime...) are directly mapped to CORBA/IDL types using the rules explained in paragraph 2.5.3.
- Each enumeration class is mapped to a corresponding CORBA/IDL enumeration type and to the type of sequence referred to this enumeration as well:

```
enum enumeration-name {
    an-item,
    ...
};
typedef sequence<enumeration-type> enumeration-typeList;
```

- Non enumeration classes are pre-declared as an interface with:
- A constant which contains the repository identifier of this interface. This constant is intended to be used with the "Object::is a" method.
- The type of the sequence of this interface,
- An interface which defines the type of iterator of elements belonging to the class.

• Non enumeration classes are mapped to interfaces whose name is the name of the class and the inheritance list is the one designed in the PIM.

```
interface class-name : super-class-name {
    ...
};
```

- AMS Property<C,V> template is mapped as follows:
- An interface named AMS\_Property followed by an "\_" and the name that is used for the first parameter in the template

spec. (without "AMS"); this interface will contain an attribute whose type is the type of the enumeration coming from the first parameter of the template and whose name is "StdName:"

```
interface AMS_Property_C {
    ...
    attribute V StdName;
};
```

 Attributes of non-enumeration classes are next mapped with a CORBA/IDL attribute whose name is the name of the attribute.

```
attribute attribute-type-map attribute-name;
```

- Associations of non-enumeration classes are next mapped as follow:
- Compositions with multiplicity equal to 1 are mapped to an attribute whose name is the name of the association without the leading CIM\_ or ASM\_ and whose type is the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always an enumeration class).

```
attribute class-name assoc-name;
```

• Compositions with multiplicity superior to 1 are mapped to an attribute whose name is the name of the association without the leading CIM\_ or ASM\_ and type is a sequence of elements with the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always an enumeration class).

```
attribute class-nameList assoc-name;
```

- Associations whose reverse association is a composition are not mapped.
- Associations whose reverse association is an aggregation are mapped with a read-only attribute whose name is "Owner" and type the target of the association:

```
readonly attribute class-name Owner;
```

- Remaining associations are mapped to a read-only attribute whose name is the name of the association without the leading CIM\_ or ASM\_ and whose type is the target of the association if the corresponding maximum multiplicity is 1, and a sequence of the target of the association otherwise. In the latter case, an operation which returns an iterator on the association is also given.
- Case maximum multiplicity = 1:

```
readonly attribute assoc-type assoc-name;
```

• Else:

```
readonly attribute assoc-typeList assoc-name;
assoc-typeListIterator Getassoc-typeIterator ();
```

• Methods are mapped to CORBA/IDL methods with the same parameters. The return type is void and the mapped method may raise an exception of type AMS Error which contains the AMSM code of the error.

Those rules are not intended to be general rules to map an UML PIM to a CORBA/IDL file. They are specific rules established for the AMSM specific case.

## 8.1.3 Mapping exceptions

The preceding rules deal neither with all the cases which arise in the AMSM PIM, nor with some of the requirements of CORBA/IDL norm.

Hereby are those specific cases:

- File and module AMS Util is added to declare some PSM-wide used definitions (exceptions, error codes, iterators).
- File and module AMS\_Client is added to declare the interface that clients have to implement in order to receive
  callbacks from an AMSM server. This interface gets two one way methods: one for hardware indications, the other one
  for software indications.
- Non-alphabetical and non-numerical characters in enumeration items (such as '/', '(', ')') are mapped to underscores.
- Module AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel is renamed with AMS\_SAM in order to avoid name mismatch with the interface AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel.
- Module AMS\_Application is renamed with AMS\_ApplicationModule in order to avoid name mismatch with the interface AMS\_Application.
- Some associations such as CIM\_SystemComponent or CIM\_RedundancyComponent and attributes (including the special case "Owner") appears two or three times on a same class, which leads to multiple definition. Since this is not allowed in a CORBA/IDL, those multiple definitions are gathered in one of type "Object." The client will have next to test this "Object" against all possible types of the association by using the method Object::is\_a and predefined repository identifier constants.
- Classes which are association classes are mapped to structures.
- Associations which are association classes are mapped with additional methods which return the list of elements or an
  iterator on this list, and take as parameter the structure corresponding to the association class.
- Classes which are the target of an association class do not map this association as usually but replace it with an attribute whose name is "State" and type is the structure of the association class.
- AMS\_RTHWIndication, AMS\_RTSWIndication, AMS\_SWFilter and AMS\_HWFilter are mapped to structures.
- Methods which return collection of elements on Management classes are mapped with another method which returns the corresponding iterator.
- Subscribe methods take an additional (first) parameter holding the CORBA object which will be called back.

#### 8.1.4 Initial reference issues

A client application which wants to contact the AMSM service have to create or get a proxy. A simple way to allow it is to reference the AMSM service objects in the Naming Service.

If the AMSM service is referenced in the Naming Service, the names and context which must be used are given by the following tables:

Table 8.1 - AMSM entry points in the Naming Service

Interface (in the AMS_AMSManagement module)	Context:Name	Comment	
AMS_HWManagement	AMSM:HWManagement	To get computers, end points, networks, domains, and hardware groups	
AMS_DeploymentConfManagement	AMSM:DeploymentMgt	To get deployment configurations	
AMS_SystemManagement	AMSM:SystemMgt	To get software systems	
AMS_ApplicationManagement	AMSM:ApplicationMgt	To get applications	
AMS_RedundancyGroupManagement	AMSM:FTGroupMgt	To get redundancy groups	
AMS_LoadBalancingManagement	AMSM:LBGroupMgt	To get load balancing groups	
AMS_ESEManagement	AMSM:ESEMgt	To get executable software elements	
AMS_SAMManagement	AMSM:SAMMgt	To get supported application models	
AMS_ConfManagement	AMSM:CongMgt	To load and unload a configuration	
AMS_Log	AMSM:Log	To get the log	

# 8.2 Specific Attributes and Parameters Information

In this paragraph, some attributes of class and parameters of operation roughly defined in the PIM, are more specified in the context of the CORBA/IDL PSM.

Table 8.2 - Specific attributes for CORBA/IDL PSM

Attribute	Comment
AMS_HWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SupportedApplicationModel: ConfigurationInfo	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:Environment	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:CommandLine	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:ProgramPath	Implementation dependent

Table 8.3 - Specific parameters for CORBA/IDL PSM

Parameter	Comment
-----------	---------

Table 8.3 - Specific parameters for CORBA/IDL PSM

CreateHardwareGroup: connectivity	Implementation dependent
CreateHardwareGroup: devices	Implementation dependent
CreateHardwareGroup: resources	Implementation dependent

## 8.3 Specific Data Types

This paragraph specifies the data types in the context of the CORBA/IDL PSM.

Table 8.4 - Data Types for CORBA/IDL PSM

Data type	Definition	Comment
Collection <type></type>	typedef sequence <class-name> class-nameList;</class-name>	If Type is either an enumeration or a structure
Collection <type></type>	<pre>typedef sequence<class-name> class-nameList; interface class-nameListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {    class-name getCurrentItem()      raises (AMS_NoSuchElementException); };</class-name></pre>	If Type is neither an enumeration nor a structure. The Iterator interface implements the well-known "Iterator" design pattern.
datetime	typedef string AMS_datetime;	
String	string	
uint8	typedef unsigned shortAMS_uint8;	
uint16	typedef unsigned shortAMS_uint16;	
uint32	typedef unsigned longAMS_uint32;	
uint64	typedef unsigned long longAMS_uint64;	

## 8.4 Specific Failure Codes

Error codes have been defined in the PIM (cf. 7.13.1).

## 8.5 Conformance Criteria

This PSM acknowledges the same conformance criteria as the PIM (cf. Chapter 2). So, classes, attributes, and methods which are not known in a PIM compliance profile are not mapped to the corresponding PSM compliance profile.

## 8.6 Mapping

## 8.6.1 AMS\_Util.idl

// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),

```
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "orb.idl"

#ifndef _AMS_Util_IDL_
#define _AMS_Util_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

module AMS_Util {

   typedef string AMS_datetime;
   typedef unsigned shortAMS_uint8;
   typedef unsigned shortAMS_uint16;
   typedef unsigned longAMS_uint32;
   typedef unsigned long longAMS_uint64;

   exception AMS_NoSuchElementException {
   };

   enum AMS_ErrorCode {
```

#### Issue 13230 - Control response

```
AMS_OK,
AMS_UNKNOWN,
AMS_BADFILTER,
AMS_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID,
AMS_BADCONNECTIVITY,
AMS_BADDEVICES,
AMS_BADDEVICES,
AMS_BADRESOURCES,
AMS_BADMODELTYPE,
AMS_BADCOMMANDLINE,
AMS_BADACTION,
AMS_BADCHECK,
AMS_BADSTATE,
```

### Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

```
AMS_HALTFAILED,
AMS_STARTFAILED,
AMS_SHUTDOWNFAILED,
AMS_LOADFAILED,
AMS_CONTFAILED,
AMS_CONTFAILED,
AMS_DEPLOYFAILED,
AMS_PRIMARYFAILED,
AMS_RESOURCEERROR,
AMS_RIGHTERROR,
AMS_NOTCHECKED,
AMS_ALREADYPRIMARY,
AMS_NOTFT,
```

## Issue 13233 - Error return values missing for LoadConfiguration and UnloadConfiguration

```
AMS_NOK
};

exception AMS_Error {
   AMS_ErrorCode error_code;
};
```

```
interface AMS_Iterator {
   void First ();
   void Next ();
   // XXX GetCurrentItem () raises (AMS_NoSuchElementException);
   boolean IsDone ();
};

typedef sequence<Object> AMS_ObjectList;
interface AMS_ObjectListIterator : AMS_Iterator {
   AMS_ObjectList GetCurrentItem ()
        raises (AMS_NoSuchElementException);
};

typedef sequence<string> AMS_stringList;

#endif/* AMS_Util_IDL_*/
```

## 8.6.2 AMS\_Client.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#include "orb.idl"

#ifndef _AMS_Client_IDL_
#define _AMS_Client_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

#include "AMS_AMSManagement.idl"

module AMS_ClientModule {
   interface AMS_IndicationSink {
      oneway void notifyHW ( in AMS_AMSManagement::AMS_RTHWIndication indic);
      oneway void notifySW ( in AMS_AMSManagement::AMS_RTSWIndication indic);
   };
};

#endif/* _AMS_Client_IDL_ */
```

#### 8.6.3 AMS\_AMSManagement.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#include "AMS_Util.idl"
#include "AMS_CIM.idl"

#ifndef _AMS_AMSManagement_IDL_
#define _AMS_AMSManagement_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

#include "AMS_Application.idl"
```

```
#include "AMS_ApplicationDeployment.idl"
#include "AMS_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS_ApplicationSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS_LogicalHardware.idl"
#include "AMS_LogicalHardwareSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS_SupportedApplicationModel.idl"
#include "AMS_LightweightLoggingService.idl"

module AMS_Client {
   interface AMS_IndicationSink;
};

module AMS_AMSManagement {
   struct AMS_ErrorStruct {
     string Message;
```

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

```
AMS_Util::AMS_uint16 Number;
  AMS Util:: AMS ErrorCode Code;
  string Element;
};
11
const string AMS HWManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS HWManagement:1.0";
interface AMS HWManagement ;
const string AMS DeploymentConfManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS DeploymentConfManagement:1.0";
interface AMS DeploymentConfManagement;
//
const string AMS ESEManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS ESEManagement:1.0";
interface AMS ESEManagement;
const string AMS ApplicationManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS ApplicationManagement:1.0";
interface AMS ApplicationManagement;
//
const string AMS SystemManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS SystemManagement:1.0";
interface AMS SystemManagement ;
const string AMS RedundancyGroupManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS RedundancyGroupManagement:1.0";
interface AMS RedundancyGroupManagement;
const string AMS LoadBalancingManagement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS LoadBalancingManagement:1.0";
interface AMS LoadBalancingManagement;
//
const string AMS ConfManagement CLASSID
```

```
= "IDL:omg.org/AMS_AMSManagement/AMS_ConfManagement:1.0";
interface AMS ConfManagement;
const string AMS Log CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS Log:1.0";
interface AMS Log;
typedef sequence<AMS Log> AMS LogList;
interface AMS LogListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Log GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS LogRecord CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS AMSManagement/AMS LogRecord:1.0";
interface AMS LogRecord;
typedef sequence<AMS LogRecord> AMS LogRecordList;
interface AMS LogRecordListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS LogRecord GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS_Util::AMS_NoSuchElementException);
};
struct AMS HWFilter {
  AMS_LogicalHardware::AMS_HardwareGroupList GroupsInFilter;
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS DomainList DomainsInFilter;
  AMS CIM::CIM NetworkList NetworkInFilter;
  string filter;
};
struct AMS_SWFilter {
  AMS SAM::AMS StateList StateFilters;
  string filter;
};
struct AMS RTHWIndication {
  // when
  AMS Util:: AMS datetime IndicationTime;
  // who
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystem NetworkElt;
  // status
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS Property StdHWUtilisation RTHS;
typedef sequence<AMS RTHWIndication> AMS RTHWIndicationList;
//
struct AMS RTSWIndication {
  // when
  AMS Util::AMS datetime IndicationTime;
  // who (one of)
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement ESE;
  AMS_ApplicationModule::AMS_Application AppIndication;
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS SoftwareSystem System;
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS LoadBalancingGroup LB;
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS RedundancyGroup RG;
   // status
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS RTSoftwareStatus RTSW;
```

```
typedef sequence<AMS RTSWIndication> AMS RTSWIndicationList;
interface AMS HWManagement {
  AMS CIM::CIM ProtocolEndPointList GetNetworkLinks ( in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS CIM::CIM ProtocolEndPointListIterator GetNetworkLinksIterator (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeNetworkLoadChange ( in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                          in AMS HWFilter filter,
                          out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeNetworkLoad ( in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                    in AMS Util::AMS uint16 delay,
                    in AMS HWFilter filter,
                    out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void CreateHardwareGroup ( in AMS CIM::CIM Location location,
                    in string connectivity,
                    in string devices,
                    out AMS LogicalHardware::AMS HardwareGroup group )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS CIM::CIM LocationList GetAllLocations ( )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
   AMS CIM::CIM LocationListIterator GetAllLocationsIterator ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeHWStatusChange (in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                    in AMS HWFilter filter,
                    out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeHWStatus ( in AMS_Client::AMS_IndicationSink sink,
                    in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                    in AMS HWFilter filter,
                    out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystemList GetComputerSystems (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystemListIterator GetComputerSystemsIterator (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS LogicalHardware:: AMS HardwareGroupList GetHardwareGroups (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS HardwareGroupListIterator GetHardwareGroupsIterator (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS CIM::CIM NetworkList GetNetworks ( in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS CIM::CIM NetworkListIterator GetNetworksIterator ( in AMS_HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
   AMS_LogicalHardware::AMS_DomainList GetDomains ( in AMS_HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS LogicalHardware::AMS DomainListIterator GetDomainsIterator (
                                         in AMS HWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
```

```
};
interface AMS DeploymentConfManagement {
   AMS ApplicationDeployment::AMS DeploymentConfigurationList
                                      GetDeploymentConfiguration ( )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS ApplicationDeployment::AMS DeploymentConfigurationListIterator
                                GetDeploymentConfigurationIterator ( )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
};
interface AMS ESEManagement {
   AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementList GetESE (
                                         in AMS SWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementListIterator GetESEIterator (
                                          in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void SubscribeESEStatusChange ( in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                        in AMS SWFilter filter,
                        out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void SubscribeESEStatus ( in AMS_Client::AMS_IndicationSink sink,
                     in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                     in AMS SWFilter filter,
                     out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void ShutDownESE ( in AMS SWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ESESpecList GetESESpec ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ESESpecListIterator GetESESpecIterator ( )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
} :
//
interface AMS ApplicationManagement {
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ApplicationList GetApplication (
                                         in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ApplicationListIterator
                        GetApplicationIterator ( in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void SubscribeApplicationStatusChange ( in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                              in AMS SWFilter filter,
                              out AMS Util::AMS_uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void SubscribeApplicationStatus (in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                        in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                        in AMS_SWFilter filter,
                        out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
```

```
interface AMS SystemManagement {
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS SoftwareSystemList GetSystem (
                                         in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS SoftwareSystemListIterator GetSystemIterator(
                                          in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeSystemStatusChange ( in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                       in AMS SWFilter filter,
                       out AMS Util::AMS_uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   void SubscribeSystemStatus ( in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                       in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                       in AMS SWFilter filter,
                       out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
};
interface AMS RedundancyGroupManagement {
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS RedundancyGroupList GetRG ( in AMS SWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS RedundancyGroupListIterator GetRGIterator (
                                             in AMS SWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeRGStatusChange (in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                       in AMS SWFilter filter,
                       out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
  void SubscribeRGStatus ( in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                     in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                     in AMS SWFilter filter,
                     out AMS Util::AMS_uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
  void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
11
interface AMS LoadBalancingManagement {
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS LoadBalancingGroupList GetLB (
                                             in AMS SWFilter filter )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS ApplicationModule::AMS LoadBalancingGroupListIterator GetLBIterator(
                                             in AMS SWFilter filter )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeLBStatusChange (in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                    in AMS SWFilter filter,
                    out AMS_Util::AMS_uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeLBStatus ( in AMS_Client::AMS_IndicationSink sink,
                 in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                 in AMS SWFilter filter,
                 out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS Error);
  void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
```

```
raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   };
   11
   interface AMS ConfManagement {
     void LoadConfiguration(in string file)
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
     void UnloadConfiguration(in string file)
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
      AMS ErrorStruct GetLastError ()
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   };
   interface AMS SAMManagement {
     AMS_SAM::AMS_SupportedApplicationModelList GetAllSAM ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
     AMS SAM::AMS SupportedApplicationModelListIterator GetAllSAMIterator ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   };
   11
   interface AMS_Log : AMS_CIM::CIM_Log {
     AMS LogRecordListIterator GetLogManagesRecordIterator ( );
      readonly attribute AMS LogRecordList LogManagesRecord;
      readonly attribute AMS_LightweightLoggingService::LogAdministrator
                                                        LogAdministrator;
     readonly attribute AMS LightweightLoggingService::LogConsumer LogConsumer;
   };
   interface AMS LogRecord : AMS CIM::CIM RecordForLog {
     readonly attribute AMS_Log Owner;
     readonly attribute AMS LightweightLoggingService::LogRecord LogicalIdentity;
   };
};
#endif/* AMS AMSManagement IDL */
```

## 8.6.4 AMS\_Application.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#include "AMS_Util.id1"
#include "AMS_CIM.id1"

#ifndef _AMS_Application_IDL_
#define _AMS_Application_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

#include "AMS_SupportedApplicationModel.id1"
#include "AMS_ApplicationSpecification.id1"
#include "AMS_ApplicationDeployment.id1"

module AMS_ApplicationModule {
    //
    enum AMS_ReplicationStyle {
```

```
RG COLD PASSIVE,
  RG WARM PASSIVE,
  RG ACTIVE,
  RG ACTIVE WITH VOTING,
  RG STATELESS,
  RG IMPL DEFINED
};
typedef sequence<AMS ReplicationStyle> AMS ReplicationStyleList;
enum AMS BalancingStyle {
  LB ROUND ROBIN,
  LB_RANDOM,
  LB IMPL DEFINED
typedef sequence<AMS BalancingStyle> AMS BalancingStyleList;
enum AMS RTSoftwareStatus {
  SW STARTED,
  SW STOPPED,
  SW FAILED
typedef sequence<AMS RTSoftwareStatus> AMS RTSoftwareStatusList;
enum AMS StdState {
  ST NONSTD,
  ST ENV
typedef sequence<AMS StdState> AMS StdStateList;
const string AMS SoftwareSystem CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS Application/AMS SoftwareSystem:1.0";
interface AMS SoftwareSystem ;
typedef sequence<AMS_SoftwareSystem> AMS_SoftwareSystemList;
interface AMS SoftwareSystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS SoftwareSystem GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS Application CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS Application/AMS Application:1.0";
interface AMS Application ;
typedef sequence<AMS Application> AMS ApplicationList;
interface AMS_ApplicationListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  AMS Application GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS Application/AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement:1.0";
interface AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement ;
typedef sequence<AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement> AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementList;
interface AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS RedundancyGroup CLASSID
```

```
= "IDL:omg.org/AMS_Application/AMS RedundancyGroup:1.0";
interface AMS RedundancyGroup ;
typedef sequence<AMS RedundancyGroup> AMS RedundancyGroupList;
interface AMS RedundancyGroupListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   AMS RedundancyGroup GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS LoadBalancingGroup CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS Application/AMS LoadBalancingGroup:1.0";
interface AMS LoadBalancingGroup;
typedef sequence<AMS LoadBalancingGroup> AMS LoadBalancingGroupList;
interface AMS LoadBalancingGroupListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS LoadBalancingGroup GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
} :
const string AMS Property StdState CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS Application/AMS Property StdState:1.0";
interface AMS Property StdState;
typedef sequence<AMS_Property_StdState> AMS_Property_StdStateList;
interface AMS Property StdStateListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Property StdState GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
interface AMS Property StdState {
  attribute string Name;
  attribute string Value;
  attribute string InstanceID;
  attribute AMS StdState Status;
};
interface AMS_SoftwareSystem : AMS_CIM::CIM_ApplicationSystem {
  // list of AMS Application, AMS SoftwareSystem or AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement
   AMS Util::AMS ObjectListIterator GetSystemComponentIterator ();
   readonly attribute AMS Util:: AMS ObjectList SystemComponent;
  readonly attribute AMS SoftwareSystem Owner;
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
                                                    SystemFeature;
  attribute AMS RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  attribute string Name;
   void StartUp ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void ShutDown ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
};
interface AMS Application : AMS CIM::CIM ApplicationSystem {
  // list of AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement, AMS RedundancyGroup
   // or AMS LoadBalancingGroup
  AMS Util::AMS ObjectListIterator GetSystemComponentIterator ();
   readonly attribute AMS Util:: AMS ObjectList SystemComponent;
   // AMS SoftwareSystem or AMS Application
```

```
readonly attribute Object Owner;
   readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
                                                     ApplicationFeature;
  AMS ApplicationListIterator GetApplicationOfApplicationIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationList ApplicationOfApplication;
  attribute AMS RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  attribute string Name;
  void StartUp ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void ShutDown ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
};
interface AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement : AMS CIM::CIM Service {
   // AMS Application or AMS SoftwareSystem
  readonly attribute Object Owner;
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ESESpec
                                SoftwareElementServiceImplementation;
  attribute AMS SAM:: AMS State CurrentState;
  // AMS_RedundancyGroup or AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
  readonly attribute Object RedundancyComponent;
  attribute AMS RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS RedundancyEltState RedState;
  readonly attribute AMS_ApplicationDeployment::AMS_DeploymentLink ESEDeployed;
  attribute string Name;
  void StartUp ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void StartUpOnSpec ( in AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ESESpec spec )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
  void StartUpOnHost(in AMS LogicalHardware::AMS Host host, in string commandLine )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void ShutDown ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Load ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void LoadAndStart ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Stop ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Continue ( )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
```

#### Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

```
void Halt ( )
    raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
void ForceShutDown ( )
    raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
void ActivateAsPrimary ( )
    raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
//
AMS_Property_StdStateListIterator GetStdStateListIterator ( );
    readonly attribute AMS_Property_StdStateList AMS_SpecificState;
};
//
interface AMS RedundancyGroup : AMS CIM::CIM RedundancyGroup {
```

```
{\tt AMS} \ {\tt ExecutableSoftwareElementListIterator} \ {\tt GetRedundancyComponentIterator} \ (\ ) \ ;
      readonly attribute AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementList RedundancyComponent;
      readonly attribute AMS Application Owner;
      readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
                                                         RedundancyFeature;
     attribute AMS ReplicationStyle Style;
     attribute AMS RTSoftwareStatus Status;
     attribute string Name;
      void StartUp ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
     void ShutDown ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   };
   interface AMS_LoadBalancingGroup : AMS_CIM::CIM_RedundancyGroup {
      readonly attribute AMS Application Owner;
      readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
                                                 LoadBalancingFeature;
     AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementListIterator GetRedundancyComponentIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementList RedundancyComponent;
     attribute AMS BalancingStyle Style;
     attribute AMS RTSoftwareStatus Status;
     attribute string Name;
      void StartUp ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
      void ShutDown ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  };
#endif/* _AMS_Application IDL */
```

#### 8.6.5 AMS\_ApplicationDeployment.idl

};

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "AMS Util.idl"
#include "AMS CIM.idl"
#ifndef _AMS_ApplicationDeployment_IDL_
#define AMS ApplicationDeployment IDL
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
#include "AMS ApplicationSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS_LogicalHardware.idl"
module AMS ApplicationModule {
  interface AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement;
module AMS ApplicationDeployment {
  //
   const string AMS DeploymentLink CLASSID
        = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationDeployment/AMS DeploymentLink:1.0";
   interface AMS DeploymentLink ;
   typedef sequence<AMS_DeploymentLink> AMS_DeploymentLinkList;
```

```
interface AMS DeploymentLinkListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
     AMS DeploymentLink GetCurrentItem ()
        raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   //
   const string AMS DeploymentConfiguration CLASSID
        = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationDeployment/AMS DeploymentConfiguration:1.0";
   interface AMS DeploymentConfiguration;
   typedef sequence<AMS DeploymentConfiguration> AMS DeploymentConfigurationList;
   interface AMS DeploymentConfigurationListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
     AMS DeploymentConfiguration GetCurrentItem ()
        raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   11
   interface AMS DeploymentLink : AMS CIM::CIM LogicalElement {
     readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware:: AMS Host HostUsed;
     readonly attribute AMS ApplicationModule::AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement
ESEDeployed;
     readonly attribute AMS DeploymentConfiguration Owner;
     attribute string LinkID;
   };
   interface AMS DeploymentConfiguration : AMS CIM::CIM LogicalElement {
     AMS DeploymentLinkListIterator GetDeploymentLinksIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS DeploymentLinkList DeploymentLinks;
     readonly attribute AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification::AMS DeploymentSpec
                                                DeploymentSpecAssoc;
     attribute string Name;
     void StartUp ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
     void ShutDown ( )
        raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
   };
};
#endif/* AMS ApplicationDeployment IDL */
```

## 8.6.6 AMS\_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#include "AMS_Util.idl"
#include "AMS_CIM.idl"

#ifndef _AMS_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification_IDL_
#define _AMS_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

#include "AMS_LogicalHardware.idl"
#include "AMS_LogicalHardwareSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS_ApplicationSpecification.idl"

module AMS_ApplicationDeployment {
   interface AMS DeploymentConfiguration;
```

```
typedef sequence<AMS DeploymentConfiguration> AMS DeploymentConfigurationList;
   interface AMS DeploymentConfigurationListIterator;
module AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification {
   const string AMS DeploymentLinkSpec CLASSID
    = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification/AMS DeploymentLinkSpec:1.0";
   interface AMS DeploymentLinkSpec ;
   typedef sequence<AMS DeploymentLinkSpec> AMS DeploymentLinkSpecList;
   interface AMS DeploymentLinkSpecListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
     AMS DeploymentLinkSpec GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   //
   const string AMS DeploymentSpec CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification/AMS DeploymentSpec:1.0";
   interface AMS DeploymentSpec ;
   typedef sequence<AMS DeploymentSpec> AMS DeploymentSpecList;
   interface AMS DeploymentSpecListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      AMS DeploymentSpec GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   11
   struct AMS ActionOnLink {
     AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ActionCheckCase Case;
   } :
   interface AMS DeploymentLinkSpec : AMS CIM::CIM LogicalElement {
     readonly attribute
        AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification:: AMS ConfigurationSpecification
                                                               ConfSpecDLS;
      readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification:: AMS ESESpec SEDeployed;
      AMS LogicalHardware::AMS HostListIterator GetHostUsedIterator ( );
      readonly attribute AMS_LogicalHardware::AMS_HostList HostUsed;
      readonly attribute AMS DeploymentLinkSpec DeploymentLinkDependency;
     readonly attribute AMS DeploymentSpec Owner;
     // association class
     readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM Action ActionOnLink;
     AMS CIM::CIM Action GetActionOnLink (
                    in AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ActionCheckCase state );
      AMS LogicalHardware::AMS OperatingSystemListIterator GetOSUsedIterator ();
      readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware::AMS OperatingSystemList OSUsed;
      attribute string LinkID;
   } :
   interface AMS DeploymentSpec : AMS CIM::CIM LogicalElement {
     AMS ApplicationDeployment::AMS DeploymentConfigurationListIterator
                                      GetDeploymentSpecAssocIterator ( );
      readonly attribute AMS_ApplicationDeployment::AMS_DeploymentConfigurationList
                                      DeploymentSpecAssoc;
     AMS DeploymentLinkSpecListIterator GetDeploymentSpecLinksIterator ( );
      readonly attribute AMS DeploymentLinkSpecList DeploymentSpecLinks;
      attribute string Name;
      void Deploy ( )
```

```
raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
};

};

#endif/* AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification IDL */
```

### 8.6.7 AMS\_ApplicationSpecification.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "AMS Util.idl"
#include "AMS CIM.idl"
#ifndef AMS ApplicationSpecification IDL
#define AMS ApplicationSpecification IDL
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
#include "AMS SupportedApplicationModel.idl"
module AMS ApplicationSpecification {
  //
   enum AMS_TypeOfFeature {
     SYSTEM,
     APPLICATION,
     REDUNDANCY GROUP,
     LOADBALANCING GROUP
   };
   typedef sequence<AMS TypeOfFeature> AMS TypeOfFeatureList;
   enum AMS ActionCheckCase {
     CASE PRE DEPLOY,
     CASE DEPLOY,
     CASE POST DEPLOY,
     CASE PRE START,
      CASE START,
     CASE_POST_START,
```

#### Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

```
interface AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS ESESpec CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS ESESpec:1.0";
interface AMS ESESpec ;
typedef sequence<AMS ESESpec> AMS ESESpecList;
interface AMS ESESpecListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS ESESpec GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS ExecuteProgram CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS ExecuteProgram:1.0";
interface AMS ExecuteProgram ;
typedef sequence<AMS ExecuteProgram> AMS ExecuteProgramList;
interface AMS ExecuteProgramListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS ExecuteProgram GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS MechanizedAction CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS MechanizedAction:1.0";
interface AMS MechanizedAction;
typedef sequence<AMS MechanizedAction> AMS MechanizedActionList;
interface AMS MechanizedActionListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS MechanizedAction GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS Property StdMechanism CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS_ApplicationSpecification/AMS_Property_StdMechanism:1.0";
interface AMS Property StdMechanism;
typedef sequence<AMS_Property StdMechanism> AMS Property StdMechanismList;
interface AMS Property StdMechanismListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Property StdMechanism GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
struct AMS SEShutdownDependency {
  AMS Util:: AMS uint16 TimeSinceShutdown;
};
struct AMS SEStartTimeDependency {
  AMS Util:: AMS uint16 TimeSinceStartup;
};
struct AMS SEStartCPUDependency {
  AMS Util:: AMS uint16 CPUload;
```

```
//
const string AMS CCMDeploy CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS CCMDeploy:1.0";
interface AMS CCMDeploy ;
typedef sequence<AMS CCMDeploy> AMS CCMDeployList;
interface AMS CCMDeployListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS CCMDeploy GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS CCMStart CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS CCMStart:1.0";
interface AMS CCMStart;
typedef sequence<AMS CCMStart> AMS CCMStartList;
interface AMS CCMStartListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS CCMStart GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS CCMStop CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS CCMStop:1.0";
interface AMS CCMStop;
typedef sequence<AMS CCMStop> AMS CCMStopList;
interface AMS_CCMStopListIterator: AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  AMS CCMStop GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS J2EEDeploy CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS J2EEDeploy:1.0";
interface AMS J2EEDeploy;
typedef sequence<AMS J2EEDeploy> AMS J2EEDeployList;
interface AMS J2EEDeployListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS J2EEDeploy GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_NoSuchElementException);
} ;
//
const string AMS J2EEStart CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS J2EEStart:1.0";
interface AMS_J2EEStart ;
typedef sequence<AMS J2EEStart> AMS J2EEStartList;
interface AMS J2EEStartListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS J2EEStart GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS J2EEStop CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS ApplicationSpecification/AMS J2EEStop:1.0";
interface AMS J2EEStop;
typedef sequence<AMS J2EEStop> AMS J2EEStopList;
interface AMS J2EEStopListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS J2EEStop GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
```

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

typedef sequence<AMS\_SecurityCheck > AMS\_SecurityCheckList;

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

```
interface AMS SecurityCheckListIterator: AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS SecurityCheck GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
interface AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec : AMS CIM::CIM SoftwareFeature {
  readonly attribute AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec Owner;
  AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecListIterator GetFeatureOfFeatureIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecList FeatureOfFeature;
  AMS ESESpecListIterator GetSoftwareFeatureSoftwareElementIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ESESpecList SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement;
  attribute AMS TypeOfFeature TypeOfFeature;
   // association class
  AMS CIM::CIM CheckListIterator GetSoftwareFeatureCheckIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM CheckList SoftwareFeatureCheck;
  AMS CIM::CIM CheckList GetSoftwareFeatureCheckOnCase (
                                   in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  AMS CIM::CIM CheckListIterator GetSoftwareFeatureCheckIteratorOnCase (
                                   in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  // association class
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionListIterator GetSoftwareFeatureActionIterator ();
   readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM ActionList SoftwareFeatureAction;
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionList GetSoftwareFeatureAction (
                                   in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionListIterator GetSoftwareFeatureActionIteratorOnCase (
                                   in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  attribute string Name;
};
interface AMS ESESpec : AMS CIM::CIM SoftwareElement {
  readonly attribute AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec Owner;
  attribute AMS SAM:: AMS ModelType ModelType;
   // association class
  AMS ESESpecListIterator GetSEStartDependencyIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ESESpecList SEStartDependency;
  AMS ESESpecList GetSEStartCPUDependencyOnCase (
                                     in AMS SEStartCPUDependency state );
  AMS ESESpecListIterator GetSEStartCPUDependencyIteratorOnCase (
                                     in AMS SEStartCPUDependency state );
  {\tt AMS\_ESESpecList~GetSEStartTimeDependencyOnCase~(}
                                     in AMS SEStartTimeDependency state );
  AMS ESESpecListIterator GetSEStartTimeDependencyIteratorOnCase (
                                    in AMS SEStartTimeDependency state );
   // association class
```

```
AMS CIM::CIM CheckListIterator GetSoftwareElementCheckIterator ( );
   readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM CheckList SoftwareElementCheck;
  AMS CIM::CIM CheckList GetSoftwareElementCheckOnCase (
                                       in AMS ActionCheckCase state );
  {\tt AMS\_CIM::CIM\_CheckListIterator~GetSoftwareElementCheckIteratorOnCase~(}
                                       in AMS ActionCheckCase state );
   // association class
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionListIterator GetSoftwareElementActionIterator ();
   readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM ActionList SoftwareElementAction;
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionList GetSoftwareElementActionOnCase (
                                      in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  AMS CIM::CIM ActionListIterator GetSoftwareElementActionIteratorOnCase (
                                       in AMS ActionCheckCase state);
  attribute AMS RedundancyEltState RedInitState;
   // association class
  AMS ESESpecListIterator GetSEShutdownDependencyIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ESESpecList SEShutdownDependency;
  AMS ESESpecList GetSEShutdownDependencyOnCase (
                                       in AMS SEShutdownDependency state );
  {\tt AMS} \ {\tt ESESpecListIterator} \ {\tt GetSEShutdownDependencyIteratorOnCase} \ (
                                      in AMS SEShutdownDependency state );
  attribute string Name;
  attribute string SoftwareElementID;
};
interface AMS ApplicationModelCheck : AMS CIM::CIM Check {
  readonly attribute AMS SAM:: AMS SupportedApplicationModel SAMCheck;
11
interface AMS SecurityCheck : AMS CIM::CIM Check {
//
interface AMS_ExecuteProgram : AMS_CIM::CIM_ExecuteProgram {
  attribute string Environment;
};
interface AMS CCMDeploy: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
  attribute string ComponentPackageDescriptor;
};
interface AMS CCMStart: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
};
interface AMS CCMStop: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
interface AMS J2EEDeploy: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
  attribute string EnterpriseArchive;
//
```

```
interface AMS J2EEStart: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
   };
   11
   interface AMS J2EEStop: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
   //
   interface AMS Property StdMechanism {
     attribute string Name;
     attribute string Value;
     attribute string InstanceID;
     attribute AMS SAM:: AMS StdMechanism StdName;
   //
   interface AMS MechanizedAction: AMS CIM::CIM Action {
     attribute AMS_Property_StdMechanism ActionMechanism;
   };
};
#endif/* AMS ApplicationSpecification IDL */
```

## 8.6.8 AMS\_CIM.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "AMS Util.idl"
#ifndef _AMS_CIM_IDL_
#define AMS CIM IDL
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
module AMS LogicalHardware {
   interface AMS ComputerSystem;
   typedef sequence<AMS ComputerSystem> AMS ComputerSystemList;
   interface AMS ComputerSystemListIterator;
} ;
module AMS ApplicationSpecification {
   enum AMS ActionCheckCase {
     CASE PRE DEPLOY,
     CASE DEPLOY,
     CASE POST DEPLOY,
      CASE PRE START,
      CASE START,
      CASE_POST_START,
```

## Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

```
CASE_PRE_STOP,
    CASE_STOP,
    CASE_POST_STOP,
    CASE_ALTERNATE_SHUTDOWN
};
    typedef sequence<AMS_ActionCheckCase> AMS_ActionCheckCaseList;
};
```

```
module AMS CIM {
   //
   const string CIM System CLASSID
        = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM System:1.0";
   interface CIM System ;
   typedef sequence<CIM_System> CIM SystemList;
   interface CIM SystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      CIM System GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   const string CIM ComputerSystem CLASSID
         = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ComputerSystem:1.0";
   interface CIM ComputerSystem ;
   typedef sequence<CIM ComputerSystem> CIM ComputerSystemList;
   interface CIM_ComputerSystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      CIM ComputerSystem GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   11
   const string CIM IPProtocolEndPoint CLASSID
         = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM IPProtocolEndPoint:1.0";
   interface CIM IPProtocolEndPoint ;
   typedef sequence<CIM IPProtocolEndPoint> CIM IPProtocolEndPointList;
   interface CIM IPProtocolEndPointListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      CIM IPProtocolEndPoint GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   11
   const string CIM NextHopRoute CLASSID
         = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM NextHopRoute:1.0";
   interface CIM NextHopRoute ;
   typedef sequence<CIM NextHopRoute> CIM NextHopRouteList;
   interface CIM_NextHopRouteListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
      CIM NextHopRoute GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util:: AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   //
   const string CIM LogicalDevice CLASSID
         = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM LogicalDevice:1.0";
   interface CIM Logical Device ;
   typedef sequence<CIM LogicalDevice> CIM LogicalDeviceList;
   interface CIM LogicalDeviceListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      CIM LogicalDevice GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   const string CIM Location CLASSID
        = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Location:1.0";
   interface CIM Location ;
   typedef sequence<CIM Location> CIM LocationList;
   interface CIM LocationListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
      CIM Location GetCurrentItem ()
         raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM LogicalElement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM LogicalElement:1.0";
interface CIM LogicalElement ;
typedef sequence<CIM LogicalElement> CIM LogicalElementList;
interface CIM LogicalElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM LogicalElement GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM OperatingSystem CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM OperatingSystem:1.0";
interface CIM OperatingSystem ;
typedef sequence<CIM OperatingSystem> CIM OperatingSystemList;
interface CIM_OperatingSystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM OperatingSystem GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM EnabledLogicalElement CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM EnabledLogicalElement:1.0";
interface CIM EnabledLogicalElement;
typedef sequence<CIM EnabledLogicalElement> CIM EnabledLogicalElementList;
interface CIM EnabledLogicalElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM EnabledLogicalElement GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM ApplicationSystem CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ApplicationSystem:1.0";
interface CIM ApplicationSystem ;
typedef sequence<CIM ApplicationSystem> CIM ApplicationSystemList;
interface CIM_ApplicationSystemListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
   CIM ApplicationSystem GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
} :
11
const string CIM_Service_CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Service:1.0";
interface CIM Service ;
typedef sequence<CIM Service> CIM ServiceList;
interface CIM ServiceListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Service GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM SoftwareFeature CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM SoftwareFeature:1.0";
interface CIM SoftwareFeature ;
typedef sequence<CIM SoftwareFeature> CIM SoftwareFeatureList;
interface CIM SoftwareFeatureListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM SoftwareFeature GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM SoftwareElement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM SoftwareElement:1.0";
interface CIM SoftwareElement ;
typedef sequence<CIM_SoftwareElement> CIM SoftwareElementList;
interface CIM SoftwareElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM SoftwareElement GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM OSVersionCheck CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM OSVersionCheck:1.0";
interface CIM OSVersionCheck;
typedef sequence<CIM OSVersionCheck> CIM OSVersionCheckList;
interface CIM OSVersionCheckListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM OSVersionCheck GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM Check CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Check:1.0";
interface CIM Check ;
typedef sequence<CIM Check> CIM CheckList;
interface CIM CheckListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM Check GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM ArchitectureCheck CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ArchitectureCheck:1.0";
interface CIM ArchitectureCheck;
typedef sequence<CIM ArchitectureCheck> CIM ArchitectureCheckList;
interface CIM_ArchitectureCheckListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  CIM ArchitectureCheck GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
}:
//
const string CIM Action CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Action:1.0";
interface CIM Action ;
typedef sequence<CIM Action> CIM ActionList;
interface CIM ActionListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM Action GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM ExecuteProgram CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ExecuteProgram:1.0";
interface CIM ExecuteProgram ;
typedef sequence<CIM ExecuteProgram> CIM ExecuteProgramList;
interface CIM ExecuteProgramListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM ExecuteProgram GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM FileAction CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM FileAction:1.0";
interface CIM FileAction ;
typedef sequence<CIM FileAction> CIM FileActionList;
interface CIM FileActionListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM FileAction GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM CopyFileAction CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM CopyFileAction:1.0";
interface CIM CopyFileAction ;
typedef sequence<CIM CopyFileAction> CIM CopyFileActionList;
interface CIM_CopyFileActionListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM CopyFileAction GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM DirectorySpecification CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM DirectorySpecification:1.0";
interface CIM_DirectorySpecification ;
typedef sequence<CIM DirectorySpecification> CIM DirectorySpecificationList;
interface CIM_DirectorySpecificationListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  CIM DirectorySpecification GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM RedundancyGroup CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM RedundancyGroup:1.0";
interface CIM RedundancyGroup ;
typedef sequence<CIM RedundancyGroup> CIM RedundancyGroupList;
interface CIM_RedundancyGroupListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
   CIM RedundancyGroup GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
} :
//
const string CIM ProtocolEndPoint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ProtocolEndPoint:1.0";
interface CIM ProtocolEndPoint ;
typedef sequence<CIM ProtocolEndPoint> CIM ProtocolEndPointList;
interface CIM ProtocolEndPointListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM ProtocolEndPoint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM AdminDomain CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM AdminDomain:1.0";
interface CIM AdminDomain ;
typedef sequence<CIM AdminDomain> CIM AdminDomainList;
interface CIM AdminDomainListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM AdminDomain GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM LogicalDisk CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM LogicalDisk:1.0";
interface CIM LogicalDisk ;
typedef sequence<CIM LogicalDisk> CIM LogicalDiskList;
interface CIM LogicalDiskListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM LogicalDisk GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM Memory CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Memory:1.0";
interface CIM Memory ;
typedef sequence<CIM Memory> CIM MemoryList;
interface CIM MemoryListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Memory GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM PowerSupply CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM PowerSupply:1.0";
interface CIM PowerSupply ;
typedef sequence<CIM PowerSupply> CIM PowerSupplyList;
interface CIM PowerSupplyListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM PowerSupply GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM Watchdog CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Watchdog:1.0";
interface CIM Watchdog ;
typedef sequence<CIM Watchdog> CIM WatchdogList;
interface CIM_WatchdogListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
   CIM Watchdog GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM Processor CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Processor:1.0";
interface CIM Processor;
typedef sequence<CIM Processor> CIM ProcessorList;
interface CIM ProcessorListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Processor GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM LogicalPort CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM LogicalPort:1.0";
interface CIM LogicalPort;
typedef sequence<CIM LogicalPort> CIM LogicalPortList;
interface CIM LogicalPortListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM LogicalPort GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM NetworkPort CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM NetworkPort:1.0";
interface CIM NetworkPort;
typedef sequence<CIM NetworkPort> CIM NetworkPortList;
interface CIM NetworkPortListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM NetworkPort GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM EthernetPort CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM EthernetPort:1.0";
interface CIM EthernetPort ;
typedef sequence<CIM EthernetPort> CIM EthernetPortList;
interface CIM EthernetPortListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM EthernetPort GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM Display CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Display:1.0";
interface CIM Display;
typedef sequence<CIM Display> CIM DisplayList;
interface CIM DisplayListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM Display GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM Sensor CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Sensor:1.0";
interface CIM Sensor ;
typedef sequence<CIM Sensor> CIM SensorList;
interface CIM_SensorListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  CIM Sensor GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM StorageExtent CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM StorageExtent:1.0";
interface CIM StorageExtent ;
typedef sequence<CIM StorageExtent> CIM StorageExtentList;
interface CIM StorageExtentListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM StorageExtent GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM PhysicalElement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM PhysicalElement:1.0";
interface CIM PhysicalElement;
typedef sequence<CIM PhysicalElement> CIM PhysicalElementList;
interface CIM PhysicalElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM PhysicalElement GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM Log CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS_CIM/CIM_Log:1.0";
interface CIM Log ;
typedef sequence<CIM_Log> CIM LogList;
interface CIM LogListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM Log GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM ManagedElement CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ManagedElement:1.0";
interface CIM ManagedElement ;
typedef sequence<CIM ManagedElement> CIM ManagedElementList;
interface CIM_ManagedElementListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM ManagedElement GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM RecordForLog CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM RecordForLog:1.0";
interface CIM RecordForLog ;
typedef sequence<CIM RecordForLog> CIM RecordForLogList;
interface CIM RecordForLogListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM RecordForLog GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM Dependency CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Dependency:1.0";
interface CIM Dependency ;
typedef sequence<CIM Dependency> CIM DependencyList;
interface CIM_DependencyListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS_Iterator {
  CIM Dependency GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util:: AMS NoSuchElementException);
}:
//
const string CIM ConnectivityCollection CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS_CIM/CIM ConnectivityCollection:1.0";
interface CIM ConnectivityCollection ;
typedef sequence<CIM ConnectivityCollection> CIM ConnectivityCollectionList;
interface CIM ConnectivityCollectionListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM ConnectivityCollection GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM EthernetPortStatistics CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM EthernetPortStatistics:1.0";
interface CIM EthernetPortStatistics ;
typedef sequence<CIM EthernetPortStatistics> CIM EthernetPortStatisticsList;
interface CIM EthernetPortStatisticsListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM EthernetPortStatistics GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM LANEndPoint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM LANEndPoint:1.0";
interface CIM LANEndPoint ;
typedef sequence<CIM LANEndPoint> CIM LANEndPointList;
interface CIM LANEndPointListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM LANEndPoint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM Network CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Network:1.0";
interface CIM Network ;
typedef sequence<CIM Network> CIM NetworkList;
interface CIM NetworkListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Network GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string CIM NextHopIPRoute CLASSID
      = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM NextHopIPRoute:1.0";
interface CIM NextHopIPRoute ;
typedef sequence<CIM NextHopIPRoute> CIM NextHopIPRouteList;
interface CIM NextHopIPRouteListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  CIM NextHopIPRoute GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint CLASSID
      = "IDL:omq.orq/AMS CIM/CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint:1.0";
interface CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint;
typedef sequence<CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint> CIM RemoteServiceAccessPointList;
interface CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPointListIterator : AMS_Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
}:
//
const string CIM ServiceAccessPoint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM ServiceAccessPoint:1.0";
interface CIM ServiceAccessPoint ;
typedef sequence<CIM ServiceAccessPoint> CIM ServiceAccessPointList;
interface CIM ServiceAccessPointListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM ServiceAccessPoint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM Process CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Process:1.0";
interface CIM Process;
typedef sequence<CIM Process> CIM ProcessList;
interface CIM ProcessListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Process GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
```

```
};
const string CIM Thread CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM Thread:1.0";
interface CIM Thread;
typedef sequence<CIM Thread> CIM ThreadList;
interface CIM ThreadListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM Thread GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM UnixProcess CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM UnixProcess:1.0";
interface CIM UnixProcess ;
typedef sequence<CIM UnixProcess> CIM UnixProcessList;
interface CIM UnixProcessListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM UnixProcess GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS_Util::AMS_NoSuchElementException);
};
const string CIM UnixThread CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS CIM/CIM UnixThread:1.0";
interface CIM UnixThread ;
typedef sequence<CIM UnixThread> CIM UnixThreadList;
interface CIM UnixThreadListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   CIM UnixThread GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
interface CIM LogicalElement {
//
interface CIM EnabledLogicalElement : CIM LogicalElement {
11
interface CIM System : CIM EnabledLogicalElement {
interface CIM ComputerSystem : CIM System {
};
interface CIM ServiceAccessPoint {
  // AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystem or CIM ConnectivityCollection
  readonly attribute Object Owner;
  CIM LANEndPointListIterator GetBindsToLANEndPointIterator ( );
   readonly attribute CIM LANEndPointList BindsToLANEndPoint;
   attribute string Name;
};
```

```
interface CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint : CIM ServiceAccessPoint {
  CIM NextHopRouteListIterator GetAssociatedNextHopIterator ( );
   readonly attribute CIM NextHopRouteList AssociatedNextHop;
   attribute string AccessInfo;
   attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 InfoFormat;
};
interface CIM ProtocolEndPoint : CIM ServiceAccessPoint {
  CIM ProtocolEndPointListIterator GetEndpointIdentityIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM ProtocolEndPointList EndpointIdentity;
  CIM NextHopRouteListIterator GetRouteUsesEndpointIterator ( );
   readonly attribute CIM NextHopRouteList RouteUsesEndpoint;
};
interface CIM LANEndPoint : CIM ProtocolEndPoint {
  CIM EthernetPortStatisticsListIterator GetElementStatisticalDataIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM EthernetPortStatisticsList ElementStatisticalData;
  CIM ServiceAccessPointListIterator GetBindsToLANEndPointIteratorRev ( );
  readonly attribute CIM ServiceAccessPointList BindsToLANEndPointRev;
  attribute string LANID;
  attribute string MACAddress;
  attribute string AliasAddresses;
  attribute string GroupAddresses;
   attribute AMS Util::AMS uint32 MaxDataSize;
};
interface CIM IPProtocolEndPoint : CIM ProtocolEndPoint {
  attribute string IPv4Address;
  attribute string IPv6Address;
  attribute string SubnetMask;
   attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint8 PrefixLength;
interface CIM NextHopRoute {
  readonly attribute CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint AssociatedNextHop;
   readonly attribute CIM ProtocolEndPoint RouteUsesEndpoint;
   // AMS Host or AMS Router
  readonly attribute Object Owner;
  attribute string InstanceID;
   attribute string DestinationAddress;
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint16 AdminDistance;
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint16 RouteMetric;
  attribute boolean IsStatic;
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 TypeOfRoute;
};
interface CIM LogicalDevice {
  CIM PhysicalElementListIterator GetRealizesIterator ( );
   readonly attribute CIM PhysicalElementList Realizes;
   readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystem Owner;
   attribute string DeviceID;
};
```

```
interface CIM Location {
  CIM PhysicalElementListIterator GetPhysicalElementLocationIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM PhysicalElementList PhysicalElementLocation;
  AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystemListIterator
                                      GetElementLocationIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware::AMS ComputerSystemList ElementLocation;
  attribute string Name;
};
interface CIM OperatingSystem {
};
interface CIM_ApplicationSystem : CIM_System {
};
interface CIM Service : CIM EnabledLogicalElement {
interface CIM SoftwareFeature : CIM LogicalElement {
//
interface CIM SoftwareElement : CIM LogicalElement {
} ;
//
interface CIM Check {
  // AMS_ApplicationSpecification::AMS_ESESpec
  // or AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
  // or CIM CopyFileAction
  readonly attribute Object Owner;
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ActionCheckCase state;
  attribute string CheckID;
};
interface CIM OSVersionCheck : CIM Check {
  attribute string MaximumVersion;
  attribute string MinimumVersion;
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 TargetOperatingSystem;
};
interface CIM ArchitectureCheck : CIM Check {
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 ArchitectureType;
};
interface CIM DirectorySpecification : CIM Check {
  attribute string DirectoryPath;
interface CIM Action {
```

```
// CIM Action or AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ESESpec
   // or AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec
   // or AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification::AMS DeploymentLinkSpec
   readonly attribute Object Owner;
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationSpecification::AMS ActionCheckCase state;
  CIM ActionListIterator GetActionSequenceIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM ActionList ActionSequence;
  attribute string ActionID;
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 TargetOperatingSystem;
};
interface CIM ExecuteProgram : CIM Action {
  attribute string CommandLine;
  attribute string ProgramPath;
};
interface CIM FileAction : CIM Action {
interface CIM CopyFileAction : CIM FileAction {
   readonly attribute CIM DirectorySpecification ToDirectoryAction;
  readonly attribute CIM_DirectorySpecification FromDirectorySpecification;
  attribute string Source;
  attribute string Destination;
};
//
interface CIM RedundancyGroup : CIM LogicalElement {
interface CIM AdminDomain {
  attribute string Name;
interface CIM StorageExtent : CIM LogicalDevice {
interface CIM LogicalDisk : CIM StorageExtent {
};
interface CIM Memory : CIM LogicalDevice {
};
11
interface CIM PowerSupply : CIM LogicalDevice {
interface CIM Watchdog : CIM LogicalDevice {
//
```

```
interface CIM Processor : CIM LogicalDevice {
   attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint16 LoadPercentage;
   attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 CPUStatus;
};
//
interface CIM LogicalPort : CIM LogicalDevice {
//
interface CIM NetworkPort : CIM LogicalPort {
interface CIM EthernetPort : CIM NetworkPort {
//
interface CIM Display : CIM LogicalDevice {
//
interface CIM Sensor : CIM LogicalDevice {
//
interface CIM PhysicalElement {
  CIM_LogicalDeviceListIterator GetRealizesIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM LogicalDeviceList Realizes;
  readonly attribute CIM Location PhysicalElementLocation;
};
interface CIM Log : CIM EnabledLogicalElement {
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint64 MaxNumberOfRecords;
   attribute AMS Util::AMS uint64 CurrentNumberOfRecord;
   attribute string Name;
  AMS_Util::AMS_uint32 ClearLog ( )
      raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
};
interface CIM ManagedElement {
};
interface CIM RecordForLog : CIM ManagedElement {
  attribute string RecordFormat;
  attribute string RecordData;
  attribute string Locale;
};
interface CIM Dependency {
};
interface CIM ConnectivityCollection {
   CIM ProtocolEndPointListIterator GetMemberOfCollectionIterator ( );
   readonly attribute CIM ProtocolEndPointList MemberOfCollection;
```

```
readonly attribute CIM Network Owner;
   attribute AMS Util::AMS uint64 InstanceID;
};
//
interface CIM EthernetPortStatistics {
  readonly attribute CIM LANEndPoint Owner;
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint64 InstanceID;
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint64 BytesTransmitted;
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint64 BytesReceived;
  attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint64 PacketsTransmitted;
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint64 PacketsReceived;
};
interface CIM Network : CIM AdminDomain {
  CIM ConnectivityCollectionListIterator GetHostedCollectionIterator ();
  readonly attribute CIM ConnectivityCollectionList HostedCollection;
  CIM NetworkListIterator GetSubnetComponentIterator ( );
  readonly attribute CIM NetworkList SubnetComponent;
};
//
interface CIM NextHopIPRoute : CIM NextHopRoute {
   attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint16 RouteDerivation;
   attribute string DestinationMask;
  attribute AMS Util::AMS uint8 PrefixLength;
  attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint16 AddressType;
};
interface CIM Process : CIM EnabledLogicalElement {
  CIM ThreadListIterator GetThreadListIterator ();
```

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

readonly attribute CIM\_ThreadList ProcessThread; CIM ServiceListIterator GetServiceListIterator ();

#### Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

```
readonly attribute CIM_ServiceListServiceList;
attribute string OSName;
attribute string Handle;
};

//
interface CIM_Thread : CIM_EnabledLogicalElement {
  attribute string OSName;
  attribute string Handle;
};

//
interface CIM_UnixProcess : CIM_Process {
  attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint64 ProcessGroupID;
  attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint64 RealUserID;
  attribute AMS_Util::AMS_stringList Parameters;
};

//
interface CIM_UnixThread : CIM_Thread {
```

```
};

#endif/* AMS_CIM_IDL_ */
```

## 8.6.9 AMS\_LogicalHardware.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "AMS Util.idl"
#include "AMS_CIM.idl"
#ifndef AMS LogicalHardware IDL
#define AMS LogicalHardware IDL
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
#include "AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification.idl"
#include "AMS SupportedApplicationModel.idl"
module AMS_ApplicationDeployment {
   interface AMS DeploymentLink;
   typedef sequence<AMS DeploymentLink> AMS DeploymentLinkList;
   interface AMS DeploymentLinkListIterator;
};
module AMS Client {
  interface AMS IndicationSink;
module AMS LogicalHardware {
  //
   enum AMS StdHWUtilisation {
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
HU NONSTD,
HU CPU,
HU RUNQ,
HU WAIT,
HU LAN BTX,
HU LAN BRX,
HU_LAN_PTX,
HU_LAN_PRX,
HU_PMS,
HU PFS,
HU DSK WR,
HU_DSK_RD,
HU OFS,
HU FS
HU PN,
HU TN
```

Issue 13063 - CORBA/IDL PSM errors

};

```
11
const string AMS Host CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS Host:1.0";
interface AMS Host;
typedef sequence<AMS Host> AMS HostList;
interface AMS HostListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Host GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS Router CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS Router:1.0";
interface AMS Router ;
typedef sequence<AMS Router> AMS RouterList;
interface AMS RouterListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Router GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS Switch CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS Switch:1.0";
interface AMS Switch ;
typedef sequence<AMS_Switch> AMS_SwitchList;
interface AMS SwitchListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Switch GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS_HardwareGroup_CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS HardwareGroup:1.0";
interface AMS HardwareGroup ;
typedef sequence<AMS HardwareGroup> AMS HardwareGroupList;
interface AMS HardwareGroupListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS HardwareGroup GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS ComputerSystem CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS ComputerSystem:1.0";
interface AMS ComputerSystem ;
typedef sequence<AMS ComputerSystem> AMS ComputerSystemList;
interface AMS ComputerSystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
   AMS ComputerSystem GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS_Printer_CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS Printer:1.0";
interface AMS Printer;
typedef sequence<AMS Printer> AMS PrinterList;
interface AMS PrinterListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Printer GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
```

```
11
const string AMS DomainManager CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS DomainManager:1.0";
interface AMS DomainManager;
typedef sequence<AMS DomainManager> AMS DomainManagerList;
interface AMS DomainManagerListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS DomainManager GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS Domain CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS Domain:1.0";
interface AMS Domain ;
typedef sequence<AMS Domain> AMS DomainList;
interface AMS DomainListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Domain GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
11
const string AMS OperatingSystem CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS OperatingSystem:1.0";
interface AMS OperatingSystem;
typedef sequence<AMS_OperatingSystem> AMS_OperatingSystemList;
interface AMS OperatingSystemListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS_OperatingSystem GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS_LANEndPoint_CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardware/AMS LANEndPoint:1.0";
interface AMS LANEndPoint;
typedef sequence<AMS LANEndPoint> AMS LANEndPointList;
interface AMS LANEndPointListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS_LANEndPoint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
```

```
11
   interface AMS ComputerSystem : AMS CIM::CIM ComputerSystem {
     AMS CIM::CIM ServiceAccessPointListIterator GetHostedAccessPointIterator ( );
     \verb|readonly| attribute AMS CIM:: CIM\_Service Access PointList Hosted Access Point; \\
     // list of AMS Domain and/or AMS CIM::CIM LogicalDevice and/or
AMS HardwareGroupList
     AMS Util::AMS ObjectListIterator GetSystemComponentIterator ();
     readonly attribute AMS Util:: AMS ObjectList SystemComponent;
     readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM Location ElementLocation;
     AMS OperatingSystemListIterator GetInstalledOSIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS OperatingSystemList InstalledOS;
     AMS OperatingSystemListIterator GetRunningOSIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS OperatingSystemList RunningOS;
     readonly attribute
        AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification:: AMS ConfigurationSpecification ConfSpecCS;
     attribute string Name;
     attribute string ArchitectureInfo;
     attribute AMS Util::AMS uint16 Status;
     attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint16 NetworkLoad;
   };
   //
   interface AMS Host : AMS ComputerSystem {
     AMS CIM::CIM NextHopRouteListIterator GetHostedRouteIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM NextHopRouteList HostedRoute;
```

```
{\tt AMS\_Accounting\_StdHWUtilisationListIterator~GetStdHWUtilisationListIterator~(~);}
  readonly attribute AMS Accounting StdHWUtilisationList RTHU;
  AMS ApplicationDeployment::AMS DeploymentLinkListIterator
                                          GetHostUsedIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ApplicationDeployment::AMS DeploymentLinkList HostUsed;
};
interface AMS Router : AMS_ComputerSystem {
  AMS CIM::CIM NextHopRouteListIterator GetHostedRouteIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS CIM::CIM NextHopRouteList HostedRoute;
};
interface AMS Switch : AMS ComputerSystem {
};
interface AMS HardwareGroup : AMS CIM::CIM AdminDomain {
  AMS ComputerSystemListIterator GetSystemComponentIterator ( );
  readonly attribute AMS ComputerSystemList SystemComponent;
  readonly attribute
     AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification:: AMS ConfigurationSpecification ConfSpecHG;
  void SubscribeHWStatusChange ( in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                        out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS_Util::AMS_Error);
  void SubscribeHWStatus (in AMS Client::AMS IndicationSink sink,
                    in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                    out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  AMS Util::AMS uint16 GetMergedStatus ( )
```

```
raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeMergedHWStatusChange ( in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                           out AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void SubscribeMergedHWStatus (in AMS Client:: AMS IndicationSink sink,
                           in AMS Util:: AMS uint16 delay,
                           out AMS Util::AMS_uint32 subscriptionID )
      raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
  void Unsubscribe ( in AMS Util::AMS uint32 subscriptionID )
     raises (AMS Util::AMS Error);
};
interface AMS Printer : AMS ComputerSystem {
interface AMS DomainManager : AMS Host {
  readonly attribute AMS Domain DomainManagerRole;
11
interface AMS Domain : AMS CIM::CIM_AdminDomain {
  AMS DomainManagerListIterator GetDomainManagerRoleIterator ( );
   readonly attribute AMS DomainManagerList DomainManagerRole;
  {\tt AMS\_ComputerSystemListIterator~GetSystemComponentIterator~(~);}
  readonly attribute AMS ComputerSystemList SystemComponent;
  readonly attribute
     AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification::AMS ConfigurationSpecification
                                                             ConfSpecDom;
};
11
interface AMS OperatingSystem : AMS CIM::CIM OperatingSystem {
  readonly attribute AMS ComputerSystem Owner;
  AMS SAM:: AMS SupportedApplicationModelListIterator
                                       GetAMSupportedByOSIterator ( );
  readonly attribute
     AMS SAM::AMS SupportedApplicationModelList AMSupportedByOS;
  attribute AMS SAM:: AMS OSType OSType;
  readonly attribute
     AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification:: AMS ConfigurationSpecification ConfSpecOS;
  attribute string Name;
  attribute string Version;
};
interface AMS LANEndPoint : AMS CIM::CIM LANEndPoint {
  attribute AMS Util:: AMS uint16 Status;
```

```
attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint16 NetworkLoad;
AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisationListIterator GetStdHWUtilisationListIterator ();
readonly attribute AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisationList RTHU;
};
```

```
interface AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisation {
   attribute string Name;
   attribute string Value;
   attribute string InstanceID;
   attribute AMS_StdHWUtilisation StdName;
   attribute string Capability;
   attribute string Time;
   attribute AMS_Util::AMS_uint32Duration;
   attribute string Units;
};

#endif/* AMS LogicalHardware IDL */
```

#### 8.6.10 AMS\_LogicalHardwareSpecification.idl

CS STATUS,

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.
#include "AMS Util.idl"
#include "AMS CIM.idl"
#ifndef _AMS_LogicalHardwareSpecification_IDL_
#define AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification IDL
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
module AMS_ApplicationDeploymentSpecification {
  interface AMS DeploymentLinkSpec;
module AMS LogicalHardware {
  interface AMS_ComputerSystem;
   interface AMS_OperatingSystem;
   interface AMS Domain;
   interface AMS HardwareGroup;
};
module AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification {
   enum AMS CoupleName {
     CS NOTNORMALIZED,
     CS NAME,
     CS FRU,
     CS POSITION,
     CS INTERFACE,
     CS MFGDATETIME,
     CS MANUFACTURER,
     CS PRODUCTNAME,
     CS PRODUCTVERSION,
     CS SERIALNUMBER,
      CS PRODUCTTYPE,
      CS ASSETTAG,
     CS CHASSISTYPE,
     CS MACADDRESS,
      CS POWERSATE,
```

```
CS POSTRESULT
};
typedef sequence<AMS CoupleName> AMS CoupleNameList;
const string AMS CodedConstraint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS_LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS_CodedConstraint:1.0";
interface AMS CodedConstraint ;
typedef sequence<AMS CodedConstraint> AMS CodedConstraintList;
interface AMS CodedConstraintListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS CodedConstraint GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS ConfigurationSpecification CLASSID
= "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS ConfigurationSpecification:1.0";
interface AMS ConfigurationSpecification ;
typedef sequence<AMS ConfigurationSpecification> AMS ConfigurationSpecificationList;
interface AMS ConfigurationSpecificationListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS ConfigurationSpecification GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS NameValueCouple CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS NameValueCouple:1.0";
interface AMS NameValueCouple ;
typedef sequence<AMS NameValueCouple> AMS NameValueCoupleList;
interface AMS NameValueCoupleListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS NameValueCouple GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS RangeConstraint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS RangeConstraint:1.0";
interface AMS RangeConstraint;
typedef sequence<AMS_RangeConstraint> AMS_RangeConstraintList;
interface AMS RangeConstraintListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS RangeConstraint GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS SetConstraint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS SetConstraint:1.0";
interface AMS SetConstraint ;
typedef sequence<AMS SetConstraint> AMS SetConstraintList;
interface AMS SetConstraintListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS SetConstraint GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
const string AMS ValueConstraint CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification/AMS ValueConstraint:1.0";
interface AMS ValueConstraint;
typedef sequence<AMS ValueConstraint> AMS ValueConstraintList;
interface AMS ValueConstraintListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS ValueConstraint GetCurrentItem ()
```

```
raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
   };
   11
   interface AMS ConfigurationSpecification {
     readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware:: AMS ComputerSystem ConfSpecCS;
     readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware::AMS_OperatingSystem ConfSpecOS;
     readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware::AMS Domain ConfSpecDom;
     readonly attribute AMS LogicalHardware:: AMS HardwareGroup ConfSpecHG;
     readonly attribute
        AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification::AMS DeploymentLinkSpec ConfSpecDLS;
     AMS_NameValueCoupleListIterator GetNameValueIterator ( );
     readonly attribute AMS NameValueCoupleList NameValue;
     attribute string InstanceID;
   };
   interface AMS NameValueCouple {
     readonly attribute AMS ConfigurationSpecification Owner;
     attribute AMS CoupleName StdName;
     readonly attribute AMS ValueConstraint Constraint;
     attribute string InstanceID;
     attribute string Name;
  };
  //
   interface AMS ValueConstraint {
     readonly attribute AMS_NameValueCouple Owner;
     attribute string InstanceID;
  };
  interface AMS_CodedConstraint : AMS_ValueConstraint {
     attribute string constraint;
   interface AMS_RangeConstraint : AMS_ValueConstraint {
     attribute string from;
     attribute string to;
   interface AMS_SetConstraint : AMS_ValueConstraint {
     attribute string set;
};
#endif/* AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification IDL */
```

#### 8.6.11 AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel.idl

```
// Copyright 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
// Themis Computer and Progeny Systems Corporation.

#include "AMS_Util.idl"
#include "AMS_CIM.idl"

#ifndef _AMS_SupportedApplicationModel_IDL_
```

```
#define _AMS_SupportedApplicationModel_IDL_
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
module AMS SAM {
  //
   enum AMS_OSType {
     Unknown,
      Other,
     MACOS,
     ATTUNIX,
     DGUX,
     DECNT,
      Tru64UNIX,
      OpenVMS,
     HPUX,
     AIX,
     MVS,
     os400,
     os 2,
     JavaVM,
     MSDOS,
      WIN3x,
      WIN95,
      WIN98,
      WINNT,
      WINCE,
     NCR3000,
     NetWare,
     OSF,
     DC OS,
     ReliantUNIX,
     SCOUnixWare,
     SCOOpenServer,
      Sequent,
      IRIX,
      Solaris,
     SunOS,
     U6000,
     ASERIES,
     TandemNSK,
     TandemNT,
     BS2000,
     LINUX,
      Lynx,
      XENIX,
      VM,
     InteractiveUNIX,
     BSDUNIX,
     FreeBSD,
     NetBSD,
      GNUHurd,
      os9,
     MACHKernel,
      Inferno,
      QNX,
      EPOC,
      IxWorks,
      VxWorks,
      MiNT,
```

```
BeOS,
  HPMPE,
  NextStep,
  PalmPilot,
  Rhapsody,
  Windows2000,
  Dedicated,
  os 390,
  VSE,
  TPF,
  Windows_R_Me,
  CalderaOpenUNIX,
  OpenBSD,
  NotApplicable,
  WindowsXP,
  z_OS,
  WindowsVista
};
typedef sequence<AMS OSType> AMS OSTypeList;
enum AMS_ModelType {
  AMS_PROCESS,
  AMS_J2EE,
  AMS CCM
typedef sequence<AMS_ModelType> AMS_ModelTypeList;
//
enum AMS_Control {
  AMS LOAD,
  AMS LOAD START,
  AMS START,
  AMS_STOP,
  AMS_HALT,
  AMS_CONTINUE,
  AMS SHUTDOWN,
  AMS RECOVER,
  AMS UNLOAD,
  AMS_LOAD_DIRTY,
  LOAD START DIRTY,
  AMS STOP HALTED,
  AMS RECLAIM,
  AMS ALLOCATE,
  AMS RECOVER DIRTY
};
typedef sequence<AMS Control> AMS ControlList;
enum AMS State {
  AMS EXECUTABLE,
  AMS_HALTED,
  AMS LOADED,
  AMS RUNNING,
  AMS STOPPED,
  AMS UNALLOCATED,
  AMS ERROR
};
typedef sequence<AMS State> AMS StateList;
enum AMS StdMechanism {
  MS NONSTD,
  MS POSIXSIGNAL
```

```
};
typedef sequence<AMS StdMechanism> AMS StdMechanismList;
const string AMS SupportedApplicationModel CLASSID
  = "IDL:omg.org/AMS SupportedApplicationModel/AMS SupportedApplicationModel:1.0";
interface AMS SupportedApplicationModel ;
typedef sequence<AMS SupportedApplicationModel> AMS SupportedApplicationModelList;
interface AMS SupportedApplicationModelListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS SupportedApplicationModel GetCurrentItem ()
     raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
const string AMS Mechanism CLASSID
     = "IDL:omg.org/AMS SupportedApplicationModel/AMS Mechanism:1.0";
interface AMS Mechanism;
typedef sequence<AMS Mechanism> AMS MechanismList;
interface AMS MechanismListIterator : AMS Util::AMS Iterator {
  AMS Mechanism GetCurrentItem ()
      raises (AMS Util::AMS NoSuchElementException);
};
//
interface AMS SupportedApplicationModel : AMS CIM::CIM LogicalElement {
```

#### Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions

```
attribute AMS ModelTypeList SupportedModelTypes;
      attribute AMS OSTypeList SupportedOSTypes;
      attribute AMS ControlList SupportedControls;
      attribute AMS_StateList SupportedStates;
      attribute string Name;
      attribute string ConfigurationInfo;
     AMS MechanismListIterator GetSupportedMechanismsIteratorOnControl ( in
AMS Control control );
     AMS MechanismList GetSupportedMechanismsOnControl (in AMS Control control);
   };
   //
   interface AMS Mechanism {
     attribute string Name;
     attribute string Value;
     attribute string InstanceID;
      attribute AMS StdMechanism StdName;
   };
};
#endif/* AMS SupportedApplicationModel IDL */
```

# 9 XML Platform Specific Model

## 9.1 Mapping Rationale

#### 9.1.1 Objective

The objective of this PSM is to normalize the format of some of the files which can be read or written by an AMSM service. The uses of these files by an AMSM service are threefold:

- Firstly, these files may be the configuration files allowing the user of the AMSM service (integrator...) to initialize the service with software system specifications, application specifications, deployment specifications, and a (first) drawing of the network.
- Secondly, these files may be used as a backup capability allowing an AMSM service to be re-started with its previously recorded state.
- Lastly, these files may also be used so as to exchange data amongst multiple instantiations of the AMSM service. These data might also be exchanged directly (i.e., not through a file, in a future extension of this norm).

These uses require some specific features for the XML PSM:

- (R1) These files have to be readable by human operators. Even if their automated generation is expected, it will be useful for a human operator (such as a system integrator for instance) to be able to read and correct the AMSM service configuration files. The use of XML for their format, allows *per se* these files to be readable by human operators. Yet, this requirement asks to avoid tedious perusal of large files when seeking for the data of a logical object. So, it implies to collect the descriptions of logically linked objects in a single area of a file. For instance, it must be possible to gather in one XML structure the specification of an application with its related Executable Software Elements.
- (R2) All classes which contain persistent data have to be stored in these files. This implies that this PSM is not limited to "Specification" classes but have been extended to almost all the classes of the PIM.
- (R3) It must also be possible to state basic alterations of elements: applications, hosts, networks, and so in a such way, for instance, to exchange them amongst AMSM services. This requirement implies the possibility to define sub-elements (i.e., objects which belong to other objects) at the XML root level and to be able to reference the owner of such an element.

#### 9.1.2 Mapping principle

The XML format is described with XML Schema files (cf. [XMLSchema]). The rules used to map the PIM into the XML Schema files are:

• Each package of the PIM is mapped to an XML Schema file.

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/
amsm"
   targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
        ...
</ xsd:schema>
```

- Each package of the PIM includes the XML Schema files of the packages on which it depends (cf. 7.1.1 Figure 2).
- Data types (uint16, date) are directly mapped to XML Schema types using the rules explained in 9.3.

Enumeration classes are mapped to XML Schema simple types defined as restriction based on "xsd:string:"

 Non enumeration classes are mapped to XML Schema complex types whose name is the concatenation of the name of the class and the string "Type:"

```
<xsd:complexType name="class-nameType">
    ...
</xsd:complexType>
```

 If a non enumeration class has a super class, the preceding mapping is completed with an XML Schema extension definition:

- AMS Property<C,V> template is mapped as follows:
- A complex type whose name is AMS\_Property followed by an "\_" and the name used for the first parameter in the template spec. (without "AMS") plus a trailing "Type;" this complex type will also contain an attribute named "StdName" whose type is a simple Type named as the first parameter of the template; i.e., in the case of AMS Property<AMS StdState,ST NONSTD>:

• Attributes of non-enumeration classes are next mapped with required XML Schema attributes as follow:

```
<xsd:attribute name="attribute-name" type="attribute-type-map" use="required"/>
```

- Associations of non-enumeration classes are next mapped as follow:
- Compositions with multiplicity equal to 1 are mapped to a required XML Schema attributes whose name is the name of the association and type is the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always an enumeration class).

```
<xsd:attribute name="assoc-name" type="class-name" use="required"/>
```

Compositions with multiplicity greater than 1 are mapped to an XML Schema sequence of elements whose name is the
name of the association and type is the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always
an enumeration class).

• Aggregations are mapped to XML Schema sequences with elements whose name is the name of the association and type is the type of the aggregation (cf. further for the definition of this aggregation type). The minimum and maximum occurrences of these sequences are those expressed in the PIM on the association.

```
<xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:element name="assoc-name" type="assoc-type" minOccurs="n" maxOccurs="m"/>
</xsd:sequence>
```

• Simple associations are mapped to XML Schema sequences with elements whose name is the name of the association and type is AMS\_Ref (cf. further for the definition of this type). The minimum and maximum occurrences of these sequences are those expressed in the PIM on the association.

```
<xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:element name="assoc-name" type="assoc-type" minOccurs="n" maxOccurs="m"/>
</xsd:sequence>
```

- Associations whose reverse association is an aggregation or a composition are not mapped.
- The AMS\_Ref type is defined as a string which contains the name of the associated element (cf. naming convention in Section 7.1.2.1):

- Each aggregation goes with a so-called "aggregation type" which is defined as a sequence of choices:
- Either elements whose name is the name of the target class and type is the type of the target class of the aggregation,
- Or elements whose name is the name of the target class plus "Ref" and type is AMS\_Ref (i.e., a string which contains the name of the aggregated element).
- The first choice is designed to describe complete objects (cf. R1 in 9.1.1.), the second one is designed to deal with objects which are separated of their container (cf. R3 in 9.1.1).
- The name of the aggregation type is the name of the association plus "LinkType:"

• After defining XML Schema types, the effective XML structure is derived by listing the elements which are deemed as appropriate for the package: all these elements will be allowed to appear directly under the root level of a file.

#### Issue 13244 - Mapping of owner attribute not explained

• For each of the types corresponding to these "root" elements, an optional attribute is added which contains the name (cf. naming convention in Section 7.1.2.1) of the owner element. This attribute may be used in the case of the description of objects which are separated of their container (cf. R3 in 9.1.1.). In the PIM, the owner classes of a class can be found by going backward on associations whose other end is constrained as "key".

```
<xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string"/>
```

These rules are not intended to be general rules to map an UML PIM to a XML Schema PSM. They are specific rules established for the AMSM specific case.

### 9.1.3 Mapping exceptions

The preceding rules deal neither with all the cases which arises in the AMSM PIM, nor with some of the requirements of XML Schemas.

Hereby are those specific cases:

- A specific XML schema file is added to define the type AMS\_Ref.
- The association CIM\_SystemComponent appears two or three times on some classes (ASM\_SoftwareSystem, ASM\_Application and ASM\_ComputerSystem), which leads to multiple sequences and types with the same name. Since this is not allowed in an XML Schema:
- In the case of an aggregation, these associations are gathered in one sequence with one aggregation type (whose name is the name of the association plus the name the class plus "LinkType").
- In the case of a simple association, they are gathered in one sequence of type AMS Ref.
- For instance:

```
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SystemComponent Application LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement"</pre>
                      type="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementType"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementRef"</pre>
                      type="AMS Ref"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyGroup"</pre>
                      type="AMS_RedundancyGroupType"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyGroupRef"</pre>
                      type="AMS Ref"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS_LoadBalancingGroup"</pre>
                      type="AMS LoadBalancingGroupType"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS_LoadBalancingGroupRef"</pre>
                      type="AMS Ref"/>
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
  <xsd:extension base="CIM ApplicationSystemType">
      <xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:element name="CIM SystemComponent"</pre>
           type="CIM SystemComponent Application LinkType"
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
```

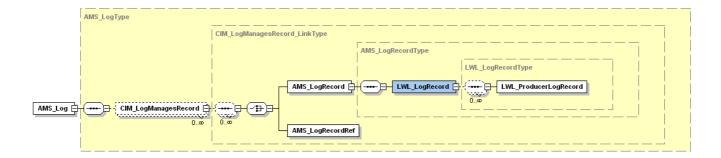
Association classes are not yet properly mapped. The association classes of the PIM are: the AMS\_ActionCheckLink and subclasses used by AMS\_SoftwareFeature, AMS\_ESESpec, AMS\_DeploymentSpec, the AMS\_SEShutdownDependency, AMS\_SEStartDependency and subclasses. These associations and aggregations are mapped in complex types with name "\_LinkType" and a design following the general model of an aggregation type but with the addition of either an attribute which has the AMS\_ActionCheckCase (AMS\_Action-CheckLink and

subclasses) as a type, or an element or choice of elements which has an object of the class of the dependency (AMS\_SEShutdownDependency, AMS\_SEStartDependency and subclasses) as a type. For instance:

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareElementAction LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
     <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Action" type="CIM ActionType"/>
        <xsd:element name="CIM ExecuteProgram" type="CIM ExecuteProgramType"/>
        <xsd:element name="AMS ExecuteProgram" type="AMS ExecuteProgramType"/>
        <xsd:element name="CIM FileAction" type="CIM FileActionType"/>
        <xsd:element name="CIM CopyFileAction" type="CIM CopyFileActionType"/>
         <xsd:element name="CIM ActionRef" type="AMS Ref"/>
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS_ActionCheckCase" use="required"/>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEStartDependency LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
     <xsd:element name="Ref" type="AMS Ref"/>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:element name="AMS SEStartTimeDependency"</pre>
                 type="AMS SEStartTimeDependencyType"/>
     <xsd:element name="AMS_SEStartCPUDependency"</pre>
                  type="AMS_SEStartCPUDependencyType"/>
   </xsd:choice>
</xsd:complexType>
```

- Some classes are removed: management, filter and indication (i.e., callbacks) classes.
- Associations which lead to a target class which have subclasses (for instance: ASM\_SoftwareElementCheck leads to CIM\_Check which have four subclasses) are specified by giving all the possible target classes, i.e., the subclasses. For instance ASM\_SoftwareElementCheck gives:

• The configuration of the log part of the service is simplified, hand-written and gathered in the AMS\_Management package with the following structure:



- Id attributes (CheckId) are moved to optional.
- IPv4Address, IPv6Address, SubnetMask and PrefixLength attributes of CIM\_IP-ProtocolEndPointType are moved to optional.

#### 9.1.4 Samples

#### 9.1.4.1 Software System Specification

Following is an example of a specification of a system called "The System" owning two ESE called "A" and "B."

A starts before B and stops after B.

A has a check before starting about the type and the version of the OS (OS number 67: Windows XP and version between 1 and 1024) on which it runs. It has also an action to start (that's should be a must-have!): the complete command line will be "run\_that\_A -test."

B is also defined with a check on the OS and an action to start: "run that B."

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<amsm:AMS ApplicationSpecification
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.omg.org/amsm AMS_ApplicationSpecification.xsd">
   <AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec TypeOfFeature="SYSTEM" Name="The System">
      <CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement>
        <AMS ESESpec ModelType="AMS PROCESS" RedInitState="REDSTATE NORG" Name="A">
            <AMS SoftwareElementCheck Case="CASE PRE START">
               <CIM OSVersionCheck
                 MaximumVersion="1024"
                 MinimumVersion="1"
                 TargetOperatingSystem="67"/>
           </AMS SoftwareElementCheck>
            <AMS SoftwareElementAction Case="CASE START">
               <AMS ExecuteProgram
                  TargetOperatingSystem="67"
                  CommandLine="run that A -test"
                 ProgramPath="./"
                 Environment=""/>
           </AMS SoftwareElementAction>
           <AMS SEShutdownDependency>
              <Ref AMS ID="B"/>
              <AMS SEShutdownDependency TimeSinceShutdown="10"/>
```

```
</AMS SEShutdownDependency>
         </AMS ESESpec>
      </CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement>
      <CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement>
         <AMS ESESpec ModelType="AMS PROCESS" RedInitState="REDSTATE NORG" Name="B">
            <AMS SoftwareElementCheck Case="CASE PRE START">
               <CIM OSVersionCheck
                 MaximumVersion="1024"
                 MinimumVersion="1"
                 TargetOperatingSystem="67"/>
           </AMS SoftwareElementCheck>
            <AMS SoftwareElementAction Case="CASE START">
               <AMS ExecuteProgram
                 TargetOperatingSystem="67"
                  CommandLine="run that B"
                 ProgramPath="./"
                 Environment=""/>
            </AMS SoftwareElementAction>
            <AMS SEStartDependency>
               <Ref AMS ID="A"/>
               <AMS SEStartTimeDependency TimeSinceStartup="10"/>
            </AMS SEStartDependency>
         </AMS ESESpec>
      </CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement>
   </AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec>
</amsm:AMS ApplicationSpecification>
```

#### 9.1.5 Host

This second example presents a host named "Cinderella" with IP address "192.163.1.1", a processor, a display, located in "CIV B-35", with an installed and running Windows XP and some hosted routes.

Please note that the hosted routes are not defined in the structure but are defined by reference and, so, are supposed to be known.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<amsm:AMS LogicalHardware
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.omg.org/amsm AMS LogicalHardware.xsd">
   <CIM Location Name="CIV B-35"/>
   <AMS Host Name="Cinderella" ArchitectureInfo="String" Status="0" NetworkLoad="0">
     <CIM HostedAccessPoint>
         <CIM IPProtocolEndPoint Name="lan0" IPv4Address="192.163.1.1"/>
     </CIM HostedAccessPoint>
     <CIM SystemComponent>
        <CIM Processor LoadPercentage="0" CPUStatus="0"/>
        <CIM Display/>
     </CIM SystemComponent>
      <CIM ElementLocation AMS ID="CIV B-35"/>
      <CIM InstalledOS>
         <AMS OperatingSystem OSType="Windows XP" Name="-" Version="1"/>
      </CIM InstalledOS>
      <CIM RunningOS>
         <AMS OperatingSystem OSType="Windows XP" Name="-" Version="1"/>
```

## 9.2 Specific attributes and parameters information

In this paragraph, some attributes of class and parameters of operation roughly defined in the PIM are more specified in the context of the XML PSM.

Table 9.1 - Specific Attributes for XML PSM

Attribute	Comment
AMS_HWFilter:filter	Implementation dependant
AMS_SWFilter:filter	Implementation dependant
AMS_SupportedApplicationModel: ConfigurationInfo	Implementation dependant
AMS_ExecuteProgram:Environment	Implementation dependant
AMS_ExecuteProgram:CommandLine	Implementation dependant
AMS_ExecuteProgram:ProgramPath	Implementation dependant

Table 9.2 - Specific Parameters for XML PSM

Parameter	Comment
CreateHardwareGroup: connectivity	N/A
CreateHardwareGroup: devices	N/A
CreateHardwareGroup: resources	N/A

## 9.3 Specific Data Types

This paragraph specifies the data types in the context of the XML PSM.

Table 9.3 - Data types for XML PSM

Data type	Definition	Comment
Collection <type></type>	N/A	Since, these data types are encountered in parameters of methods, they are not mapped to this PSM

Table 9.3 - Data types for XML PSM

datetime	xsd:string	
String	xsd:string	
uint8	xsd:short	
uint16	xsd:int	
uint32	xsd:long	
uint64	xsd:integer	
boolean	xsd:boolean	

## 9.4 Specific Failure Codes

N/A.

#### 9.5 Conformance Criteria

This PSM deems all PIM data as mandatory and does not acknowledge any optional profile. This means that all the data of the PIM (including those stereotyped as "optional") may be present in a compliant AMSM XML file.

This criterion does not imply that an implementation which conforms to the XML PSM must also have a PIM which conforms to all the compliance profiles. Yet it implies that an implementation of the XML PSM must not refuse as erroneous a file which contains data which are not recognized in the conformance criteria of its PIM.

This criterion is aimed to allow easier exchanges of configuration files amongst AMSM implementations.

## 9.6 Mapping

#### 9.6.1 AMSUtil

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS Util.xsd
        XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
        Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
              Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS Ref">
     <xsd:attribute name="AMS_ID" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

## 9.6.2 AMS Management

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
   xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS AMSManagement.xsd
         XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
         Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
               Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Application.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationDeployment.xsd" />
   <xsd:include</pre>
     schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationSpecification.xsd" />
  <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardware.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS SupportedApplicationModel.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:complexType name="LWL LogRecordType">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:element name="LWL ProducerLogRecord"</pre>
            type="LWL ProducerLogRecordType" />
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="id" type="xsd:integer" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="time" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="LWL ProducerLogRecordType">
      <xsd:attribute name="producerId" type="xsd:string"</pre>
        use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="producerName" type="xsd:string"</pre>
        use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="level" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="logData" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM LogManagesRecord LinkType"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:choice>
            <xsd:element name="AMS LogRecord"</pre>
               type="AMS LogRecordType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS LogRecordRef" type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS LogRecordType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM RecordForLogType">
            <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
               <xsd:element name="LWL LogRecord"</pre>
                  type="LWL LogRecordType" />
            </xsd:sequence>
         </xsd:extension>
```

```
</xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS LogType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogType">
            <xsd:sequence>
               <xsd:element name="CIM LogManagesRecord"</pre>
                  type="CIM LogManagesRecord LinkType" minOccurs="0"
                  maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            </xsd:sequence>
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <!-- structure definition !-->
   <xsd:element name="AMS Log" type="AMS LogType" />
</xsd:schema>
```

#### 9.6.3 Application

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS Application.xsd
         XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
         Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
               Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS SupportedApplicationModel.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationSpecification.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM_SystemComponent_Application_LinkType"</pre>
      mixed="false">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:choice>
            <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement"</pre>
               type="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementRef"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyGroup"</pre>
               type="AMS RedundancyGroupType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyGroupRef"</pre>
               type="AMS_Ref" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS LoadBalancingGroup"</pre>
               type="AMS LoadBalancingGroupType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS LoadBalancingGroupRef"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationOfApplication LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
     <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS Application"</pre>
            type="AMS ApplicationType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationRef" type="AMS Ref" />
     </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
     <xsd:extension base="CIM ApplicationSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM SystemComponent"</pre>
               type="CIM_SystemComponent_Application_LinkType" minOccurs="0"
              maxOccurs="unbounded" />
           <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationFeature"</pre>
              type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationOfApplication"</pre>
               type="AMS ApplicationOfApplication LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="AMS RTSoftwareStatus"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
     </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS BalancingStyle">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="LB ROUND ROBIN" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="LB RANDOM" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="LB IMPL DEFINED" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS StdState">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="ST NONSTD"/>
     <xsd:enumeration value="ST ENV"/>
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS Property StdStateType">
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
  <xsd:attribute name="Value" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
  <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
  <xsd:attribute name="StdName" type="AMS StdState" use="required"/>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SpecificState LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
     <xsd:element name="AMS Property StdState" type="AMS Property StdStateType"/>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ServiceType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element</pre>
               name="CIM SoftwareElementServiceImplementation" type="AMS Ref"
               minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM RedundancyComponent"</pre>
               type="AMS_Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ESEDeployed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SpecificState" type="AMS SpecificState LinkType"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="CurrentState" type="AMS State"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="AMS RTSoftwareStatus"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="RedState"</pre>
            type="AMS RedundancyEltState" use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS LoadBalancingGroupType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM RedundancyGroupType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS LoadBalancingFeature"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM RedundancyComponent"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="Style" type="AMS_BalancingStyle"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="AMS RTSoftwareStatus"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS RTSoftwareStatus">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="SW STARTED" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="SW STOPPED" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="SW FAILED" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS RedundancyGroupType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM RedundancyGroupType">
```

```
<xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM RedundancyComponent"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyFeature"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="Style" type="AMS ReplicationStyle"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="AMS RTSoftwareStatus"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS ReplicationStyle">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="RG COLD PASSIVE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="RG WARM PASSIVE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="RG ACTIVE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="RG_ACTIVE_WITH_VOTING" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="RG STATELESS" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="RG IMPL DEFINED" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SystemComponent SoftwareSystem LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS Application"</pre>
           type="AMS ApplicationType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationRef" type="AMS Ref" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement"</pre>
           type="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementRef"</pre>
           type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SystemOfSystem LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareSystem"</pre>
            type="AMS SoftwareSystemType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareSystemRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareSystemType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ApplicationSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM_SystemComponent"</pre>
               type="CIM SystemComponent SoftwareSystem LinkType" minOccurs="0"
```

```
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
               <xsd:element name="AMS SystemOfSystem"</pre>
                  type="AMS SystemOfSystem LinkType" minOccurs="0"
                  maxOccurs="unbounded" />
               <xsd:element name="AMS SystemFeature" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
                  minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            </xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="AMS RTSoftwareStatus"</pre>
               use="required" />
            <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
            <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <!-- structure definition !-->
   <xsd:element name="AMS Application" type="AMS ApplicationPackage" />
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationPackage">
      <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
         <xsd:element name="AMS Application"</pre>
            type="AMS ApplicationType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement"</pre>
            type="AMS ExecutableSoftwareElementType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS LoadBalancingGroup"</pre>
            type="AMS LoadBalancingGroupType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS RedundancyGroup"</pre>
            type="AMS RedundancyGroupType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareSystem"</pre>
            type="AMS SoftwareSystemType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xsd:all>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

## 9.6.4 Application Deployment

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS ApplicationDeployment.xsd
         XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
         Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
               Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS_Application.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationSpecification.xsd" />
   <xsd:include</pre>
      schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardware.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentLinks_LinkType"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:choice>
```

```
<xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLink"</pre>
               type="AMS DeploymentLinkType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinkRef"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentConfigurationType"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         -
<xsd:extension base="CIM_LogicalElementType">
            <xsd:sequence>
               <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinks"</pre>
                  type="AMS DeploymentLinks LinkType" minOccurs="0"
                  maxOccurs="unbounded" />
               <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentSpecAssoc"</pre>
                  type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            </xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentLinkType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
            <xsd:sequence>
               <xsd:element name="AMS HostUsed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
                  minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
               <xsd:element name="AMS ESEDeployed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
                  minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            </xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:attribute name="LinkID" type="xsd:string" />
            <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <!-- structure definition !-->
   <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationDeployment"</pre>
      type="AMS ApplicationDeploymentPackage" />
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS_ApplicationDeploymentPackage"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
         <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentConfiguration"</pre>
            type="AMS DeploymentConfigurationType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS_DeploymentLink"</pre>
            type="AMS DeploymentLinkType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xsd:all>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

## 9.6.5 Application Deployment Specification

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
```

```
<xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
      file AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification.xsd
      XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
      Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
            Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
   </xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardware.xsd" />
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS ApplicationSpecification.xsd" />
<!-- types definition !-->
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ActionOnLink LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Action" type="CIM ActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="CIM ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="AMS ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM FileAction"</pre>
            type="CIM FileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM CopyFileAction"</pre>
            type="CIM CopyFileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMDeploy"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStart"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStop"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEDeploy"</pre>
            type="AMS_J2EEDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStart"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStop"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM_ActionRef" type="AMS_Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS ActionCheckCase"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentLinkSpecType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
         < xsd: sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecDLS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SEDeployed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinkDependency"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ActionOnLink"</pre>
               type="AMS ActionOnLink LinkType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS HostUsed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS OSUsed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
```

#### Issue 13245 - LinkID attribute of AMS\_DeploymentLinkSpecType not specified as required

```
<xsd:attribute name="LinkID" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
            <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentSpecLinks LinkType"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:choice>
            <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinkSpec"</pre>
               type="AMS DeploymentLinkSpecType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinkSpecRef"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS DeploymentSpecType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
            <xsd:sequence>
               <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentSpecAssoc"</pre>
                  type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
               <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentSpecLinks"</pre>
                  type="AMS DeploymentSpecLinks LinkType" minOccurs="0"
                  maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            </xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
            <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <!-- structure definition !-->
   <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecification"</pre>
      type="AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecificationPackage" />
   <xsd:complexType</pre>
      name="AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpecificationPackage">
      <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
         <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentLinkSpec"</pre>
            type="AMS DeploymentLinkSpecType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS DeploymentSpec"</pre>
            type="AMS DeploymentSpecType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xsd:all>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

#### 9.6.6 Application Specification

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
   xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
```

```
<xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
      file AMS ApplicationSpecification.xsd
     XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
     Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
           Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
   </xsd:documentation>
</xsd:annotation>
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
<xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS SupportedApplicationModel.xsd" />
<!-- types definition !-->
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS ActionCheckCase">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE PRE DEPLOY" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE DEPLOY" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE_POST_DEPLOY" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="CASE PRE START" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="CASE START" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="CASE POST START" />
```

#### Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

```
<xsd:enumeration value="CASE PRE STOP" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE STOP" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE POST STOP" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CASE ALTERNATE SHUTDOWN" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationModelCheckType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM CheckType">
         < xsd: sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS SAMCheck" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SecurityCheckType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM CheckType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareElementCheck LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Check" type="CIM CheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationModelCheck"</pre>
            type="AMS ApplicationModelCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SecurityCheck"</pre>
           type="AMS SecurityCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM OSVersionCheck"</pre>
            type="CIM OSVersionCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ArchitectureCheck"</pre>
            type="CIM ArchitectureCheckType" />
```

```
<xsd:element name="CIM CheckRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS ActionCheckCase"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareElementAction LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Action" type="CIM ActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS MechanizedAction"</pre>
            type="AMS MechanizedActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="CIM ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="AMS ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM FileAction"</pre>
            type="CIM FileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM CopyFileAction"</pre>
            type="CIM CopyFileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMDeploy"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStart"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStop"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEDeploy"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStart"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS_J2EEStop"</pre>
            type="AMS_J2EEStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ActionRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS_ActionCheckCase"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEStartDependency LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:element name="Ref" type="AMS Ref" />
      <xsd:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
         <xsd:element name="AMS SEStartTimeDependency"</pre>
            type="AMS SEStartTimeDependencyType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SEStartCPUDependency"</pre>
            type="AMS SEStartCPUDependencyType" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEShutdownDependency LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="Ref" type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0"</pre>
         maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS SEShutdownDependency"</pre>
```

```
type="AMS SEShutdownDependencyType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ESESpecType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM SoftwareElementType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareElementCheck"</pre>
               type="AMS SoftwareElementCheck LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareElementAction"</pre>
               type="AMS SoftwareElementAction LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SEStartDependency"</pre>
               type="AMS_SEStartDependency_LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SEShutdownDependency"</pre>
               type="AMS SEShutdownDependency LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="ModelType" type="AMS ModelType"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="RedInitState"</pre>
```

#### Issue 13242 - RedInitState attribute of AMS\_ESESpecType defined as required

```
type="AMS_RedundancyEltState" />
<xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"
   use="required" />
<xsd:attribute name="SoftwareElementID"</pre>
```

#### Issue 13241 - SoftwareElementID is not a required attribute for AMS\_ESESpecType

```
type="xsd:string" use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS Property StdMechanismType">
   <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Value" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
   <xsd:attribute name="instanceID" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
   <xsd:attribute name="StdMechanism" type="AMS StdMechanism" use="required"/>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ActionMechanism LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS_Property_StdMechanism"</pre>
                     type="AMS Property StdMechanismType"/>
         <xsd:element name="AMS_Property_StdMechanismRef" type="AMS_Ref"/>
     </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS MechanizedActionType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType">
```

```
<xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS ActionMechanism"</pre>
                     type="AMS ActionMechanism LinkType"
                     minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ExecuteProgramType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      -
<xsd:extension base="CIM_ExecuteProgramType">
         <xsd:attribute name="Environment" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS CCMDeployType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType">
         <xsd:attribute name="ComponentPackageDescriptor" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS CCMStartType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS CCMStopType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType"></xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS J2EEDeployType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType">
         <xsd:attribute name="EntrepriseARchive" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS J2EEStartType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS J2EEStopType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS RedundancyEltState">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="REDSTATE NORG" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="REDSTATE PRIMARY" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="REDSTATE PASSIVE" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEShutdownDependencyType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:complexContent>
     <xsd:extension base="CIM DependencyType">
         <xsd:attribute name="TimeSinceShutdown" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEStartCPUDependencyType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="AMS SEStartDependencyType">
         <xsd:attribute name="CPUload" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEStartDependencyType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM DependencyType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SEStartTimeDependencyType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="AMS SEStartDependencyType">
         <xsd:attribute name="TimeSinceStartup" type="xsd:int"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS FeatureOfFeature LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec"</pre>
            type="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
```

```
<xsd:element name="AMS ESESpec" type="AMS ESESpecType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ESESpecRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Check" type="CIM CheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationModelCheck"</pre>
            type="AMS ApplicationModelCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SecurityCheck"</pre>
            type="AMS SecurityCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM OSVersionCheck"</pre>
           type="CIM OSVersionCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ArchitectureCheck"</pre>
           type="CIM ArchitectureCheckType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM CheckRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS ActionCheckCase"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareFeatureAction LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Action" type="CIM ActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS MechanizedAction"</pre>
            type="AMS_MechanizedActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="CIM ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="AMS ExecuteProgramType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM FileAction"</pre>
           type="CIM_FileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM CopyFileAction"</pre>
           type="CIM CopyFileActionType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMDeploy"</pre>
           type="AMS CCMDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStart"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStop"</pre>
            type="AMS CCMStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEDeploy"</pre>
           type="AMS J2EEDeployType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStart"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStartType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStop"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStopType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ActionRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Case" type="AMS ActionCheckCase"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM SoftwareFeatureType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS FeatureOfFeature"</pre>
               type="AMS FeatureOfFeature LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element</pre>
               name="CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement"
               type="CIM SoftwareFeatureSoftwareElement LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck"</pre>
               type="AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareFeatureAction"</pre>
               type="AMS SoftwareFeatureAction LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="TypeOfFeature"</pre>
            type="AMS TypeOfFeature" use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS TypeOfFeature">
  <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="SYSTEM" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="APPLICATION" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="REDUNDANCY GROUP" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="LOADBALANCING GROUP" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<!-- structure definition !-->
<xsd:element name="AMS_ApplicationSpecification"</pre>
  type="AMS ApplicationSpecificationPackage" />
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ApplicationSpecificationPackage"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
      <xsd:element name="AMS ApplicationModelCheck"</pre>
         type="AMS_ApplicationModelCheckType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS SecurityCheck"</pre>
            type="AMS SecurityCheckType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="CIM OSVersionCheck"</pre>
         type="CIM OSVersionCheckType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="CIM ArchitectureCheck"</pre>
         type="CIM ArchitectureCheckType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS MechanizedAction"</pre>
         type="AMS MechanizedActionType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS ExecuteProgram"</pre>
        type="AMS ExecuteProgramType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS CCMDeploy"</pre>
         type="AMS CCMDeployType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStart"</pre>
        type="AMS CCMStartType" minOccurs="0" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS CCMStop"</pre>
```

```
type="AMS_CCMStopType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEDeploy"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEDeployType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStart"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStartType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS J2EEStop"</pre>
            type="AMS J2EEStopType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ExecuteProgram"</pre>
            type="CIM ExecuteProgramType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM FileAction" type="CIM FileActionType"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM CopyFileAction"</pre>
            type="CIM CopyFileActionType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ESESpec" type="AMS ESESpecType"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec"</pre>
            type="AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xsd:all>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

#### 9.6.7 CIM

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
  <xsd:annotation>
     <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS CIM.xsd
         XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
         Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
              Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
     </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardware.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM ActionSequence LinkType">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <xsd:element name="CIM_Action" type="CIM_ActionType" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM ActionRef" type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
     </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM ActionType">
     <xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:element name="CIM ActionSequence"</pre>
           type="CIM ActionSequence LinkType" minOccurs="0"
           maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="ActionID" type="xsd:string" />
      <xsd:attribute name="TargetOperatingSystem" type="xsd:int"</pre>
        use="required" />
      <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM AdminDomainType">
```

```
<xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ApplicationSystemType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM SystemType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ArchitectureCheckType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM CheckType">
         <xsd:attribute name="ArchitectureType" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM CheckType">
  <xsd:attribute name="CheckID" type="xsd:string" />
   <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ComputerSystemType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM_SystemType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM MemberOfCollection LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM ProtocolEndPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM ProtocolEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM LANEndPoint"</pre>
           type="CIM_LANEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM_IPProtocolEndPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM IPProtocolEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS LANEndPoint"</pre>
            type="AMS LANEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ProtocolEndPointRef"</pre>
           type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ConnectivityCollectionType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM MemberOfCollection"</pre>
         type="CIM MemberOfCollection LinkType" minOccurs="0"
         maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:integer" />
   <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ToDirectoryAction LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM DirectorySpecification"</pre>
            type="CIM DirectorySpecificationType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM DirectorySpecificationRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
```

```
</xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM FromDirectorySpecification LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM DirectorySpecification"</pre>
            type="CIM DirectorySpecificationType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM DirectorySpecificationRef"</pre>
           type="AMS_Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM CopyFileActionType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM FileActionType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM ToDirectoryAction"</pre>
               type="CIM ToDirectoryAction LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM FromDirectorySpecification"</pre>
               type="CIM FromDirectorySpecification LinkType" minOccurs="1"
               maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="Source" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Destination" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM DependencyType">
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM_DirectorySpecificationType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM CheckType">
         <xsd:attribute name="DirectoryPath" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM DisplayType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM EthernetPortType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM NetworkPortType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM EthernetPortStatisticsType"</pre>
```

```
mixed="false">
  <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:integer" />
   <xsd:attribute name="BytesTransmitted" type="xsd:integer"</pre>
      use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="BytesReceived" type="xsd:integer"</pre>
     use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="PacketsTransmitted" type="xsd:integer"</pre>
     use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="PacketsReceived" type="xsd:integer"</pre>
     use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM_ExecuteProgramType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType">
         <xsd:attribute name="CommandLine" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="ProgramPath" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM FileActionType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ActionType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM IPProtocolEndPointType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ProtocolEndPointType">
         <xsd:attribute name="IPv4Address" type="xsd:string" />
         <xsd:attribute name="IPv6Address" type="xsd:string" />
         <xsd:attribute name="SubnetMask" type="xsd:string" />
         <xsd:attribute name="PrefixLength" type="xsd:short" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM IndicationType">
   <xsd:attribute name="IndicationTime" type="xsd:string"</pre>
      use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ElementStatisticalData LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM EthernetPortStatistics"</pre>
            type="CIM EthernetPortStatisticsType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM EthernetPortStatisticsRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LANEndPointType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ProtocolEndPointType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM ElementStatisticalData"</pre>
               type="CIM ElementStatisticalData LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM BindsToLANEndPoint"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
```

```
</xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="LANID" type="xsd:string" />
         <xsd:attribute name="MACAddress" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="AliasAddresses" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="GroupAddresses" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="MaxDataSize" type="xsd:long"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LocationType">
   <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM PhysicalElementLocation"</pre>
        type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xsd:element name="CIM ElementLocation" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
        minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LogType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType">
         <xsd:attribute name="MaxNumberOfRecords"</pre>
            type="xsd:integer" use="required" />
        <xsd:attribute name="CurrentNumberOfRecord"</pre>
           type="xsd:integer" use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LogicalDeviceType">
  <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM Realizes" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
        minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="DeviceID" type="xsd:string" />
  <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LogicalDiskType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM StorageExtentType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LogicalElementType">
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM LogicalPortType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ManagedElementType">
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM MemoryType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
```

```
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM HostedCollection LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM ConnectivityCollection"</pre>
            type="CIM ConnectivityCollectionType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ConnectivityCollectionRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SubnetComponent LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM Network" type="CIM NetworkType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM NetworkRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM NetworkType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM AdminDomainType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM HostedCollection"</pre>
               type="CIM HostedCollection LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS SubnetComponent"</pre>
               type="AMS SubnetComponent LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM NetworkPortType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM_LogicalPortType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM NextHopIPRouteType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM NextHopRouteType">
         <xsd:attribute name="RouteDerivation" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="DestinationMask" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="PrefixLength" type="xsd:short"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="AddressType" type="xsd:int"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM NextHopRouteType">
   <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM AssociatedNextHop" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      <xsd:element name="CIM RouteUsesEndpoint" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
```

```
</xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" />
   <xsd:attribute name="DestinationAddress" type="xsd:string"</pre>
     use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="AdminDistance" type="xsd:int"</pre>
     use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="RouteMetric" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="IsStatic" type="xsd:boolean"</pre>
     use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="TypeOfRoute" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM_OSVersionCheckType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM CheckType">
         <xsd:attribute name="MaximumVersion" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="MinimumVersion" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="TargetOperatingSystem"</pre>
           type="xsd:int" use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM OperatingSystemType">
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM PhysicalElementType">
  <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM Realizes" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xsd:element name="CIM PhysicalElementLocation"</pre>
        type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM PowerSupplyType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ProcessIndicationType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM IndicationType"></xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ProcessorType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType">
         <xsd:attribute name="LoadPercentage" type="xsd:int"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="CPUStatus" type="xsd:int"</pre>
           use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ProtocolEndPointType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ServiceAccessPointType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM EndpointIdentity"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM RouteUsesEndpoint"</pre>
```

```
type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM RecordForLogType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ManagedElementType">
         <xsd:attribute name="RecordFormat" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="RecordData" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Locale" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM RedundancyGroupType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM RemoteServiceAccessPointType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ServiceAccessPointType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM AssociatedNextHop"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         <xsd:attribute name="AccessInfo" type="xsd:string"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="InfoFormat" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SensorType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ThreadType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType">
         <xsd:attribute name="OSName" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
         <xsd:attribute name="Handle" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
         <xsd:attribute name="Priority" type="xsd:int" use="required"/>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM_UnixThreadType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ThreadType">
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ProcessType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
```

```
<xsd:extension base="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM ServiceProcess" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
                     minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
            <xsd:element name="CIM ProcessThread" type="CIM ProcessThread LinkType"</pre>
                     minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="OSName" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
         <xsd:attribute name="Handle" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM UnixProcessType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ProcessType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="Parameter" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
                    maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="ProcessGroupID" type="xsd:long" use="required"/>
         <xsd:attribute name="RealUserID" type="xsd:long" use="required"/>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ProcessThread LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
        <xsd:element name="CIM Thread"</pre>
           type="CIM ThreadType" />
        <xsd:element name="CIM ThreadRef"</pre>
           type="AMS Ref" />
        <xsd:element name="CIM UnixThread"</pre>
           type="CIM_UnixThreadType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM_UnixThreadRef"</pre>
           type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ServiceType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType">
            <xsd:element name="CIM ServiceProcess" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
                 minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM ServiceAccessPointType">
  <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="CIM BindsToLANEndPoint" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
        minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xsd:sequence>
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SoftwareElementType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SoftwareFeatureType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalElementType">
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM StorageExtentType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM SystemType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM EnabledLogicalElementType">
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="CIM WatchdogType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="CIM LogicalDeviceType"></xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

### 9.6.8 Logical Hardware

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS LogicalHardware.xsd
        XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
        Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
              Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS_CIM.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS SupportedApplicationModel.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:simpleType name="AMS StdHWUtilisation">
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
<xsd:enumeration value="HU DSK RD" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="HU OFS" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="HU FS" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="HU PN" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="HU TN" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM HostedAccessPoint LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM ServiceAccessPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM ServiceAccessPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM RemoteServiceAccessPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM NextHopRoute"</pre>
           type="CIM NextHopRouteType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM NextHopIPRoute"</pre>
           type="CIM NextHopIPRouteType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ProtocolEndPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM ProtocolEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM LANEndPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM LANEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM IPProtocolEndPoint"</pre>
            type="CIM IPProtocolEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS LANEndPoint"</pre>
            type="AMS_LANEndPointType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM ServiceAccessPointRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM SystemComponent LinkType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM LogicalDevice"</pre>
           type="CIM LogicalDeviceType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM Watchdog"</pre>
           type="CIM WatchdogType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM Processor"</pre>
            type="CIM ProcessorType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM_Sensor" type="CIM_SensorType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM Display" type="CIM DisplayType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM Memory" type="CIM MemoryType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM PowerSupply"</pre>
            type="CIM PowerSupplyType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM StorageExtent"</pre>
            type="CIM StorageExtentType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM LogicalDisk"</pre>
            type="CIM LogicalDiskType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM LogicalPort"</pre>
            type="CIM LogicalPortType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM_NetworkPort"</pre>
            type="CIM NetworkPortType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM EthernetPort"</pre>
            type="CIM EthernetPortType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM LogicalDeviceRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
```

```
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM InstalledOS LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS OperatingSystem"</pre>
            type="AMS OperatingSystemType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS OperatingSystemRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM RunningOS LinkType">
   <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS OperatingSystem"</pre>
           type="AMS OperatingSystemType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS OperatingSystemRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS ComputerSystemType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM ComputerSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM HostedAccessPoint"</pre>
               type="CIM HostedAccessPoint LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM_SystemComponent"</pre>
               type="CIM SystemComponent LinkType" minOccurs="1"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM SystemComponent AdminGroup"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM_ElementLocation"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM InstalledOS"</pre>
               type="CIM InstalledOS LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM RunningOS"</pre>
               type="CIM_RunningOS_LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecCS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="ArchitectureInfo" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="xsd:int"</pre>
           use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="NetworkLoad" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
```

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS DomainType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM AdminDomainType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS DomainManagerRole"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="CIM_SystemComponent"</pre>
              type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecDom" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS DomainManagerType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
     <xsd:extension base="AMS HostType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS DomainManagerRole"</pre>
               type="AMS_Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS HardwareGroupType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM AdminDomainType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM SystemComponent"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS_ConfSpecHG" type="AMS_Ref"</pre>
              minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="CIM HostedRoute LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="CIM NextHopRoute"</pre>
            type="CIM NextHopRouteType" />
         <xsd:element name="CIM NextHopRouteRef" type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS RTHU LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS RTHardwareUtilisation"</pre>
           type="AMS RTHardwareUtilisationType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS_RTHardwareUtilisationRef"</pre>
           type="AMS_Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
  </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
<xsd:element name="AMS Accounting StdHWUtilisation"</pre>
            type="AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisationType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisationRef"</pre>
            type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS HostType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="AMS ComputerSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM HostedRoute"</pre>
               type="CIM_HostedRoute_LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS RTHU"</pre>
               type="AMS_RTHU_LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS HostUsed" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS LANEndPointType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM LANEndPointType">
         <xsd:attribute name="Status" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="NetworkLoad" type="xsd:int"</pre>
            use="required" />
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
<xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS_RTHU" type="AMS_RTHU_LinkType"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
   </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS OperatingSystemType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="CIM OperatingSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="AMS AMSupportedByOS"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecOS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
               minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         </xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:attribute name="OSType" type="AMS_OSType"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
```

```
<xsd:attribute name="Version" type="xsd:string"</pre>
            use="required" />
         <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS PrinterType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="AMS ComputerSystemType">
      </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS RTHardwareUtilisationType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:attribute name="CPULoad" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="MemoryLoad" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="DskUsage" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS_Accounting_StdHWUtilisationType"</pre>
  mixed="false">
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="Value" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
  <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
  <xsd:attribute name="StdName" type="AMS StdHWUtilisation" use="required"/>
  <xsd:attribute name="Capability" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="Time" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="Duration" type="xsd:int" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="Units" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS RouterType">
   <xsd:complexContent>
     <xsd:extension base="AMS ComputerSystemType">
         <xsd:sequence>
            <xsd:element name="CIM HostedRoute"</pre>
               type="CIM_HostedRoute_LinkType" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded" />
         </xsd:sequence>
     </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS SwitchType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
     <xsd:extension base="AMS_ComputerSystemType">
     </xsd:extension>
  </xsd:complexContent>
</xsd:complexType>
<!-- structure definition !-->
<xsd:element name="AMS LogicalHardware"</pre>
  type="AMS LogicalHardwarePackage" />
<xsd:complexType name="AMS LogicalHardwarePackage">
  <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
     <xsd:element name="AMS_ComputerSystem"</pre>
```

```
type="AMS ComputerSystemType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS Host" type="AMS HostType"</pre>
   minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS Printer" type="AMS PrinterType"</pre>
   minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS Router" type="AMS RouterType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS Switch" type="AMS SwitchType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS DomainManager"</pre>
   type="AMS_DomainManagerType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM LogicalDevice"</pre>
   type="CIM_LogicalDeviceType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Watchdog" type="CIM WatchdogType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Processor" type="CIM ProcessorType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Sensor" type="CIM SensorType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM_Display" type="CIM_DisplayType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Memory" type="CIM MemoryType"</pre>
   minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM PowerSupply"</pre>
   type="CIM_PowerSupplyType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM StorageExtent"</pre>
   type="CIM_StorageExtentType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM LogicalPort"</pre>
   type="CIM LogicalPortType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM NetworkPort"</pre>
   type="CIM_NetworkPortType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM_EthernetPort"</pre>
  type="CIM_EthernetPortType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM LogicalDisk"</pre>
   type="CIM LogicalDiskType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS_Domain" type="AMS_DomainType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS HardwareGroup"</pre>
  type="AMS_HardwareGroupType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Network" type="CIM NetworkType"</pre>
  minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM Location" type="CIM LocationType"</pre>
   minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="AMS OperatingSystem"</pre>
   type="AMS_OperatingSystemType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM ServiceAccessPoint"</pre>
   type="CIM_ServiceAccessPointType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM RemoteServiceAccessPoint"</pre>
   type="CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPointType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM_ProtocolEndPoint"</pre>
   type="CIM ProtocolEndPointType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM NextHopRoute"</pre>
   type="CIM NextHopRouteType" minOccurs="0" />
<xsd:element name="CIM LANEndPoint"</pre>
   type="CIM LANEndPointType" minOccurs="0" />
```

### 9.6.9 Logical Hardware Specification

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
         file AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification.xsd
         XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
         Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
               Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
      </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS CodedConstraintType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         <xsd:extension base="AMS ValueConstraintType">
            <xsd:attribute name="constraint" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS NameValue LinkType">
      <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xsd:choice>
            <xsd:element name="AMS NameValueCouple"</pre>
               type="AMS NameValueCoupleType" />
            <xsd:element name="AMS NameValueCoupleRef"</pre>
               type="AMS Ref" />
         </xsd:choice>
      </xsd:sequence>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS ConfigurationSpecificationType"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:sequence>
         <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecCS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecOS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecDom" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
           minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ConfSpecHG" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS_ConfSpecDLS" type="AMS Ref"</pre>
```

```
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      <xsd:element name="AMS NameValue"</pre>
         type="AMS NameValue LinkType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS CoupleName">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS NOTNORMALIZED" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS NAME" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS FRU" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS POSITION" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS INTERFACE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS MFGDATETIME" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS MANUFACTURER" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS_PRODUCTNAME" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS PRODUCTVERSION" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS SERIALNUMBER" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS PRODUCTTYPE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS ASSETTAG" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS CHASSISTYPE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS MACADDRESS" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS POWERSATE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS STATUS" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="CS POSTRESULT" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS Constraint LinkType">
  <xsd:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xsd:choice>
         <xsd:element name="AMS ValueConstraint"</pre>
            type="AMS ValueConstraintType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS RangeConstraint"</pre>
           type="AMS RangeConstraintType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS SetConstraint"</pre>
           type="AMS_SetConstraintType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS CodedConstraint"</pre>
           type="AMS CodedConstraintType" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS ValueConstraintRef"</pre>
           type="AMS Ref" />
      </xsd:choice>
   </xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS NameValueCoupleType">
   <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="AMS Constraint"</pre>
         type="AMS Constraint LinkType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
   </xsd:sequence>
   <xsd:attribute name="StdName" type="AMS CoupleName"</pre>
     use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" />
   <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required" />
   <xsd:attribute name="OwnerId" type="xsd:string" />
</xsd:complexType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS RangeConstraintType">
  <xsd:complexContent>
```

```
<xsd:extension base="AMS ValueConstraintType">
            <xsd:attribute name="from" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
            <xsd:attribute name="to" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS SetConstraintType">
      <xsd:complexContent>
         -
<xsd:extension base="AMS_ValueConstraintType">
            <xsd:attribute name="set" type="xsd:string"</pre>
               use="required" />
         </xsd:extension>
      </xsd:complexContent>
   </xsd:complexType>
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS ValueConstraintType">
      <xsd:attribute name="InstanceID" type="xsd:string" />
   </xsd:complexType>
  <!-- structure definition !-->
   <xsd:element name="AMS LogicalHardwareSpecification"</pre>
      type="AMS LogicalHardwareSpecificationPackage" />
   <xsd:complexType name="AMS LogicalHardwareSpecificationPackage"</pre>
     mixed="false">
      <xsd:all minOccurs="0">
         <xsd:element name="AMS ConfigurationSpecification"</pre>
            type="AMS ConfigurationSpecificationType" minOccurs="0" />
         <xsd:element name="AMS NameValueCouple"</pre>
           type="AMS_NameValueCoupleType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xsd:all>
   </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
```

#### 9.6.10 Supported Application Model

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
  xmlns:amsm="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
  targetNamespace="http://www.omg.org/amsm"
   xmlns="http://www.omg.org/amsm">
   <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation xml:lang="en">
        file AMS SupportedApplicationModel.xsd
        XML Schema Definition for namespace AMS Management
        Copyright (c) 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI),
              Themis Computer and ProgenySystems Corporation
     </xsd:documentation>
   </xsd:annotation>
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS Util.xsd" />
   <xsd:include schemaLocation="AMS CIM.xsd" />
   <!-- types definition !-->
   <xsd:simpleType name="AMS Control">
      <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
        <xsd:enumeration value="AMS LOAD" />
        <xsd:enumeration value="AMS LOAD START" />
        <xsd:enumeration value="AMS START" />
        <xsd:enumeration value="AMS STOP" />
        <xsd:enumeration value="AMS HALT" />
```

```
<xsd:enumeration value="AMS CONTINUE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS SHUTDOWN" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS RECOVER" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="AMS UNLOAD" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="AMS LOAD DIRTY" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="LOAD START DIRTY" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS STOP HALTED" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS RECLAIM" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS ALLOCATE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS RECOVER DIRTY" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS ModelType">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS PROCESS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS J2EE" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="AMS CCM" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS StdMechanism">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="MS NONSTD" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="MS POSIXSIGNAL" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS OSType">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="Unknown" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Other" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="MACOS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="ATTUNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="DGUX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="DECNT" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="Tru64 UNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OpenVMS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="HPUX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="MVS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OS400" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OS/2" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="JavaVM" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="MSDOS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="WIN3x" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="WIN95" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="WIN98" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="WINNT" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="WINCE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="NCR3000" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="NetWare" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OSF" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="DC/OS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Reliant UNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="SCO UnixWare" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="SCO OpenServer" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="Sequent" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="IRIX" />
      <xsd:enumeration value="Solaris" />
```

```
<xsd:enumeration value="SunOS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="U6000" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="ASERIES" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="HP NonStop OS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="HP NonStop OSS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="BS2000" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="LINUX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Lynx" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="XENIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="VM" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Interactive UNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="BSDUNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="FreeBSD" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="NetBSD" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="GNU Hurd" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OS9" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="MACH Kernel" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Inferno" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="QNX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="EPOC" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="IxWorks" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="VxWorks" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="MiNT" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="BeOS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="HP MPE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="NextStep" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="PalmPilot" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Rhapsody" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Windows 2000" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Dedicated" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OS/390" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="VSE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="TPF" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Windows (R) Me" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Caldera Open UNIX" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="OpenBSD" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Not Applicable" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Windows XP" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="z/OS" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Windows Vista" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="Microsoft Windows Server 2003" />
     <xsd:enumeration</pre>
        value="Microsoft Windows Server 2003 64-Bit" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:simpleType name="AMS State">
   <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS EXECUTABLE" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS HALTED" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS LOADED" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS RUNNING" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS STOPPED" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS UNALLOCATED" />
     <xsd:enumeration value="AMS ERROR" />
   </xsd:restriction>
</xsd:simpleType>
<xsd:complexType name="AMS MechanismType" mixed="false">
  <xsd:attribute name="Name" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
```

#### Issue 13071 - XSD specification of AMS SupportedApplicationModel not consistent with model

```
<xsd:complexType name="AMS_SupportedApplicationModelType"
   mixed="false">
   <xsd:complexContent>
        <xsd:extension base="CIM_LogicalElementType">
        <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
```

#### Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions

<xsd:element name="SupportedModelTypes"</pre>

### Issue 13071 - XSD specification of AMS\_SupportedApplicationModel not consistent with model

```
type="AMS_ModelType" />
</xsd:sequence>
<xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
```

#### Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions

<xsd:element name="SupportedOSTypes" type="AMS OSType" />

#### Issue 13071 - XSD specification of AMS SupportedApplicationModel not consistent with model

#### Issue 13064 - XML PSM: referenced type name incorrect

```
</mathrms/>
</mathrms/
</mathrms/>
</mathrms/
</mathrms/>
</m
```

# 10 DMTF CIM Managed Object Format (MOF) Platform Specific Model

### 10.1 Mapping Rationale

The CIM PSM presented below is provided in MOF format, the formal definition language of CIM. In general, the CIM PSM closely follows the PIM, which was also based upon CIM. The differences between the PIM and the CIM PSM are primarily due to constraints of CIM MOF and a desire to adhere to common CIM practices. One of the most notable examples is the use of ValueMaps in CIM schemas instead of enums used in the PSM. A CIM ValueMap is used in a schema instead of a separate enum as denoted in the PSM. Another restriction of CIM MOF is the lack of complex return types. When such types are used in the PSM, they are typically mapped into String return types which would then be used via reflection to access a complex object.

The CIM PSM also contains detailed comments embedded within the schemas. Such comments are typical of CIM schema definitions, and are generally derived from the descriptive text of the PSM.

## 10.2 Specific attributes and parameters information

In this paragraph, some attributes of class and parameters of operation roughly defined in the PIM, are more specified in the context of the DMTF CIM PSM.

Table 10.1 - Specific attributes for DMTF CIM PSM

Attribute	Comment
AMS_HWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SupportedApplicationModel: ConfigurationInfo	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:Environment	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:CommandLine	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:ProgramPath	Implementation dependent

Table 10.2 - Specific parameters for DMTF CIM PSM

Parameter	Comment	
CreateHardwareGroup: connectivity	Implementation dependent	
CreateHardwareGroup: devices	Implementation dependent	
CreateHardwareGroup: resources	Implementation dependent	

# 10.3 Specific data types

This paragraph specifies the data types in the context of the DMTF CIM PSM.

Table 10.3 - Data types for DMTF CIM PSM

Data type	Definition	Comment
Collection <type></type>	N/A.	
datetime	datetime	
String	string	
uint8	uint8	
uint16	uint16	
uint32	utin32	
uint64	uint64	

# 10.4 Specific failure codes

Error codes have been defined in the PIM (cf. Section 7.13.1).

# 10.5 Mapping

#### 10.5.1 Management

```
// Copyright © 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
               Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
//
               Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
//
               the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// HWFilter
[Description (" The AMS HWFilter class models filters on "
        "hardware items. Its attribute defines the filter as:"
        "- a string containing a regular expression on the name of"
           the hardware items and "
           some hardware groups in the hardware must be found."
           some domains in which the hardware must be found."
            some networks in which network links and network "
            elements must be found.")]
class AMS HWFilter {
```

```
string filter;
};
// SWFilter
[Description ("The AMS SWFilter class models filters on software"
        "items. Its attribute defines the filter as:"
        "- a string containing a regular expression on the name of"
            the software items and a logical expression on "
            attributes of ESE, appl or system (PSM dependant)"
            a list of wanted states.")]
class AMS SWFilter {
    string filter;
// -----
// HWManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the "
         "logical hardware information. Its operations allow :"
             to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
             logical hardwares,"
             to subscribe on the change of state of some logical"
             hardwares,"
             an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
             on elements" )]
class AMS HWManagement {
      [Description("This operation gets all the network links"
         "matching with the filter in parameter"
          "The method returns a collection of CIM ProtocolEndPoint"
          "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
          "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
          "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
          "is instantiated") |
      string GetNetworkLinks(
      [TN1
       AMS HWFilter REF filter);
      [Description("This operation gets all the networks matching "
         "with the filter in parameter"
          "The method returns a collection of CIM Network"
          "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
          "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
          "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
          "is instantiated")]
      string GetNetworks (
      [TN]
       AMS HWFilter REF filter);
      [Description("This operation gets all the computer systems"
         "matching with the filter in parameter"
          "The method returns a collection of AMS ComputerSystem"
          "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
          "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
          "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
          "is instantiated")]
      string GetComputerSystems(
      [IN]
```

```
AMS HWFilter REF filter);
[Description("This operation gets all the hardware groups"
    "matching with the filter in parameter"
     "The method returns a collection of AMS HardwareGroup"
     "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
     "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
     "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
     "is instantiated")]
string GetHardwareGroups(
[IN]
 AMS HWFilter REF filter);
[Description("This operation gets all the domains matching "
    "with the filter in parameter"
     "The method returns a collection of AMS_Domain"
     "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
     "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
     "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
     "is instantiated")]
string GetDomains(
[IN]
 AMS HWFilter REF filter);
[Description("This operation subscribes to the modifications of the"
     "load of the network elements matching with HWfilter. The data"
     "returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication. This "
     "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter"
     "is wrong.")]
uint16 SubscribeNetworkLoadChange(
 AMS HWFilter REF filter,
[OUT]
 uint32 subscriptionID);
[Description("This operation subscribes to receive periodically the"
     "load of the network elements matching with HWfilter. The data"
     "returned are a collection of AMS_RTHWIndication. This "
     "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter"
     "is wrong.")]
uint16 SubscribeNetworkLoad (
[IN]
 uint16 delay,
[IN]
 AMS HWFilter REF filter,
 uint32 subscriptionID);
[Description("This operation create a hardware group from :"
    "- a physical location,"
    "- subnets (parameter connectivity),"
       device types (parameter devices)."
    "It shall return:"
    "- AMS BADCONNECTIVITY if the 'connectivity' parameter is "
        wrong,"
        AMS BADDEVICES if the 'devices' parameter is wrong,")]
uint16 CreateHardwareGroup (
[IN]
 CIM Location REF location,
[IN]
```

```
string connectivity,
      [IN]
        string devices,
      [OUT]
        AMS HardwareGroup REF group);
      [Description ("This operation gets all locations known by the "
          "AMS service"
           "The method returns a collection of CIM Location"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
      string GetAllLocations ();
      [Description("This operation subscribes to the modifications of the"
           "status of the hardware items matching with HWfilter. The data"
           "returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication. This "
           "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter"
           "is wrong.")]
      uint16 SubscribeHWStatusChange(
      [IN]
        AMS HWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description("This operation subscribes to receive periodically the"
           "status of the hardware items matching with HWfilter. The data"
           "returned are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication. This "
           "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter"
           "is wrong.")]
      uint16 SubscribeHWStatus (
      [IN]
        uint16 delay,
      [IN]
        AMS HWFilter REF filter,
      [TUO]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
         "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
         "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
     [INT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADCONNECTIVITY", "AMS BADDEVICES",
"AMS BADFILTER",
              "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" } ]
     uint16 HWMgmt ReturnCode;
// RTHWIndication
               ._____
     [Description ("The AMS RTHWIndication class gather a piece of "
         "the information brought by callbacks on hardware status."
         "Its attributes gives an AMS ComputerSystem and an "
```

};

```
"AMS RTHardwareUtilisation. The second is the status of the"
        "first")]
class AMS_RTHWIndication : CIM_ProcessIndication {
// RTSWIndication
     [Description ("The AMS RTSWIndication class gathers a piece of "
        "the information brought by callbacks on software status."
        "Its attributes gives an AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement or an"
        "AMS Application or an AMS SoftwareSystem or an "
        "AMS LoadBalancingGroup or an AMS RedundancyGroup, and an"
        "AMS RTSoftwareStatus. The last is the status of one of the"
        "firsts.")]
class AMS RTSWIndication : CIM ProcessIndication{
};
// ConfManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
        "loading and unloading of configuration files")]
class AMS ConfManagement {
     [Description ("This operation loads a configuration file")]
     string LoadConfiguration(
     [IN]
       string file);
    [Description ("This operation unloads a configuration file")]
     string UnloadConfiguration(
     [IN]
       string file);
    [Description ("This Operation returns the description of the last"
       "errot that occured with:"
       "- A string message"
       "- An errno (the errno of POSIX systems) if available,"
          (-1) if not"
       "- An unint16 with the (Success of Failure) error codes"
       " per paragraph 2.3.12.1 of the spec."
       "- The element which caused the error")]
    unint16 getLastError(
     [TUO]
       string message,
     [OUT]
       uint16 errno,
     [TUO]
       unint16 errorCode,
     [OUT]
       AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement element);
};
// DeploymentConfManagement
     [Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
        "deployment config information. Its operations allow:"
        "- an access to other interfaces for a more specific " \,
            view on elements.")]
class AMS DeploymentConfManagement {
```

```
[Description ("This operation gets all the deployment configs"
            "The method returns a collection of AMS DeploymentConfiguration"
            "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetDeploymentConfiguration();
};
// ESEManagement
      [Description ("This class is the interface to access to the "
         "executable software element information. Its operations"
          "allow :"
         "- to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
               executable software elements,"
             to subscribe on the change of state of some executable"
              software elements,"
             an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
              on elements.")]
class AMS ESEManagement {
      [Description ("This operation gets all the executable software"
          "elements matching with the filter in parameter."
           "The method returns a collection of"
           "AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetESE (
      [INT]
       SWFilter REF filter);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to the modifications"
         "of the status of the executable software elements matching"
         "with 'filter'. The data returned are a collection of"
         "AMS RTHWIndication. This operation shall return"
         "AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeESEStatusChange(
      [IN]
       SWFilter REF filter,
       [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to receive"
          "periodically the status of the executable software "
         "elements matching with filter. The data returned"
         "are a collection of AMS RTHWIndication. This operation "
         "shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter is"
         "wrong.")]
       uint16 SubscribeESEStatus(
       [IN]
        uint16 delay,
       [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
       [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
```

```
[Description ("This operation shuts down all the executable "
         "software elements matching with the filter given in"
         "parameter. This operation shall return AMS_BADFILTER if "
         "the filter parameter is wrong. A full explanation of the"
         "cause of the error shall be logged. ")]
     uint16 ShutdownESE(
     [TN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter);
     [Description ("This operation gets all the executable software"
         "elements specification."
           "The method returns a collection of AMS ESESpec"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetESESpec ();
     [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
         "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
         "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
     [IN]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADFILTER",
              "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" } ]
     uint16 ESEMqmt ReturnCode;
};
// ApplicationManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
         "application information. Its operations allow:"
         "- to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
         "applications,"
         "- to subscribe on the change of state of some"
            applications,"
             an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
         "on elements.")]
class AMS ApplicationManagement {
      [Description ("This operation gets all the applications matching"
         "with the filter in parameter."
           "The method returns a collection of AMS Application"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetApplication (
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to the modifications of"
         "the status of the applications matching with filter. The"
         "data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication. This"
         "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter"
```

```
"parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeApplicationStatusChange(
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [ TUO]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
         "the status of the applications matching with 'filter'. The"
         "data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication. This"
         "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter parameter"
         "is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeApplicationStatus(
      [IN]
        uint16 delay,
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
         "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
         "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADFILTER", "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"}]
     uint16 ApplMgmt ReturnCode;
};
// SystemManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
         "system information. Its operations allow:"
         "- to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
             systems,"
         "- to subscribe on the change of state of some systems,"
         "- an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
             on elements.")]
class AMS_SystemManagement {
      [Description ("This operation gets all the software systems"
         "matching with the filter in parameter."
           "The method returns a collection of AMS SoftwareSystem"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetSystem(
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to the modifications of"
         "the status of the applications matching with filter. The"
         "data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication. This"
         "operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter"
         "parameter is wrong.")]
```

```
uint16 SubscribeSystemStatusChange(
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
         "the status of the software systems matching with 'filter'."
         "The data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication."
         "This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter"
         "parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeSystemStatus(
      [IN]
        uint16 delay,
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
         "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
         "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
     [IN]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADFILTER",
              "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" } ]
     uint16 SysMqmt ReturnCode;
};
// RedundancyGroupManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
         "redundancy group information. Its operations allow :"
         "- to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
             redundancy groups,"
         "_
            to subscribe on the change of state of some redundancy"
             groups,"
             an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
             on elements.")]
class AMS RedundancyGroupManagement {
     [Description ("This operation gets all the redundancy groups"
         "matching with the filter in parameter."
           "The method returns a collection of AMS RedundancyGroup"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetRG (
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to the modifications"
         "of the status of the redundancy groups matching with filter."
         "The data returned are a collection of AMS_RTSWIndication."
         "This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter"
```

```
"parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeRGStatusChange(
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [TUO]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
         "the status of the redundancy groups matching with 'filter'."
         "The data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication."
         "This operation shall return AMS_BADFILTER if the filter"
         "parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeRGStatus (
      [IN]
        uint16 delay,
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
         "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
         "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
        uint32 subscriptionID);
      [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADFILTER",
              "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" } ]
     uint16 RGMgmt ReturnCode;
};
// -----
// LoadBalancingManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
         "load balancing group information. Its operations allow:"
         "- to subscribe to receive periodically the state of some"
             load balancing groups,"
            to subscribe on the change of state of some load"
             balancing groups,"
             an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
              on elements.")]
class AMS LoadBalancingManagement {
     [Description ("This operation gets all the load balancing groups"
         "matching with the filter in parameter."
           "The method returns a collection of AMS LoadBalancingGroup"
           "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
           "types, It returns a string type which will have to be"
           "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
           "is instantiated")]
     string GetLB (
      [IN]
        AMS SWFilter REF filter);
      [Description ("This operation subscribes to the modifications"
         "of the status of the load balancing groups matching with filter."
         "The data returned are a collection of AMS RTSWIndication."
```

```
"This operation shall return AMS_BADFILTER if the filter"
        "parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeLBStatusChange(
      [IN]
       AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
       uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description ("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
        "the status of the load balancing groups matching with 'filter'."
        "The data returned are a collection of AMS_RTSWIndication."
        "This operation shall return AMS BADFILTER if the filter"
        "parameter is wrong.")]
     uint16 SubscribeLBStatus(
      [IN]
       uint16 delay,
      [NT]
       AMS SWFilter REF filter,
      [OUT]
       uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
        "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
        "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
     [IN]
       uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADFILTER",
             "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" } ]
     uint16 LBMgmt_ReturnCode;
};
// SAMManagement
[Description ("This class is the interface to access to the"
        "Supported application models. Its operations allow :"
        "- an access to other interfaces for a more specific view"
           on elements.")]
class AMS SAMManagement {
     [Description ("This operation gets all the application models."
          "The method returns a collection of "
          "AMS SupportedApplicationManagement"
          "Since CIM/MOF spec does not support returning complex"
          "types, It returns a string type which will have to be "
          "REFLECTed into the specific return type when the class"
          "is instantiated")]
     string GetAllSAM ();
// -----
// Log
[Description ("The class describes the existence of the log and"
        "its characteristics. Since, there is just one log, it is a"
        "singleton. Above all, it is an interface that permits to"
        "get the administrating and consuming interfaces of the"
```

```
"normalized lightweight logging service.")]
class AMS Log : CIM Log {
};
// LogRecord
// -----
    [Description ("The AMS LogRecord class is used to instantiate"
        "records to be aggregated to a Log. It is logically "
        "equivalent with a LogRecord of the Lightweight Logging"
        "Service.")]
class AMS LogRecord : CIM RecordForLog {
};
// -----
// LogAdministrator, LogConsumer and LogRecord
// from the LightWeight Logging Service (LWLS) \,
\ensuremath{//} top level class needed to resolve the association reference with
// AMS Log & AMS LogRecord
// -----
class LogAdministrator {
    uint16 setMaxSize (
    [IN]
     uint32 size);
    uint16 setLogFullAction (
    [IN, Description("parameter type is class LogFullAction from the LWLS")]
      string Action);
    uint16 setAdministrativeState (
    [IN, Description("parameter type is class AdministrativeState from the LWLS")]
      string state);
    uint16 clearLog ();
    uint16 Destroy;
};
class LogConsumer {
    uint64 getRecordIdFromTime (
    [IN]
      datetime fromtime);
    [Description("Return type is class LogRecordSequence from the LWLS")]
    string retrieveById (
    [IN, OUT]
     uint64 currentId,
   [IN, OUT]
     uint16 howMany);
};
class LogRecord {
   uint64 id;
   datetime time;
```

```
Associations
// StateFilters
     [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS StateFilters : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
    Override ("GroupComponent"),
    Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS SWFilter REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent")]
    AMS State REF PartComponent;
};
// NetworkElt
[Association]
class AMS_NetworkElt : CIM_Component {
     [Override("PartComponent"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
     AMS RTHWIndication REF PartComponent;
     [Override("GroupComponent"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent;
};
// -----
[Association, aggregation,
     Description ("An association between"
        "AMS Accounting<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD> class in order"
        "to design platform-specific hardware utilisation. Known
        "items of the AMS StdMechanisms enumeration are:"
        "- HU NON STD: special value that denotes a non-normalized"
          value (i.e. use the "Name" attribute instead)"
        "- {\tt HU\_CPU\_LOAD:} the corresponding value is the percentage of"
           CPU currently used (integer)"
        "- HU NETWORK LOAD: ratio between occupied Bandwidth and"
          available Bandwidth (float)"
        "- HU NETWORK BANDWIDTH: available bandwidth in bits per"
          second (integer)"
        "- HU VIRTUAL MEMORY: size in bytes of the virtual memory"
           (long integer)"
        "- HU VIRTUAL MEMORY_OCCUPATION: size in bytes of the occupied"
           virtual memory (long integer)"
        "- HU TOTAL_MEMORY: size in byte of the total memory (Virtual"
           + Physical) (long integer)"
        "- HU TOTAL MEMORY OCCUPATION: size in byte of the total"
           occupied memory (Virtual + Physical) (long integer)"
        "- HU PROCESS NUMBER: number of running processes (integer)"
        "- HU THREAD NUMBER: number of running threads (integer)"
        "- HU DISK: disk size in bytes (long long integer)"
```

```
"- HU DISK OCCUPATION: occupied disk size in bytes"
        " (long long integer)")]
class AMS RTHS : CIM Component {
     [key, aggregate,
     Override ("PartComponent"),
     Max(1)]
    AMS RTHWIndication REF PartComponent;
    [Override("GroupComponent"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS_Accounting REF GroupComponent;
    ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
             "10", "11"},
    Values { "HU NON STD", "HU CPU LOAD", "HU NETWORK LOAD",
           "HU NETWORK BANDWIDTH", "HU VIRTUAL MEMORY",
           "HU VIRTUAL MEMORY OCCUPATION", "HU TOTAL MEMORY",
           "HU TOTAL MEMORY OCCUPATION", "HU PROCESS NUMBER",
            "HU THREAD NUMBER", "HU DISK", "HU DISK OCCUPATION"}]
    uint16 AMSStdHWUtilisation;
};
// NetworkInFilter
[Association]
class AMS_NetworkInFilter : CIM_Component {
    [Override("GroupComponent"),
     Min(1)]
    AMS HWFilter REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Min(1)]
    CIM Network REF PartComponent;
};
// -----
// GroupsInFilter
[Association]
class AMS GroupsInFilter : CIM Component {
     [Override("GroupComponent"),
     Min(1)]
    AMS HWFilter REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Min(1)]
    AMS HardwareGroup REF PartComponent;
// -----
// DomainsInFilter
     [Association]
class AMS DomainsInFilter : CIM Component {
     [Override("GroupComponent"),
```

```
Min(1)]
   AMS HWFilter REF GroupComponent;
   [Override("PartComponent"),
    Min(1)]
   AMS Domain REF PartComponent;
};
_____
   [Association]
class AMS_ESE : CIM_Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
   [Override("Dependent"),
   Max(1)]
   AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement REF Dependent;
};
// AppIndication
[Association]
class AMS_AppIndication : CIM_Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
   [Override("Dependent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS Application REF Dependent;
};
// -----
// System
[Association]
class AMS System : CIM Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent"),
   AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
   [Override("Dependent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS SoftwareSystem REF Dependent;
};
// -----
// -----
   [Association]
class AMS LB : CIM Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent"),
```

```
Max(1)]
    AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
    Max(1)]
    AMS LoadBalancingGroup REF Dependent;
};
[Association]
class AMS_RG : CIM_Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent"),
    Max(1)1
    AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS_RedundancyGroup REF Dependent;
};
// -----
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS_RTSW : CIM_Dependency {
    [Aggregate,
     Override ("Antecedent"),
    Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS RTSWIndication REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
    Min(1), Max(1)]
   AMS RTSoftwareStatus REF Dependent;
};
// AMS LogRecordIdentity
[Association, Aggregation]
class AMS_LogRecordIdentity : CIM_LogicalIdentity {
    [Aggregate,
     Override ( "SystemElement" ),
    Min (1), Max (1),
     Description ("The AMS Log Record")]
  AMS LogRecord REF SystemElement;
    [Override ( "SameElement" ),
    Max (1),
    Description ("SameElement represents the additional aspects of"
       "the Lightweight Logging Service Log Record.")]
  LogRecord REF SameElement;
```

```
// LogAdministrator
     [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS LogAdministrator : CIM LogicalIdentity {
     [Key, Aggregate,
     Override("SystemElement"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
     AMS Log REF SystemElement;
     [Override("SameElement"),
     Min(1), Max(1),
      Description ("SameElement represents the additional aspects of"
        "the Lightweight Logging Service Log Administrator.")]
     LogAdministrator REF SameElement;
};
// LogConsumer
// -----
     [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS LogConsumer : CIM LogicalIdentity {
     [Key, Aggregate,
     Override("SystemElement"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
     AMS Log REF SystemElement;
     [Override("SameElement"),
     Min(1), Max(1),
     Description ("SameElement represents the additional aspects of"
        "the Lightweight Logging Service Log Consumer.")]
     LogConsumer REF SameElement;
} :
```

## 10.5.2 Application

```
// Copyright © 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
               Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
//
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
//
               Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
//
                the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// Property
[Description ("An AMS Property has a value and a name, which is"
        "defined by either a string or an item of an enumeration."
        "This enumeration (Value) is intended to normalize some of the"
        "possible values of the name yet letting the possibility to"
        "the implementations to define new possible names")]
class AMS Property {
    [Key]
    string InstanceID;
```

```
string Name;
    string Value;
// -----
// SoftwareSystem
[Description ("The AMS SoftwareSystem class models the software"
         "systems. It may be a part of an other AMS SoftwareSystem,"
         "gathers AMS ExecutableSoftwareElements and AMS Applications"
         "and must be associated to the AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec that"
         "has been used to create it and which store creation"
         "information. Its attribute are:"
         "- a name which, with its CIM_SoftwareSystem's global"
              name, takes part of the make-up of its global name."
         "- a status (started, stopped or failed)."
         "An AMS Application is an interface that allows to start,"
         "stop and get the status of the software system itself.")]
class AMS SoftwareSystem : CIM ApplicationSystem {
     [Key, Override]
     string Name;
     [Description("This operation starts up the software system."
         "It must starts up all the executable software elements"
         "which belong to the system. It shall return AMS STARTFAILED"
         "if at least one of the executable software element could not"
         "start. The state of the other executable software elements"
         "is the undefined. A full explanation of the cause of the"
         "error shall be logged")]
     uint16 Startup();
     [Description("This operation shuts down the software system."
         "It must stop all the executable software elements which"
         "belong to the system. It shall return AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED"
         "if at least one of the executable software element could not"
         "shutdown. The state of the other executable software elements"
         "is the undefined. A full explanation of the cause of the"
         "error shall be logged")]
     uint16 Shutdown();
     [Description("The AMSRTSoftwareStatus enumerates run-time"
         "status of software items."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SW STARTED", "SW STOPPED", "SW FAILED"}]
     uint16 AMSRTSoftwareStatus;
};
// -----
// Application
[Description ("The AMS Application class models the"
         "applications. It is a part of an AMS SoftwareSystem, may"
         "gather AMS ExecutableSoftwareElements,"
         "AMS LoadBalancingGroups and AMS RedundancyGroups, and must"
         "be associated to the AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been"
         "used to create it and which refers to creation information"
         "Optionally, it may also gather other AMS Applications with"
```

```
"the association AMS ApplicationOfApplication".
         "Its attributes are:"
         "- a name which, with its CIM SoftwareSystem's global"
               name, takes part of the make-up of its global name."
         "- a status (started, stopped or failed)."
         "An AMS_Application is an interface that allows to start,"
         "stop and get the status of the application itself.")]
class AMS Application : CIM ApplicationSystem {
     [Key, Override]
     string Name;
      [Description("This operation starts up the application. It"
         "starts up all the executable software elements which belong"
         "to the application. It shall return AMS STARTFAILED if at"
         "least one of the executable software element could not start"
         "The state of the other executable software elements is then"
         "undefined. A full explanation of the cause of the error"
         "shall be logged. After an error, the executable software"
         "elements are in an unknown state.")]
     uint16 Startup();
     [Description("This operation shuts down the application. It"
         "shuts down all the executable software elements which belong"
         "to the application. It shall return AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if at"
         "least one of the executable software element could not"
         "shutdown. The state of the other executable software"
         "elements is then undefined. A full explanation of the cause"
         "of the error shall be logged. After an error, the"
         "executable software elements are in an unknown state.")]
     uint16 Shutdown();
     [Description("The AMSRTSoftwareStatus enumerates run-time"
         "status of software items."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SW STARTED", "SW STOPPED", "SW FAILED"}]
     uint16 AMSRTSoftwareStatus;
};
// ExecutableSoftwareElement
[Description ("The AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement models a"
         "software element that is a logical element that contains"
         "the information necessary to represent and manage the"
         "functionality provided. It is part of an AMS_Application,"
         "may be associated with an AMS RedundancyGroup and must be"
         "associated to the AMS ESESpec that has been used to create"
         "it and which hold most of the information on the element."
         "Its attributes are:"
         "_
             a name that, with its CIM Application's or"
               AMS Application's global name, takes part of the"
               make-up of its global name."
             a current state that is taken in the states allowed by"
               its application model."
         "- a status (started, stopped or failed)."
             a state regarding the redundancy (no redundancy,"
              primary or redundant copy)"
         "An AMS Application is an interface that allows to start,"
```

```
"stop, load, continue and get the status of the software"
          "element itself.")]
class AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement : CIM Service {
      [Key, Override]
      string Name;
      [Description ("This operation starts up the executable software"
          "element with the specification actually associated by"
          "CIM SoftwareElementServiceImplementation. It shall return:"
              AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on"
                 account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
                 memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
                 of the associated specification,"
          "
               AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on"
                 account of an OS right error when performing one of"
                 the action of the associated specification,"
          "-
              AMS BADACTION if the element could not start on account"
          "
                 of a badly formed action in the specification"
          "
                 definition,"
               AMS BADCHECK if the element could not start on account"
                 of a badly formed check in the specification"
                 definition."
          "_
              AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the"
                 associated specification was not true, "
              AMS BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support"
                the associated specification model type,"
              AMS STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any"
                 other reason."
          "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
          "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
          "software element is in an unknown state.")]
      uint16 Startup();
      [Description ("This operation replaces the AMS ESESpec"
          "associated by CIM SoftwareElementServiceImplementation,"
          "and next starts up the executable software element."
          "It shall return:"
              AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on"
                 account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
                 memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
                 of the associated specification,"
              AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on"
                 account of an OS right error when performing one of"
                 the action of the associated specification,"
          " _
               AMS BADACTION if the element could not start on account"
                 of a badly formed action in the specification"
                 definition,"
              AMS BADCHECK if the element could not start on account"
                 of a badly formed check in the specification"
          "
                 definition,"
          "_
              AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the"
                associated specification was not true,"
              AMS BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support"
                 the associated specification model type,"
          ·· _
              AMS STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any"
                 other reason."
          "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
          "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
          "software element is in an unknown state.")]
```

```
uint16 StartupOnSpec(
AMS ESESpec REF spec);
[Description ("This operation starts up the executable software"
    "element on the host and with the command line indicated by"
    "the parameters. It shall return:"
        AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on"
            account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
            memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
           of the associated specification,"
        AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on"
           account of an OS right error when performing one of"
            the action of the associated specification,"
    "_
        AMS BADACTION if the element could not start on account"
           of a badly formed action in the specification"
           definition,"
    "_
        AMS BADCHECK if the element could not start on account"
    "
           of a badly formed check in the specification"
    "
           definition,"
    "_
        AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the"
          associated specification was not true,"
    "-
        AMS BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support"
           the associated specification model type,"
    "-
        AMS BADCOMMANDLINE if the command line in parameter is"
           wrong,"
        AMS STARTFAILED if the element could not start for any"
            other reason."
    "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
    "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
    "software element is in an unknown state.")]
uint16 StartupOnHost(
[TN1]
AMS Host REF host,
[TN1]
string commandLine);
[Description("This operation shuts down the executable software"
    "element. It shall return:"
       AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on"
           account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
           memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
           of the associated specification,"
        AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on"
    "_
            account of an OS right error when performing one of"
            the action of the associated specification, "
    "_
         AMS BADACTION if the element could not start on account"
           of a badly formed action in the specification"
    ..
           definition."
    **
        AMS BADCHECK if the element could not start on account"
    "
           of a badly formed check in the specification"
            definition,"
    "_
        AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the"
           associated specification was not true,"
    "_
         AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if the element could not be shut"
            down for any other reason."
    "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
    "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
    "software element is in an unknown state.")]
uint16 Shutdown();
```

```
[Description("This operation loads the executable software"
    "element. It shall return:"
         AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not start on"
            account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
           memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
           of the associated specification,"
    "
        AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not start on"
           account of an OS right error when performing one of"
           the action of the associated specification,"
        AMS BADMODELTYPE if the targeted host does not support"
           the associated specification model type,"
        AMS LOADFAILED if the element could not be start for"
           any other reason."
    "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
    "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
    "software element is in an unknown state.")]
uint16 Load();
[Description ("This operation stops the executable software"
    "element. It shall return:"
         AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not be stopped"
            on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack"
           of memory, disk...) when performing one of the"
           action of the associated specification,"
         AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not be stopped on"
           account of an OS right error when performing one of"
           the action of the associated specification,"
         AMS STOPFAILED if the element could not be stopped for"
           any other reason."
    "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
    "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
    "software element is in an unknown state.")]
uint16 Stop();
[Description ("This operation continues the executable software"
    "element. It shall return:"
       AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not continue"
            on account of an OS resource starvation error (lack"
             of memory, disk...) when performing one of the"
            action of the associated specification,"
        AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not continue on"
           account of an OS right error when performing one of"
            the action of the associated specification, "
         AMS CONTFAILED if the element could not be continued"
            for any other reason."
    "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
    "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
    "software element is in an unknown state.")]
uint16 Continue();
```

#### Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

```
[Description ("This operation halts the executable software"
    "element.")]
uint16 Halt();
[Description ("This operation forces the shutdown of the"
    "executable software element.It shall return:"
```

```
AMS RESOURCEERROR if the element could not shutdown on"
                account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of"
                memory, disk...) when performing one of the action"
                of the associated specification,"
            AMS RIGHTERROR if the element could not shutdown on"
                account of an OS right error when performing one of"
                the action of the associated specification,"
            AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if the element could not be"
                shutdown for any other reason."
         "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
         "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
         "software element is in an unknown state.")]
     uint16 ForceShutdown();
      [Description ("This operation forces the shutdown of the"
         "executable software element. It shall return:"
         "- AMS ALREADYPRIMARY if the element was already a"
               primary element,"
         "_
            AMS NOTFT if the element is not in a redundancy"
               group,"
             AMS PRIMARYFAILED if the element could not be"
                activated for any other reason."
         "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of"
         "the error shall be logged. After an error, the executable"
         "software element is in an unknown state.")]
     uint16 ActivateAsPrimary();
     [Description (
         "This integer indicates the states in which executable software "
         "elements can be found (cf \hat{A}§ 2.2.2.1)."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6" },
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS EXECUTABLE", "AMS HALTED", "AMS LOADED", "AMS RUNNING",
         "AMS_STOPPED", "AMS_UNALLOCATED" }]
     uint16 AMSState;
     [Description("The AMS RTSoftwareStatus enumerates run-time"
         "status of software items."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SW STARTED", "SW_STOPPED", "SW_FAILED"}]
     uint16 AMSRTSoftwareStatus;
}:
// RedundancyGroup
[Description ("The AMS RedundancyGroup class models the groups"
         "of elements that are working in a redundant way.."
         "It is a part of an AMS Application, must be associated to"
         "the AMS ExecutableElement that belongs to it, and must be"
         "associated to the AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been"
         "used to create it and which stores creation information."
         "Its attributes are:"
         "- a name which, with its CIM_Application's global name,"
               takes part of the make-up of its global name. "
         "- the style of replication (AMS ReplicationStyle)."
             a status (started, stopped or failed)."
         "An AMS RedundancyGroup is an interface that allows to "
         "start, stop and get the status of the group itself")]
class AMS RedundancyGroup : CIM RedundancyGroup {
```

```
[Key, Override]
string Name;
[Description ("This operation starts up the redundancy group."
    "It must starts up all the executable software elements"
    "which belong to the group. It shall return AMS STARTFAILED"
    "if at least one of the executable software element could "
    "not start. The state of the other executable software"
    "elements is the undefined. A full explanation of the"
    "cause of the error shall be logged.")]
uint16 Startup();
[Description ("This operation shuts down the redundancy group."
    "It must shut down all the executable software elements"
    "which belong to the group. It shall return "
    "AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable"
    "software element could not shutdown. The state of the"
    "other executable software elements is the undefined. A"
    "full explanation of the cause of the error shall be "
    "logged.")]
uint16 Shutdown();
[Description("The AMSReplicationStyle enumerates possible style"
    "for replication of a redundancy group. This enumeration"
    "comes from Fault Tolerant CORBA ([CORBA])."
        RG STATELESS: the object contains read only data, so"
           there is no need for recording or transferring"
          object's state."
    "_
        RG COLD PASSIVE: replicas are not loaded into memory"
          and they only come into existence when the primary"
           replica fails. Since there is only one primary"
           replica at any one time, the primary replica's state"
          must be captured in case it fails. If the primary"
          replica fails, one of the cold backup replicas is"
          loaded into memory, and assumes the role of the new"
          primary replica. For the new primary replica to take"
          over from the old primary replica, the new replica's"
          state must be identical to the state of the old"
          primary replica. Before the new primary can fully "
          assume the role of the primary replica, its state is"
          initialized using the last checkpoint recorded"
          previously by the logging-recovery mechanisms."
        RG WARM PASSIVE: this replication style differs from"
           the Cold Passive replication in that the state of"
           the primary member object of the object group gets"
           recorded and transferred to other member objects of"
           the object group (i.e. backup replicas). This type"
          of recovery provides faster recovery from faults"
          than Cold Passive. "
    "
        RG ACTIVE and RG ACTIVE WITH VOTING: with this"
          replication style all members of the object group"
           execute the invoked methods simultaneously and"
          expected to provide rapid recovery from faults."
        RG IMPL DEFINED: specific implementation defined style"
          of replication"),
ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6"},
Values { "Unknown", "RG COLD PASSIVE", "RG WARM PASSIVE",
         "RG ACTIVE", "RG ACTIVE_WITH_VOTING", "RG_STATELESS",
         "RG IMPL DEFINED" }]
uint16 AMSReplicationStyle;
```

```
[Description("The AMSRTSoftwareStatus class enumerates run-time"
         "status of software items."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SW STARTED", "SW STOPPED", "SW FAILED"}]
     uint16 AMSRTSoftwareStatus;
};
// LoadBalancingGroup
[Description ("The AMS LoadBalancingGroup class models the"
         "groups of elements that are load balanced. Load Balancing"
         "service allows to optimize the distribution of load among"
         "the available servers of the system. In this context the"
         "concept of 'Strategy' means the rule used by each"
         "application for choosing the server to execute the request"
         "within the available replicas. It is a part of an"
         "AMS Application, must be associated to the"
         "AMS ExecutableElements that belong to it, and must be"
         "associated to the AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec that has been"
         "used to create it and which stores creation information."
         "Its attributes are:"
             a name which, with its CIM Application's global name,"
               takes part of the make-up of its global name. "
              a style which is the strategy to be used for that"
              group."
            a status (started, stopped or failed)."
         "An AMS LoadBalancingGroup is an interface that allows to"
         "start, stop and get the status of the group itself.")]
class AMS LoadBalancingGroup : CIM RedundancyGroup {
     [Key, Override]
     string Name;
      [Description ("This operation starts up the load balancing group."
         "It must starts up all the executable software elements"
         "which belong to the group. It shall return AMS_STARTFAILED"
         "if at least one of the executable software element could "
         "not start. The state of the other executable software"
         "elements is the undefined. A full explanation of the"
         "cause of the error shall be logged.")]
     uint16 Startup();
      [Description ("This operation shuts down the load balancing group."
         "It must shut down all the executable software elements"
         "which belong to the group. It shall return "
         "AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if at least one of the executable"
         "software element could not shutdown. The state of the"
         "other executable software elements is the undefined. A"
         "full explanation of the cause of the error shall be "
         "logged.")]
     uint16 Shutdown();
      [Description("The AMS BalancingStyle class enumerates possible"
         "style for balancing in a load balancing group. Possible"
         "values are:"
         "- Round Robin: if a request from a client is balanced"
               with a Round-Robin strategy upon a group of members,"
                the exact order in which requests are handed over to"
```

```
group members may be implementation-dependent;"
              however, the service must guarantee that, for a"
              group with n members, if a request is forwarded to a"
              particular group member, the next n-1 requests, from"
              the same client, are not forwarded to that member."
           Random: requests are handed over to group members in a"
             randomly way."
           Implementation defined: the exact order in which"
              requests are handed over to group members is defined"
              by the implementation."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "LB ROUND ROBIN", "LB RANDOM",
             "LB IMPL DEFINED" } ]
     uint16 AMSBalancingStyle;
     [Description("The AMSRTSoftwareStatus enumerates run-time"
        "status of software items."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SW STARTED", "SW STOPPED", "SW FAILED"}]
     uint16 AMSRTSoftwareStatus;
};
                      Associations
// -----
// SpecificState
     [Association, aggregation,
      Description("An association between"
        "AMS Property<AMS StdState, ST NONSTD> class in order to"
        "design platform-specific states. Known items of the "
        "AMS StdState enumeration are:"
        "- ST NONSTD: special value that denotes a non-normalized"
        " value (i.e. use the 'Name' attribute instead)"
        "- ST ENV: on POSIX systems, the associated value is the"
        " content of the environment (blank-separated strings of the"
        " form 'var=value'")]
class AMS SpecificState : CIM Component {
     [Key, aggregate,
     Override("GroupComponent"),
     AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement REF GroupComponent;
     [Override("PartComponent")]
     AMS Property REF PartComponent;
     [ValueMap { "0", "1"},
     Values { "ST NONSTD", "ST ENV"}]
     uint16 AMSStdState;
};
// SystemOfSystem
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS SystemOfSystem : CIM Component {
```

```
[Key, Aggregate,
    Max(1),
     Override("GroupComponent")]
    AMS SoftwareSystem REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent")]
    AMS SoftwareSystem REF PartComponent;
};
// -----
// ApplicationOfApplication
[Association]
class AMS ApplicationOfApplication : CIM Component {
    [Key, Aggregate,
    Max(1),
     Override("GroupComponent")]
    AMS Application REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent")]
    AMS Application REF PartComponent;
};
// ApplicationFeature
[Association]
class AMS ApplicationFeature : CIM Component {
    [Override("GroupComponent")]
    AMS_Application REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec REF PartComponent;
};
// -----
// SystemFeature
[Association]
class AMS SystemFeature : CIM Component {
    [Override("GroupComponent")]
    AMS SoftwareSystem REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec REF PartComponent;
};
// RedundancyFeature
    [Association]
class AMS RedundancyFeature : CIM Component {
    [Override("GroupComponent")]
    AMS RedundancyGroup REF GroupComponent;
```

### 10.5.3 Application Deployment

```
// Copyright \hat{A}© 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
               Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
//
               Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
//
               the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// -----
// DeploymentLink
[Description ("The AMS DeploymentLink class models the fact"
         "that software (application, software system or software"
         "element) is running on some hosts. It belongs to an"
         "AMS DeploymentConfiguration and is linked to some"
         "AMS Hosts and an AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement. If the"
         "association with an AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement is used,"
         "just one host is allowed.")]
class AMS DeploymentLink : CIM LogicalElement {
      [kev.
      Description ("The attribute 'LinkID' with the "
          "AMS DeploymentConfiguration's global name, takes part of"
          "the make-up of its global name.")]
      string LinkID;
};
// DeploymentConfiguration
[Description ("The AMS DeploymentConfiguration class models the"
         "deployment configurations (run time concept). It gathers"
         "AMS DeploymentLinks and must be associated to the"
         "AMS DeploymentConfigurationSpec that has been used to"
         "create it and which store creation information. Its"
         "attribute is the name of the deployment configuration. An"
```

```
" AMS DeploymentConfiguration is an interface that allows"
         "starting or stoping a deployment configuration.")]
class AMS DeploymentConfiguration : CIM LogicalElement {
      Description ("Global Name of AMS DeploymentConfiguration")]
      string Name;
       [Description ("This operation starts up the deployment"
         "configuration: it must start up all the executable"
         "software elements which belong to the deployment"
         "configuration. It shall return AMS STARTFAILED if at least"
         "one of the executable software element could not start."
         "The state of the other executable software elements is the"
         "undefined. A full explanation of the cause of the error"
         "shall be logged.")]
      uint16 startup ();
       [Description ("This operation shuts down the deployment "
         "configuration: it must shuts down all the executable"
         "software elements which belong to the deployment"
         "configuration. It shall return AMS SHUTDOWNFAILED if at"
         "least one of the executable software element could not"
         "shutdown. The state of the other executable software "
         "elements is the undefined. A full explanation of the cause"
         "of the error shall be logged.")]
      uint16 shutdown();
};
Associations
// DeploymentLinks
[Association, Aggregation, Composition,
       Description ("An AMS DeploymentConfiguration is composed of"
          "a set of AMS DeploymentLink. ")]
class AMS DeploymentLinks : CIM Component {
       [key, Aggregate, override ("GroupComponent"),
       Description ("AMS DeploymentConfiguration is an interface that"
          "allows to start or stop a deployment configuration."),
       Min(1), Max(1)]
      AMS DeploymentConfiguration REF GroupComponent;
       [Override ( "PartComponent" ),
       Description ("Link to the application or software system or "
          "software element on some hosts")]
      AMS DeploymentLink REF PartComponent;
};
// DeploymentSpecAssoc
       [Association,
       Description ("Every software Configuration depends on an existing"
           "Deployment specification. NOTE: This association class was"
           "renamed from AMS DeploymentSpec to avoid name conflict")]
class AMS DeploymentSpecAssoc : CIM Dependency {
```

```
[Override("Antecedent"),
       Description ("AMS DeploymentConfiguration is an interface that "
          "allows to start or stop a deployment configuration.")]
      AMS DeploymentConfiguration REF Antecedent;
       [Override ("Dependent"),
       Description ("Configuration model of application or software"
          "system or software element to be deployed. See "
          "AMS ApplicationDeploymentSpec.mof"),
       Min(1), Max(1)]
      AMS DeploymentSpec REF Dependent;
};
// ESEDeployed
[Association]
class AMS ESEDeployed : CIM Component {
    [Override("GroupComponent"),
    Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS DeploymentLink REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
    Min(1), Max(1)]
    AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement REF PartComponnent;
};
```

# 10.5.4 Application Deployment Specification

```
// Copyright \hat{A}© 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
                Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
11
                 Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
11
                 the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// DeploymentSpec
[Description ("The AMS DeploymentSpec class models the information"
       "needed to define deployment configurations. It gathers "
       "AMS DeploymentLinkSpecs. Its attribute is its name." )]
class AMS DeploymentSpec : CIM LogicalElement {
    [Key, Override,
    Description ("Name of the spec.")]
   string Name;
    [Description ("This operation deploys the Executable Software Element"
       "defined in the links associated with the current deployment "
       "specification on the host defined on the same link. In case of"
       "static deployment, all associations with (ASM_Host, etc) shall be"
       "defined beforehand. In case of dynamic deployment these associations"
       "shall be determined at run time. This second case will be the"
       "subject of a future extension of the standard. It shall return:"
       "- AMS RESOURCEERROR if the deployment could not be performed on "
            account of an OS resource starvation error (lack of memory,"
```

```
disk...) when performing one of the action of the associated"
           executable software element specifications,"
           AMS RIGHTERROR if the deployment could not be performed on "
           account of an OS right error when performing one of the action"
           of the associated executable software element specifications,"
       "- AMS BADACTION if the deployment could not be performed on "
           account of a badly formed action in the executable software"
           element specification definitions,"
       "- AMS BADCHECK if the deployment could not be performed on "
           account of a badly formed check in the executable software"
           element specification definitions,"
          AMS NOTCHECKED if at last one of the check of the associated"
           executable software element specifications was not true while"
           deploying,"
       "- AMS BADMODELTYPE if the targeted hosts does not support the"
           matching specification model types,"
       "- AMS DEPLOYFAILED if the element could not start for any other"
           reason."
       "In all case of error, a full explanation of the cause of the error"
       "shall be logged. After an error, the executable software elements"
       "already deployed are in an unknown state.")]
   uint16 Deploy();
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS RESOURCEERROR", "AMS RIGHTERROR",
"AMS BADACTION",
         "AMS BADCHECK", "AMS NOTCHECKED", "AMS BADMODELTYPE", "AMS DEPLOYFAILED"}]
     uint16 Deploy ReturnCode;
} :
// DeploymentLinkSpec
   [Description ("The AMS DeploymentLinkSpec class models the fact that"
       "a software item (application, software system or software element)"
       "will have to run on some hosts. These hosts are defined either"
       "as an actual host or with a kind of host (requested hardware)."
       "It belongs to an AMS_DeploymentSpec and is linked to:"
       "- either some AMS Hosts and AMS OperatingSystem. Each host must"
           correspond with one operating system."
       "- either an AMS ESESpec or an other AMS DeploymentLinkSpec of "
           which the software will be taken into account."
       "It also may have an action linked with the association class"
       "AMS ActionOnLink, which specifies in which case (start, stop...)"
       "this action will have to be used.")]
class AMS DeploymentLinkSpec {
    [Key,
     Description ("The ttribute 'LinkID' which, with its"
        "AMS DeploymentSpec's global name, takes part of the make-up of"
        "its global name.")]
    string LinkID;
};
Associations
```

```
// ActionOnLink
   [Association, Aggregation,
   Description ("The AMS ActionOnLink class is an association class"
      "between AMS DeploymentLinkSpec and CIM Action. It is specifying"
      "in which case the action will be used: start, stop...")]
class AMS ActionOnLink : CIM Dependency {
   [Key, Aggregate, Override("Antecedent"),
   Max (1)]
   AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF Antecedent;
   [Override("Dependent"),
   Max (1)1
   CIM Action REF Dependent;
};
// SEDeployed
// -----
   [Association]
class AMS SEDeployed : CIM Component {
   [Override("GroupComponent")]
   AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF GroupComponent;
   [Override("PartComponent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS ESESpec REF PartComponnent;
};
// -----
// HostUsed
   [Association]
class AMS HostUsed : CIM Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent")]
   AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec REF Antecedent;
   [Overrride("Dependent")]
   AMS Host REF Dependent;
// DeploymentLinkDependency
[Association]
class AMS DeploymentLinkDependency : CIM Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent")]
   AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF Antecedent;
   [Overrride("Dependent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS_DeploymentLinkSpec REF Dependent;
};
// DeploymentLinks
[Association]
class AMS DeploymentSpecLinks : CIM Component {
```

```
[Key, Aggregate,
    Override ("GroupComponent"),
    Max(1), Min(1)]
   AMS DeploymentSpec REF GroupComponent;
   [Override("PartComponent")]
   AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF PartComponent;
};
// -----
// OSUsed
[Association]
class AMS OSUsed : CIM Dependency {
   [Override("Antecedent")]
   AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF Antecedent;
   [Overrride("Dependent")]
   AMS OperatingSystem REF Dependent;
```

## 10.5.5 Application Specification

```
// Copyright \hat{A}© 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
                 Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
//
                 Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
//
                 the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// SoftwareFeatureSpec
[Description ("The AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec class is designed as"
         "a subclass of CIM SoftwareFeature, which is referred as " \,
         "-a concept [that] allows software products or application "
         "systems to be decomposed into units that have a meaning "
         "to users rather than units that reflect how the product or"
         "application was built (i.e. software elements- in CIM "
         "documentation. It may be part of another"
         "AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec in an 'system of system' spirit."
         "It gathers AMS ESESpecs or other AMS SoftwareFeatureSpecs"
         "and have CIM Checks and CIM Actions. More specifically,"
         "actions and checks are linked to executable software "
         "element specifications with an attribute (classes"
         "AMS SoftwareFeatureAction and AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck),"
         "which describes in which case the actions or checks must"
         "be used : deployment, pre(post)-start, start, pre(post)-"
         "shutdown or for an alternate shutdown mechanism. The"
         "AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec Class attribute are:"
             a name that, with the global name of the"
            AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec to which it belongs, takes"
            part of the make-up of its global name."
         "- a type of feature (when deployed): system, application"
             redundancy group or load balancing group")]
class AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec : CIM_SoftwareFeature {
```

```
[key, override]
     string Name;
      [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4" },
     Values { "Unknown", "SYSTEM", "APPLICATION", "REDUNDANCY GROUP",
              "LOADBALANCING GROUP" } ]
     uint16 AMSTypeOfFeature;
};
// ESESpec
           ______
     [Description ("The AMS ESESpec class is designed as a subclass "
          "of CIM SoftwareElement, which is referred in CIM "
          "documentation as -a collection of files and associated "
          "details...-. It is part of an AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec and"
          "may be associated with AMS Checks and AMS Actions. More"
          "specifically, actions and checks are linked to executable"
          "software element specifications with an attribute (classes"
          "AMS SoftwareElementAction and AMS_SoftwareElementCheck),"
          "which describes in which case the actions or checks must"
          "be used : deployment, pre(post)-start, start, "
          "pre(post)-shutdown or for an alternate shutdown mechanism"
          "The associations AMS SEShutdownDependency and "
          "ASM_SEStartDependency amongst AMS_ESESpecs allows to " \,
          "define dependency graphs for, respectively, the shutdown"
          " or the start of complex applications. This association " \!\!\!\!
          "may have attributes on its link:"
          "- TimeSinceShutdown sets a delay before the shutdown of"
               next the software element,"
          "- TimeSinceStartup sets a delay before the start of"
               next the software element,"
          "- CPUload sets a condition on the CPU before the start"
               of next the software element."
          "AMS ESESpec Class attributes are:"
              a name and a software id that, with its "
               AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec's global name, takes part "
               of the make-up of its global name."
          "- a model type"
          "- a container type (ModelType)"
             an optional initial redundancy state (primary,"
               slave... - RedInitType)")]
class AMS ESESpec : CIM SoftwareElement {
      [Key, Override]
     string Name;
     [Key, Override]
     string SoftwareElementID;
     [Description ("This integer indicates the supported types of"
         "applications." ),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS_PROCESS", "AMS_J2EE", "AMS_CCM" }]
     uint16 AMSModelType;
      [Description ("The AMSRedundancyEltState enumerates"
         "possible states of an executable software element regarding"
         "its role in a redundancy group:"
```

```
"- REDSTATE NORG: the element is not in a redundancy group"
          REDSTATE PRIMARY: the element is the primary in its"
            redundancy group."
        "- REDSTATE PASSIVE: the element is one of the passive in"
           its redundancy group." ),
    ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
    Values { "Unknown", "REDSTATE NORG", "REDSTATE PRIMARY", "REDSTATE PASSIVE" }]
    uint16 AMSRedundancyEltState;
};
// ExecuteProgram
      _____
    [Description ("The AMS ExecuteProgram is modeled as a subclass"
        "of CIM ExecuteProgram which is defined has action that "
        "causes programs to be executed. ExecuteProgram can be used"
        "to launch the effective software element and/or to launch "
        "a JVM and so one. (CIM documentation)."
        "The attributes are:"
          CommandLine: A string that can be executed and "
            invokes program(s), from a system's command line"
             (CIM documentation)"
          ProgramPath: the location or 'path' where the program"
            is run."
           Environment: the set of environment variables to be"
            defined before program can be executed.")]
class AMS ExecuteProgram : CIM ExecuteProgram {
    string Environment;
};
// MechanizedAction
                 -----
    [Description ("An AMS MechanizedAction class works with an"
        "association to AMS Property<AMS StdMechanism, MS NONSTD> in"
        "order to design the actions that use a mechanism defined"
        "by either a normalized enumeration (AMS_StdMechanism), or"
        "by an implementation-defined string, and a value.")]
class AMS MechanizedAction : CIM Action {
// -----
// CCMDeploy
[Description ("The AMS CCMDeploy class causes Deployment of
        "applications and systems from a component descriptor
        "(cf[D&C]) Its attribute is ComponentPackageDescriptor"
        "which is the file containing the package descriptor")]
class AMS CCMDeploy : CIM Action {
    string ComponentPackageDescriptor;
};
// CCMStart
           ._____
    [Description ("The AMS CCMStart class causes CCM Executable"
      "Software Element to be started")]
class AMS CCMStart : CIM Action {
```

```
};
// -----
    [Description ("The AMS CCMStart class causes CCM Executable"
      "Software Element to be stopped")]
class AMS CCMStop : CIM Action {
// -----
// J2EEDeploy
          _____
    [Description ("The AMS J2EEDeploy class causes Deployment of
      "applications and systems from a J2EE archive (cf(J2EE))"
      "Its attribute is EnterpriseArchive which is"
      "the file containing the archive (.ear)")]
class AMS J2EEDeploy : CIM Action {
    string ComponentPackageDescriptor;
};
// J2EEStart
[Description ("The AMS J2EEStart class causes CCM Executable"
      "Software Element to be started")]
class AMS J2EEStart : CIM Action {
} :
// J2EEStop
[Description ("The AMS J2EEStart class causes CCM Executable"
      "Software Element to be stopped")]
class AMS J2EEStop : CIM Action {
// ApplicationModelCheck
[Description ("The AMS SecurityCheck class models the"
      "tests in relation to an application model. One of these"
      "checks implies to verify that its application model is"
      "supported by the targeted host. Its attribute gives the"
      "AMS SupportedApplicationModel against witch the targeted"
      "host has to be tested.")]
class AMS ApplicationModelCheck : CIM Check {
// SecurityCheck
[Description ("The AMS ApplicationModelCheck class models the"
      "tests in relation to concept of security. The behavior"
      "of this class is implementation dependent ")]
class AMS SecurityCheck : CIM Check {
};
```

```
Associations
// ActionMechanisms
     [Association, aggregation,
      Description ("An association between"
        "AMS Property<AMS StdMechanisms, MS NONSTD> class in order"
        "to design platform-specific states. Known items of the " \,
        "AMS StdMechanisms enumeration are:"
        "- MS NONSTD: special value that denotes a non-normalized"
        " value (i.e. use the 'Name' attribute instead)"
        "- MS POSIXSIGNAL: the application model is acquainted with POSIX"
        " signals")]
class AMS ActionMechanisms : CIM Component {
     [Key, aggregate,
     Override ("GroupComponent"),
     Max(1)]
     AMS MechanizedAction REF GroupComponent;
     [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1)1
     AMS Property Mechanism REF PartComponent;
     [ValueMap { "0", "1"},
     Values { "MS NONSTD", "MS POSIXSIGNAL"}]
     uint16 StdMechanisms;
};
// ActionCheckLink
[Association, Abstract,
      Description ("The AMS ActionCheckLink class is a super-class "
        "for all the association classes to CIM Action and " \,
        "CIM Check. It defines the attribute that contains the"
        "condition in which the action or the check will take"
        "place. This condition is taken among the enumeration"
        "AMSActionCheckCase.")]
class AMS_ActionCheckLink {
     [Key]
     CIM ManagedElement REF Element;
     [kev]
     CIM ManagedElement REF CheckAction;
     [Description("The AMSActionCheckCase property is the enumeration "
        "of all the conditions in which actions or checks could "
        "take place:"
        "- CASE PRE_DEPLOY: just before deployment"
           CASE DEPLOY: during deployment (action: how to deploy"
              or check: is it allowed to deploy)"
        "- CASE POST DEPLOY: just after deployment"
        "- CASE PRE_START: just before a startup"
        "- CASE START: during startup (action: how to startup,"
            check: is it allowed to startup)"
```

#### Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

#### Issue 13247 - Inconsistent use of start and shutdown

```
"CASE_POST_START", "CASE_PRE_STOP", "CASE STOP",
       "CASE POST STOP", "CASE ALTERNATE SHUTDOWN"}]
    uint16 AMSActionCheckCase;
};
// SoftwareElementCheck
[Association,
     Description ("The AMS SoftwareElementCheck class is an"
       "association class between AMS ESESpec and "
       "AMS Check. It specifies in which case the check will be "
       "used: start, stop...")]
class AMS SoftwareElementCheck : AMS ActionCheckLink {
    [Override]
    AMS ESESpec Ref Element;
    [Override]
    CIM Check REF Check;
};
// SoftwareFeatureCheck
// -----
    [Association,
     Description ("The AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck class is an "
       "association class between AMS SoftwareFeature and"
       "AMS Check. It specifies in which case the check will be"
       "used: start, stop...")]
class AMS SoftwareFeatureCheck : AMS ActionCheckLink {
    [Override]
    AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec Ref Element;
    [Override]
    CIM Check REF Check;
};
// SoftwareElementAction
                 _____
    [Association,
     Description ("The AMS SoftwareElementAction class is an"
```

```
"association class between AMS ESESpec and AMS Action. It"
       "specifies in which case the action will be used: start,"
       "stop...")]
class AMS SoftwareElementAction : AMS ActionCheckLink {
   [Override]
    AMS ESESpec Ref Element;
    [Override]
    CIM Action REF Action;
};
// SoftwareFeatureAction
[Association,
     Description ("The AMS_SoftwareElementAction class is an " \,
       "association class between AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec and"
       "AMS Action. It specifies in which case the action will be"
       "used: start, stop...")]
class AMS_SoftwareFeatureAction : AMS_ActionCheckLink {
    [Override]
    AMS SoftwareFeatureSpec Ref Element;
    [Override]
    CIM Action REF Action;
};
// SAMCheck
[Association]
class AMS_SAMCheck : CIM_Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent")]
    AMS ApplicationModelCheck REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)
   AMS SupportedApplicationModel REF Dependent;
};
// SEStartDependency
[Association,
       Description ("The AMS_SEStartDependency class is an association"
       "class among AMS ESESpec. It defines the start dependency"
       "graph having two subclasses: on the one hand for time"
       "dependency, and on the other hand for CPU load dependency")]
class AMS SEStartDependency : CIM Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent")]
    AMS ESESpec REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
     Max(1)1
    AMS ESESpec REF Dependent;
```

```
};
// SEStartTimeDepency
// -----
    [Association,
     Description ("The AMS SEStartDependency class is an association"
       "class among AMS ESESpec. It defines the start time"
       "dependency graph with one attribute of each links:"
       "- TimeSinceStartup gives the delay before starting the"
             AMS ESESpec.")]
class AMS SEStartTimeDepency : AMS SEStartDependency {
    uint16 TimeSinceStartup;
};
// SEStartCPUDependency
// -----
    [Association,
     Description ("The AMS SEStartDependency class is an association"
       "class among AMS_ESESpec. It defines the start CPU load"
       "dependency graph with one attribute of each links:"
       "- CPUload gives maximum value of CPU load present on"
       "the host before the executable software element is to be"
       "started.")]
class AMS SEStartCPUDependency : AMS SEStartDependency {
    uint16 CPUload;
};
// -----
// SEShutdownDependency
[Association,
     Description ("The AMS SEShutdownDependency class is an"
       "association class among AMS_ESESpec. It defines the"
       "shutdown dependency graph with one attribute of each link:"
       "- TimeSinceShutdown gives the delay before shutting down"
             the AMS ESESpec.")]
class AMS SEShutdownDependency : CIM_Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent"),
     Max(1)]
    AMS ESESpec REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent")]
    AMS ESESpec REF Dependent;
    uint16 TimeSinceShutdown;
};
```

### 10.5.6 Logical Hardware

```
// Copyright \hat{A} \odot 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer // and Progeny Systems Corporation. 
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission // Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
```

```
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
// Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
// the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en_US")
```

## Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
// Accounting
[Description ("")]
class AMS Accounting {
    [Key]
    string InstanceID;
    string Name;
    string Value;
    string Capability;
    string Time;
    uint32 Duration;
    string Units;
// ComputerSystem
[Description ("The AMS ComputerSystem class models the hosts. "
        "Its subclasses specify which kind of elements are modeled:"
        "hosts (AMS Host), routers (AMS Router), switches"
        "(AMS Switch) or printers (AMS Printer). It aggregates"
        "some CIM LogicalDevice which is an abstraction or"
        "emulation of a hardware entity : CIM Processor, CIM Memory,"
        "etc. (CIM documentation). The actual type of element is"
        "described in one of the subclasses of CIM LogicalDevice"
        "allowed by CIM. It aggregates also some AMS OperatingSystems"
        "as CIM RunningOS and CIM InstalledOS. On account of"
        "so-called virtualisation, several operating system may be"
        "running on an unique AMS ComputerSystem, hence the"
        "multiplicity of the CIM RunningOS association is 1..*."
        "It may be associated with a physical location "
        "(CIM Location), with some network end points"
        "(CIM ProtocolEndPoint). The CIM ProtocolEndPoint class do"
        "not preclude any type of protocol. The actual protocol may"
        "be specified with one of its subclasses. For instance the"
        "CIM IPProtocolEndPoint defines end points running on IP"
        "with IPv4 or IPv6 adresses and a subnet mask. An"
        "AMS NetworkElement may also be associated with an"
        "AMS Domain or an AMS HardwareGroup. The attributes of"
        "the AMS ComputerSystem are:"
        "- a name that is the name of the host."
           ArchitectureInfo that specify some textual information"
              on the architecture of the element.")]
class AMS ComputerSystem : CIM ComputerSystem {
     [Key, Override]
     string Name;
     string ArchitectureInfo;
```

```
uint16 status;
      uint16 NetworkLoad;
// OperatingSystem
[Description ("The class AMS OperatingSystem models the"
          "operating system on hosts. Such an operating system belongs"
          "to an AMS ComputerSystem either as the running operating"
          "system, or as one of the installed operating systems. It"
          "is associated with some supported application models (cf."
          "AMS SupportedApplicationModel). Its attributes are:"
              a name that, with its AMS ComputerSystem's global name,"
                 takes part of the make-up of its global name."
          "- a version string that must include any patch"
                information.") 1
class AMS OperatingSystem : CIM OperatingSystem {
      [Key, Override]
      string Name;
      [Override]
      String Version;
      [Description (
          "An integer indicating the type of OperatingSystem."),
      ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
          "10", "11", "12", "13", "14", "15", "16", "17", "18", "19",
          "20", "21", "22", "23", "24", "25", "26", "27", "28", "29", "30", "31", "32", "33", "34", "35", "36", "37", "38", "39", "40", "41", "42", "43", "44", "45", "46", "47", "48", "49",
          "50", "51", "52", "53", "54", "55", "56", "57", "58", "59", "60", "61", "62", "63", "64", "65", "66", "67", "68" },
      Values { "Unknown", "Other", "MACOS", "ATTUNIX", "DGUX",
          "DECNT", "Tru64 UNIX", "OpenVMS", "HPUX", "AIX",
          "MVS", "OS400", "OS/2", "JavaVM", "MSDOS", "WIN3x", "WIN95",
          "WIN98", "WINNT", "WINCE",
          "NCR3000", "NetWare", "OSF", "DC/OS", "Reliant UNIX",
          "SCO UnixWare", "SCO OpenServer", "Sequent", "IRIX",
          "Solaris",
          //30
          "SunOS", "U6000", "ASERIES", "TandemNSK", "TandemNT",
          "BS2000", "LINUX", "Lynx", "XENIX", "VM",
          "Interactive UNIX", "BSDUNIX", "FreeBSD", "NetBSD",
          "GNU Hurd", "OS9", "MACH Kernel", "Inferno", "QNX", "EPOC",
          "IxWorks", "VxWorks", "MiNT", "BeOS", "HP MPE", "NextStep",
          "PalmPilot", "Rhapsody", "Windows 2000", "Dedicated",
          "OS/390", "VSE", "TPF", "Windows (R) Me", "Caldera Open UNIX",
          "OpenBSD", "Not Applicable", "Windows XP", "z/OS" },
      ModelCorrespondence {
          "CIM OperatingSystem.OSType"}]
      uint16 AMSOSType;
};
```

261

```
// Host
[Description ("The AMS Host class models the hosts as points in"
       "a network. It is a subclass of AMS ComputerSystem and a "
       "superclass of AMS DomainManager. Since a host can be used"
       "for routing, it aggregates some routes (CIM NextHopRoute)."
       "The CIM NextHopRoute class does not preclude any type of"
       "protocol. The actual protocol may be specified with one of"
       "its subclasses. It has also an association that gives the"
       "real time hardware utilisation.")]
class AMS Host : AMS ComputerSystem {
// Router
[Description ("The AMS Router class models routers as points in"
       "a network. It is a subclass of AMS ComputerSystem. It"
       "aggregates some routes (CIM NextHopRoute). The"
       "CIM NextHopRoute class do not preclude any type of protocol"
       "The actual protocol may be specified with one of its"
       "subclasses.")]
class AMS_Router : AMS_ComputerSystem {
};
// Switch
[Description ("The AMS Switch class models switches as points"
       "in a network. It is a subclass of AMS ComputerSystem.")]
class AMS Switch : AMS ComputerSystem {
};
// -----
// HardwareGroup
[Description ("The AMS HardwareGroup class represents groupings"
       "of AMS ComputerSystems. It has a set of AMS ComputerSystem"
       "and an attribute giving its name.")]
class AMS HardwareGroup : CIM AdminDomain {
    [Description("This operation subscribes to the modifications of"
       "the status of the hardware items gathered in the Hardware"
       "Group. The data returned are a collection of"
       "AMS RTHWIndication.")]
    uint16 SubscribeHWStatusChange(,
    [OUT]
    uint32 subscriptionID);
    [Description("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
       "the status of the hardware items gathered in the Hardware"
       "Group. The data returned are a collection of"
       "AMS RTHWIndication.")]
    uint16 SubscribeHWStatus(
    [IN]
```

```
uint16 delay,
     [OUT]
     uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description("This operation get the merged status computed from"
        "the status of all the Computer Systems of the Hardware"
         "Group. The actual algorithm is implementation dependant.")]
     uint16 GetMergedStatus();
     [Description("This operation subscribes to the modifications of"
        "the merged status of the Hardware Group (cf."
        "GetMergedStatus). The data returned are a collection of"
         "AMS RTHWIndication.")]
     uint16 SubscribeMergedHWStatusChange(,
     [TUJO]
     uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description("This operation subscribes to receive periodically"
        "the merged status of the Hardware Group (cf. "
        "GetMergedStatus). The data returned are a collection of"
        "AMS RTHWIndication.")]
     uint16 SubscribeMergedHWStatus(
     [IN]
     uint16 delay,
     [OUT]
     uint32 subscriptionID);
     [Description ("This operation delete a previous subscription"
        "demand. This operation shall return AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID"
        "if the parameter is erroneous")]
     uint16 Unsubscribe(
     [TN1]
       uint32 subscriptionID);
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2"},
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS OK", "AMS BADSUBSCRIPTIONID" }]
     uint16 HG ReturnCode;
};
// Printer
[Description ("The AMS Printer class models printers as points"
        "in a network. It is a subclass of AMS ComputerSystem.")]
class AMS Printer {
};
// DomainManager
// -----
     [Description ("The AMS DomainManager class represents a computer"
        "node in a system which is responsible for managing a"
        "AMS Domain. There may be one or more AMS_DomainManager"
        "instances for a given AMS Domain. AMS DomainManager is"
        "derived from the AMS Host class. It may be associated with"
        "an AMS Domain.")]
class AMS DomainManager : AMS Host {
};
```

```
// Domain
[Description ("The AMS Domain class models a set of computers " \,
      "in a single management domain. It has a set of"
      "AMS ComputerSystem, some AMS DomainManagers (at least one)"
      "and an attribute giving its name.")]
class AMS Domain : CIM AdminDomain {
};
// -----
// LANEndPoint
// -----
    [Description ("The AMS LANEndPoint class subclasses"
      "CIM LANEndPoint in order to add the following attributes:"
      "- the status of the communication end point (up or down),"
      "- the network load on this end point (transmission rate"
           expressed in bytes per seconds).")]
class AMS LANEndPoint : CIM LANEndpoint {
   uint16 Status;
   uint16 NetworkLoad;
};
                     Associations
// AMSupportedByOS
    [Association]
class AMS AMSupportedByOS : CIM Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent")]
   AMS OperatingSystem REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent")]
   AMS SupportedApplicationModel REF Dependent;
};
// DomainManagerRole
[Association]
class AMS DomainManagerRole : CIM Dependency {
    [Override("Antecedent"),
    Max(1)]
   AMS Domain REF Antecedent;
    [Override("Dependent"),
    Min(1)]
   AMS DomainManager REF Dependent;
};
```

```
// HostUsed
[Association]
class AMS HostUsed : CIM Dependency {
     [Override("Antecedent")]
     AMS DeploymentLink REF Antecedent;
     [Overrride("Dependent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)
    AMS Host REF Dependent;
};
// -----
// RTHII
        ______
     [Association, Aggregation,
      Description("An association between"
        "AMS Accounting<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD> class in order"
        "to design platform-specific hardware utilisation. Known
        "items of the AMS StdMechanisms enumeration are:"
        "- HU NON STD: special value that denotes a non-normalized"
           value (i.e. use the "Name" attribute instead)"
        "- HU CPU LOAD: the corresponding value is the percentage of"
          CPU currently used (integer)"
        "- HU NETWORK LOAD: ratio between occupied Bandwidth and"
           available Bandwidth (float)"
        "- HU NETWORK BANDWIDTH: available bandwidth in bits per"
           second (integer)"
        "- HU VIRTUAL MEMORY: size in bytes of the virtual memory"
           (long integer)"
        "- HU VIRTUAL MEMORY OCCUPATION: size in bytes of the occupied"
           virtual memory (long integer)"
        "- HU TOTAL MEMORY: size in byte of the total memory (Virtual"
           + Physical) (long integer)"
        "- HU_TOTAL_MEMORY_OCCUPATION: size in byte of the total"
          occupied memory (Virtual + Physical) (long integer)"
        "- HU PROCESS NUMBER: number of running processes (integer)"
        "- HU THREAD NUMBER: number of running threads (integer)"
        "- HU DISK: disk size in bytes (long long integer)"
        "- HU DISK OCCUPATION: occupied disk size in bytes"
            (long long integer)")]
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

I

```
[Overrride("Dependent")]
     AMS Accounting REF Dependent;
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
                "10", "11"},
     Values { "HU NONSTD", "HU CPU", "HU RUNQ",
              "HU WAIT", "HU LAN BTX", "HU_LAN_BRX", "HU_LAN_PTX", "HU_LAN_PRX",
              "HU PMS", "HU PFS",
              "HU DSK WR", "HU DSK RD",
              "HU OFS", "HU FS", "HU PN", "HU TN"}]
     uint16 AMSStdHWUtilisation;
} ;
// RTHU LAN
[Association, Aggregation,
      Description("")]
class AMS RTHU LAN : CIM Dependency {
     [Key, aggregate,
      Override ("Antecedent"),
      Max(1), Min(1)]
     AMS LANEndPoint REF Antecedent;
      [Overrride("Dependent")]
     AMS Accounting REF Dependent;
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
                "10", "11"},
     Values { "HU NONSTD", "HU CPU", "HU RUNQ",
              "HU WAIT", "HU LAN BTX", "HU LAN BRX", "HU LAN PTX", "HU LAN PRX",
              "HU PMS", "HU PFS",
              "HU_DSK_WR", "HU_DSK_RD",
              "HU_OFS", "HU_FS", "HU_PN", "HU_TN"}]
     uint16 AMSStdHWUtilisation;
};
```

## 10.5.7 Logical Hardware Specification

```
// Copyright © 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - {\rm MS} - {\rm Draft} (2) updated to % {\rm The} the AMSM Revised Submission
               Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
               Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
//
//
               the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// ConfigurationSpecification
[Description ("The AMS ConfigurationSpecification class models"
        "the specifications of configuration for:"
        "- operating systems (AMS_OperatingSystem),"
        "- computers (AMS_ComputerSystem),"
```

```
"- network domains (AMS Domain),"
           hardware groups (AMS HardwareGroup),"
           deployment specifications (AMS DeploymentLinkSpec)."
        "It is a set of parameters modelised by the"
        "AMS NameValueCouple class. If no association is given for"
        "some parameter in an expected configuration, it means:"
        "Don't care.")]
class AMS ConfigurationSpecification {
     [Key]
     string InstanceID;
};
// NameValueCouple
// -----
     [Description ("The AMS NameValueCouple class models the"
        "parameters of a specification collection. It has a"
        "constraint on its values (association AMS Constraint), and"
        "a name specified either as a string (attribute Name) or as"
        "an enumeration (association 'AMS Name'). When the name is"
        "defined as a string, this name is implementation-dependant,"
        "or else it is defined in the normalized enumeration"
        "AMS CoupleName.")]
class AMS NameValueCouple {
    [Kev]
    string InstanceID;
    string Name;
     [ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9","10",
               "11", "12", "13", "14", "15", "16"},
    Values { "CS NOTNORMALIZED", "CS NAME", "CS_FRU", "CS_POSITION",
            "CS INTERFACE", "CS MFGDATETIME", "CS MANUFACTURER",
            "CS PRODUCTNAME", "CS PRODUCTVERSION", "CS SERIALNUMBER",
            "CS_PRODUCTTYPE", "CS_ASSETTAG", "CS_CHASSISTYPE",
            "CS MACADDRESS", "CS POWERSTATE", "CS STATUS",
            "CS POSTRESULT" } ]
    uint16 AMSCoupleName;
};
// ValueConstraint
[Description ("The AMS ValueConstraint class models the values"
        "in a specification of configuration. It is the upper class"
        "for the real constraint class.")]
class AMS ValueConstraint {
   [key]
   string InstanceID;
// CodedConstraint
```

```
[Description ("The AMS CodedConstraint class models contraints"
       "on the values in a specification of configuration by using"
       "an implementation-specific language.")]
class AMS CodedConstraint : AMS ValueConstraint {
  string Constraint;
};
// -----
// RangeConstraint
[Description ("The AMS RangeConstraint class models constraints"
       "on the values in a specification of configuration by"
       "specifying a lower bound (attribute from) and an upper"
       "bound (attribute to).")]
class AMS RangeConstraint : AMS ValueConstraint {
    [Description("Beginning of range")]
    string from;
    [Description("End of range")]
    string to;
};
// -----
// SetConstraint
    [Description ("The AMS SetConstraint class models constraints"
       "on the values in a specification of configuration by"
       "specifying a set of possibilities.")]
class AMS_SetConstraint : AMS_ValueConstraint {
   string set;
};
Associations
//-----
// NameValue
[Association, Aggregation]
class AMS NameValue : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
    Override("GroupComponent"),
    Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS_ConfigurationSpecification REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent")]
    AMS NameValueCouple REF PartComponent;
};
// Constraint
```

```
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS Constraint : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
     Override("GroupComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)
    AMS NameValueCouple REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
    Max(1), Min(1)
    AMS ValueConstraint REF PartComponent;
};
// ConfSpecCS
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS ConfSpecCS : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
     Override("GroupComponent"),
     Max(1)1
    AMS ComputerSystem REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS ConfigurationSpecification REF PartComponent;
};
//----
// ConfSpecOS
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS ConfSpecOS : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
     Override("GroupComponent"),
     Max (1) 1
    AMS OperatingSystem REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS ConfigurationSpecification REF PartComponent;
};
// ConfSpecDom
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS ConfSpecDom : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
     Override ("GroupComponent"),
     Max(1)]
    AMS Domain REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS ConfigurationSpecification REF PartComponent;
```

```
};
[Association, Aggregation]
class AMS ConfSpecHG : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
    Override("GroupComponent"),
    Max(1)]
    AMS HardwareGroup REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
     Max(1), Min(1)]
    AMS ConfigurationSpecification REF PartComponent;
};
// ConfSpecDLS
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS ConfSpecDLS : CIM Component {
    [Aggregate,
     Override ("GroupComponent"),
    Max(1)1
    AMS DeploymentLinkSpec REF GroupComponent;
    [Override("PartComponent"),
    Max(1), Min(1)
    AMS ConfigurationSpecification REF PartComponent;
};
```

#### 10.5.8 Supported Application Model

```
// Copyright © 2005, 2006 THALES, SELEX Sistemi Integrati (SI), Themis Computer
// and Progeny Systems Corporation.
// 06-08-31 - MS - Draft (2) updated to the AMSM Revised Submission
                Version 1.8 - 21 August 2006
//
// 07-03-02 - MS - Draft (3) updated to % \left( 10^{10} \right) the AMSM Revised Submission
                Version 1.10 - 18 December 2006 & includes
                 the errata from the 07-01-02 document
#pragma locale ("en US")
// SupportedApplicationModel
[Description (
         "The AMS SupportedApplicationModel class specifies the"
         "application models which are supported by the AMS services i.e."
         "applications which AMS implementation can deal with. "
         "Such a model is modeled with :"
             The kinds of application concerned (process or J2EE or CCM)."
             The kinds of operating systems (enumeration defined in CIM)."
         "-
             A collection of known control options."
         "_
            A collection of known application states."
         "_
            A name."
             General configuration information (such as startup command"
```

```
line parameters for starting ORBs)." )]
class AMS SupportedApplicationModel : CIM LogicalElement {
      [key, override, Description("Name of the Model"),
       maxlen ( 256 )]
      string Name;
      [Description(" General configuration information (such as startup "
             "command line parameters for starting ORBs)." )]
      string ConfigurationInfo;
      [Description (
          "An integer indicating the type of OperatingSystem."),
      ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
          "10", "11", "12", "13", "14", "15", "16", "17", "18", "19", "20", "21", "22", "23", "24", "25", "26", "27", "28", "29",
          "30", "31", "32", "33", "34", "35", "36", "37", "38", "39",
          "40", "41", "42", "43", "44", "45", "46", "47", "48", "49",
          "50", "51", "52", "53", "54", "55", "56", "57", "58", "59",
          "60", "61", "62", "63", "64", "65", "66", "67", "68" },
      Values { "Unknown", "Other", "MACOS", "ATTUNIX", "DGUX",
          "DECNT", "Tru64 UNIX", "OpenVMS", "HPUX", "AIX",
          "MVS", "OS400", "OS/2", "JavaVM", "MSDOS", "WIN3x", "WIN95",
          "WIN98", "WINNT", "WINCE",
          //20
          "NCR3000", "NetWare", "OSF", "DC/OS", "Reliant UNIX",
          "SCO UnixWare", "SCO OpenServer", "Sequent", "IRIX",
          "Solaris",
          //30
          "SunOS", "U6000", "ASERIES", "TandemNSK", "TandemNT",
          "BS2000", "LINUX", "Lynx", "XENIX", "VM",
          "Interactive UNIX", "BSDUNIX", "FreeBSD", "NetBSD", "GNU Hurd", "OS9", "MACH Kernel", "Inferno", "QNX", "EPOC",
          "IxWorks", "VxWorks", "MiNT", "BeOS", "HP MPE", "NextStep",
          "PalmPilot", "Rhapsody", "Windows 2000", "Dedicated",
          "OS/390", "VSE", "TPF", "Windows (R) Me", "Caldera Open UNIX",
          "OpenBSD", "Not Applicable", "Windows XP", "z/OS" },
      ModelCorrespondence {
          "CIM OperatingSystem.OSType",
          "AMS SupportedApplicationModel.OtherAMSOSTypeDescription"},
      ArrayType("Indexed")]
      uint16 AMSOSType[];
      [Description (
          "A string describing the manufacturer and OperatingSystem "
          "type - used when the OperatingSystem property, OSType, is "
          "set to 1 or 59 (\"Other\" or \"Dedicated\"). The format of "
          "the string inserted in OtherTypeDescription should be "
          "similar in format to the Values strings defined for OSType. "
          "OtherTypeDescription should be set to NULL when OSType is "
          "any value other than 1 or 59."),
       MaxLen ( 64 ),
       ModelCorrespondence { "AMS SupportedApplicationModel.AMSOSType" },
       ArrayType("Indexed")]
       string OtherAMSOSTypeDescription[];
      [Description (
         "This integer indicates the actions allowed when controlling an"
```

```
"executable software element."),
ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",
    "10", "11", "12", "13", "14", "15" },
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS LOAD", "AMS LOAD START", "AMS START", "AMS STOP",
         "AMS HALT", "AMS CONTINUE", "AMS_SHUTDOWN", "AMS_RECOVER", "AMS_UNLOAD",
         "AMS LOAD DIRTY", "AMS LOAD START DIRTY", "AMS STOP HALTED",
         "AMS RECLAIM", "AMS ALLOCATE", "AMS RECOVER DIRTY" },
     ArrayType("Indexed")]
     uint16 AMSControl[];
     [Description (
         "This integer indicates the states in which executable software "
         "elements can be found (cf \hat{A}§ 2.2.2.1)."),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7" },
     Values { "Unknown", "AMS EXECUTABLE", "AMS HALTED", "AMS LOADED", "AMS RUNNING",
        "AMS STOPPED", "AMS UNALLOCATED", "AMS ERROR"},
     ArrayType("Indexed")]
     uint16 AMSState[];
     [Description (
        "This integer indicates the supported types of applications." ),
     ValueMap { "0", "1", "2", "3" },
Values { "Unknown", "AMS_PROCESS", "AMS_J2EE", "AMS_CCM" },
     ArrayType("Indexed")]
     uint16 AMSModelType[];
};
[Description ("The AMS Mechanism class models possible"
         "mechanisms, such as POSIX signals, known by an application"
         "to start, stop, deploy and so forth. model"
         "It has a constraint on its value, and"
         "a name specified either as a string (attribute Name) or as"
         "an enumeration. the value of Name is only used if the"
         "StdName is MS NONSTD, Name is implementation-dependant,"
         "or else it is defined in the normalized enumeration"
         "AMSStdMechanism.")]
class AMS Mechanism {
     string Name;
     [ValueMap { "0", "1"},
     Values { "MS_NONSTD", "MS_POSIXSIGNAL"}]
     uint16 AMSStdMechanism;
};
Associations
// SupportedMechanism
// -----
    [Association, Aggregation]
class AMS SupportedMechanism : CIM Component {
```

```
[Aggregate,
   Override("GroupComponent"),
   Max(1), Min(1)]

AMS_SupportedApplicationModel REF GroupComponent;

[Override("PartComponent")]
   AMS_Mechanism REF PartComponent;
};
```

# 11 DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model

# 11.1 Mapping Rationale

## 11.1.1 Objective

The objective of this PSM is to normalize the DDS/DCPS topics published by an AMSM service on a DDS (cf. [DDS]). The PSM is divided into two parts:

- The DCPS/f ('/f' stands for full) PSM which relates to the full DCPS PSM as described in this section. This PSM along with the XML PSM is intended to be equivalent to the CORBA/IDL and CIM profile, and thus compliant implementations are not required to deploy any elements of the CORBA and/or CIM profiles. The DCPS/f PSM shall access the static configuration information through the mandatory XML PSM.
- The DCPS/m ('/m' stands for monitoring) PSM which is a subset of the DCPS/f PSM, and contains those elements which are required for asynchronous monitoring of states of the different (software and hardware) elements. The DCPS/m PSM is defined to allow other PSMs (CORBA and/or CIM) to import it and use it for asynchronous monitoring tasks. Note that the inclusion of DCPS/m profile in CORBA and/or CIM PSM is not a mandatory, but an optional (convenience) mechanism. Whenever the DCPS/m profile is implemented along with CORBA and/or CIM PSM, the CORBA and/or CIM profile work in their usual way, independently of the DCPS/m profile.

Normative definition of both DCPS PSMs is defined in Section 11.5.

# 11.1.2 Mapping principle

#### 11.1.2.1 Topics

There are three 'types' of AMSM topics:

- The "element topics" type, which represent elements of the domain and which are deemed as worthwhile within the publish/subscribe scheme of DDS:
  - supported application models
  - software systems, applications, ESEs, redundancy groups, load balancing groups
  - deployment configurations, deployment links
  - networks, protocol end points, routes, operating systems, logical devices
  - locations
  - hosts, switches, routers, printers, domain managers
  - hardware groups
  - domains
- The "indication topics" type which correspond to the subscription methods of the management classes and are roughly
  mapped from AMS\_RTHWIndication and AMS\_RTSWIndication. These topics are mainly aimed to be used when the
  "mixed DCPS-CORBA/IDL" way has been chosen. They are "content filtered topics" whose filters depend on the filter
  included in the subscription demand.
- The "control topics" type which enables the execution of the different methods found throughout the PIM. All the

"control topics" are singletons; an attribute of the topics gives the full name of the element on which the control has to be performed. The control topics include also an identifier of the request. The responses to methods are modelled as instances of topic ControlResponse, which includes the error code (return\_type on the PIM level) and the request identifier (which then can be used to relate the response to the request). In case a method has output parameters other than return\_type, these are obtained by reading the relevant topic. For example, an invocation of a PIM-level method CreateHardwareGroup which returns the error code and the newly created AMS\_HardwareGroup, will be mapped on:

- A single instance of "control topic" CreateHardwareGroup representing the request.
- A single instance of topic ControlResponse which contains the error code of the execution of the creation and the identifier of the request.
- Creation of a new instance of topic AMS HardwareGroup representing the newly-created hardware group.

### **11.1.2.2 Topics name**

Each type of topic has a specific rule to define its name and type:

- The name of an "element topic" is the concatenation of "AMS\_" and the name of the class of the corresponding AMSM object.
- Since an "indication topic" is aimed to be dynamically created in response to a demand of subscription, the name of an "indication topic" does not need to be normalized and, so, is implementation dependent.
- The "control topics" have a specific name given by the table below:

Table 11.1 - Control topics

Topic Name	Comment
AMS_CT_LoadConfiguration	Loads a configuration file
AMS_CT_UnloadConfiguration	Unloads a configuration file
AMS_CT_ShutDownESE	Shuts down a filtered list of Executable Software Elements
AMS_CT_CreateHardwareGroup	Creates an hardware group
AMS_CT_ShutDown	Shuts down either a system, an application, an Executable Software Element, a load balancing group or a fault tolerance group depending of the content of the topic.
AMS_CT_StartUp	Starts either a system, an application, an Executable Software Element, a load balancing group or a fault tolerance group depending of the content of the topic.
AMS_CT_StartUpOnHost	Starts an Executable Software Element on a host
AMS_CT_StartUpOnSpec	Starts an Executable Software Element with a given specification
AMS_CT_ActivateAsPrimary	Activates an Executable Software Element
AMS_CT_Continue	Continues an Executable Software Element
AMS_CT_ForceShutDown	Kills an Executable Software Element
AMS_CT_Load	Loads an Executable Software Element

#### Table 11.1 - Control topics

AMS_CT_Stop	Stops an Executable Software Element
AMS_CT_ClearLog	Clear the logs
AMS_ControlResponse	The topic which contains the error codes when using preceding topics

Each control topic, apart from all input parameters, includes a unique request identifier "request\_id." All responses are modeled as instances of the ControlResponse topic, containing the identifier of the request and the return type as defined in the PIM.

#### 11.1.2.3 Topics Key

Each type of topic has a specific rule to define its name and type:

- "Element topics" have the same keys that are defined in the PIM by the "{key}" constraints both on attributes and associations.
- The keys of an "indication topic" are located in its attributes: subscribed elements and statuses.

#### Issue 13052 - 11517 reloaded

• "Control topics," as singletons, have no key.

#### 11.1.2.4 Topics QoS

#### Issue 13041, 13043, 13044, 13046 - Badly defined control topics

Policy values can be "unspecified", meaning that the correct value can only be determined at system design and integration level. The policy is either significant at system design level, for instance communication priority related to other topics, or not significant at all.

Policy values can be "implementation defined". The specific implementation or product must make a choice that best fits it's situation.

In general, DESTINATION\_ORDER policy BY\_SOURCE\_TIMESTAMP is selected. This selection makes sure that finally a consistent state in the distributed DataReader databases in case of order reversal and/or different transport latencies exists. The DDS will store the sample with the latest timestamp (case HISTORY depth is set to 1) independent in which order the samples arrive. An sufficient accurate time alignment between hosts is needed in order to facilitate this selection.

#### 11.1.2.4.1 General QoS Policy settings

The general QoS setting are applicable to the DDS entities DomainParticipantFactory, DomainParticipant, Publisher and Subscriber involved in the publication and subscription of all element, indication and control topics.

#### 11.1.1.4.1.1 DomainParticipantFactory

QoS policy Attribute Value
----------------------------

NTITY_FACTORY	autoenable_create_entities	<unspecified></unspecified>
---------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

## 11.1.1.4.1.2 Participant

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
ENTITY_FACTORY	autoenable_create_entities	<unspecified></unspecified>

## 11.1.1.4.1.3 Publisher

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
GROUP_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
ENTITY_FACTORY	autoenable_create_entities	<unspecified></unspecified>
PRESENTATION	access_scope	INSTANCE_PRESENTATION
	coherent_access	FALSE
	ordered_access	FALSE
PARTITION	name	<unspecified></unspecified>

#### 11.1.1.4.1.4 Subscriber

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
GROUP_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
ENTITY_FACTORY	autoenable_create_entities	<unspecified></unspecified>
PRESENTATION	access_scope	INSTANCE_PRESENTATION
	coherent_access	FALSE
	ordered_access	FALSE
PARTITION	name	<unspecified></unspecified>

# 11.1.2.4.2 Topic QoS Policies

Topic QoS policies are defined per Element, Indication and Control topic category.

# 11.1.1.4.2.1 Element topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
TOPIC_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	TRANSIENT

DURABILITY_SERVICE	service_cleanup_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>
	history_kind	KEEP_LAST
	history_depth	1
	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE
OWNERSHIP	kind	SHARED

# 11.1.1.4.2.2. Indication topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
TOPIC_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DURABILITY_SERVICE	service_cleanup_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>
	history_kind	<unspecified></unspecified>
	history_depth	<unspecified></unspecified>
	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE

RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE
OWNERSHIP	kind	SHARED

# 11.1.1.4.2.2. Control topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
TOPIC_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DURABILITY_SERVICE	service_cleanup_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>
	history_kind	<unspecified></unspecified>
	history_depth	<unspecified></unspecified>
	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	<unspecified></unspecified>
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE

## 11.1.2.4.3 DataReader QoS Policies

DataReader QoS policies are defined per Element, Indication and Control topic category.

## 11.1.1.4.3.1 Element topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	INFINITE
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	BEST_EFFORT
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TIME_BASED_FILTER	minimum_separation	0
READER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autopurge_nowriter_samples_delay	INFINITE
	autopurge_disposed_samples_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>

# 11.1.1.4.3.2 Indication topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	INFINITE
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	BEST_EFFORT
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>

DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TIME_BASED_FILTER	minimum_separation	0
READER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autopurge_nowriter_samples_delay	INFINITE
	autopurge_disposed_samples_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>

# 11.1.1.4.3.2 Control topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	INFINITE
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	BEST_EFFORT
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	<unspecified></unspecified>
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TIME_BASED_FILTER	minimum_separation	0
READER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autopurge_nowriter_samples_delay	INFINITE
	autopurge_disposed_samples_delay	<unspecified></unspecified>

## 11.1.2.4.4 DataWriter QoS Policies

DataWriter QoS policies are defined per Element, Indication and Control topic category.

# 11.1.1.4.4.1 Element topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
------------	-----------	-------

I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
	l

USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	TRANSIENT
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE
OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH	value	0
WRITER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autodispose_unregistered_instances	FALSE

# 11.1.1.4.4.2 Indication topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_LAST
	depth	1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>

LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE
OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH	value	0
WRITER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autodispose_unregistered_instances	FALSE

## 11.1.1.4.4.3 Control topic

QoS policy	Attribute	Value
USER_DATA	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
DURABILITY	kind	VOLATILE
DEADLINE	period	INFINITE
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind	AUTOMATIC
	lease_duration	INFINITE
RELIABILITY	kind	RELIABLE
	max_blocking_time	<unspecified></unspecified>
DESTINATION_ORDER	kind	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind	KEEP_ALL
	depth	UNLIMITED
RESOURCE_LIMITS	max_samples	UNLIMITED
	max_instances	UNLIMITED
	max_samples_per_instance	UNLIMITED
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIFESPAN	duration	INFINITE
OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH	value	0
WRITER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	autodispose_unregistered_instances	FALSE

# 11.1.2.5 Topics Data Type

## 11.1.2.5.1 Element Topics Data Type

Note – DDS Data types (cf. [DDS]) are defined through their equivalent CORBA/IDL structure, enumeration, and union.

The rules used to map the PIM into DCPS data types are:

• All definitions are gathered in the module "AMSM":

```
module AMSM {
    ...
};
```

• Data types (uint16, date...) are directly mapped to DCPS types using the rules explained in 11.3.

• Enumeration classes are mapped to DCPS enumeration types defined as:

```
enum enumeration-name {
   an-item,
   ...
};
```

• Non-enumeration classes are mapped to DCPS structures whose name is the name of the class:

```
struct class-name {
    ...
};
```

 Attributes of non-enumeration classes (including those of all their super classes) are next mapped with a DCPS structure element as follow:

```
attribute-type-map attribute-name;
```

- Associations of non-enumeration classes are next mapped as follow:
- Compositions with multiplicity equal to 1 are mapped to a DCPS structure element whose name is the name of the
  association and type is the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always an
  enumeration class).

```
class-name assoc-name ;
```

• Compositions with multiplicity superior to 1 are mapped to a DCPS structure element whose name is the name of the association and type is a sequence of elements with the type of the target class of the composition (which is, in the AMSM PIM, always an enumeration class).

```
sequence<class-name> assoc-name ;
```

- Aggregations and simple associations are mapped to a DCPS structure element whose name is the name of the association and type is a sequence of strings. These strings contain the full names of the associated elements (cf. naming convention in 7.1.2.1). The minimum and maximum occurrences of these sequences are those expressed on the association in the PIM.
- Case minimum = maximum = 1:

```
string assoc-name;
```

· Case maximum bounded:

```
sequence<string, maximum> assoc-name ;
```

• Case maximum unbounded:

```
sequence<string> assoc-name ;
```

- Associations whose reverse association is an aggregation or a composition are not mapped.
- Classes without any attributes or associations are not mapped.

#### Issue 13047 - Clarify Owner and Owner object

- An attribute of type "string" and name "Owner" is added so as to design the owner topic of the topic (full name). In the PIM, the owner classes of a class can be found by going backward on associations whose other end is constrained as "key".
- Instantiations of a template class are mapped as a regular class but with a structure name built from the concatenation of the names of the template and of the classes among the template arguments.

Those rules are not intended to be general rules to map a UML PIM to DCPS data types. They are specific rules established for the AMSM specific case.

#### 11.1.2.5.2 Element Topics Data Type Exceptions

The preceding rules deal neither with all the cases which arise in the AMSM PIM, nor with some of the requirements of DDS norm.

Hereby are those specific cases:

- Non-alphabetical and non-numerical characters in enumeration items (such as '/,' '(', ')') are mapped to underscores.
- Some associations such as CIM\_SystemComponent or CIM\_RedundancyComponent appear two or three times on a same class, which leads to multiple structure elements with the same name. Since this is not allowed in a DCPS data type, those multiple definitions are gathered in one.
- Elements that are not mapped:
- · Management and filter classes
- Specification classes (Application Specification, Software Specification).
- · Classes related to logging
- Virtual classes: AMS\_ComputerSystem, CIM\_LogicalDevice
- Association classes are not properly mapped, yet none of them need to be mapped in the actual AMSM PIM.

Issue 13052 - 11517 reloaded

#### 11.1.2.5.3 Indication Topics Data Type

Indication topics data type are defined by as follow:

• Software indications are designed as an AMS\_RTSWIndication structure which associates a software element (to be chosen amongst Executable Software Elements, Applications, Systems and groups) with its status and a time.

#### Issue 13072 - AMS RTSWIndication unpractical/incorrect definition

```
struct AMS_RTSWIndication {
    //
    AMS_RTSWIndication_Case ElementCase;
    // full name of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
    // full name of elements of AMS_Application
    // full name of elements of AMS_SoftwareSystem
    // full name of elements of AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
    // full name of elements of AMS_RedundancyGroup
    string Element;
    //
    AMS_RTSoftwareStatus AMS_RTSW;
    //
    string IndicationTime;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_RTSWIndication Element
```

Hardware indications are designed as an AMS\_RTHWIndication structure which associates a network element (to be chosen among the AMS\_ComputerSystem and its subclasses) with its platform-specific hardware utilizations (AMS Property<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD>).

```
//
struct AMS_RTHWIndication {
   // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
   string AMS NetworkElt;
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
// AMS_Accounting<AMS_StdHWUtilisation, HU_NONSTD>
sequence<AMS_AccountingStdHWUtilisation> AMS_RTHS;
//
string IndicationTime;
};
```

### 11.1.2.5.4 Control Topics Data Type

"Control topics" have specific data types which names are the same as the topic names (cf. table in paragraph 11.1.1.2).

Each "Control topic" except "AMS\_ControlResponse" has its own data type which gathers:

- the identifier of the instance (request)
- the full name (string) of the elements on which the control is performed
- · an attribute per parameter of the corresponding method

AMS\_ControlResponse has the following datatype which gathers all the information resulting from a call to the GetLastError method:

```
struct AMS_ErrorStruct {
// message
string Message;
// errno
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long Number
// error code
AMS_ErrorCode Code;
// full path to the element
string Element
};
struct AMS_ControlResponse {
// identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the ErrorStruct
AMS_ErrorStruct Error;
}
#pragma keylist AMS ControlResponse request id
```

# 11.2 Specific attributes and parameters information

In this section, some attributes of class and parameters of operation, which are roughly defined in the PIM, are more specifically defined in the context of the DCPS PSM.

Table 11.2 - Specific attributes for DCPS PSM

Attribute	Comment
AMS_HWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SWFilter:filter	Implementation dependent
AMS_SupportedApplicationModel: ConfigurationInfo	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:Environment	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:CommandLine	Implementation dependent
AMS_ExecuteProgram:ProgramPath	Implementation dependent

Table 11.3 - Specific parameters for DCPS PSM

Parameter	Comment
CreateHardwareGroup: connectivity	N/A
CreateHardwareGroup: devices	N/A
CreateHardwareGroup: resources	N/A

# 11.3 Specific data types

This paragraph specifies the data types in the context of the DCPS PSM.

Table 11.4 - Data types for DCPS PSM

Data type	Definition	Comment
Collection <type></type>	N/A	Since these data types are encountered in parameters of methods, they are not mapped to this PSM
datetime	string	
String	string	
uint8	char	

Table 11.4 - Data types for DCPS PSM

# 11.4 Specific failure codes

N/A.

## 11.5 Conformance Criteria

This PSM acknowledges the same conformance criteria as the PIM (cf. Section 2). So, classes, attributes, and methods which are not known in a PIM compliance profile are not mapped to the corresponding PSM compliance profile. Moreover, this PSM knows two flavors:

- The DCPS/f ('/f stands for full) relates to the full DCPS PSM as described in this section.
- The DCPS/m ('/m' stands for monitoring) relates to the "element topics" and "indication topics" i.e., all of them but "control topics." DCPS/m profile is therefore a subset of the DCPS/f profile.

Note – The DCPS/f is meant to be mandatory and the DCPS/m is meant to be optional. For example usable in combination with a CORBA/IDL PSM or a DMTF/CIM PSM.

Note – Static data have to be accessed via the mandatory XML PSM (cf. Chapter 9).

# 11.6 Mapping

Note – DDS Data types (cf. [DDS]) are defined through their equivalent CORBA/IDL structure, enumeration, and union.

Note – Key attributes are defined by keylist pragma. Authors are well aware that this is not a DDS standard construct (this is a

Splice DDS facility) and will revise the specification when there is a standardized way of declaring keys.

```
module AMSM {
// Indication topics
//
enum AMS RTSoftwareStatus {
    SW STARTED,
    SW STOPPED,
    SW FAILED
};
//
enum AMS RTSWIndication Case {
    AMS ESE IndicationCase,
    AMS Application IndicationCase,
    AMS_System_IndicationCase,
    AMS LB IndicationCase,
    AMS FT IndicationCase
} ;
//
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
enum AMS StdHWUtilisation {
    HU_NONSTD,
    HU CPU,
    HU RUNQ,
    HU WAIT,
    HU LAN BTX,
    HU LAN BRX,
    HU_LAN_PTX,
    HU LAN PRX,
    HU PMS,
    HU PFS,
    HU DSK WR,
    HU DSK RD,
    HU OFS,
    HU FS,
    HU PN,
    HU TN
    };
```

#### Issue 13072 - AMS\_RTSWIndication unpractical/incorrect definition

```
//
struct AMS_RTSWIndication {
    //
    AMS_RTSWIndication_Case ElementCase;
    // full name of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
    // full name of elements of AMS_Application
    // full name of elements of AMS_SoftwareSystem
    // full name of elements of AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
    // full name of elements of AMS_RedundancyGroup
    string Element;
    //
    AMS_RTSoftwareStatus AMS_RTSW;
    // string IndicationTime;
    };
#pragma keylist AMS_RTSWIndication Element
```

## Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
//
struct AMS_AccountingStdHWUtilisation {
    //
    string Name;
    AMS_StdHWUtilisation StdName;
    //
    string Value;
    string Capability;
    string Time;
```

### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long Duration;
   string Units;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_AccountingStdHWUtilisation Name,StdName
//
struct AMS_RTHWIndication {
    // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 11509 - Specification of HW Utilizations:

```
string AMS_NetworkElt;
  // AMS_Accounting<AMS_StdHWUtilisation, HU_NONSTD>
  sequence<AMS_AccountingStdHWUtilisation> AMS_RTHS;
  //
  string IndicationTime;
};
```

## Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
#pragma keylist AMS_RTHWIndication AMS_NetworkElt
// Control topics
//
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
enum AMS_State {
    AMS_EXECUTABLE,
    AMS_HALTED,
    AMS_LOADED,
    AMS_RUNNING,
    AMS_STOPPED,
    AMS_UNALLOCATED,
    AMS_ERROR
};
enum AMS_ErrorCode {
```

# Issue 13230 - Control response

```
AMS_OK,
AMS_UNKNOWN,
AMS_BADFILTER,
AMS_BADSUBSCRIPTIONID,
```

```
AMS_BADCONNECTIVITY,
AMS_BADDEVICES,
AMS_BADRESOURCES,
AMS_BADMODELTYPE,
AMS_BADCOMMANDLINE,
AMS_BADACTION,
AMS_BADCHECK,
AMS_BADSTATE,
```

### Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

```
AMS_HALTFAILED,
AMS_STARTFAILED,
AMS_SHUTDOWNFAILED,
AMS_LOADFAILED,
AMS_CONTFAILED,
AMS_DEPLOYFAILED,
AMS_PRIMARYFAILED,
AMS_RESOURCEERROR,
AMS_RIGHTERROR,
AMS_NOTCHECKED,
AMS_ALREADYPRIMARY,
AMS_NOTFT,
```

#### Issue 13233 - Error return values missing for LoadConfiguration and UnloadConfiguration

```
AMS_NOK
};

struct AMS_ErrorStruct {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// error code
AMS_ErrorCode Code;
// message
string Message;
// errno
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long Number;
// full path to the element
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Element;
};
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
struct AMS_ControlResponse {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
  // the ErrorStruct
  AMS_ErrorStruct Error;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_ControlResponse request_id
//
struct AMS_CT_LoadConfiguration {
  // identifier of the request
```

### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

};

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string file;
```

## Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_LoadConfiguration
//
struct AMS_CT_UnloadConfiguration {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string file;
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_UnloadConfiguration
//
struct AMS_CT_ShutDownESE {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string filter;
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
sequence<AMS_State> stateFilters;
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_ShutDownESE
//
struct AMS_CT_CreateHardwareGroup {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

};

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string location;
string connectivity;
string devices;
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_CreateHardwareGroup
//
struct AMS_CT_ShutDown {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_ShutDown
//
struct AMS_CT_StartUp {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_StartUp

//
struct AMS_CT_StartUpOnHost {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string host;
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string commandLine;
};
```

# Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_StartUpOnHost
//
struct AMS_CT_StartUpOnSpec {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
string spec;
;
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_StartUpOnSpec
//
struct AMS_CT_ActivateAsPrimary {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_ActivateAsPrimary
//
struct AMS_CT_Continue {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

#pragma keylist AMS\_CT\_Continue

## Issue 13039 - Strange relation between methods and transitions

```
//
struct AMS_CT_Halt {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

};

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
```

## Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_Halt
//
struct AMS_CT_ForceShutDown {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_ForceShutDown
//
struct AMS_CT_Load {
    // identifier of the request
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_Load
//
struct AMS_CT_Stop {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned long request id;

```
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
;
```

### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_Stop
//
struct AMS_CT_ClearLog {
    // identifier of the request
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

I

```
unsigned long request_id;
// the element to be controled
string Element;
// the attributes (cf. PIM)
};
```

#### Issue 13045 - Inconsistent definition keys of Control Topics

```
#pragma keylist AMS_CT_ClearLog
// package 'Supported Application Model'
enum AMS OSType {
    Unknown,
    Other,
    MACOS,
    ATTUNIX,
    DGUX,
    DECNT,
    Tru64UNIX,
    OpenVMS,
    HPUX,
    AIX,
    MVS,
    OS40Accounting0,
    OS 2,
    JavaVM,
    MSDOS,
    WIN3x,
    WIN95,
    WIN98,
    WINNT,
    WINCE,
    NCR3000,
    NetWare,
    OSF,
    DC OS,
    ReliantUNIX,
    SCOUnixWare,
    SCOOpenServer,
    Sequent,
    IRIX,
    Solaris,
    SunOS,
    U6000,
    ASERIES,
```

```
TandemNSK,
    TandemNT,
    BS2000,
    LINUX,
    Lynx,
    XENIX,
    VM,
    InteractiveUNIX,
    BSDUNIX,
    FreeBSD,
    NetBSD,
    GNUHurd,
    os9,
    MACHKernel,
    Inferno,
    QNX,
    EPOC,
    IxWorks,
    VxWorks,
    MiNT,
    BeOS,
    HPMPE,
    NextStep,
    PalmPilot,
    Rhapsody,
    Windows2000,
    Dedicated,
    os 390,
    VSE,
    TPF,
    Windows R Me,
    CalderaOpenUNIX,
    OpenBSD,
    NotApplicable,
    WindowsXP,
    z OS,
    WindowsVista
} ;
//
enum AMS_ModelType {
    AMS PROCESS,
    AMS J2EE,
    AMS_CCM
};
//
enum AMS Control {
    AMS LOAD,
    AMS LOAD START,
    AMS_START,
    AMS STOP,
    AMS HALT,
    AMS CONTINUE,
    AMS SHUTDOWN,
    AMS RECOVER,
    AMS_UNLOAD,
    AMS_LOAD_DIRTY,
```

# Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

AMS\_LOAD\_START\_DIRTY, AMS\_STOP\_HALTED,

```
AMS_RECLAIM,
AMS_ALLOCATE,
AMS_RECOVER_DIRTY
};
//
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
enum AMS_StdMechanism {
    MS_NONSTD,
    MS_POSIXSIGNAL
};
//
struct AMS_ControlMechanismCouple {
    //
    AMS_Control Control;
    //
    AMS_StdMechanism StdName;
    string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_ControlMechanismCouple Control,Name,StdName
//
struct AMS_SupportedApplicationModel {
    //
```

## Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions

sequence<AMS\_ModelType> SupportedModelTypes;
//

## Issue 13069 - Inconsistent naming of compositions

```
sequence<AMS_OSType> SupportedOSTypes;
    //
    sequence<AMS Control> SupportedControls;
    //
    sequence<AMS State> SupportedStates;
    //
    string Name;
    //
    string ConfigurationInfo;
    sequence<AMS ControlMechanismCouple> SupportedMechanisms;
#pragma keylist AMS_SupportedApplicationModel Name
// package 'Application'
//
enum AMS ReplicationStyle {
    RG COLD PASSIVE,
    RG WARM PASSIVE,
    RG ACTIVE,
    RG ACTIVE WITH VOTING,
    RG_STATELESS,
    RG IMPL DEFINED
};
//
enum AMS BalancingStyle {
```

```
LB ROUND ROBIN,
    LB RANDOM,
    LB IMPL DEFINED
};
//
enum AMS RedundancyEltState {
    REDSTATE NORG,
    REDSTATE PRIMARY,
    REDSTATE PASSIVE
};
//
enum AMS StdState {
    ST NONSTD,
    ST ENV
};
//
struct AMS SoftwareSystem {
    // the full name of an element of AMS SoftwareSystem
```

### Issue 13073 - AMS SoftwareSystem Owner

```
string Owner
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_Application
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
  sequence<string> CIM_SystemComponent;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_SoftwareSystem
  sequence<string> AMS_SystemOfSystem;
  // the full name of an element of AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
  string AMS_SystemFeature;
  //
  AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  //
  string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_SoftwareSystem Name,Owner

//

// struct AMS_Application {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_SoftwareSystem
    // the full name of an element of AMS_Application
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_RedundancyGroup
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_LoadBalancingGroup
  sequence<string> CIM_SystemComponent;
  // the full name of an element of AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
  string AMS_ApplicationFeature;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_Application
  sequence<string> AMS_ApplicationOfApplication;
  //
  AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  //
  string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_Application Name,Owner

//
struct AMS_PropertyStdState {
```

```
//
    string Name;
    AMS StdState StdName;
    string Value;
};
#pragma keylist AMS PropertyStdState Name,StdName
11
```

#### 13040 - Separate topic for CurrentState Issue

```
// struct to handle the states of the ESEs that evolve more
// dynamically than the rest than the rest of its ESE.
// The owner is the ESE itself and there is just one state by ESE
// see OMG issue 13040
struct AMS StateOfExecutableSoftwareElement {
    // the full name of an element of AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement
    string Owner;
    //
    AMS State current;
#pragma keylist AMS StateOfExecutableSoftwareElement Owner
struct AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement {
    // the full name of an element of AMS SoftwareSystem
    // the full name of an element of AMS Application
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

string Owner;

#### 13040 - Separate topic for CurrentState Issue

```
// sequence of full names of elements of AMS Application
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // the full name of an element of AMS ESESpec
    string CIM SoftwareElementServiceImplementation;
    ^- the full name to fetch the state
    string CurrentState;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS RedundancyGroup
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS LoadBalancingGroup
    sequence<string, 1> CIM RedundancyComponent;
    AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Status;
    AMS RedundancyEltState RedState;
    // the full name of an element of AMS DeploymentLink
    string AMS ESEDeployed;
    string Name;
    // platform-specific states
    sequence<AMS PropertyStdState> AMS SpecificStates;
    // sequence of full names of CIM Process
    sequence<string> CIM ServiceProcess;
#pragma keylist AMS ExecutableSoftwareElement Name,Owner
struct AMS RedundancyGroup {
```

//

```
string Owner;
   // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
   sequence<string> CIM_RedundancyComponent;
   // the full name of an element of AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
   string AMS_RedundancyFeature;
   //
   AMS_ReplicationStyle Style;
   //
   AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Status;
   //
   string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_RedundancyGroup Name,Owner

//
struct AMS_LoadBalancingGroup {
   // the full name of an element of AMS Application
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // the full name of an element of AMS_SoftwareFeatureSpec
  string AMS_LoadBalancingFeature;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
  sequence<string> CIM_RedundancyComponent;
  //
  AMS_BalancingStyle Style;
  //
  AMS_RTSoftwareStatus Status;
  //
  string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_LoadBalancingGroup Name,Owner

// package 'Application Deployment'
//
struct AMS_DeploymentLink {
  // the full name of an element of AMS_DeploymentConfiguration
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // the full name of an element of AMS_Host
  string AMS_HostUsed;
  // the full name of an element of AMS_ExecutableSoftwareElement
  string AMS_ESEDeployed;
  //
  string LinkID;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_DeploymentLink LinkID,Owner

//
struct AMS_DeploymentConfiguration {
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_DeploymentLink
  sequence<string> AMS_DeploymentLinks;
```

```
// the full name of an element of AMS DeploymentSpec
                      string AMS DeploymentSpecAssoc;
                      11
                      string Name;
                  #pragma keylist AMS DeploymentConfiguration Name
                  // package 'CIM'
                 struct CIM Process {
                      //
       13320 - CIM Process/CIM Thread OSName attribute missing
Issue
                      string OSName;
                      //
                      string Handle;
                      // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ExecutbaleSoftwareElement
       13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:
Issue
                      sequence<string> CIM ServiceProcess;
                      // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Thread
Issue
       13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:
Issue
       13066 -
                DCPS PSM typo
                      sequence<string> CIM_ProcessThread;
                  };
                  #pragma keylist CIM Process Handle
                  //
                  struct CIM UnixProcess {
       13320 - CIM_Process/CIM_Thread OSName attribute missing
Issue
                      string OSName;
                      string Handle;
                      // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ExecutbaleSoftwareElement
       13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:
Issue
                      sequence<string> CIM ServiceProcess;
                      // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Thread
       13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:
Issue
       13066 - DCPS PSM typo
Issue
                      sequence<string> CIM_ProcessThread;
       13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM
Issue
                      unsigned long long ProcessGroupID;
```

//

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long long RealUserID;
//
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

#### Issue 13320 - CIM\_Process/CIM\_Thread OSName attribute missing

```
string OSName;
//
string Handle;
//
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long Priority;
  // the full name of an element of CIM_Process
  // the full name of an element of CIM_UnixProcess
  string Owner;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Thread Handle,Owner
```

#### Issue 13320 - CIM\_Process/CIM\_Thread OSName attribute missing

```
//
struct CIM_UnixThread {
    //
    string OSName;
    //
    string Handle;
    //
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long Priority;
  // the full name of an element of CIM_Process
  // the full name of an element of CIM_UnixProcess
  string Owner;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_UnixThread Handle,Owner

//
struct CIM_IPProtocolEndPoint {
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ConnectivityCollection
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

string Owner;

```
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM_EndpointIdentity;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_NextHopRoute
sequence<string> CIM_RouteUsesEndpoint;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_LANEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM_BindsToLANEndPoint;
//
string Name;
//
string IPv4Address;
//
string IPv6Address;
//
string SubnetMask;
//
char PrefixLength;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_IPProtocolEndPoint Name,Owner
```

#### Issue 13221 - CIM\_NextHopRoute topic defined In the DCPS PSM

```
//
struct CIM_Location {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
    sequence<string> CIM_PhysicalElementLocation;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ComputerSystem
    sequence<string> CIM_ElementLocation;
    //
    string Name;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Location Name

//
struct CIM_ProtocolEndPoint {
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ConnectivityCollection
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
  sequence<string> CIM_EndpointIdentity;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_NextHopRoute
  sequence<string> CIM_RouteUsesEndpoint;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_LANEndPoint
  sequence<string> CIM_BindsToLANEndPoint;
  //
  string Name;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_ProtocolEndPoint Name,Owner

//
struct CIM_LogicalDisk {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_LogicalDisk DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_Memory {
  // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Memory DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_PowerSupply {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_PowerSupply DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_Watchdog {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Watchdog DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_Processor {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
sequence<string> CIM Realizes;
```

```
//
string DeviceID;
//
```

unsigned short LoadPercentage;
//

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned short CPUStatus;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Processor DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_LogicalPort {
    // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_LogicalPort DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_NetworkPort {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_NetworkPort DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_EthernetPort {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_EthernetPort DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_Display {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Display DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_Sensor {
  // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Sensor DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_StorageExtent {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_PhysicalElement
  sequence<string> CIM_Realizes;
  //
  string DeviceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_StorageExtent DeviceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_ConnectivityCollection {
  // the full name of an element of CIM_Network
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM_MemberOfCollection;
//
```

```
unsigned long long InstanceID;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_ConnectivityCollection InstanceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_EthernetPortStatistics {
    // the full name of an element of CIM LanEndPoint
```

```
string Owner;
//
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned long long InstanceID;
//
unsigned long long BytesTransmitted;
//
unsigned long long BytesReceived;
//
unsigned long long PacketsTransmitted;
//
unsigned long long PacketsReceived;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_EthernetPortStatistics InstanceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_LANEndPoint {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM ConnectivityCollection
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM EthernetPortStatistics
sequence<string> CIM ElementStatisticalData;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ProtocolEndPoint
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ProtocolEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM EndpointIdentity;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM NextHopRoute
sequence<string> CIM RouteUsesEndpoint;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM LANEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM BindsToLANEndPoint;
//
string Name;
//
string LANID;
string MACAddress;
//
string AliasAddresses;
string GroupAddresses;
```

```
unsigned long MaxDataSize;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_LANEndPoint Name,Owner

//
struct CIM_Network {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ConnectivityCollection
    sequence<string> CIM_HostedCollection;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM_Network
    sequence<string> AMS_SubnetComponent;
```

```
//
string Name;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_Network Name

//
struct CIM_NextHopIPRoute {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM ConnectivityCollection
```

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint
sequence<string, 1> CIM_AssociatedNextHop;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_ProtocolEndPoint
sequence<string, 1> CIM_RouteUsesEndpoint;
//
string InstanceID;
//
string DestinationAddress;
//
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short AdminDistance;
//

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short RouteMetric;
//
boolean IsStatic;
//

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short TypeOfRoute;
//

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short RouteDerivation;
//
string DestinationMask;
//
char PrefixLength;
//

```
unsigned short AddressType;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_NextHopIPRoute InstanceID,Owner

//
struct CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
```

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_NextHopRoute
sequence<string> CIM_AssociatedNextHop;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM_LANEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM_BindsToLANEndPoint;
//
string Name;
//
string AccessInfo;
//
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned short InfoFormat;
};
#pragma keylist CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint Name,Owner

//
struct CIM_ServiceAccessPoint {
    // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM LANEndPoint
    sequence<string> CIM BindsToLANEndPoint;
    string Name;
};
#pragma keylist CIM ServiceAccessPoint Name,Owner
// package 'Logical Hardware'
//
struct AMS Host {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
    sequence<string> CIM HostedAccessPoint;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM NextHopRoute
    sequence<string> CIM HostedRoute;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM LogicalDevice
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_Domain
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS HardwareGroup
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Location
    sequence<string, 1> CIM ElementLocation;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM InstalledOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM RunningOS;
    // AMS Accounting<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD>
    sequence < AMS Accounting Std HWUtilisation > AMS RTHU;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS ConfSpecCS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS DeploymentLink
    sequence<string> AMS HostUsed;
    //
    string Name;
```

```
string ArchitectureInfo;
//
```

unsigned short Status;
//

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned short NetworkLoad;
}:
#pragma keylist AMS Host Name
//
struct AMS Router {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
    sequence<string> CIM HostedAccessPoint;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM LogicalDevice
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS Domain
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS HardwareGroup
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Location
    sequence<string, 1> CIM ElementLocation;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM InstalledOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM RunningOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM NextHopRoute
    sequence<string> CIM HostedRoute;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS ConfSpecCS;
    string Name;
    string ArchitectureInfo;
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short Status;
//

```
// sequence of full names of elements of AMS_OperatingSystem
sequence<string> CIM_RunningOS;
// sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
sequence<string, 1> AMS_ConfSpecCS;
//
string Name;
//
string ArchitectureInfo;
//
```

unsigned short Status;
//

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

```
unsigned short NetworkLoad;
#pragma keylist AMS Switch Name
//
struct AMS HardwareGroup {
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ComputerSystem
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS ConfSpecHG;
    string Name;
#pragma keylist AMS HardwareGroup Name
11
struct AMS Printer {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
    sequence<string> CIM HostedAccessPoint;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM LogicalDevice
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS Domain
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS HardwareGroup
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Location
    sequence<string, 1> CIM ElementLocation;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM InstalledOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM RunningOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS ConfSpecCS;
    11
    string Name;
    string ArchitectureInfo;
```

# Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short Status;
//

```
unsigned short NetworkLoad;
#pragma keylist AMS Printer Name
//
struct AMS DomainManager {
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
    sequence<string> CIM HostedAccessPoint;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS Domain
    sequence<string, 1> AMS_DomainManagerRole;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM NextHopRoute
    sequence<string> CIM HostedRoute;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM LogicalDevice
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS Domain
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS HardwareGroup
    sequence<string> CIM SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of CIM Location
    sequence<string, 1> CIM ElementLocation;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM InstalledOS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS OperatingSystem
    sequence<string> CIM RunningOS;
    // AMS Accounting<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD>
    sequence<AMS AccountingStdHWUtilisation> AMS RTHU;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS ConfSpecCS;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS DeploymentLink
    sequence<string> AMS HostUsed;
    string Name;
    //
    string ArchitectureInfo;
```

#### Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short Status;
//

```
unsigned short NetworkLoad;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_DomainManager Name

//
struct AMS_Domain {
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_DomainManager
    sequence<string> AMS_DomainManagerRole;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ComputerSystem
    sequence<string> CIM_SystemComponent;
    // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
    sequence<string, 1> AMS_ConfSpecDom;
    //
    string Name;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_Domain Name
```

```
struct AMS_OperatingSystem {
    // the full name of an element of AMS ComputerSystem
```

```
string Owner;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_SupportedApplicationModel
  sequence<string> AMS_AMSupportedByOS;
  //
  AMS_OSType OSType;
  // sequence of full names of elements of AMS_ConfigurationSpecification
  sequence<string, 1> AMS_ConfSpecOS;
  //
  string Name;
  //
  string Version;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_OperatingSystem Name,Owner

//
struct AMS_LANEndPoint {
    // the full name of an element of AMS_ComputerSystem
    // the full name of an element of CIM_ConnectivityCollection
```

#### Issue 13035 - Errors in AMSM.idl:

```
string Owner;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM EthernetPortStatistics
sequence<string> CIM ElementStatisticalData;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ProtocolEndPoint
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ProtocolEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM EndpointIdentity;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM NextHopRoute
sequence<string> CIM RouteUsesEndpoint;
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM ServiceAccessPoint
// sequence of full names of elements of CIM LANEndPoint
sequence<string> CIM BindsToLANEndPoint;
// AMS Accounting<AMS StdHWUtilisation, HU NONSTD>
sequence < AMS Accounting Std HWUtilisation > AMS RTHU;
//
string Name;
//
string LANID;
//
string MACAddress;
string AliasAddresses;
string GroupAddresses;
```

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned long MaxDataSize;
//

## Issue 13227 - Signed integers in DCPS PSM

unsigned short Status;
//

```
unsigned short NetworkLoad;
};
#pragma keylist AMS_LANEndPoint Name,Owner
};
```

# 12 XML for HPI Platform Specific Model

# 12.1 Mapping Rationale

The objective of this PSM is to define the syntax and semantics of XML files which provide the minimal information about the system physical hardware, as needed by any compliant implementation.

This includes in particular the mapping between "logical hardware" (defined in Section 7.10) and "physical hardware." An implementation is not required to provide an interface to physical hardware, for configuration, control and monitoring purposes, such as the SA-Forum Hardware Platform Interface (described in Section 6.1.2).

Mapping between "logical hardware" and "physical hardware" is needed to allow the identification of a faulty physical element, to be replaced and/or repaired (during system operation, or as part of maintenance).

In the CIM model this standard is based upon, an hardware physical element is represented through an instance of CIM\_LogicalDevice, which is associated through the CIM\_Realizes association (cf. Section 7.7.22) with one or more CIM\_PhysicalElement. Conversely, a CIM\_PhysicalElement may be associated with more than one CIM\_LogicalDevice.

The XML platform specific model explicates the association between physical elements (PhysicalEntity) and logical elements (LogicalEntity). Physical elements are named according to the HPI naming convention for hardware entities (a "pathname" reflects the physical hierarchical structure), and logical elements are named according to whatever appropriate naming convention.

A LogicalEntity may be associated to one PhysicalEntity (in which case, this is a pure "renaming"). In addition, LogicalEntities may be associated through 2 intermediate elements:

EntityGroup associates one LogicalEntity L with several LogicalEntities, meaning that L represents a group of logical entities (which may typically be directly associated with physical entities).

EntityPartition associates a set of Logical Entities L1..Ln with another Logical Entity (which may typically be directly associated with a physical entity), meaning that L1..Ln represent a partition of the other entity.

The example below shows a combination of groups and partitions.

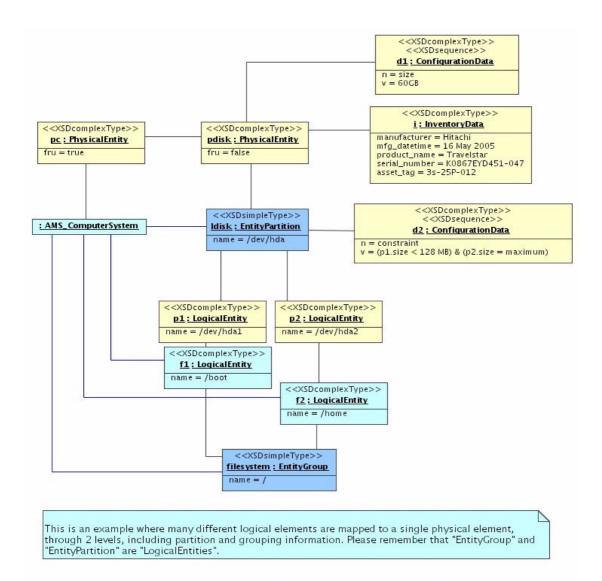


Figure 12.1 - Example of data in the "XML for HPI" PSM

The PSM is structured as shown by the diagram below:

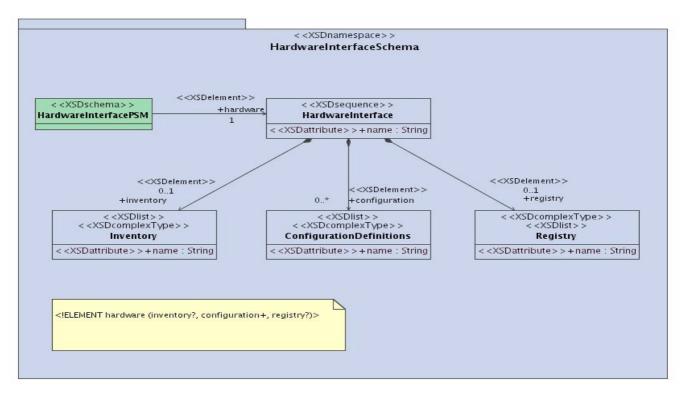


Figure 12.2 - Overall structure of the "XML for HPI" PSM

The CIM Realizes association is made explicit, as explained above, in the "ConfigurationDefinitions" section.

#### In addition:

- The optional "Inventory" section provides detailed (static) inventory information about physical elements.
- The optional "Registry" section provides the current system configuration, possibly including (dynamic) status information.

The diagram on the next page (not part of the standard) illustrates how the XML PSM may be used as a public interface to the hardware and low-level software configuration management – and in particular in relation with an HPI (or IPMI) compliant implementation.

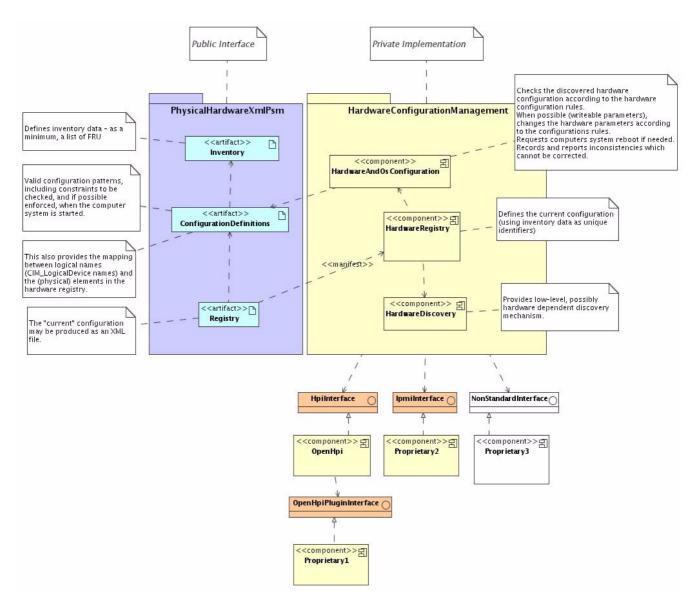


Figure 12.3 - Example of an implementation of the "XML for HPI" PSM

The 3 sections of the XML PSM are detailed by the 3 diagrams below.

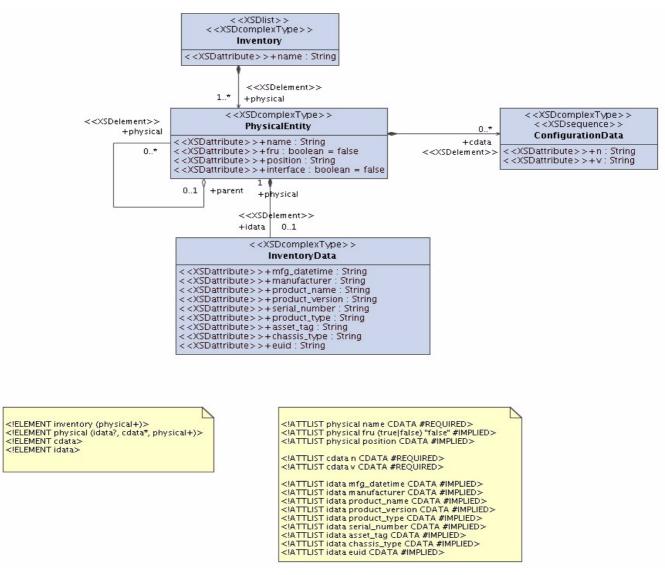


Figure 12.4 - "Inventory" part of the "XML for HPI" PSM

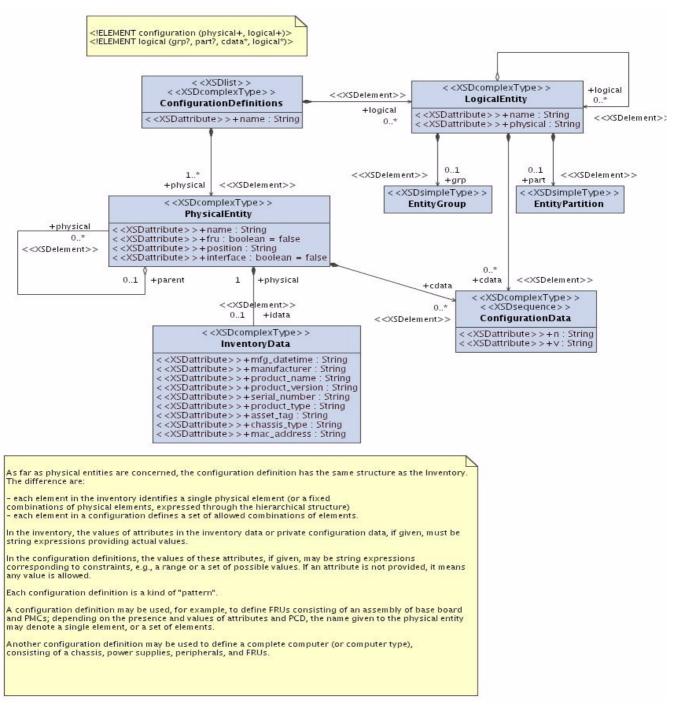


Figure 12.5 - "Configuration Definitions" part of the "XML for HPI" PSM

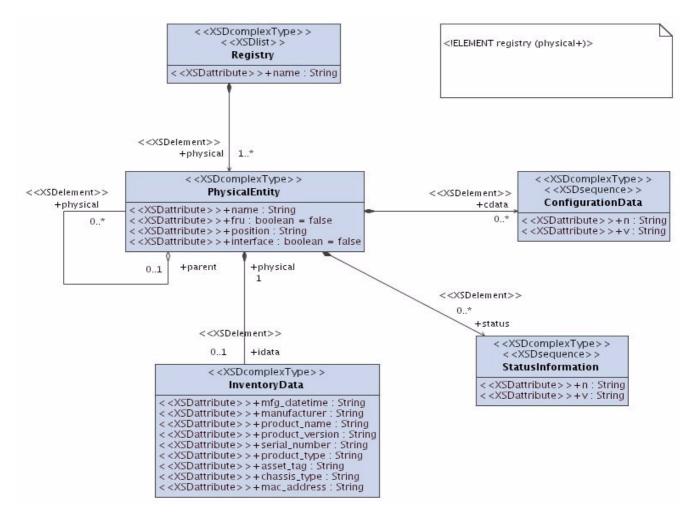


Figure 12.6 - "Registry" part of the "XML for HPI" PSM

# 12.2 Specific attributes and parameters information

N/A.

# 12.3 Specific data types

N/A.

# 12.4 Specific failure codes

N/A.

#### 12.5 Conformance Criteria

This PSM deems all PIM data as mandatory and does not acknowledge any optional profile.

This criteria does not imply that an implementation which conforms to the "XML for HPI" PSM must also have a PIM which conforms to all the compliance profiles. Yet it implies that an implementation of the "XML for HPI" PSM must not refuse as erroneous a file which contains data which are not recognized in the conformance criteria of its PIM.

This criteria is aimed to allow easier exchanges of files among AMSM implementations.

# 12.6 Mapping

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
 hardware description consists of an optional inventory,
 a set of configuration definitions, and an optional registry.
 The inventory describles physical elements which may be part
 of the system, or not (typically, it can include the description
 of spare parts.
 The configuration definitions support the description of allowed
 hardware structures, and the definition of mapping of "logical"
 hardware on physical elements.
 The registry defines the actual configuration (possibly discovered
 at startup).
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <xs:element name="hardware">
   <xs:complexType>
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element minOccurs="0" ref="inventory"/>
       <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="configuration"/>
       <xs:element minOccurs="0" ref="registry"/>
     </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <!-- The inventory is a list of physical elements -->
  <xs:element name="inventory">
   <xs:complexType>
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="physical"/>
     </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
   A physical element may itself contain other physical elements.
   It has optional inventory data (idata),
                   configuration data (cdata),
               and status data (sdata)
  <xs:element name="physical">
   <xs:complexType>
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element minOccurs="0" ref="idata"/>
       <xs:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="cdata"/>
       <xs:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="sdata"/>
        <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="physical"/>
     </xs:sequence>
     <xs:attributeGroup ref="attlist.physical"/>
   </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <!--
```

```
Actual data (inventory, configuration, status) appears as
 attributes of idata, cdata, sdata
<xs:element name="cdata">
  <xs:complexType>
   <xs:attributeGroup ref="attlist.cdata"/>
 </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="idata">
  <xs:complexType>
   <xs:attributeGroup ref="attlist.idata"/>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="sdata">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:attributeGroup ref="attlist.sdata"/>
 </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<!--
 Attributes of physical element
 All attributes are stated to be optional. Actually, for a physical
 element enclosed in an enclosing element, either the "name" or "position"
 attribute must be given, and must provide a unique identifier for the
 enclosed element among the elements enclosed in the same enclosing
<!--
 name - needs to be unique only in the scope of the enclosing
 physical element, if any
<xs:attributeGroup name="attlist.physical">
 <xs:attribute name="name"/>
  <xs:attribute name="fru" default="false">
   <xs:simpleType>
      <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
        <xs:enumeration value="false"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="true"/>
      </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleType>
  </xs:attribute>
  <xs:attribute name="position"/>
  <xs:attribute name="interface"/>
</xs:attributeGroup>
<!--
  fru - a boolean attribute set to true if the corresponding physical
 element (and all enclosed elements) are a Field Replaceable Unit
<!-- position - the relative position of the physical element -->
<!--
 interface - means that the element provides an interface to an
 enclosing element
<!--
 Attributes of configuration and status data.
 These are 'name/value' (n, v) couples
<xs:attributeGroup name="attlist.cdata">
  <xs:attribute name="n" use="required"/>
  <xs:attribute name="v" use="required"/>
</xs:attributeGroup>
```

```
<xs:attributeGroup name="attlist.sdata">
  <xs:attribute name="n" use="required"/>
  <xs:attribute name="v" use="required"/>
</xs:attributeGroup>
<!-- Attributes of inventory data. -->
<!-- mfg datetime - Manufacturing date and time -->
<xs:attributeGroup name="attlist.idata">
  <xs:attribute name="mfg datatime"/>
  <xs:attribute name="manufacturer"/>
 <xs:attribute name="product name"/>
 <xs:attribute name="product version"/>
 <xs:attribute name="serial number"/>
  <xs:attribute name="product type"/>
  <xs:attribute name="asset tag"/>
  <xs:attribute name="chassis type"/>
  <xs:attribute name="euid"/>
</xs:attributeGroup>
<!-- manufacturer - Manufacturer identification -->
<!-- product name - Product name -->
<!-- product version - Product version -->
<!-- serial number - Serial number -->
<!-- product type - Product type -->
<!-- asset_tag - asset tag -->
  chassis type - Chassis type provided by the element, i.e.,
 3U or 6U Compact PCI, ATCA, Blade, VME, ...
<!-- euid - Extended Unique Identifier, e.g., 48 bits MAC address -->
<!--
 In configuration definitions, the values of attributes of idata
 and the values of the 'v' attribute of cdata are regular expressions;
 A configuration is therefore a pattern to match to actual (discovered)
 configuration
<xs:element name="configuration">
 <xs:complexType>
   <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="physical"/>
      <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="logical"/>
   </xs:sequence>
   <xs:attributeGroup ref="attlist.configuration"/>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:attributeGroup name="attlist.configuration">
  <xs:attribute name="name"/>
</xs:attributeGroup>
<xs:element name="logical">
  <xs:complexType>
   <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element minOccurs="0" ref="qrp"/>
     <xs:element minOccurs="0" ref="part"/>
     <xs:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="cdata"/>
      <xs:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="logical"/>
   </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="registry">
  <xs:complexType>
   <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element maxOccurs="unbounded" ref="physical"/>
```

```
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="grp">
<xs:complexType/>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="part">
<xs:complexType/>
</xs:complexType/>
</xs:complexType/>
</xs:element></xs:element></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:complexType/></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chema></xs:chem
```