Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and Indicators

Request for CommentsFTF – Beta2

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Associated File(s)*: as indicated in inventory filethe FTF-1 report, dtc/2015-05-10finance/2014-06-02 Formatted: Font: Arial, 12 pt, Bold

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Preface

OMG

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- Data Distribution Services
- Specialized CORBA

IDL/Language Mapping Specifications

Modeling and Metadata Specifications

- UML, MOF, CWM, XMI, ODM
- UML Profile

Modernization Specifications

Platform Independent Model (PIM), Platform Specific Model (PSM), Interface Specifications

- CORBAServices
- CORBAFacilities

OMG Domain Specifications

CORBA Embedded Intelligence Specifications

CORBA Security Specifications

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Times/Times New Roman - 10 pt.: Standard body text

Helvetica/Arial - 10 pt. Bold: OMG Interface Definition Language (OMG IDL) and syntax elements.

Courier/Courier New - 10 pt. Bold: Programming language elements.

Helvetica/Arial - 10 pt: Exceptions

NOTE: Terms that appear in italics are defined in the glossary. Italic text also represents the name of a document, specification, or other publication.

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0._Submission-Specific Material

0.1 Submission Preface

The EDM Council, on behalf of its members and other industry participants, is pleased to present a standard set of terms and definitions for financial market indices and economic indicators.

Clause 0 of this document contains information specific to the OMG submission process and is not part of the proposed specification. The proposed specification starts with Clause 1 "Scope". All clauses are normative unless explicitly marked as informative. The section numbering scheme, starting with Clause 1, represents the final numbering scheme and will remain stable throughout the submission process.

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0.3 Submission Team

The FIBO RFCs are being submitted by the EDM Council, a membership organization in the financial sector, on behalf of its members. There is therefore not a FIBO-specific submission team; instead all submissions are by the EDM Council as representative of the community of its members.

Contact:

Mike Bennett, Head of Semantics and Standards

EDM Council Inc.,

- 10101 East Bexhill Drive, Kensington, MD, USA

<u>mbennett@edmcouncil.org</u>

0.4 General Requirements

The FIBO initiative started out as a collaborative project within the Enterprise Data Management Council, with the stated aims of:

(i) Defining common terms, definitions and business relationships (i.e. common semantics) for the financial services industry, and

(ii) Presenting this for review, validation, completion and sign-off by industry subject matter experts (i.e. presentation)

— The two business requirements for common semantics and for visual and textual presentation of these to industry subject matter experts led to the creation of the "Semantics Repository", with

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Formatted: Heading 1, Numbered + Level: + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 0 Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" + Indent a 0.25" the additional strong mandate to "keep the philosophy out of sight", meaning that the repository was built along semantic web principles but with the more technical views of semantic web notations kept out of sight of industry subject matter experts.

- This initial Semantics Repository was built using an early version of the Object Management Group's standard Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM) which at the time was in draft. Certain features of the then draft of ODM were not amenable to the stated EDM Council requirement to present the subject matter to business experts without the intrusion of technical modeling language constructs, and so considerable modification and customization of that ODM draft was undertaken. The resultant model, which was maintained within the Sparx Enterprise Architect modeling tool, was displayed on a custom-built website in the form of tables and diagrams at varying levels of detail and complexity, but free of semantic web notation.
- This project brings the content developed within the above modeling framework and refactors it to the latest version of the ODM standard. Many of the customizations which the EDM Council undertook for the reasons described above have parallels in the most recent versions of ODM (versions 1.0 and version 1.1) and so it was deemed possible to retain the commitments made to business consumers of the content while upgrading the model to a fully conformant rendition of ODM.
- 0.4.1 EDM Council Involvement with the OMG
- The EDM Council is submitting the Semantics Repository as a series of specifications under the FIBO umbrella for the following reasons:
- To leverage the OMG to manage these standards within a well-founded process as provided by the OMG;
- To bring our application of the OMG's Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM) standard up to date, based on our earlier usage and adaptation of what was an early draft of that specification.
- 0.4.2 This FIBO Specification (FIBO Indices and Indicators)

- This FIBO specification depends on the FIBO Foundations (EDMC-FIBO/FND/1.0/Beta1) and FIBO Business Entities (EDMC-FIBO/BE/1.0/Beta1) specifications, and contains the "Semantics Repository" material specific to market indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates and economic indicators.
- 0.5 Future Changes to this Specification
- It is anticipated that aspects of this specification may need to be updated on an ongoing basis:
- Content: for the content in this specification it is expected that this will need to be extended and refined on an ongoing basis; in particular, a separate class of indicators will be included in a future iteration of this specification, being those based on baskets of traded securities, credit risk related instruments and loans;
- Conformance: it is anticipated that additional conformance points may be added to the ones in this specification on a more regular basis as new ways of applying the content of this and other FIBO content specifications are identified, for example operational ontologies may introduce new ways of applying this content, which may be determined to be conformant.
- 0.5.1 What is "Content"?
- For the purposes of this and other FIBO specifications, "Content" is defined in Section 4 of [FIBO Foundations] as "Subject matter or meta-

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content", while "Subject matter" is defined as "Information about things in the universe of discourse; the essential facts, data, or ideas that constitute the basis of spoken, written, or artistic expression or representation; often : the substance as distinguished from the form especially of an artistic or literary production."

All content in the FIBO specifications is subject matter in the form of ontologies, that is models in which the model content has as its referent some feature of the business domain. This is described in further detail in the Conformance section of [FIBO Foundations], under "Model Theoretic Conformance".

- -0.6 Changes to Adopted OMG Specifications
- -0.6.1 Changes to FIBO Foundations
- This specification requires the following changes to [FIBO Foundations]:
- Relations ontology: addition of a new property, <u>"appliesTo"</u>
- BusinessFacingTypes ontology: two new properties, "hasNumericValue" and "hasPercentageValue"

- Since these are the first properties to be defined in this ontology, this change entails the creation of a new diagram and table describing them
- This change in the scope of this ontology also requires a change in the descriptive metadata of the ontology itself
- New ontology "Analytics"
- Located in module "Utilities"
- Additional concepts will be placed in this ontology to support future specifications.
- Module metadata changes for the "Utilities" module to reflect the above changes
- Module metadata changes for the "Relations" module to reflect the fact that the Relations ontology is updated
- 0.6.2 Changes to FIBO Business Entities
- This specification also requires the following change to FIBO Business Entities [FIBO BE]:
- New ontology "Publishers"
- Located in module "FunctionalEntities"
- Module metadata changes for the "FunctionalEntities" module to reflect the addition of this ontology.
- These changes are detailed in the sub-clause which follows.

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-0.7 Effect of Changes in Other FIBO Specifications					
— The result of the changes to [FIBO Foundations] and [FIBO BE] itemized in sub-clause 6.4 of this specification will be the generation of new diagrams and tabular reports in those documents, in Clause 10 and Clause 9 respectively. These are replicated here so as to illustrate the heading and formatting, but would be generated directly from the model tool following implementation of the changes described here.					
 In the sub-clauses describing each ontology there will be a diagram and a detailed table of terms. 					
 In this sub-clause, each figure number and table number is followed by the figure or table number for the new or changed material in the specifications identified here. 					
— These changes are as follows:					
- 0.7.1 Changes in FIBO Foundations dtc/2014-01-02					
-0.7.1.1 Changes to Utilities Module Metadata					
 In sub-clause 10.1 in the "Utilities Module Metadata" table (Table 10.2) APPEND additional rows as shown in Table 0.1. 					
Table 0.1 Utilities Module Metadata Additional row entries in Table 10.2					
<u></u>					

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-0.7.1.2 Changes to Business Facing Types Ontology Metadata	+ N	matted: Heading 1, Numbered + Level: 1 umbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 0 + nment: Left + Aligned at: 0" + Indent at:
In sub-clause 10.1.2 in the "Business-Facing Types Ontology Metadata" table (Table 10.5) REPLACE the row text for owl:versionIRI (row 4) with that shown in Table 0.2 and APPEND two new rows as shown in Table 0.7		·
Table 0.2 BusinessFacingTypes Ontology Metadata Change in Table 10.5	Nun 3,	matted: Heading 1, Space After: 0 pt, nbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, . + Start at: 0 + Alignment: Left + Aligned 0" + Indent at: 0.25"
- Metadata - Value Term	+ N	matted: Heading 1, Numbered + Level: 1 umbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 0 + nment: Left + Aligned at: 0" + Indent at: 5"
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Table 0.3 BusinessFacingTypes Ontology Metadata additional row entries in Table 10.5		
Metadata Value	+ N	matted: Heading 1, Numbered + Level: 1 umbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 0 + nment: Left + Aligned at: 0" + Indent at: "
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Term	
	http://www.omg.org/sped/EDMC- FIBO/FND/20130801/Utilities/BusinessFacingTypes/
0740	Changes to Rusiness Essing Types Ontology

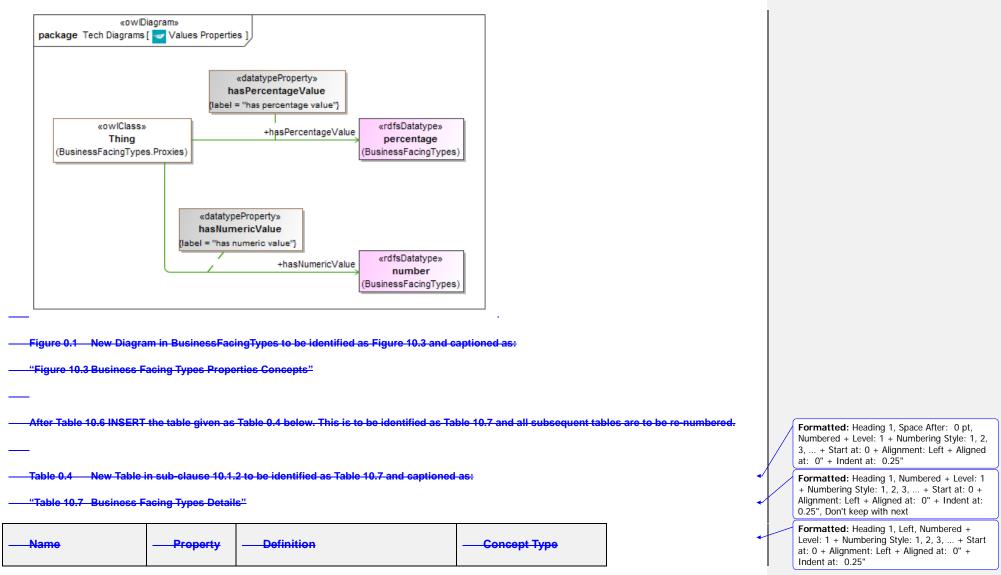
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0.7.1.3 Changes to Business Facing Types Ontology Content

- Two new properties have been added to the ontology BusinessFacingTypes. This requires the addition of one new diagram and one new table.
- After Figure 10.2 INSERT the diagram given as Figure 0.1, as Figure 10.3 and renumber all subsequent diagrams in Section 10.



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Name	Property	Definition		
	has percentag e value	— indicates a value expressed as a number		
	has numeric value			

0.7.1.4 Addition of Analytics Ontology

Add a new ontology to the Utilities module, called Analytics, as new subclause 10.1.3. This requires the addition of two new tables (one for the ontology metadata and one for the ontology content), and one new diagram.

After sub-clause 10.1.2 INSERT the new Clause 10.1.3 as given below. Subsequent tables and diagrams are to be re-numbered.

New sub-clause heading: "10.1.3 Ontology: Analytics"

This ontology provides mathematical abstractions for use in other ontologies, including for example the basic components of formulae, parameters and values.

Table 0.5 New Table in new sub-clause 10.1.3 to be identified as Table 10.8 and captioned as:

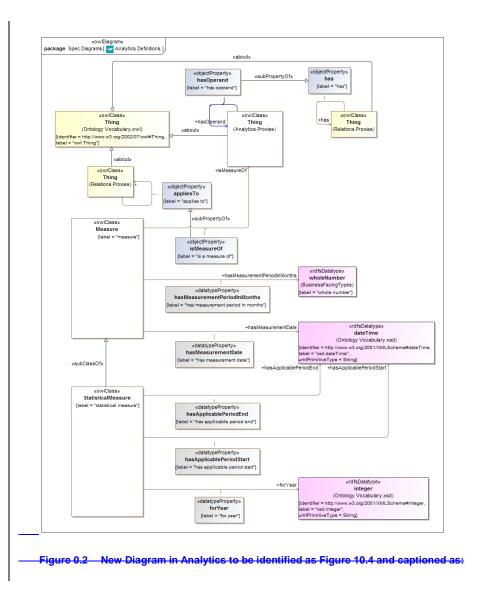
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- Metadata Term	
gm:filename	- Analytics
	fibo-fnd-utl-alx
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Utilities/Analytics/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/20140501/Utilities/Analytics/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/BusinessFacingTypes/

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"Figure 10.3 Analytics Ontology Concepts"

Table 0.6 New Table in new sub-clause 10.1.3 to be identified as Table 10.9 and captioned as:

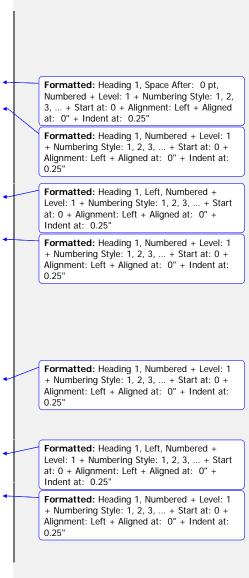
"Table 10.9 Analytics Ontology Classes and Properties"

Stand-alone Properties (Domain = Thing)

Name					
	<u>has</u> operan d	— Thing	— Thing	the predicate identifying the operand of a mathematical argument, parameter or other similar concept	— has

Class: Measure

 	an amount or degree of something; the dimensions, capacity, or amount of something ascertained	



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	by m	easuring		
Name	Label		 	
	has measure ment date	measure	 	
		measure	 	

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ι	0.23

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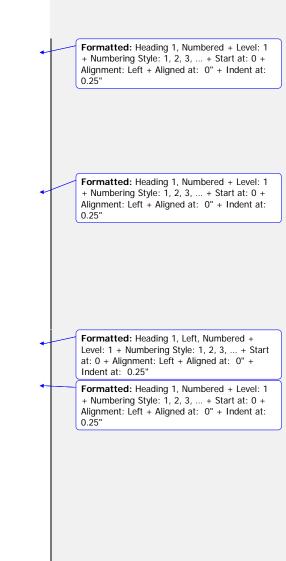
-

-

isMeasureOf	is a measure of	measure	— Thing		
-------------	---	---------	---------	--	--

Class: StatisticalMeasure

Name	 		
StatisticalMeasure	 A summary (means, mode, total, index, etc.) of the individua I quantitati ve variable values for the	measure	<u>http://stats.oecd.org/</u> glossary/detail.asp?ID=5068



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statistica	
Lunits in	
a	
specific	
group	
(study	
domains)	

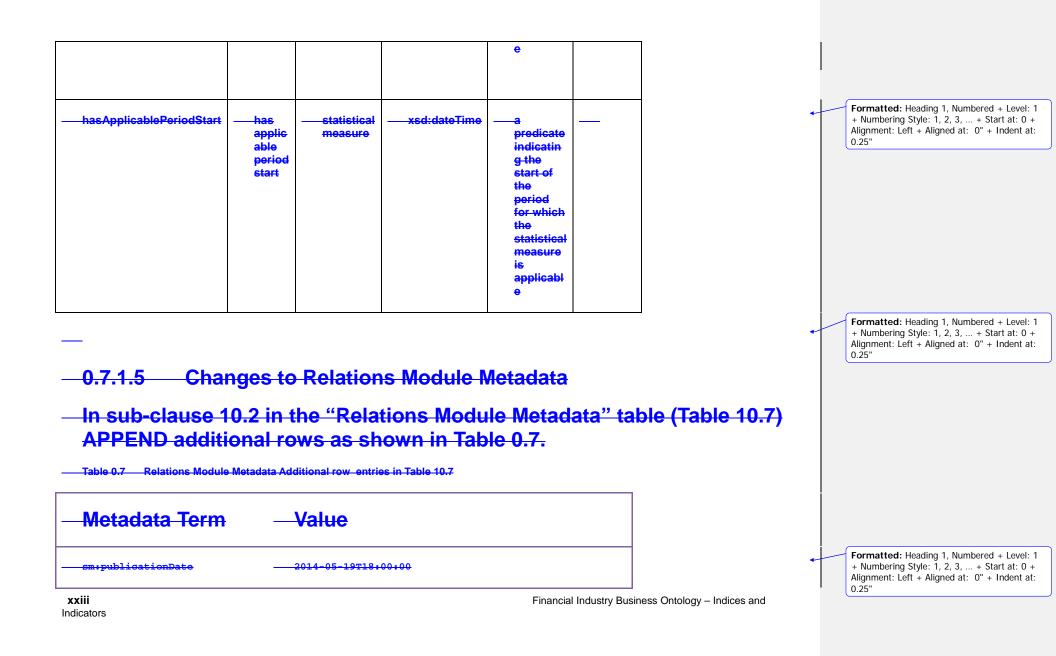
Properties of Statistical Measure

Name		Domain	 	Parent
forYear	for year	statistical measure	 	
<u>hasApplicablePeriodEnd</u>	has applic able period end	statistical measure	 	

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Financial Industry Business Ontology - Indices and Indicators

xxii



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In sub-clause 10.2.1 in the "Relations Ontology Metadata" table 10.8) REPLACE the row text for owl:versionIRI (row 4) with the Table 0.8 and APPEND two new rows as shown in Table 0.9	 A second se
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- Metadata Term - Value	

Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and Indicators

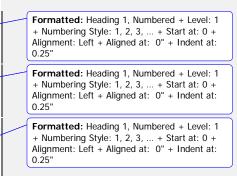
xxiv

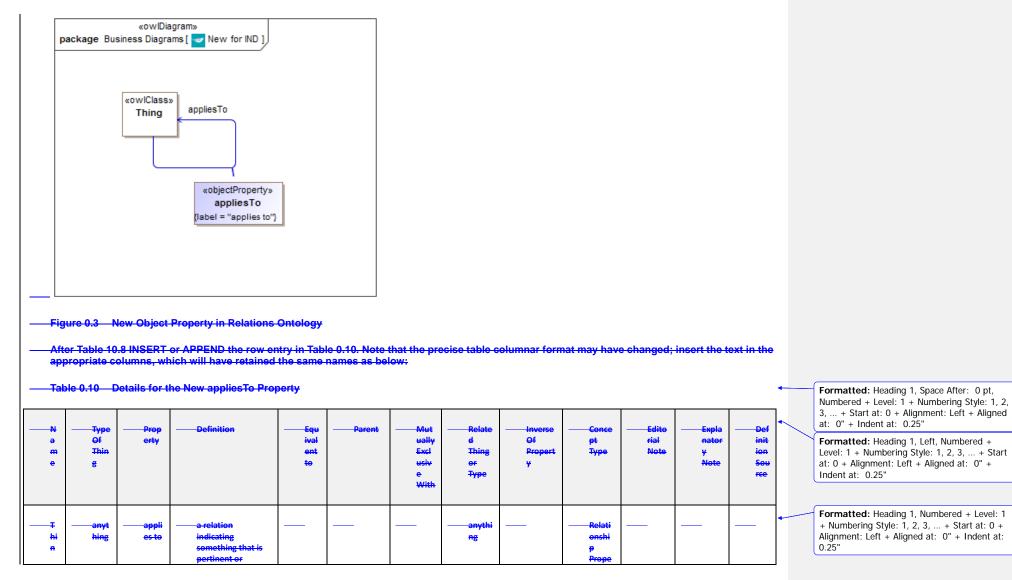
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/20130801/Relations/Relations/
skos+changeNote	

0.7.1.7 Changes to Relations Ontology Content

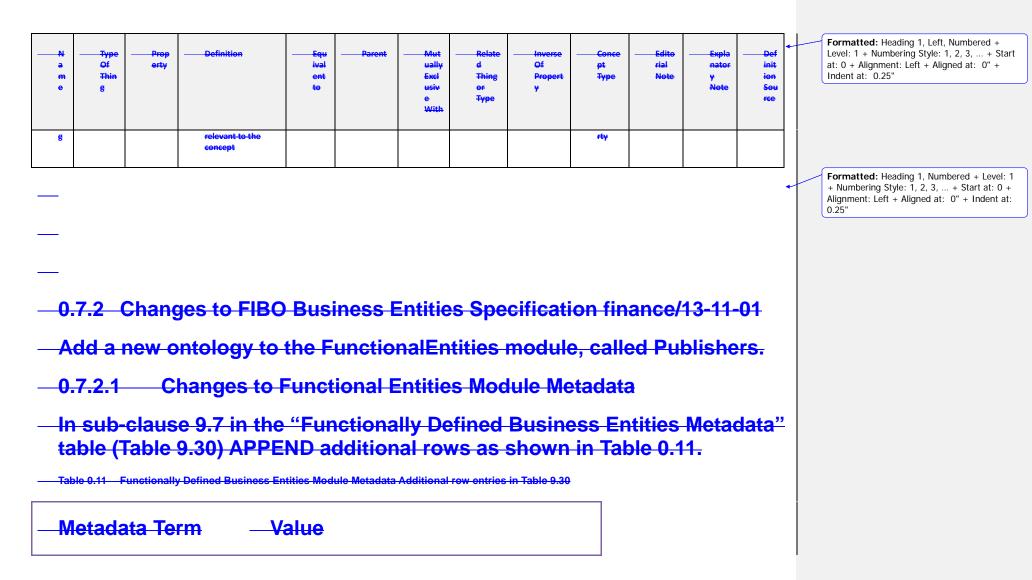
One new property has been added to the ontology Relations. This requires the addition of one new diagram (Figure 0.3 below), to follow after Figure 10.3 or any diagrams which may have replaced it. In addition, the information given in Table 0.10 is to be appended onto Table 10.9 ("Relations Details") or added immediately following any tables which may have replaced Table 10.9.

After Figure 10.3 INSERT the diagram given as Figure 0.3:





Financial Industry Business Ontology - Indices and Indicators



Financial Industry Business Ontology - Indices and

xxvii Indicators

Sm	+publicationDate -	2014-05-19T18:00:00
Gm		Beta Specification

0.7.2.2 Addition of Publishers Ontology

Add a new ontology to the FunctionalEntities module. called Publishers, as new sub-clause 9.7.2. This requires the addition of two new tables (one for the ontology metadata and one for the ontology content), and one new diagram.

After sub-clause 9.7.1 INSERT the new sub-clause 9.7.2 as given below.

This ontology defines the fundamental concepts for publishers of information, including entities whose primary function is to publish, and entities (whether or not they are publishers in that sense) which are in the role of the publisher of some information. This ontology also includes the published information itself, i.e. the publication.

Table 0.12 New Table in new sub-clause 9.7.2 to be identified as Table 9.33 and captioned as:

"Table 9.33 Publishers Ontology Metadata"

Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and Indicators xxviii

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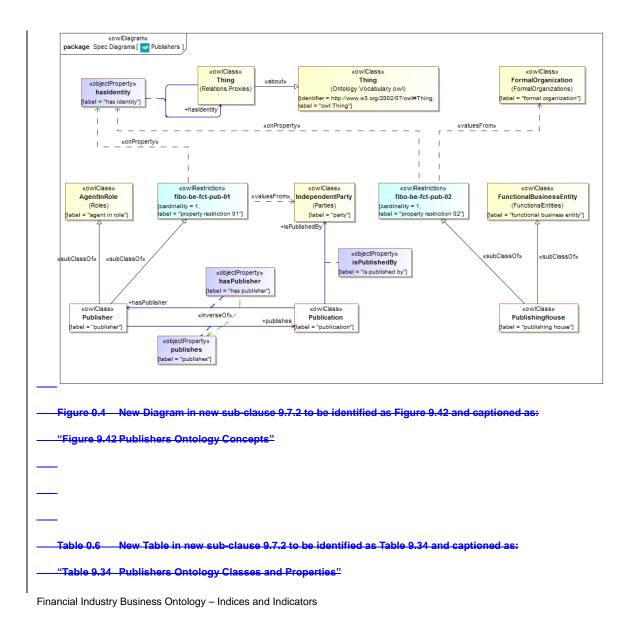
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New sub-clause heading: "9.7.2 Ontology: Publishers"

— Metadata Term	
sm:fileAbbreviatio n	fibo-be-fet-pub
- OntologyIRI	<u>http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-</u> FIBO/BE/FunctionalEntities/Fublishers/
	<u>http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-</u> FIBO/BE/20140501/FunctionalEntities/Publishers/
	<u>http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-</u> FIBO/FND/Utilitics/AnnotationVocabulary/

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xxix Indicators Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and



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Name			Parent	
Publication	<u>publication</u>	information which has been made publicly available to the world at large		

Name					
	has publis her	<u>publication</u>		some person or organization whose role it has been to publish this information	— publishes
isPublishedBy	<mark>publis</mark> hed by	<u>publication</u>	— party	the individual or organization which has made this information available to the world at large	

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Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and

xxxi Indicators

Name										
	— publisher	That which makes some information available to the world at large.		agent in role property restriction 01		Typically this role is filled by some entity whose function is that of a publishing house (sometimes also referred to as a publisher, in that different sense). Publishers of information may frequently also include bank, government agencies and the like.				
Name			Range		C	Oefinition				
	— publishes		<u>publication</u>		<u>information which</u> the publisher has made available to the world at large					
 Restrictions	-on Publisher	<u>.</u>					<u>.</u>			

Financial Industry Business Ontology - Indices and Indicators

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xxxii

Name	 Expression

Class: PublishingHouse

Name	— Label	 	
	publishi ng house	 property restriction 02 functional business entity	

Name	 Expression
fibo-bo-fct-pub- 02	

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xxxiii Indicators

Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and Indicators **xxxiv**

1 Scope

This specification is a model of finance industry concepts in the subject area of market indices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and economic indicators. These have in common that they are all numeric measures (denominated variously as percentages, numbers or monetary amounts), published by some publisher or set by some public body, and providing information on the state of some economy, currency, basket of instruments or risks, formulated to reflect the behavior of some part of the global economy. These indices and indicators are widely referred to within the financial services industry, and many of them are also the subject of derivative contracts in which some part of that derivative is derived from the value of some such rate.

The types of indices and indicators included in this specification are intended to reflect the terms found in common securities and derivatives contracts and the level of detail of these is intended to reflect those details which are articulated in such contract terms. For this reason, details of the methods by which such figures are arrived at by their publishers are not included except where these serve to distinguish one such index from another. In keeping with the nature of FIBO as a series of specifications of business semantics, properties are included which capture the meaning of a concept whether or not these would be articulated in applications which may be derived from this specification – for example it is the case that certain economic indicators give a measure of the state of some economy, even though properties which assert this may not be required in some operational use case.

1.1 Overview

This specification is part of a family of specifications called the Financial Industry Business Ontology (FIBO).

FIBO is a modularized formal model of the concepts represented by finance industry terms as used in official financial organization documents such as contracts, product/service specifications and governance and regulatory compliance documents. This is referred to as a *Business Conceptual Model* as distinct from data models in IT implementations.

The scope of *finance industry* encompasses a broad range of organizations that manage money, including credit unions, banks, credit card companies, insurance companies, consumer finance companies, stock brokerages, investment funds and some government sponsored enterprises.

The FIBO Indices and Indicators specification covers two considerations: the content of the model as a set of business concepts, and the presentation of this content for business domain expert review as described in [FIBO Foundations]. The latter requirement is important both for the use of the content as a formal business conceptual model within a technology development lifecycle, and for extension of this model content.

Extension of this model may be undertaken either by individual firms, or as part of the submission of model content for future versions of this specification.

This specification describes the content of FIBO Indices and Indicators. The [FIBO Foundations] specification describes the modeling notation which has been employed and the requirements for presentation of this material to domain experts.

1.2 Scope of Financial Industry Business Ontologies: Indices and Indicators

1.2.1 How This Specification fits with the overall FIBO

This specification describes a set of ontologies of and relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates, economic indicators and market indices, within the overall framework and heading of the Financial Industry Business Ontology (FIBO). The ontology content described in this specification is developed and maintained using the same modeling framework as all FIBO ontologies. It both extends and references a subset of the ontologies specified in FIBO Foundations [FIBO Foundations]. It also depends on a subset of the ontologies specified in FIBO Business Entities [FIBO BE].

1.2.2 Business Scope

The business scope of this specification is all terms relating to and definitive of a range of market and economic

indicators that are considered by financial industry firms, regulators and other industry participants to be of relevance in the financial services domain.

The scope of the concepts in this specification is those common to

- · Published rates about markets and about economic performance generally,
- Interest rates (lending rates, inter-bank rates, reference rates),
- Rates of exchange between currencies,
- Economic indicators which provide some measure of some economy (inflation rates, Gross Domestic Product, unemployment rates),
- Also in scope for FIBO-IND but not in this specification are market indices composed of simulated baskets of
 issued securities, credit indices based on baskets of risk-sensitive debts and so on.

These are concepts which have a temporal element, that is the value of each index and indicator has a current value, a number of past values the number of which varies according to the frequency with which that index is published, and an indefinite number of projected future values as determined by some party at some time by some means. The temporal aspects of Indices and Indicators are provided via the normative reference to [FIBO Foundations] and/or [DTV].

Many derivatives are named for the index or interest rate which is the underlying of that derivative, for example when a trader speaks of "selling the S&P500" index. It should be understood that, notwithstanding the commonality of names, there is a semantic and economic distinction between an index and a contract which gives the holder some participation in changes to that index. This specification deals only with the indices not the derivatives of those indices, which are to be provided in other FIBO specifications which will depend on the concepts here.

1.2.3 Relation to Existing Market Index and Economic Indicator Standards

The model defined in this specification is a "business conceptual model" as described in Section 1.2 of the [FIBO Foundations] specification. A business conceptual model in the sense used here is one which represents things in the business domain as distinct from data descriptions for data about those things, and which does not reflect the technical constraints of any given application. As such this specification is intended to be complementary to technical standards in the financial services industry, most of which were developed and are framed (positioned) either as logical data models or as physical message schemas. For this reason this specification includes concepts which contribute towards the definition of a concept or the disambiguation of concepts without reference to whether all of these individual properties would be used within a physical application.

To the extent that logical data model or physical message standards include content relating to indices and indicators, this specification defines the semantics of those data and message elements.

Standards for derivative transactions such as FpML are descriptive of derivatives including those which are derivative of indices and indicators, and are not definitive descriptions of the indices or indicators themselves. FpML does contain individual message terms which refer to these indices and indicators but these are intended to refer to these concepts in the definition of derivative instruments, they are not intended to define these concepts themselves. These message schema elements are framed at the physical level while the current specification is at the conceptual level. These FIBO models represent a computationally independent model.

The [ISO 20022] standard has a component referred to as the "Financial Industry Business Information Model" [FIBIM] which includes indices and indicators terms. Many of the terms in this specification were initially defined with reference to that specification and subsequently refined by subject matter expert reviews. As such, this specification is intended to provide the conceptual model business concepts which correspond to the more technical design models in the ISO 20022 FIBIM material.

1.3 Definitions

The human readable definitions have been constructed by and with the input of business subject matter experts.

Many definitions have been derived from definitions of data elements corresponding to those terms in industry data standards and messaging standards. These have been adapted where necessary to ensure that they are descriptive of the thing itself and not of data elements for data about those things. These have been reviewed by industry subject matter experts to ensure that such adaptation accurately captures the sense of the business concept. In cases where the definition in a technical industry standard was incomplete, context-specific or tautologous, a fresh definition was framed by the industry subject matter experts who participated in these reviews. Where this was not possible, a third party definition was proposed and adopted.

1.3.1. Definitions Policy

Many definitions in this specification were initially derived from terms given in the ISO 20022 FIBIM model, with adaptations to the definitions text where necessary to re-frame the definition from that of a data element, field or table to the definition of the thing in the world to which the FIBO concept refers. The exceptions to this approach are where additional concepts were added during industry subject matter expert reviews; in these cases the definition has been arrived at through consensus of the financial industry subject matter experts participating in those reviews. The policy which follows is given for FIBO specifications in general but has not needed to be called upon for this specification.

Where definitions for the FIBO industry terms are derived from third party sources, the policy for arriving at those definitions is as follows (and remains so for future iterations and extensions):

1. In the absence of a definition endorsed by the subject matter experts for a term, definitions will be sourced from US government sites, including the US Federal Reserve Bank of NY, and the Bureau of Labor and Statistics (BLS), as appropriate.

2. When there is a conflict with the definition of a Financial Industry term with the same term in another Industry, the Financial Industry definition will be used within FIBO.

In all cases the source from which the definition was obtained, or from which it was adapted, is recorded in annotation metadata for that concept.

2 Conformance

Audience: Technical, semantic technology and standards audiences.

2.1 Applications for which Conformance Points Exist

This Clause defines conformance points for the following types of artifacts:

- Technical applications of FIBO such as logical data models, XML schemas, operational ontologies, code, and other technical artifacts
- Extensions of FIBO
- Representations of FIBO for business consumption
 - In diagrams
 - In spreadsheets and tables

Conformance of technical applications of FIBO is the most important conformance point, because it addresses the core issue of what it means to conform to the ontologies that FIBO defines.

Note that in addition to conformant applications, there are a number of scenarios in which someone may make use of the FIBO ontologies as a business conceptual model while applying their own design to meet their requirements. It is not possible to define specific conformance points for each of the possible ways in which one may legitimately develop a conventional database application or an operational OWL ontology that would be a good application.

2.2 Conformance Points

This specification has the following conformant points for the above applications:

- Conformant extension: as described in [FIBO Foundations] for conformant extensions to model content
- Operational ontologies: conformance may be asserted for
 - o This entire specification (FIBO-Full conformance)
 - o Ontology conformance subject to the ontology dependencies;
- The content of this specification may be rendered conformant with the model presentation conformance points described under "Conformant Presentation of Model Content" in [FIBO Foundations] both for diagrams and for tabular reports.
- Spreadsheets may assert conformance to the "tabular presentation" conformance point described under "Conformant Presentation of Model Content" in [FIBO Foundations] without reference to other material.

2.3 Operational Ontology Conformance

An OWL ontology derived from this specification (known as an "operational ontology") is conformant to this specification if:

- It uses individual ontologies in this specification along with imports of any ontologies that are shown as imported by the ontologies in this specification; or
- It uses some sub-set of the terms contained in individual ontologies in this specification, along with imports of any ontologies that are shown as imported by the ontologies in this specification and the terms which are used in the ontology make reference to the terms which are in the imported ontologies; there is no need to import ontologies which contain only terms which are not referred to by the terms that are used in the ontology which asserts such conformance.

When asserting conformance in terms of this conformance point, the operational ontology should identify and name to which of the individual ontologies in this specification the application is conformant.

For detailed descriptions of the above conformance points and others, please refer to [FIBO Foundations].

3 References

3.1 Normative References

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.

Reference	Description	
[Dublin Core]	DCMI Metadata Terms, Issued 2013-06-14 by the Dublin Core Metadata Initiative.	
	Available at http://www.dublincore.org/documents/dcmi-terms/.	
[DTV]	The OMG Date Time Vocabulary version 1.1. Anticipated Summer 2014 at	
	http://www.omg.org/spec/DTV/1.1/	
[FIBO BE]	Financial Industry Business Ontology (FIBO) – Business Entities (EDMC-FIBO/BE).	
	Available at http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/	
[FIBO Foundations]	Financial Industry Business Ontology (FIBO) – Foundations (EDMC-FIBO/FND).	
	Available at http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/	
[ISO 1087]	ISO 1087-1:2000 Terminology — Vocabulary — Part 1: Theory and application	
[MOF Core]	Meta Object Facility (MOF TM) Core, v2.4.2. Available at	
	http://www.omg.org/spec/MOF/2.4.2/.	
[MOF XMI]	MOF 2/XMI (XML Metadata Interchange) Mapping Specification, v2.4.2. Available	
	at http://www.omg.org/spec/XMI/2.4.2/.	
[ODM 1.1]	Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM), v1.1. Available at	
	http://www.omg.org/spec/ODM/1.1/.	
[OMG AB Specification	OMG Architecture Board recommendations for specification of ontology metadata,	
Metadata]	Available at http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/20130701/SpecificationMetadata.rdf	
[OWL 2]	OWL 2 Web Ontology Language Quick Reference Guide (Second Edition), W3C	
L	Recommendation 11 December 2012. Available at http://www.w3.org/TR/2012/REC-	
	owl2-quick-reference-20121211/.	
[RDF 1.1]	RDF 1.1 Concepts and Abstract Syntax, W3C Proposed recommendation available at	
[]	http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/WD-rdf11-concepts-20130723/	
[RDF Concepts]	Resource Description Framework (RDF): Concepts and Abstract Syntax. Graham	
L I I	Klyne and Jeremy J. Carroll, Editors. W3C Recommendation, 10 February 2004.	
	Latest version is available at http://www.w3.org/TR/rdf-concepts/.	
[RDF Schema]	RDF Vocabulary Description Language 1.0: RDF Schema. Dan Brickley and R.V.	
[]	Guha, Editors. W3C Recommendation, 10 February 2004. Latest version is available	
	at http:// www.w3.org/TR/rdf-schema/.	
[SKOS]	SKOS Simple Knowledge Organization System Reference, W3C Recommendation	
[]	18 August 2009. Available at http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-skos-reference-	
	20090818/.	
[UML2]	Unified Modeling Language [™] (UML®), version 2.4.1. Available at	
L- 3	http://www.omg.org/spec/UML/2.4.1/.	
[Unicode]	The Unicode Standard, Version 3, The Unicode Consortium, Addison-Wesley, 2000.	
	ISBN 0-201-61633-5, as updated from time to time by the publication of new	
	versions. (See http:// www.unicode.org/unicode/standard/versions/ for the latest	
	version and additional information on versions of the standard and of the Unicode	
	Character Database).	
[UTF-8]	RFC 3629: UTF-8, a transformation format of ISO 10646. F. Yergeau. IETF,	
	November 2003, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3629.txt	
[W3C Datatypes in RDF	XML Schema Datatypes in RDF and OWL, W3C Working Group Note 14 March	
and OWL]	2006, Available at http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/NOTE-swbp-xsch-datatypes-	
	20060314/.	
[XML Schema Datatypes]	XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes. W3C Recommendation 28 October 2004. Latest	
51.03	version is available at <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/</u> .	
k		

3.2 Non Normative References

The following informative documents are referenced throughout this text or in parts of the Annexes:

Reference	Description
[ISO 20022]	ISO 20022 Financial Services - Universal financial industry message scheme, available at
	www.iso20022.org
[OMV]	Ontology Metadata Vocabulary (OMV) - http://omv2.sourceforge.net/ (a standard giving
	metadata for ontology-level information)
[FIBIM]	ISO TC68/SC4/WG11 Document N012 version 3

4 Terms and Definitions

For the purposes of this specification, the following terms and definitions apply.

Content

Definition:	Subject matter

Business conceptual model

Definition:	A model which represents and only represents business <u>subject matter</u> without reference to the design of any solution or data model representation.
Ontology	
Definition:	A formalization of a conceptualization. For the purposes of this specification the formali- zation is in OWL, using ODM as a means to render this, and the conceptualization is that of business <u>subject matter</u> .
Operational Ontology	,
Definition:	An <u>ontology</u> which is intended for use within some application.
Subject matter	
Definition:	Information about things in the universe of discourse; the essential facts, data, or ideas that constitute the basis of spoken, written, or artistic expression or representation; often : the substance as distinguished from the form especially of an artistic or literary production.
Taxonomy	
Definition:	A set of terms which stand in some classification relation to one another.

5 Symbols and Abbreviations

5.1 Symbols

There are no symbols introduced by this specification.

5.2 Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used throughout this specification:

- OWL Web Ontology Language
- ODM Ontology Definition Metamodel
- RDF Resource Definition Framework
- SME Subject Matter Expert
- UML Unified Modeling Language
- URI Uniform Resource Identifier
- URL Uniform Resource Locator
- XMI XML Metadata Interchange
- XML eXtensible Markup Language

Additional symbols and abbreviations that are used only in annexes to this specification are given in those annexes.

6 Additional Information

6.1 How to Read this Specification

6.1.1 Audience

This specification has the following audiences:

- The standards community
- The finance industry business community
- The regulatory community
- Technical architects
- Semantic Modelers

6.1.1.1 Standards Community

This audience is intended to be able to follow and validate the way in which this specification sets out the arrangements for the production and maintenance of model content, and the production of business-facing reports and diagrams representing parts of that content.

6.1.1.2 The Finance Industry Business Community

As noted in the section on conformance (section 2) this specification includes detailed requirements for the production of diagrams and reports which are intended for consumption by business subject matter experts. This specification also contains material addressed at this audience, this being an informative annex on "Interpreting Model Content". This audience is not intended to read and understand the remaining parts of this specification.

6.1.1.3 The Regulatory Community

As for Finance Industry Business Community.

6.1.1.4 Technical Architects

These include but are not limited to:

- o Tooling vendors and developers
- o Other content providers / enriched content providers
- o Business Analysts anyone who uses the model whether they are a modeler, a metadata analyst, etc.
- Technology Management

The bulk of the "Architecture" section is intended to be read and understood by these audiences and by the 'Semantic Modelers' audience.

6.1.1.5 Semantic Modelers

Much of the material in this specification is intended to be read and understood by semantic modelers. This includes the 'Conformance' chapter (Chapter 2) and the 'Architecture' chapter (Chapter 8).

6.2 Acknowledgements

The following organization submitted this specification:

• Enterprise Data Management Council

The following companies have provided significant expertise and resources in the development of its content and architecture:

- Adaptive Inc.
- Australia and New Zealand Banking Group
- AVOX/DTCC
- Bank of America
- Barclays Capital
- BBH
- Bloomberg
- Business Semantics
- CIBC
- Citigroup Inc.
- Credit Suisse Group AG
- CUSIP
- The Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)
- David Frankel Consulting
- FacetApp
- Fidelity
- GoldenSource Corporation
- HSBC Holdings plc
- JPMorgan Chase & Co.

- The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company
- Michigan State University
- Model Driven Solutions
- Model Systems
- Morgan Stanley
- MphasiS
- National Australia Bank
- No Magic
- Nomos Software
- Nordea Bank
- Oakland University
- OntoAge
- OpenFinance
- PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
- Revelytix
- Sallie Mae
- SAP
- Semantic Arts
- State Street
- Sungard
- SWIFT
- Tahoe Blue
- Thematix Partners LLC
- Thomson Reuters
- UBS AG
- University of British Columbia
- University College Cork
- Wells Fargo
- Wizdom Systems, Inc.

7 Introduction

7.1 Audiences

Readers are encouraged to read Section 6.1 on the different intended audiences for this specification.

7.1.1 Audience for this Section

The audience for this section is anyone who wishes to understand this standard, whether from a business or a technical standpoint.

7.1.2 Reading this Standard

Technical audiences (in both conventional and semantic technology) are directed at the "Architecture" section (Section 8).

Business audiences (financial industry participants, regulators and others) are directed at this Introduction and at Annex A on interpreting model content (Annex B).

The business content defined in this standard is intended to be presented both in a business-facing format and in a complete, technical format. The latter is intended for consumption by technical and standards audiences only. This specification defines the content of the standard and the ways in which it is to be presented to business readers.

7.2 Specification Overview

7.2.1 Non Technical Overview

Audience: Business.

This specification provides a model of financial market indices and economic indicators terms, definitions and relationships. The model contains no technical design content and is a representation of the indices and indicators concepts. This specification describes the technical arrangements by which this has been brought about, the requirements to be placed upon semantic modelers who are to extend this content locally or who propose updates to the model, and the requirements by which the content of this and future extensions are to be presented to business domain participants, so that they may understand and review the model content without the need for any formal technical training.

7.2.2 Technical Overview

Audience: Technical architects.

The model content is developed and maintained using the Unified Modeling Language as a modeling tool framework, but with all model content built using the formal constructs of the Web Ontology Language (OWL). This is achieved using the OMG's Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM) specification.

The use of the ODM specification in this specification is limited to a specific sub-set of OWL constructs, and is also limited to the range of UML base classes that is allowed for each of the OWL constructs that are used, as defined in the [FIBO Foundations] specification.

The model content is made available as serialized ODM UML in the form of XMI files ("ODM XMI"); as serialized UML in the form of XMI files ("UML XMI") and as OWL files in the RDF/XML syntax. The deliverables are described in Annex A.

7.3 Business Usage Scenarios

7.3.1 Indices and Indicators Usage Scenarios

A number of business scenarios are supported by this specification. These include:

- Formal definitions and concepts for market indices, interest rates and economic indicators for reference in integration of systems and data feeds and for model driven development of applications which refer to these concepts;
- Index and indicator terms for the definition of derivatives contracts as types of underlying variable;
- Index, interest rate and indicator terms for the definition of variable interest or variable amortization payments in negotiable securities (principally debt securities) and in loans;
- Development of semantic models (ontologies) of derivatives and securities contracts which have indices, indicators or interest rates as their underlying variables ontologies for those contracts whether developed privately or as future FIBO specifications, would semantically import the concepts in this specification.
- Risk applications including credit risk, market risk.

8 Architecture

Intended Audiences: Technologists, Semantic Technologists, Standards Implementers.

8.1 Overview

The architecture of FIBO is described in the [FIBO Foundations] specification.

Please also refer to the Scope section (Section 1) and the Definitions (Section 4) for detailed treatment of the terms and concepts referred to.

8.2 The Foundations Models

This specification makes reference to specific sets of concepts in the [FIBO Foundations] specification.

As a consequence of the modeling principles, the model requires ontologies of things which are not specific to indices and indicators. The Foundations ontologies include legal concepts like contracts, business concepts such as service provision, as well as an extensive set of concepts for times, dates, mathematical constructs, events and activities, and so on. FIBO Indices and Indicators draws extensively on abstractions for numeric measures as well as concepts in the area of business entities drawn from the [FIBO BE] Business Entities specification, to describe publishers of indicators, interest rates and economic indicators.

Models of these concepts are maintained as described in the [FIBO Foundations] specification and the [FIBO Business Entities] specification.

8.3 Ontology Architecture and Namespaces

As described in the [FIBO Foundations] specification in section 8.2, the ontology architecture for FIBO is designed to facilitate reuse and ontology evolution to the degree possible. An important goal of this specification is to provide the foundational terminology, including basic terminology describing amounts and rates, which provides high-level, abstract conceptual knowledge intended to facilitate mapping. The basic building blocks for the Indices and Indicators (IND) Ontology, building on the architecture provided in [FIBO Foundations], are shown in Figure 8.1, below.

As shown in the diagram, the IND ontologies are divided up into a number of *modules*. These include: indicators (concepts common to more than one type of index, rate or indicator), foreign exchange rates, interest rates and economic indicators.

The IND modules will ultimately depend on (1) Basic Terminology and Ontology Metadata (in light gray in the figure), (2) Foundations, (3) Business Entities and (4) a number of external modules, representing concepts for Natural Language, Geopolitical Entities (for example ISO 3166 Country codes, regional and municipal designations), and concepts defining dates, times, and durations. A sample set of these anticipated external resources are given in the dark gray layer in the figure.

	Interest Rate Publishers	Economic Indicator Publishers	
Indicators	Interest Rate	Economic Indicators	Foreign Exchange
	Legal Entitie	Functional Entities	
Acco	unting Orga	anizations Pa	rties
Utilities	Places	Relations	Agents and People
Natural Language	Geopolitical Entities	Postal Addressing	Date Time Vocabulary (DTV)
Ba	asic Terminolog	/ & Ontology Metada	nta

Figure 8.1 Indices and Indicators Ontology Architecture

The namespaces and their well-known prefixes corresponding to external elements required for use of FIBO Indices and Indicators include all of those listed in the FIBO Foundations specification and selected concepts from the FIBO Business Entities specification, as well as those required for the use of Foundations itself. Table 8.1 lists those prefixes and namespaces considered external to Foundations. Table 8.2 provides those required for use of Foundations while Table 8.3 provides those required for use of the Business Entities specification (repeated here for convenience).

Table 8.1 Prefix and Namespaces fo	or referenced/external vocabularies
------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

Namespace Prefix	Namespace
rdf	http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#
rdfs	http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#
owl	http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#
xsd	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#
dct	http://purl.org/dc/terms/
skos	http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#
sm	http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/SpecificationMetadata/
Issue <u>FIIF-7:</u>	Table 8.2 is missing prefixes added in FND FTF-2

Namespace Prefix	Namespace
fibo-fnd-acc-aeq	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Accounting/AccountingEquity/
fibo-fnd-acc-cur	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Accounting/CurrencyAmount/
fibo-fnd-aap-agt	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/AgentsAndPeople/Agents/
fibo-fnd-aap-ppl	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/AgentsAndPeople/People/
fibo-fnd-agr-agr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Agreements/Agreements/
fibo-fnd-agr-ctr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Agreements/Contracts/
fibo-fnd-arr-arr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Arrangements/Arrangements/
fibo-fnd-arr-cd	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Arrangements/Codes/
fibo-fnd-arr-doc	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Arrangements/Documents/
fibo-fnd-arr-id	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Arrangements/IdentifiersAndIndices
fibo-fnd-dt-fd	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/DatesAndTimes/FinancialDates/
fibo-fnd-dt-oc	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/DatesAndTimes/Occurrences/
fibo-fnd-dt-bd	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/DatesAndTimes/BusinessDates/
fibo-fnd-gao-gl	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/GoalsAndObjectives/Goals/
fibo-fnd-gao-obj	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/GoalsAndObjectives/Objectives/
fibo-fnd-law-jur	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Law/Jurisdiction/
fibo-fnd-law-lcap	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Law/LegalCapacity/
fibo-fnd-law-cor	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Law/LegalCore/
fibo-fnd-org-fm	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Organizations/FormalOrganizations/
fibo-fnd-org-lg	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Organizations/LegitimateOrganizations/

Namespace Prefix	Namespace
fibo-fnd-org-org	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Organizations/Organizations/
fibo-fnd-oac-ctl	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/OwnershipAndControl/Control/
fibo-fnd-oac-own	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/OwnershipAndControl/Ownership/
fibo-fnd-oac-oac	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/OwnershipAndControl/OwnershipAndControl/
fibo-fnd-pty-pty	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Parties/Parties/
fibo-fnd-pty-rl	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Parties/Roles/
fibo-fnd-plc-adr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Places/Addresses/
fibo-fnd-plc-cty	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Places/Countries/
fibo-fnd-plc-fac	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Places/Facilities/
fibo-fnd-plc-loc	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Places/Locations/
fibo-fnd-plc-vrt	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Places/VirtualPlaces/
fibo-fnd-rel-rel	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Relations/Relations/
fibo-fnd-utl-av	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/AnnotationVocabulary/
fibo-fnd-utl-bt	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Utilities/BusinessFacingTypes/
fibo-fnd-utl-alx	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/Utilities/Analytics/

Table 8.3 Prefix and Namespaces for FIBO Business Entities

Namespace Prefix	Namespace
fibo-be-oac-cpty	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/OwnershipAndControl/ControlParties/
fibo-be-le-cb	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/LegalEntities/CorporateBodies/
fibo-be-oac-cctl	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/OwnershipAndControl/CorporateControl/
fibo-be-oac-cown	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/OwnershipAndControl/CorporateOwnership/

fibo-be-corp-corp	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/Corporations/Corporations/
fibo-be-le-fbo	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/LegalEntities/FormalBusinessOrganizations/
fibo-be-oac-exec	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/OwnershipAndControl/Executives/
fibo-be-fct-fct	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/FunctionalEntities/FunctionalEntities/
fibo-be-fct-pub	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/FunctionalEntities/Publishers/
fibo-be-le-lp	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/LegalEntities/LegalPersons/
fibo-be-le-lei	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/LegalEntities/LEIEntities/
fibo-be-oac-opty	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/OwnershipAndControl/OwnershipParties/
fibo-be-ptr-ptr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/Partnerships/Partnerships/
fibo-be-tr-tr	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/Trusts/Trusts/

As described in the [FIBO Foundations] specification, the namespace approach taken for FIBO is based on OMG guidelines and is constructed as follows:

- A standard prefix http://www.omg.org/spec/
- The family name, EDMC-FIBO
- The abbreviation for the specification: in this case IND
- The module name
- The ontology name

Note that the URI/IRI strategy for the ontologies in FIBO takes a "slash" rather than "hash" approach, in order to accommodate server-side applications. Though not technically necessary, this specification does mandate namespace prefixes to be used. These are constructed as follows with the components separated by "-":

- The specification family name fibo
- The specification abbreviation: ind
- An abbreviation for the module name
- An abbreviation for the ontology name

The namespaces and prefixes corresponding to FIBO Indices and Indicators ontologies are summarized in Table 8.4 for convenience. These are given in alphabetical order, by module, rather than with any intent to show imports relationships.

Table 8.4 Prefix and Namespaces for FIBO Indices and Indicators

N	amo	espac	e Pro	efix	

Namespace

fibo-ind-ind-ind	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/
fibo-ind-fx-fx	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/ForeignExchange/ForeignExchange/
fibo-ind-ir-ir	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/InterestRates/InterestRates/
fibo-ind-ir-pub	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/InterestRates/InterestRatePublishers/
fibo-ind-ei-ei	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicators/
fibo-ind-ei-pub	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicatorPublishers/

9 Model Content Reports

9.1 Overview

This section lists all the terms, definitions and relationships in the Indices and Indicators models defined in this specification.

Please note that this section is not intended to be read by business subject matter experts; for this purpose, tabular reports and spreadsheets should be produced for this audience as described elsewhere in this specification.

9.1.1 Interpreting This Section

This section shows each of the	e components of the model with their OWL construct names where application	able. These are:

Construct Name	Description	
Module:	A grouping of ontologies with some common theme. These also share a namespace fragment in the corresponding OWL files.	
Ontology	A single OWL ontology.	
Class of Thing	An OWL Class, that is, a set of individuals that share a common definition and common properties	
Relationship	In OWL, relationships (object properties) between classes are binary, first class elements. The domain of a relationship is the class that has this relationship, i.e., the source; the range is the class that it is related to, or the target of the relationship.	
Parent	"is a" relationships: these indicate that the child class is a sub-class of its parent class, in other words, the child class is a specialization of its parent class.	
Simple property	Known as attributes in data modeling, and as data properties in OWL, simple properties are properties of their domain (source) class, whose values must be of the same type as their range (target) datatype, such as text or a numeric value. Known as "datatype property" in OWL.	
Datatype Property Range	The type of information in which the OWL Datatype Property is framed	
	Known as "Type" in the tables, where one column combines types of simple properties, and related things (ranges) of relationship properties	
	NOTE: for some simple properties, the range is a DataEnumeration (see below).	

Construct Name	Description
Data Enumeration	These items represent a selection of possible values, which are intended to be taken as literal (e.g. textual) values. A "Simple property" (OWL Datatype Property) may identify one of these as the Simple property Type; this means that any one of the values in the list may be a possible value for this property.
Logical Union	A logical union of Classes. The membership of the union is shown in this specification in the "Related thing or type" column.
Mutually exclusive	Identifies two sets of which no one individual may be a member of both. Known as "disjoint" in OWL.
Definition	The SKOS Definition annotation, giving the formal definition of the concept
Explanatory Note	An annotation giving more detailed business-facing explanations for concepts.
Term Origin	The origin of the concept in some external source, which was directly used as a point of reference in deriving the concept indicated.
Definition Origin	The origin of the written definition for the concept in some external source, which was directly used as a point of reference in deriving the concept indicated.
Definition Adapted From	The origin of the written definition for the concept in some external source, which was adapted and used as a point of reference in deriving the concept indicated.
Restriction	A set theoretic construct representing the refinement of an existing relationship property. The restriction represents a set of things in the business domain, the set being everything which has the stated relationship restricted as shown. Restrictions may be a super-class of some class of thing (representing a necessary condition for membership of that class) or they may be shown as "equivalent to" that class of thing, meaning that the restriction represents necessary and sufficient conditions for membership of that class.

9.2. Module: Indicators

 Table 9.1
 Indicators Module Metadata

Metadata Term	Value
sm:moduleName	Indicators
sm:moduleAbbreviation	FIBO-IND-IND
sm:moduleVersion	1.0
sm:moduleAbstract	This module includes ontologies for concepts common to all types of market index and market indicator or economic measure. These are all types of numeric parameter which vary over time, and are published by some source. These are divided into concepts descriptive of the numeric parameter, and concepts descriptive of the values which those parameters take over time.

9.2.1 Ontology: Indicators

This ontology provides the concepts common to all market rates, indices and indicators; that is concepts descriptive of the numeric parameters themselves. These are modeled independently of the values they may take over time.

Table 9.2 Indicators Ontology Metadata

Metadata Term	Value
sm:filename	Indicators
sm:fileAbbreviation	fibo-ind-ind
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20150501/Indicators/Indicators/ http://www.omg.org/spec/ED MC-FIBO/IND/20140601/Indicators/Indicators/
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-

Metadata Term	Value
	<pre>FIBO/BE/http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/SpecificationMetadata/</pre>
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilitics/AnnotationVocabulary/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC_FIBO/FND/Utilities/Analytics/
	htt p://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilitics/BusincssFacingTypes/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC_FIBO/FND/Relations/Relations/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Organizations/FormalOrganizations/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/FunctionalEntitics/Publishers/

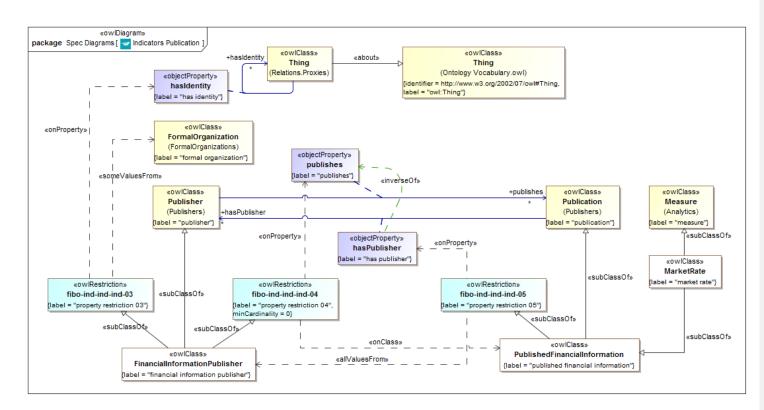


Figure 9.1 Indicators Publication Concepts

Diagram showing the basic concepts in the Indicators Publishers ontology for publication of market indices and indicators.

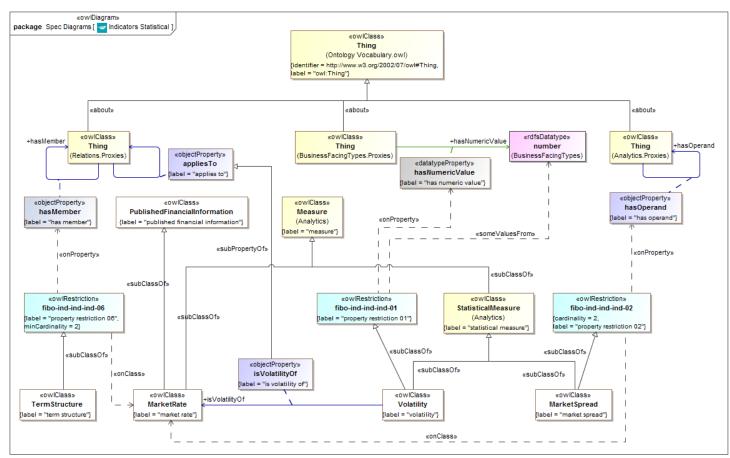


Figure 9.2 Indicators Analytical Concepts

Diagram showing the analytical or statistical types of indicator concept in the Indicators ontology.

Table 9.3 Indicators Details

Classes

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Explanatory Note
FinancialInformation Publisher	financial information publisher	a formal organization acting as a publisher or provider of information related to the financial markets or of interest to financial market participants such as information on economies.	property restriction 04 property restriction 03 publisher	
MarketRate	market rate	a measure that is also published financial information providing a rate used to measure market trends for a set of instruments (S&P500, NASDAQ composite, 30 day CD) or that describes the economic climate for an industry (DowJones Industrial, H&Q Growth Technologies) and/or political region (Libor, Prime)	measure published financial information	
MarketSpread	market spread	a statistical measure providing the difference (or spread) between two market rates.	statistical measure property restriction 02	
PublishedFinancialInformation	published financial information	published information made available by a financial information publisher	property restriction 05 publication	
TermStructure	term structure	two or more related instruments with different terms to maturity, such that a yield curve may be constructed for the structure	property restriction 06	
Volatility	volatility	a statistical measure of the rate of change in pricing for a given security or market index	statistical measure property restriction 01	Volatility can be determined using the standard deviation or variance among prices for the security or

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Explanatory Note
				market index over
				some period of time.
				For a specific security,
				volatility may
				measure the amount
				and frequency in rapid
				price fluctuation. It is
				computed as the
				annualized standard
				deviation of the
				percentage change in
				a security's daily
				price.

Properties for Volatility

Name	Property	Domain	Range	Definition	Parent
isVolatilityOf	is volatility of	volatility	market rate	a predicate indicating the market rate to which the volatility measure applies and of which it is a measure.	applies to

Restrictions

Name	Label	Expressions
fibo-ind-ind-ind-01	property restriction 01	hasNumericValue some number
fibo-ind-ind-ind-02	property restriction 02	hasOperand exactly 2 MarketRate
fibo-ind-ind-03	property restriction 03	hasIdentity some FormalOrganization
fibo-ind-ind-ind-04	property restriction 04	publishes min 0 PublishedFinancialInformation
fibo-ind-ind-ind-05	property restriction 05	hasPublisher only FinancialInformationPublisher
fibo-ind-ind-ind-06	property restriction 06	hasMember min 2 MarketRate

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9.3 Module: Foreign Exchange

 Table 9.4
 Foreign Exchange Module Metadata

 Metadata Term
 Value

 sm:moduleName
 Foreign Exchange

 sm:moduleAbbreviation
 FIBO-IND-FX

 sm:moduleVersion
 1.0

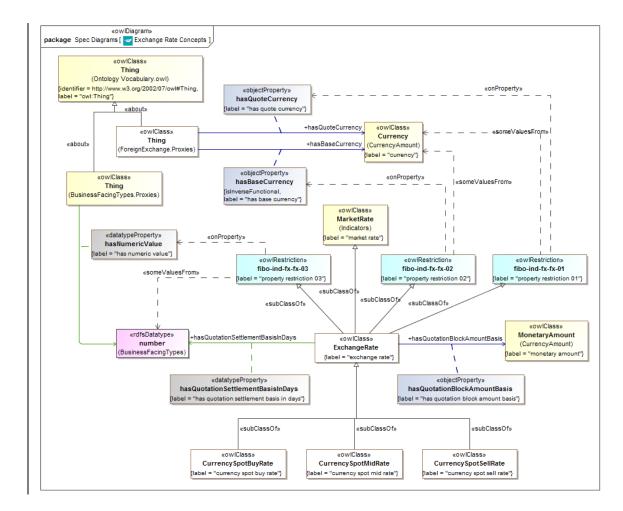
 sm:moduleAbbtract
 This module includes ontologies defining concepts to do with foreign exchange.

9.3.1 Ontology: Foreign Exchange

This ontology provides the parameters for foreign exchange rates, covering spot and forward rates, as well as Fx spot rate volatilities.

Issue FIIF-5: Revise the version IRI and dependsOn properties					
Table 9.5 Foreign Exchange Ontology Metadata					
Metadata Term	Value				
sm:filename	ForeignExchange				
sm:fileAbbreviation	fibo-ind-fx-fx				
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/ForeignExchange/ForeignExchange/				
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20150501/ForeignExchange/ForeignExchange http://www.omg.or g/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/20140601/ForeignExchange/ForeignExchange//				
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/S pecificationMetadata/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/AnnotationVocabulary/				

<u>Issue</u>	FIIF-5:	Replace Figure 9.3	



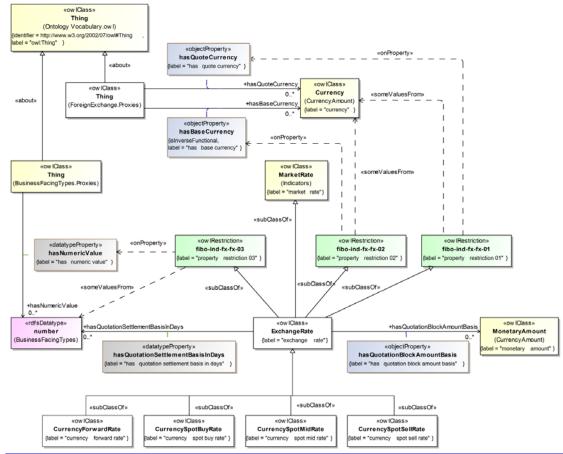
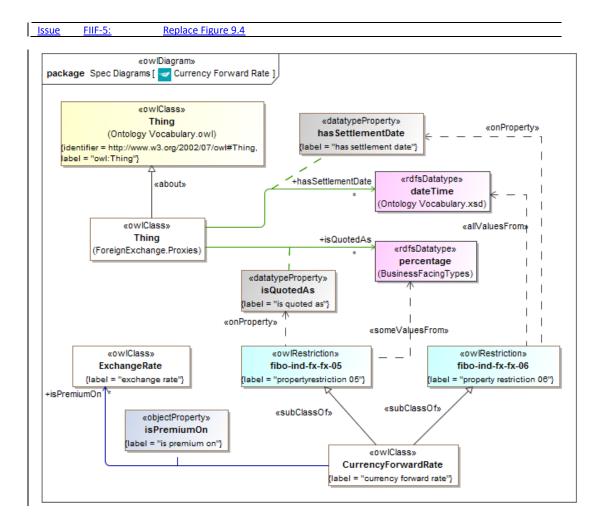


Figure 9.3 Foreign Exchange: Exchange Rate Concepts

Diagram showing the basic concepts in the Foreign Exchange ontology.



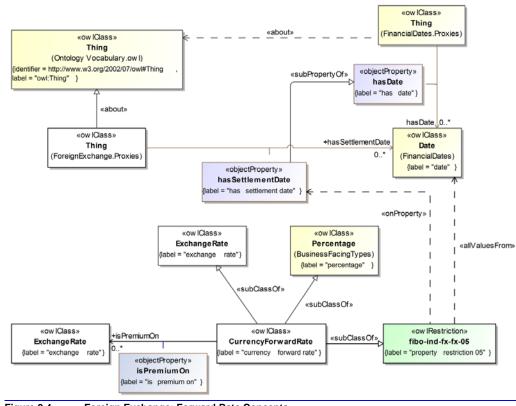


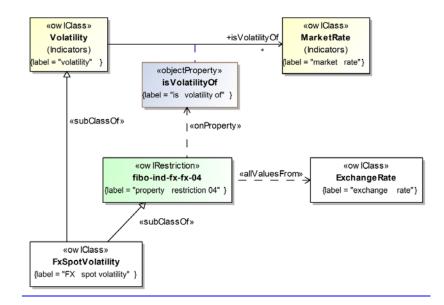
Figure 9.4 Foreign Exchange: Forward Rate Concepts

Diagram showing forward rate concepts in the Foreign Exchange ontology.

Issue FIIF-5: Replace Figure 9.5

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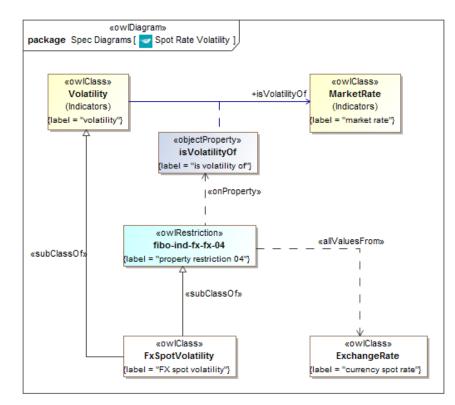


Figure 9.5 Foreign Exchange: Spot Volatility Concepts

Diagram showing the concepts of spot rate volatility in the Foreign Exchange ontology.

<u>lssue</u>	FIIF-5:	Revise Tables 9.6, 9.7, and 9.8 via auto-generation of the updated content from the
		model.

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Table 9.6 Foreign Exchange Details

Classes

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Explanatory Note
CurrencyForwardRate	currency forward rate	The a rate of exchange between two currencies for settlement at some future point in time, expressed as a premium on the spot rate.	property restriction 06 property restriction 05 measureexchange rate percentage	
CurrencySpotBuyRate	currency spot buy rate	an indicative spot buying market rate as observed by the reporting source-	exchange rate	
CurrencySpotMidRate	currency spot mid rate	an indicative middle market (mean of spot buying and selling) rates as observed by the reporting source.	exchange rate	
CurrencySpotSellRate	currency spot sell rate	an indicative spot selling market rate as observed by the reporting source-	exchange rate	
ExchangeRate	exchange rate	An indicative, quoted exchange rate at a point in time, for a given block amount of currency as quoted against another (base) currency, for settlement at a defined point in the immediate future.	property restriction 03 property restriction 02 property restriction 01 market rate	For example an exchange rate of R represents a rate of R units of the dealt currency to 1 unit of the base currency.
FxSpotVolatility	FX spot volatility	A measure of exchange rate fluctuation. Mathematically the volatility is the annualized standard	volatility property restriction 04	

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Explanatory Note
		deviation of the daily		
		changes in the exchange		
		rate.		

Properties

Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition	Explanatory Note
hasBaseCurrency	has base currency		currency	a predicate indicating the base currency in an exchange rate; one unit of this currency represents R units of the dealt currency, where R is the exchange rate value	
hasQuotationBlock AmountBasis	has quotation block amount basis	exchange rate	monetary amount	the amount of the dealt currency which would be exchanged in a trade for which the stated spot rate applies	
hasQuotationSettlement BasisInDays	has quotation settlement basis in days	exchange rate	number	the settlement period in days for a trade for which the stated spot rate applies	
hasQuoteCurrency	has quote currency		currency	a predicate indicating the quote currency in an exchange rate; R units of this currency represent one unit of the base currency	
hasSettlementDate	has settlement date		xsd:dateTimeDate	a predicate indicating the settlement date of a given transaction	subpropertyOf hasDate
isPremiumOn	is premium on	currency forward rate	exchange rate	The currency forward rate is expressed as a premium on the spot rate for the currency pair	

	Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition	Explanatory Note
	isQuotedAs	is quoted as		percentage	the forward rate expressed as a percentage of the corresponding	the forward rate, being quoted as a premium on the spot rate.
					spot rate	is quoted as a percentage figure
	Restrictions					
	Name	Label		Express	sions	
	fibo-ind-fx-fx-01	property restriction 01	hasQuoteCurrent	cy some Currency		
	fibo-ind-fx-fx-02	property restriction 02	hasBaseCurrenc	y some Currency		
	fibo-ind-fx-fx-03	property restriction 03	hasNumericValu	e some number		
	fibo-ind-fx-fx-04	property restriction 04	isVolatilityOf on	ly ExchangeRate		
l	fibo ind fx fx 05	property restriction 05	isQuotedAs som	e percentage		

hasSettlementDate only dateTimeDate

9.4 Module: Interest Rates

fibo-ind-fx-fx-056

П

 Table 9.7
 Interest Rates Module Metadata

property restriction 06

Metadata Term	Value
sm:moduleName	InterestRates
<pre>sm:moduleAbbreviation</pre>	FIBO-IND-IR
sm:moduleVersion	1.0
sm:moduleAbstract	This module includes ontologies defining concepts to do with interest rates, that is rates of interest paid on capital by banks and other lenders, including inter-bank lending rates and rates of certain representative debt instruments.

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9.4.1 Ontology: Interest Rates

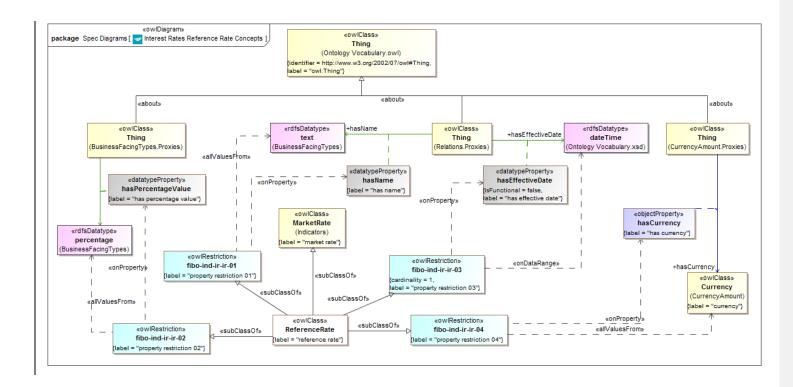
This ontology provides the basic types of interest rate which are recognized in the financial markets, and the relationships between these where applicable. These include bank base rates, inter-bank offer rates, overnight rates of interest and the US Federal Funds rate which is widely used as a rate of reference. It also includes the concept of a market rate spread between two interest rates.

Issue FIIF-5: Revise the version IRI and dependsOn properties

Table 9.8	Interest Rates Ontology Metadata
-----------	----------------------------------

Metadata Term	Value
sm:filename	InterestRates
<pre>sm:fileAbbreviation</pre>	fibo-ind-ir-ir
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/InterestRates/InterestRates/
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20150501/InterestRates/InterestRates/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20140201/InterestRates/InterestRates/
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/ http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/S pecificationMetadata/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/AnnotationVocabulary/

Issue FIIF-5: Replace Figure 9.6 and the description under it.



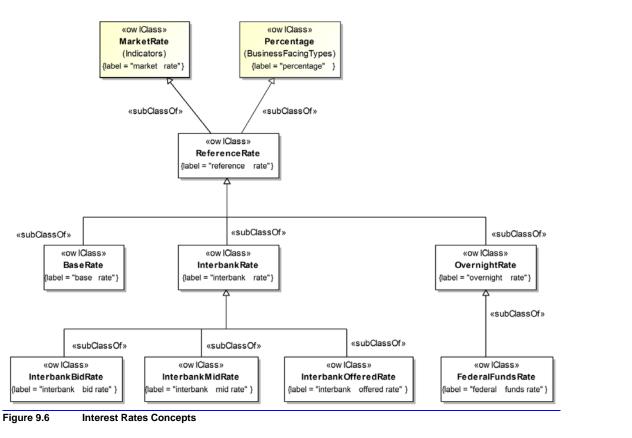
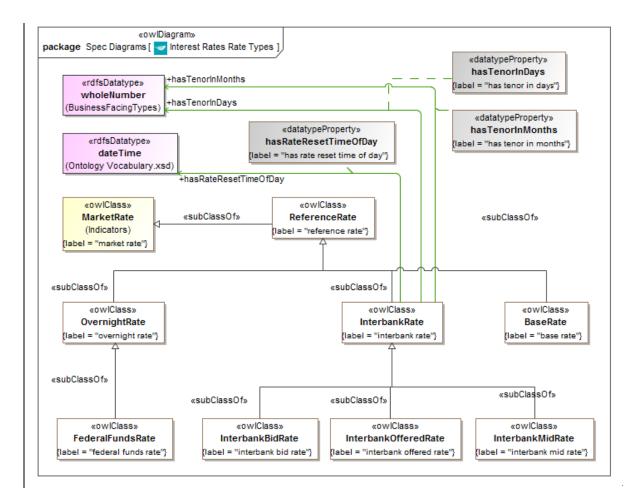


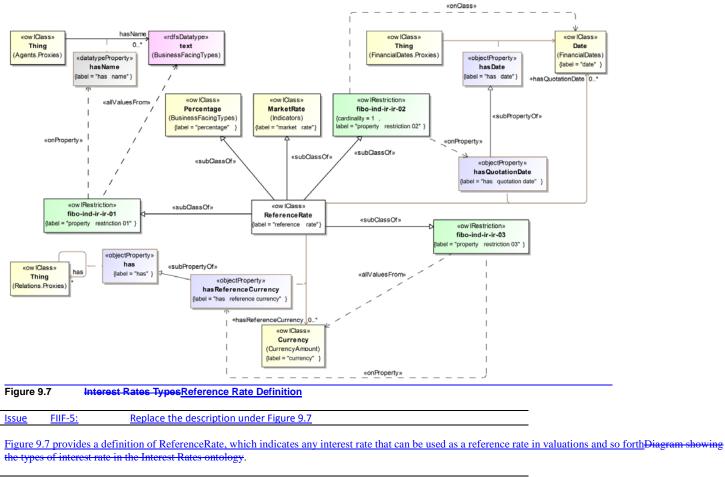
Figure 9.6, above, depicts the primary concepts in the Interest Rates ontology Diagram showing the main concepts for interest reference rate in the Interest Rates ontology.

Issue FIIF-5: Replace Figure 9.7 and the caption under it.

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insert a new right 5. Including caption and description	Issue	FIIF-5:	Insert a new Figure 9.8, including caption and description
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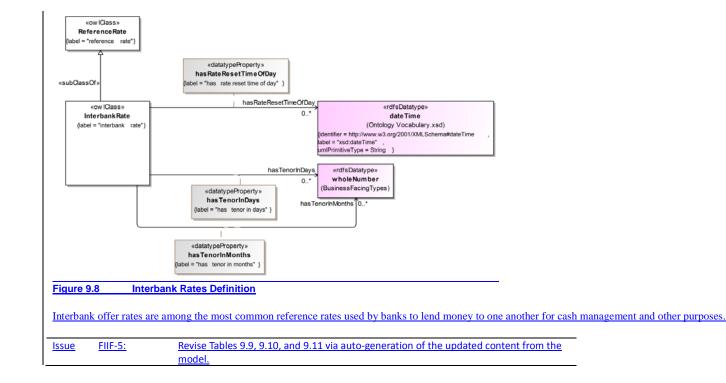


Table 9.9 Interest Rates Details

Classes

Name	typeOfThing	definition	parent	explanatoryNote
ReferenceRate	reference rate	a market rate that is a rate of interest paid by or agreed among some bank or set of banks	property restriction 04 property restriction 03 property restriction 02 property restriction 01 market rate, percentage	The reference rate is a moving index such as LIBOR, the prime rate or the rate on benchmark U.S. Treasuries.

Name	typeOfThing	definition	parent	explanatoryNote
OvernightRate	overnight rate	a reference rate that is an interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds to another depository institution (short-term), or the interest rate the central bank charges a financial institution to borrow money overnight	reference rate	The overnight rate is the lowest available interest rate, and as such, it is only available to the most creditworthy institutions. It is the underlying rate for Overnight Interest Rate Swaps (IOS).
InterbankRate	interbank rate	a reference rate that is the rate of interest charged on short- term loans between banks	reference rate	Banks borrow and lend money in the interbank market in order to manage liquidity and meet the requirements placed on them. The interest rate charged depends on the availability of money in the market, on prevailing rates and on the specific terms of the contract, such as term length.
InterbankOfferedRate	interbank offered rate	an interbank rate that is the interest rate at which participating banks lend money	interbank rate	
re		an interbank rate that represents the mid-point between bid and offer rates	interbank rate	
inte par to b		an interbank rate that is the interest rate at which participating banks are willing to borrow deposits from other banks	interbank rate	Unlike an interbank offered rate, which is the rate at which banks lend money, an interbank bid rate is the rate at which banks ask to borrow.

Name	typeOfThing	definition	parent	explanatoryNote
FederalFundsRate	federal funds rate, <u>US federal funds</u> <u>rate, fed funds</u> <u>rate</u>	a reference rate that is the interest rate at which a depository institution lends funds maintained at the Federal Reserve to another depository institution overnight.	overnight rate	By trading government securities, the New York Fed affects the federal funds rate, which is the interest rate at which depository institutions lend balances to each other overnight. The Federal Open Market Committee establishes the target rate for trading in the federal funds market. The federal funds rate is generally only applicable to the most creditworthy institutions when they borrow and lend overnight funds to each other. The federal funds rate is one of the most influential interest rates in the U.S. economy, since it affects monetary and financial conditions, which in turn have a bearing on key aspects of the broad economy including employment, growth and inflation. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC), which is the Federal Reserve's primary monetary policymaking body, telegraphs its desired target for the federal funds rate through open market operations.
BaseRate	base rate	a reference rate that is the base rate set by a central bank for a given currency	reference rate	This is set at intervals.

Properties

Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition
hasQuotationDate	<u>has quotation</u> date	<u>ReferenceRate</u>	<u>Date</u>	relates a reference rate to the date it was quoted on

hasReferenceCurrency	has reference currency	<u>ReferenceRate</u>	Currency	relates a reference rate to the currency it is based on
hasRateResetTimeOfDay	has rate reset time of day	interbank rate	xsd:dateTime	a predicate indicating the time of day when the rate is reset e.g., 11:00
hasTenorInDays	has tenor in days	interbank rate	whole number	a predicate indicating the length of time for which the interbank rate is quoted expressed as a number of days
hasTenorInMonths	has tenor in months	interbank rate	whole number	a predicate indicating the length of time for which the interbank rate is quoted, e.g., 3 months, 6 months expressed as a number of months

Restrictions

Name	Label	Expressions
fibo-ind-ir-ir-01	property restriction 01	hasName only text
fibo ind ir ir 02	property restriction 02	hasPercentageValue only percentage
fibo-ind-ir-ir-03	property restriction 0302	hasEffectiveDate hasQuotationDate exactly 1 dateTimeDate
fibo-ind-ir-ir-04	property restriction 0403	has <u>Reference</u> Currency only Currency

9.4.2 Ontology: Interest Rate Publishers This ontology provides concepts descriptive of the publishers of interest rates, such as banks and the bodies which publish inter-bank offer rates.

Table 9.10 Interest Rate Publishers Ontology Metadata

Metadata Term	Value				
sm:filename	InterestRatePublishers				
sm:fileAbbreviation	fibo-ind-ir-pub				
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/InterestRates/InterestRatePublishers/				
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/20150501/ InterestRates/InterestRatePublishers/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20140601/InterestRates/InterestRatePublishers/				
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/BE/ http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/SpecificationMetadata/				
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/AnnotationVocabulary/				
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/				
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/InterestRates/InterestRates/				

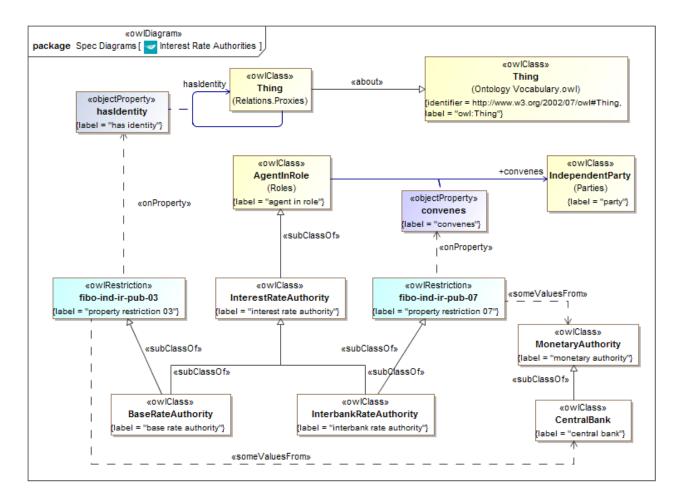
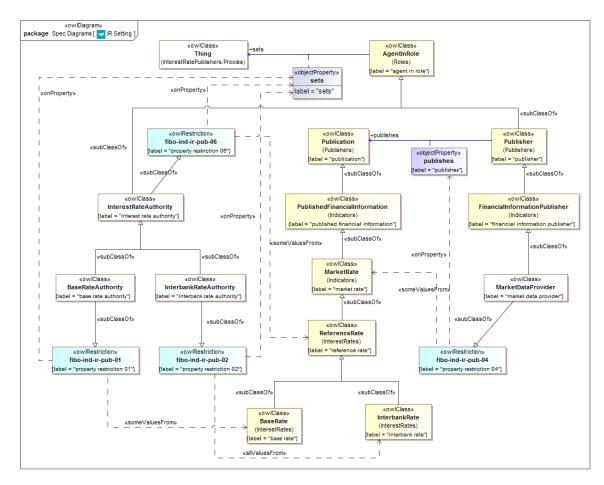


Figure 9.8 Interest Rate Publishers Concepts

Diagram showing the main types of Interest Rate Publishers.

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Interest Rate Setting and Publishing Concepts Figure 9.9

Diagram showing the above Interest Rate Publishers in terms of what types of rates they set. This diagram also shows the role of the market data provider in publishing rates set by these (for example the LIBOR rate is set by a committee but subsequently published by a specific market data provider). Financial Industry Business Ontology – Indices and Indicators

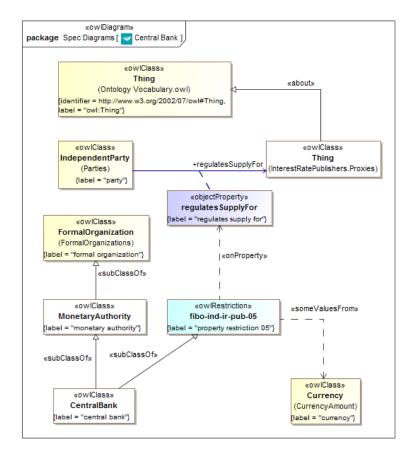


Figure 9.10Interest Rate Publishers Central Bank ConceptsDiagram showing the concept of a central bank.

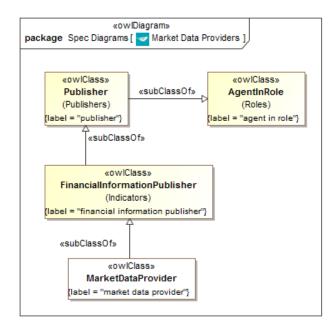


Figure 9.11Interest Rate Publishers Market Data ProviderDiagram showing the concept of a market data provider.

Table 9.11 Interest Rate Publishers Details

Classes

Name	Label	definition	parent	explanatoryNote
BaseRateAuthority	base rate authority	an interest rate authority responsible for setting the base rate for a given currency, typically a central bank	interest rate authority property restriction 01 property restriction 03	
CentralBank	central bank	a monetary authority or institution that is a bank and that manages the currency, money supply, and interest rates for a state or group of states which share a currency	property restriction 05 monetary authority	
InterbankRateAuthority interbank rate authority		an interest rate authority responsible for setting the Interbank rate	interest rate authority property restriction 02 property restriction 07	This is announced by the relevant Central Bank at intervals following a meeting of the relevant policy group or committee. Thomson Reuters is the publisher for LIBOR, but this is set by the British Bankers Association (BBA).
InterestRateAuthority interest rate authority		an authority responsible for the publication of some interest rate	agent in role property restriction 06	Interest rates which are referred to as market rates, for example as used in interest rate derivatives, are published by some authority responsible for the rate as a kind of market data.
MarketDataProvider	market data provider	a publisher that publishes data about the financial markets.	property restriction 04 financial information publisher	

Name	Label	definition	parent	explanatoryNote
MonetaryAuthority	monetary authority	a formal organization that controls the monetary policy, regulation and supply of money in some country or group of countries	formal organization	

Properties

Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition	Parent
convenes	some convo numb meeti assen		a predicate indicating that someone acting in the role of convenor brings together some number of individuals for a meeting or conference; assembles; makes arrangements for a meeting to take place		
regulatesSupplyFor	regulates supply for	party	Thing	a predicate indicating that someone controls or supervises the amount of something available in some market by means of rules and regulations	governs
sets	sets	agent in role Thing a predicate indicating that someone places something in some relationship to something or someone else		provides	

Restrictions

Name	Label	Expressions			
fibo-ind-ir-pub-01	property restriction 01	sets some BaseRate			
fibo-ind-ir-pub-02	property restriction 02	sets only InterbankRate			

Name	Label	Expressions
fibo-ind-ir-pub-03	property restriction 03	haIdentity some CentralBank
fibo-ind-ir-pub-04	property restriction 04	publishes some MarketRate
fibo-ind-ir-pub-05	property restriction 05	regulatesSupplyFor some Currency
fibo-ind-ir-pub-06	property restriction 06	sets some ReferenceRate
fibo-ind-ir-pub-07	property restriction 07	convenes some MonetaryAuthority

9.5 Module: Economic Indicators

Table 9.12 Economic Indicators Module Metadata

Metadata Term	Value
sm:moduleName	EconomicIndicators
sm:moduleAbbreviation	FIBO-IND-EI
sm:moduleVersion	1.0
sm:moduleAbstract	This module includes ontologies defining concepts to do with published economic indicators. These give some indication of the state of some economy. Indicators of this type are usually published by governments or government agencies, or by international agencies or agencies of countries other than the ones reported on. Examples include Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and unemployment rates.

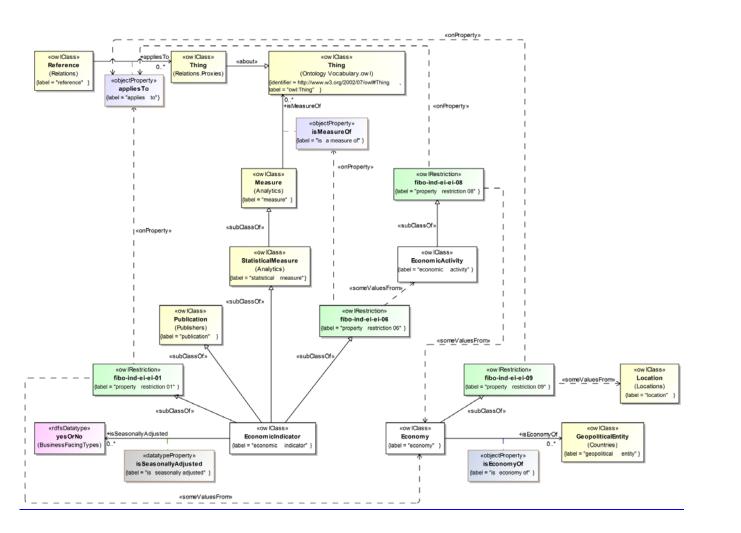
9.5.1 Ontology: Economic Indicators

This ontology provides the parameters which make up the various types of market economic indicators, along with basic facts about these such as the economies or countries they apply to.

Issue FIIF-5: Revise the version IRI and dependsOn properties

Table 9.13 Economic Indicators Ontology Metadata

Metadata Term	Value					
sm:filename	EconomicIndicators					
sm:fileAbbreviation	fibo-ind-ei-ei					
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicators/					
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20150501/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicators/ .omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20140601/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicators/					
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- <u>FIBO/BE/http://www.omg.org/techprocess/ab/SpecificationMetadata/</u> http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/FND/Utilities/AnnotationVocabulary/					
Issue FIIF-5:	Replace Figure 9.12					



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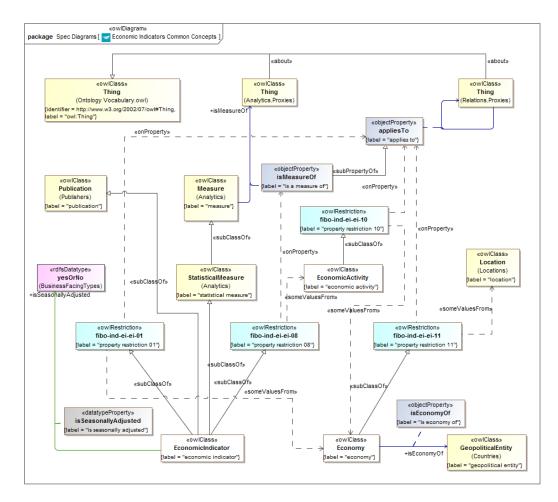
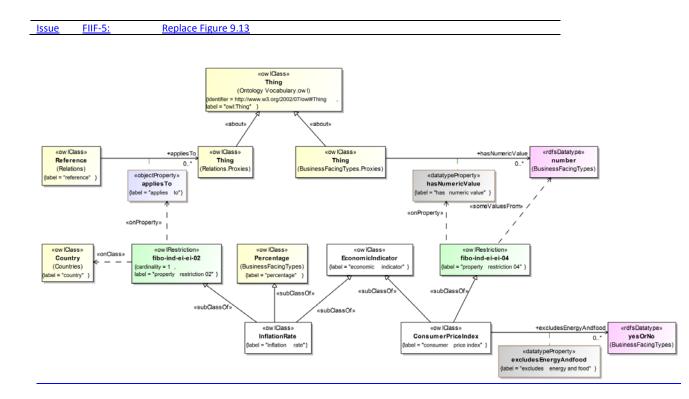


Figure 9.12 Economic Indicators Common Concepts

Diagram showing all the concepts common to economic indicators in the Economic Indicators ontology.



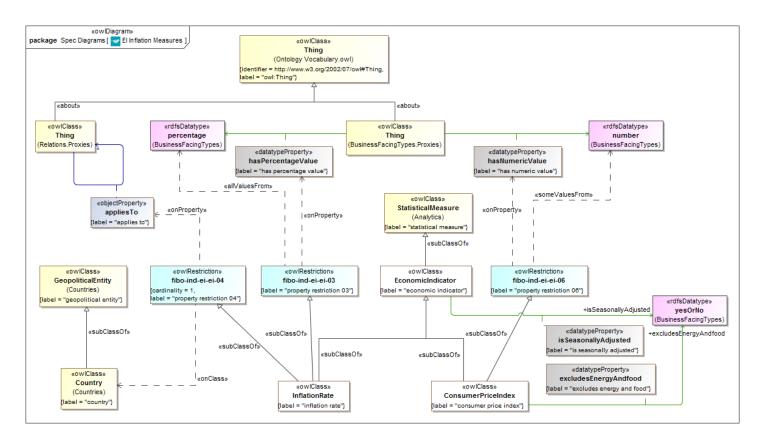
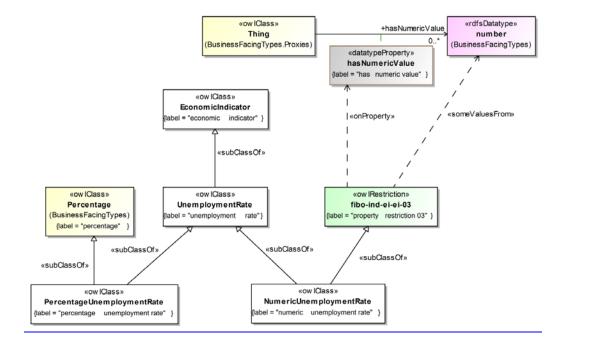


Figure 9.13 Economic Indicators Inflation Measures

Diagram showing inflation measures concepts in the Economic Indicators ontology.

Issue FIIF-5: Replace Figure 9.14



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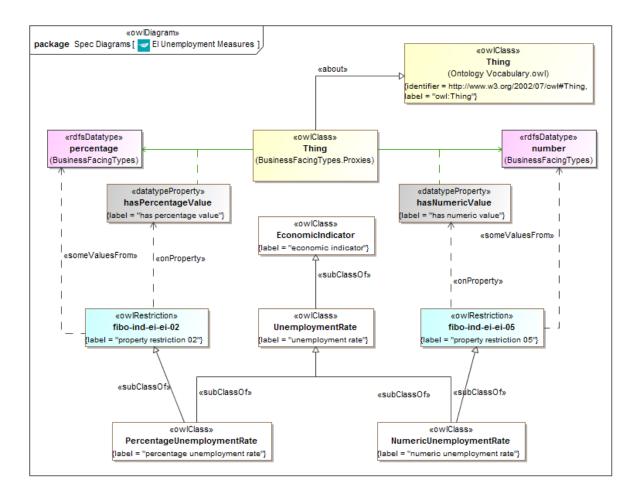
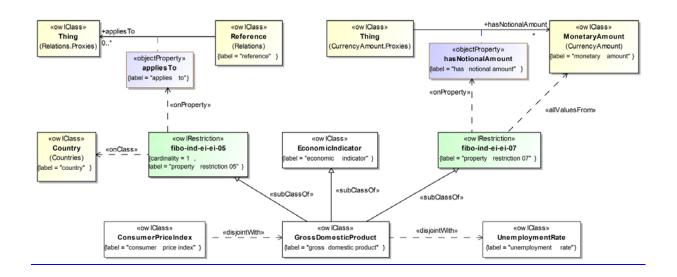


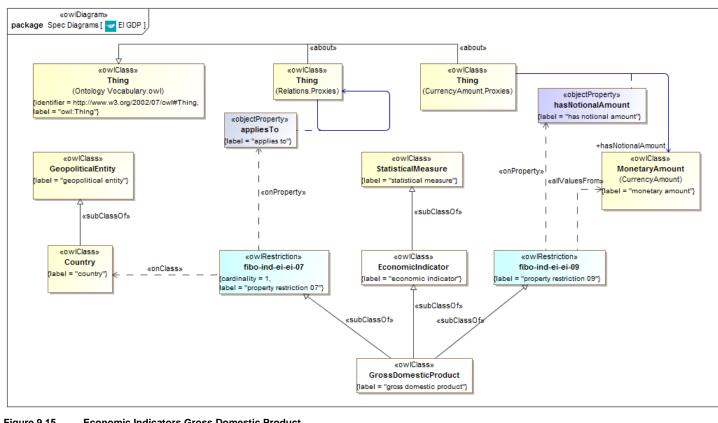
Figure 9.14 Economic Indicators Unemployment Statistics

Diagram showing unemployment index concepts in the Economic Indicators ontology.

Issue FIIF-5: Replace Figure 9.15



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Economic Indicators Gross Domestic Product Figure 9.15

Diagram showing GDP concepts in the Economic Indicators ontology. Revise the three tables numbered Table 9.14 via auto-generation of the updated Issue FIIF-5: content from the model

Table 9.14 Economic Indicators Details

Classes

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Disjoint with	Explanatory Note	Definition Source
ConsumerPriceIndex	consumer price	an economic	economic indicator	gross domestic		http://stats.bls.gov/
	index, CPI	indicator	property restriction 046	product		cpi/cpifaq.htm
		representing a		unemployment rate		#Question_1
		measure of the				
		average change over				
		time in the prices				
		paid by urban				
		consumers for a				
		market basket of				
		consumer goods and				
		services				
EconomicActivity	economic activity	an aspect of the	property restriction			
		behavior of some	<u>1008</u>			
		economic actor in an				
		economy, related to				
		the production,				
		distribution, and				
		consumption of				
		goods and services				
EconomicIndicator	economic	a statistical measure	property restriction 01			
	indicator	of an economic	property restriction 06			
		activity, used for	property restriction 08			
		analysis of economic	statistical measure			
		performance and	publication			
		predictions of future				
		performance				
Economy	Economyeconomy,	An economy consists	property restriction			
	economic system	of the production,	<u>1109</u>			
		distribution or trade,				
		and consumption of				
		limited goods and				
		services by different				
		economic actors in a				

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Disjoint with	Explanatory Note	Definition Source
		given geographically distinct web of relationships.				
GrossDomestic Product	gross domestic product	an economic indicator representing the broadest measure of aggregate economic activity, measuring the total value of all final goods and services produced within a country's borders during a specific period	property restriction 07 economic indicator property restriction 09<u>05</u>	eonsumer price index unemployment rate		http://www.treasury.gov/ initiatives/ofr/about/ Documents/ AR2013_Back_ Matter_Glossary +Bib_Refs +Endnotes.pdf
InflationRate	inflation rate	an economic indicator representing a percent change in consumer prices for a specified, typically a one-year, period, for a given country	property restriction 0402 economic indicator property restriction 03percentage			
Numeric UnemploymentRate	numeric unemployment rate	an economic indicator representing the number of unemployed in the labor force of a given economy for some specified period	property restriction 0503 unemployment rate			
Percentage UnemploymentRate	percentage unemployment rate	an economic indicator representing the ratio of unemployment to the labor force of a	property restriction 02 unemployment rate, percentage			

Name	Label	Definition	Parent	Disjoint with	Explanatory Note	Definition Source
		given economy for some specified period expressed in percentage terms				
UnemploymentRate	unemployment rate	an economic indicator representing the level of unemployment to the labor force of a given economy for some specified period	economic indicator	gross domestie product consumer price index	Persons are classified as unemployed if they do not have a job, have actively looked for work in the prior 4 weeks, and are currently available for work. Workers expecting to be recalled from layoff are counted as unemployed, whether or not they have engaged in a specific jobseeking activity. In all other cases, the individual must have been engaged in at least one active job search activity in the 4 weeks preceding the interview and be available for work (except for temporary illness).	

Pro	perties

Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition	Explanatory Note

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Name	Label	Domain	Range	Definition	Explanatory Note
excludesEnergyAndfood	excludes energy and food	consumer price index	yes or no	a predicate indicating whether the index excludes energy and food prices	
isEconomyOf	is economy of	economy of economy e		a predicate relating an economy to the geopolitical entity it refers to	
isSeasonallyAdjusted	is seasonally adjusted	economic indicator	yes or no	a predicate indicating whether some published formal method is applied that compensates for seasonal variations in the index value	Example explanation from the US Bureau of Labor and Statistics: Because price data are used for different purposes by different groups, the Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes seasonally adjusted as well as unadjusted changes each month Seasonal factors used in computing the seasonally adjusted indexes are derived by the X-13ARIMA-SEATS Seasonal Adjustment Method. Seasonally adjusted indexes and seasonal factors are computed annually. Each year, the last five years of seasonally adjusted data are revised.

Restrictions

	Name	Label	Expressions
fit	bo-ind-ei-ei-01	property restriction 01	appliesTo some Economy
fit	bo ind ei ei 02	property restriction 02	hasPercentageValue some percentage
fit	bo ind ei ei 03	property restriction 03	hasPercentageValue only percentage
fit	bo-ind-ei-ei-0 <u>2</u> 4	property restriction 0402	appliesTo exactly 1 Country
fit	bo-ind-ei-ei- 05<u>03</u>	property restriction 0503	hasNumericValue some number
fit	bo-ind-ei-ei- 06<u>04</u>	property restriction 0604	hasNumericValue some number

Name	Label	Expressions
fibo-ind-ei-ei- 07<u>05</u>	property restriction 0705	appliesTo exactly 1 Country
fibo-ind-ei-ei- 08<u>06</u>	property restriction 0806	isMeasureOf some EconomicActivity
fibo-ind-ei-ei- 09<u>07</u>	property restriction <u>0907</u>	hasNotionalValue only MonetaryAmount
fibo-ind-ei-ei- 10<u>08</u>	property restriction 1008	appliesTo some Economy
fibo-ind-ei-ei-4409	property restriction <u>1109</u>	appliesTo some Location

9.5.2 Ontology: Economic Indicator Publishers

This ontology provides concepts descriptive of the publishers of market indicators, such as gross domestic product, employment statistics, inflation rates and so on. These may include government or quasi-government bodies, international agencies, third parties and data providers.

Table 9.15 Economic Indicator Publishers Ontology Metadata

Metadata Term	Value
sm:filename	EconomicIndicatorPublishers
<pre>sm:fileAbbreviation</pre>	fibo-ind-ei-pub
OntologyIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicatorPublishers/
owl:versionIRI	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20150501/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicatorPublishers/ h ttp://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC- FIBO/IND/20140601/EconomicIndicators/EconomicIndicatorPublishers/
sm:dependsOn	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/FND/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/BE/
	http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-FIBO/IND/Indicators/Indicators/ http://www.omg.org/spec/EDMC-



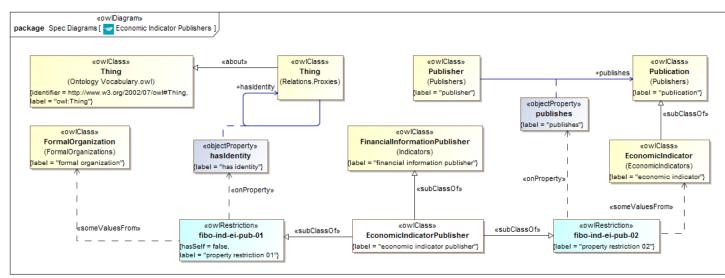


Figure 9.16 Economic Indicator Publishers Concepts

Diagram showing all of the concepts in the Economic Indicators Publishers ontology.

Table 9.16 Economic Indicator Publishers Details

Classes

Name Label		definition	parent
EconomicIndicatorPublisher	economic indicator publisher	1 1	financial information publisher property restriction 01 property restriction 02

Restrictions

Name	Label	Expressions
fibo-ind-ei-pub-01	property restriction 01	hasIdentity some FormalOrganization
fibo-ind-ei-pub-02	property restriction 02	publishes some EconomicIndicator

Annex A: Machine-readable files Accompanying this Specification

(normative)

The FIBO ontologies are delivered as (1) RDF/XML serialized OWL (normative and definitive), (2) UML XMI, serialized from UML with the ODM profiles for RDF and OWL applied (normative), (3) ODM XMI, serialized based on the ODM MOF metamodels for RDF and OWL (normative), and (4) ancillary Visual Ontology Modeler (VOM) model files, based on the VOM plug-in to MagicDraw (informative). If there are differences between the OWL files, ODM XMI, and UML XMI, the OWL files take precedence, followed by the UML XMI, and finally the ODM XMI.

Regardless of their form, each of the ontologies included in Indices and Indicators makes normative reference to the DCMI Dublin Core Metadata Terms [Dublin Core], W3C Simple Knowledge Organization System (SKOS) Recommendation [SKOS] and the OMG Architecture Board's Specification Metadata Recommendation [OMG AB Specification Metadata], which are not part of this specification.

The individual RDF/XML files are organized by module (directory), and within a given module, alphabetically by name, as shown in the URI structure for each individual OWL file. These files are UTF-8 conformant XML Schema files that are also OWL 2 compliant, and may be examined using any text editor, XML editor, or RDF or OWL editor. They have been verified for syntactic correctness via the W3C RDF Validator and University of Manchester OWL 2 Validator. They have also been checked for logical consistency using the Pellet OWL 2 reasoner from Clark & Parsia as well as the HermiT OWL 2 reasoner from Oxford University. It is anticipated that the OWL ontologies will be dereference-able, together with technical documentation (HTML) from the OMG site once the specification is adopted.