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Preface

About the Object Management Group

OMG

Founded in 1989, the Object Management Group, Inc. (OMG) is an open membership, not-for-profit computer industry standards consortium that produces and maintains computer industry specifications for interoperable, portable and reusable enterprise applications in distributed, heterogeneous environments. Membership includes Information Technology vendors, end users, government agencies, and academia.

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- Specialized CORBA specifications
- CORBA Component Model (CCM).

Platform Specific Model and Interface Specifications

- CORBAservices
• CORBA facilities
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• OMG Security specifications.

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Times/Times New Roman - 10 pt.: Standard body text

Helvetica/Arial - 10 pt. Bold: OMG Interface Definition Language (OMG IDL) and syntax elements.


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Note – Terms that appear in italics are defined in the glossary. Italic text also represents the name of a document, specification, or other publication.

Issues

The reader is encouraged to report any technical or editing issues/problems with this specification to http://www.omg.org/technology/agreement.htm.
1 Scope

During a system’s evolution it will go through a number of iterations, driven by changes to a model at some level. The model for an existing deployed system is a valuable asset for understanding that system and making minor changes for bug fixes, etc. So it is important to preserve it when making broader changes for new functionality. The problem being addressed by this specification is to manage the co-existence of multiple versions of such metadata in a Meta Object Facility and their inclusion in different configurations (for example, a specific version of a Platform Independent Model (PIM), the corresponding version of the derived Platform Specific Model (PSM), and the corresponding version of the generated system).

A major problem related to the presence of multiple versions is to determine the correct one to use in response to a client request such as obtaining all instances of Package (it would not generally be useful to return many different versions of the same package), or even accessing the Features of a Class (again it would not be useful to return all Features the class has ever had, especially when some have replaced others; and yet again it would not be sensible to return all versions of those Features). An important requirement for version management is support of context: this is a client-specified property related to metadata access requests that is used to select the appropriate versions.

A related problem is the lack of a consistent mechanism for determining the status of versions of models or artifacts with respect to a development lifecycle (for example draft->approved->unit-tested->system-tested->live->withdrawn). This is often the most useful way of specifying a context (see previous paragraph) and to control the operations that may be applied to the metadata (e.g., to prohibit changes to the model for the ‘live’ version).

2 Conformance

A compliant implementation must implement the APIs generated by applying a MOF language binding to the metamodels in this specification.

3 Normative References

MOF 2.0 Core Specification: formal/06-01-01
SPEM 1.1 Specification: formal//05-01-06

4 Additional Information

4.1 Acknowledgements

The following companies submitted and/or supported parts of this specification:

- Adaptive
- International Business Machines
• MetaMatrix
• Unisys

4.2 Proof of Concept

This specification represents the implementation in Adaptive’s Adaptive Repository™ product: a MOF compliant repository that has been extended with this versioning capability and, as part of Adaptive’s IT Portfolio Manager™ linked with SPEM to add a development lifecycle capability. The technology has been in the market for more than 2 years.

This specification is also designed to reflect the experience gained from standardizing different versioning products as part of JSR 147 Workspace Versioning and Configuration Management http://www.jcp.org/aboutJava/communityprocess/review/jsr147/.

4.3 Changes or Extensions to OMG Specifications

There are no required changes or extensions to OMG specifications.
5 Metamodel Specification

This chapter outlines the public elements of the Versioning package, which is defined as a MOF metamodel depicted in the following UML diagrams. Note that the versioning API is automatically generated from this metamodel, following the normal MOF generation rules which will be specific to the language mapping and so are not contained in this specification. The remainder of this section explains the classes in the metamodel.

Note: Where ‘isReadOnly = true’ there are generally specific operations for updating the value either directly or indirectly.

5.1 Package Dependencies

The dependencies with other packages are depicted here.

![Figure 5.1 - Package Dependencies](image)

Packages Versioning and StateMachine are defined by this specification.

5.2 Versioning Diagram

The package provides the core versioning service. A VersionHistory and an initial Version is created automatically when a new VersionedExtent is created. The VersionHistory of a given VersionedExtent contains all versions of that VersionedExtent.

A VersionedExtent is the object that determines which Version from a given VersionHistory is currently selected in a given Workspace, and whether or not changes are being made to that extent in that workspace (i.e., whether or not that VersionedExtent is checked out). To provide key performance optimizations (such as copy based Workspaces), each Workspace must have its own set of VersionedExtents. This also ensures that each Workspace can decide independently which Version that is selected and whether or not that VersionedExtent is checked out. So each Workspace that wants to select a Version from a given VersionHistory has its own VersionedExtent for that VersionHistory, which means a VersionHistory is related to more than one VersionedExtent (in particular, is related to a different VersionedExtent for each different Workspace that selects a Version from that VersionHistory).
5.3 Class Version

Each instance of Version is a snapshot of a VersionedExtent.
5.3.1 Attributes

- **id**, type = *String*, isReadOnly = true
  - This attribute is an id for the version that is unique within the VersionHistory of that version.
  - The format of the string is implementation-defined.

- **label**, type = *Label*, multivalued [0..*], isReadOnly = true
  - A user assigned string that can be used to identify the version. Several can be applied to one version. Also, version labels must be unique among all the version labels within the VersionHistory of that version.

- **annotation**, type = *String*, [0..1]
  - This attribute can contain a description of the version.

- **creationDate**, type = *Long*, isReadOnly = true
  - Used to record the timestamp when the Version object was created.

5.3.2 References

- **versionHistory**, type = *VersionHistory*, isReadOnly = true
  - The VersionHistory for this Version.

- **previousVersion**, type = *Version*, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = nextVersion
  - This refers to the immediately previous version (or versions, in case this Version resulted from a merge). Every Version that is not the root version of a VersionHistory has at least one previousVersion.

- **nextVersion**, type = *Version*, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = previousVersion
  - This refers to ordered subsequent versions.

- **baseline**, type = *Baseline*, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = version
  - This refers to the Baselines that reference this Version.

5.3.3 Operations

- **addLabel** *(newLabel: Label)* operation, return type = *void*
  - Adds a label to the version. If that label currently appears on another version in the version history of this Version, it is automatically removed from that other version. See the *label* attribute for further details.

- **removeLabel** *(oldLabel: Label)* operation, return type = *void*
  - Removes the indicated label from the version. See the label attribute for further details.

- **delete** (), return type = *void*
  - Removes the version object. This method also fixes up the links in the version graph so that it is still valid.
5.4 Class VersionHistory

A VersionHistory contains all versions of a given VersionedExtent.

5.4.1 References

- **rootVersion**, type = Version, isReadOnly = true
  - This refers to the initial version of the VersionedExtent. The rootVersion has no previousVersion. All other versions have at least one previousVersion.
- **versions**, type = Version, [1..*], isReadOnly = true
  - This refers to all versions in this VersionHistory, including the rootVersion. Ordering of the versions is defined by the previousVersion/nextVersion relations.

5.4.2 Operations

- **lookupByVersionId** (id : String), return type = Version, [0..1], isQuery = true
  - Returns the Version, if any, in this VersionHistory having the specified id.
- **lookupByLabel** (label : Label), return type = Version, [0..1], isQuery = true
  - Returns the version, if any, in this VersionedHistory having the specified label.
- **delete** (), return type = void
  - Removes the VersionHistory object. This method also deletes all Versions in the VersionHistory.

5.5 Class VersionedExtent

Represents a MOF Extent for which versioning has been enabled.

5.5.1 Superclasses

MOF:Extent

5.5.2 References

- **configuration**, type = Configuration, isReadOnly = true
  - The Configuration to which this VersionedExtent belongs.

5.5.3 Operations

- **checkOut** () operation, return type = null, isQuery = false
  - Allows modifications to be performed on the content of this VersionedExtent.
- **checkIn** (), return type = Version, isQuery = false
  - Creates a new Version object with the current content of this VersionedExtent, disallows modifications to be made to the content of this VersionedExtent until it is subsequently checked out. This Version is now available to other Workspaces.
**lookupByVersionId** *(id : String)*, return type = *Version*, [0..1] isQuery = true
- Returns the version, if any, of this VersionedExtent having the specified *id*.

**lookupByLabel** *(label : String)*, return type = *Version*, [0..1], isQuery = true
- Returns the version, if any, of this VersionedExtent having the specified *label*.

**delete** (), return type = *void*
- Removes the VersionedExtent object.

**setConfiguration** *(configuration : Configuration)*, return type = *void*
- Changes the configuration to which this VersionedExtent belongs.

### 5.5.4 Attributes

**isCheckedOut**, type = *Boolean*, isReadOnly = true
- A VersionedExtent is modifiable only if isCheckedOut is true.

**annotation**, type = *String*, [0..1]
- When isCheckedOut is true, this attribute contains the annotation attribute for the version that will be created when this VersionedExtent is checked in. If the isCheckedOut is false that attribute does not exist and cannot be written to.

### 5.5.5 References

**versionHistory**, type = *VersionHistory*, isReadOnly = true
- The VersionHistory that contains the versions for this VersionedExtent.

**baseVersion**, type = *Version*, isReadOnly = true
- The currently selected version for this VersionedExtent. This is the version that this VersionedExtent is currently based on, but when checked-out, is not necessarily equal to. In particular, the base version of a checked-out VersionedExtent is the Version content that was started with (i.e., that the current checked-out content is ‘based on’).

**previousVersion**, type = *Version*, [1..*], isReadOnly = false
- When isCheckedOut is true, this reference identifies the versions that will be the previousVersion for the version that will be created when this VersionedExtent is checked in.

**conflict** reference, type = *Version*, [0..*], isReadOnly = false, composite
- These are the conflicts created by a merge. After the client resolves the conflict (by appropriately modifying the content of the VersionedExtent), the client indicates that the conflict has been resolved by adding the version to the previousVersion list of the VersionedContext, and removing the version from the conflict list.

**workspace**, type = *Workspace*, [1], isReadOnly = true
- This reference identifies the Workspaces that contain this VersionedExtent.
5.6  Context Diagram

This section defines a metamodel for selecting specific Versions of Extents.

**Figure 5.3 - Context Diagram**

### 5.6.1 Class Session

This logically represents the client’s current session. By first attaching and selecting the Workspace through the Session, the other MOF 2 APIs can transparently access specific versions without being aware of it.

### 5.6.2 Class Workspace

This selects a set of versions that are accessed together for a Session or Sessions. Unlike Session this is a persistent object.

A Workspace selects versions via VersionedExtent objects.
An important constraint is that a Workspace may contain at most one VersionedExtent for a given VersionHistory and at most one Configuration for a given BaselineHistory.

5.6.2.1 References

versionedExtent, type = VersionedExtent, [0..*], isReadOnly = true
• This refers to all VersionedExtents in this Workspace (inclusive of checked out extents).

configuration, type = Configuration, [0..*], isReadOnly = true
• This refers to all Configurations in this Workspace.

5.6.2.2 Operations

copy (workspace : Workspace), return type = Workspace, isQuery = false
• Returns a new workspace that selects the same configuration of Versions and Baselines as the specified workspace.

restore (version: Version), return type = VersionedExtent, isQuery = false
• Create a new VersionedExtent in this Workspace for the specified Version, or if the Version is a Baseline, a new Configuration in this Workspace for the specified Baseline. This Workspace must not already select a Version for the VersionHistory of the specified Version.

update (version : Version), return type = null, isQuery = false
• Updates the VersionedExtent in this Workspace for the VersionHistory of this Version to select the specified Version, or if the Version is a Baseline, updates the Configuration in this Workspace for the BaselineHistory of this Baseline to select the specified Baseline (which then updates the Workspace with each of the versions in that Baseline).

merge (version : Version), return type = null, isQuery = false
• If the Version is not a Baseline, this merges the specified Version into the VersionedExtent in this Workspace for the VersionHistory of this Version. If the Version is a predecessor or equal to the baseVersion of the VersionedExtent, the VersionedExtent is left unmodified. If the Version is a successor of the baseVersion of the VersionedExtent, the VersionedExtent is updated to select the version. If the Version is not a predecessor of, equal to, or a successor of the baseVersion of the VersionedExtent, the specified version is added to the conflict attribute of the VersionedExtent.

• If the Version is a Baseline, this merges the specified Baseline into the Configuration in this Workspace for the BaselineHistory of this Baseline. If the Baseline is a predecessor or equal to the +baseline of the Configuration, the Configuration is left unmodified. If the Baseline is a successor of the +baseline of the Configuration, the Configuration is updated to select the Baseline. If the Baseline is not a predecessor of, equal to, or a successor of the +baseline of the Configuration, the specified Baseline is added to the previousBaseline property of the Configuration, and each of the versions of the specified Baseline are merged into the Workspace.

lookupByVersionHistory (versionHistory : VersionHistory), return type = VersionedExtent, [0..1] isQuery = true
• Returns the VersionedExtent, if any, in this Workspace for the specified versionHistory.

getVersionSet (), return type = VersionedExtent, [0..*] isQuery = true
• Returns the VersionedExtents, inclusive of those that are checked out, that are being referenced by this Workspace.

getCheckedOutVersionSet (), return type = VersionedExtent, [0..1] isQuery = true
• Returns only the VersionExtents referenced by this Workspace that have a status of checked out.
5.6.3 Class Configuration

Selects a Baseline for the Workspace and determines the other Configurations that are the members of this Configuration.

5.6.3.1 Attributes

`annotation`, type = `String`

- The annotation of a new Configuration that is used for the annotation of a new Baseline that is created through the `makeBaseline` operation.

5.6.3.2 References

`baseline`, type = `Baseline`, [1..1], isReadOnly = true

- The Baseline that is used by this Configuration to select a set of Versions.

`previousBaseline`, type = `Baseline`, [1..*], isReadOnly = true

- This reference identifies the baselines that will be the previousVersion for the baseline that will be created when `makeBaseline` is applied to this Configuration.

`member`, type = `Configuration`, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = `member-of`

- Configurations which are logically included in this Configuration.

`member-of`, type = `Configuration`, [0..*], isReadOnly = false, inverse = `member`

- Configurations which logically include this Configuration.

`versionedExtents`, type = `VersionedExtents`, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = `configuration`

- The VersionedExtents that belong to this Configuration.

5.6.3.3 Operations

`makeBaseline` (), return type = `void` isQuery = true

- Creates a new Baseline based upon the Versions selected in the Workspace by the versionedExtents of this Configuration. This also copies the annotation into the new Baseline and removes the annotation from the Configuration.

`getBaselineHistory` (), return type = `BaselineHistory` isQuery = true

- Returns the BaselineHistory for this Configuration.

5.6.4 Class Baseline

Selects a set of Versions, with no two versions from the same VersionHistory.

5.6.4.1 Superclasses

Version

5.6.4.2 References

`configuration`, type = `Configuration`, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = `baseline`

- Configurations that refer to this Baseline.
**member**, type = Configuration, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = member-of

*Baselines which are logically included in this Baseline.*

**member-of**, type = Configuration, [0..*], isReadOnly = true, inverse = member

*Baselines which logically include this Baseline.*

### 5.6.5 Class BaselineHistory

A BaselineHistory contains all the Baselines, just as a VersionHistory contains all Versions of a given Versioned Extent.

#### 5.6.5.1 Superclasses

VersionHistory

### 5.6.6 Class WorkspaceFactory

Creates instances of Workspace.

#### 5.6.6.1 Superclasses

MOF::Identifiers::Factory

#### 5.6.6.2 Operations

`create ()`, return type = `Workspace`, isQuery = false

*Returns a new workspace that selects no Versions.*

`create(configuration : Configuration)`, return type = `Workspace`, [0..1] isQuery = false

*Creates a Workspace based upon a Configuration. The Versions that are returned from the Configuration Baseline are restored into a new Workspace and Configuration. The new Workspace Configuration has its base set to the Configuration supplied.*

### 5.6.7 Class ConfigurationFactory

Creates instances of Configuration.

#### 5.6.7.1 Superclasses

MOF::Identifiers::Factory

#### 5.6.7.2 Operations

`create (workspace : Workspace)`, return type = `Configuration`, isQuery = false

*Returns a new Configuration with no Baseline for the specified Workspace.*

### 5.7 Development Lifecycle Diagram

This links to a very simple metamodel containing just two classes to represent the current State of an Element; and to represent the Lifecycle related to a class. This could be left very simple and stand-alone or it could be merged/extended with something like the SPEM 1.1 metamodel.
Above is the StateMachine package. Note that the properties are derived - hiding exactly how a more detailed metamodel might link States to a Statemachine.

The Properties added by this specification are shown here: note that no Properties are added to the StateMachine package. Class and Element are merged with MOF::Reflection allowing any element to have a State and any (meta)Class to have an associated StateMachine as its Lifecycle.

This shows that a lifecycle StateMachine may be associated with a MOF Class, and each instance (represented by MOF’s Reflective::Element) may have a State from that lifecycle.

### 5.7.1 Class Element

#### 5.7.1.1 Attributes

None
5.7.1.2 References

currentState: State {readOnly}
  • This represents the current state of development of the element (at this version) within the lifecycle associated with
    its class.

5.7.1.3 Operations

changeState (state : State)
  • This operation is required to change the state of an object. This enforces any permitted transitions defined by the
    StateMachine.

5.7.1.4 Constraints

The currentState of an Element is a member of the states in the Lifecycle for that Element’s metaclass.

inv: getMetaclass().lifecycle.state includes self.state

5.7.2 Class Class

5.7.2.1 Attributes

None

5.7.2.2 References

lifecycle: StateMachine
  • This represents the set of States (and possibly transitions) that the instances of the class may undergo.