

# Phenotype and Genotype Object Model (PAGE-OM)

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# Preface

## About the Object Management Group

### OMG

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- CORBA Component Model (CCM).

### Platform Specific Model and Interface Specifications

- CORBA services

- CORBA facilities
- OMG Domain specifications
- OMG Embedded Intelligence specifications
- OMG Security specifications.

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# 1 Scope

Please see Chapter 6 - Introduction.

# 2 Conformance

The normative parts of this specification are:

- Platform independent model expressed in the attached XML file created according to XMI format rules, v2.1, using program Enterprise Architect, version 7.0.817.1, UML version 2.1.
- Platform specific model, representing an XML-based data exchange format, defined by an XML Schema definition.

Any implementation using or producing data exchange format defined by the Platform specific model defined by this specification is considered complying with this specification.

Any platform specific model that is derived from the platform independent model defined by this specification is also considered compliant.

If there is any inconsistency, or discrepancy between generality and specificity, between the platform independent and platform specific model, the platform specific model has precedence.

The normative parts are expressed in the accompanied files in a document whose number is given in Appendix A (or elsewhere in this document). Parts of these files may also appear in the explanatory text of this document. If they do and if there are some differences or discrepancies the contents of the normative accompanied files has precedence.

Regarding the use of ontology, it is not normative to use the ones listed in the “Ontology” section of this document, but it is highly suggested. The reason why this specification is not stricter about it is the reflection of the fact that ontology is a moving target in the bio-community and insisting on using only specific ones, may harm the usability of this specification.

# 3 Normative References

There are no normative references associated with this specification.

# 4 Terms and Definitions

Please see Annex C – Glossary.

## 5 Supporting Organizations

The following organizations have been involved in the process of developing, prototyping, and/or reviewing this specification. The authors thank them for participating and giving their valuable input.

- Institute for Molecular Medicine Finland, University of Helsinki, Finland
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- Graduate School of Medicine, University of Tokyo, Japan
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## 6 Introduction

Modern biology is striving to understand what factors generate inter-individual differences in structure, development, or behaviour within a species. Genetic factors ('genotypes') are undoubtedly of key importance in this equation, as are environmental conditions and even stochastic events, and much research is being done to elucidate how these things impact a range of normal and disease 'phenotypes' (i.e., the characteristics that can be observed). Progress in this area will ultimately lead to improved and increasingly personalised medical care, more productive agricultural and farming systems, and better solutions for environmental monitoring and control.

Many organisms are being explored and utilised with regards to deciphering genotype-phenotype relationships. On the genetic level, it is now possible to determine DNA sequences at extremely high-throughput, thereby revealing normal and pathogenic variation in and around genes, across individuals. On the level of the phenotype, an almost unlimited number of things could be influenced by genetic variants, and increasingly precise and standardised assays are being devised to measure and assess such things.

Both genetic and phenotype datasets need to be managed and combined to elucidate genotype-phenotype relationships. The genetic datasets have so far mostly comprised assays of specific sites of variation (creating 'genotypes'), which have recently been growing exponentially due to technical advances. A subsequent new era is emerging wherein large DNA stretches (and perhaps complete genetic complements) are being fully (re)sequenced in relevant individuals. Phenotype datasets, both in human and non-human model organisms, are also being scaled up via the investigation of thousands or tens of thousands of individuals. Indeed, study integration is a major feature of current research; for example, existing Genome-wide Association (GWA) data done on various different studies are being merged in the ENAGE (ref) program leading to a potential GWA resource of 80,000 samples. As a result of this rapid progress in the modes of both genetic and phenotype analysis, the amount of genotype-phenotype data being generated is increasing at an exponential rate. The potential for converting this raw 'data' into useful 'knowledge' is therefore immense, but achieving this effectively will require distinct studies to be inter-related, cross-validated, and compared. In short, there is now an urgent need to ensure that genotype-phenotype investigations are supported by technologies that make them interoperable. Key to achieving this is a robust reference model for these types of data, via which all relevant domain knowledge can be effectively integrated and disseminated. That is the precisely the motivation behind building the Phenotype And GEnotype Object Model (PAGE-OM).

Anticipated user communities for PAGE-OM include biomedical researchers, clinicians, people involved in teaching and training such groups, and information technologists working in support of these domains.

Given the modern data production systems now at their disposal, biomedical researchers are constantly facing challenges of genotype-phenotype data management (e.g., storage, retrieval, tracking, reformatting, merging) and this directly impacts their ability to effectively analyse, share, and report their various datasets. Clinicians - for whom genotype-phenotype relationships are only one of many things to be considered - require streamlined and standardised access to explanations about DNA sequence alternatives and how and in which situations they may impact their clinical work. All of these needs will be helped by the development of PAGE-OM, which specifies the rational and functional segmentation of genotype-phenotype information into sub-components that are operationally distinct (the high-level objects in the model) and lays out the natural inter-relationships between these components. Once biomedical researchers and clinicians come to be familiar with these logical components and their relationships, it will be far easier for both groups to process and make sense of genotype-phenotype information, both within their own fields and in the important task of communicating between their domains of work. For this reason, it is also highly desirable that teachers of their two professions become familiar with the object modeling concepts, in order that they may suitably educate the researchers and doctors of the future.

Information technologists working in the biomedical fields will, more than any other group, benefit from understanding PAGE-OM in depth. These individuals have the job of providing the universe of databases, data pipelines, analysis tools, search functionalities, and exchanges protocols in which genotype-phenotype information will exist and be processed for exploitation. In the absence of any data model for genotype-phenotype information, these workers would each have to devise their own data model. Not only would this constant re-invention of the wheel be highly wasteful of manpower, it is also likely that many of the solutions they come up with would be suboptimal - given the limited experience that any one IT individual or IT team would usually have. Instead, PAGE-OM has been designed and piloted by a consortium of expert participants from nearly 50 Institutions engaged in many diverse genotype-phenotype projects. The PAGE-OM therefore provides a first-version common language, well-documented entity list, and carefully considered array of entity-relationships that IT workers can take directly off the shelf, with confidence that it should need nothing more than small adjustments or additions to serve their own specific needs. Additionally, as more and more IT groups adopt PAGE-OM and base their systems upon it, those systems will naturally become more and more similar and able to inter-communicate. This is an absolute necessity if the totality of genotype-phenotype information is ever to be merged into a single virtual corpus, for holistic and optimal utilisation.

To enable PAGE-OM to achieve its goals, it is structured as several high level concepts - each of which can be used as a standalone model with its own object classes and relationships thereof. These concepts are: Marker, Assay, Sample, Genotype, Frequency, Phenotype, and Experiment. By way of example uses; a company providing DNA analysis kits might only need to use the Marker and Assay parts of this model. A genome variation database might use solely the Marker component, or perhaps the Assay, Sample, Genotype, and Frequency entities as well listing variant findings in population groups. A project involved in collecting and examining clinical samples might use only Sample and Phenotype parts, and if that team subsequently undertook DNA analysis it could extend their data systems by incorporating some or all of the remaining concepts in order to fully describe whatever genotype-phenotype relationships they might discover. Such flexibility is a necessary and innate characteristic of PAGE-OM, and that extends into the way we have matched the design principles and various classes of the model to those of other data standards initiatives that cover other domains of biomedical research.

In conclusion, we believe PAGE-OM provides a timely, robust, and useful data model, sufficiently developed and tested to justify formal registration and deployment to the many and various communities engaged in genotype-phenotype data handling.

# 7 Platform Independent Model

The platform independent model is expressed as a UML model, UML version 2.1. The normative is its XMI representation, attached in the “Accompanied files” as the file PIM/ PAGE-OM\_uml\_2.1\_xmi\_2.1.xml. The XMI was generated by the tool Enterprise Architect (EA), version 7.0.817.1, without including the EA specific extensions.

The XMI representing the platform independent model includes, because of the technical reasons and because of lacking package names, also the classes of the SNP-PML specification (that are used by this specification).

The basic data types (e.g., string or dateTime) are those inspired by the data types from the XML Schema (XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes - <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/>), where their exact descriptions can be found.

The full details with class and attributes description are attached in a generated file PIM/PAGE-OM.rtf. This file can be used interchangeably with the XMI file because both were generated from a model created by the Enterprise Architect tool - whose main file is also attached as file PIM/PAGE-OM.EAP. Note, however, that the latter file may have some EA specific expressions and extensions that are not normative for this specification.

For convenience, the whole PAGE-OM specification can be seen at [http://www.pageom.org/models/omg/v\\_1.0/](http://www.pageom.org/models/omg/v_1.0/).

## 7.1 Detailed Model Documentation

### 7.1.1 PAGE-OM

**Type:** Package

**Package:** Model

#### 7.1.1.1 Page

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE-OM

**Document:**

root element of page xml-schema

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Page::Algorithm
<b>Association</b> Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Heterozygosity
<b>Association</b> Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Location_on_plate
<b>Association</b> Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Melting_temperature
<b>Association</b> Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Multi-variation_assay

<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observation_method
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observed_value
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Frequency_set
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
<b><u>Source -&gt;Destination</u></b>	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Genotype_[henotype_correlation_experiment
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Experiment_result
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Plate
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Run
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Functional_change
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Gene_based_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Phenotype_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Association_study
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Lifestyle_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genotype_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Band_size
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Conclusion
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Environment_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Evidence
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Hypothesis
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Person
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Cytogenetic_map
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Db_xref

<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Exon
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genetic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genetic_map
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genomic_reference_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Geographic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Organization
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	CDS
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Reference_genomic_assembly
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Reference_genomic_landmark
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Subject_descriptor
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Taxon
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Bibref_description
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Journal
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Service
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Oligo
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Panel
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_block
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_map
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Individual
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Cytogenetic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Neighbor_variation

<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Contributor
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Structural_change
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Transcription_change
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Translation_change
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Variation_assay
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Anatomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Annotation
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Molecular_sample
<b><u>Association</u></b>		
Source ->Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Source

## 7.1.2 PAGE

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

**Evidence and value** - (*Logical diagram*)

Core (“simple”) string, arithmetic data types and object references are modeled here, in the Value model. The model is based on concept developed in Generation Challenge Program: <http://pantheon.generationcp.org/demeter/Values.html>.

class Evidence and value

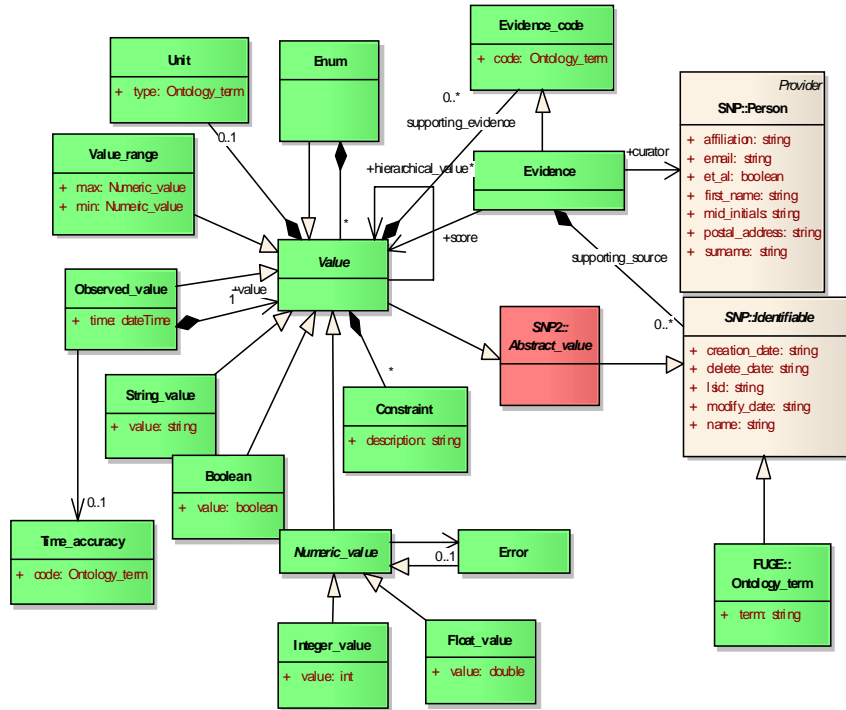


Figure 7.1

Frequency - (Logical diagram)

Alleles (Genomic\_alleles), genotypes (Consensus\_genomic\_genotype) and haplotypes (Genomic\_haplotype) can have measured frequencies in population samples (Panels). In addition, heterozygosity (Heterozygosity) is a measure of observed variability of a polymorphic site (Genomic\_variation) in a sub-population (Panel).









class Identifiable

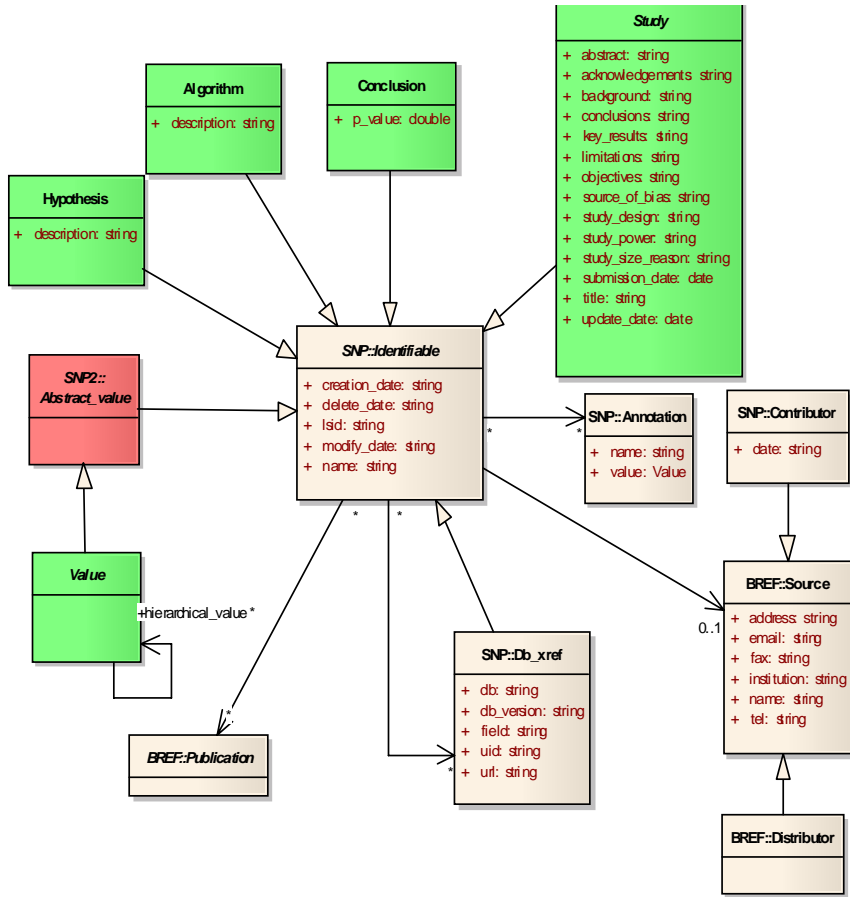


Figure 7.5

Phenotype - (Logical diagram)

Phenotype, environment and life style features are special cases of observable features from which observations can be made using specific observation methods. These observations lead to observed values obtained at specific time point from observation target (next diagram). Values can be also derived or categorized values (for example, high cholesterol level) in which case supporting values can be obtained from associated values, implemented using a recursion in the value model.







<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Algorithm	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Algorithm

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
description <u>string</u>	Description of algorithm

#### 7.1.2.2 Association\_study

**Type:** Class\_Study

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Examination of genetic variation across the human genome, designed to identify genetic associations with observable phenotypes.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Association_study
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Association_study	PAGE::Study
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Association_study

#### 7.1.2.3 Band\_size

**Type:** Class\_Latent\_genotype\_specification

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

DNA fragment length estimated from gel electrophoresis

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Band_size	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Band_size
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Band_size	SNP2::Abstract_value

### 7.1.2.4 Boolean

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Value of type boolean

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Boolean	PAGE::Value

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
value <u>boolean</u>	Boolean value

### 7.1.2.5 Conclusion

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

A reasoned judgment of an experiment



## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Conclusion
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Conclusion
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Conclusion	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>p_value</b> <u>double</u>	Probability value

### 7.1.2.6 Constraint

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

The contents of a Value can be limited by Constraints. Different types of Constraints allow various ways how to limit or validate one or more Value instances. The Constraint superclass only stores a string description of the Constraint. The actual full semantics of a constraint are specified in various subclasses described below.

But there are no subclasses in the PAGE-OM - because they are out of scope of PAGE-OM.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Aggregation</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Constraint	PAGE::Value

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>description</b> <u>string</u>	Description

### 7.1.2.7 Defining\_feature

**Type:** AssociationClass

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Association class has list of values which are used in defining the instance of Latent\_genotype\_specifications (for example intensity values used in allele calling).

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Defining_feature	SNP2::Abstract_value
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Defining_feature	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<u>type string</u>	Type of feature

### 7.1.2.8 Enum

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Enumeration contains list of Values

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Aggregation</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value	PAGE::Enum
<u>Generalization</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Enum	PAGE::Value

### 7.1.2.9 Environment\_feature

**Type:** Class\_Observable\_feature

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Circumstances, objects, or conditions by which one is surrounded.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Environment_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Environment_feature

### 7.1.2.10 Error

**Type:** Class\_Numeric\_value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Error value is numeric value of accuracy. Quality score

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Error	PAGE::Numeric_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Numeric_value	PAGE::Error

### 7.1.2.11 Evidence

**Type:** Class\_Evidence\_code

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Evidence indicates reliability of a feature or simply documents its authoritative origin.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> supporting_source Source -> Destination	Identifiable	PAGE::Evidence
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	score score of value PAGE::Value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Evidence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	PAGE::Evidence_code
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	curator Curator of evidence Person

### 7.1.2.12 Evidence\_code

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Evidence can be an EvidenceCode (which is a controlled vocabulary term such as a GO evidence code or ICIS Method code) but can be a more fully documented Evidence object (inheriting from EvidenceCode) generally curated by a specified person, a curator modeled as a Contact.

Its strength is expressed by the score (which is usually a numeric value between 0 and 1, but also other types of Value are allowed - e.g., an ontology term value).

The core of an evidence is its supporting source which can be anything (because it is identified by a SimpleIdentifier). Usual evidence sources are BiblioReferences, Studies and OntologyTerms. Reference (generationcp - <http://pantheon.generationcp.org/demeter/Features.html>).

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	PAGE::Evidence_code
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> supporting_evidence Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence_code	PAGE::Value

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
code <u>Ontology term</u>	Evidence code as specified using ontology term.

### 7.1.2.13 Experiment\_result

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Result of experiment

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Experiment_result
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<u>Association</u> Result Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Experiment_result
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Algorithm
<u>Generalization</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Value
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Observed_value
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Genomic_variation

### 7.1.2.14 Float\_value

**Type:** Class\_Numeric\_value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Value of type float

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Float_value	PAGE::Numeric_value

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
value <u>double</u>	Value

**7.1.2.15 Frequency\_set**

**Type:** Class\_Frequency

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Set of frequencies

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Frequency_set
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Frequency_set	SNP2::Frequency
<b>Aggregation</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	PAGE::Frequency_set

**7.1.2.16 Genotype\_phenotype\_correlation\_experiment**

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Family or case control based association study.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Conclusion
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment
<b><u>Association</u></b> Result Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Experiment_result
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Observation targets used in experiment Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Association_study
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Hypothesis
<b><u>Association</u></b> Genomic variations used in experiment Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	Identifiable

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>objective</b> <u>string</u>	Objective of experiment
<b>outcome</b> <u>string</u>	Outcome of experiment
<b>study_id</b> <u>string</u>	Identifier of study
<b>type</b> <u>string</u>	Type of experiment

### 7.1.2.17 Hypothesis

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Hypothesis of study

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Hypothesis	Identifiable
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Hypothesis
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	PAGE::Hypothesis

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>description</b> <u>string</u>	Description of hypothesis

### 7.1.2.18 Integer\_value

**Type:** Class\_Numeric\_value

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Value of type integer



### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Integer_value	PAGE::Numeric_value

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
value <u>int</u>	Integer value

### 7.1.2.19 Lifestyle\_feature

**Type:** Class\_Observable\_feature

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Way of life of an individual or panel

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Lifestyle_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Lifestyle_feature

### 7.1.2.20 Location\_on\_plate

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

X,Y plate\_positions (wells). Numbering starts from one. Each well can contain one or more observation targets (molecular samples) prepared for measurement using one or more variation assays (e.g., assay multiplexing Assay\_set). Note: These are optional laboratory specific details (Sample and Assay information is in Assayed\_genomic\_genotype).

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> wells Source -> Destination	PAGE::Plate	PAGE::Location_on_plate

<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Location_on_plate	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Location_on_plate

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>x</b> <u>int</u>	x coordinate of plate.
<b>y</b> <u>int</u>	y coordinate of plate

### 7.1.2.21 Melting\_temperature

**Type:** Class\_Latent\_genotype\_specification

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

The temperature at which DNA goes from a double-stranded to a single-stranded state. Unit of temperature is Celsius.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Melting_temperature	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Melting_temperature
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Melting_temperature	SNP2::Abstract_value

### 7.1.2.22 Multi\_variation\_assay

**Type:** Class\_Variation\_assay

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Multi\_variation\_assay is a collection of assays which may be used simultaneously. Examples would be multiplex assays, micro-array based assays, or a panel of single-plex assays that share some common feature or purpose.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Multi_variation_assay	SNP2::Variation_assay
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	PAGE::Multi_variation_assay
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Multi_variation_assay

### 7.1.2.23 Numeric\_value

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Numeric value

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Integer_value	PAGE::Numeric_value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Float_value	PAGE::Numeric_value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Error	PAGE::Numeric_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Numeric_value	PAGE::Error
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Numeric_value	PAGE::Value

### 7.1.2.24 Observable\_feature

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_observable\_feature

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Measurable feature of observable (e.g., size of nose)

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Environment_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	PAGE::Observation_method
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Phenotype_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Lifestyle_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature

### 7.1.2.25 Observable\_feature\_category

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Phenotype category or ontology

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature_category	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Phenotype_disease_category	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observable_feature_category
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature_category	Identifiable

### 7.1.2.26 Observation\_method

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Method of observation (e.g., ruler - can be also questionnaire).

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	PAGE::Observation_method
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observation_method
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observation_method	PAGE::Observed_value
<u>Generalization</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observation_method	Identifiable

### 7.1.2.27 Observed\_value

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Observation done at specific point in time.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	PAGE::Time_accuracy
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Observed_value
<u>Association</u> has value Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	target SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	value PAGE::Value

<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observation_method	PAGE::Observed_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Observed_value

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>time</b> <u>dateTime</u>	Time of observation

#### 7.1.2.28 Phenotype\_disease\_category

**Type:** Class\_Observable\_feature\_category

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Disease ontology.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Phenotype_disease_category	PAGE::Observable_feature_category

#### 7.1.2.29 Phenotype\_feature

**Type:** Class\_Observable\_feature

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Observable part of the structure, function, or behavior of a living organism.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Phenotype_feature	PAGE::Observable_feature
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Phenotype_feature

### 7.1.2.30 Plate

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

A sample holder, for example a microtiter plate used in one or many Runs. Samples (Observation\_targets) are positioned on the plate using Location\_on\_plate-class.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> wells Source -> Destination	PAGE::Plate	PAGE::Location_on_plate
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Plate	Identifiable
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Run	PAGE::Plate
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Plate

### 7.1.2.31 Run

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_run

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

The class contains information on execution of measurement experiments like time of execution and name of instrument.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Run	PAGE::Plate
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	PAGE::Run
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Run	SNP2::Abstract_run

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>instrument</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the instrument
<b>run_date</b> <u>dateTime</u>	Date of run.

### 7.1.2.32 String\_value

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Value of type string

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::String_value	PAGE::Value

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>value</b> <u>string</u>	Actual value

### 7.1.2.33 Study

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Research study

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Association_study	PAGE::Study
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Study	Identifiable



## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>abstract</b> <u>string</u>	Abstract
<b>acknowledgements</b> <u>string</u>	Acknowledgements
<b>background</b> <u>string</u>	Background information
<b>conclusions</b> <u>string</u>	Conclusions
<b>key_results</b> <u>string</u>	Key findings
<b>limitations</b> <u>string</u>	Limitations
<b>objectives</b> <u>string</u>	Objectives of study
<b>source_of_bias</b> <u>string</u>	Possible source of bias
<b>study_design</b> <u>string</u>	Study design
<b>study_power</b> <u>string</u>	Power of study
<b>study_size_reason</b> <u>string</u>	Reason for study size
<b>submission_date</b> <u>date</u>	Submission date of study
<b>title</b> <u>string</u>	Title of study
<b>update_date</b> <u>date</u>	Date when study is updated

### 7.1.2.34 Time\_accuracy

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Accuracy code for time. Accuracy code contains information on incompleteness of time. For example in some cases exact time is not known or cannot be given accurately for various reasons.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	PAGE::Time_accuracy

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>code</b> <u>Ontology term</u>	Accuracy code as defined in specific ontology.

### 7.1.2.35 Unit

**Type:** Class

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Unit of value. Unit is defined using ontology term

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Unit	PAGE::Value

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>type</b> <u>Ontology term</u>	Type of unit

### 7.1.2.36 Value

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_value

**Package:** PAGE

#### Document:

Abstract class. Extension point for Value implementations. Value model is based on concept developed in Generation Challenge Program: <http://pantheon.generationcp.org/demeter/Values.html>

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value	PAGE::Enum
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value_range	PAGE::Value

<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::String_value	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Boolean	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Constraint	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	score score of value PAGE::Value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	value PAGE::Value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Unit	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Enum	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value	hierarchical_value PAGE::Value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Numeric_value	PAGE::Value
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> supporting_evidence Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence_code	PAGE::Value

### 7.1.2.37 Value\_range

**Type:** Class\_Value

**Package:** PAGE

**Document:**

Inclusive value range

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value_range	PAGE::Value

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>max</b> <u>Numeric_value</u>	maximum value
<b>min</b> <u>Numeric_value</u>	minimum value

### 7.1.3 SNP2

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

#### Haplotype - (*Logical diagram*)

Haplotype (Genomic\_haplotype) is a set of polymorphisms (Genomic\_alleles) on a single chromosome (chromatid). Haplotypes may be grouped into sets like haplotype blocks (Haplotype\_block) separated by recombination regions and gene based haplotypes (Gene\_based\_haplotype), which combines sets of haplotypes on same gene structure.

Depending on an assay used, a genotype (Consensus\_genomic\_genotype) may contain information about the phase of the detected Genomic\_alleles. Alternatively, various additional methods (Haplotype\_derivation\_methods) can be used to measure or calculate haplotypes (Genomic\_haplotypes) from the genotype data.

The aim of many haplotype studies is to find haplotypes within a given sequence region that define most of the variation in populations

(Set\_of\_haplotypes). Haplotype blocks

(Haplotype\_blocks) are clusters determined by linkage disequilibrium-based methods. The other common way to define clusters is use a the sequence region of the gene.

(Gene\_based\_haplotype).

class Haplotype

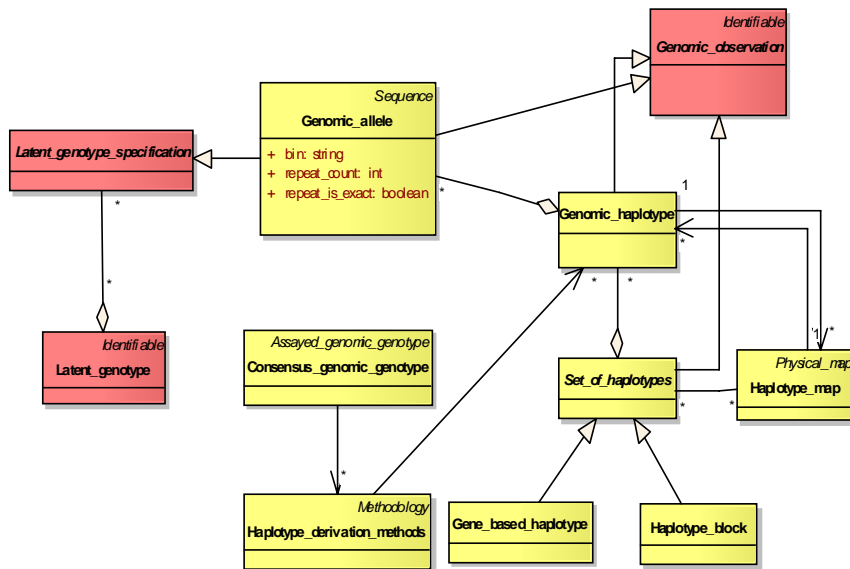
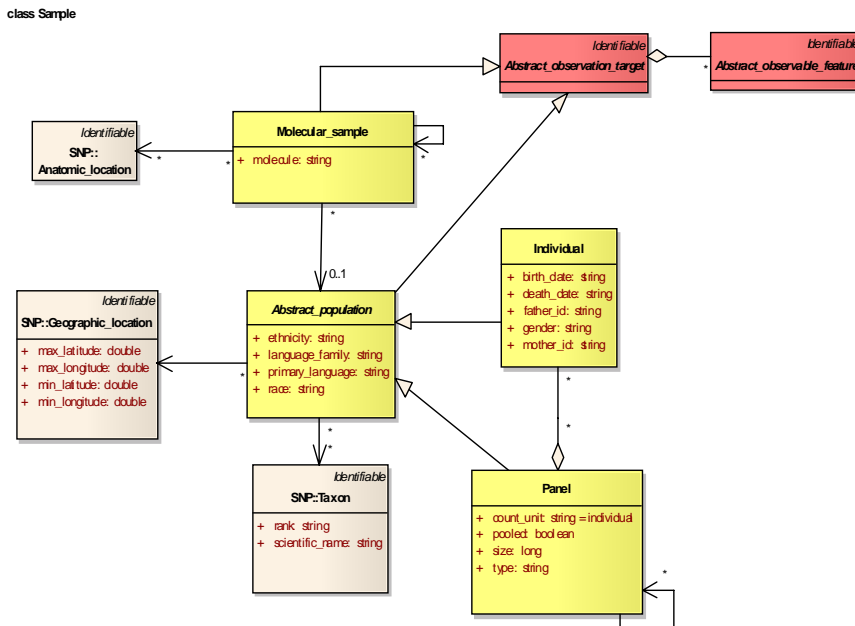


Figure 7.9

**Map** - (Logical diagram)

A map organizes genomic features and assigns them locations. The primary maps (Physical\_map, Sequence\_map), which have additive sequence residue count distances between markers, are separated here from secondary maps (Ordered\_map) that at best can only deal with non-metric distances. For each type a map (Map) there is a corresponding location (Location). Hence a marker (Genetic\_variation) can have several locations (Reference\_genomic\_location) in sequences (Reference\_genomic\_landmark) and additionally be located within a band (Cytogenetic\_location) in a species-specific karyotype (Cytogenetic\_map) as well as in (Genetic\_location) several genetic maps (Genetic\_map), e.g., in maps based on male and female recombination frequencies. Genomic assembly (Reference\_genomic\_assembly) is a physical sequence map that is combination of genomic sequences (Reference\_genomic\_landmark). Feature locations can also be expressed in chromosomal locations in an assembly(Reference\_genomic\_location\_in\_assembly).





**Figure 7.11**

**Sequence** - (Logical diagram)

All sequences inherit from a generic Sequence class. All sequences (Sequence) and sequence features (e.g., Genomic\_variation) can be located within a genomic sequence (Reference\_genomic\_sequence). This is modeled by common inheritance from an abstract superclass Locatable that can have several locations (Genomic\_reference\_location).

A Reference\_genomic\_landmark is any accessioned sequence within Reference\_genomic\_assembly. The model allows for multiple assemblies. Any location within a landmark and therefore in an assembly is called Reference\_genomic\_location. Any variable site in an assembly is a Genomic\_polymorphism. The variable sequences within Genomic\_variations are called Genomic\_alleles.

class Sequence

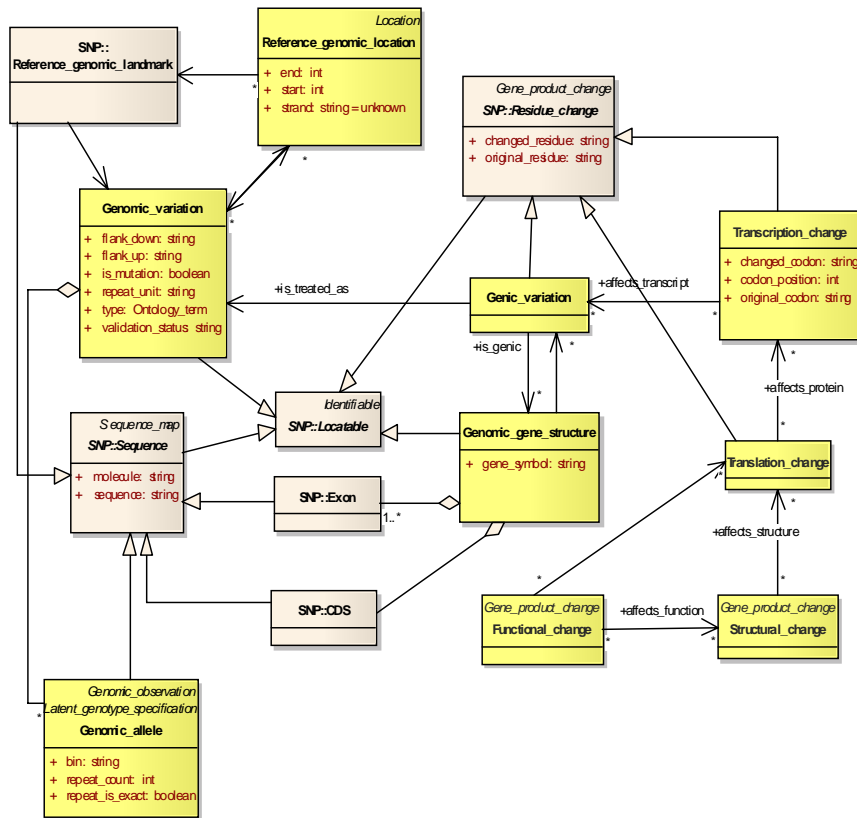


Figure 7.12

Sequence 2 - (Logical diagram)



class Sequence 2

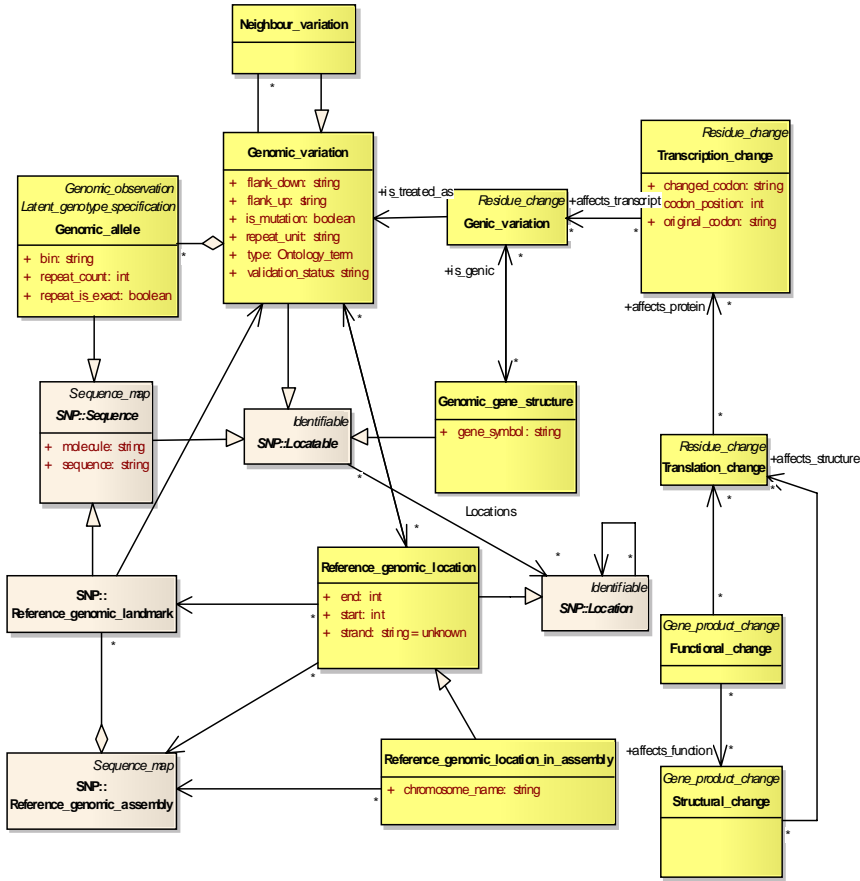


Figure 7.13

### 7.1.3.1 Abstract\_observable\_feature

Type: **Class** Identifiable

Package: SNP2

Document:

Abstract extension point for observable (Phenotype) features. Measurable feature of observable (e.g., size of nose)

Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature

<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature	Identifiable

### 7.1.3.2 Abstract\_observation\_target

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Abstract\_observation\_target is abstract super class of observable properties of objects like samples and individuals. Capable of being observed. For example nose size or eye color (Phenotype features)

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Location_on_plate	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> has value Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observed_value	target SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target

<b><u>Association</u></b> Observation targets used in experiment Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target	Identifiable

### 7.1.3.3 Abstract\_population

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_observation\_target

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

An interbreeding set of individuals, from whom a Panel is drawn. (Population in SNP-PML). Extends Abstract\_observation\_target, which is abstract class for all entities from which one can make genotype or phenotype measurements or observations.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	SNP2::Abstract_population
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	Geographic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	Taxon
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Individual	SNP2::Abstract_population
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Panel	SNP2::Abstract_population

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>ethnicity</b> <u>string</u>	Additional ethnic category of the population sample or “mixed.”

<b>language_family</b> <u>string</u>	Language family name or code, e.g., as in Ethnologue.
<b>primary_language</b> <u>string</u>	Language spoken (name or code), e.g., as in Ethnologue.
<b>race</b> <u>string</u>	Broad ethnic category of the population sample or “mixed.”

#### 7.1.3.4 Abstract\_run

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Abstract extension point for experiment runs

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_run	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_run
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Run	SNP2::Abstract_run

#### 7.1.3.5 Abstract\_value

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Abstract class, extension point for values.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Defining_feature	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Value	SNP2::Abstract_value

<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_value	Identifiable
<b><u>Dependency</u></b> derived from raw data Source -> Destination	SNP2::Latent_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Melting_temperature	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Band_size	SNP2::Abstract_value

### 7.1.3.6 Assayed\_genomic\_genotype

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_observation

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

The result of applying a Variation\_assay to an individual, to reveal one or more of the Genomic\_alleles carried by that individual. This term applies to the observed data rather than to the inferred state of the individual (see Consensus\_genomic\_genotype). Thus the same individual might have several different Assayed\_genomic\_genotypes at the same Genomic\_variation, where the variation might be due to differing assays, experimental error, dominant systems, missing data, and so forth. Synonym: Measurement.

Association to Genomic\_allele is replaced by Latent\_genotype, which has possible alleles (Genomic\_alleles) as an extension of abstract class Latent\_genotype\_specification.

Associations from Assayed\_genomic\_genotype to Value and Run. Value contains raw data like intensity values and Run gives information about experiment run like date and instrument type.

Association from Assayed\_genomic\_genotype to Molecular\_sample is replaced by association to Abstract\_observation\_target, which is abstract super class of Molecular\_sample Assayed\_genomic\_genotype is now sub-class of Genomic\_observation. Genomic\_observation is also super class of Frequency and Genomic\_Haplotype and Haplotype\_block.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_run

<b><u>Association</u></b> measured genotype Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> without assay details Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> with assay details Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Variation_assay
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype	derived_from SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_value
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Genomic_observation

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>assay_failure</b> <u>boolean</u>	Failure of assay. Value is true if assay has failed
<b>quality_score</b> <u>float</u>	Quality score of measurement. Depends on the instrument

#### 7.1.3.7 Consensus\_genomic\_genotype

**Type:** Class\_Assayed\_genomic\_genotype

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

A list of one or more Genomic\_alleles carried by a single individual for a single Genomic\_variation. Unlike the Assayed\_genomic\_genotype, the Consensus\_genomic\_genotype is intended to be used solely for assertions as to the true value of the alleles, after experimental error and other factors are taken into account. The number of Genomic\_alleles is equal to the ploidy (copy number) of the individual's genomic DNA at the Reference\_genomic\_location of the polymorphism. Synonym: Inferred\_genomic\_genotype, Genomic\_genotype.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype	derived_from SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype

### 7.1.3.8 Frequency

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_observation

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

Abstract class for frequencies, expressed in percentages. Alleles (Genomic\_alleles), genotypes (Consensus\_genomic\_genotype) and haplotypes (Genomic\_haplotype) can have measured frequencies in population samples (Panels). In addition, heterozygosity (Heterozygosity) is a measure of observed variability of a polymorphic site (Genomic\_variation) in a sub-population (Panel).

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Heterozygosity	SNP2::Frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Variation_assay

<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Frequency_set	SNP2::Frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	PAGE::Frequency_set
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>count</b> <u>int</u>	Total number
<b>value</b> <u>double</u>	Value of frequency (%)

#### 7.1.3.9 Functional\_change

**Type:** Class\_Gene\_product\_change

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

Change in the function of the final gene product.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	SNP2::Translation_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	affects_function SNP2::Structural_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Functional_change
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	Gene_product_change



### 7.1.3.10 Gene\_based\_haplotype

**Type:** Class\_Set\_of\_haplotypes

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Collection of variable nucleotides (Genomic\_alleles in Genomic\_variations) that define a gene. In older usage same as locus.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Gene_based_haplotype
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Gene_based_haplotype	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes

### 7.1.3.11 Genic\_variation

**Type:** Class\_Residue\_change

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Genomic variation with location in genic coordinates. Synonym: mutation (when change from a common allele affects phenotype).

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Genic_variation	Residue_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure	SNP2::Genic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genic_variation	is_treated_as SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Transcription_change	affects_transcript SNP2::Genic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	is_genic SNP2::Genic_variation	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure

<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genic_variation
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### 7.1.3.12 Genomic\_allele

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_observation, Latent\_genotype\_specification, Sequence

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

One of several alternative DNA sequences of a Reference\_genomic\_location as it appears in the population of organisms.  
Synonym: variant, allele

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Genomic_reference_allele	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Genomic_allele	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	one_of Genomic_reference_allele	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency	SNP2::Genomic_allele

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>bin</b> <u>string</u>	Size class for microsatellite alleles when exact size cannot be determined. Semantic name.
<b>repeat_count</b> <u>int</u>	If the Genomic_variation type is 'microsatellite,' get number of repeat units as value, e.g., 7.
<b>repeat_is_exact</b> <u>boolean</u>	The Genomic_variation type is 'microsatellite' and gets value true if the allele region consists of repeat units only.

### 7.1.3.13 Genomic\_allele\_population\_frequency

**Type:** Class\_Frequency

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

The frequency with which a particular Genomic\_allele is seen in a particular Panel. This frequency can be measured from pooled samples. Synonyms: Genomic\_allele\_panel\_frequency, allele\_frequency.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency

### 7.1.3.14 Genomic\_gene\_structure

**Type:** Class\_Locatable

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

A structure of a gene expressed as location of the CDS and exons. Defines genic coordinate system from start of the CDS downstream.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> Unspecified	Exon	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b>Association</b> Unspecified	CDS	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b>Generalization</b>	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure	Locatable
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure	SNP2::Genic_variation
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	is_genic SNP2::Genic_variation	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>gene_symbol</b> <u>string</u>	gene symbol for the gene e.g., approved by the HUGO nomenclature committee.

### 7.1.3.15 Genomic\_genotype\_population\_frequency

**Type:** Class\_Frequency

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Frequency of a Consensus\_genomic\_genotype in a Panel.

OSAGE-OM

Has many to one relationship to Latent\_genotype (Consensus\_genomic\_genotype in SNP-PML).

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Association</b> measured genotype Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Latent_genotype

<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency

### 7.1.3.16 Genomic\_haplotype

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_observation

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A set of Genomic\_alleles across an equal number of Genomic\_variations in a single chromosome and in a single individual. The Genomic\_haplotype is derived from a set of Consensus\_genomic\_genotype. For each Genomic\_variation, the haplotype contains one and only one Genomic\_allele. Furthermore, the Genomic\_alleles are required to be in phase on the individual, meaning that they are located on the same contiguous strand of DNA. Synonym: Haplotype.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Molecular_sample
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Haplotype_map	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype

<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Haplotype_map

### 7.1.3.17 Genomic\_haplotype\_population\_frequency

**Type:** Class\_Frequency

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Frequency of a Genomic\_haplotype in a Panel.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Frequency
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype

### 7.1.3.18 Genomic\_observation

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Genomic observation

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Association</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_observation	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes	SNP2::Genomic_observation
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Genomic_observation

### 7.1.3.19 Genomic\_variation

**Type:** Class\_Locatable

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A variable site in a Reference\_genomic\_landmark sequence. Synonyms: polymorphic site, marker, (Genomic\_polymorphism in SNP-PML). The relationship to Latent\_genotype\_specification gives information on possible sequence variations attached to the locus (as defined by flanking sequences).

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	SNP2::Neighbour_variation	SNP2::Genomic_variation

<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Genomic_variation	Reference_genomic_landmark
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genic_variation	is_treated_as SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Ordered_location	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> without assay details Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Heterozygosity
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Neighbour_variation
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_variation	Locatable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Genomic variations used in experiment Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Experiment_result	SNP2::Genomic_variation



## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>flank_down</b> <u>string</u>	Downstream flanking sequence (at least 25 residues, if possible).
<b>flank_up</b> <u>string</u>	Upstream flanking sequence (at least 25 residues, if possible).
<b>is_mutation</b> <u>boolean</u>	Proven phenotype change causing mutation.
<b>repeat_unit</b> <u>string</u>	If type is 'microsatellite,' gives the repeat unit, e.g., "CA."
<b>type</b> <u>Ontology term</u>	The type of the polymorphism (e.g., SNP, microsatellite, indel, translocation,...).
<b>validation_status</b> <u>string</u>	Validation status, e.g., "Proven," "Suspected."

### 7.1.3.20 Haplotype\_block

**Type:** Class\_Set\_of\_haplotypes

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Large (spanning a few kb to >100 kb) blocks of Genomic\_alleles in linkage disequilibrium (LD) and a few haplotypes per block, separated by regions of recombination.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Haplotype_block	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_block

### 7.1.3.21 Haplotype\_derivation\_methods

**Type:** Class\_Methodology

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Association class describing methods used to derive Genomic\_haplotypes from Consensus\_genomic\_genotypes.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods	SNP2::Consensus_genomic_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods	Methodology

### 7.1.3.22 Haplotype\_map

**Type:** Class\_Physical\_map

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

Map of haplotypes. Features include: \* Block length distribution \* measures of block variability \* relative proportions of common haplotypes \* block coverage of chromosomes and/or genome \* LD and other values between haplotypes, markers, alleles.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Haplotype_map	Physical_map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Haplotype_map	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Haplotype_map	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Haplotype_map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Haplotype_map

### 7.1.3.23 Heterozygosity

**Type:** Class\_Frequency

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A numerical measure of observed abundance of different Genomic\_alleles in a Genomic\_variation.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	SNP2::Heterozygosity	SNP2::Frequency
<u>Association</u> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Heterozygosity
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Heterozygosity

### 7.1.3.24 Individual

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_population

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A single member of a species, where a species is an accessioned taxon defined by a public database, and the individual is accessioned in a public or private database. Synonym: “inbred strain” in homozygous lineages.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Unspecified	SNP2::Individual	SNP2::Panel
<u>Generalization</u> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Individual	SNP2::Abstract_population
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Individual

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>birth_date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of birth of the individual. May be better abbreviated to birth year to protect the privacy of the individual.
<b>death_date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of death of the individual. May be better abbreviated to plain year to protect the privacy of the individual.
<b>father_id</b> <u>string</u>	Id of the father to allow building of pedigrees.
<b>gender</b> <u>string</u>	Recommended values are 'unknown,' 'male,' and 'female.' Additional values can be used to denote unusual karyotypes.
<b>mother_id</b> <u>string</u>	Id of the mother to allow building of pedigrees.

### 7.1.3.25 Latent\_genotype

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP2

#### Document:

Potentially existing genotypes that could be observed by Variation\_assays (Polymorphism\_assays in SNP-PML) Application of a Variation\_assay on one Molecular\_sample generates a single Latent\_genotype which has one or more Latent\_genotype\_specifications (this depends on ploidy level in case of Genomic\_allele).

Latent\_genotypes associated to one instance of a Variation\_assay can have only one type of Latent\_genotype\_specifications, as defined by Defining\_feature.

Class is a holder for one or many observable variation objects (Latent\_genotype\_specification). Latent\_genotype is used to attach possible variations to measurements (Assayed\_genomic\_genotype), variation assays (Variation\_assay) and marker loci (Genomic\_variation). The construct is used in places where Genomic\_allele was used in the SNP-PML.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Latent_genotype	Identifiable
<b>AssociationClass</b> Unspecified	SNP2::Latent_genotype	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b>Association</b> detectable genotypes Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b>Association</b> measured genotype Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Latent_genotype

<b><u>Association</u></b> measured genotype Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_genotype_population_frequency	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b><u>Dependency</u></b> derived from raw data Source -> Destination	SNP2::Latent_genotype	SNP2::Abstract_value

### 7.1.3.26 Latent\_genotype\_specification

**Type:** Class

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Abstract super class of observable variation objects, like alleles, melting temperatures (Melting\_temperature), band sizes (Band\_size). The class makes possible to extend the model to cover different kind of sequence or chromosomal variations.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>AssociationClass</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Latent_genotype	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Melting_temperature	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Band_size	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_allele	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Defining_feature	SNP2::Latent_genotype_specification

### 7.1.3.27 Molecular\_sample

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_observation\_target

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A sample from an Individual or from a Panel defining the molecule and tissue/cell used (Anatomic\_locations) in the Variation\_assay. Synonym: Sample\_of\_individual.

Class extends the Abstract\_observation\_target, which is abstract class for all entities from which one can make genotype or phenotype measurements or observations.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	SNP2::Molecular_sample
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	SNP2::Abstract_population
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Molecular_sample
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	Anatomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Molecular_sample

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
molecule <u>string</u>	The molecule (RNA, DNA, protein) used in the assay.

**7.1.3.28 Neighbour\_variation**

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_variation

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Another Genomic\_variation close enough to affect the primer design.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Neighbour_variation	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Neighbour_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Neighbour_variation

### 7.1.3.29 Panel

**Type:** Class\_Abstract\_population

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A set of samples from individuals drawn from the same species and used for genetic studies. A panel must be identifiable with a list of accessioned individuals, if possible. (Note: do not use term “population” here!) Synonym: SampleSet, Sample from population(s), “Plate” in Coriel sense. Recursion. Panels of panels

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Individual	SNP2::Panel
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Panel	SNP2::Panel
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Panel
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Panel	SNP2::Abstract_population

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>count_unit</b> <u>string</u> individual	Values are ‘chromosome’ and ‘individual.’ Default is ‘individual.’

<b>pooled</b> <u>boolean</u>	True if accessioned individuals are not available.
<b>size</b> <u>long</u>	The size of the sample. Note that the count_unit field affects how this value is interpreted.
<b>type</b> <u>string</u>	Optional identifier of the panel category: e.g., plate, family, population sample.

### 7.1.3.30 Reference\_genomic\_location

**Type:** Class\_Location

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A location within a Reference\_genomic\_landmark. Attributes of the location are the Reference\_genomic\_assembly and/or the Reference\_genomic\_landmark, the start and end range and strand of the feature relative to the Reference\_genomic\_landmark.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_landmark	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location_in_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location	Location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_variation	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>end</b> <u>int</u>	End of the location in the reference sequence.



<b>start</b> <u>int</u>	Start of the location in the reference sequence.
<b>strand</b> <u>string</u> unknown	Orientation of the feature in the reference sequence. One of 'forward,' 'reverse,' 'unknown.' Defaults to 'unknown.'

### 7.1.3.31 Reference\_genomic\_location\_in\_assembly

**Type:** Class\_Reference\_genomic\_location

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

A location in one chromosome of a reference genomic assembly. Instead of the reference sequence being an accessioned sequence, it is a versioned assembly.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location_in_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b>Association</b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location_in_assembly

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>chromosome_name</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the chromosome in the assembly.

### 7.1.3.32 Set\_of\_haplotypes

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_observation

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

An abstract representation of a collection of haplotypes.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	SNP2::Haplotype_block	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes

<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Genomic_haplotype	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	SNP2::Haplotype_map	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Gene_based_haplotype	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Set_of_haplotypes	SNP2::Genomic_observation

### 7.1.3.33 Structural\_change

**Type:** Class\_Gene\_product\_change

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Change in the 3D structure of the polypeptide chain.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Structural_change	Gene_product_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	affects_function SNP2::Structural_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Structural_change	affects_structure SNP2::Translation_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Structural_change

### 7.1.3.34 Transcription\_change

**Type:** Class\_Residue\_change

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Change in the quality or quantity of the mature RNA product.

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Translation_change	affects_protein SNP2::Transcription_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Transcription_change	affects_transcript SNP2::Genic_variation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Transcription_change
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Transcription_change	Residue_change

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>changed_codon</b> <u>string</u>	The new codon in the transcript, if applicable.
<b>codon_position</b> <u>int</u>	The first affected nucleotide in the codon. Values are: 1, 2 or 3.
<b>original_codon</b> <u>string</u>	The affected codon in the transcript.

### 7.1.3.35 Translation\_change

**Type:** Class\_Residue\_change

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

Change in the quality or quantity of (predicted) polypeptide chain (2D).

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Translation_change	Residue_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	SNP2::Translation_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Structural_change	affects_structure SNP2::Translation_change

<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Translation_change	affects_protein SNP2::Transcription_change
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Translation_change

### 7.1.3.36 Variation\_assay

**Type:** Class\_Methodology

**Package:** SNP2

**Document:**

An experimental lab protocol and set of reagents for detecting the Genomic\_alleles of Genomic\_variations carried by an individual or a panel of individuals. Synonym: Assay. Non instrument part of the experiment - same assay can be used in different instrument runs. (Polymorphism\_assay in SNP-PML).

Variation assay designed for the Genomic\_variation has one-to-many association to Latent\_genotype\_specification, which gives information on measurable variations (by this assay) attached to the locus.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Multi_variation_assay	SNP2::Variation_assay
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Variation_assay	Methodology
<b><u>Association</u></b> detectable genotypes Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	SNP2::Latent_genotype
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	PAGE::Multi_variation_assay
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	Oligo
<b><u>Association</u></b> With assay details Source -> Destination	SNP2::Assayed_genomic_genotype	SNP2::Variation_assay
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	SNP2::Variation_assay

<b>Association</b>		
Source -> Destination	SNP2::Frequency	SNP2::Variation_assay

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>description</b> <u>string</u>	Free text description of the assay protocol.

## 7.1.4 FUGE

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

Ontology - (Logical diagram)

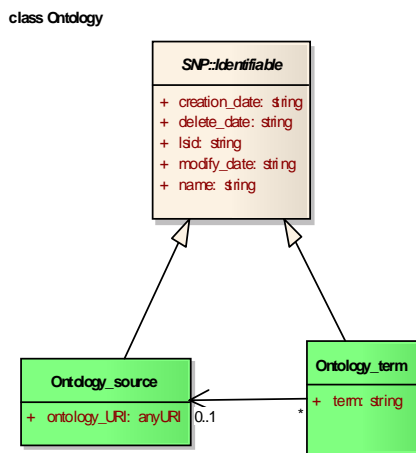


Figure 7.14

### 7.1.4.1 Ontology\_source

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** FUGE

**Document:**

The source ontology or controlled vocabulary list that ontology terms have been obtained from.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_term	FUGE::Ontology_source
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_source	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>ontology_URI</b> <u>anyURI</u>	A URI is short for Uniform Resource Identifier. A URI is a compact sequence of characters that identifies an abstract or physical resource.

### 7.1.4.2 Ontology\_term

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** FUGE

**Document:**

Ontology term, defined in more detail in FuGE (<http://fuge.sourceforge.net/>). This is just a place holder

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_term	FUGE::Ontology_source
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_term	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>term</b> <u>string</u>	Ontology term

## 7.1.5 BasicTypes

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

**BasicTypes** - (Logical diagram)

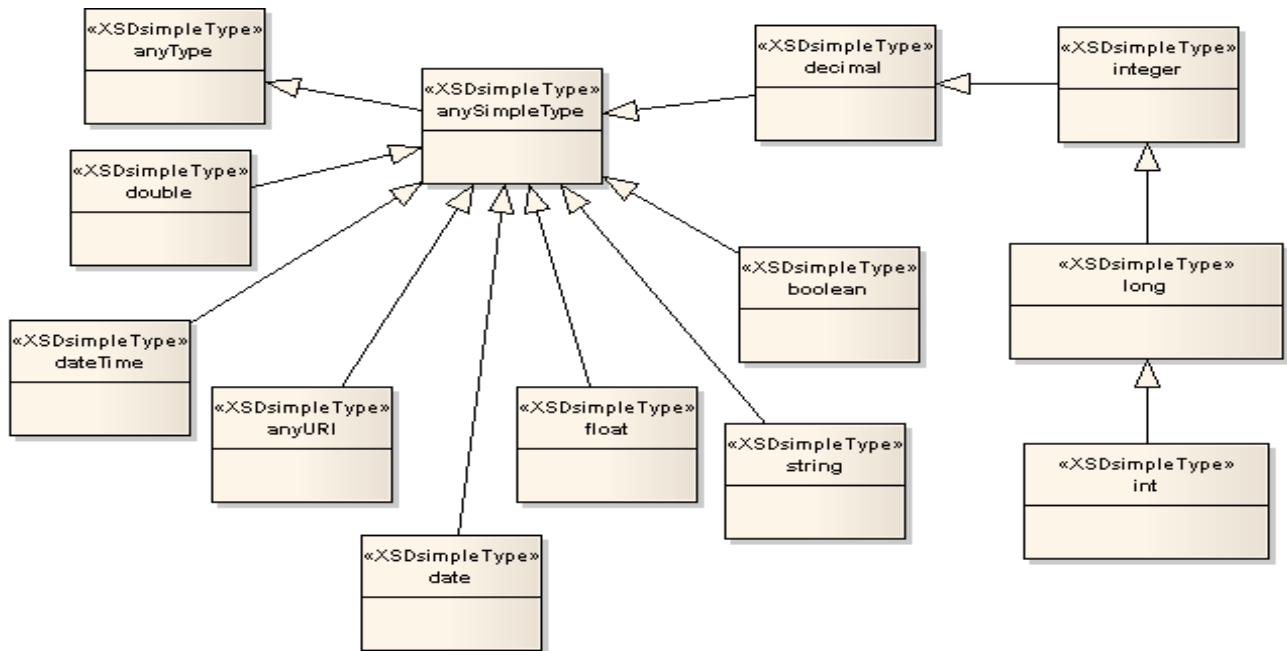


Figure 7.15

### 7.1.5.1 anySimpleType

**Type:** Class\_anyType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	BasicTypes::decimal	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b>Generalization</b>	BasicTypes::float	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::anyURI	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::dateTime	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::date	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::double	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::anySimpleType	BasicTypes::anyType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::string	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::time	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::boolean	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.2 anyType

**Type:** Class

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BasicTypes::anySimpleType	BasicTypes::anyType

### 7.1.5.3 anyURI

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**



### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::anyURI	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.4 boolean

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::boolean	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.5 date

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::date	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.6 dateTime

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::dateTime	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.7 decimal

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::decimal	BasicTypes::anySimpleType
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::integer	BasicTypes::decimal

### 7.1.5.8 double

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::double	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.9 float

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::float	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.10 int

**Type:** Class\_long

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::short	BasicTypes::int
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::int	BasicTypes::long

### 7.1.5.11 integer

**Type:** Class\_decimal

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::long	BasicTypes::integer
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::integer	BasicTypes::decimal

### 7.1.5.12 long

**Type:** Class\_integer

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::int	BasicTypes::long
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::long	BasicTypes::integer

### 7.1.5.13 short

**Type:** Class\_int

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::short	BasicTypes::int

### 7.1.5.14 string

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BasicTypes::string	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.5.15 time

**Type:** Class\_anySimpleType

**Package:** BasicTypes

**Document:**

## Connections

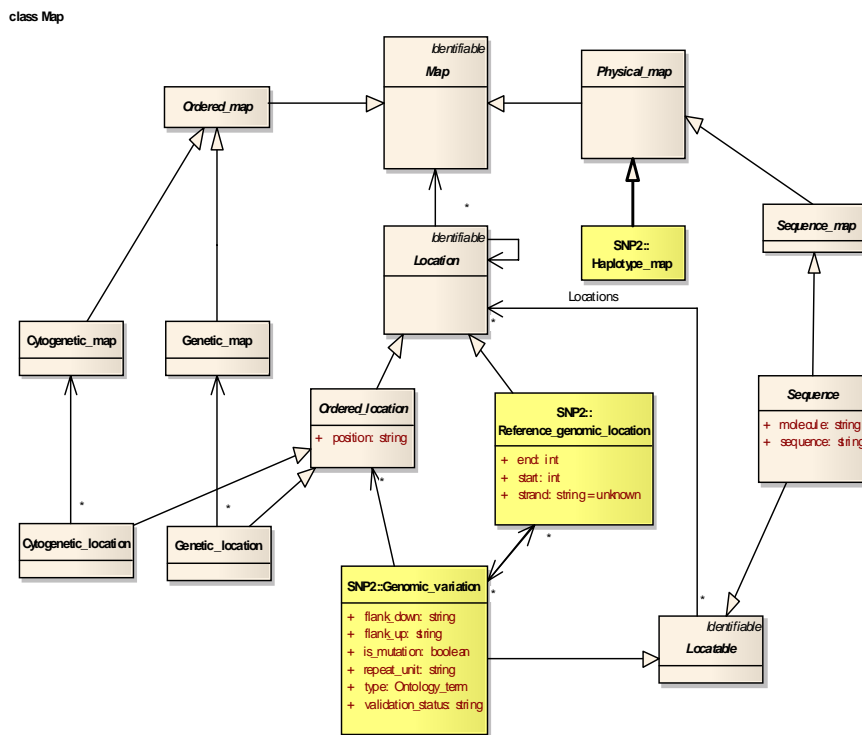
Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	BasicTypes::time	BasicTypes::anySimpleType

### 7.1.6 SNP

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

**Map - (Logical diagram)**



**Figure 7.16**

**Sample - (Logical diagram)**

class Sample

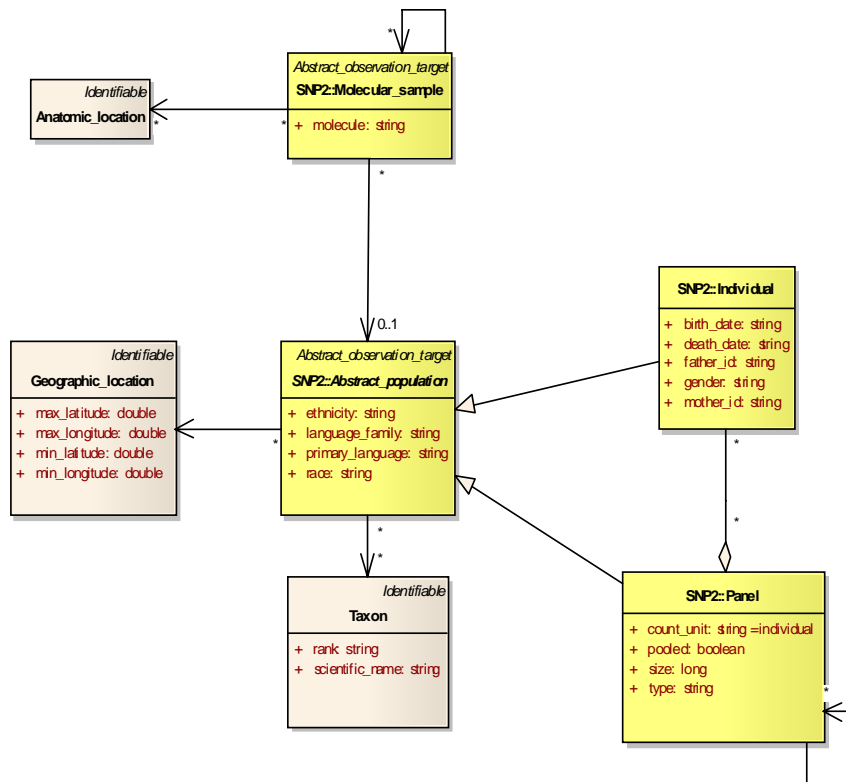


Figure 7.17

Sequence - (Logical diagram)

class Sequence

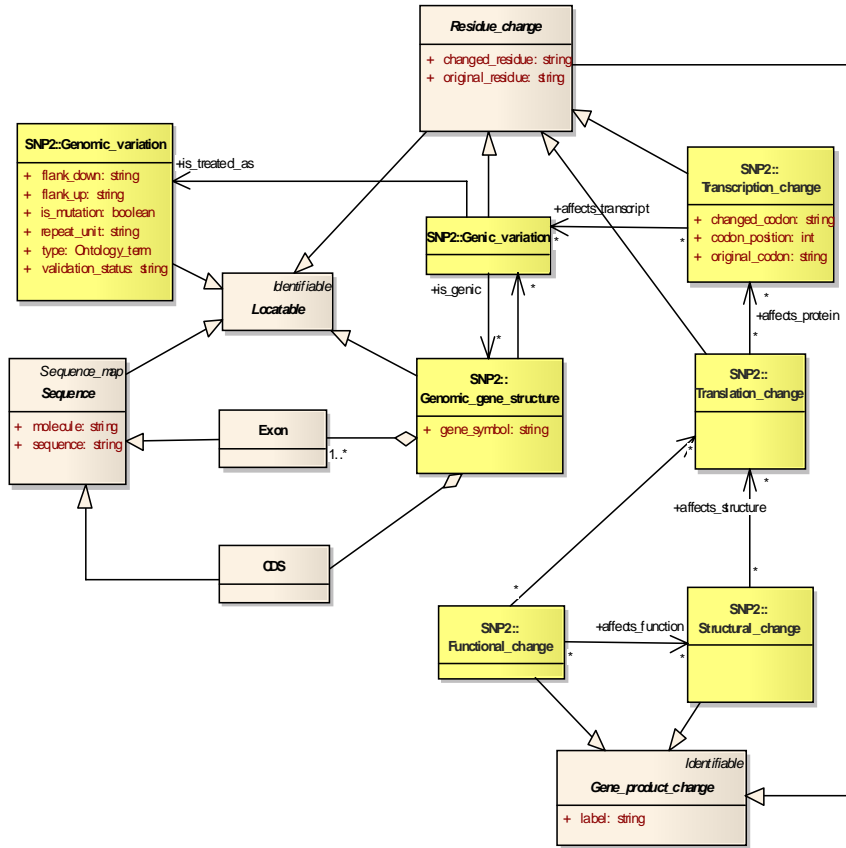


Figure 7.18

Sequence 2 - (Logical diagram)

class Sequence 2



Figure 7.19

### 7.1.6.1 Anatomic\_location

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Description of the anatomical location the molecular sample is derived from. Best expressed as a controlled vocabulary of anatomical terms.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u>		
Source -> Destination	SNP2::Molecular_sample	Anatomic_location



<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Anatomic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Anatomic_location	Identifiable

### 7.1.6.2 Annotation

**Type:** Class

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A free text of name and value pair. Note: name should be Ontology\_term

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	Annotation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Annotation

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>name</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the annotation feature
<b>value</b> <u>Value</u>	Value of annotation feature

### 7.1.6.3 CDS

**Type:** Class\_Sequence

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Region in a reference sequence that determines the start, end, and strand of the gene coding region.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	CDS	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	CDS	Sequence
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	CDS

### 7.1.6.4 Contributor

**Type:** Class\_Source

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Person who has edited data in the data set. Synonym: curator.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Contributor
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Contributor	BREF::Source

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of the editing.

### 7.1.6.5 Cytogenetic\_location

**Type:** Class\_Ordered\_location

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A location in a cytogenetic map expressed as a band or a range of bands.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Cytogenetic_map	Cytogenetic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Cytogenetic_location	Ordered_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Cytogenetic_location

### 7.1.6.6 Cytogenetic\_map

**Type:** Class\_Ordered\_map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Map of cytogenetic bands describing their relative order.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Cytogenetic_map	Cytogenetic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Cytogenetic_map	Ordered_map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Cytogenetic_map

### 7.1.6.7 Db\_xref

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Cross reference between two Identifiables in different databases.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	Db_xref
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	identifier Db_xref	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Db_xref
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Db_xref	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>db</b> <u>string</u>	The remote database name or abbreviation.
<b>db_version</b> <u>string</u>	Version of the database
<b>field</b> <u>string</u>	Field in the remote database where the UID value is found (e.g., ID or AC in EMBL). Optional
<b>uid</b> <u>string</u>	Unique identifier in the remote database.
<b>url</b> <u>string</u>	Full URL to the cross-referenced entry

### 7.1.6.8 Exon

**Type:** Class\_Sequence

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Region in a reference sequence that determines the start, end, and strand of the transcript that is not spliced away.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	Exon	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Exon

<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Exon	Sequence
--	------	----------

### 7.1.6.9 Gene\_product\_change

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Free form description of change in gene product

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Structural_change	Gene_product_change
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Gene_product_change	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Residue_change	Gene_product_change
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Functional_change	Gene_product_change

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>label</b> <u>string</u>	Human understandable term for the change (e.g., missense, truncation).

### 7.1.6.10 Genetic\_location

**Type:** Class\_Ordered\_location

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A relative location of a marker in a genetic map based on recombination.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Genetic_map	Genetic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Genetic_location	Ordered_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genetic_location

### 7.1.6.11 Genetic\_map

**Type:** Class\_Ordered\_map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A map containing the order and non-metric distance between genetic markers for identifiable sequence features. Unit: centiMorgan.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Genetic_map	Genetic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Genetic_map	Ordered_map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genetic_map

### 7.1.6.12 Genomic\_reference\_allele

**Type:** Class\_Genomic\_allele

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

The DNA sequence of a Genomic\_variation as it appears in the public database.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Genomic_reference_allele	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Reference_genomic_assembly	present_in Genomic_reference_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	one_of Genomic_reference_allele	SNP2::Genomic_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Genomic_reference_allele

### 7.1.6.13 Geographic\_location

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

#### Document:

Location of an individual or population in a geographic map. Locations are expressed in decimal degrees. Northern latitudes (if north of the equator) and eastern longitudes (if east of GM) have positive values by convention.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	Geographic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Geographic_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Geographic_location	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>max_latitude</b> <u>double</u>	Upper bound of a geographical location expressed in degrees from the equator.
<b>max_longitude</b> <u>double</u>	Upper bound of a geographical location expressed in degrees from the Greenwich meridian.

<b>min_latitude</b> <u>double</u>	Lower bound of a geographical location expressed in degrees from the equator.
<b>min_longitude</b> <u>double</u>	Lower bound of a geographical location expressed in degrees from the Greenwich meridian.

#### 7.1.6.14 Identifiable

**Type:** Class

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Anything with a unique identifier.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Subject_descriptor	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Latent_genotype	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Hypothesis	Identifiable
<b><u>Aggregation</u></b> supporting_source Source -> Destination	Identifiable	PAGE::Evidence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Plate	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_run	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	Annotation
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	BREF::Publication
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	Db_xref
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Bibref_scope	Identifiable



<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Journal	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	BREF::Source
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Gene_product_change	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Algorithm	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_source	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_value	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	FUGE::Ontology_term	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_observation	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	BREF::Provider	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Location	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Taxon	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Study	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Conclusion	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Methodology	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Db_xref	Identifiable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Map	Identifiable

<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Anatomic_location	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observation_target	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Genotype_phenotype_correlation_experiment	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observable_feature_category	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_observable_feature	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Geographic_location	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Locatable	Identifiable
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Observation_method	Identifiable

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>creation_date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of creation of the object.
<b>delete_date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of deletion of the object.
<b>lsid</b> <u>string</u>	Life Science Identifier.
<b>modify_date</b> <u>string</u>	Date of last modification of the object.
<b>name</b> <u>string</u>	Name can be non unique. Display name

### 7.1.6.15 Locatable

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Abstract class for anything that can be placed on a sequence, i.e., can act as a sequence feature.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Genomic_gene_structure	Locatable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Genomic_variation	Locatable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Locations Source -> Destination	Locatable	Location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Residue_change	Locatable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Sequence	Locatable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Locatable	Identifiable

### 7.1.6.16 Location

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A position in an abstract map.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Location	Location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location	Location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Map	Location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Ordered_location	Location

<b><u>Association</u></b> Locations Source -> Destination	Locatable	Location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Location	Identifiable

### 7.1.6.17 Map

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

An abstract map.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Physical_map	Map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Map	Location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Ordered_map	Map
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Map	Identifiable

### 7.1.6.18 Methodology

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Abstract class for a laboratory method or a computational protocol.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Variation_assay	Methodology

<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Haplotype_derivation_methods	Methodology
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Methodology	Identifiable

### 7.1.6.19 Oligo

**Type:** Class\_Sequence

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A DNA oligonucleotide used for detection and assay of Genomic\_variations in Variation\_assays. Synonym: primer

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Oligo	Sequence
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Variation_assay	Oligo
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Oligo

### 7.1.6.20 Ordered\_location

**Type:** Class\_Location

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A location on a secondary map that gives ordering information. That map can be a genetic or a cytogenetic map.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Genetic_location	Ordered_location
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Ordered_location	Location

<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Ordered_location	SNP2::Genomic_variation
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Cytogenetic_location	Ordered_location

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
position <u>string</u>	Location description

#### 7.1.6.21 Ordered\_map

**Type:** Class\_Map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A non-metric map category.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Cytogenetic_map	Ordered_map
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Genetic_map	Ordered_map
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Ordered_map	Map

#### 7.1.6.22 Organization

**Type:** Class\_Provider

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Affiliation of a group of unidentified persons.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Organization	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Organization

### 7.1.6.23 Person

**Type:** Class\_Provider

**Package:** SNP

#### Document:

An individual identified by name who is involved with creating or disseminating publications. Possible roles are author, editor, contributor, publisher, or applicant.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Person	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	editor Person	BREF::Book
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Person
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE::Evidence	curator Curator of evidence Person

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>affiliation</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the organization the person is affiliated with.
<b>email</b> <u>string</u>	Email address
<b>et_al</b> <u>boolean</u>	Indicator that there are more persons in the list of persons; used typically for the bibliographic reference that contains only an abbreviated author list. Last listed author should have et_al set to true.

<b>first_name</b> <u>string</u>	First name
<b>mid_initials</b> <u>string</u>	Initials of any subsequent personal names.
<b>postal_address</b> <u>string</u>	Full postal address
<b>surname</b> <u>string</u>	Last name.

#### 7.1.6.24 Physical\_map

**Type:** Class\_Map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Map of physical entities, e.g., clones, contigs.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Physical_map	Map
<b>Generalization</b>	SNP2::Haplotype_map	Physical_map
<b>Generalization</b> Source -> Destination	Sequence_map	Physical_map

#### 7.1.6.25 Reference\_genomic\_assembly

**Type:** Class\_Sequence\_map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Set of reference sequences (Reference\_genomic\_landmarks) with an algorithm to define the genome and its constituents.



## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	Reference_genomic_landmark	Reference_genomic_assembly
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_assembly	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location_in_assembly
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	Reference_genomic_assembly	Taxon
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Reference_genomic_assembly	Sequence_map
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Reference_genomic_assembly	present_in Genomic_reference_allele
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Reference_genomic_assembly

### 7.1.6.26 Reference\_genomic\_landmark

**Type:** Class\_Sequence

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

An accessioned genomic sequence which can be unambiguously assigned to a location in an assembly based on information in public databases.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Unspecified	Reference_genomic_landmark	Reference_genomic_assembly
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	Reference_genomic_landmark	SNP2::Reference_genomic_location
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	SNP2::Genomic_variation	Reference_genomic_landmark

<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Reference_genomic_landmark	Sequence
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Reference_genomic_landmark

### 7.1.6.27 Residue\_change

**Type:** Class\_Gene\_product\_change, Locatable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Abstract superclass for classes describing residue changes in gene-related sequences.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Translation_change	Residue_change
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Genic_variation	Residue_change
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Residue_change	Gene_product_change
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Residue_change	Locatable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Transcription_change	Residue_change

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>changed_residue</b> <u>string</u>	The new residue in the reference sequence.
<b>original_residue</b> <u>string</u>	The affected residue in the reference sequence.

### 7.1.6.28 Sequence

**Type:** Class\_Locatable, Sequence\_map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Biological sequence. A sequence accessioned by a public database and associated with an accessioned taxon, a version number and a release date.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Oligo	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	CDS	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	SNP2::Genomic_allele	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Reference_genomic_landmark	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Exon	Sequence
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Sequence	Locatable
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Sequence	Sequence_map

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>molecule</b> <u>string</u>	Indicates the alphabet of the sequence molecule e.g., 'DNA,' 'RNA,' 'protein.'
<b>sequence</b> <u>string</u>	The residue sequence string.

**7.1.6.29 Sequence\_map**

**Type:** Class\_Physical\_map

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

A map composed of one or more biological sequences.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Reference_genomic_assembly	Sequence_map
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Sequence	Sequence_map
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Sequence_map	Physical_map

### 7.1.6.30 Subject\_descriptor

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Subject term and vocabulary name container.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Subject_descriptor	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	subject_heading Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	code Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	keyword Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Subject_descriptor

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>term</b> <u>string</u>	The keyword, code, or subject heading value string.

<b>vocabulary_name</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the controlled vocabulary (e.g., Sears List of Subject Headings (SEARS), Library of Congress Subject Headings (LCSH), or Medical Subject Headings (MeSH)).
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### 7.1.6.31 Taxon

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** SNP

**Document:**

Taxonomic unit. The UID is typically a species TaxID from the Taxonomy Database (<http://www.ncbi.nih.gov/Taxonomy/>).

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	SNP2::Abstract_population	Taxon
<u>Association</u> Unspecified	Reference_genomic_assembly	Taxon
<u>Association</u> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	Taxon
<u>Generalization</u> Source -> Destination	Taxon	Identifiable

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>rank</b> <u>string</u>	Rank of the taxon in the hierarchy. Typically 'species.'
<b>scientific_name</b> <u>string</u>	Scientific name, e.g., Homo sapiens.

### 7.1.7 BREF

**Type:** Package «XSDschema»

**Package:** PAGE-OM

**Bib** - (*Logical diagram*)

class Bib

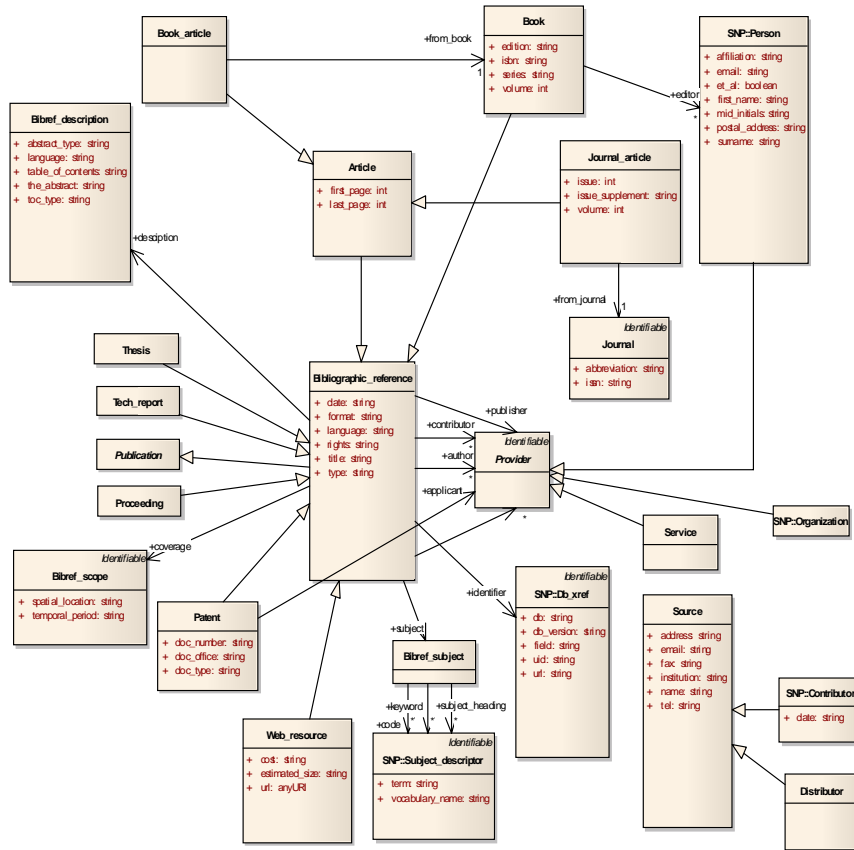


Figure 7.20

### 7.1.7.1 Article

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Non fictional prose forming an independent part of a publication.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b>Generalization</b>	BREF::Journal_article	BREF::Article
<b>Generalization</b>	BREF::Article	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Book_article	BREF::Article
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#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>first_page</b> <u>int</u>	First page in a article
<b>last_page</b> <u>int</u>	Last page in a article

#### 7.1.7.2 Bibliographic\_reference

**Type:** Class\_Publication

**Package:** BREF

#### Document:

The BibliographicReference class is the core of the data model. It is a super-class for all specialized citation types, but it can also be instantiated and represent an additional type not specifically defined in this specification.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Article	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Book	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Patent	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Thesis	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Web_resource	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	description BREF::Bibref_description	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Tech_report	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	status BREF::Entry_status	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Proceeding	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Bibliographic_reference	BREF::Publication
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	identifier Db_xref	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	publisher BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	author BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	subject BREF::Bibref_subject	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	coverage BREF::Bibref_scope	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	contributor BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>date</b> <u>string</u>	Defines a date associated with an event in the life cycle of the cited resource, when this resource became available. Usually, it is a date of publishing, however, for not yet published resources, it can be a date of creation.
<b>format</b> <u>string</u>	Describes the physical or digital manifestation of the cited resource. It can have very different content depending on the citation type.
<b>language</b> <u>string</u>	Defines a language of the intellectual contents of the cited resource. The recommendation is to use values as defined by RFC1766 which includes a two-letter Language Code (taken from the ISO639 standard, followed optionally by a two-letter Country Code (taken from the ISO3166 standard). For example, “en” for English, “fr” for French, or “en-uk” for English used in the United Kingdom. Another possibility is to use MARC List of Languages.



<b>rights</b> <u>string</u>	Specifies information about rights over the cited resource. Typically, it contains a rights management statement for the resource, or it refers to a service providing such information. Rights information often encompasses Intellectual Property Rights [IPR], Copyrights, and various Property Rights.
<b>title</b> <u>string</u>	A title given to the cited resource (a name by which the resource is formally known).
<b>type</b> <u>string</u>	It defines the nature or genre of the cited resource. Although a working draft of Dublin Core Types recommends a type classification, the proposed types are mostly out of scope of this specification. The majority of cited resources would fall in the same category “text.” For the future, however, Dublin Core is considering the addition of subtypes to the high level types, or other ways of making sub-categories.

### 7.1.7.3 Bibref\_description

**Type:** Class

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A brief account of the content of the cited resource. It can be either the abstract, or the table of contents, or both. It can be written in a language different from the language of the cited resource.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	description BREF::Bibref_description	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Bibref_description

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>abstract_type</b> <u>string</u>	Format of the abstract expressed in MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions).
<b>language</b> <u>string</u>	Language of the description.
<b>table_of_contents</b> <u>string</u>	A list of divisions (chapters or articles) and the pages on which they start.
<b>the_abstract</b> <u>string</u>	Summary of the main points of the publication.
<b>toc_type</b> <u>string</u>	Format of the table of contents expressed in MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions).

#### 7.1.7.4 Bibref\_scope

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

It defines the extent or scope of the content of the cited resource. It can include spatial location (a place name or geographic co-ordinates), temporal period (a period label, date, or date range), or both. Finally, it can have additional dynamic properties such as jurisdiction).

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BREF::Bibref_scope	Identifiable
<u>Association</u> Destination -> Source	coverage BREF::Bibref_scope	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<u>spatial_location</u> <u>string</u>	A place or area name or geographic coordinates in string format.
<u>temporal_period</u> <u>string</u>	A period label, date, or date range.

#### 7.1.7.5 Bibref\_subject

**Type:** Class

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

It defines the topic of the content of the cited resource.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Association</u> Destination -> Source	subject_heading Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject
<u>Association</u> Destination -> Source	code Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject

<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	keyword Subject_descriptor	BREF::Bibref_subject
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	subject BREF::Bibref_subject	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

### 7.1.7.6 Book

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A written work or composition that has been published; usually printed on pages bound together.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Book	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	from_book BREF::Book	BREF::Book_article
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	editor Person	BREF::Book

#### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>edition</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the edition.
<b>isbn</b> <u>string</u>	International Standard Book Number
<b>series</b> <u>string</u>	Name of a collection of books.
<b>volume</b> <u>int</u>	Volume number of the book in a series.

### 7.1.7.7 Book\_article

**Type:** Class\_Article

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Article that forms part of a book.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BREF::Book_article	BREF::Article
<u>Association</u> Destination -> Source	from_book BREF::Book	BREF::Book_article

### 7.1.7.8 Distributor

**Type:** Class\_Source

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

The original source of the data.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<u>Generalization</u>	BREF::Distributor	BREF::Source

### 7.1.7.9 Entry\_status

**Type:** Class\_Publication

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Defines information related to the citation itself rather than to the cited resource.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	status BREF::Entry_status	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Entry_status	BREF::Publication

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>last_modified_date</b> <u>string</u>	Last date the citation entry was changed.
<b>subset</b> <u>string</u>	Some bibliographic repositories consist of several, or even many, databases. The subset helps to locate the citation.

### 7.1.7.10 Journal

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** BREF

#### Document:

A class describing a journal; a periodical dedicated to a particular subject. The citations referring to the journal articles have a reference to this class. There are only few explicit attributes defined, the rest are accessible using dynamic properties.

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Journal	Identifiable
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	from_journal BREF::Journal	BREF::Journal_article
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Journal

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>abbreviation</b> <u>string</u>	Accepted abbreviated form of the journal name.
<b>issn</b> <u>string</u>	The ISSN (International Standard Serial Number) is an eight-digit number that identifies periodical publications as such.

### 7.1.7.11 Journal\_article

**Type:** Class\_Article

**Package:** BREF

#### Document:

Article, especially a scientific one that forms part of a journal.

#### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Journal_article	BREF::Article
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	from_journal BREF::Journal	BREF::Journal_article

## Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>issue</b> <u>int</u>	Integer indicating the ordering of the issue within a volume.
<b>issue_supplement</b> <u>string</u>	Additional identifier for a separate supplement of the issue.
<b>volume</b> <u>int</u>	Volume number of the journal. Typically all issues of a journal published within a year belong to the same volume.

### 7.1.7.12 Patent

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A document granting an inventor sole rights to an invention.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Patent	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	applicant BREF::Provider	BREF::Patent

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>doc_number</b> <i>string</i>	Patent identifier
<b>doc_office</b> <i>string</i>	Name of the patent office (e.g., European Patent Office).
<b>doc_type</b> <i>string</i>	Type of a patent (e.g., 'utility,' 'design,' and 'plant').

**7.1.7.13 Proceeding**

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Printed communication from a scientific organization.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Proceeding	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

**7.1.7.14 Provider**

**Type:** Class\_Identifiable

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Bibliographic resources. The most obvious examples are authors, but it includes also publishers and other contributors.

These attributes define the active participants. They may be persons, organizations, or even services. A publisher is responsible for making the resource available. The authors and contributors are in ordered lists. The authors and contributors are responsible for creating the contents of the cited resource. There is no formal definition of how this 60 Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms Specification responsibility is divided between them. However, the authors are usually primary creators while contributors may be illustrators, translators, or other creative providers. Their role may be specified in a separate attribute in dynamic properties.

### Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Organization	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	Person	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	publisher BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	author BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	applicant BREF::Provider	BREF::Patent
<b><u>Association</u></b> Destination -> Source	contributor BREF::Provider	BREF::Bibliographic_reference
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	BREF::Service	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	BREF::Provider	Identifiable

#### 7.1.7.15 Publication

**Type:** Class

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A Citation. REF BibRef OMG standard. Not identifiable (Defined in model).



## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	BREF::Publication
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Bibliographic_reference	BREF::Publication
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Entry_status	BREF::Publication

### 7.1.7.16 Service

**Type:** Class\_Provider

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Provider of software service

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	BREF::Service	BREF::Provider
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Service

### 7.1.7.17 Source

**Type:** Class

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Source of the data (Individual or institute).

## Connections

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Distributor	BREF::Source

<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	Identifiable	BREF::Source
<b><u>Generalization</u></b> Source -> Destination	Contributor	BREF::Source
<b><u>Association</u></b> Source -> Destination	PAGE-OM::Page	BREF::Source

### Attributes

Attribute	Notes
<b>address</b> <u>string</u>	Street address.
<b>email</b> <u>string</u>	Contact e-mail.
<b>fax</b> <u>string</u>	Fax number.
<b>institution</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the institution
<b>name</b> <u>string</u>	Name of the Source.
<b>tel</b> <u>string</u>	Telephone number.

### 7.1.7.18 Tech\_report

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

Technical report

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Tech_report	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

### 7.1.7.19 Thesis

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A treatise advancing a new point of view resulting from original research; usually a requirement for an advanced academic degree.

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Thesis	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

**7.1.7.20 Web\_resource**

**Type:** Class\_Bibliographic\_reference

**Package:** BREF

**Document:**

A referred web address

**Connections**

Connector	Source	Target
<b><u>Generalization</u></b>	BREF::Web_resource	BREF::Bibliographic_reference

**Attributes**

Attribute	Notes
<b>cost</b> <u>string</u>	Cost of accessing the information
<b>estimated_size</b> <u>string</u>	Rough size of the retrieved reference entry
<b>url</b> <u>anyURI</u>	Uniform Resource Locator



## 8 Platform Specific Model

The previous chapter defines a platform independent model. The real implementations, however, are expected to depend on a more specific platform. This chapter shows an XML-based platform specific model expressing exchange format for data that conforms to platform independent model described above.

The platform specific model for XML derives its architecture according to the XML as suggested by W3C document “Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (<http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/>)”.

The model is defined by XML Schema as suggested by following W3C documents.

- XML Schema Part 0: Primer (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-0/>)
- XML Schema Part 1: Structure (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/>)
- XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes (<http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/>)

The normative XML schema was generated from the modelling tool Enterprise Architect (EA), version 7.0.817.1. The target namespaces were propagated by the EA tool into the resulting XML Schema. However, because these target namespaces are not part of the XMI, when using a different tool, the namespaces must be changed in the resulting XML Schema manually as follows:

UML Package name	Target namespace
SNP	<a href="http://www.openpml.org/page-om/snp">http://www.openpml.org/page-om/snp</a>
SNP2	<a href="http://www.openpml.org/page-om/snp2">http://www.openpml.org/page-om/snp2</a>
PAGE	<a href="http://www.openpml.org/page-om/page">http://www.openpml.org/page-om/page</a>
BREF	<a href="http://www.openpml.org/page-om/bref">http://www.openpml.org/page-om/bref</a>
FUGE	<a href="http://www.openpml.org/page-om/fuge">http://www.openpml.org/page-om/fuge</a>

Also following manual modifications were done into the XML schema files:

SchemaLocations attributes were added into the import elements for all packages (snp.xsd, snp2.xsd, page.xsd, bref.xsd and fuge.xsd) respectively.

Duplicate attributes coming from diamond inheritance are removed manually from snp.xsd file by editing out first occurrences of attributes from Isid to Source in Sequence and Residue elements.

The normative XML schema also uses consistently constructs `xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded` instead of constructs `xs:sequence`.

The normative XML Schema is attached in the “Accompanied files” as file *PSM/PAGE-OM.xsd*.



# Annex A

## Accompanied Files

(Informative)

This annex is a set of the accompanied files. Some of these files are normative and some of them contain examples and convenient images. If there is a discrepancy between the contents of the normative files and this document, then the normative files take precedence.

The accompanied files are divided into two sections, PIM and PSM. The PIM section includes files related directly to the “Platform Independent Model,” the PSM section contains the files used in the “Platform Specific Model.”

### Platform Independent Model

PAGE-OM\_uml\_2.1\_xmi\_2.1.xml

A normative representation of the PAGE-OM specification.

PAGE-OM.EAP

This is the main file created by the Enterprise Architect modeling tool. It served as a base for generating the XMI and description files, mentioned above.

BREF\_Bib.png  
BasicTypes.png  
FUGE\_Ontology.png  
PAGE\_Evidence\_and\_value.png  
PAGE\_Frequency.png  
PAGE\_Genotype.png  
PAGE\_Genotype2.png  
PAGE\_Identifiable.png  
PAGE\_Phenotype.png  
PAGE\_Phenotype2.png  
Page\_study.png  
Root\_bref.png  
Root\_snp.png  
Root\_snp2.png  
SNP2\_Haplotype.png  
SNP2\_Map.png  
SNP2\_Sample.png  
SNP2\_Sequence.png  
SNP2\_Sequence2.png  
SNP\_Map.png  
SNP\_Sample.png  
SNP\_Sequence.png  
SNP\_Sequence2.png

Diagrams of the PAGE-OM specification. These are the same diagrams as in this document but perhaps with a better resolution.

#### Platform Specific Model

- all.xsd
- basictypes.xsd
- bref.xsd
- fuge.xsd
- page.xsd
- snp.xsd
- snp2.xsd



# Annex B References

## (Informative)

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# Annex C Glossary

(Informative)

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Term	Definition
Anatomic location	Description of the anatomical location the molecular sample is derived from. Best expressed as a controlled vocabulary of anatomical terms.
Assay Set	Set of assays which are group experimentally. (e.g., microarray)
Assayed genomic genotype	The result of applying a Variation assay to an individual, to reveal one or more of the Genomic alleles carried by that individual. This term applies to the observed data rather than to the inferred state of the individual (see Consensus genomic genotype). Thus the same individual might have several different Assayed genomic genotypes at the same Genomic variation, where the variation might be due to differing assays, experimental error, dominant systems, missing data, and so forth. Synonym: Measurement.
Association Study	Examination of genetic variation across the human genome, designed to identify genetic associations with observable phenotypes
CDS	Region in a reference sequence that determines the start, end and strand of the gene coding region.
Consensus genomic genotype	A list of one or more Genomic alleles carried by a single individual for a single Genomic variation. Unlike the Assayed genomic genotype, the genomic genotype is intended to be used solely for assertions as to the true value of the alleles, after experimental error and other factors are taken into account. The number of Genomic alleles is equal to the ploidy (copy number) of the individual's genomic DNA at the Reference genomic location of the Genomic variation. Synonym: Inferred genomic genotype, Genomic genotype.
Contributor	Person who has edited data in the data set. Synonym: curator.
Cytogenetic location	A location in a cytogenetic map expressed as a band or a range of bands.
Cytogenetic map	Map of cytogenetic bands describing their relative order.
Db xref	Cross-reference between two Identifiable in different databases.
Disease	Special case of a phenotype describing a disease state.
Environment	Circumstances, objects, or conditions by which one is surrounded.

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Exon	Region in a reference sequence that determines the start, end and strand of the transcript that is not spliced away.
Frequency Set	Set of frequencies for one genomic variation in one panel using one variation assay
Functional change	Change in the function of the final gene product.
Gene based haplotype	Collection of nucleotides (Genomic alleles in Genomic variations) that define a gene. In older usage same as locus.
Gene product change	Abstract superclass for a different genic change descriptors.
Genetic location	A relative location of a marker in a genetic map based on recombination.
Genetic map	A map containing the order and non-metric distance between genetic markers for identifiable sequence features. Unit: centi-morgan.
Genic variation	Genomic variation with location in coordinates. Synonym: mutation (when change from a common allele affects phenotype).
Genomic allele	One of several alternative DNA sequences of a Reference genomic location as it appears in the population of organisms. Synonym: variant, allele.
Genomic allele population frequency	The frequency with which a particular Genomic allele is seen in a particular Panel. This can be measured from pooled samples. Synonyms: Genomic allele panel frequency, allele frequency.
Genomic gene structure	A of a gene expressed as location of the CDS and exons. Defines genic coordinate system from start of the CDS downstream.
Genomic genotype population frequency	Frequency of a Consensus genomic genotype in a Panel.
Genomic haplotype	A set of Genomic alleles across an equal number of Genomic variations in a single chromosome and in a single individual. The Genomic haplotype is derived from a set of genomic genotype. For each Genomic variation, the haplotype contains one and only one Genomic allele. Furthermore, the Genomic alleles are required to be in phase on the individual, meaning that they are located on the same contiguous strand of DNA. Synonym: Haplotype.
Genomic haplotype population frequency	Frequency of a Genomic haplotype in a Panel.
Genomic reference allele	The DNA sequence of a Genomic variation as it appears in the public database.
Genomic Variation	A variable site in a Reference genomic landmark sequence. Synonyms: polymorphic site, marker
Genomic variation	A site in a Reference genomic sequence. Synonyms: polymorphic site, polymorphism, SNP.
Genotype Phenotype Correlation Experiment	Study to detect associations between genotype and phenotype. Can be family, population, or case/control based. Synonyms: Association study, Linkage Study.

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Haplotype block	Large (a few kb to >100 kb) blocks of Genomic alleles in linkage disequilibrium (LD) and a few haplotypes per block, separated by region of recombination.
Haplotype derivation methods	Association class describing methods used to derive Genomic haplotypes from Consensus genomic genotypes.
Heterozygosity	A numerical measure of observed abundance of different Genomic alleles in a Genomic variation.
Haplotype map	Map of haplotypes. Features include: 1.
Individual	A single member of a species, where a species is an accessioned taxon defined by a public database, and the individual is accessioned in a public or private database. Synonym: "inbred strain" in homozygous lineages.
Methodology	Abstract class for a laboratory method or a computational protocol.
Molecular sample	A sample from Individual from a Panel defining the molecule and tissue/cell used (Anatomic locations) in the Variation assay. Synonym: Sample of individual.
Neighbour variation	Another Genomic variation close enough to affect the Variation assay.
Observable Feature	Measurable feature of observable (e.g., size of nose)
Observable Feature Category	Observable category ideally expressed using an appropriate ontology
Observation Method	Method of observation (e.g., ruler). Can be also questionnaire.
Observation Target	Capable of being observed. For example nose size or eye color.
Observation Value	Observation done at specific point in time. Time is expressed according to the W3C profile version of an ISO 8601 date-time string. <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/NOTE-datetime">http://www.w3.org/TR/NOTE-datetime</a>
Oligo	A DNA oligo-nucleotide used for detection and assay of Genomic variations in Variation assay. Synonym: primer.
Ordered location	A location on a secondary map that gives ordering information. That map can be a genetic or a cytogenetic map.
Ordered map	A non-metric map category.
Panel	A set of samples from individuals drawn from the same species and used for genetic studies. A panel must be identifiable with a list of accessioned individuals, if possible. (Note: do not use "population" here!) Synonym: Sample Set, Sample from population(s). Plate in Coriel sense.
Phenotype	Observable part of the structure, function or behavior of a living organism.
Phenotype Disease Category	Category associated with disease phenotype. Best expressed using a disease ontology.
Physical map	Map of physical entities, e.g., clones, contigs.
Population	A interbreeding set of individuals, from whom a Panel is drawn.

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Reference genomic assembly	Set of reference sequences (Reference genomic landmarks) with an algorithm to define the genome and its constituents.
Reference genomic landmark	An accessioned sequence which can be unambiguously assigned a location in an assembly based on information in public databases.
Reference genomic location	A location within a Reference genomic. Attributes of the location are the Reference genomic assembly and/or the Reference genomic landmark, the start and end range strand of the feature relative to the Reference genomic landmark.
Reference genomic location in assembly	A location in one chromosome of a reference genomic assembly. Instead of the reference sequence being an accessioned sequence, it is a versioned assembly.
Residue change	Abstract superclass for classes describing residue changes in gene-related sequences.
Sequence	Biological sequence. A sequence accessioned by a public database and associated with an accessioned taxon, a version number and a release date.
Sequence map	A map composed of one or more biological sequences.
Set of haplotypes	An abstract representation of a collection of haplotypes.
Structural change	Change in the 3D structure of the polypeptide chain.
Taxon	Taxonomic unit. The UID is typically a TaxID from the Taxonomy Database ( <a href="http://www.ncbi.nih.gov/Taxonomy/">http://www.ncbi.nih.gov/Taxonomy/</a> ).

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