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Preface

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1 Scope

1.1 UAFP Background

The scope of Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP) includes the language extensions to enable the extraction of specified and custom models from an integrated architecture description (AD). The models describe a system1 from a set of stakeholders' concerns such as security or information through a set of predefined viewpoints and associated views2. Developed models can also reflect custom viewpoints or to develop more formal extensions for new viewpoints. The UAFP specification supports the Department of Defense Architecture Framework (DoDAF) 2.0.2, the Ministry of Defence Architecture Framework (MODAF), Security Views from Canada’s Department of National Defense Architecture Framework (DNDAF) and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Architecture Framework (NAF) v 3.1. The core concepts in the UAF domain metamodel specify the UAFP based upon the DoDAF 2.0.2 Domain Metamodel (DM2) and the MODAF ontological data exchange mechanism (MODEM). MODEM is intended to provide the basis for the next version of NAF). The intent is to provide a standard representation for AD support for Defense Organizations. The intention of UAFP is also to support a standard representation for non-defense organizations’ ADs as part of their Systems Engineering (SE) technical processes. The associated UAF metamodel (see c4i-2016-02-03) intent is to improve the ability to exchange architecture data between related tools that are UML/SysML based and tools that are based on other standards.

UAFP 1.0 supports the capability to:

• model architectures for a broad range of complex systems, which may include hardware, software, data, personnel, and facility elements;
• model consistent architectures for system-of-systems (SoS) down to lower levels of design and implementation;
• support the analysis, specification, design, and verification of complex systems; and
• improve the ability to exchange architecture information among related tools that are SysML based and tools that are based on other standards.

1.2 Intended Users

The profile enables the modeling of strategic capabilities; business/operational activities, Operational Performers and their interfaces, measures of effectiveness; services and their interfaces, levels of agreement and measures of performance; system resources and their functions, ports, protocols, interfaces, measures of performance; security including cyber security controls; human interactions with systems to support business operations; information and data schemas; and project planning. In addition, the profile enables the modeling of related architecture concepts such as System of Systems (SoS), information exchanges consistent with the National Information Exchange Model (NIEM), DoD's doctrine, organization, training material, leadership & education, personnel, and facilities (DOTMLPF) and the equivalent UK Ministry of Defence Lines of Development (DLOD) elements, classification markings, business processes, and Human Computer Interfaces (HCI).

Further, the profile conforms to terms defined in the ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010 standard for architecture description, where the terms: architecture, architecture description (AD), architecture framework, architecture view, architecture viewpoint, concern, environment, model kind, stakeholder [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011] form correspondence rules specified as constraints on UAFP.

1 The term system is used from: “Systems and software engineering -- Architecture description,”
http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=50508

2 Stakeholder, concern, viewpoint, view and model are also used from “Systems and software engineering – Architecture description,” http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=50508
This document specifies a SysML v1.4 profile to enable practitioners to express architectural model elements and organize them in a set of specified viewpoints and views that support the specific needs of systems engineers in the defense and manufacturing industries. At least four tool vendors including IBM, No Magic, PTC, and Sparx Systems support the specifications defined profile. The vendors plan to release a commercially available product supporting the revised version of UAFP. Currently, implementations of the predecessor profile, UPDM v 2.1, are actively used on projects.

UAFP 1.0 defines a set of SysML stereotypes and model elements and associations to satisfy the requirements of the UPDM 3.0 RFP. The profile specification documents the language architecture in terms of the parts of SysML that are reused and the defined extensions to SysML. The specification includes the concrete syntax (notation) for the complete language. The reusable portions of the SysML specification are not included directly in the specification but are made through reference.

1.3 Related Documents

The specification includes a metamodel and description as separate documents. Other appendixes are also provided as separate documents. The table below provides a listing of these documents.

Table 1.1 - Table of Related Documents

<table>
<thead>
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<td>The UAFP Specification</td>
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<td>Inventory File</td>
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Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP), v1.0
2 Conformance

UAFP 1.0 specifies one level of compliance corresponding to supporting a SysML™ profile using SysML v1.4. UAFP imports the SysML profile and defines constraints that pair together the application of SysML and UAFP stereotypes. This provides a UAFP implementation that seamlessly evolves forward into SysML modeling. For a tool to be considered as compliant with UAFP, the following must be true:

• All stereotypes, classes, attributes, constraints, associations and package structures must exist and be compliant with this specification.
• XMI import and export of the user model and profile must be supported.
• A UAFP compliant implementation must be able to import and export UAFP models with 100% fidelity (i.e., no loss or transforms).
3 References

3.1 Normative

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.

3.2 OMG Documents (Normative References)

- Unified Profile for DoDAF and MODAF (UPDM), v2.1, August 2013, http://www.omg.org/spec/UPDM

3.3 Other Normative References

- DM2 - DoDAF Meta-Model,
- IDEAS Foundation v1.0 as XMI File (zipped), http://www.ideasgroup.org/7Documents/
3.4 Informative References

- Object Management Group (OMG), Metamodel Extension Facility, Initial submission, [ad/12-02-01](http://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc?ad/12-02-01), [http://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc?ad/12-02-01](http://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc?ad/12-02-01) (Requires OMG Member Access)

4 Terms and Definitions

No new terms and definitions have been required to create this specification. All terms are available in the normative references or bibliographic citations for detailed explanation.
5 Symbols

For the purposes of this specification, the following list of symbols/abbreviations apply.

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<td>C4ISR</td>
<td>Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance</td>
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<td>CaT</td>
<td>Capability Team</td>
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<tr>
<td>COI</td>
<td>Communities of Interest</td>
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<tr>
<td>CV-*</td>
<td>Capability View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIV-*</td>
<td>Data and Information Views</td>
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<td>DLOD</td>
<td>Defence Lines of Development</td>
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<td>DM2</td>
<td>DoDAF Meta Model</td>
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<tr>
<td>DMM</td>
<td>Domain Meta Model</td>
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<tr>
<td>DNDAF</td>
<td>Department National Defence and Canadian Forces (DND/ CF) Architecture Framework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DoD</td>
<td>United States Department of Defense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DoDAF</td>
<td>Department of Defense Architecture Framework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOTMLP</td>
<td>Doctrine, Organization, Training, Material, Leadership, Personnel, Facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIE</td>
<td>Enterprise Information Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDEAS</td>
<td>International Defense Enterprise Architecture Specification for Exchange</td>
</tr>
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<td>IDEF</td>
<td>Integrated DEFinition Methods</td>
</tr>
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<td>INCOSE</td>
<td>International Council Of Systems Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCIDS</td>
<td>Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISIG</td>
<td>Model Interchange Special Interest Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOD</td>
<td>United Kingdom Ministry of Defence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MODAF</td>
<td>MODAF Ontological Data Exchange Mechanism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAF</td>
<td>NATO Architecture Framework</td>
</tr>
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* denotes a wildcard
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>OASIS</td>
<td>Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards</td>
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<td>Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration</td>
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<tr>
<td>OV-*</td>
<td>Operational View</td>
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<td>PES</td>
<td>DoDAF Physical Exchange Specification</td>
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<td>POC</td>
<td>Proof of Concept</td>
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<td>PV-*</td>
<td>Project View</td>
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<td>RDF</td>
<td>Resource Description Framework</td>
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<td>SoaML</td>
<td>Service orientated architecture Modeling Language</td>
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<td>SoS</td>
<td>System of Systems</td>
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<td>SOV-*</td>
<td>Service Oriented View</td>
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<td>StdV-*</td>
<td>Standards View in DoDAF 2.02 compare TV-* in UAF</td>
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<td>STV-*</td>
<td>Strategic view</td>
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<td>SV-*</td>
<td>System View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SvcV-*</td>
<td>Service View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEPID OIL</td>
<td>Training, Equipment, Personnel, Information, Concepts and Doctrine, Organisation, Infrastructure, Logistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPPU</td>
<td>Task, Post, Process, and Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TV-*</td>
<td>Technical View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UAF</td>
<td>Unified Architecture Framework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UAIP</td>
<td>Unified Architecture Framework Profile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPDM</td>
<td>Unified Profile for DoDAF/MODAF</td>
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</table>
6 Additional Information

6.1 Changes to Adopted OMG Specifications

This specification completely replaces Unified Profile for DoDAF and MODAF (UPDM), Version 2.1, August 2013, http://www.omg.org/spec/UPDM/2.1, and it supersedes the UPDM v2.2. The issues reported for UPDM v 2.2 FTF are resolved and subsumed in this UAFP 1.0 specification.

6.2 Language Architecture

The UAFP specification reuses a subset of UML 2 and SysML 1.4 and provides additional extensions needed to address requirements in the UPDM 3.0 RFP Mandatory Requirements. Those requirements form the basis for this specification. This specification documents the language architecture in terms of the UML 2 and SysML 1.4 parts that are reused and the defined UML 2 extensions; and specifies how to implement UAFP. This clause explains design principles and how they are applied to define the UAFP language architecture.

6.3 Philosophy

The UAFP development uses a model-driven approach. A simple description of the work process is:

- A Domain Metamodel (DMM) uses UML Class models to represent the concepts in DoDAF, MODEM, NAF, DNDAF and the other contributing frameworks.
- The aligned and unified concepts from these frameworks provides a common domain metamodel usable by all the contributing frameworks thereby separating the metamodel from the existing definition of presentation layer in the contributing framework.
- The aligned and renamed viewpoints from the various frameworks provide a common generic name for each viewpoint. It should be noted that the term viewpoint is in the context of ISO 42010 where a viewpoint is the specification of a view. The UAFP viewpoints are mapped to the corresponding viewpoint in the relevant contributing framework. It is the viewpoints described in the DMM that provides the basis for the Unified Architecture Framework (UAF).
- The UAF provides an abstraction layer that separates the underlying UAF from the presentation layer. The results of this mapping are given in Appendix B (see separate document) and an overview of the viewpoints in a grid format are given in Appendix B, Annex A.
- The intent of the UAF is to provide a Domain MetaModel usable by non UML/SysML tool vendors who may wish to implement the UAF within their own tool and metalanguage. It is unnecessary to generate XMI for the UAF as tool vendors basing their implementation on the UAF are unlikely to support XMI.
- The Unified Architecture Profile (UAFP) is derivable from the DMM (UAF) by mapping the UAF concepts and relationships to corresponding stereotypes in the UAFP.
- The UAFP analysis and refactoring reflects language architecture, tool implementation, and reuse considerations.
- The UAFP diagrams, stereotype descriptions, and documentation are added.
- The specification is generated from the UAFP model.

This approach allows the team to concentrate on architecture issues rather than documentation production. The UML tool automatically maintains consistency.

The UML tool improves maintenance and enables traceability between the UAFP and the UAF where every stereotype is linkable to the UAF element using UML Abstraction relationship.
There are two key parts to this specification:

1. A UAF (Appendix A - see separate document) providing the domain meta-model and viewpoints for the framework. This enables non-UML tool vendors implementations.

2. A UAF Profile (this document) for UML/SysML derivable from the UAF that specifies how UML/SysML tool vendors should implement the profile.

The intent from this two-document approach is to make the specification practical to implement for both UML/SysML and non-UML/SysML tool vendors.

The DMM and profile definitions enable SysML tool vendors to perform behavioral analysis using simulation; and the evaluation of non-functional requirements using parametric diagram execution and analysis. For implementers of non-SysML tools, the hope is that they can achieve similar types of analysis using proprietary technology.

The expectation is implementers of this specification should follow the view naming conventions of the framework they are intending to implement based on this specification.

### 6.4 Core Principals

The fundamental design principles for UAFP are:

- **Requirements-driven**: UAFP is intended to satisfy the requirements.
- **Domain meta model (DMM) driven**: The DMM was created first by domain experts and it served as a foundation for profile development.
- **Reuse of existing specifications**: UAFP reuses UML/SysML wherever practical to satisfy the requirements and leverage features from both UML and SysML to provide a robust modeling capability. Consequently, UAFP is intended to be relatively easy to implement for vendors who support UML 2 and SysML.
- **Partitioning**: The package is the basic unit of partitioning in this specification. The packages partition the model elements into logical groupings that minimize circular dependencies among them.
- **Compliance levels**: UAFP has a single compliance level based upon a combination of the reuse of UML and SysML elements, this simplifies the implementation of UAFP compared to UPDM 2.x for tool vendors. It is expected that the views that are created as a result of this profile have frames that reflect the underlying SysML diagram type that is used as the basis for the view. It also is expected that the graphical notation used to display elements within those views correspond to the standard SysML graphical notation of the SysML/UML metaclass that the stereotype extends.
- **Interoperability**: UAFP inherited the XMI interchange capability from UML. The UAFP specification reuses a subset of UML 2 and provides additional extensions needed to address mandatory requirements. The authors have used those requirements as the basis for this specification. This specification documents the language architecture in terms of the parts of UML 2 and SysML 1.4 and the respective extensions that are used to implement the UAFP.

### 6.5 Representing Stereotype Constraints

The UAF Profile uses an enhanced standard notation to represent metaconstraints graphically in the UAF profile diagrams to improve readability of the UAF Profile specification and overcome limitations of being unable to visualize constraints diagrammatically in UML.

The metaconstraints appear in the UAFP specification diagrams for visualization purposes only, however the representation in the XMI is as a UML constraint, specified in structured English. These constraints are implementable in a tool, by OCL for example.

A simple UML profile defines these metaconstraints.

The following sub clauses detail the metaconstraint profile definition within the UAF profile.
6.5.1 Metaconstraint dependency

«metaconstraint» is a stereotype that extends the Dependency metaclass. It is used to specify constrained elements within the profile.

A sample of the «metaconstraint» dependency is a diagram for stereotype extending the Dependency metaclass.

MapsToCapability is a UAFP stereotype that extends Abstraction (a type of Dependency in UML). The constraint on this stereotype is that its client end must be stereotyped by an Activity (which is abstract) and its supplier end must be stereotyped by a Capability. But as it is not possible to show this constraint graphically the diagram does not communicate the needed information. We then use the "metaconstraint" dependency to visualize the constraint.

![MapsToCapability Stereotype Diagram](image)

Figure 6.1 - MapsToCapability Stereotype

With the metaconstraint dependency added to the diagram (see Figure 6.1) which shows that MapsToCapability is a stereotype extending the Abstraction metaclass, that inherits the properties of a MeasurableElement and is used for modeling a relationship between an Activity (or its specializations) and a Capability (or its specializations). A Dependency stereotyped MapsToCapability must have its values for the client property stereotyped as an Activity, and its values for the supplier property must be stereotyped Capability.

Note – When stereotype extends Connector, the stereotype property umlRole has values "end[0].role" and "end[1].role."

For example:

This is done because Connector has no direct "linkage" to the connected element; it links to the Connector Ends, which references the linked element. So, end[n] gives the reference to the ConnectorEnd, and role gives the reference to the linked element.
6.5.2 Metarelationship dependency

«metarelationship» is a stereotype for dependency, showing that certain domain concepts will be implemented using regular UML relationships.

For example: A Capability may depend on other Capabilities or be subtype of a Capability, but this concept cannot be visualized on the diagram.

We are using the «metarelationship» dependency to visualize the dependency and the generalization concept.
This diagram should be read as follows:

Capability may have other Capabilities related to it, using the UML Dependency metaclass and it may have sub types of Capabilities related to it, using the the UML Generalization metaclass.

The «metarelationship» dependency will appear only in the specification diagrams, but not the profile XMI.

6.5.3 Stereotyped relationship dependency

Although the «metarelationship» dependency creates a good way to show the constrained ends of the stereotyped relationship, it also creates some overhead when showing the relationship between two stereotypes.

For example, Figure 6.5 shows that elements of subtype Achiever have a stereotyped relationship called AchievedEffect with elements of type ActualState.
Figure 6.5 - Use of the AchievedEffect «stereotyped relationship» dependency
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7 UAF Profile

7.1 UAF

UAFP imports the entire SysML profile and contains a set of constraints that specify which SysML stereotypes are applied to the UAFP elements. This is intended to provide more seamless integration with system modeling using SysML and to be able to fully leverage the capabilities of SysML in UAFP. An example of this is the integration of Requirements into the UAFP and also the use of Parametric Diagrams and integration of elements based upon instance specifications to allow the assessment of measures within an architecture developed using UAFP.

UAF is the top level profile root.

7.1.1 UAF::Dictionary

Stakeholders: Architects, users of the architecture, Capability Owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.
Concerns: Definitions for all the elements in the architecture, libraries of environments and measurements.
Definition: Presents all the elements used in an architecture. Can be used specifically to capture:

a. elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.

b. measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MoEs, TPIs, etc.

Alias

Package: Dictionary
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Comment
Description

A metamodel Artifact used to define an alternative name for an element.

![Diagram of Alias artifact and its relationships with MeasurableElement and UAFElement](image)

Figure 7.1 - Alias
Attributes
nameOwner : String[*] Someone or something that uses this alternative name.

Constraints
[1] Alias.annotatedElement Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «UAFElement».

Definition
Package: Dictionary
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Comment

Description
A comment containing a description of an element in the architecture.

Figure 7.2 - Definition

Attributes
author : String[*] The original or current person (architect) responsible for the Definition.

Constraints
[1] Definition.annotatedElement Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «UAFElement».
**SameAs**

**Package:** Dictionary

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement

**Extension:** Dependency

**Description**

A dependency relationship that asserts that two elements refer to the same real-world thing.

![Diagram of SameAs relationship](image)

**Constraints**

[1] **SameAs.client**  
Values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «UAFElement».

[2] **SameAs.supplier**  
Values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «UAFElement».

### 7.1.2 UAF::Parameters

**ActualCondition**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualPropertySet

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

The actual state of an environment or location describing its situation.
Constraints

[1] ActualCondition.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty has to be stereotyped «Condition» or its specializations.

**ActualEnvironment**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualCondition

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

The ActualState that describes the circumstances of an Environment.
Constraints

[1] ActualEnvironment.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty has to be stereotyped «Environment» or its specializations.

**ActualLocation**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualCondition

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An ActualState that describes a physical location, for example using text to provide an address, Geo-coordinates, etc.

![ActualLocation Diagram](image)

**Attributes**

- **address : String[0..1]** String describing the address of the ActualLocation, i.e., "1600 Pennsylvania avenue," "The White House"
- **customKind : String[0..1]** String describing a location kind that is not in the LocationKind enumerated list
- **locationNamedByAddress : Boolean[1]** Boolean that indicates if the ActualLocation address is embedded in the ActualLocation name. By default = false.
Associations
locationKind : LocationKind[1]  
Enumerated value describing the kind of ActualLocation.

Constraints
[1] ActualLocation.classifier  
Classifier metaproperty value must be stereotyped «Location» or its specializations.

**ActualMeasurement**

**Package**: Parameters

**isAbstract**: No

**Generalization**: ActualState

**Extension**: Slot

**Description**

An actual value that is applied to a Measurement.

![Diagram of ActualMeasurement](image)

**Figure 7.7 - ActualMeasurement**
**ActualMeasurementKind**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Description**

Enumeration of the possible kinds of ActualMeasurement. Its enumeration literals are:

- Actual - Indicates that the ActualMeasurement associated with the ActualMeasurementKind is a realworld value.
- Required - Indicates that the ActualMeasurement associated with the ActualMeasurementKind is a value that is expected to be achieved.
- Estimate - Indicates that the ActualMeasurement associated with the ActualMeasurementKind is an estimate of a realworld value.

**ActualMeasurementSet**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualPropertySet

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

A set of ActualMeasurements.
**ActualMeasurementSet**

Associations

appliesFor: MeasurableElement[*]  
Relates the ActualMeasurementSet to the elements that are being measured.

Constraints

[1] ActualMeasurementSet.classifier  
Classifier metaproperty value must be stereotyped «MeasurementSet» or its specializations.

Value for the slot metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualMeasurement» or its specializations.

**ActualPropertySet**

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualState

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description

A set or collection of Actual properties.
Figure 7.9 - ActualPropertySet

Constraints

[1] ActualPropertySet.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «PropertySet».

**Condition**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PropertySet, ValueType

**Extension:** DataType

**Description**

Defines the Location, Environment and/or GeoPoliticalExtent under which an OperationalActivity, Function or ServiceFunction can be performed.
Environment

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Condition

Extension: DataType

Description

A definition of the environmental factors in which something exists or functions. The definition of an Environment element can be further defined using EnvironmentKind.
Associations


EnvironmentKind

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of Environment. Its enumeration literals are:

• TerrainType - Indicates that the Environment associated with EnvironmentKind captures a kind of terrain used to describe the terrain state of an environment at a particular time (e.g., muddy, frozen ground, deep snow, etc.).
• WeatherConditions - Indicates that the Environment associated with EnvironmentKind captures a kind of weather condition (e.g., Typhoon, Hurricane, Very Hot, Humid, etc.).
• LightConditions - Indicates that the Environment associated with EnvironmentKind captures a kind of light condition (e.g., broad daylight, dusk, moonlit, etc.).
• CBRNEnvironment - Indicates that the Environment associated with EnvironmentKind is of a Chemical, Biological, Radiological, or Nuclear (CBRN) kind.
• SituationType - Indicates that the Environment associated with EnvironmentKind captures a kind of situation used to describe the types and levels of threat (e.g., Corrosive, Fire, Smoke, Peaceful, etc.).

EnvironmentProperty

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Property

Description

A property of an Environment that is typed by a Condition. The kinds of Condition that can be represented are Location, GeoPoliticalExtentType, and Environment.
Figure 7.12 - EnvironmentProperty

Constraints

[1] EnvironmentalProperty.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «Environment» or its specializations.

[2] EnvironmentalProperty.type Value for the type property must be stereotyped «Condition» or its specializations.

GeoPoliticalExtentType

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceExchangeItem, OperationalExchangeItem, Condition

Extension: DataType

Description

A geospatial extent whose boundaries are defined by declaration or agreement by political parties.
GeoPoliticalExtentType

Attributes

customKind : String[0..1]  Captures the kind of GeoPoliticalExtentType if the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind has been set to "OtherType."

Associations

kind : GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind[1]  Captures the kind of GeoPoliticalExtentType.

GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of GeoPoliticalExtentType. Its enumeration literals are:

- GeoFeatureType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of object that encompasses meteorological, geographic, and control features mission significance.
- RegionOfCountryType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of large, usually continuous segment of a political state, nation, or its territory.
• CountryType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of political state, nation, or its territory.

• RegionOfWorldType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of large, usually continuous segment of a surface or space; area.

• FacilityType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of a real property entity consisting of underlying land and one or more of the following: a building, a structure (including linear structures), a utility system, or pavement.

• SiteType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of Physical (geographic) location that is or was owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed. Each site is assigned to a single installation. A site may exist in one of three forms: (1) Land only, where there are no facilities present and where the land consists of either a single land parcel or two or more contiguous land parcels. (2) Facility or facilities only, where the underlying land is neither owned nor controlled by the government. A stand-alone facility can be a site. If a facility is not a stand-alone facility, it must be assigned to a site. (3). Land and all the facilities thereon, where the land consists of either a single land parcel or two or more contiguous land parcels.

• InstallationType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type of base, camp, post, station, yard, center, or other activity, including leased facilities, without regard to the duration of operational control. An installation may include one or more sites.

• OtherType - Indicates that the GeoPoliticalExtentType associated with the GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKind is a type not covered by the standard GeoPoliticalExtentTypeKinds.

Location

Package: Parameters
isAbstract: No
Generalization: ConceptItem, Condition
Extension: DataType

Description
A specification of the generic area in which a LocationHolder is required to be located.
Attributes

- `customKind : String[0..1]` Captures the kind of Location if the `LocationTypeKind` has been set to "OtherType."

Associations

- `kind : LocationTypeKind[1]` Captures the kind of Location.

**LocationHolder**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** [UAFEElement](#)

**Extension:** Element

**Description**

Abstract grouping used to define elements that are allowed to be associated with a Location.
Figure 7.15 - LocationHolder

Associations

- **physicalLocation**: ActualLocation[0..*]  
  Relates a LocationHolder (i.e., OperationalPerformer, OperationalRole, ResourceRole, etc.) to its ActualLocation.

- **requiredEnvironment**: Environment[0..*]  
  Relates a LocationHolder (i.e., OperationalPerformer, OperationalRole, ResourceRole etc.) to the Environment in which it is required to perform/be used.

**LocationKind**

**Package**: Parameters

**isAbstract**: No

**Description**

Enumeration of the possible kinds of location applicable to an ActualLocation. Its enumeration literals are:

- **SolidVolume** - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is the amount of space occupied by a three-dimensional object of definite shape; not liquid or gaseous.

- **Surface** - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a portion of space having length and breadth but no thickness or regards to time.

- **Line** - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a geometric figure formed by a point moving along a fixed direction and the reverse direction.

- **Point** - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a unidimensional Individual.
• GeoStationaryPoint - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a unidimensional Individual.
• PlanarSurface - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a two-dimensional portion of space.
• PolygonArea - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a space enclosed by a polygon.
• RectangularArea - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a space enclosed by a rectangle.
• ElipticalArea - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a space enclosed by an ellipse.
• CircularArea - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a space enclosed by a circle.
• Other - Indicates that the ActualLocation associated with the LocationKind is a LocationKind that is not on the enumerated list.

**LocationTypeKind**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Description**

Enumeration of the possible kinds of location type that are applicable to a Location. Its enumeration literals are:

• OtherType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of is a LocationKindType that is not on the enumerated list.
• SolidVolumeType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of amount of space occupied by a three-dimensional object of definite shape; not liquid or gaseous.
• SurfaceType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of portion of space having length and breadth but no thickness or regards to time.
• LineType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of geometric figure formed by a point moving along a fixed direction and the reverse direction.
• PointType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of unidimensional Individual.
• GeoStationaryPointType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of unidimensional Individual.
• PlanarSurfaceType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of is a two-dimensional portion of space.
• PolygonAreaType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of space enclosed by a polygon.
• RectangularAreaType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of space enclosed by a rectangle.
• ElipticalAreaType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of space enclosed by an ellipse.
• CircularAreaType - Indicates that the Location associated with the LocationTypeKind describes a type of space enclosed by a circle.

**MeasurableElement**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAElement

**Extension:** Element
Description

Abstract grouping for elements that can be measured by applying MeasurementSets to them.

Figure 7.16 - MeasurableElement

Associations

actualMeasurementSet : 
ActualMeasurementSet[*]
Relates the MeasurableElement to the ActualMeasurementSet that provides its ActualMeasurements.

measurementSet : MeasurementSet[*]
Relates the MeasurableElement to the MeasurementSet that provides its Measurements by which it can be measured.

Measurement

Package: Parameters
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Property
Description

A property of an element representing something in the physical world, expressed in amounts of a unit of measure.
Measurement

Associations
environmentalContext : Condition[0..1]  Relates the Measurement to the Condition (which provides the environmentalContext) under which the Measurement is expected to be taken.

Constraints
[1] Measurement.class  Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «PropertySet».

**MeasurementSet**

**Package:** Parameters

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PropertySet, ValueType

**Extension:** DataType

**Description**
A collection of Measurements.
Figure 7.18 - MeasurementSet

Associations

appliesFor : MeasurableElement[*]       Relates the MeasurementSet to the MeasurableElement that it is applicable to.

**PropertySet**

**Package:** Parameters  
**isAbstract:** Yes  
**Generalization:** UAFElement  
**Extension:** Element

**Description**

An abstract grouping of architectural elements that can own Measurements.
7.1.3 UAF::Metadata

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to discover the architecture, Technical Managers.
Concerns: Captures meta-data relevant to the entire architecture
Definition: Provide information pertinent to the entire architecture. Present supporting information rather than architectural models.

7.1.3.1 UAF::Metadata::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ActualState

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: UAFElement
Extension: Element

Description

Abstract element that applies temporal extent to a set of elements realized as Instance Specifications.
Figure 7.20 - ActualState

Attributes

endDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]   End time for all "actual" elements.

startDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1] Start time for all "actual" elements.

ISO8601DateTime

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: UAFElement

Extension: LiteralString

Description

A date and time specified in the ISO8601 date-time format including time zone designator (TZD): YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssTZD.

Figure 7.21 - ISO8601DateTime
7.1.3.2 UAF::Metadata::Connectivity
Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Connectivity Viewpoint.

Exchange
Package: Connectivity
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: MeasurableElement, ItemFlow
Extension: InformationFlow

Description
Abstract grouping for OperationalExchanges and ResourceExchanges that exchange Resources.

Figure 7.22 - Exchange

Resource
Package: Connectivity
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: PropertySet
Extension: Element

Description
Abstract element grouping for all elements that can be conveyed by an Exchange.
7.1.3.3 UAF::Metadata::Processes

Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Processes Viewpoint.

Activity

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Activity

Description

An abstract element that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.
Associations

activityPerformableUnderCondition : Condition[*]  
The environment under which an activity is performed.

**CapableElement**

**Package:** Processes

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAFEElement

**Extension:** Element

**Description**

An abstract element that represents a structural element that can perform behaviors (i.e., OperationalActivity).
**Figure 7.25 - CapableElement**

**IsCapableToPerform**

**Package:** Processes  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#), Allocate  
**Extension:** Abstraction  

**Description**

An Abstraction relationship defining the traceability between the CapableElements to the Activities that they can perform.
Constraints

[1] IsCapableOfPerforming.client  In case of value for IsCapableToPerform.supplier is stereotyped:

a. «OperationalActivity» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by any of specializations of «OperationalAgent».
b. «ServiceFunction» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.
c. «Function» or its specializations, except for «ProjectActivity», values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by any of specializations of «ResourcePerformer».
d. «ProjectActivity» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by any of specializations of «Project».

[2] IsCapableOfPerforming.supplier  In case of value for IsCapableToPerform.client is stereotyped:

a. by a specialization of «OperationalAgent», values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.
b. «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceFunction» or its specializations.
c. by a specialization of «ResourcePerformer», values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations, except for «ProjectActivity».
d. by a specialization of «Project», values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectActivity» or its specializations.
**PerformsInContext**

**Package:** Processes

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#), [Allocate](#)

**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**

An abstraction relationship that relates an `OperationalAction` to a `OperationalRole`, or a `FunctionAction` to a `ResourceRole`. It indicates that the action can be carried out by the role when used in a specific context or configuration.

---

**Constraints**

1. In case of value for `PerformsInContext.supplier` is stereotyped:
   
   a. «OperationalActivityAction» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalRole» or its specializations.
   b. «ServiceFunctionAction» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecificationRole» or its specializations.
   c. «FunctionAction» or its specializations, except for «ProjectActivityAction», values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceRole» or its specializations.
   d. «ProjectActivityAction» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectRole» or its specializations.
In case of value for PerformsInContext.client is stereotyped:

a. «OperationalRole» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivityAction» or its specializations.
b. «ServiceSpecificationRole» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceFunctionAction» or its specializations.
c. «ResourceRole» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «FunctionAction» or its specializations.

7.1.3.4 UAF::Metadata::Information
Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Information Viewpoint.

ArchitectureMetadata

Package: Information
isAbstract: No
Generalization: Metadata
Extension: Comment

Description
Information associated with an ArchitecturalDescription, that supplements the standard set of tags used to summarize the Architecture. It states things like what methodology was used, notation, etc.

Figure 7.28 - ArchitectureMetadata

Constraints
[1] ArchitectureMetadata.annotatedElement Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped «ArchitecturalDescription» or its specializations.
Description
A comment that describes the state of an item of interest in any medium or form -- and is communicated or received.

Figure 7.29 - Information

Associations

Constraints
[1] Information.annotatedElement  Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «ConceptItem».

InformationKind
Package: Information
isAbstract: No

Description
Enumeration of the possible kinds of Information. Its enumeration literals are:

- **Information** - Indicates that the Information associated with the InformationKind describes the state of a something of interest that is materialized -- in any medium or form -- and communicated or received.
- **DomainInformation** - Indicates that the Information associated with the InformationKind describes information within the scope or domain of the architecture.
- **PositionReferenceFrame** - Indicates that the Information associated with the InformationKind describes an arbitrary set of axes with reference to which the position or motion of something is described or physical laws are formulated.
- **PedigreeInformation** - Indicates that the Information associated with the InformationKind describes information pedigree.
- **Data** - Indicates that the Information associated with the InformationKind describes the representation of information in a formalized manner suitable for communication, interpretation, or processing by humans or by automatic means. Examples could be whole models, packages, entities, attributes, classes, domain values, enumeration values, records, tables, rows, columns, and fields.

**Metadata**

**Package:** Information

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)

**Extension:** Comment

Description

A comment that can be applied to any element in the architecture. The attributes associated with this element details the relationship between the element and its related dublinCoreElement, metaDataScheme, category, and name. This allows the element to be referenced using the Semantic Web.
Attributes

category : String[0..1] Defines the category of a Metadata element example: http://purl.org/dc/terms/abstract.

dublinCoreElement : String[0..1] A metadata category that is a DublinCore tag.

metaDataScheme : String[0..1] A representation scheme that defines a set of Metadata.

name : String[0..1] The name of the Metadata.

Constraints

[1] Metadata.annotatedElement Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «UAFEElement».

7.1.3.5 UAF::Metadata::Constraints

Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Constraints Viewpoint.

Rule

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Constraint

Description

An abstract grouping for all types of constraint (i.e. an OperationalConstraint could detail the rules of accountancy best practice).
Figure 7.31 - Rule

Associations

ruleKind : RuleKind[1] Captures the kind of Rule that is being described.

**RuleKind**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** No

**Description**

Enumeration of the possible kinds of Rules applicable to constraints. Its enumeration literals are:

- **StructuralAssertion** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details that something of importance either exists as a concept of interest or exists in relationship to another thing of interest.
- **ActionAssertion** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that concerns some dynamic aspect.
- **Derivation** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details a Rule derived from another Rule.
- **Contract** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details a consent among parties regarding the terms and conditions of activities that said parties participate in.
- **Constraint** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details a limitation, e.g., business rule, restraint, operational limitation.
- **Guidance** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details an authoritative statement intended to lead or steer the execution of actions.
- **SecurityPolicy** - Indicates that the Rule associated with the RuleKind is a statement that details a constraint that specifies policy for information handling, physical security, encryption, etc.
7.1.3.6 **UAF::Metadata::Traceability**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Metadata Traceability Viewpoint.

**ArchitecturalReference**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)  
**Extension:** [Dependency](#)  

**Description**

A dependency relationship that specifies that one architectural description refers to another.

![Dependency Diagram](image_url)

**Figure 7.32 - ArchitecturalReference**

**Constraints**

- [1] ArchitecturalReference.client  
  Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ArchitecturalDescription» or its specializations.

  Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ArchitecturalDescription» or its specializations.

**Implements**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#), Allocate  
**Extension:** Abstraction
An Abstraction relationship that defines how an element in the upper layer of abstraction is implemented by a semantically equivalent element (i.e., tracing the OperationalActivities to the Functions that implement them) in the lower level of abstraction.

Figure 7.33 - Implements

Constraints

[1] Implements.client  In case of value for Implements.supplier is stereotyped:

a. by any of specializations of «OperationalAgent», values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by any of specializations of «ResourcePerformer».

b. «OperationalActivity» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations.
c. «ServiceFunction» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations.
d. «ServiceInterface» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceInterface» or its specializations.
e. «OperationalInterface» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceInterface» or its specializations.
f. «OperationalConnector» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceConnector» or its specializations.
g. «OperationalExchange» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceExchange» or its specializations.
h. «OperationalRole» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceRole» or its specializations.
i. «ActualEnduringTask» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.
j. «InformationElement» or its specializations, values for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.

[2] Implements.supplier
In case of value for Implements.client is stereotyped:

a. by any of specializations of «ResourcePerformer», values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped by any of specializations of «OperationalAgent».
b. «Function» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity», «ServiceFunction» or their specializations.
c. «ResourceInterface» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceInterface» or its specializations.
d. «ResourceInterface» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalInterface» or its specializations.
e. «ResourceConnector» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalConnector», «ResourceConnector» or their specializations.
f. «ResourceExchange» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalExchange» or its specializations.
g. «OperationalRole» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalRole» or its specializations.
h. «OperationalActivity» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualEnduringTask» or its specializations.
i. «DataElement» or its specializations, values for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «InformationElement» or its specializations.

7.1.4 UAF::Strategic

Stakeholders: Capability Portfolio Managers.
Concerns: capability management process.
Definition: describe capability taxonomy, composition, dependencies and evolution.

7.1.4.1 UAF::Strategic::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Strategic Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ActualEnterprisePhase

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
**Generalization:** ActualPropertySet, CapableElement, Achiever

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**
An ActualState that describes the phase of an Enterprise endeavor.

![UML diagram for ActualEnterprisePhase](image)

**Figure 7.34 - ActualEnterprisePhase**

**Associations**

- **goal** : EnterpriseGoal[*]  
  The Goal towards which this Phase is directed and is in support of.

- **operationalArchitectureOfEnterprisePhase** : OperationalArchitecture[*]  
  Relates an ActualEnterprisePhase to its relevant OperationalArchitecture.

- **resourceArchitectureOfEnterprisePhase** : ResourceArchitecture[*]  
  Relates an ActualEnterprisePhase to its relevant ResourceArchitecture.

- **statementTask** : ActualEnduringTask[*]  
  Relates the ActualEnterprisePhase to the ActualEnduringTasks that are intended to be implemented during that phase.
vision : EnterpriseVision[*]  The Vision towards which this Phase is directed and is in support of.

Constraints
[1] ActualEnterprisePhase.classifier  Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped by «EnterprisePhase» or its specializations.
[2] ActualEnterprisePhase.start/endDate  Must fall within the start and end dates of the enclosing ActualEnterprisePhase having this ActualEnterprisePhase set as a value for a slot.

Capability
Package: Taxonomy  
isAbstract: No
Generalization: PropertySet, Desirer, Block
Extension: Class
Description
An enterprise's ability to Achieve a DesiredEffect realized through a combination of ways and means (e.g., CapabilityConfigurations) along with specified measures.
**EnterpriseGoal**

**Package**: Taxonomy

**isAbstract**: No

**Generalization**: PropertySet, Requirement

**Extension**: Class

**Description**

A statement about a state or condition of the enterprise to be brought about or sustained through appropriate Means. An EnterpriseGoal amplifies an EnterpriseVision that is, it indicates what must be satisfied on a continuing basis to effectively attain the EnterpriseVision. [http://www.omg.org/spec/BMM/1.3/](http://www.omg.org/spec/BMM/1.3/)
Figure 7.36 - EnterpriseGoal

Attributes

```
benefits : String[0..*]   A description of the usefulness of the Goal in terms of why the state or condition of the Enterprise is worth attaining.
```

Associations

```
enterprisePhase : ActualEnterprisePhase[*]  Relates the EnterpriseGoal to the ActualEnterprisePhase in which the EnterpriseGoal is attained.
```
**EnterpriseVision**

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** PropertySet, Block  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**  
A Vision describes the future state of the enterprise, without regard to how it is to be achieved.  
http://www.omg.org/spec/BMM/1.3/
Figure 7.38 - EnterpriseVision

Attributes


Associations

enterprisePhase : 0..1
ActualEnterprisePhase[0..1]  Relates the EnterpriseVision to the ActualEnterprisePhase in which the EnterpriseVision is expected to be realized.

VisionStatement

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Comment

Description

A type of comment that describes the future state of the enterprise, without regard to how it is to be achieved.

http://www.omg.org/spec/BMM/1.3/
WholeLifeEnterprise

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** EnterprisePhase  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**  
A WholeLifeEnterprise is a purposeful endeavor of any size involving people, organizations and supporting systems. It is made up of TemporalParts and StructuralParts.
7.1.4.2 UAF::Strategic::Structure
Contains the elements that contribute to the Strategic Structure Viewpoint.

**CapabilityProperty**

**Package:** Structure  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement  
**Extension:** Property  

**Description**
Property of a Capability typed by another Capability, enabling whole-part relationships and structures.

![Diagram of CapabilityProperty](image)

**Constraints**
1. CapabilityProperty.class  
   Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «Capability» or its specializations.
2. CapabilityProperty.type  
   Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped «Capability» or its specializations.

**StructuralPart**

**Package:** Structure  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement  
**Extension:** Property  

**Description**
Usage of an EnterprisePhase in the context of another EnterprisePhase. It asserts that one EnterprisePhase is a spatial part of another. Creates a whole-part relationship that represents the structure of the EnterprisePhase.
Figure 7.42 - StructuralPart

Constraints

[1] StructuralPart.class Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «EnterprisePhase» or its specializations.

[2] StructuralPart.type Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped «EnterprisePhase» or its specializations.

TemporalPart

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Property

Description
Usage of an EnterprisePhase in the context of another EnterprisePhase. It asserts that one EnterprisePhase is a spatial part of another. Creates a whole-part relationship that represents the temporal structure of the EnterprisePhase.
Figure 7.43 - TemporalPart

**Constraints**

1. TemporalPart.class Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «EnterprisePhase» or its specializations.

2. TemporalPart.type Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped «EnterprisePhase» or its specializations.

### 7.1.4.3 UAF::Strategic::Processes

Contains the elements that contribute to the Strategic Processes Viewpoint.

#### ActualEnduringTask

- **Package:** Processes
- **isAbstract:** No
- **Generalization:** [CapableElement, ActualPropertySet]
- **Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An actual undertaking recognized by an enterprise as being essential to achieving its goals - i.e., a strategic specification of what the enterprise does.
Figure 7.44 - ActualEnduringTask

Constraints

[1] ActualEnduringTask.classifier  Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped by «EnduringTask» or its specializations.

**CapabilityForTask**

**Package:** Processes

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement, Allocate]

**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**

An abstraction relationship that asserts that a Capability is required in order for an Enterprise to conduct a phase of an EnduringTask.
Constraints

[1] CapabilityForTask.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «Capability» or its specializations.

[2] CapabilityForTask.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualEnduringTask» or its specializations.

EnduringTask
Package: Processes
isAbstract: No
Generalization: PropertySet, Block
Extension: Class
Description
A type of template behavior recognized by an enterprise as being essential to achieving its goals - i.e., a template for a strategic specification of what the enterprise does.
7.1.4.4 UAF::Strategic::States
Contains the elements that contribute to the Strategic States Viewpoint.

AchievedEffect

Package: States
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Dependency

Description
A dependency relationship that exists between an ActualState (e.g., observed/measured during testing) of an element that attempts to achieve a DesiredEffect and an Achiever.
Associations

desiredEffect : DesiredEffect[*]  
Relates the effect that is achieved with the originally expected DirectEffect. 
Providing a means of comparison, between the expectation of the desirer and the 
actual result.

Constraints

[1] AchievedEffect.client  
Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «Achiever».

Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ActualState».

**Achiever**

**Package:** States

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAFElement

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An ActualResource, ActualProject, or ActualEnterprisePhase that can deliver a DesiredEffect.

![Diagram of Achiever](image)

Figure 7.48 - Achiever
**DesiredEffect**

*Package:* States  
*isAbstract:* No  
*Generalization:* MeasurableElement  
*Extension:* Dependency

**Description**

A dependency relationship relating the Desirer (a Capability or OrganizationalResource) to an ActualState.

```mermaid
graph TD
    A --> C[Desirer]
    B --> D[AchievedEffect]
    C --> D
```

**Associations**

achievedEffect : AchievedEffect[*]

**Constraints**

1. DesiredEffect.client  
   Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped a specialization of «Desirer».

2. DesiredEffect.supplier  
   Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped a specialization of «ActualState».

**Desirer**

*Package:* States  
*isAbstract:* Yes  
*Generalization:* UAFElement  
*Extension:* Class
Description

Abstract element used to group architecture elements that might desire a particular effect.

Figure 7.50 - Desirer

7.1.4.5 UAF::Strategic::Traceability

Contains the elements that contribute to the Strategic Traceability Viewpoint.

Exhibits

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, Allocate

Extension: Abstraction

Description

An abstraction relationship that exists between a CapableElement and a Capability that it meets under specific environmental conditions.
Associations

environmentalConditions : Environment[*]  Defines the environmental conditions constraining the way that a Capability is exhibited.

Constraints

[1] Exhibits.client  Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped a specialization of «CapableElement».

[2] Exhibits.supplier  Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Capability».

MapsToCapability

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, Allocate

Extension: Abstraction

Description

An Abstraction relationship denoting that an Activity contributes to providing a Capability.
Constraints

[1] MapsToCapability.client  Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped a specialization of «Activity».

[2] MapsToCapability.supplier  Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Capability».

**OrganizationInEnterprise**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement, Allocate]  
**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**

An abstraction relationship relating an ActualOrganization to an ActualEnterprisePhase to denote that the ActualOrganization plays a role or is a stakeholder in an ActualEnterprisePhase.
Constraints

[1] OrganizationInEnterprise.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualOrganization» or its specializations.

[2] OrganizationInEnterprise.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualEnterprisePhase» or its specializations.

7.1.5 UAF::Operational

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Executives.
Concerns: illustrate the Logical Architecture of the enterprise.
Definition: describe the requirements, operational behavior, structure, and exchanges required to support (exhibit) capabilities. Defines all operational elements in an implementation/solution independent manner.

7.1.5.1 UAF::Operational:: Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ArbitraryConnector

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Dependency

Description

Represents a visual indication of a connection used in high level operational concept diagrams.
Figure 7.54 - ArbitraryConnector

Constraints

[1] ArbitraryConnector.client The value for client metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ConceptRole» or its specializations.

[2] ArbitraryConnector.supplier The value for supplier metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ConceptRole» or its specializations.

ConceptItem
Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: UAFElement
Extension: Element

Description
Abstract, an item which may feature in a HighLevelOperationalConcept.
**ConceptItem**

**ConceptRole**

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)  
**Extension:** Property

**Description**

Usage of a ConceptItem in the context of a HighLevelOperationalConcept.
Constraints

[1] ConceptRole.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «HighLevelOperationalConcept» or its specializations.

[2] ConceptRole.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «ConceptItem».

**HighLevelOperationalConcept**

*Package:* Taxonomy

*isAbstract:* No

*Generalization:* [PropertySet](#), Block

*Extension:* Class

*Description*

Describes the Resources and Locations required to meet an operational scenario from an integrated systems point of view. It is used to communicate overall quantitative and qualitative system characteristics to stakeholders.
7.1.5.2 UAF::Operational::Structure

Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Structure Viewpoint.

**KnownResource**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [OperationalPerformer](#), [ResourcePerformer](#)

**Extension:** Class

Description

Asserts that a known ResourcePerformer plays a part in the LogicalArchitecture.
OperationalAgent

Package: Structure
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: Asset, SubjectOfOperationalConstraint, CapableElement, Desirer
Extension: Class

Description
An abstract element grouping LogicalArchitecture and OperationalPerformer.

OperationalArchitecture

Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: OperationalAgent, Architecture
Extension: Class

Description
An element used to denote a model of the Architecture, described from the Operational perspective.
OperationalMethod

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Operation

Description
A behavioral feature of a OperationalPerformer whose behavior is specified in an OperationalActivity.
Constraints

[1] OperationalMethod.method  Value for the method metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

[2] OperationalMethod.ownedParameter  The values for the ownedParameter metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalParameter» or its specializations.

OperationalParameter

Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Parameter

Description
An element that represents inputs and outputs of an OperationalActivity. It is typed by an OperationalExchangeItem.
Constraints

[1] OperationalParameter.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped by specialization of «OperationalExchangeItem».

OperationalPerformer

Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: OperationalAgent
Extension: Class

Description
A logical agent that IsCapableToPerform OperationalActivities which produce, consume, and process Resources.
Constraints

[1] OperationalPerformer.isCapableOfPerforming Is capable of performing only «OperationalActivity» elements or its specializations.

[2] OperationalPerformer.ownedOperation Values for the ownedOperation metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalMethod» or its specializations.

[3] OperationalPerformer.ownedPort Values for the ownedPort metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalPort» or its specializations.

OperationalPort

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, ProxyPort

Extension: Port

Description

Usage of a OperationalPerformer or LogicalArchitecture in the context of another OperationalPerformer or LogicalArchitecture. Creates a whole-part relationship.
Constraints

[1] OperationalPort.class   Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalPerformer» or its specializations.

[2] OperationalPort.type    Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalInterface» or its specializations.

**OperationalRole**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, LocationHolder, SubjectOfSecurityConstraint, AssetRole

**Extension:** Property

**Description**

Usage of a OperationalPerformer or OperationalArchitecture in the context of another OperationalPerformer or OperationalArchitecture. Creates a whole-part relationship.
Figure 7.65 - OperationalRole

Constraints

[1] OperationalRole.class  Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «OperationalAgent».

[2] OperationalRole.type  Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «OperationalAgent».

**ProblemDomain**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** OperationalRole

**Extension:** Property

**Description**

A property associated with a logical architecture, used to specify the scope of the problem.
Figure 7.66 - ProblemDomain

Constraints

[1] ProblemDomain.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalArchitecture» or its specializations.

[2] ProblemDomain.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalPerformer» or its specializations.

7.1.5.3 UAF::Operational::Connectivity
Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Connectivity Viewpoint.

OperationalConnector

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Connector

Description
A Connector that goes between OperationalRoles representing a need to exchange Resources. It can carry a number of OperationalExchanges.
Constraints

[1] OperationalConnector.end  The value for the role metaproperty for the owned ConnectorEnd must be stereotype «OperationalRole»/«OperationalPort» or its specializations.

**OperationalExchange**

**Package:** Connectivity

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [Exchange, SubjectOfOperationalConstraint]

**Extension:** InformationFlow

**Description**

Asserts that a flow can exist between OperationalPerformers (i.e., flows of information, people, materiel, or energy).
Attributes

```plaintext
trustlevel : Real[0..1]  Captures the directional arbitrary level of trust related to an OperationalExchange between two OperationalPerformers.
```

Associations

```plaintext
exchangeKind : OperationalExchangeKind[0..1]  Captures the kind of Resource being exchanged.
```

Constraints

```plaintext
[1] OperationalExchange.conveyed  In case of OperationalExchange.operationalExchangeKind:

  = InformationExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «InformationElement» or its specializations.

  = MaterielExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «ResourceArtifact» or its specializations.

  = EnergyExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «NaturalResource» or its specializations.

  = OrganizationalExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «OrganizationalResource» or its specializations.

  = ConfigurationExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «CapabilityConfiguration» or its specializations, or
```
GeoPoliticalExtentExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «GeoPoliticalExtentType» or its specializations.

[2] OperationalExchange_informationSource Value for informationSource metaproperty has to be stereotyped «OperationalPerformer» or its specializations.

[3] OperationalExchange_informationTarget Value for informationTarget metaproperty has to be stereotyped «OperationalPerformer» or its specializations.

[4] OperationalExchange_realizingActivityEdge Value for realizingActivityEdge metaproperty has to be stereotyped by any specialization of «OperationalActivityEdge».

[5] OperationalExchange_realizingConnector Value for realizingConnector metaproperty has to be stereotyped «OperationalConnector» or its specializations.

[6] OperationalExchange_realizingMessage Value for realizingMessage metaproperty has to be stereotyped «OperationalMessage» or its specializations.

OperationalExchangeItem

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: Resource

Description

An abstract grouping for elements that defines the types of elements that can be exchanged between OperationalPerformers and conveyed by an OperationalExchange.

Figure 7.69 - OperationalExchangeItem
Associations

activity : OperationalActivity[*] A collection of OperationalActivities that consume and/or produce the OperationalExchangeItem internally.

OperationalExchangeKind

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of operational exchange applicable to an OperationalExchange. Its enumeration literals are:

- MaterielExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow of materiel (artifacts) between Functions.
- OrganizationalExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow where human resources (PostTypes, RoleTypes) flow between OperationalPerformers.
- EnergyExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow where energy is flowed from one OperationalPerformer to another.
- InformationExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow where information is flowed from one OperationalPerformer to another.
- ConfigurationExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow where CapabilityConfigurations flow from one OperationalPerformer to another.
- GeoPoliticalExtentExchange - Indicates that the OperationalExchange associated with the OperationalExchangeKind is a logical flow where GeoPoliticalExtentTypes (i.e. Borders) flow from one place to another.

OperationalInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: PropertySet, InterfaceBlock

Extension: Class

Description

A declaration that specifies a contract between the OperationalPerformer it is related to, and any other OperationalPerformers it can interact with.
Figure 7.70 - OperationalInterface

Constraints

[1] OperationalInterface.ownedOperation Values for the ownedOperation metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalMethod» or its specializations.

OperationalSignal

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: OperationalExchangeItem

Extension: Signal

Description

An OperationalSignal is a specification of a kind of communication between operational performers in which a reaction is asynchronously triggered in the receiver without a reply.
OperationalSignalProperty

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Property

Description

A property of an OperationalSignal typed by OperationalExchangeItem. It enables OperationalExchangeItem e.g., InformationElement to be passed as arguments of the OperationalSignal.
Constraints
[1] OperationalSignalProperty.class Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalSignal» or its specializations.
[2] OperationalSignalProperty.type Value for type metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «OperationalExchangeItem».

7.1.5.4 UAF::Operational::Processes
Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Processes Viewpoint.

OperationalActivity
Package: Processes
isAbstract: No
Generalization: Activity, SubjectOfOperationalConstraint
Extension: Activity

Description
An Activity that captures a logical process, specified independently of how the process is carried out.

Figure 7.73 - OperationalActivity
Associations

affectedResource : OperationalExchangeItem[*]  A collection of OperationalExchangeItems consumed and produced internally within the OperationalActivity.

Constraints

[1] OperationalActivity.ownedParameter  The values for the ownedParameter metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalParameter» or its specializations.

**OperationalActivityAction**

**Package**: Processes  
**isAbstract**: No  
**Generalization**: MeasurableElement  
**Extension**: CallBehaviorAction  

**Description**

A call of an OperationalActivity in the context of another OperationalActivity.
Constraints

[1] OperationalActivityAction.activity Value for the activity metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

[2] OperationalActivityAction.behavior Value for activity metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

OperationalActivityEdge

Package: Processes
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: ActivityEdge

Description
Abstract grouping for OperationalControlFlow and OperationalObjectFlow.

Constraints

[1] OperationalActivityEdge.owner «OperationalActivityEdge» must be owned directly or indirectly by «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

OperationalControlFlow

Package: Processes
isAbstract: No
Generalization: OperationalActivityEdge
**Extension:** ControlFlow

Description
An ActivityEdge that shows the flow of control between OperationalActivityActions.

![Diagram showing ControlFlow](image)

**Figure 7.76 - OperationalControlFlow**

Constraints
[1] OperationalControlFlow.source: Value for the source metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivityAction» or its specializations.


**OperationalObjectFlow**

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: OperationalActivityEdge

Extension: ObjectFlow

Description
An ActivityEdge that shows the flow of Resources (objects/information) between OperationalActivityActions.
StandardOperationalActivity

**Package:** Processes

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** OperationalActivity

**Extension:** Activity

**Description**

A sub-type of OperationalActivity that is a standard operating procedure.

UAF::Operational::States

Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational States Viewpoint.

OperationalStateDescription

**Package:** States

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement

**Extension:** StateMachine
Description
A state machine describing the behavior of a OperationalPerformer, depicting how the OperationalPerformer responds to various events and the actions.

![StateMachine Diagram]

Figure 7.79 - OperationalStateDescription

Constraints
[1] OperationalStateDescription.owner Values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped with specializations of «OperationalAgent».

7.1.5.6 UAF::Operational::Interaction Scenarios
Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

OperationalMessage
Package: Interaction Scenarios
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Message

Description
Message for use in an Operational Event-Trace which carries any of the subtypes of OperationalExchange.
Constraints

[1] OperationalMessage.receiveEvent.event.operation  
Values for the receiveEvent.event.operation metaproperty must be stereotyped with «OperationalMethod» or its specializations.

7.1.5.7  UAF::Operational::Information

Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Information Viewpoint.

**InformationElement**

*Package:* Information  
*isAbstract:* No  
*Generalization:* Asset, OperationalExchangeItem, SubjectOfOperationalConstraint  
*Extension:* Class  

**Description**  
An item of information that flows between OperationalPerformers and is produced and consumed by the OperationalActivities that the OperationalPerformers are capable to perform (see IsCapableToPerform).
Figure 7.81 - InformationElement

Constraints

[1] InformationElement.owner  Values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataModel» or its specializations.

7.1.5.8 UAF::Operational::Constraints

Contains the elements that contribute to the Operational Constraints Viewpoint.

OperationalConstraint  
Package: Constraints
isAbstract: No
Generalization: Rule
Extension: Constraint

Description

A Rule governing a logical architectural element i.e., OperationalPerformer, OperationalActivity, InformationElement, etc.
Constraints

[1] OperationalConstraint.constrainedElement Value for the constrainedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by any specialization of «SubjectOfOperationalConstraint».

**SubjectOfOperationalConstraint**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAFElement

**Extension:** Element

**Description**

An abstract grouping of elements that can be the subject of an OperationalConstraint.
Figure 7.83 - SubjectOfOperationalConstraint

7.1.6 UAF::Services

Concerns: specifications of services required to exhibit a Capability.
Definition: shows Service Specifications and required and provided service levels of these specifications required to exhibit a Capability or to support an Operational Activity.

7.1.6.1 UAF::Services::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ServiceSpecification

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
Generalization: PropertySet, VersionedElement, CapableElement, Block
Extension: Class

Description
The specification of a set of functionality provided by one element for the use of others.
7.1.6.2 **UAF::Services::Structure**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Structure Viewpoint.

**ServiceMethod**

*Package:* Structure  
*isAbstract:* No  
*Generalization:* [MeasurableElement](#)  
*Extension:* Operation

**Description**

A behavioral feature of a ServiceSpecification whose behavior is specified in a ServiceFunction.
Figure 7.85 - ServiceMethod

Constraints

[1] ServiceMethod.method  Value for the method metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceFunction» or its specializations.

[2] ServiceMethod.ownedParameter  The values for the ownedParameter metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceParameter» or its specializations.

[3] ServiceMethod.owner  The values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

ServiceParameter

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Parameter

Description

An element that represents inputs and outputs of a ServiceFunction, represents inputs and outputs of a ServiceSpecification.
Figure 7.86 - ServiceParameter

Constraints

[1] ServiceParameter.type The values for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped a specialization of «OperationalExchangeItem».

**ServicePort**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ProxyPort, MeasurableElement

**Extension:** Port

**Description**

An interaction point for a ServiceSpecification through which it can interact with the outside environment and which is defined by a ServiceInterface.
Constraints

[1] ServicePort.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

[2] ServicePort.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceInterface» or its specializations.

ServiceSpecificationRole

Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Property
Description
Constraints

[1] ServiceSpecificationRole.class  Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

[2] ServiceSpecificationRole.type  Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

7.1.6.3  UAF::Services::Connectivity

Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Connectivity Viewpoint.

ServiceConnector

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Connector

Description

A channel for exchange between two ServiceSpecifications. Where one acts as the consumer of the other.
Figure 7.89 - ServiceConnector

Constraints

[1] ServiceConnector.end The value for the role metaproperty for the owned ConnectorEnd must be stereotyped «ServicePort», «ServiceSpecificationRole», or their specializations.

ServiceInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: PropertySet, InterfaceBlock

Extension: Class

Description

A contract that defines the ServiceMethods and ServiceMessageHandlers that the ServiceSpecification realizes.
Constraints

[1] ServiceInterface.ownedOperation Values for the ownedOperation metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceMethod» or its specializations.

7.1.6.4 UAF::Services::Processes
Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Processes Viewpoint.

ServiceFunction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Activity

Extension: Activity

Description
An Activity that describes the abstract behavior of ServiceSpecifications, regardless of the actual implementation.
ServiceFunction

Constraints

[1] ServiceFunction.ownedParameter

The values for the ownedParameter metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceParameter».

ServiceFunctionAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: CallBehaviorAction

Description

A call of a ServiceFunction in the context of another ServiceFunction.
Figure 7.92 - ServiceFunctionAction

Constraints

[1] ServiceFunctionAction.activity Value for the behavior metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceFunction» or its specializations.


7.1.6.5 UAF::Services::States
Contains the elements that contribute to the Services States Viewpoint.

ServiceStateDescription
Package: States
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: StateMachine

Description
A state machine describing the behavior of a ServiceSpecification, depicting how the ServiceSpecification responds to various events and the actions.
Constraints

[1] ServiceStateMachine.owner  Values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

7.1.6.6  UAF::Services::Interaction Scenarios
Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

**ServiceMessage**

**Package:** Interaction Scenarios

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement

**Extension:** Message

**Description**

Message for use in a Service Event-Trace.
7.1.6.7 UAF::Services::Constraints
Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Constraints Viewpoint.

ServicePolicy

Package: Constraints
isAbstract: No
Generalization: Rule
Extension: Constraint

Description
A constraint governing the use of one or more ServiceSpecifications.

Figure 7.95 - ServicePolicy

Constraints

[1] ServicePolicy.constrainedElement Values for constrainedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

7.1.6.8 UAF::Services::Traceability
Contains the elements that contribute to the Services Traceability Viewpoint.
**Consumes**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** Allocate, MeasurableElement  
**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**
An abstraction relationship that asserts that a service in someway contributes or assists in the execution of an OperationalActivity.

![Diagram of Consumes relationship](image)

**Constraints**

1. Consumes.client: Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

2. Consumes.supplier: Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ServiceSpecification» or its specializations.

**7.1.7 UAF::Personnel**

**Stakeholders:** Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs.  
**Concerns:** human factors.  
**Definition:** aims to clarify the role of Human Factors (HF) when creating architectures in order to facilitate both Human Factors Integration (HFI) and systems engineering (SE).

**7.1.7.1 UAF::Personnel::Taxonomy**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Personnel Taxonomy Viewpoint.
Organization

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
Generalization: OrganizationalResource
Extension: Class

Description
A group of OrganizationalResources (Persons, Posts, Organizations, and Responsibilities) associated for a particular purpose.

Figure 7.97 - Organization

OrganizationalResource

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: PhysicalResource, Stakeholder
Extension: Class

Description
An abstract element grouping for Organization, Person Post, and Responsibility.
**Person**

*Package:* Taxonomy

*isAbstract:* No

*Generalization:* [OrganizationalResource](#)

*Extension:* Class

*Description*

A type of a human being used to define the characteristics that need to be described for ActualPersons (e.g., properties such as address, telephone number, nationality, etc.).
**Post**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** OrganizationalResource

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

A type of job title or position that a person can fill (e.g., Lawyer, Solution Architect, Machine Operator, or Chief Executive Officer).

![Figure 7.100 - Post](image)

**Responsibility**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** OrganizationalResource

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

The type of duty required of a Person or Organization.

![Figure 7.101 - Responsibility](image)
7.1.7.2 UAF::Personnel::Connectivity

Contains the elements that contribute to the Personnel Connectivity Viewpoint.

Command

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceExchange

Extension: InformationFlow

Description

A type of ResourceExchange that asserts that one OrganizationalResource commands another.

![Diagram of Command stereotype relationships]

Figure 7.102 - Command

Constraints

1. Command.conveyed
   Value for the conveyed metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.

2. Command.informationSource
   Value for the informationSource metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «OrganizationalResource».

3. Command.informationTarget
   Value for the informationTarget metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «OrganizationalResource».

Control

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceExchange

Extension: InformationFlow
Description

A type of ResourceExchange that asserts that one PhysicalResource controls another PhysicalResource (i.e., the driver of a vehicle controlling the vehicle speed or direction).

Figure 7.103 - Control

Constraints

[1] Control.conveyed Value for the conveyed metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.

[2] Control.informationSource Value for the informationSource metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «PhysicalResource».

[3] Control.informationTarget Value for the informationTarget metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «PhysicalResource» or its specializations.

7.1.7.3 UAF::Personnel::Processes

Contains the elements that contribute to the Personnel Processes Viewpoint.

CompetenceToConduct

Package: Processes
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement, Allocate
Extension: Abstraction

Description

An abstraction relationship used to associate a Function with a specific set of Competencies needed to conduct the Function.
Constraints

[1] CompetenceToConduct.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations.

[2] CompetenceToConduct.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Competence» or its specializations.

7.1.7.4 UAF::Personnel::Constraints
Contains the elements that contribute to the Personnel Constraints Viewpoint.

Competence

Package: Constraints
isAbstract: No
Generalization: SubjectOfForecast, PropertySet, Block
Extension: Class

Description
A specific set of abilities defined by knowledge, skills, and aptitude.
**CompetenceForRole**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#), [Allocate](#)

**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**

An abstraction relationship used to associate an organizational role with a specific set of required competencies.
RequiresCompetence

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, Allocate

Extension: Abstraction

Description
An abstraction relationship that asserts that an ActualOrganizationalResource is required to have a specific set of Competencies.

![Diagram of RequiresCompetence]

Figure 7.107 - RequiresCompetence

Constraints

[1] RequiresCompetence.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «OrganizationalResource».

[2] RequiresCompetence.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Competence» or its specializations.
7.1.7.5 UAF::Personnel::Traceability

Contains the elements that contribute to the Personnel Traceability Viewpoint.

**ResponsibleFor**

**Package:** Traceability

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, Allocate

**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**

An abstraction relationship between an ActualResponsibleResource and an ActualResponsibility or ActualProject. It defines the duties that the ActualResponsibleResource is ResponsibleFor.

![UAF::Personnel::Traceability Diagram](image)

Figure 7.108 - ResponsibleFor

**Attributes**

- **endDate:** ISO8601DateTime[0..1]  
  End date of an ActualResponsibleResource being ResponsibleFor and ActualProject or ActualResponsibility.

- **startDate:** ISO8601DateTime[0..1]  
  Start date of an ActualResponsibleResource being ResponsibleFor and ActualProject or ActualResponsibility.
Associations

**ResponsibleRoleKind**
Captures the kind of role (Manager or ResponsibleOwner) responsible for the ActualProject or ActualResponsibility.

Constraints

[1] **ResponsibleFor.client**
Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ActualResponsibleResource».

[2] **ResponsibleFor.supplier**
Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProject», «ActualResponsibility», or their specializations.

**ResponsibleRoleKind**

*Package:* Traceability

*isAbstract:* No

**Description**
Enumeration of the possible kinds or ResponsibleRole. Its enumeration literals are:

- Manager - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is a an implementation of logical flow.
- ResponsibleOwner - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is a an implementation of logical flow.

### 7.1.8 UAF::Resources

**Stakeholders:** Systems Engineers, Resource Owners, Implementers, Solution Providers, IT Architects.

**Concerns:** definition of solution architectures to implement operational requirements.

**Definition:** captures a solution architecture consisting of resources, e.g., organizational, software, artifacts, capability configurations, natural resources that implement the operational requirements. Further design of a resource is typically detailed in SysML or UML.

#### 7.1.8.1 UAF::Resources::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Taxonomy Viewpoint.

**CapabilityConfiguration**

*Package:* Taxonomy

*isAbstract:* No

*Generalization:* [ResourceArchitecture](#)

*Extension:* Class

**Description**
A composite structure representing the physical and human resources (and their interactions) in an enterprise, assembled to meet a capability.
Associations
document : StandardOperationalActivity[*] Represents the doctrinal line of development of the Capability.

**NaturalResource**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PhysicalResource

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

Type of physical resource that occurs in nature such as oil, water, gas, or coal.
**PhysicalResource**

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** Yes  
**Generalization:** ResourcePerformer  
**Extension:** Class  

**Description**  
An abstract grouping that defines physical resources (i.e., OrganizationalResource, ResourceArtifact, and NaturalResource).

![PhysicalResource Diagram]

Figure 7.111 - PhysicalResource

**ResourceArchitecture**

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** ResourcePerformer, Architecture  
**Extension:** Class  

**Description**  
An element used to denote a model of the Architecture, described from the ResourcePerformer perspective.
Figure 7.112 - ResourceArchitecture

**ResourceArtifact**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PhysicalResource

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

A type of man-made object that contains no human beings (i.e., satellite, radio, petrol, gasoline, etc.).

Figure 7.113 - ResourceArtifact
ResourcePerformer

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** Asset, ResourceExchangeItem, SubjectOfResourceConstraint, VersionedElement, CapableElement, SubjectOfForecast, OperationalExchangeItem, Desirer

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

An abstract grouping of elements that can perform Functions.

**Attributes**

isStandardConfiguration : Boolean[] Indicates if the ResourcePerformer is StandardConfiguration, default=false.
Associations

milestone: ProjectMilestone[*] Relates ResourcePerformer to ProjectMilestones that affect it.

Constraints

[1] ResourcePerformer.isCapableOfPerforming Is capable of performing only «Function» elements or its specializations.


Software

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceArtifact

Extension: Class

Description

A sub-type of ResourceArtifact that specifies an executable computer program.

System

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceArchitecture

Extension: Class
Description

An integrated set of elements, subsystems, or assemblies that accomplish a defined objective. These elements include products (hardware, software, firmware), processes, people, information, techniques, facilities, services, and other support elements (INCOSE SE Handbook V4, 2015).

Figure 7.116 - System

7.1.8.2 UAF::Resources::Structure

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Structure Viewpoint.

ResourceMethod

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Operation

Description

A behavioral feature of a ResourcePerformer whose behavior is specified in a Function.
Constraints


**ResourceParameter**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement

**Extension:** Parameter

**Description**

An element that represents inputs and outputs of a Function. It is typed by a ResourceInteractionItem.
Figure 7.118 - ResourceParameter

Constraints
[1] ResourceParameter.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped with a specialization of «ResourceInteractionItem».

**ResourcePort**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ProxyPort, MeasurableElement, ProtocolImplementation

**Extension:** Port

**Description**
An interaction point for a ResourcePerformer through which it can interact with the outside environment and which is defined by a ResourceInterface.
Figure 7.119 - ResourcePort

Constraints

[1] ResourcePort.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceInterface» or its specializations.

[2] ResourcePort.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ResourcePerformer».

ResourceRole

Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: LocationHolder, SubjectOfResourceConstraint, MeasurableElement, SubjectOfSecurityConstraint, AssetRole
Extension: Property

Description
Figure 7.120 - ResourceRole

Associations

RoleKind : RoleKind[1] Captures the kind of role a Resource can play.

Constraints

[1] ResourceRole.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ResourcePerformer».

[2] ResourceRole.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ResourcePerformer».

RoleKind

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of roles that a ResourceRole may play in the context of a ResourcePerformer. Its enumeration literals are:
• Part - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of a ResourcePerformer that is used as a part of another ResourcePerformer.
• Component - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of Software that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• UsedConfiguration - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of existing CapabilityConfiguration that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• HumanResource - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of human resource that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• Platform - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of a ResourcePerformer that represents a platform (e.g., vessel, aircraft, etc.) that is used in the context of a SystemsResource.
• System - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of assembly of ResourcePerformers that is used in the context of another ResourcePerformer.
• SubOrganization - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of Organization that is typically the parent of another - e.g., a squadron may be part of a battalion, that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• PostRole - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of Post that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• ResponsibilityRole - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of Responsibility associated with a role that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• Equipment - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of man made resource that is used to accomplish a task or function in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• SubSystemPart - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of subsystem (represented as a ResourcePerformers) is is part of another ResourcePerformer.
• UsedPhysicalArchitecture - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of existing PhysicalArchitecture that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• HostedSoftware - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of software that is used in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• ArtifactComponent - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of non human resource that is used as a component in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• NaturalResourceComponent - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is a kind of natural resource that is used as a component in the context of a ResourcePerformer.
• Other - Indicates that the ResourceRole associated with the ResourceRoleKind is another kind of RoleKind that is not on the enumerated list.

7.1.8.3 UAF::Resources::Connectivity

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Connectivity Viewpoint.

ResourceConnector

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, ProtocolImplementation

Extension: Connector
Description

A channel for exchange between two ResourceRoles.

Figure 7.121 - ResourceConnector

Associations

boundaryCondition : Environment[*]   Relates a ResourceConnector to the extremes of the Environment in which it is required to be made available.

Constraints


ResourceExchange

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Exchange

Extension: InformationFlow
Description

Asserts that a flow can exist between ResourcePerformers (i.e., flows of data, people, materiel, or energy).

Figure 7.122 - ResourceExchange

Associations

exchangeKind : ResourceInteractionKind[]

Captures the kind of ResourceExchange.

Constraints


In case of ResourceExchange.exchangeKind:

= ResourceCommunication, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.

= ResourceMovement, the conveyed element must be stereotyped by the specialization of «PhysicalResource».

= ResourceEnergyFlow, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «NaturalResource» or its specializations.

= GeoPoliticalExtentExchange, the conveyed element must be stereotyped «GeoPoliticalExtentType» or its specializations.


Value for the informationSource metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «ResourcePerformer».


Value for the informationTarget metaproperty must be stereotyped by the
specialization of «ResourcePerformer».

[4] ResourceInteraction.realizingActivityEdge Value for the realizingActivityEdge metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «FunctionEdge».


ResourceExchangeItem
Package: Connectivity
isAbstract: Yes
Generalization: Resource

Description
An abstract grouping for elements that defines the types of elements that can be exchanged between ResourcePerformers and conveyed by a ResourceExchange.

Figure 7.123 - ResourceExchangeItem

Associations
ResourceInteractionKind

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of resource exchange applicable to a ResourceExchange. Its enumeration literals are:

- ResourceCommunication - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is an implementation of logical flow of data between Resources.
- ResourceMovement - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is an implementation of logical flow of Resources between Resources.
- ResourceEnergyFlow - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is an implementation of logical flow of natural resources between Resources.
- GeoPoliticalExtentExchange - Indicates that the ResourceInteraction associated with the ResourceInteractionKind is an implementation of logical flow where GeoPoliticalExtents (i.e., Borders) flow from one place to another.

ResourceInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: PropertySet, InterfaceBlock

Extension: Class

Description

A declaration that specifies a contract between the ResourcePerformers it is related to and any other ResourcePerformers it can interact with. It is also intended to be an implementation of a specification of an Interface in the Business and/or Service layer.

Figure 7.124 - ResourceInterface
Constraints

[1] ResourceInterface.ownedOperation  Values for ownedOperation metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceMethod» or its specializations.

ResourceSignal

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ResourceExchangeItem

Extension: Signal

Description

A ResourceSignal is a specification of a kind of communication between resources (ResourcePerformers) in which a reaction is asynchronously triggered in the receiver without a reply.

ResourceSignalProperty

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Property

Description

A property of an ResourceSignal typed by ResourceExchangeItem. It enables ResourceExchangeItem e.g., DataElement to be passed as arguments of the ResourceSignal.
Figure 7.126 - ResourceSignalProperty

Constraints

[1] ResourceSignalProperty.class Value for class metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceSignal» or its specializations.


7.1.8.4 UAF::Resources::Processes

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Processes Viewpoint.

Function

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Activity, SubjectOfResourceConstraint

Extension: Activity

Description

An Activity which is specified in the context to the ResourcePerformer (human or machine) that IsCapableToPerform it.
Figure 7.127 - Function

Associations


Constraints

[1] Function.ownedParameter  The values for the ownedParameter metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceParameter» or its specializations.

FunctionAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: CallBehaviorAction

Description

A call of a Function indicating that the Function is performed by a ResourceRole in a specific context.
FunctionAction

Constraints

[1] FunctionAction.activity Value for the activity metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations.

[2] FunctionAction.behavior Value for the behavior metaproperty must be stereotyped «Function» or its specializations.

FunctionControlFlow

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: FunctionEdge

Extension: ControlFlow

Description
An ActivityEdge that shows the flow of control between FunctionActions.
Figure 7.129 - FunctionControlFlow

Constraints

[1] FunctionControlFlow.source Value for the source metaproperty must be stereotyped «FunctionAction» or its specializations.


FunctionEdge

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: ActivityEdge

Description

Abstract grouping for FunctionControlFlow and FunctionObjectFlow.
Figure 7.130 - FunctionEdge

Constraints

[1] FunctionEdge.owner «FunctionEdge» must be owned directly or indirectly by «Function» or its specializations.

**FunctionObjectFlow**

*Package*: Processes

*isAbstract*: No

*Generalization*: FunctionEdge

*Extension*: ObjectFlow

*Description*

An ActivityEdge that shows the flow of Resources (objects/data) between FunctionActions.
7.1.8.5 UAF::Resources::States

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources States Viewpoint.

ResourceStateDescription

Package: States

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: StateMachine

Description

A state machine describing the behavior of a ResourcePerformer, depicting how the ResourcePerformer responds to various events and the actions.
Constraints

[1] ResourceStateDescription.owner Values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped with the specialization of «ResourcePerformer».

7.1.8.6 UAF::Resources::Interaction Scenarios
Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

ResourceMessage

Package: Interaction Scenarios
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Message

Description
Message for use in a Resource Event-Trace which carries any of the subtypes of ResourceExchange.

Figure 7.133 - ResourceMessage

Constraints

7.1.8.7 **UAF::Resources::Information**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Information Viewpoint.

**DataElement**

*Package:* Information  
*isAbstract:* No  
*Generalization:* [ResourceExchangeItem, SubjectOfResourceConstraint, Asset]  
*Extension:* Class  

**Description**

A formalized representation of data that is managed by or exchanged between systems.

![DataElement UAF Diagram](image)

*Constraints*

[1] DataElement.owner  
Values for the owner metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataModel» or its specializations.

**DataModel**

*Package:* Information  
*isAbstract:* No  
*Generalization:* [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint]  
*Extension:* Package
Description
A structural specification of data types, showing relationships between them that is devoid of implementation detail. The type of data captured in the DataModel is described using the enumeration DataModelKind (Conceptual, Logical, and Physical).

**Figure 7.135 - DataModel**

Associations
kind : DataModelKind[] Captures the kind of DataModel being represented, Conceptual, Logical, or Physical.

**DataModelKind**

**Package:** Information

**isAbstract:** No

**Description**
Enumeration of the possible kinds of DataModel. Its enumeration literals are:

- **Conceptual** - Indicates that the DataModel associated with the DataModelKind is a conceptual DataModel that defines the required high-level data concepts and their relationships.

- **Logical** - Indicates that the DataModel associated with the DataModelKind is a logical data model that allows analysis of an architecture’s data definition aspect, without consideration of implementation specific or product specific issues. It details the conceptual data model.

- **Physical** - Indicates that the DataModel associated with the DataModelKind is a physical data model that is an implementable specification of a data structure. A physical data model realizes a logical data model, taking into account implementation restrictions and performance issues while still enforcing the constraints, relationships and typing of the logical data model.

**7.1.8.8 UAF::Resources::Constraints**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Constraints Viewpoint.
**ResourceConstraint**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** Rule

**Extension:** Constraint

**Description**

A rule governing the structural or functional aspects of an implementation.

![Diagram](image)

Figure 7.136 - ResourceConstraint

**Constraints**

[1] ResourceConstraint.constrainedElement Value for the constrainedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «SubjectOfResourceConstraint».

**SubjectOfResourceConstraint**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAFEElement

**Extension:** Element

**Description**

An abstract grouping of elements that can be the subject of a ResourceConstraint.
7.1.8.9 UAF::Resources::Roadmap
Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Roadmap Viewpoint.

**Forecast**

**Package:** Roadmap  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement  
**Extension:** Dependency

**Description**

A dependency relationship that specifies a transition from one Asset, Standard, Competence to another future one. It is related to an ActualEnterprisePhase to give it a temporal context.
Associations

forecastPeriod : ActualEnterprisePhase[*]  Relates the SubjectOfForecast to the ActualEnterprisePhase in which the SubjectOfForecast is expected to be provided.

Constraints

[1] Forecast.client   Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «SubjectOfForecast».

[2] Forecast.pair     Values for the client and supplier metaproperties must be stereotyped by the same specialization of «SubjectOfForecast» (e.g., «Software» to «Software», «Standard» to «Standard», etc.).

[3] Forecast.supplier Value for the supplier property must be stereotyped by the specialization of «SubjectOfForecast».

SubjectOfForecast

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: UA FEElement

Extension: Class

Description

An abstract grouping of elements that can be the subject of a Forecast.

Figure 7.139 - SubjectOfForecast
**Technology**

**Package:** Roadmap  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** ResourceArtifact  
**Extension:** Class  

**Description**  
A sub type of ResourceArtifact that indicates a technology domain, i.e., nuclear, mechanical, electronic, mobile telephony, etc.

![UML Diagram](image)

Figure 7.140 - Technology

**VersionedElement**

**Package:** Roadmap  
**isAbstract:** Yes  
**Generalization:** UAFAElement  
**Extension:** Class  

**Description**  
An abstract grouping of ResourcePerformer and ServiceSpecification that allows VersionOfConfiguration to be related to ActualProjectMilestones.
VersionedElement

**Associations**

- **versionReleasedAtMilestone : ActualProjectMilestone[*]**
  Relates a VersionedElement to the ActualProjectMilestone. It indicates the ActualProjectMilestone at which the VersionedElement is released.

- **versionWithdrawnAtMilestone : ActualProjectMilestone[*]**
  Relates a VersionedElement to the ActualProjectMilestone. It indicates the ActualProjectMilestone at which the VersionedElement is withdrawn.

**VersionOfConfiguration**

- **Package**: Roadmap
- **isAbstract**: No
- **Generalization**: MeasurableElement
- **Extension**: Property

**Description**

A property of a WholeLifeConfiguration, used in version control of a VersionedElement. It asserts that a VersionedElement is a version of a WholeLifeConfiguration.
Figure 7.142 - VersionOfConfiguration

Constraints

[1] VersionOfConfiguration.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «WholeLifeConfiguration» or its specializations.

[2] VersionOfConfiguration.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «VersionedElement».

VersionSuccession

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Dependency

Description

A dependency relationship between two VersionOfConfigurations that denotes that one VersionOfConfiguration follows from another.
Figure 7.143 - VersionSuccession

Constraints


WholeLifeConfiguration

Package: Roadmap
isAbstract: No
Generalization: PropertySet, Block
Extension: Class

Description
A set of VersionedElements.
Figure 7.144 - WholeLifeConfiguration

Associations

```
```

**WholeLifeConfigurationKind**

- **Package:** Roadmap
- **isAbstract:** No

**Description**

Enumeration of the possible kinds of WholeLifeConfiguration. Its enumeration literals are:

- Service - Indicates that the WholeLifeConfiguration associated with the WholeLifeConfigurationKind is the master specification from which Services are versioned.
- ResourcePerformer - Indicates that the WholeLifeConfiguration associated with the WholeLifeConfigurationKind is the master specification from which ResourcePerformers are versioned.
- OrganizationalResource - Indicates that the WholeLifeConfiguration associated with the WholeLifeConfigurationKind is the master specification from which OrganizationalResources are versioned.

**7.1.8.10 UAF::Resources::Traceability**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Resources Traceability Viewpoint.
ProtocolImplementation

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: UAFElement

Extension: Element

Description

An abstract grouping of architectural elements that can implement Protocols.

Figure 7.145 - ProtocolImplementation

Associations

implements: Protocol[*]  Relates the ResourceConnector and ResourcePort to the Protocols that they can implement.

7.1.9 UAF::Security


Concerns: addresses the security constraints and information assurance attributes that exist on exchanges between resources and OperationalPerformers.

Definition: illustrates the security assets, security constraints, security controls, families, and measures required to address specific security concerns.

7.1.9.1 UAF::Security::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Security Taxonomy Viewpoint.

Asset

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: ConceptItem, PropertySet, LocationHolder, SubjectOfSecurityConstraint, Block

Extension: Class

Description
Asset as applied to Security views, an abstract element that indicates the types of elements that can be considered as a subject for security analysis.

Figure 7.146 - Asset

Associations
categoryCategorizesAsset : MeasurementSet[0..1] Enables association of an Asset to the set of security related measurements (MeasurementSet).

OperationalMitigation
Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
**Generalization:** [OperationalArchitecture](#)  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**  
A set of security measures intended to address specific cyber risks. Comprises a subset of SecurityControls that are required to protect the asset at OperationalPerformer (OperationalRole).

---

**ResourceMitigation**  
**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** [ResourceArchitecture](#)  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**  
A set of security measures intended to address specific cyber risks. Comprises a subset of TailoredSecurityControls that are used to protect the asset at resource (ResourceRole).
**SecurityEnclave**

**Package:** Taxonomy  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** ResourceArchitecture  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**  
Collection of information systems connected by one or more internal networks under the control of a single authority and security policy. The systems may be structured by physical proximity or by function, independent of location.

![Diagram of SecurityEnclave]

Figure 7.149 - SecurityEnclave

**7.1.9.2 UAF::Security::Structure**  
Contains the elements that contribute to the Security Structure Viewpoint.

**AssetRole**

**Package:** Structure  
**isAbstract:** Yes  
**Generalization:** UAFElement  
**Extension:** Element

**Description**  
AssetRole as applied to Security views, an abstract element that indicates the type of elements that can be considered as a subject for security analysis in the particular context.
**SecurityProperty**

Package: Structure  

isAbstract: No  

Generalization: MeasurableElement, AssetRole  

Extension: Property  

Description

SecurityProperty is used to assign an aggregated security marking (from the SecurityAttributes enumerated list: ClassificationType) to designate this "aggregated" security classification. The inter-connectivity of different data sets may allow more sensitive connections to be made by association. Aggregation, accumulation, and association of data (within ICT systems and on removable media) must be carefully considered as part of the risk management process as additional protective controls may or may not be appropriate. Aggregation does not automatically trigger an increase in protective marking. For instance, a database with thousands of records which are individually OFFICIAL should not be relabeled as a SECRET database. Instead, information owners are expected to make decisions about controls based on a risk assessment, and should consider what the aggregated information is, who needs to access it, and how.
Constraints

[1] SecurityProperty.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «Asset».

[2] SecurityProperty.type In case of value for the class metaproperty is stereotyped:

   a. by any of specializations of «OperationalAgent», values for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «InformationElement» or its specializations.
   b. by any of specializations of «ResourcePerformer», values for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.
   c. «InformationElement», values for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «InformationElement» or its specializations.
   d. «DataElement», values for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «DataElement» or its specializations.

7.1.9.3 UAF::Security::Processes
Contains the elements that contribute to the Security Processes Viewpoint.

EnhancedSecurityControl

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: SecurityControl

Extension: Class
Description

Statement of security capability to: (i) build in additional but related, functionality to a basic control; and/or (ii) increase the strength of a basic control.

Enhances

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement, DeriveReqt

Extension: Abstraction

Description

A dependency relationship relating the EnhancedSecurityControl to a SecurityControl.
Constraints

[1] Enhances.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «EnhancedSecurityControl» or its specializations.

[2] Enhances.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControl» or its specializations.

Protects

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Dependency

Description

A dependency that asserts that a SecurityControl is required to protect an Asset.

Figure 7.154 - Protects

Constraints

[1] Protects.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControl» or its specializations.

[2] Protects.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «Asset».
ProtectsInContext

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Dependency

Description

A dependency relationship that relates a SecurityControlAction to an OperationalRole, or a ResourceRole. It indicates that SecurityControl is required to protect an Asset in a specific context or configuration.

Figure 7.155 - ProtectsInContext
Constraints

[1] ProtectsInContext.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControlAction» or its specializations.


SecurityProcess

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: OperationalActivity, Function

Extension: Activity

Description

The security-related procedure that satisfies the security control requirement.

SecurityProcessAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: OperationalActivityAction, FunctionAction

Extension: CallBehaviorAction

Description

Figure 7.157 - SecurityProcessAction

Constraints

[1] SecurityControlAction.behavior Value for behavior metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControl» or its specializations.

7.1.9.4 UAF::Security::Constraints
Contains the elements that contribute to the Security Constraints Viewpoint.

ActualRisk

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualPropertySet

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description
Associations

actualRiskOwner : ActualResource[0..1] Enables association of an ActualRisk to an actual organizational role that is responsible for executing the actual mitigation.

affectedActualResource : ActualResource[0..1] Asserts that an ActualRisk is applicable to an ActualResource.

Risk

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: PropertySet, Block

Extension: Class

Description

A statement of the impact of an event on Assets. It represents a constraint on an Asset in terms of adverse effects, with an associated measure. The measure is used to capture the extent to which an entity is threatened by a potential circumstance or event. Risk is typically a function of: (i) the adverse impacts that would arise if the circumstance or event occurs; and (ii) the likelihood of occurrence.
SecurityConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Rule

Extension: Constraint

Description

A type of rule that captures a formal statement to define security laws, regulations, guidances, and policy.
Figure 7.160 - SecurityConstraint

Constraints

[1] Security.constrainedElement Value for the constrainedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped by the specialization of «SubjectOfSecurityConstraint».

SecurityControl

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Requirement, PropertySet

Extension: Class

Description

The management, operational, and technical control (i.e., safeguard or countermeasure) prescribed for an information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information [NIST SP 800-53].
Associations

mitigatingActualResource : ActualResource[*]  Relates an actual mitigation (an ActualResource for mitigating a Risk) to an ActualRisk.

**SecurityControlFamily**

**Package:** Constraints  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** SecurityControl  
**Extension:** Class

**Description**

An element that organizes security controls into a family. Each Security Control Family contains security controls related to the general security topic of the family.
Constraints

[1] SecurityControlFamily.annotatedElement Value for the annotatedElement metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControl» or its specializations.

**SubjectOfSecurityConstraint**

- **Package:** Constraints
- **isAbstract:** Yes
- **Generalization:** UAFElement
- **Extension:** Element

**Description**
An abstract grouping of elements that can be the subject of a SecurityConstraint.
7.1.9.5 UAF::Security::Traceability

Contains the elements that contribute to the Security Traceability Viewpoint.

**Affects**

**Package: Traceability**

**isAbstract: No**

**Generalization: MeasurableElement**

**Extension: Dependency**

**Description**

A dependency that asserts that a Risk is applicable to an Asset.
AffectsInContext

Package: Traceability
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Dependency

Description
A dependency that asserts that a Risk is applicable to an AssetRole in the specific context or configuration.

Figure 7.165 - AffectsInContext

Constraints
[1] AffectsInContext.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «Risk» or its specializations.
[2] AffectsInContext.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «AssetRole» or its specializations.

Mitigates

Package: Traceability
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
**Extension:** Dependency

**Description**
A dependency relating a Security Control to a Risk. Mitigation is established to manage risk and could be represented as an overall strategy or through techniques (mitigation configurations) and procedures (SecurityProcesses).

![Dependency Diagram]

**Figure 7.166 - Mitigates**

**Constraints**

[1] Mitigates.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «SecurityControl» or its specializations.

[2] Mitigates.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Risk» or its specializations.

**OwnsRisk**

**Package:** Traceability

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, Allocate

**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**
An abstraction relating a Risk to an organizational resource that is responsible for executing the risk mitigation.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constraints</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[1] OwnsRisk.client</td>
<td>Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «OrganizationalResource» or its specializations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[2] OwnsRisk.supplier</td>
<td>Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Risk» or its specializations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OwnsRiskInContext**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, Allocate  
**Extension:** Abstraction  

**Description**  
An abstraction relating a Risk to an organizational role that is responsible for executing the risk mitigation in the specific context or configuration.
Figure 7.168 - OwnsRiskInContext

Constraints

[1] OwnsProcess.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ResourceRole» or its specializations.


7.1.10 UAF::Project

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects.
Concerns: project portfolio, projects and project milestones.
Definition: describes projects and project milestones, how those projects deliver capabilities, the organizations contributing to the projects and dependencies between projects.

7.1.10.1 UAF::Project::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Project Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ActualMilestoneKind

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No

Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of ActualMeasurement. Its enumeration literals are:

- InService - Indicates that the ActualProjectMilestone associated with the ActualMilestoneKind is when the configuration goes into service.
- Deployed - Indicates that the ActualProjectMilestone associated with the ActualMilestoneKind is a configuration deployment milestone.
- **NoLongerUsed** - Indicates that the ActualProjectMilestone associated with the ActualMilestoneKind is when the deployed configuration is no longer used.
- **OutOfService** - Indicates that the ActualProjectMilestone associated with the ActualMilestoneKind is when the in service configuration goes out of service.
- **Other** - Indicates that the ActualProjectMilestone associated with the ActualMilestoneKind is not one of the standard ActualMilestoneKinds.

**Project**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** OrganizationalResource

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

An element that describes types of time-limited endeavours that are required to meet one or more Capability needs.

---

**Figure 7.169 - Project**

**ProjectKind**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No
Description

Enumeration of the possible kinds of project applicable to an ActualProject. Its enumeration literals are:

- **Programme** - Indicates that the ActualProject associated with the ProjectKind is an undertaking that is a temporary, flexible organization created to coordinate, direct, and oversee the implementation of a set of related Projects and Tasks in order to deliver outcomes and benefits related to the organization’s strategic objectives. A programme is likely to have a lifespan of several years. During a programme lifecycle, projects are initiated, executed, and closed. Programmes provide an umbrella under which these projects can be coordinated. The programme integrates the projects so that it can deliver an outcome greater than the sum of its parts.

- **Portfolio** - Indicates that the ActualProject associated with the ProjectKind is an undertaking comprised of the Projects and Programmes that are the totality of an organization's investment (or segment thereof) in the changes required to achieve its strategic objectives.

- **Project** - Indicates that the ActualProject associated with the ProjectKind is an undertaking that is a time-limited endeavor to create a specific set of products or services.

- **PersonnelDevelopment** - Indicates that the ActualProject associated with the ProjectKind is an undertaking that relates to the training and enablement of personnel to enable them help achieve the organizations objectives.

### ProjectMilestone

**Package:** Taxonomy  

**isAbstract:** No  

**Generalization:** PropertySet, Block  

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

A type of event in a Project by which progress is measured.

![Diagram of ProjectMilestone](image)

**Associations**

resource : ResourcePerformer[*]  

Relates a ProjectMilestone to the Resources that can be affected by the milestone. It is used to describe aspects of the lifecycle of a Resource.

Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP), v1.0
Constraints

[1] ProjectMilestone.ownedAttribute All of the «ProjectThemes», owned by a «ProjectMilestone», must be typed by the same «StatusIndicators» or its specializations.

7.1.10.2 UAF::Project::Structure
Contains the elements that contribute to the Project Structure Viewpoint.

ProjectMilestoneRole
Package: Structure
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Property

Description
The role played by a ProjectMilestone in the context of a Project.

Figure 7.171 - ProjectMilestoneRole

Constraints

[1] ProjectMilestoneRole.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «Project» or its specializations.

[2] ProjectMilestoneRole.type Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectMilestone» or its specializations.
**ProjectRole**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [ResourceRole]

**Extension:** Property

**Description**

Usage of a Project in the context of another Project. Creates a whole-part relationship.

![ProjectRole Diagram](image)

**Constraints**

[1] ProjectRole.class  Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «Project» or its specializations.

[2] ProjectRole.type  Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «Project» or its specializations.

---

**ProjectStatus**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [UAFEelement]

**Extension:** Slot

**Description**

The status (i.e., level of progress) of a ProjectTheme for an ActualProject at the time of the ActualProjectMilestone.
Figure 7.173 - ProjectStatus

Constraints

[1] ProjectStatus.definingFeature  Value for the DefiningFeature metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectTheme» or its specializations.

**ProjectTheme**

**Package:** Structure

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** MeasurableElement

**Extension:** Property

**Description**

A property of a ProjectMilestone that captures an aspect by which the progress of ActualProjects may be measured.
Constraints

[1] ProjectTheme.class  Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectMilestone» or its specializations.

[2] ProjectTheme.type   Value for the type metaproperty must be stereotyped «StatusIndicators» or its specializations.

**StatusIndicators**

**Package:** Structure  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, ValueType  
**Extension:** Enumeration  

**Description**

An enumerated type that specifies a status for a ProjectTheme.
7.1.10.3 UAF::Project::Connectivity
Contains the elements that contribute to the Project Connectivity Viewpoint.

MilestoneDependency
Package: Connectivity
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement
Extension: Dependency

Description
A dependency relationship between two ActualProjectMilestones that denotes one ActualProjectMilestone follows from another.
Constraints

[1] MilestoneDependency.client  Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProjectMilestone» or its specializations.

[2] MilestoneSequence.supplier  Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProjectMilestone» or its specializations.

ProjectSequence

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Dependency

Description

A dependency relationship between two ActualProjects that denotes one ActualProject cannot start before the previous ActualProject is finished.

Figure 7.177 - ProjectSequence

Constraints

[1] ProjectSequence.client  Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProject» or its specializations.

[2] ProjectSequence.supplier  Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProject» or its specializations.
7.1.10.4 UAF::Project::Processes

Contains the elements that contribute to the Project Processes Viewpoint.

**ProjectActivity**

**Package:** Processes  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** Function  
**Extension:** Activity

**Description**

An activity carried out during a project.

![Diagram of ProjectActivity and ProjectActivityAction](image)

**Figure 7.178 - ProjectActivity**

**ProjectActivityAction**

**Package:** Processes  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** FunctionAction  
**Extension:** CallBehaviorAction, Activity

**Description**

The ProjectActivityAction is defined as a call behavior action that invokes the activity that needs to be preformed.
Constraints

[1] FunctionAction.behavior  Value for the behavior metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectActivity» or its specializations.

[2] ProjectActivityAction.activity  Value for the activity metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectActivity» or its specializations.

7.1.10.5 UAF::Project::Roadmap
Contains the elements that contribute to the Project Roadmap Viewpoint.

ActualProject
Package: Roadmap
isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualOrganizationalResource, Achiever

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description
A time-limited endeavor to provide a specific set of ActualResources that meet specific Capability needs.
Figure 7.180 - ActualProject

Associations

ownedMilestone : ActualProjectMilestone[*] Relates the ActualProjectMilestones to the relevant ActualProject.

projectKind : ProjectKind[1] Enumerated value describing the kind of ActualProject.

Constraints

[1] ActualProject.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Project» or its specializations.

[2] ActualProject.slot Value for the slot metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualProjectRole», «ActualProjectMilestoneRole», or their specializations.

ActualProjectMilestone

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualPropertySet

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description
An event with a start date in a ActualProject from which progress is measured.
Figure 7.181 - ActualProjectMilestone

Attributes

endDate : ISO8601DateTime[0]  End time for this ActualProjectMilestone.

Associations

actualResource : ActualResource[*]  Relates an ActualProjectMilestone to the ActualResources that are affected by the milestone. It is used to describe aspects of the lifecycle of an ActualResource.

kind : ActualMilestoneKind[1]  Enumerated value describing the kind of ActualProjectMilestone.

versionReleased : VersionedElement[*]

versionWithdrawn : VersionedElement[*]

Constraints

[1] ActualProjectMilestone.classifier  Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped «ProjectMilestone» or its specializations.
ActualProjectMilestoneRole

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualState

Extension: Slot

Description

An ActualProjectMilestone that is applied to a ProjectMilestoneRole.

Figure 7.182 - ActualProjectMilestone

Constraints

[1] ActualProjectMilestoneRole.definingFeature Value for the definingFeature metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ProjectMilestoneRole» or its specializations.

[2] ActualProjectMilestoneRole.owningInstance Value for the owningInstance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualProject» or its specializations.

[3] ActualProjectMilestoneRole.value.instance Value for the value.instance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualProjectMilestone» or its specializations.

ActualProjectRole

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualState

Extension: Slot
Description
An ActualProject that is applied to a ProjectRole.

Constraints

[1] ActualProjectRole.definingFeature Value for the definingFeature metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ProjectRole» or its specializations.

[2] ActualProjectRole.owningInstance Value for the owningInstance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualProject» or its specializations.

[3] ActualProjectRole.value.instance Value for the value.instance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualProject» or its specializations.

7.1.11 UAF::Standards

Concerns: technical and non-technical Standards applicable to the architecture.
Definition: shows the technical, operational, and business Standards applicable to the architecture. Defines the underlying current and expected Standards.

7.1.11.1 UAF::Standards::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Standards Taxonomy Viewpoint.

Protocol

Package: Taxonomy
isAbstract: No
Generalization: Standard
Extension: Class
Description
A Standard for communication over a network. Protocols may be composite, represented as a ProtocolStack made up of ProtocolLayers.

Figure 7.184 - Protocol

ProtocolStack

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: Protocol

Extension: Class

Description
A sub-type of Protocol that contains the ProtocolLayers, defining a complete stack.
**Standard**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** SubjectOfForecast, PropertySet, Block

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

A ratified and peer-reviewed specification that is used to guide or constrain the architecture. A Standard may be applied to any element in the architecture.
Attributes

mandatedDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]  The date when this version of the Standard was published.

retiredDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]  The date when this version of the Standard was retired.

Associations

ratifiedBy : ActualOrganization[*]  Relates a Standard to the ActualOrganization that ratified the Standard.

7.1.11.2 UAF::Standards::Structure
Contains the elements that contribute to the Standards Structure Viewpoint.

ProtocolLayer

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Property

Description

Figure 7.187 - ProtocolLayer
Constraints

[1] ProtocolLayer.class Value for the class metaproperty must be stereotyped «Protocol» or its specializations.


7.1.12 UAF::Actual Resources

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects, Human Resources.
Concerns: the analysis. - e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations.
Definition: illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations and actual relationships between them.

7.1.12.1 UAF::Actual Resources::Taxonomy

Contains the elements that contribute to the Actual Resources Taxonomy Viewpoint.

ActualOrganization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualResponsibleResource

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description

An actual formal or informal organizational unit, e.g., "Driving and Vehicle Licensing Agency," "UAF team Alpha."
Attributes

serviceType : String[0..1]  Service office code or symbol

shortName : String[0..1]  String providing a simplified means of identifying an ActualOrganization, i.e., SoftWareGroup could use SWG as the shortName.

Associations

ratifiedStandards : Standard[*] Standards that were ratified by this ActualOrganization.

Constraints

[1] ActualOrganization.classifier  Classifier metaproperty value must be stereotyped «Organization» or its specializations.

[2] ActualOrganization.slot  Slot metaproperty value must be stereotyped «ActualOrganizationRole» or its specializations.

**ActualOrganizationalResource**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** Yes
Generalization: Stakeholder, ActualResource

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description
Abstract element for an ActualOrganization, ActualPerson, or ActualPost.

![Diagram]

Figure 7.189 - ActualOrganizationalResource

**ActualPerson**

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualResponsibleResource

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description
An individual human being.
Constraints

[1] ActualPerson.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty has to be stereotyped «Person» or its specializations.

**ActualPost**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualResponsibleResource

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An actual, specific post, an instance of a Post "type" - e.g., "President of the United States of America" where the Post would be president.
Figure 7.191 - ActualPost

Constraints

[1] ActualPost.classifier Classifier metaproperty value must be stereotyped «Post» or its specializations.

**ActualResource**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualPropertySet, SubjectOfResourceConstraint, Achiever

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

Role in an Organisation, where the role carries the authority to undertake a function - though the ActualOrganizationalResource given the role has the responsibility.
Figure 7.192 - ActualResource

Associations

actualCondition : ActualCondition[0..*]  Relates the ActualResource to the ActualStates of an environment or location describing its situation.

milestone : ActualProjectMilestone[*]  Relates an ActualResource to the ActualProjectMilestones. It is used to describe aspects of the lifecycle of an ActualResource.

Constraints


**ActualResponsibility**

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualOrganizationalResource

Extension: InstanceSpecification
Description

The duty required of a Person or Organization.

![Diagram](Image)

Figure 7.193 - ActualResponsibility

Constraints


**ActualResponsibleResource**

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** ActualOrganizationalResource

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An abstract grouping of responsible OrganizationalResources.
FieldedCapability

**Package:** Taxonomy

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** ActualResource

**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**

An actual, fully-realized capability. A FieldedCapability is typed by a CapabilityConfiguration.
Constraints

[1] FieldedCapability.classifier Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped «CapabilityConfiguration» or its specializations.

7.1.12.2 UAF::Actual Resources::Structure
Contains the elements that contribute to the Actual Resources Structure Viewpoint.

**ActualOrganizationRole**

*Package:* Structure

*isAbstract:* No

*Generalization:* ActualResourceRole

*Extension:* Slot

**Description**
An ActualOrganizationalResource that is applied to a ResourceRole.

![Diagram of ActualOrganizationRole](Figure 7.196 - ActualOrganizationRole)

**Constraints**

[1] ActualOrganizationRole.owningInstance Value for owningInstance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualOrganization» or its specializations.
**ActualResourceRole**

**Package:** Structure  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** UAFElement  
**Extension:** Slot

**Description**

An instance of a ResourcePerformer.

![ActualResourceRole Diagram](image)

**Constraints**

1. ActualResourceRole.definingFeature Value for definingFeature metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ResourceRole» or its specializations.

2. ActualResourceRole.owningInstance Value for owningInstance metaproperty has to be stereotyped «ActualResource» or its specializations.

**7.1.12.3 UAF::Actual Resources::Connectivity**

Contains the elements that contribute to the Actual Resources Connectivity Viewpoint.

**ActualResourceRelationship**

**Package:** Connectivity  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** UAFElement, ItemFlow  
**Extension:** InformationFlow
Description
An abstract element that details the ActualOrganizationalResources that are able to carry out an ActualResponsibility.

Figure 7.198 - ActualResourceRelationship

Constraints
[1] ActualResourceRelationship.informationSource Value for informationSource metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualResource» or its specializations.

[2] ActualResourceRelationship.informationTarget Value for informationTarget metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualResource» or its specializations.


FillsPost
Package: Connectivity
isAbstract: No
Generalization: MeasurableElement, Allocate
Extension: Abstraction

Description
A dependency relationship that asserts that an ActualPerson fills an ActualPost.
Attributes

endDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]   End date of an ActualPerson filling an ActualPost.

startDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1] Start date of an ActualPerson filling an ActualPost.

Constraints

[1] FillsPost.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by «ActualPerson» or its specializations.

[2] FillsPost.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped by «ActualPost» or its specializations.

7.1.12.4 UAF::Actual Resources::Constraints

Contains the elements that contribute to the Actual Resources Constraints Viewpoint.

ActualService

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualMeasurementSet, ActualPropertySet

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description

An instance of a ServiceSpecification.
Constraints

[1] ActualService.classifier  Value for the classifier metaproperty must be stereotyped by `«ServiceSpecification»` or its specializations.

**ProvidedServiceLevel**

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: ActualService

Extension: InstanceSpecification

Description

A sub type of ActualService that details a specific service level delivered by the provider.
**ProvidesCompetence**

**Package:** Constraints

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)

**Extension:** Dependency

**Description**

A dependency relationship that asserts that an ActualOrganizationalResource provides a specific set of Competencies.
Constraints

[1] ProvidesCompetence.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped by a specialization of «ActualOrganizationalResource».

[2] ProvidesCompetence.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «Competence» or its specializations.

**RequiredServiceLevel**

**Package:** Constraints  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** ActualService  
**Extension:** InstanceSpecification

**Description**
A sub type of ActualService that details a specific service level required of the provider.

![Diagram](image)

Figure 7.203 - RequiredServiceLevel

**7.1.12.5 UAF::Actual Resources::Traceability**
Contains the elements that contribute to the Actual Resources Traceability Viewpoint.

**OwnsProcess**

**Package:** Traceability  
**isAbstract:** No  
**Generalization:** MeasurableElement, Allocate  
**Extension:** Abstraction

**Description**
A dependency relationship denoting that an ActualOrganizationResource owns an OperationalActivity.
Figure 7.204 - OwnsProcess

Constraints

[1] OwnsProcess.client Value for the client metaproperty must be stereotyped «ActualOrganizationalResource» or its specializations.

[2] OwnsProcess.supplier Value for the supplier metaproperty must be stereotyped «OperationalActivity» or its specializations.

7.1.13 UAF::Summary and Overview

Stakeholders: Executives, PMs, Enterprise Architects.
Concerns: executive-level summary information in a consistent form.
Definition: provides executive-level summary information in a consistent form that allows quick reference and comparison between architectural descriptions. Includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decisions relating to an architecture-based work programme.

ArchitecturalDescription

Package: Summary and Overview

isAbstract: No

Generalization: MeasurableElement

Extension: Package

Description

An Architecture Description is a work product used to express the Architecture of some System Of Interest. It provides executive-level summary information about the architecture description in a consistent form to allow quick reference and comparison between architecture descriptions. It includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decisions relating to an architecture-based work program.
Attributes

approvalAuthority : String[*] Someone or something that has the authority to approve the ArchitecturalDescription.

architect : String[*] Someone responsible for the creation of ArchitecturalDescription.

assumptionAndConstraint : String[*] Any assumptions, constraints, and limitations contained in the ArchitecturalDescription, including those affecting deployment, communications performance, information assurance environments, etc.

creatingOrganization : String[*] The organization responsible for creating the ArchitecturalDescription.

dateCompleted : String[0..1] Date that the ArchitecturalDescription was completed.

purpose : String[*] Explains the need for the Architecture, what it will demonstrate, the types of analyses that will be applied to it, who is expected to perform the analyses, what decisions are expected to be made on the basis of each form of analysis, who is expected to make those decisions, and what actions are expected to result.

recommendations : String[*] States the recommendations that have been developed based on the architecture effort. Examples include recommended system implementations, and opportunities for technology insertion.
**summaryOfFindings**: String[*]  
Summarizes the findings that have been developed so far. This may be updated several times during the development of the ArchitecturalDescription.

**toBe**: Boolean[1]  
Indicates whether the ArchitecturalDescription represents an Architecture that exists or will exist in the future.

**toolsUsed**: String[*]  
Identifies any tools used to develop the ArchitecturalDescription as well as file names and formats if appropriate.

**Associations**

architectureFramework : String[1]  
Indicates the type of framework used.

view : View[*]  
Indicates which views are used in the ArchitecturalDescription.

viewPoint : Viewpoint[1]  
Indicates which Viewpoints are used in the ArchitecturalDescription. The definition of Viewpoint corresponds to the definition from ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010.

---

**Architecture**

**Package**: Summary and Overview

**isAbstract**: Yes

**Generalization**: UAFElement

**Extension**: Class

**Description**

An abstract element that represents a generic architecture. Subtypes are LogicalArchitecture and PhysicalArchitecture.
Figure 7.206 - Architecture

Associations

describedBy : ArchitecturalDescription[*] The description of an Architecture.

**Concern**

**Package:** Summary and Overview

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PropertySet, Block

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

Interest in an EnterprisePhase (EnterprisePhase is synonym for System in ISO 42010) relevant to one or more of its stakeholders.
Associations

systemConcern : ActualEnterprisePhase[*]  Relates a Concern to the ActualEnterprisePhase that addresses that concern (ActualEnterprisePhase is synonym for System in ISO 42010).

**Stakeholder**

**Package:** Summary and Overview

**isAbstract:** Yes

**Generalization:** UAFElement

**Extension:** Element

**Description**

Figure 7.208 - Stakeholder

Associations
stakeholderConcern : Concern[*]       Relates a Stakeholder to a Concern.

UAFEElement

Package: Summary and Overview

isAbstract: Yes

Extension: Element

Description
Abstract super type for all of the UAF elements. It provides a way for all of the UAF elements to have a common set of properties.
Figure 7.209 - UAFEElement

Attributes
URI : String[0..1]  Captures Unique identifier for the element.

Associations
conformsTo : Standard[*]  Relates a UAFEElement to the Standard that the UAFEElement is conforming to.

View
Package: Summary and Overview
isAbstract: No
Generalization: PropertySet, View
Extension: Class
Description
An architecture view expresses the architecture of the system-of-interest in accordance with an architecture viewpoint (or simply, viewpoint). [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011(E)].
Associations

viewpoint : Viewpoint[1]  Relates the View to the Viewpoint that the View conforms to.

**Viewpoint**

**Package:** Summary and Overview

**isAbstract:** No

**Generalization:** PropertySet, Viewpoint

**Extension:** Class

**Description**

An architecture viewpoint frames (to formulate or construct in a particular style or language) one or more concerns. A concern can be framed by more than one viewpoint. [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011(E)].
Figure 7.211 - Viewpoint

Attributes

languages : String[*]  The languages used to express the Viewpoint.

methods : String[*]    The methods employed in the development of the Viewpoint.

purpose : String[0..1] The purpose of the Viewpoint.

Associations

concern : Concern[*]   Relates the Viewpoint to the Concerns that the Viewpoint addresses.

stakeholder : Stakeholder[*] Relates the Viewpoint to the Stakeholders whose Concerns are being addressed by the Viewpoint.
Annex A: UAF Views (Profile)
(informative)

A.1 General
This section is intended as non-normative guidance for developers and users as to what UAF elements and relationships are applicable for each of the UAF Views.

A.2 View Specifications
MODAF: A connected and coherent set of Architectural Elements which conform to a View.
DoDAF Alias: View: DoDAF divides the problem space into manageable pieces, according to the stakeholder’s Viewpoint, further defined in the framework as “Views.”

A.2.1 View Specifications::Strategic
Stakeholders: Capability Portfolio Managers
Concerns: capability management process
Definition: describe capability taxonomy, composition, dependencies and evolution

View Specifications::Strategic::Taxonomy
Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Executives
Concerns: capability needs
Definition: shows the taxonomy of capabilities
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram

![Strategic Taxonomy Diagram]

Figure A.1 - Strategic Taxonomy

Elements
- Capability
- CapabilityProperty
**View Specifications::Strategic::Structure**

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Executives  
Concerns: capability needs  
Definition: shows the relationship between EnterprisePhases and the Capabilities that are intended to be developed during the enterprise phases, and the organizations involved in the enterprise.

![Strategic Structure Diagram](image)

Figure A.2 - Strategic Structure

Elements
- ActualEnterprisePhase
- ActualOrganization
- Capability
- CapableElement
- EnterprisePhase
- StructuralPart
- TemporalPart
- WholeLifeEnterprise

**View Specifications::Strategic::Connectivity**

Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects  
Concerns: capability dependencies  
Definition: describes the dependencies between planned capabilities  
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram
Figure A.3 - Strategic Connectivity

Elements
- Capability

View Specifications::Strategic::States

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: effects that the implementation(s) of capabilities are expected to deliver
Definition: captures the relationships between capability(ies) and desired effect(s) that implementation(s) of capability(ies) should achieve.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.4 - Strategic States

Elements

- Achiever
- ActualOrganization
- ActualOrganizationalResource
- ActualPerson
- ActualPost
- ActualResource
- ActualResponsibleResource
- ActualState
- Capability
- CapabilityConfiguration
- Desirer
- FieldedCapability
- KnownResource
- NaturalResource
**View Specifications::Strategic::Constraints**

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: capability constraints
Definition: details the measurements that set performance requirements constraining capabilities
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.5 - Strategic Constraints
View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap

Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: capability deployment to organizations over time
Definition: addresses the deployment of capability(ies) to actual organizations over time
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.6 - Strategic Roadmap: Deployment

Elements
- ActualEnterprisePhase
- ActualMilestoneKind
- ActualOrganization
- ActualPerson
- ActualPost
- ActualProject
- ActualProjectMilestone
- ActualResource
- ActualResponsibleResource
- Capability
- CapabilityConfiguration
Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: capability(ies) achievement over time
Definition: the planned achievement of capability(ies) at different points in time or during specific periods of time.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.7 - Strategic Roadmap: Phasing

Elements
- ActualMilestoneKind
- ActualProject
- ActualProjectMilestone
- ActualResource
- Capability
View Specifications::Strategic::Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: traceability between capabilities and operational activities
Definition: describes the mapping between the capabilities required by an Enterprise and the supporting operational activities.
Recommended Implementation: matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.8 - Strategic Traceability

Elements
- Activity
- ActualEnduringTask
- Capability
- OperationalActivity
- StandardOperationalActivity
A.2.2 View Specifications::Operational

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Executives

Concerns: illustrate the Logical Architecture of the enterprise

Definition: describe the requirements, operational behavior, structure, and exchanges required to support (exhibit) capabilities. Defines all operational elements in an implementation/solution independent manner.

View Specifications::Operational::Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Owners responsible for Operational Agents

Concerns: OperationalAgent types

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of OperationalAgents

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram

---

Figure A.9 - Operational Taxonomy

Elements
• ArbitraryConnector
• Asset
• CapabilityConfiguration
• ConceptItem
• ConceptRole
• HighLevelOperationalConcept
• KnownResource
• Location
• NaturalResource
• OperationalAgent
• OperationalPerformer
• Organization
• OrganizationalResource
• PhysicalResource
• Post
• ResourceArchitecture
• ResourceArtifact
• ResourcePerformer
• Software

**View Specifications::Operational::Structure**

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Owners responsible for Operational Agents
Concerns: identifies the operational exchange requirements between OperationalPerformers
Definition: defines operational architecture and exchange requirements necessary to support a specific set of Capability(ies).
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram
Figure A.10 - Operational Structure

Elements

- ActualLocation
- Asset
- Capability
- CapableElement
- Environment
- KnownResource
- LocationHolder
- OperationalActivity
• OperationalAgent
• OperationalArchitecture
• OperationalConnector
• OperationalExchange
• OperationalExchangeItem
• OperationalExchangeKind
• OperationalInterface
• OperationalMethod
• OperationalParameter
• OperationalPerformer
• OperationalPort
• OperationalRole
• ProblemDomain

**View Specifications::Operational::Connectivity**

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Architects, Solution Providers
Concerns: capture the interfaces between OperationalPerformers
Definition: summarizes logical exchanges between OperationalPerformers of information, systems, personnel, energy, etc. and the logical activities that produce and consume them. Measurements can optionally be included.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format
Figure A.11 - Operational Connectivity

Elements

- CapabilityConfiguration
- Exchange
- GeoPoliticalExtentType
- InformationElement
- MeasurableElement
• MeasurementSet
• NaturalResource
• OperationalActivity
• OperationalActivityAction
• OperationalActivityEdge
• OperationalAgent
• OperationalConnector
• OperationalControlFlow
• OperationalExchange
• OperationalExchangeItem
• OperationalExchangeKind
• OperationalInterface
• OperationalObjectFlow
• OperationalPerformer
• OperationalPort
• OperationalRole
• OperationalSignal
• Organization
• OrganizationalResource
• Person
• PhysicalResource
• Post
• ResourceArchitecture
• ResourceArtifact
• ResourcePerformer
• Software
• Technology

**View Specifications::Operational::Processes**

Stakeholders: Business Architect, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows
Definition: describes the activities that are normally conducted in the course of achieving business goals that support a capability. It describes operational activities, their Inputs/Outputs, operational activity actions and flows between them.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram, BPMN Process Diagram
Figure A.12 - Operational Processes

Elements

- Activity
- ActualEnduringTask
- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualService
- Condition
- EnduringTask
- MeasurableElement
- OperationalActivity
- OperationalActivityAction
- OperationalActivityEdge
- OperationalControlFlow
- OperationalObjectFlow
- OperationalPerformer
- OperationalRole
- OperationalExchange
- OperationalExchangeFlow
- OperationalMethod
- OperableSystem
- OperableSystemElement
- Operation
- VirtualSystem
- VirtualSystemElement
- VirtualOperation
- VirtualOperableSystem
- VirtualOperableSystemElement
- VirtualOperableSystem
- VirtualVirtualSystem
- VirtualVirtualSystemElement
- VirtualVirtualOperation
- VirtualVirtualOperableSystem
- VirtualVirtualOperableSystemElement
- VirtualVirtualOperableSystem
OperationalAgent
OperationalControlFlow
OperationalExchange
OperationalExchangeItem
OperationalMethod
OperationalObjectFlow
OperationalParameter
OperationalPerformer
OperationalRole
RequiredServiceLevel
ServiceSpecification
StandardOperationalActivity

View Specifications::Operational::States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers
Concerns: capture state-based behavior of an operational OperationalPerformer
Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of an operational OperationalPerformer and how that operational OperationalPerformer responds to various events and actions.
Recommended Implementation: SysML State Diagram

![OperationalStateDescription](image)

Figure A.13 - Operational States

Elements

- OperationalAgent
- OperationalStateDescription

View Specifications::Operational::Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Business Architects
Concerns: express a time ordered examination of the operational exchanges as a result of a particular operational scenario.
Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the operational exchanges between participating nodes.
(OperationalPerformer roles) as a result of a particular operational scenario.
Elements
- Activity
- OperationalActivity
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalExchange
- OperationalMessage
- OperationalMethod
- OperationalPerformer
- OperationalRole

View Specifications::Operational::Constraints
Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Architects, Program Sponsors
Concerns: define operational limitations, constraints and performance parameters for the enterprise
Definition: specifies traditional textual operational or business rules that are constraints on the way that business is done in the enterprise. The addition of SysML parametrics provides a computational means of defining operational constraints across
the enterprise or within a specific operational context.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram

Elements

- DataModel
- InformationElement
- OperationalActivity
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalConstraint
- OperationalExchange
- OperationalPerformer
- Rule
- RuleKind
- SubjectOfOperationalConstraint

View Specifications::Operational::Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: traceability between capabilities and operational activities and capabilities and operational agents
Definition: describes the mapping between the capabilities required by an Enterprise and the supporting operational activities and operational agents.
Recommended Implementation: matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.16 - Operational Traceability

Elements
- Activity
- Capability
- CapableElement
- OperationalActivity
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalArchitecture
- OperationalPerformer

A.2.3 View Specifications::Services

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: specifications of services required to exhibit a Capability

Definition: shows Service Specifications and required and provided service levels of these specifications required to exhibit a Capability or to support an Operational Activity.

View Specifications::Services::Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: service specification types and required and provided service levels of these types

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of services and the level of service that they are expected to provide or are required to meet through the display of ActualMeasurements associated with the Provided and Required Service Level.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- ActualMeasurement
- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualPropertySet
- ActualService
- Measurement
- PropertySet
- ProvidedServiceLevel
- RequiredServiceLevel
- ServicePolicy
- ServiceSpecification

View Specifications::Services::Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: combination of services required to exhibit a capability
Definition: shows the composition of services and how services are combined into a higher level service required to exhibit a capability or support an operational activity.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram
Elements

- InformationElement
- Measurement
- OperationalExchangeItem
- PropertySet
- ResourceInterface
- ServiceConnector
- ServiceInterface
- ServiceMethod
- ServiceParameter
- ServicePort
- ServiceSpecification
- ServiceSpecificationRole
View Specifications::Services::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: interoperability among services
Definition: specifies service interfaces, e.g., provided and required service operations, to ensure compatibility and reusability of services.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format

Figure A.19 - Services Connectivity

Elements

- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualService
- MeasurableElement
- ProvidedServiceLevel
- RequiredServiceLevel
- ServiceConnector
- ServiceInterface
- ServicePort
- ServiceSpecification
**View Specifications::Services::Processes**

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: the behavior of a service in terms of the operational activities it is expected to support

Definition: provides detailed information regarding the allocation of service functions to service specifications, and data flows between service functions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format

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![Diagram](image)

**Figure A.20 - Services Processes**

**Elements**

- InformationElement
- OperationalExchangeItem
- ServiceFunction
- ServiceFunctionAction
- ServiceMethod
- ServiceParameter
- ServiceSpecification

---

**View Specifications::Services::States**

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: the behavior of a service specification in terms of states and events causing transitions between states

Definition: specifies the possible states a service specification may have, and the possible transitions between those states.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram
Elements

- ServiceSpecification
- ServiceStateDescription

**View Specifications::Services::Interaction Scenarios**

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: the behavior of a service specification in terms of expected time-ordered examination of the interactions between service roles.

Definition: specifies how a service roles interact with each other, service providers and consumers, and the sequence and dependencies of those interactions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram

Elements

- Activity

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Figure A.21 - Services States

Figure A.22 - Services Interaction Scenarios

Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP), v1.0
View Specifications::Services::Constraints

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: service policies that apply to implementations of service specifications
Definition: specifies traditional textual service policies that are constraints on the way that service specifications are implemented within resources. The addition of SysML parametrics provide a computational means of defining service policies across the enterprise or within a specific service configuration.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Parametric Diagram

![Diagram of Service Policies](image)

Figure A.23 - Services Constraints

Elements
- Rule
- ServicePolicy
- ServiceSpecification

View Specifications::Services::Roadmap

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: service specification changes over time
Definition: provides an overview of how a service specification changes over time. It shows the combination of several...
service specifications mapped against a timeline.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram

![Diagram of service specifications]

Figure A.24 - Services Roadmap

Elements
- **ActualProject**
- **ActualProjectMilestone**
- **MilestoneDependency**
- **ServiceSpecification**
- **VersionedElement**
- **VersionOfConfiguration**
- **VersionSuccession**
- **WholeLifeConfiguration**
- **WholeLifeConfigurationKind**

View Specifications::Services::Traceability
Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: traceability between operational activities and service specifications that support them
Definition: depicts the mapping of service specifications to operational activities and how service specifications contribute to the achievement of a capability. Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram

**Figure A.25 - Services Traceability**

Elements
- **Capability**
- **OperationalActivity**
- **ServiceSpecification**

**A.2.4 View Specifications::Personnel**

**Stakeholders:** Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs

**Concerns:** human factors

**Definition:** aims to clarify the role of Human Factors (HF) when creating architectures in order to facilitate both Human Factors Integration (HFI) and systems engineering (SE).

**View Specifications::Personnel::Taxonomy**

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs

Concerns: organizational resource types

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of organizational resources. Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourcePerformer
- Responsibility

View Specifications::Personnel::Structure

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs
Concerns: typical organizational structure used to support a capability(ies)
Definition: shows organizational structures and possible interactions between organizational resources.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram
Figure A.27 - Personnel Structure

Elements

- Command
- Control
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourceExchange
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourceRole
- Responsibility
View Specifications::Personnel::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution providers
Concerns: interaction of organizational resources
Definition: captures the possible interactions between organizational resources, including command and control relationships. Interactions typically illustrate the fundamental roles and management responsibilities.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format

Figure A.28 - Personnel Connectivity
Elements

- DataElement
- Environment
- Exchange
- Function
- MeasurableElement
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- Rationale
- ResourceConnector
- ResourceExchange
- ResourceExchangeItem
- ResourceInteractionKind
- ResourceInterface
- ResourceMessage
- ResourceMethod
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourcePort
- ResourceRole
- Responsibility

View Specifications::Personnel::Processes

Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers
Concerns: functions that have to be carried out by organizational resources
Definition: specifies organizational resource functions in relation to resource definitions.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram, BPMN Process Diagram
Elements

- **Activity**
- **Condition**
- **DataElement**
- **Function**
- **FunctionAction**
- **FunctionControlFlow**
- **FunctionEdge**
- **FunctionObjectFlow**
- **Organization**
- **OrganizationalResource**
- **Person**
View Specifications::Personnel::States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers
Concerns: capture state-based behavior of an organizational resource
Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of an organizational resource and how that organizational resource responds to various events and actions.
Recommended Implementation: SysML State Diagram

Figure A.30 - Personnel States

Elements
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourceStateDescription
- Responsibility
View Specifications::Personnel::Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Software Engineers, Systems Engineers
Concerns: interactions between organizational resources (roles)
Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the interactions between organizational resources.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram, BPMN Collaboration Diagram

Figure A.31 - Personnel Interaction Scenarios

Elements
- Activity
- Function
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourceExchange
View Specifications::Personnel::Constraints

Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers
Concerns: allocation of competencies to actual posts
Definition: specifies requirements for actual organizational resources – by linking competencies and actual posts.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.32 - Personnel Constraints: Competence

Elements

- ActualOrganization
- ActualOrganizationalResource
- ActualPerson
- ActualPost
Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers, Human resources
Concerns: optimization of organizational resource behavior
Definition: captures the factors that affect, constrain and characterize organizational resource behavior as the basis for performance predictions at the level of actual persons and actual organizations. It creates a bridge between static architectural definitions and behavior predictions through executable models.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Parametric Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.33 - Personnel Constraints: Drivers
Elements

- Activity
- ActualMeasurement
- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualPropertySet
- Condition
- Function
- MeasurableElement
- Measurement
- MeasurementSet
- OrganizationalResource
- PhysicalResource
- PropertySet
- ResourceConstraint
- ResourcePerformer
- Rule
- RuleKind
- SubjectOfResourceConstraint

Stakeholders: Human resources, solution providers
Concerns: how well an actual organizational resource matches the needs of the actual organization
Definition: provides a repository for human-related measures (i.e., quality objectives and performance criteria (HFI values)), targets and competences.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.34 - Personnel Constraints: Performance

Elements
- Activity
- ActualMeasurement
- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualOrganizationalResource
- ActualPerson
- ActualPost
- ActualPropertySet
- ActualResource
- ActualResponsibleResource
- ActualState
- Condition
View Specifications::Personnel::Roadmap

Stakeholders: Human Resources, Training, Logisticians, Solution Providers
Concerns: the staffing and training of resources
Definition: defines the requirements and functions to ensure that actual persons with the right competencies, and in the right numbers, are available to fulfill actual posts.
Recommended Implementation: Timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.35 - Personnel Roadmap: Availability

Elements

- **ActualMeasurement**
- **ActualOrganizationalResource**
- **ActualPerson**
- **ActualPost**
- **ActualProject**
- **ActualProjectMilestone**
- **ActualPropertySet**
- **ActualResource**
- **ActualResponsibleResource**
- **Asset**
- **Measurement**
Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers
Concerns: organizational structure changes over time
Definition: provides an overview of how a organizational structure changes over time. It shows the structure of several organizational structures mapped against a timeline.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram

Figure A.36 - Personnel Roadmap: Evolution
Elements

- ActualProject
- ActualProjectMilestone
- MilestoneDependency
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourcePerformer
- VersionedElement
- VersionOfConfiguration
- VersionSuccession
- WholeLifeConfiguration
- WholeLifeConfigurationKind

Stakeholders: Human resources, Logisticians, Solution Providers
Concerns: competencies and skills forecast
Definition: defines the underlying current and expected supporting competencies and skills of organizational resources.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.37 - Personnel Roadmap: Forecast
Elements

- ActualEnterprisePhase
- Competence
- Forecast
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourcePerformer
- SubjectOfForecast

View Specifications::Personnel::Traceability

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Business Architects
Concerns: traceability between operational activities and functions that implements them
Definition: depicts the mapping of functions (performed by organizational resources) to operational activities and thus identifies the transformation of an operational need into a purposeful function performed by an organizational resource or solution.
Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

![Personnel Traceability Diagram](image)

Figure A.38 - Personnel Traceability

Elements

- Function
- OperationalActivity
- ServiceFunction
A.2.5 View Specifications::Resources

**Stakeholders:** Systems Engineers, Resource Owners, Implementers, Solution Providers, IT Architects

**Concerns:** definition of solution architectures to implement operational requirements

**Definition:** captures a solution architecture consisting of resources, e.g., organizational, software, artifacts, capability configurations, natural resources that implement the operational requirements. Further design of a resource is typically detailed in SysML or UML.

**View Specifications::Resources::Taxonomy**

**Stakeholders:** Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Implementers

**Concerns:** resource types

**Definition:** shows the taxonomy of types of resources.

**Recommended Implementation:** SysML Block Definition Diagram

![Resources Taxonomy Diagram](image)

Figure A.39 - Resources Taxonomy

**Elements**
- Asset
- CapabilityConfiguration
- Measurement
- NaturalResource
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalPerformer
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource

---

Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP), v1.0
View Specifications::Resources::Structure

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Resource Owners, Implementers, Solution Providers
Concerns: reference the resource structure, connectors and interfaces in a specific context
Definition: defines the physical resources, e.g., capability configuration(s)/system(s) and interactions necessary to implement a specific set of OperationalPerformer(s). Can be used to represent communications networks and pathways that link communications resources and provides details regarding their configuration.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Bock Definition Diagram
Figure A.40 - Resources Structure

Elements

- CapabilityConfiguration
- NaturalResource
- OperationalInterface
- PhysicalResource
- Protocol
- ProtocolImplementation
- ProtocolLayer
- ProtocolStack
- ResourceArchitecture
View Specifications::Resources::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implementers
Concerns: capture the interactions between resources
Definition: summarizes interactions between resources of information, systems, personnel, natural resources, etc. and the functions that produce and consume them. Measurements can optionally be included.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format
Elements

- CapabilityConfiguration
- DataElement
- Exchange
- Function
- FunctionAction
- GeoPoliticalExtentType
- MeasurableElement
- NaturalResource
- OperationalExchange
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
• PhysicalResource
• Post
• ResourceArchitecture
• ResourceArtifact
• ResourceConnector
• ResourceExchange
• ResourceExchangeItem
• ResourceInteractionKind
• ResourceInterface
• ResourceMitigation
• ResourcePerformer
• ResourcePort
• ResourceRole
• ResourceSignal
• Software
• Technology

View Specifications::Resources::Processes

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects
Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows
Definition: describes the functions that are normally conducted in the course of implementing operational activity(ies) in support of capability(ies). It describes the functions, their Inputs/Outputs, function actions and flows between them.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.42 - Resources Processes

Elements
- **Activity**
- **Condition**
- **DataElement**
- **Function**
- **FunctionAction**
- **FunctionControlFlow**
- **FunctionEdge**
- **FunctionObjectFlow**
- **OperationalActivity**
- **PhysicalResource**
- **ResourceArchitecture**
- **ResourceExchange**
View Specifications::Resources::States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers
Concerns: capture state-based behavior of a resource
Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of a resource and how that resource responds to various events and actions.
Recommended Implementation: SysML State Diagram

![Diagram showing ResourcePerformer and ResourceStateDescription]

Figure A.43 - Resources States

Elements
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourceStateDescription

View Specifications::Resources::Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Software Engineers, Systems Engineers
Concerns: interactions between resources (roles)
Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the interactions between resources.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram
Figure A.44 - Resources Interaction Scenarios

Elements
- Activity
- Function
- ResourceExchange
- ResourceExchangeItem
- ResourceMessage
- ResourceMethod
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourceRole

View Specifications::Resources::Constraints

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implementers
Concerns: define limitations, constraints and performance parameters for resources, their interactions, performed functions, and data
Definition: specifies traditional textual rules/non-functional requirements that are constraints on resources, their interactions, performed functions, and data. The addition of SysML parametrics provide a computational means of defining resource constraints within a specific context.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram, OCL
Figure A.45 - Resources Constraints

Elements

- ActualResource
- CapabilityConfiguration
- DataElement
- Function
- NaturalResource
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- ResourceArchitecture
- ResourceArtifact
- ResourceConstraint
View Specifications::Resources::Roadmap

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implements
Concerns: resource structure changes over time
Definition: provides an overview of how a resource structure changes over time. It shows the structure of several resources mapped against a timeline.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram

Figure A.46 - Resources Roadmap: Evolution

Elements
• ActualProject
Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects
Concerns: technology forecast
Definition: defines the underlying current and expected supporting technologies. Expected supporting technologies are those that can be reasonably forecast given the current state of technology, and expected improvements / trends.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.47 - Resources Roadmap: Forecast

Elements

- ActualEnterprisePhase
- CapabilityConfiguration
View Specifications::Resources::Traceability

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Business Architects
Concerns: traceability between operational activities and functions that implements them
Definition: depicts the mapping of functions to operational activities and thus identifies the transformation of an operational need into a purposeful function performed by a resource or solution.
Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.48 - Resources Roadmap: Traceability

Elements
  • Function
A.2.6 View Specifications::Security

View Specifications::Security::Taxonomy

Concerns: Security assets and security enclaves.
Definition: Defines the hierarchy of security assets and asset owners that are available to implement security, security constraints (policy, guidance, laws and regulations) and details where they are located (security enclaves)
Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram

Figure A.49 - Security Taxonomy
Elements

- ActualLocation
- Asset
- CapabilityConfiguration
- DataElement
- InformationElement
- KnownResource
- LocationHolder
- MeasurableElement
- Measurement
- MeasurementSet
- NaturalResource
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalPerformer
- Organization
- OrganizationalResource
- Person
- PhysicalResource
- Post
- PropertySet
- ResourceArchitecture
- ResourceArtifact
- ResourcePerformer
- Responsibility
- SecurityEnclave
- SecurityImpactProperties
- Software
- System
- Technology

**View Specifications::Security::Structure**

Concerns: The structure of security information and where it is used at the operational and resource level
Definition: Captures the allocation of assets (operational and resource, information and data) across the security enclaves, shows applicable security controls necessary to protect organizations, systems and information during processing, while in storage (bld), and during transmission (flows on an ibd). This view also captures Asset Aggregation and allocates the usage of the aggregated information at a location through the use of the SecurityProperty.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.50 - Security Structure

Elements
- Asset
- DataElement
- InformationElement
- MeasurementSet
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalConnector
- OperationalExchange
- OperationalPerformer
- OperationalPort
- OperationalRole
- ResourceConnector
- ResourceExchange
View Specifications::Security::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers
Concerns: Addresses the security constraints and information assurance attributes that exist on exchanges across resources and across performers.
Definition: Lists security exchanges across security assets; the applicable security controls; and the security enclaves that house the producers and consumers of the exchanges. Measurements can optionally be included.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format

Figure A.51 - Security Connectivity

Elements
- Asset
- DataElement
View Specifications::Security::Processes

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers
Concerns: The specification of the Security Control families, security controls, and measures required to address a specific security baseline.
Definition: Provides a set of Security Controls and any possible enhancements as applicable to assets. The activity diagram describes operational or resource level processes that apply (operational level) or implement (resource level) security controls/enhancements to assets located in enclaves and across enclaves. This Security Process view can be instantiated either as a variant of an activity/flow diagram or as a hierarchical work breakdown structure.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.52 - Security Processes

Elements
- Activity
- Asset
- Function
- FunctionAction
- MeasurableElement
- Measurement
- MeasurementSet
- OperationalActivity
- OperationalActivityAction
- OperationalAgent
- OperationalRole
- PropertySet
- ResourcePerformer
- ResourceRole
- SecurityControlProperties
- SecurityProcess
- SecurityProcessAction
View Specifications::Security::Constraints

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Risk Analysts

Concerns: (i) Security-related policy, guidance, laws and regulations as applicable to assets, (ii) threats, vulnerabilities, and risk assessments as applicable to assets.

Definition: (i) Specifies textual rules/non-functional requirements that are security constraints on resources, information and data (e.g., security-related in the form of rules (e.g. access control policy). A common way of representing access control policy is through the use of XACML (eXtensible Access Control Markup Language), it is expected that implementations of UAF allow users to link security constraints to external files represented in XACML. (ii) Identifies risks, specifies risk likelihood, impact, asset criticality, other measurements and enables risk assessment.

Recommended Implementation: tabular or Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram, or OCL.

Figure A.53 - Security Constraints

Elements

- ActualMeasurement
- ActualPropertySet
- ActualResource
Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Risk Analysts
Concerns: traceability between risk and risk owner, risk mitigations, and affected asset roles
Definition: depicts the mapping of a risk to each of the following: risk owner, risk mitigations, and affected asset roles.
Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.54 - Security Traceability

Elements

• AssetRole
• OperationalAgent
• OperationalRole
• ResourcePerformer
• ResourceRole
• Risk

A.2.7 View Specifications::Projects

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects

Concerns: project portfolio, projects and project milestones

Definition: describes projects and project milestones, how those projects deliver capabilities, the organizations contributing to the projects and dependencies between projects.

View Specifications::Projects::Taxonomy

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects

Concerns: types of projects and project milestones

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of projects and project milestones

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- Project
- ProjectMilestone
- ProjectMilestoneRole
- ResourcePerformer

View Specifications::Projects::Structure

Stakeholders: PMs
Concerns: relationships between types of projects and project milestones
Definition: provides a template for an actual project(s) road map(s) to be implemented
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.56 - Project Structure

Elements

- ActualOrganization
- ActualPost
- ActualProject
- ActualProjectRole
- ActualResponsibleResource
- Project
- ProjectKind
- ProjectMilestone
- ProjectMilestoneRole
- ProjectRole
- ProjectTheme
- ResponsibleFor
- ResponsibleRoleKind
- StatusIndicators
**View Specifications::Projects::Connectivity**

**Stakeholders:** PMs  
**Concerns:** relationships between projects and project milestones  
**Definition:** shows how projects and project milestones are related in sequence.  
**Recommended Implementation:** SysML Block Definition Diagram

![Diagram of Project Connectivity]

**Figure A.57 - Project Connectivity**

**Elements**
- **ActualProject**
- **ActualProjectMilestone**
- **ActualProjectMilestoneRole**
- **Project**
- **ProjectMilestone**
- **ProjectMilestoneRole**

**View Specifications::Projects::Processes**

**Stakeholders:** PMs  
**Concerns:** captures project tasks (ProjectActivities) and flows between them  
**Definition:** describes the ProjectActivities that are normally conducted in the course of projects to support capability(ies) and implement resources. It describes the ProjectActivities, their Inputs/Outputs, ProjectActivityActions and flows between them.  
**Recommended Implementation:** SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.58 - Project Processes

Elements

- ActualProject
- DataElement
- Function
- FunctionAction
- FunctionControlFlow
- FunctionEdge
View Specifications::Projects::Roadmap

Stakeholders: PMs, Capability Owners, Solution Providers, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: the product portfolio management; a planning of capability delivery
Definition: provides a timeline perspective on programs or projects.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.59 - Project Roadmap

Elements

- ActualMilestoneKind
- ActualOrganization
- ActualPost
- ActualProject
- ActualProjectMilestone
- ActualProjectMilestoneRole
- ActualProjectRole
- ActualResource
- ActualResponsibleResource
- CapabilityConfiguration
View Specifications::Projects::Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects
Concerns: traceability between capabilities and projects that deliver them
Definition: depicts the mapping of projects to capabilities and thus identifies the transformation of a capability(ies) into a purposeful implementation via projects.
Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- ActualProject
- ActualProjectMilestone
- ActualResource
- Capability
- CapabilityConfiguration
- CapableElement
- ResourceArchitecture
- ResourcePerformer

A.2.8 View Specifications::Standards

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: technical and non-technical Standards applicable to the architecture

Definition: shows the technical, operational, and business Standards applicable to the architecture. Defines the underlying current and expected Standards.

View Specifications::Standards::Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects

Concerns: technical and non-technical standards, guidance and policy applicable to the architecture

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of technical, operational, and business standards, guidance and policy applicable to the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- ActualOrganization
- Protocol
- ProtocolLayer
- ProtocolStack
- ResourcePerformer
- Standard
- UAFEElement

View Specifications::Standards::Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects
Concerns: the specification of the protocol stack used in the architecture
Definition: shows the composition of standards required to achieve the architecture's objectives.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram
Elements

- Protocol
- ProtocolLayer
- ProtocolStack
- Standard

**View Specifications::Standards::Roadmap**

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Systems Architects, Software Engineers, Business Architects
Concerns: expected changes in technology-related standards and conventions, operational standards, or business standards and conventions
Definition: defines the underlying current and expected standards. Expected standards are those that can be reasonably forecast given the current state of technology, and expected improvements / trends.
Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- **ActualEnterprisePhase**
- **Forecast**
- **Protocol**
- **Standard**
- **SubjectOfForecast**

View Specifications::Standards::Traceability

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: standards that need to be taken in account to ensure the interoperability of the implementation of architectural elements
Definition: shows the applicability of standards to specific elements in the architecture.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram
Elements

- Protocol
- Standard
- UAFEElement

A.2.9 View Specifications::Actual Resources

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects
Concerns: the analysis, e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations as it provides a means to capture different solution architectures. The detailed analysis (trade-off, what-if, etc.) is carried out using the Resource Constraints view.
Definition: illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations required to meet an operational need.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram
Figure A.65 - Actual Resources Structure

Elements
- **ActualOrganization**
- **ActualOrganizationalResource**
- **ActualOrganizationRole**
- **ActualPerson**
- **ActualPost**
- **ActualResource**
- **ActualResponsibility**
- **ActualResponsibleResource**
- **Competence**
- **FillsPost**
- **Organization**
- **OrganizationalResource**
View Specifications::Actual Resources::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects
Concerns: the communication of actual resource
Definition: illustrates the actual resource configurations and actual relationships between them.
Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Sequence Diagram

Figure A.66 - Actual Resources Connectivity

Elements
- ActualOrganization
- ActualOrganizationalResource
- ActualPerson
- ActualPost
- ActualResource
- ActualResourceRelationship
- ActualResponsibility
- ActualResponsibleResource
- FieldedCapability
A.2.10 View Specifications::Dictionary

**Stakeholders:** Architects, users of the architecture, Capability Owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers

**Concerns:** Definitions for all the elements in the architecture, libraries of environments and measurements

**Definition:** Presents all the elements used in an architecture. Can be used specifically to capture:

a. elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept, or set of systems.

b. measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MoEs, TPIs, etc.

**Recommended Implementation:** Tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram

View Specifications::Dictionary::Dictionary

**Stakeholders:** Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects

**Concerns:** provides a central reference for a given architecture’s data and metadata. It enables the set of architecture description to stand alone, with minimal reference to outside resources.

**Definition:** contains definitions of terms used in the given architecture. It consists of textual definitions in the form of a glossary, their taxonomies, and their metadata (i.e., data about architecture data), including metadata for any custom-tailored views. Architects should use standard terms where possible (i.e., terms from existing, approved dictionaries, glossaries, and lexicons).

**Recommended Implementation:** text, table format

![Figure A.67 - Dictionary](image)

Elements

- Alias
- Definition
- Information
- InformationKind
- SameAs
- UAEElememt
A.2.11 View Specifications::Requirements

Stakeholders: Requirement Engineers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: provides a central reference for a set of stakeholder needs expressed as requirements, their relationship (via traceability) to more detailed requirements and the solution described by the architecture that will meet those requirements.
Definition: used to represent requirements, their properties, and relationships (trace, verify, satisfy, refine) between each other and to UAF architectural elements.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Requirement Diagram, tabular format, matrix format

Elements

- UAFEIement

Figure A.68 - Requirements

A.2.12 View Specifications::Summary & Overview

Stakeholders: Decision makers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects
Concerns: quick overview of an architecture description and summary of analysis. In the initial phases of architecture development, it serves as a planning guide. Upon completion of an architecture, it provides a summary of findings, and any conducted analysis.
Definition: provides executive-level summary information in a consistent form that allows quick reference and comparison among architectures. The Summary and Overview includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decision processes involving the architecture.
Recommended Implementation: text, free form diagram, table format
Figure A.69 - Summary & Overview

Elements

- **ActualEnterprisePhase**
- **ActualOrganizationalResource**
- **ArchitecturalDescription**
- **ArchitecturalReference**
- **Architecture**
- **ArchitectureMetadata**
- **Concern**
- **EnterprisePhase**
- **Metadata**
- **OperationalArchitecture**
- **OrganizationalResource**
- **ResourceArchitecture**
- **Stakeholder**
- **View**
- **Viewpoint**
- **WholeLifeEnterprise**
A.2.13 View Specifications::Information

View Specifications::Information::Information Model
Stakeholders: Data Modelers, Software Engineers, Systems Engineers
Concerns: address the information perspective on operational, service, and resource architectures.
Definition: allows analysis of an architecture's information and data definition aspect, without consideration of implementation specific issues.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram

Elements
- DataElement
- DataModel
- DataModelKind
- InformationElement

A.2.14 View Specifications::Parameters

View Specifications::Parameters::Parameters: Environment
Stakeholders: Capability owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers
Concerns: identifies measurable properties that can be used to support engineering analysis and environment for the Capabilities.
Definition: Shows the measurable properties of something in the physical world and elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
Figure A.71 - Parameters: Environment

Elements

- Activity
- ActualCondition
- ActualEnvironment
- ActualLocation
- ActualPropertySet
- ActualResource
- Asset
- Condition
- Environment
- EnvironmentKind
- EnvironmentProperty
- GeoPoliticalExtentType
View Specifications::Parameters::Parameters: Measurements

Stakeholders: Capability owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers
Concerns: identifies measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MOs, TPIs, etc.
Definition: Shows the measurable properties of something in the physical world, expressed in amounts of a unit of measure that can be associated with any element in the architecture.
Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram
- ActualMeasurementKind
- ActualMeasurementSet
- ActualPropertySet
- ActualService
- ActualState
- Capability
- Competence
- Condition
- EnterprisePhase
- MeasurableElement
- Measurement
- MeasurementSet
- Project
- PropertySet
- ProvidedServiceLevel
- RequiredServiceLevel
- Resource
- ServiceInterface
- ServiceSpecification
Annex B: Class Library

B.1 Class Library

A library of Measurements.

BillingItem

Package: Class Library

isAbstract: No

Description
Properties indicating the assurance of a piece of information.

Attributes

id : String[0..1] Details the unique identifier of the BillingItem.

numberOfUses : Integer[0..1] Details the numberOfUses of the BillingItem.
paymentLocation : String[0..1] Details the location where payment should be made of the BillingItem.
paymentModality : PricingType[1] Details if a payment is based upon Quantity, Time, or Use.
paymentPeriod : Periodicity[1] Details the frequency of a payment period.
paymentTimeDuration : Duration[*] Details the length of time the payments should be made i.e., 1 year.

periodDuration : Duration[0..1] Details the time period between payments.

quantity : String[0..1] Details the number of units to be delivered.

unit : String[0..1] Details the units used for the BillingItem e.g., 1 gross.

ClassificationAttributes

Package: Class Library

isAbstract: No

Description
W3C XML Schema for the Intelligence Community Metadata Standard for Information Security Marking (IC-ISM), which is part of the IC standards for Information Assurance.
Attributes

classificationReason : String[]
One or more reason indicators or explanatory text describing the basis for an original classification decision.

classifiedBy : String[]
Details The identity, by name or personal identifier, and position title of the original classification authority for a resource.

dateOfExemptedSource : String[]
Details the specific year, month, and day of publication or release of a source document, or the most recent source document, that was itself marked with a declassification constraint. This element is always used in conjunction with typeOfExemptedSource element.

declassDate : String[]
Details a specific year, month, and day upon which the information shall be automatically declassified if not properly exempted from automatic declassification.

declassException : String[]
Details a single indicator describing an exemption to the nominal 25-year point for automatic declassification. This element is used in conjunction with the Declassification Date or Declassification Event.

DeclassManualReview : String[]
Details a true/false indicator that a manual review is required for declassification. Use this attribute to force the appearance of "/MR" in the header and footer marking titles. Use this attribute ONLY when it is necessary to override the business logic applied to classification and control markings in the document to determine whether manual review is required.

derivedFrom : String[]
Details a citation of the authoritative source or reference to multiple sources of the classification markings used in a classified resource.

DisseminationControls : String[]
Details one or more indicators identifying the expansion or limitation on the distribution of information.

FGIsourceOpen : String[]
Details one or more indicators identifying information which qualifies as foreign government information for which the source(s) of the information is not concealed.

FGIsourceProtected : String[]
Details a single indicator that information qualifies as foreign government information for which the source(s) of the information must be concealed. Within protected internal organizational spaces this element may be used to maintain a record of the one or more indicators identifying information which qualifies as foreign government information for which the source(s) of the information must be concealed. Measures must be taken prior to dissemination of the information to conceal the source(s) of the foreign government information.

nonICmarkings : String[]
Details one or more indicators of the expansion or limitation on the distribution of an information resource or portion within the domain of information originating from non-intelligence components.

ownerProducer : String[]
Details one or more indicators identifying the national government or international organization that have purview over the classification marking of an information resource or portion therein. This element is always used in conjunction with the Classification element. Taken together, the two elements specify the classification category and the type of classification (US, non-US, or
Within protected internal organizational spaces this element may include one or more indicators identifying information which qualifies as foreign government information for which the source(s) of the information must be concealed. Measures must be taken prior to dissemination of the information to conceal the source(s) of the foreign government information.

**releasableTo : String[]**
Details one or more indicators identifying the country or countries and/or international organization(s) to which classified information may be released based on the determination of an originator in accordance with established foreign disclosure procedures. This element is used in conjunction with the Dissemination Controls element.

**SARIdentifier : String[]**
Details the Authorized Special Access Required (SAR) program digraph(s) or trigraph(s) preceded by "SAR-". Either (a) a single digraph or trigraph or (b) a space-delimited list of digraphs or trigraphs. Example: "SAR-ABC SAR-DEF ...

**SCIControls : String[]**
Details one or more indicators identifying sensitive compartmented information control system(s).

**typeOfExemptedSource : String[]**
Details a declassification marking of a source document that causes the current, derivative document to be exempted from automatic declassification. This element is always used in conjunction with the Date Of Exempted Source element.

**Associations**

**taxonomy : String[]**
Details a single indicator of the highest level of classification applicable to an information resource or portion within the domain of classified national security information. The Classification element is always used in conjunction with the Owner Producer element. Taken together, the two elements specify the classification category and the type of classification (US, non-US, or Joint).

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**CommunicationsLinkProperties**

**Package: Class Library**

**isAbstract: No**

**Description**
Properties detailing aspects of Resource Interfaces.

**Attributes**

capacity : String[] Details how much information can be passed on the Communications Link.

infrastructureTechnology : String[] Details the technology to be used to provide the communications infrastructure.
**DataElementProperties**

**Package:** Class Library  
**isAbstract:** No

**Description**  
Properties detailing the aspects of a DataElement.

**Attributes**
- `accuracy : String[]` Details the accuracy of the data.
- `content : String[]` Specifies content of the data element (i.e., actual data to be exchanged).
- `formatType : String[]` Details the format of the data.
- `mediaType : String[]` Details the media used to transmit the data.
- `scope : String[]` Details in text a description of the extent or range of the data element content.
- `unitOfMeasurement : String[]` Details the units of measurement of the data.

**Duration**

**Package:** Class Library  
**isAbstract:** No

**Description**  
Properties detailing aspects OperationalActivities.

**Attributes**
- `timeUnit : String[0..1]` Details the units of time e.g., second, hour, day.
- `value : Integer[0..1]` Details the value of the duration.

**ExchangeProperties**

**Package:** Class Library  
**isAbstract:** No

**Description**  
Properties detailing aspects of exchange for Operational Exchange and/or Resource Interaction.
Attributes

accountability : String[*]    Details who or what is responsible for the exchange.

periodicity : String[*]       Details the frequency of the exchange.

size : String[*]             Details the size (in KB) of data that be exchanged.

throughput : String[*]       Details how much information can be exchanged.

timeliness : String[*]       Details the allowable time of delay this system data can tolerate and still be relevant to the receiving system.

transactionType : String[*]  Details the type of transactions used by the exchange.

InformationElementProperties

Package: Class Library

isAbstract: No

Description

Predefined additional DoDAF properties for InformationElement.

Attributes

accuracy : String[*]         Details the degree to which the information conforms to actual fact as required by the information producer and consumer.

content : String[*]          Specifies content of the information element (i.e., actual information to be exchanged).

language : String[*]         Details the language used to capture the information.

scope : String[*]            Details in text a description of the extent or range of the information element content.

OperationalActivityProperties

Package: Class Library

isAbstract: No

Description

Properties detailing aspects OperationalActivities.

Attributes

cost : String[]              Details the cost of an activity.
Periodicity
Package: Class Library
isAbstract: No

Description
Enumeration of how often the information exchange occurs; may be an average or a worst case estimate and may include conditions. Its enumeration literals are:
- OnceAMonth - Indicates that an event of some sort may occur monthly.
- OnceAWeek - Indicates that an event of some sort may occur weekly.
- Anytime - Indicates that an event of some sort may occur at anytime.
- OnRequest - Indicates that an event of some sort may occur on request.

PricingType
Package: Class Library
isAbstract: No

Description
Enumeration of a unit of measure of a resource. Its enumeration literals are:
- perTIme - Indicates that the unit of measure of a resource is based on a unit of time.
- perUse - Indicates that the unit of measure of a resource is based upon how often the resource is used.
- perQuantity - Indicates that the unit of measure of a resource is based on a quantity.

SecurityControlAssessmentProperties
Package: Class Library
isAbstract: No

Description
Properties detailing aspects of the Assessment and Authorization process.

Attributes
- coverageOfSecurityControlAssessment : String[*]  Security controls assessment method that addresses the scope or breadth of the assessment objects included in the assessment (e.g., types of objects to be assessed and the number of objects to be assessed by type).
- depthOfSecurityControlAssessment : String[*]  Security controls assessment method that addresses the rigor and level of detail associated with the application of the method.
- effectivenessOfSecurityControl : String[*]  Details if security control is satisfactory or not as assessed.
**SecurityControlProperties**

**Package:** Class Library  
**isAbstract:** No  

Description  
Properties detailing aspects of Security Controls.  

Attributes  
securityControlApplicability : String[1]  Details how applicable a security control is to a given security objective.  
securityControlImportance : String[1]  Details how important a security control is to a given security objective.

**SecurityImpactProperties**

**Package:** Class Library  
**isAbstract:** No  

Description  
Properties detailing aspects of Security Categories.  

Attributes  
securityAvailabilityImpact : String[*]  Details the potential impact on organization or individuals if the information is not available to those who need to access it.  
securityClassification : String[*]  Details a classification for the exchange.  
securityConfidentialityImpact : String[*]  Details the potential impact on organization or individuals due to unauthorized disclosure of information.  
securityIntegrityImpact : String[*]  Details the potential impact on organization or individuals due to modification or desruction of information, and includes ensuring information non-repudiation and authenticity.
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