

Information technology – Object Management Group Unified Architecture Framework (UAF) Part 1: Domain Metamodel (DMM), 1.1

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by the Object Management Group (OMG) and was adopted, under the PAS procedure, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, Information technology, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

This document is related to:

- ITU-T Recommendation X.902 (1995) | ISO/IEC 10746-2:1995, Information Technology – Open Distributed Processing – Reference Model: Foundations
- ITU-T Recommendation X.903 (1995) | ISO/IEC 10746-3:1995, Information Technology – Open Distributed Processing – Reference Model: Architecture
- ITU-T Recommendation X.920 (1997) | ISO/IEC 14750:1997, Information Technology – Open Distributed Processing – Interface Definition Language

Apart from this Foreword, the text of this document is identical with that for the OMG specification for Unified Architecture Framework (UAF) Part 1: Domain Metamodel (DMM), v1.1.

Introduction

The rapid growth of distributed processing has led to a need for a coordinating framework for this standardization and ITU-T Recommendations X.901-904 | ISO/IEC 10746, the Reference Model of Open Distributed Processing (RM-ODP) provides such a framework. It defines an architecture within which support of distribution, interoperability and portability can be integrated.

RM-ODP Part 2 (ISO/IEC 10746-2) defines the foundational concepts and modeling framework for describing distributed systems. The scopes and objectives of the RM-ODP Part 2 and the UML, while related, are not the same and, in a number of cases, the RM-ODP Part 2 and the UML specification use the same term for concepts which are related but not identical (e.g., interface). Nevertheless, a specification using the Part 2 modeling concepts can be expressed using UML with appropriate extensions (using stereotypes, tags, and constraints).

RM-ODP Part 3 (ISO/IEC 10746-3) specifies a generic architecture of open distributed systems, expressed using the foundational concepts and framework defined in Part 2. Given the relation between UML as a modeling language and Part 3 of the RM-ODP standard, it is easy to show that UML is suitable as a notation for the individual viewpoint specifications defined by the RM-ODP.

UAFP 1.1 supports the capability to:

- model architectures for a broad range of complex systems, which may include hardware, software, data, personnel, and facility elements;
- model consistent architectures for system-of-systems (SoS) down to lower levels of design and implementation;
- support the analysis, specification, design, and verification of complex systems; and
- improve the ability to exchange architecture information among related tools that are SysML based and tools that are based on other standards.

The intent of UAF is to provide a standard representation for describing enterprise architectures using a Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) approach.

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**Information technology – Object Management Group
Unified Architecture Framework – Part 1: Domain Metamodel (DMM)**

1 Scope

1.1 Introduction

There are four parts to this International Standard, two are normative and two informative. The normative parts are:

1. The UAF Domain Metamodel (DMM) (this document) that provides the definition of concepts, relationships and viewpoints for the framework. The UAF DMM is the basis for any implementation of UAF including non-UML/SysML implementations.
2. The UAF Profile (UAFP) (see document dtc/19-06-15) is a UML/SysML implementation of the UAF DMM

The informative parts are:

3. The UAF Traceability, Annex A (see document dtc/19-06-17), which details the mappings between the UAF and the various frameworks and languages that contribute to the UAF.
4. The UAF Example Model, Annex B (see document dtc/19-06-18), which illustrates a practical usage of UAF.

1.2 UAF Background

UAF evolved from the Unified Profile for DoDAF and MODAF (UPDM), version 2.1. UAF extends the scope of UPDM and generalizes it to make it applicable to commercial as well as military architectures. The intent of UAF is to provide a standard representation for describing enterprise architectures using a Model Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) approach.

The core concepts in the UAF are based upon the DoDAF 2.0.2 Domain Metamodel (DM2) and the MODAF ontological data exchange mechanism (MODEM), Security Views from Canada's Department of National Defense Architecture Framework (DNDAF) and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Architecture Framework (NAF) v 4.

UAF models describe a system¹ from a set of stakeholders' concerns such as security or information through a set of predefined viewpoints. Developed models can also reflect custom viewpoints or users can develop more formal extensions for new viewpoints.

The UAFP can be used to develop architectures compliant with:

- Department of Defense Architecture Framework (DoDAF) version 2.02
- Ministry of Defence Architecture Framework (MODAF) version 1.3
- North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Architecture Framework (NAF) version 3.1
- North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Architecture Framework (NAF) version 4

UAF v 1.1 supports the capability to:

¹ The term system is used from: "Systems and software engineering -- Architecture description," http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=50508

- model architectures for a broad range of complex systems, which may include hardware, software, data, personnel, and facility elements,
- model consistent architectures for system-of-systems (SoS) down to lower levels of design and implementation,
- support the analysis, specification, design, and verification of complex systems; and
- improve the ability to exchange architecture information among related tools that are SysML based.

1.3 Intended Usage

The UAF enables the modeling of strategic capabilities, operational scenarios, services, resources, personnel, security, projects, standards, measures and requirements; which supports best practices through, separation of concerns and abstractions. In addition, the UAF enables the modeling of related architecture concepts such as:

- System of Systems (SoS),
- information exchanges consistent with the National Information Exchange Model (NIEM),
- DoD's doctrine, organization, training material, leadership & education, personnel, and facilities (DOTMLPF)
- UK Ministry of Defence Lines of Development (DLOD) elements,
- Human Computer Interfaces (HCI).

Further, The UAF conforms to terms defined in the ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010 standard for architecture description, where the terms: architecture, architecture description (AD), architecture framework, architecture view, architecture viewpoint, concern, environment, model kind, stakeholder [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011] form correspondence rules specified as constraints on UAF.

1.4 Related Documents

The International Standard includes a metamodel and description as separate documents. Other appendices are also provided as separate documents. The table below provides a listing of these documents:

Table 1:1 - Table of Related Documents

dtc/19-06-16	The UAF Domain MetaModel (DMM)
dtc/19-06-15	The UAF Profile (UAFP)
dtc/19-06-17	Appendix A that contains a separate traceability subsection from UAFP to each of the frameworks listed in Section 1.2 of this International Standard
dtc/19-06-18	Appendix B: An example of how the language can be used to represent a UAFP architecture
dtc/19-06-19	UAF XMI file
dtc/19-06-20	UAF XMI Measurements library
dtc/19-05-14	Attachments

2 Conformance

UAF specifies four types of conformance.

Type 1 Conformance: - *UAF View specification conformance.* A tool demonstrating view specification conformance shall implement a version of all the view specifications defined in the UAF Grid, with the exception of the view specifications in the Metadata Domain. Optionally the tool vendor can implement other donor framework viewpoints, for instance DoDAF, MODAF or NAF based upon the mapping between them and UAF provided in Appendix A (dtc/19-06-17)

Type 2 Conformance: - *UAF Conceptual Syntax Conformance.* A tool demonstrating conceptual syntax conformance is consistent with the concepts, relationships and constraints defined in the UAF DMM (this document). UAF Conceptual Syntax Conformance implies Type 1 Conformance.

Type 3 Conformance: - *UAF Formal Syntax Conformance.* A tool demonstrating formal syntax conformance:

- enables instances of concrete UAfp stereotypes defined in the UAfp (dtc/19-06-15)
- complies with the constraints defined in the UAfp (dtc/19-06-15)
- complies with the SysML version 1.5 Concrete Syntax Conformance (formal/17-05-01)

UAF Formal Syntax Conformance implies Type 2 Conformance.

Type 4 Conformance: - *UAF Model interchange conformance.* A tool demonstrating model interchange conformance can import and export conformant XMI for all valid UAfp models. Model interchange conformance implies Type 3 Conformance.

3 References

3.1 Normative References

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.

3.2 OMG Documents (Normative References)

- Unified Modeling Language (UML), 2.5.1, December 2017, <https://www.omg.org/spec/UML>
- Object Constraint Language (OCL), 2.4, February 2014, <https://www.omg.org/spec/OCL>
- System Modeling Language (SysML) ,1.5, May 2017, <https://www.omg.org/spec/SysML>
- Diagram Definition (DD), 1.1, June 2015, <https://www.omg.org/spec/DD>
- UML Profile for the National Information Exchange Model (NIEM UML), 3.0, April 2017, <https://www.omg.org/spec/NIEM-UML>
- Unified Profile for DoDAF and MODAF (UPDM), 2.1, August 2013, <https://www.omg.org/spec/UPDM>
- UML Profile for BPMN Processes, 1.0, July 2014, <https://www.omg.org/spec/BPMNProfile>
- Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM), 1.1, September 2014, <https://www.omg.org/spec/ODM>
- Information Exchange Packaging Policy Vocabulary (IEPPV) 1.0, May 2015, <https://www.omg.org/spec/IEPPV>

3.3 Other Normative References

- Department of Defense Architecture Framework (DoDAF), Version 2.02, August 2010, <http://dodcio.defense.gov/Library/DoDArchitectureFramework.aspx>
- DM2 - DoDAF Meta-Model,
- The DM2 Conceptual Data Model, http://dodcio.defense.gov/Library/DoDArchitectureFramework/dodaf20_conceptual.aspx
- DM2 Logical Data Model, http://dodcio.defense.gov/Library/DoDArchitectureFramework/dodaf20_logical.aspx
- DM2 Formal Ontology. http://dodcio.defense.gov/Library/DoDArchitectureFramework/dodaf20_ontology1.aspx
- Department National Defence and Canadian Forces (DND/ CF) Architecture Framework (DNDAF), Version 1.8.1, 25 January 2013
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4 Terms and Definitions

No new terms and definitions have been required to create this International Standard. All terms are available in the normative references or bibliographic citations for detailed explanation.

5 Symbols

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following List of symbols/abbreviations apply.

Table 5:1 - Description of acronyms used in this International Standard

AcV-* ²	Acquisition View
AD	Architecture Description
AV-*	All View
BMM	Business Motivation Model
BPMN	Business Process Modeling Notation
C4ISR	Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance
CaT	Capability Team
COI	Communities of Interest
CV-*	Capability View
DIV-*	Data and Information Views
DLOD	Defence Lines of Development
DM2	DoDAF Meta Model
DMM	Domain Meta Model
DNDCAF	Department National Defence and Canadian Forces (DND/ CF) Architecture Framework
DoD	United States Department of Defense
DoDAF	Department of Defense Architecture Framework
DOTMLP	Doctrine, Organization, Training, Material, Leadership, Personnel, Facilities
EIE	Enterprise Information Environment
IDEAS	International Defense Enterprise Architecture Specification for Exchange
IDEF	Integrated DEFinition Methods
INCOSE	International Council Of Systems Engineering
JCIDS	Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System
MISIG	Model Interchange Special Interest Group
MOD	United Kingdom Ministry of Defence
MODAF	Ministry of Defence Architecture Framework
MODEM	MODAF Ontological Data Exchange Mechanism
NAF	NATO Architecture Framework
OASIS	Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards
OSLC	Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration
OV-*	Operational View
PES	DoDAF Physical Exchange Specification
POC	Proof of Concept
PV-*	Project View
RDF	Resource Description Framework
SoaML	Service orientated architecture Modeling Language
SoS	System of Systems

² * denotes a wildcard

SOV-*	Service Oriented View
StdV-*	Standards View in DoDAF 2.02 compare TV-* in UAF
STV-*	Strategic View
SV-*	System View
SvcV-*	Service View
TEPID OIL	Training, Equipment, Personnel, Information, Concepts and Doctrine, Organisation, Infrastructure, Logistics
TOGAF	The Open Group Architectural Framework©
TPPU	Task, Post, Process, and Use
TV-*	Technical View
UAF	Unified Architecture Framework
UAFP	Unified Architecture Framework Profile
UPDM	Unified Profile for DoDAF/MODAF

6 Additional Information

6.1 Changes to Adopted OMG Specifications

This specification completely replaces Unified Architecture Framework (UAF), version 1.0
<https://www.omg.org/spec/UAF/About-UAF/>

6.2 Language Architecture

The UAF specification reuses a subset of UML 2.5.1 and SysML 1.5 and provides additional extensions needed to address requirements in the UPDM 3.0 RFP Mandatory Requirements. Those requirements form the basis for this specification. This specification documents the language architecture in terms of UML 2.5.1 and SysML 1.5 and specifies how to implement UAF. This clause explains design principles and how they are applied to define the UAF language architecture.

6.3 Philosophy

The UAF development uses a model-driven approach. A simple description of the work process is:

- A Domain Metamodel (DMM) uses UML Class models to represent individuals, types and tuples that aggregate the concepts defined in DoDAF, MODEM, NAF, DNDNAF and other frameworks.
- The aligned and renamed viewpoints from the various frameworks provide a common generic name for each viewpoint. It should be noted that the term viewpoint is in the context of ISO 42010 where a viewpoint is the specification of a view. The UAF viewpoints are mapped to the corresponding viewpoint in the relevant contributing framework. It is the viewpoints described in the DMM that provides the basis for the Unified Architecture Framework (UAF).
- The UAF provides an abstraction layer that separates the underlying UAF metamodel from the presentation layer. The results of this mapping are given in Appendix A (see document dtc/19-06-17 and an overview of the viewpoints in a grid format are given in this document).
- The intent of the UAF is to provide a Domain MetaModel usable by non-UML/SysML tool vendors who may wish to implement the UAF within their own tool and metalanguage.
- The Unified Architecture Framework Profile (UAFP) is the standard implementation of the UAF DMM. It was created by mapping the UAF concepts and relationships to corresponding stereotypes in the UAFP.
- The UAFP analysis and refactoring reflects language architecture, tool implementation, and reuse considerations.
- The specification is generated from the UML model used to describe the UAF DMM and UAFP. This approach allows the team to concentrate on architecture issues rather than documentation production. The UML tool automatically maintains consistency. The UML tool improves maintenance and enables traceability between the UAF and the UAFP where every stereotype is linkable to the UAF element using UML Abstraction relationship.

6.4 Core Principles

The fundamental design principles for UAF DMM are:

- **Requirements-driven:** UAF is intended to satisfy the requirements of the UPDM 3.0 RFP Mandatory Requirements.
- **Influence from donor Frameworks:** The DMM was based upon an aggregation of concepts and relationships from the donor frameworks.
- **IDEAS Ontology driven:** The DMM was based upon a simplified version of the IDEAS ontology, see chapter 8.

- **DMM Notation:** The DMM was expressed using UML class diagram notation.
- **Reusability of UML Metamodel concepts:** The UAF DMM reuses a number of concepts from the UML Metamodel, such as Statemachines, Activities and Interactions. The explicit relationship to these concepts enables the UAF DMM to reuse UML semantics instead of reinventing its own semantics.
- **Reusability of BPMN concepts:** The UAF DMM reuses a number of concepts from BPMN, such as processes. The explicit relationship to these concepts enables the UAF DMM to reuse BPMN semantics instead of reinventing its own semantics.

7 UAF Grid

Due to the complexity of managing the multiple viewpoints with overlapping concerns and metamodels, the standard viewpoints are refactored as described in the donor frameworks into a more manageable format. This decision led to the development of the UAF grid which is described below.

The grid is a way of showing how the various viewpoints (known as *view specifications* in the rest of document) correspond to *domains* (horizontal rows) and the *model kinds* (the columns) that describe the view specification. The intent of the grid is not to be complete, but to capture the information that is present in the frameworks that contributes to the UAF, consequently, some gaps are evident.

	Taxonomy Tx	Structure Sr	Connectivity Cn	Processes Pr	States St	Interaction Scenarios Is	Information ^c If	Parameters ^d Pm	Constraints Ct	Roadmap Rm	Traceability Tr					
Metadata^a Md	Metadata Taxonomy Md-Tx ^f	Metadata Structure Md-Sr	Metadata Connectivity Md-Cn	Metadata Processes Md-Pr	Metadata States Md-St	-	Conceptual Data Model, Logical Data Model, Physical schema ^e , real world results	Metadata Constraints Md-Ct	Metadata Roadmap Md-Rm	Metadata Traceability Md-Tr						
Strategic St	Strategic Taxonomy St-Tx	Strategic Structure St-Sr	Strategic Connectivity St-Cn	-	Strategic States St-St	-		Strategic Constraints St-Ct	Strategic Deployment, St-Rm Strategic Phasing St-Rm	Strategic Traceability St-Tr						
Operational Op	Operational Taxonomy Op-Tx	Operational Structure Op-Sr	Operational Connectivity Op-Cn	Operational Processes Op-Pr	Operational States Op-St	Operational Interaction Scenarios Op-Is		Operational Constraints Op-Ct	-	Operational Traceability Op-Tr						
Services Sv	Service Taxonomy Sv-Tx	Service Structure Sv-Sr	Service Connectivity Sv-Cn	Service Processes Sv-Pr	Service States Sv-St	Service Interaction Scenarios Sv-Is		Service Constraints Sv-Ct	Service Roadmap Sv-Rm	Service Traceability Sv-Tr						
Personnel Pr	Personnel Taxonomy Pr-Tx	Personnel Structure Pr-Sr	Personnel Connectivity Pr-Cn	Personnel Processes Pr-Pr	Personnel States Pr-St	Personnel Interaction Scenarios Pr-Is		Competence, Drivers, Performance Pr-Ct	Personnel Availability, Personnel Evolution, Personnel Forecast Pr-Rm	Personnel Traceability Pr-Tr						
Resources Rs	Resource Taxonomy Rs-Tx	Resource Structure Rs-Sr	Resource Connectivity Rs-Cn	Resource Processes Rs-Pr	Resource States Rs-St	Resource Interaction Scenarios Rs-Is		Resource Constraints Rs-Ct	Resource evolution, Resource forecast Rs-Rm	Resource Traceability Rs-Tr						
Security Sc	Security Taxonomy Sc-Tx	Security Structure Sc-Sr	Security Connectivity Sc-Cn	Security Processes Sc-Pr	-	-		Security Constraints Sc-Ct	-	Security Traceability Sc-Tr						
Projects Pj	Project Taxonomy Pj-Tx	Project Structure Pj-Sr	Project Connectivity Pj-Cn	Project Processes Pj-Pr	-	-		-	Project Roadmap Pj-Rm	Project Traceability Pj-Tr						
Standards Sd	Standard Taxonomy Sd-Tx	Standards Structure Sd-Sr	-	-	-	-		-	Standards Roadmap Sd-Rm	Standards Traceability Sd-Tr						
Actual Resources Ar		Actual Resources Structure Ar-Sr	Actual Resources Connectivity Ar-Cn	Simulation ^b				Parametric Execution/Evaluation ^b	-	-						
Dictionary Dc																
Summary & Overview Sm-Ov																
Requirements Req																

Figure 7:7-1- UAF Grid

Notes related to suffixes in the grid:

- The view specifications in the Metadata Domain are not modeled as part of the UAF but are architectural artifacts that contribute to the success in defining and developing an architecture.
- To be able to evaluate architecture behavior and constraints (i.e., non-functional requirements) it is necessary to define actual instances of the architectural elements. The expectation is that tool vendors intending to implement the UAF have capabilities native to their tools to enable behavioral simulation and the evaluation of measures and constraints through parametric diagrams or a proprietary equivalent.
- The information model is a column across the domains and can be defined in any of its forms, i.e., Conceptual, Logical or Physical. The expectation is that most developers of the information model will use the Conceptual or Logical forms of the data model when using an abstract modeling tool.

- d. The parameters column captures the measures and environments across the architecture in all the different domains.
- e. The expectation is that the physical schema model would not be defined in the UAF. Any tool implementing the framework provides a means to import or link-to representations of the physical model.
- f. The Metadata Taxonomy view specification provides a means to extend the framework to other domains.

The detailed mapping between the view specifications of the UAF shown in the grid and the viewpoints from the donor frameworks is described in dtc\2019-06-17. A definition for each view specification in the grid is described in the following chapters.

7.1 Descriptions of Domains and Model Kinds

Table 7.1 - Definitions for the Domains

Domain	Acronym	Description
Metadata	Md	Identifies the metadata required to develop a suitable architecture that is fit for its purpose.
Strategic	St	Capability management process. Describes the capability taxonomy, composition, dependencies and evolution.
Operational	Op	Illustrates the Logical Architecture of the enterprise. Describes the requirements, operational behavior, structure, and exchanges required to support (exhibit) capabilities. Defines all operational elements in an implementation/solution independent manner.
Services	Sv	The Service-Orientated View (SOV) is a description of services needed to directly support the operational domain as described in the Operational View. A service within MODAF is understood in its broadest sense, as a unit of work through which a provider provides a useful result to a consumer. DoDAF: The Service Views within the Services Viewpoint describe the design for service-based solutions to support operational development processes (JCIDS) and Defense Acquisition System or capability development within the Joint Capability Areas.
Personnel	Pr	Defines and explores organizational resource types. Shows the taxonomy of types of organizational resources as well as connections, interaction and growth over time.
Resources	Rs	Captures a solution architecture consisting of resources, e.g., organizational, software, artifacts, capability configurations, and natural resources that implement the operational requirements. Further design of a resource is typically detailed in SysML or UML.
Security	Sc	Security assets and security enclaves. Defines the hierarchy of security assets and asset owners, security constraints (policy, laws, and guidance) and details where they are located (security enclaves).
Projects	Pj	Describes projects and project milestones, how those projects deliver capabilities, the organizations contributing to the projects and dependencies between projects.
Standards	Sd	MODAF: Technical Standards Views are extended from the core DoDAF views to include non-technical standards such as operational doctrine, industry process standards, etc. DoDAF: The Standards Views within the Standards Viewpoint are the set of rules governing the arrangement, interaction, and interdependence of solution parts or elements.
Actual Resources	Ar	The analysis, e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations. Illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations.

Table 7:2 - Definitions of the Model Kinds

Model Kind	Acronym	Description
Taxonomy	Tx	Presents all the elements as a standalone structure. Presents all the elements as a specialization hierarchy, provides a text definition for each one and references the source of the element
Structure	Sr	Describes the definitions of the dependencies, connections, and relationships between the different elements.
Connectivity	Cn	Describes the connections, relationships, and interactions between the different elements.
Processes	Pr	Captures activity based behavior and flows. It describes activities, their Inputs/Outputs, activity actions and flows between them.
States	St	Captures state-based behavior of an element. It is a graphical representation of states of a structural element and how it responds to various events and actions.
Interaction Scenarios	Is	Expresses a time ordered examination of the exchanges as a result of a particular scenario. Provides a time-ordered examination of the exchanges between participating elements as a result of a particular scenario.
Information	If	Address the information perspective on operational, service, and resource architectures. Allows analysis of an architecture's information and data definition aspect, without consideration of implementation specific issues.
Constraints	Ct	Details the measurements that set performance requirements constraining capabilities. Also defines the rules governing behavior and structure.
Roadmap	Rm	Addresses how elements in the architecture change over time. Also, how at different points in time or different periods of time.
Traceability	Tr	Describes the mapping between elements in the architecture. This can be between different viewpoints within domains as well as between domains. It can also be between structure and behaviors.

7.2 Domain Interrelationships

Although the grid is the primary means of expressing the relationship between the Domains, Model Kinds and View Specifications, because of its two-dimensional nature it is not adequate to explain the abstract interrelationships that exist between the domains. The following diagram is an indication of how the domains are interrelated.

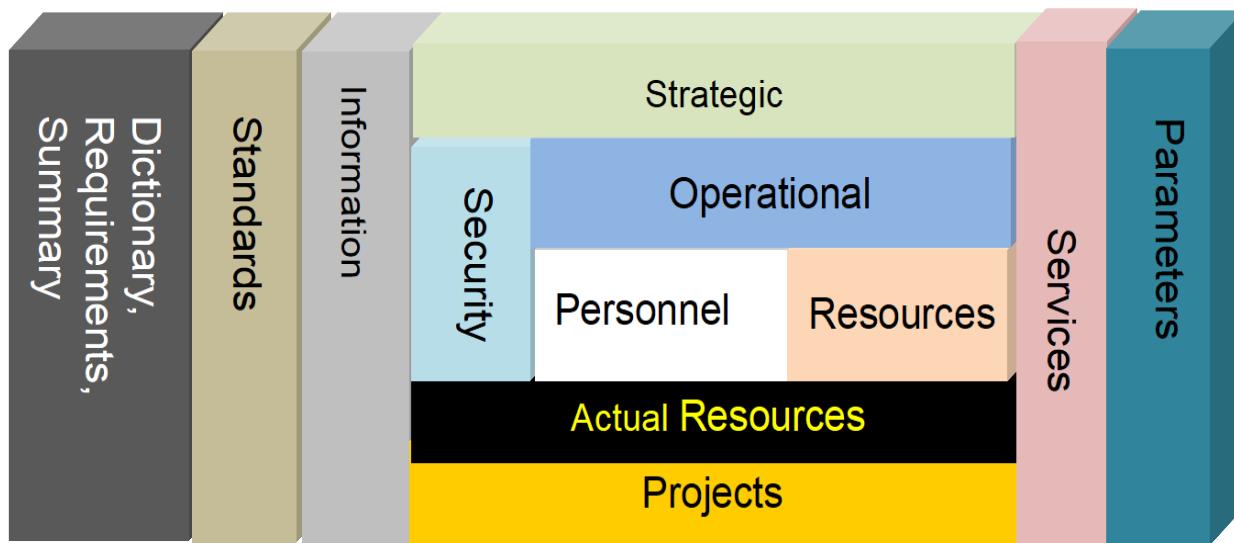


Figure 7.7.2 - Domain Interrelationships

Where a Domain is shown vertically the intent is to show that the Domain is a cross cutting concern that goes across the levels of abstraction in the architecture.

Where a Domain is shown horizontally the intent is to show that the Domain exists in a layer of abstraction between the Domains above and below it and there is an interrelationship with the Domains either side of it.

7.3 Domain Metamodel Diagram Legend

This Annex comprises of various diagrams that document the Domain Metamodel (DMM) that document the MoDAF 1.5 and MoDAF 1.2 integrated model. This model was used as a basis for creating the UPDM profile.

Note that the diagrams rely on color to aid the reader in understanding the model. Please refer to the legend below to understand the diagrams.

The following is the legend of element colors used in the DMM and what they denote.

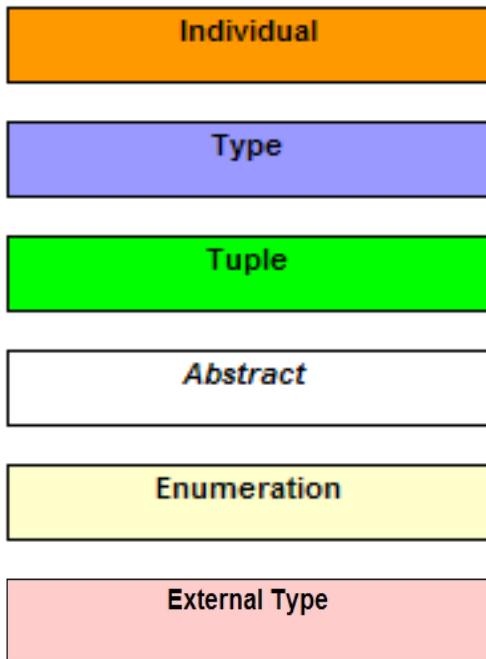


Figure 7:7-3 - Legend of color codes for element types defined in UAF

The meaning of the element types in the UAF are based upon concepts put forth in the International Defence Enterprise Architecture Specification (IDEAS).

- An Individual denotes a single instance of an element.
- A Type denotes a set of Individuals.
- A Tuple denotes a relationship that exists between elements.
- An Abstract denotes that the element has no direct use but is a means of construction.
- An Enumeration is a complete, ordered listing of all the items in a collection.
- An External Type is an element that exists outside of the core DMM but is referenceable by elements in the DMM.

8 Domain Metamodel Diagrams

Note that the diagrams rely on color to aid the reader in understanding the model. Please refer to the legend in the various diagrams to understand the specific definitions.

8.1 View Specifications

This section documents each of the view specifications of UAF.

8.1.1 View Specifications::Metadata

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Technical Managers.

Concerns: architecture development process, architecture traceability, metamodel and its extensions, architecture versioning.

Definition: Identifies the metadata required to develop a suitable architecture that is fit for its purpose.

View Specifications::Metadata::Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Technical Managers.

Concerns: metamodel and its extensions.

Definition: captures user defined metamodel extensions

Recommended Implementation: UML Profile Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram

View Specifications::Metadata::Structure

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Technical Managers.

Concerns: domains, model kinds, and view specifications that are used to describe the architecture.

Definition: (i) lists predefined and custom domains, model kinds, and view specifications (ii) and identify the key stakeholders and their concerns.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Package Diagram.

View Specifications::Metadata::Connectivity

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand relationships to related architectural descriptions, Technical Managers.

Concerns: high-level dependencies between architectural descriptions.

Definition: depicts and analyzes all relevant dependencies between architectural descriptions, e.g., reference architectures, as-is to to-be architectures.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Package Diagram, matrix format.

View Specifications::Metadata::Processes

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand the architecture development process, Technical Managers.

Concerns: methodology used.

Definition: methodology used in developing the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, text.

View Specifications::Metadata::States

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand the architecture governance, Technical Managers.

Concerns: architecture status.

Definition: captures version number and approval workflow of the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram, state table, text.

View Specifications::Metadata::Constraints

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand constraints for the architecture, Technical Managers.

Concerns: architectural constraints.

Definition: captures assumptions and constraints on the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, text.

View Specifications::Metadata::Roadmap

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand the architecture development plan, Technical Managers.

Concerns: architecture release schedule.

Definition: captures project timeline for the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, text.

View Specifications::Metadata::Traceability

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to understand impact of change across the architecture supporting assets, Technical Managers.

Concerns: reuse of architectures.

Definition: shows references to asset libraries, legacy architectures, and external sources, e.g., documents.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Package Diagram, tabular format.

8.1.2 View Specifications::Strategic

Stakeholders: Capability Portfolio Managers.

Concerns: capability management process.

Definition: describe capability taxonomy, composition, dependencies and evolution.

View Specifications::Strategic::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Taxonomy Viewpoint.

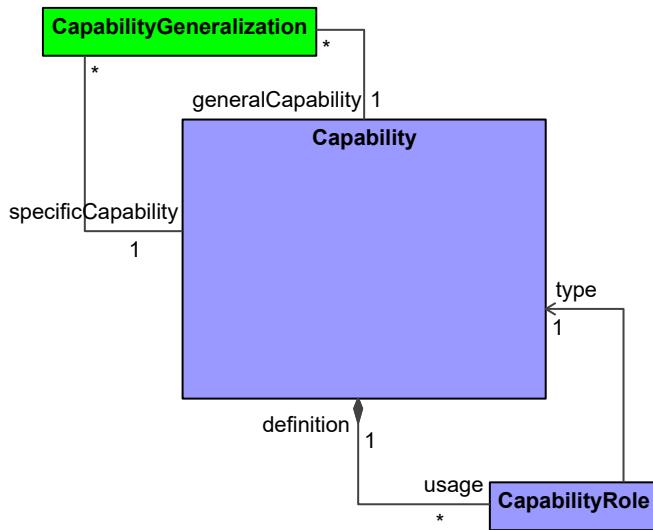
View Specifications::Strategic::Taxonomy::Strategic Taxonomy

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Executives.

Concerns: capability needs.

Definition: shows the taxonomy of capabilities.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8-1 Strategic Taxonomy****Elements**

- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityGeneralization](#)
- [CapabilityRole](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Structure Viewpoint.

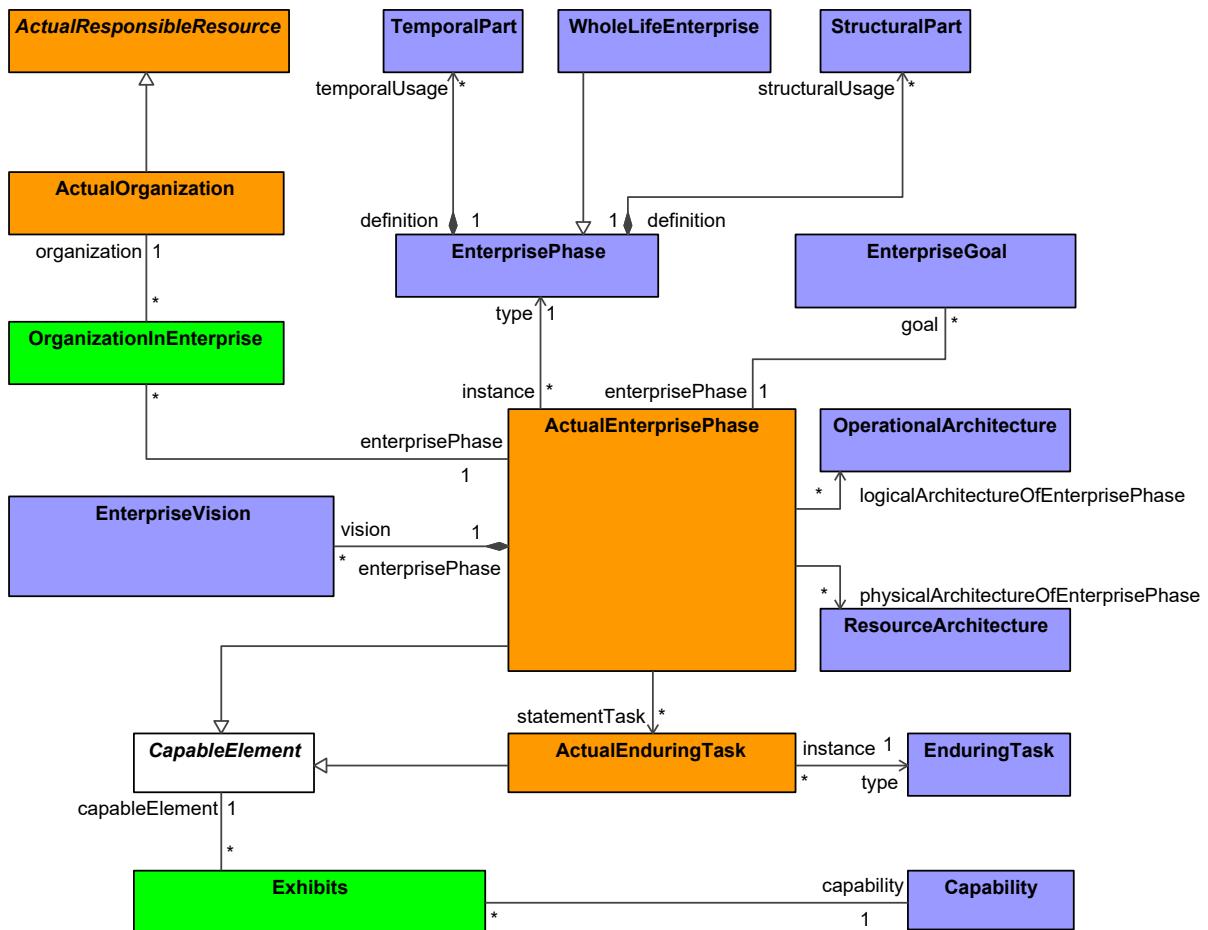
View Specifications::Strategic::Structure::Strategic Structure

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Executives.

Concerns: capability needs.

Definition: shows the relationship between EnterprisePhases and the Capabilities that are intended to be developed during the enterprise phases, and the organizations involved in the enterprise.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:2 - Strategic Structure**

Elements

- [ActualEnduringTask](#)
- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [EnduringTask](#)
- [EnterpriseGoal](#)
- [EnterprisePhase](#)
- [EnterpriseVision](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [OperationalArchitecture](#)
- [OrganizationInEnterprise](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [StructuralPart](#)
- [TemporalPart](#)
- [WholeLifeEnterprise](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Connectivity Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Strategic::Connectivity::Strategic Connectivity

Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: capability dependencies.

Definition: describes the dependencies between planned capabilities.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram. SysML Internal Block Diagram.

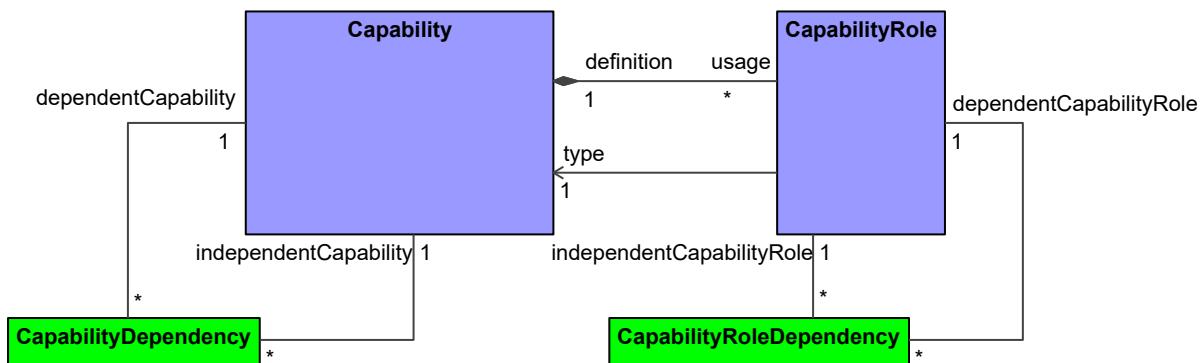


Figure 8:3 - Strategic Connectivity

Elements

- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityDependency](#)
- [CapabilityRole](#)
- [CapabilityRoleDependency](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::States

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic States Viewpoint.

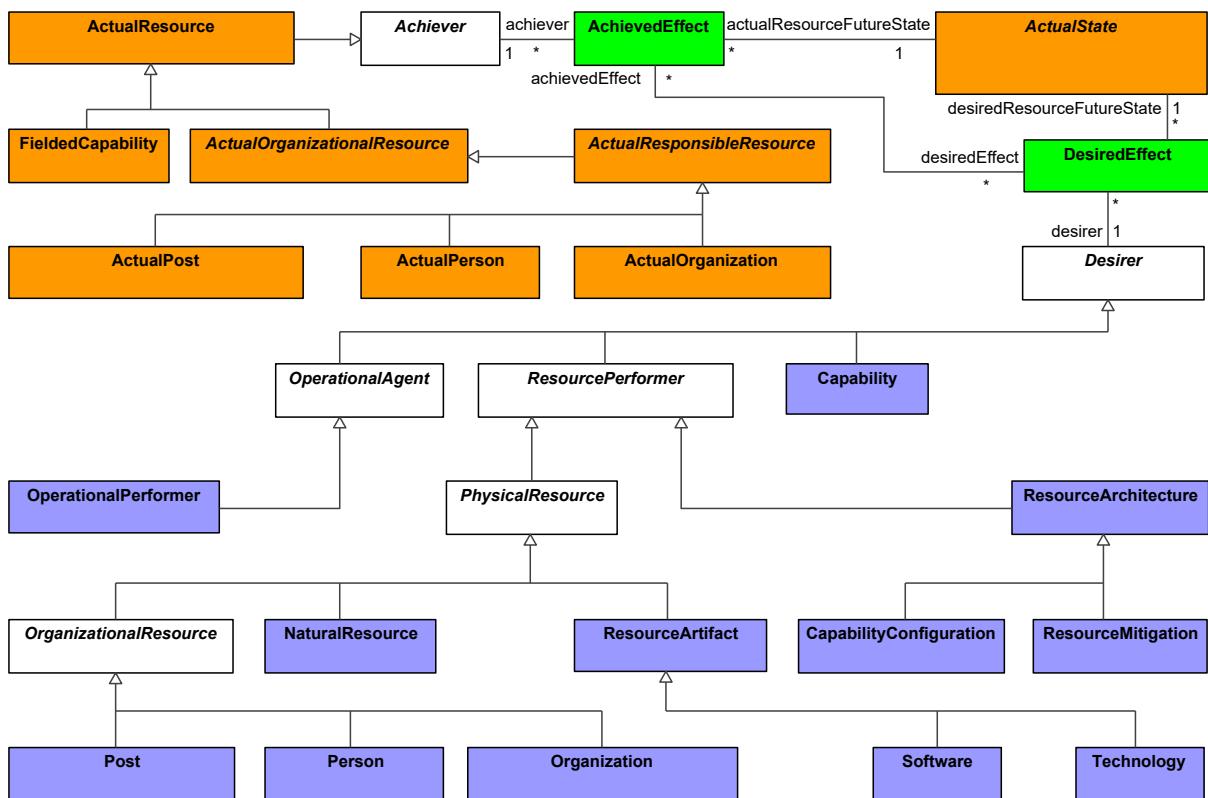
View Specifications::Strategic::States::Strategic States

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: effects that the implementation(s) of capabilities are expected to deliver.

Definition: captures the relationships between capability(ies) and desired effect(s) that implementation(s) of capability(ies) should achieve.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:4 - Strategic States**

Elements

- [AchievedEffect](#)
- [Achiever](#)
- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [DesiredEffect](#)
- [Desirer](#)
- [FieldedCapability](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)

- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Software](#)
- [Technology](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Constraints Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Strategic::Constraints::Strategic Constraints

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: capability constraints.

Definition: details the measurements that set performance requirements constraining capabilities.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

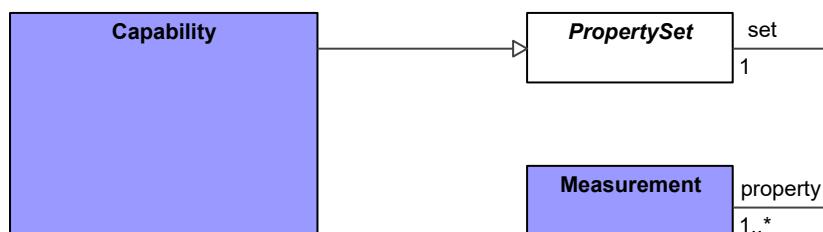


Figure 8:5 - Strategic Constraints

Elements

- [Capability](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [PropertySet](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Roadmap Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap::Deployment

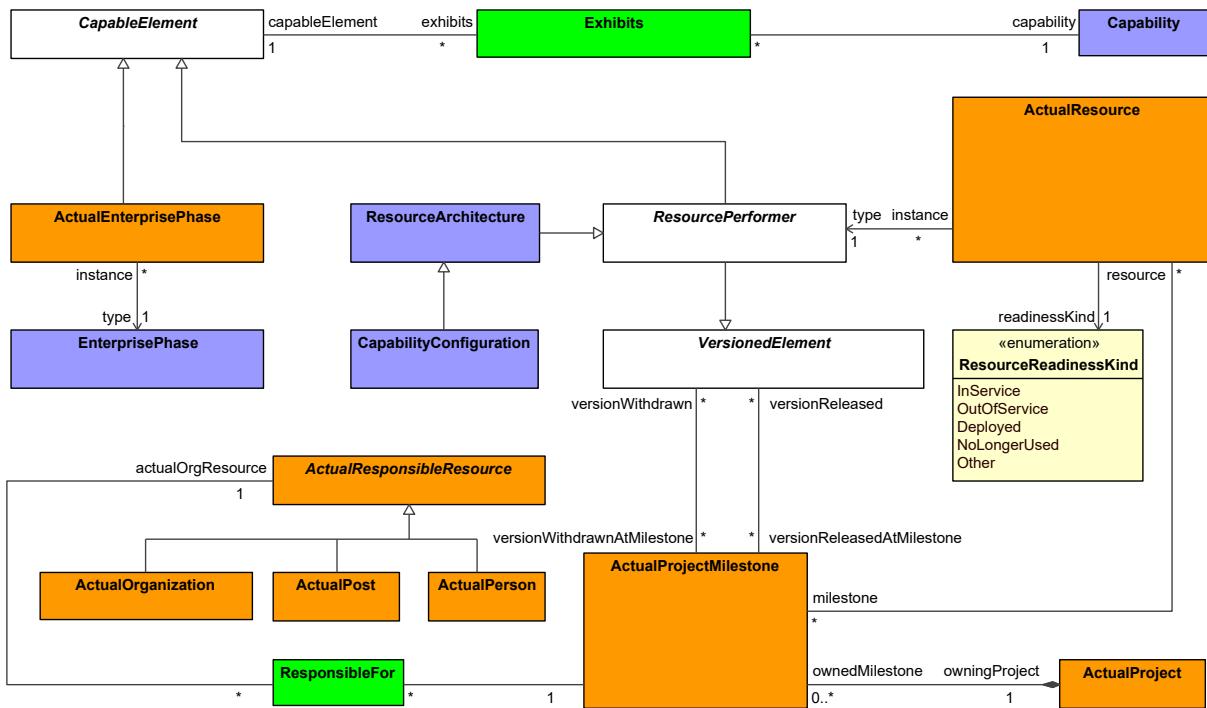
View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap::Deployment::Strategic Roadmap: Deployment

Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: capability deployment to organizations over time.

Definition: addresses the deployment of capability(ies) to actual organizations over time.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:6 - Strategic Roadmap: Deployment****Elements**

- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [EnterprisePhase](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResponsibleFor](#)
- [VersionedElement](#)

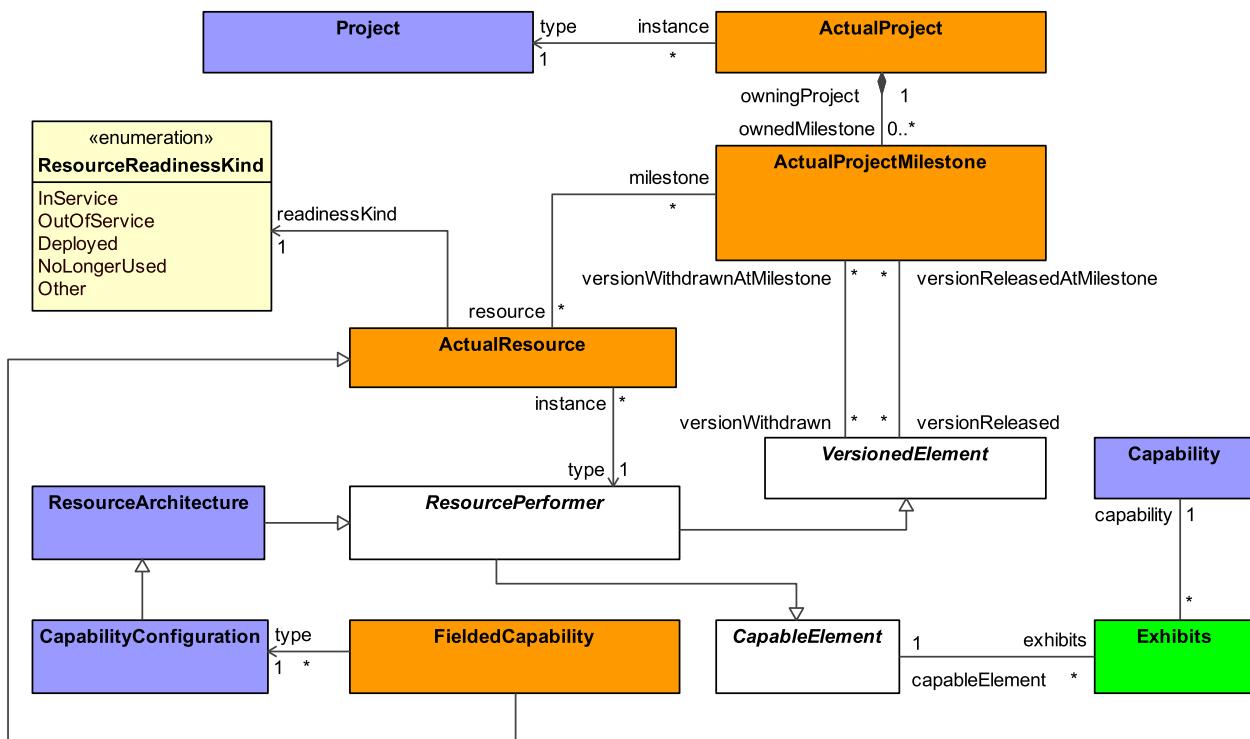
View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap::Phasing**View Specifications::Strategic::Roadmap::Phasing::Strategic Roadmap: Phasing**

Stakeholders: PMs, Executives, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: capability(ies) achievement over time.

Definition: the planned achievement of capability(ies) at different points in time or during specific periods of time.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:7 - Strategic Roadmap: Phasing**

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [FieldedCapability](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [VersionedElement](#)

View Specifications::Strategic::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Strategic Traceability Viewpoint.

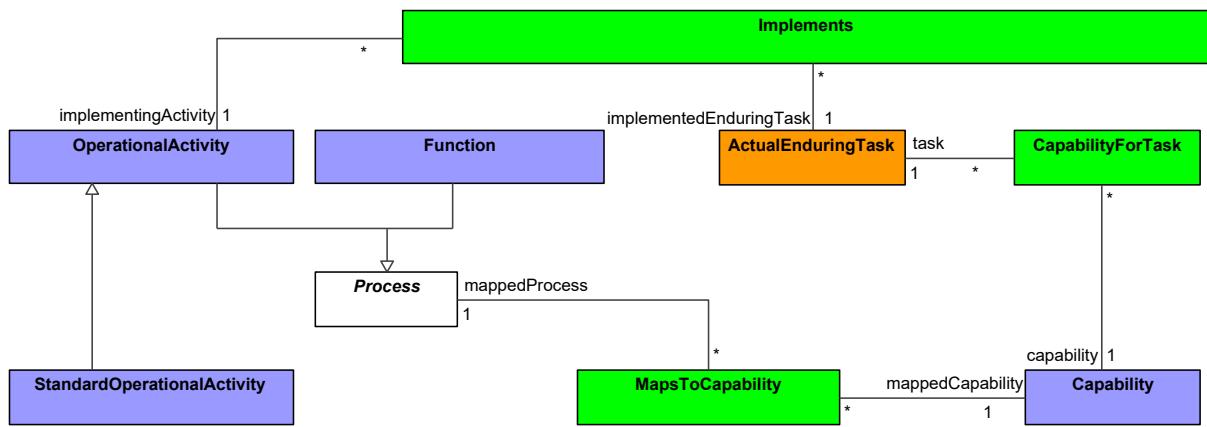
View Specifications::Strategic::Traceability::Strategic Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between capabilities and operational activities.

Definition: describes the mapping between the capabilities required by an Enterprise and the supporting operational activities.

Recommended Implementation: matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:8 - Strategic Traceability**

Elements

- [ActualEnduringTask](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapabilityForTask](#)
- [Function](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [MapsToCapability](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [Process](#)
- [StandardOperationalActivity](#)

8.1.3 View Specifications::Operational

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Executives.

Concerns: illustrate the Logical Architecture of the enterprise.

Definition: describe the requirements, operational behavior, structure, and exchanges required to support (exhibit) capabilities. Defines all operational elements in an implementation/solution independent manner.

View Specifications::Operational::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Taxonomy Viewpoint.

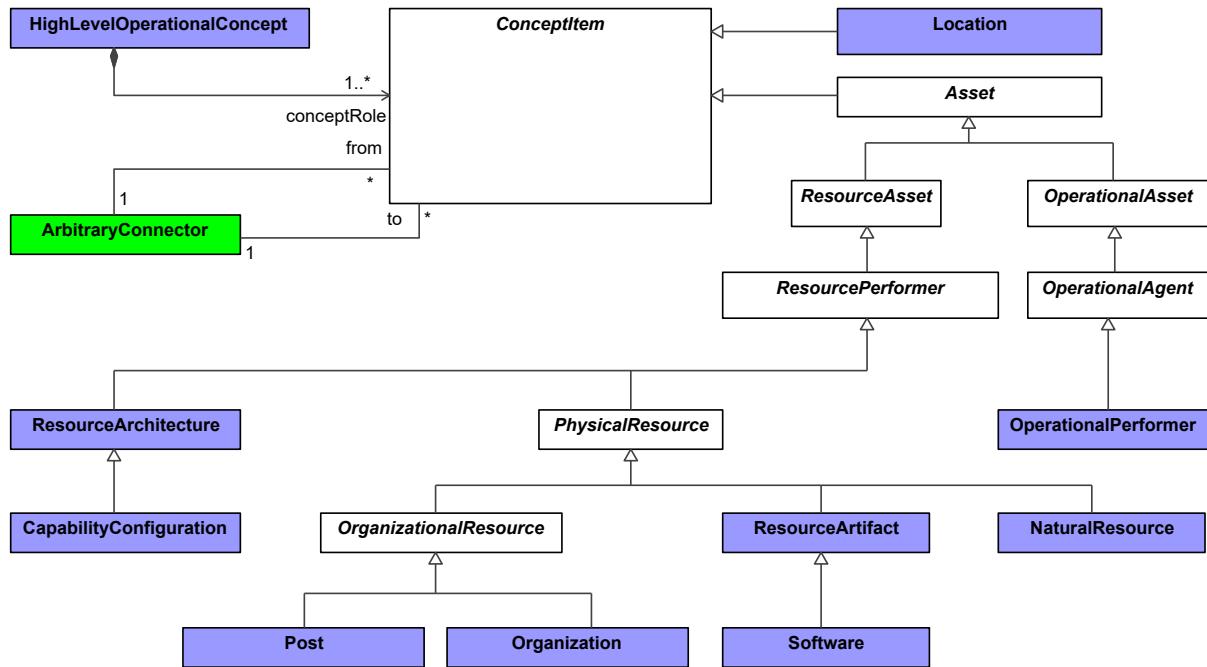
View Specifications::Operational::Taxonomy::Operational Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Owners responsible for Operational Agents.

Concerns: OperationalAgent types.

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of OperationalAgents.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

**Figure 8:9 - Operational Taxonomy**

Elements

- [ArbitraryConnector](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [ConceptItem](#)
- [HighLevelOperationalConcept](#)
- [Location](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalAsset](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Software](#)

View Specifications::Operational::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Structure::Operational Structure

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Owners responsible for Operational Agents.

Concerns: identifies the operational exchange requirements between nodes.

Definition: defines operational architecture and exchange requirements necessary to support a specific set of Capability(ies).

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

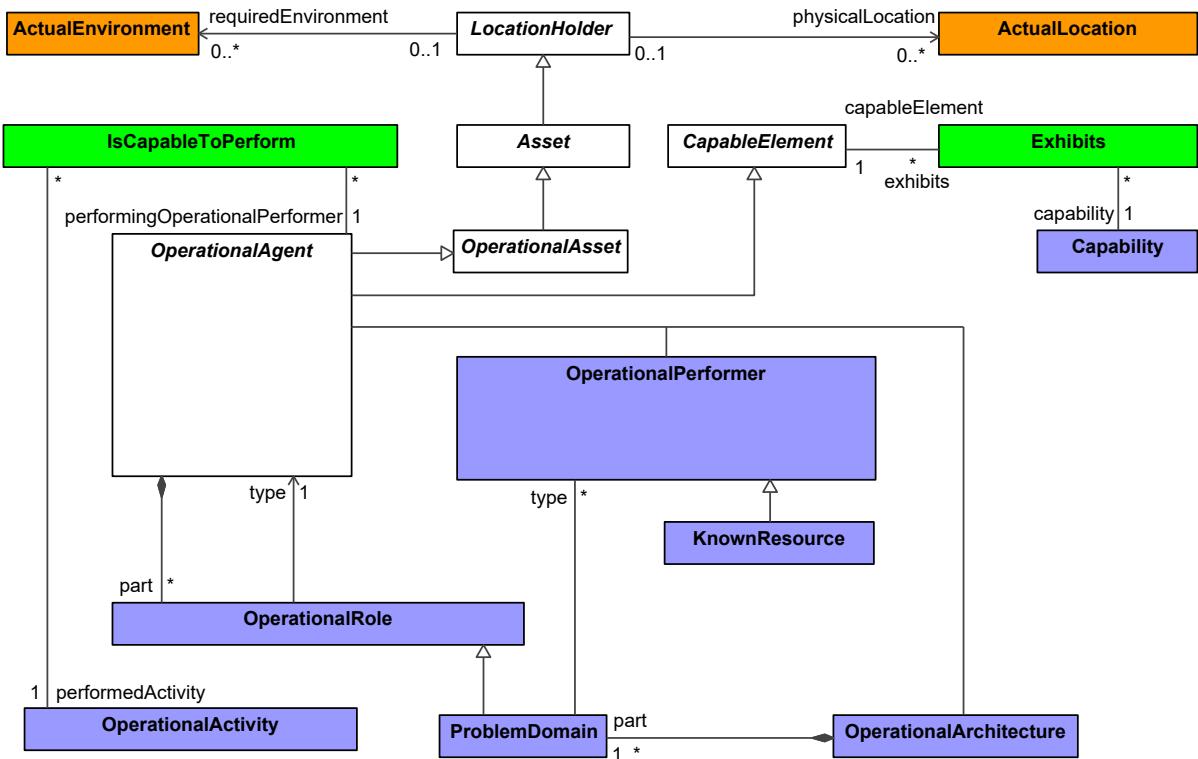


Figure 8:10 - Operational Structure

Elements

- [ActualEnvironment](#)
- [ActualLocation](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [KnownResource](#)
- [LocationHolder](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalArchitecture](#)
- [OperationalAsset](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [ProblemDomain](#)

View Specifications::Operational::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Connectivity Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Connectivity::Operational Connectivity

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Architects, Solution Providers.

Concerns: capture the interfaces between OperationalPerformers.

Definition: summarizes logical exchanges between OperationalPerformers of information, systems, personnel, energy etc. and the logical activities that produce and consume them. Measurements can optionally be included.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format.

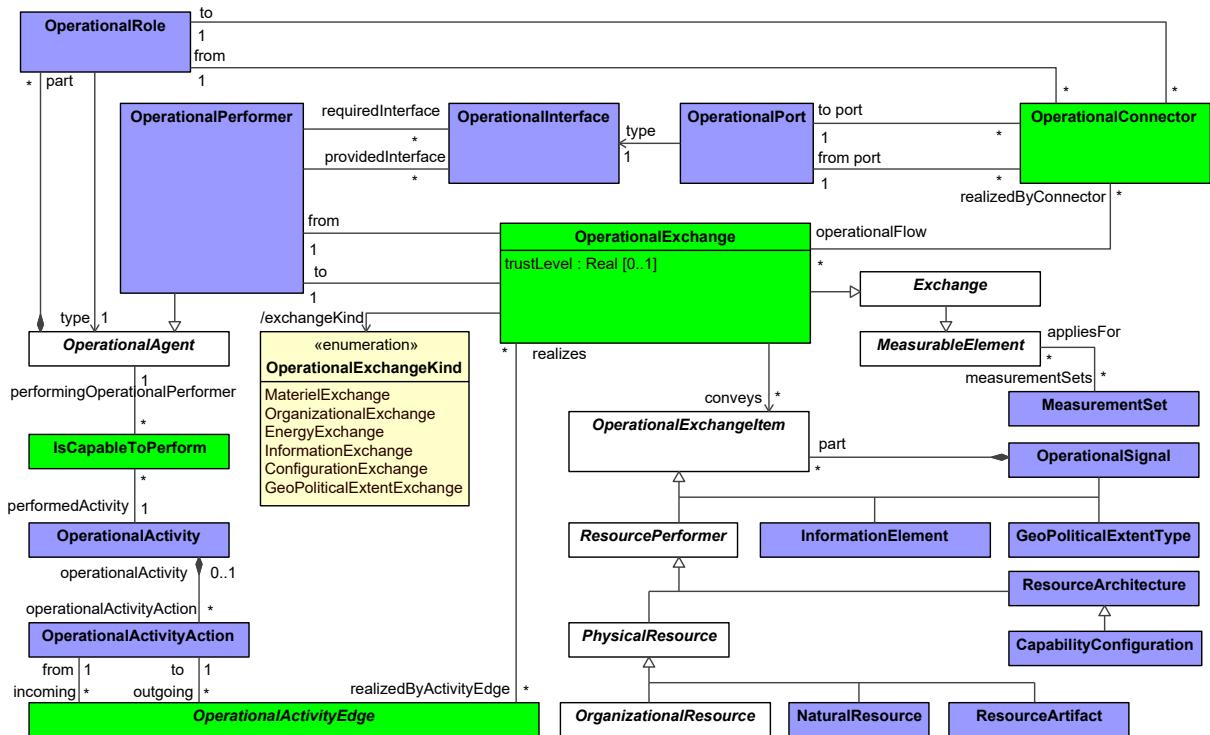


Figure 8:11 - Operational Connectivity

Elements

- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [Exchange](#)
- [GeoPoliticalExtentType](#)
- [InformationElement](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalActivityAction](#)
- [OperationalActivityEdge](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalConnector](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)
- [OperationalInterface](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalPort](#)

- [OperationalRole](#)
- [OperationalSignal](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)

View Specifications::Operational::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Processes Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Processes::Operational Processes

Stakeholders: Business Architect, Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects

Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows.

Definition: describes the activities that are normally conducted in the course of achieving business goals that support a capability. It describes operational activities, their Inputs/Outputs, operational activity actions and flows between them.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

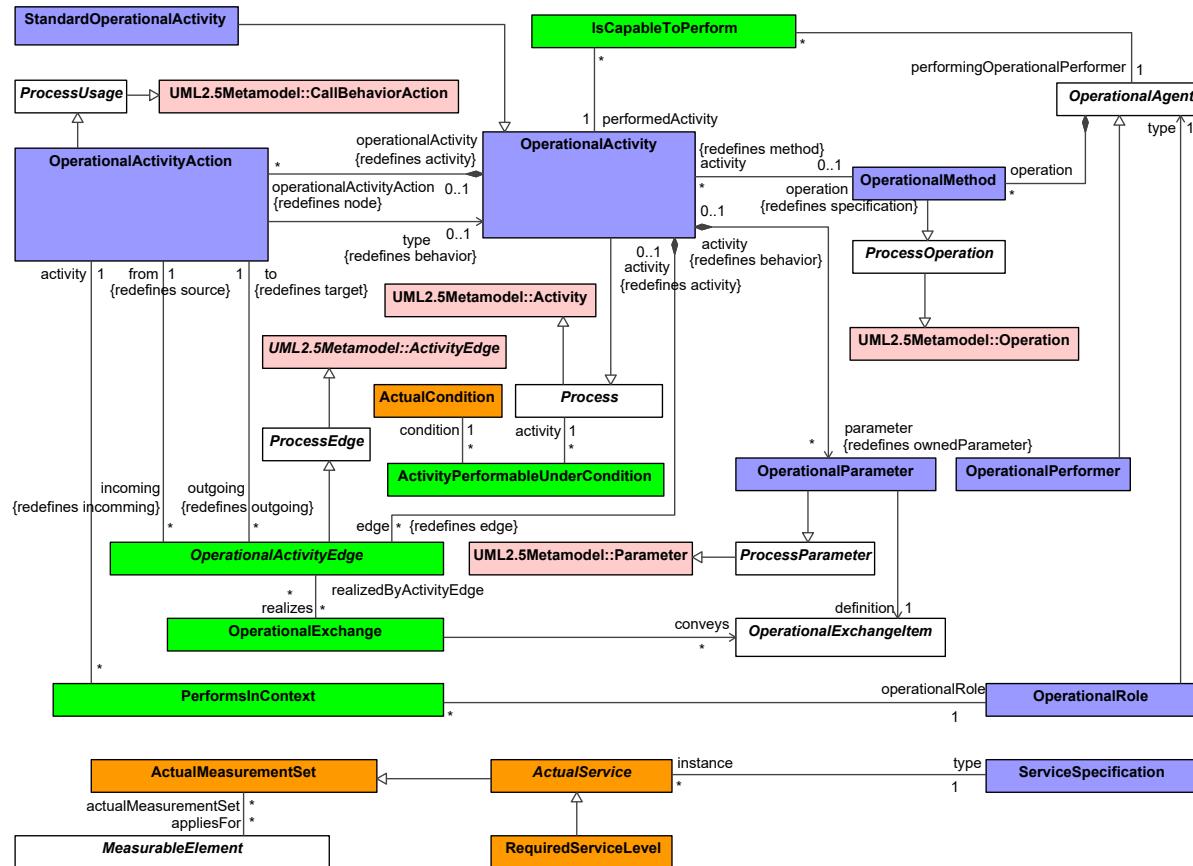


Figure 8:12 - Operational Processes

Elements

- [ActivityPerformableUnderCondition](#)
- [ActualCondition](#)
- [ActualMeasurementSet](#)
- [ActualService](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalActivityAction](#)
- [OperationalActivityEdge](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)
- [OperationalMethod](#)
- [OperationalParameter](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessOperation](#)
- [ProcessParameter](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [RequiredServiceLevel](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [StandardOperationalActivity](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Activity
- UML2.5Metamodel::ActivityEdge
- UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Operation
- UML2.5Metamodel::Parameter

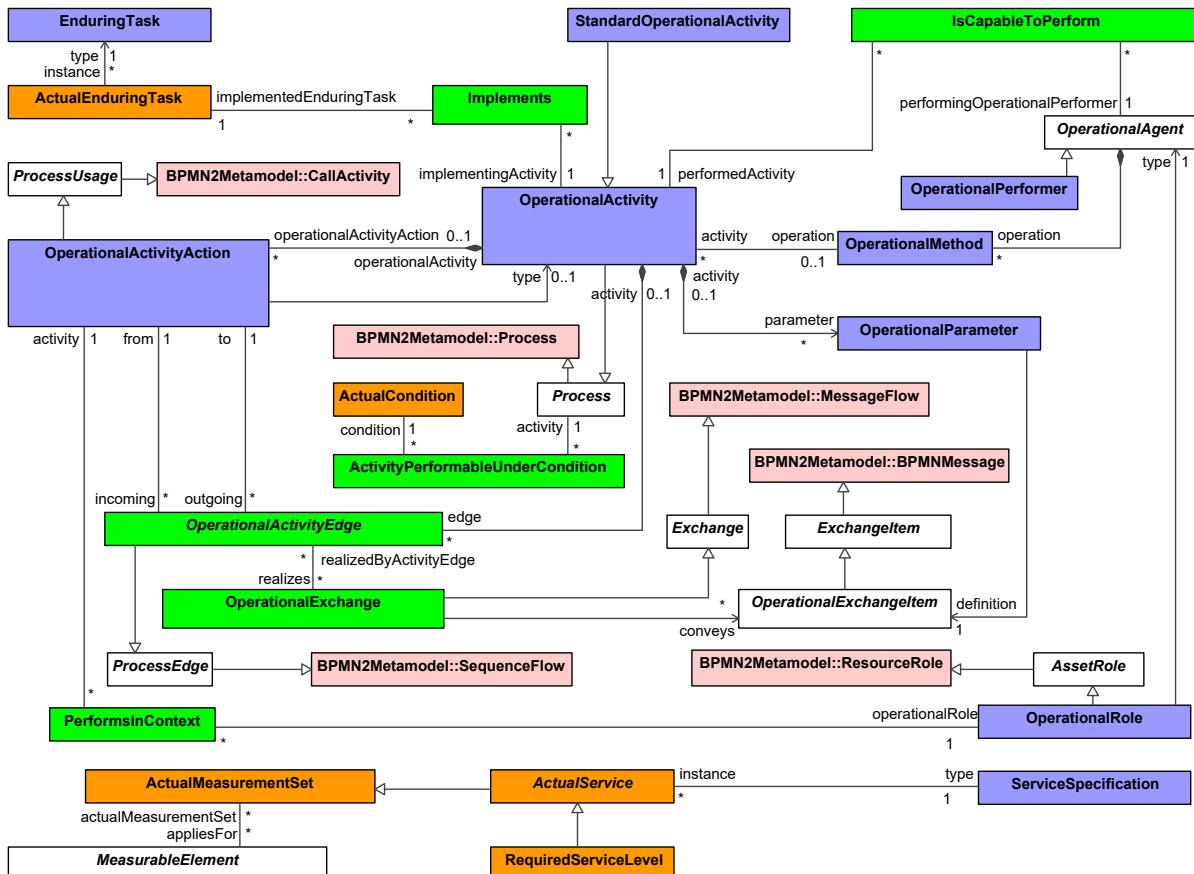
View Specifications::Operational::Processes::Operational Processes BPMN Semantics

Stakeholders: Business Architect, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows using BPMN notation.

Definition: describes the BPMN processes that are normally conducted in the course of achieving business goals that support a capability. It describes operational activities, their Inputs/Outputs, operational activity actions and flows between them using BPMN notation.

Recommended Implementation: BPMN Process Diagram.

**Figure 8:13 - Operational Processes BPMN Semantics**

Elements

- [ActivityPerformableUnderCondition](#)
- [ActualCondition](#)
- [ActualEnduringTask](#)
- [ActualMeasurementSet](#)
- [ActualService](#)
- [AssetRole](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::BPMNMessage](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::CallActivity](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::MessageFlow](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::Process](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::SequenceFlow](#)
- [EnduringTask](#)
- [Exchange](#)
- [ExchangeItem](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalActivityAction](#)
- [OperationalActivityEdge](#)

- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)
- [OperationalMethod](#)
- [OperationalParameter](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [RequiredServiceLevel](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [StandardOperationalActivity](#)

View Specifications::Operational::States

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational States Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::States::Operational States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers.

Concerns: capture state-based behavior of an operational OperationalPerformer.

Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of an operational OperationalPerformer and how that operational OperationalPerformer responds to various events and actions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram.

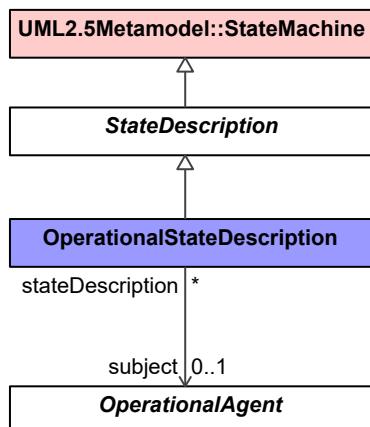


Figure 8:14 - Operational States

Elements

- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalStateDescription](#)
- [StateDescription](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::StateMachine

View Specifications::Operational::Interaction Scenarios

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Interaction Scenarios::Operational Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Business Architects.

Concerns: express a time ordered examination of the operational exchanges as a result of a particular operational scenario.

Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the operational exchanges between participating nodes (OperationalPerformer roles) as a result of a particular operational scenario.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram, BPMN Collaboration Diagram.

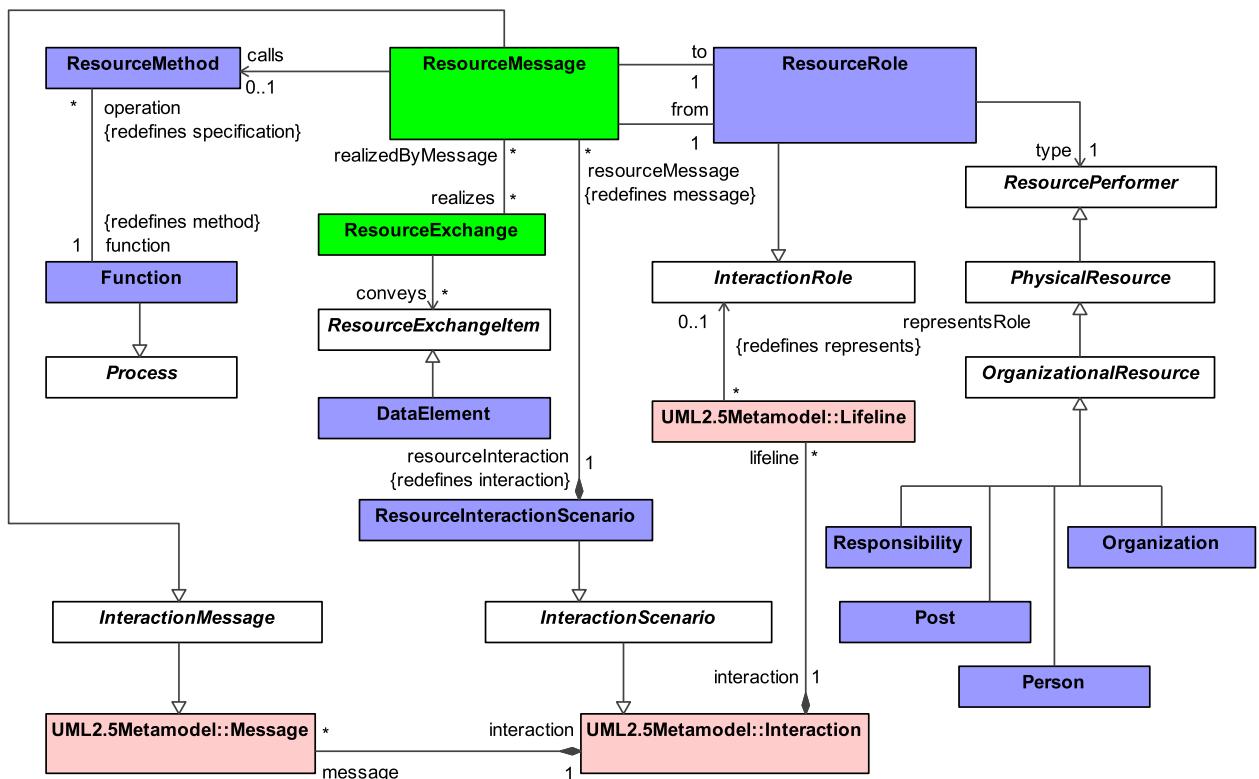


Figure 8:15 - Operational Interaction Scenarios

Elements

- [InteractionMessage](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [InteractionScenario](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalInteractionScenario](#)
- [OperationalMessage](#)
- [OperationalMethod](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Lifeline
- UML2.5Metamodel::Message

View Specifications::Operational::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Constraints Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Constraints::Operational Constraints

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Architects, Program Sponsors

Concerns: define operational limitations, constraints and performance parameters for the enterprise.

Definition: specifies traditional textual operational or business rules that are constraints on the way that business is done in the enterprise. The addition of SysML parametrics provides a computational means of defining operational constraints across the enterprise or within a specific operational context.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram.

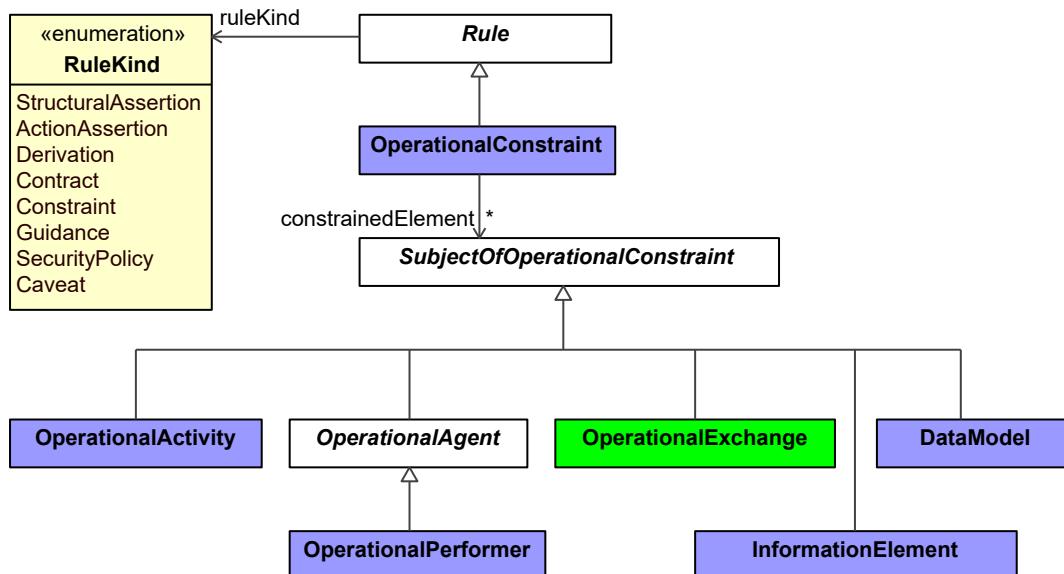


Figure 8:16 - Operational Constraints

Elements

- [DataModel](#)
- [InformationElement](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalConstraint](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [Rule](#)
- [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#)

View Specifications::Operational::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Operational Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Operational::Traceability::Operational Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Enterprise Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between capabilities and operational activities and capabilities and operational agents.

Definition: describes the mapping between the capabilities required by an Enterprise and the supporting operational

activities and operational agents.

Recommended Implementation: matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

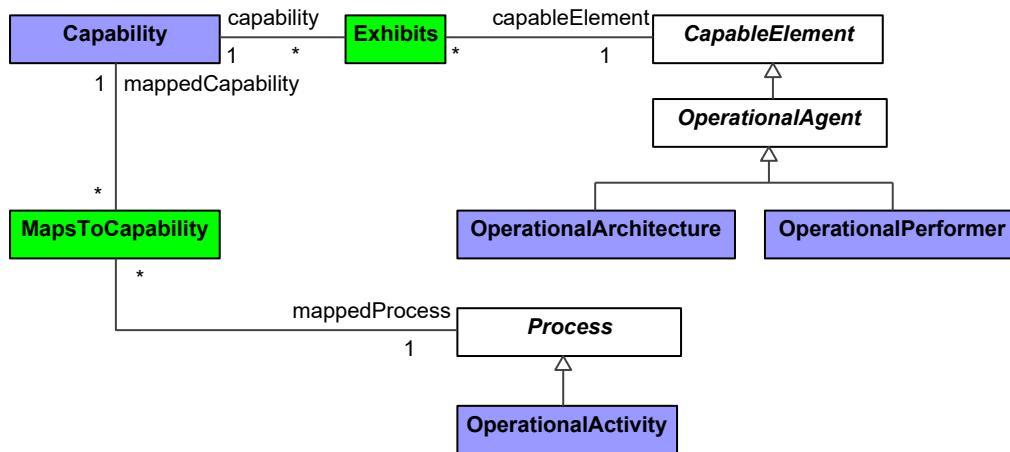


Figure 8:17 - Operational Traceability

Elements

- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [MapsToCapability](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalArchitecture](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [Process](#)

8.1.4 View Specifications::Services

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.
 Concerns: specifications of services required to exhibit a Capability.

Definition: shows Service Specifications and required and provided service levels of these specifications required to exhibit a Capability or to support an Operational Activity.

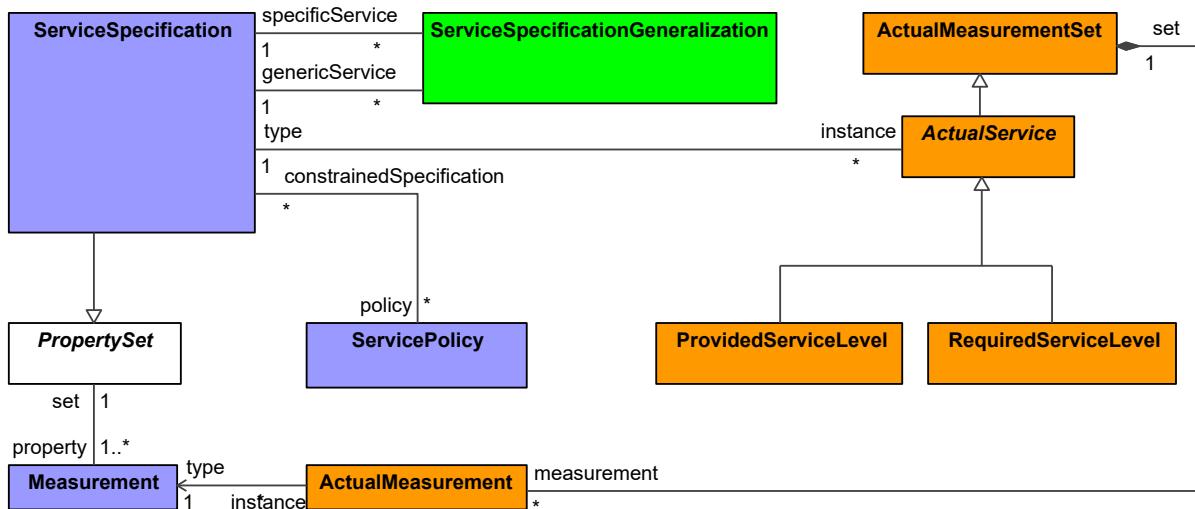
View Specifications::Services::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Taxonomy Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Services::Taxonomy::Services Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.
 Concerns: service specification types and required and provided service levels of these types.

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of services and the level of service that they are expected to provide or are required to meet through the display of ActualMeasurements associated with the Provided and Required Service Level.
 Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:18 - Services Taxonomy****Elements**

- [ActualMeasurement](#)
- [ActualMeasurementSet](#)
- [ActualService](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [ProvidedServiceLevel](#)
- [RequiredServiceLevel](#)
- [ServicePolicy](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceSpecificationGeneralization](#)

View Specifications::Services::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Services::Structure::Services Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: combination of services required to exhibit a capability.

Definition: shows the composition of services and how services are combined into a higher level service required to exhibit a capability or support an operational activity.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

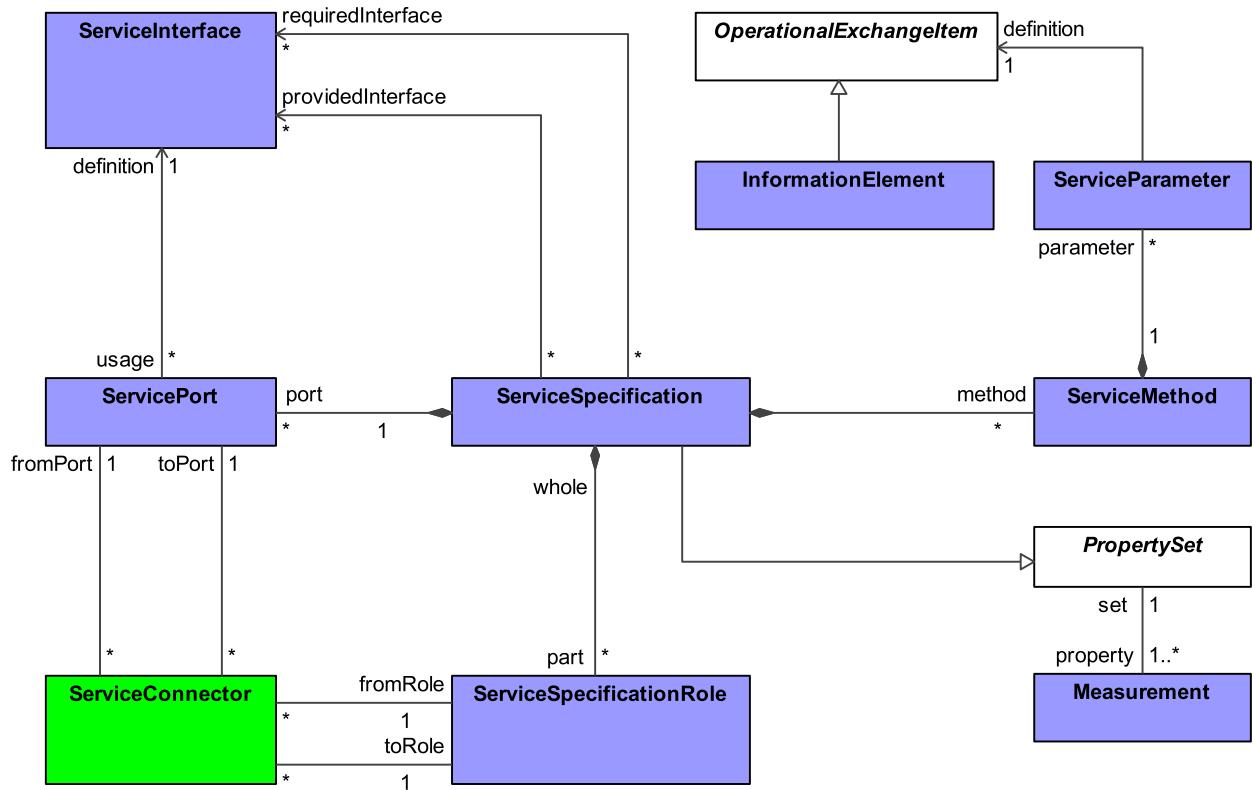


Figure 8:19 - Services Structure

Elements

- [InformationElement](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [ServiceConnector](#)
- [ServiceInterface](#)
- [ServiceMethod](#)
- [ServiceParameter](#)
- [ServicePort](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceSpecificationRole](#)

View Specifications::Services::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Connectivity Viewpoint.

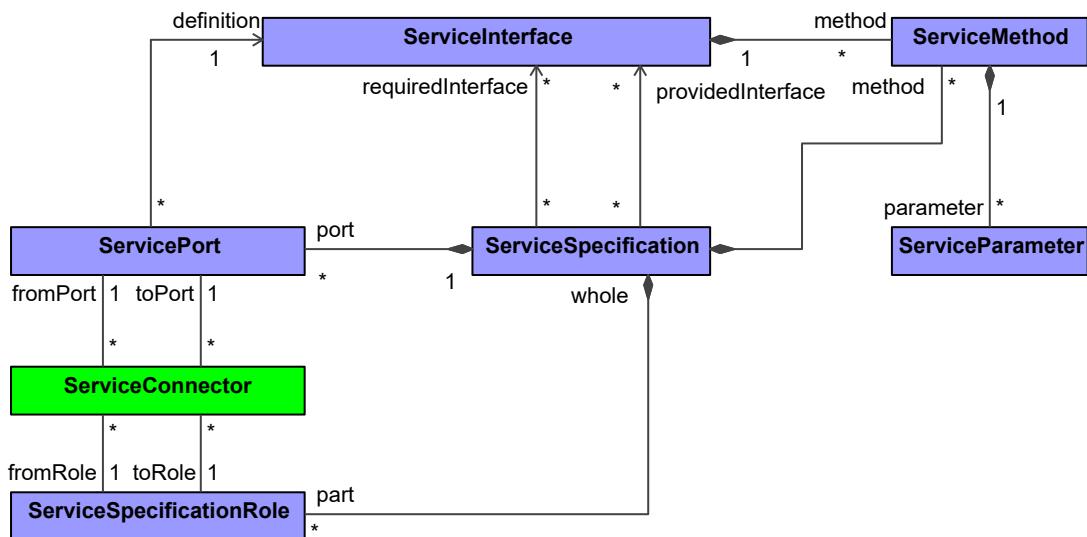
View Specifications::Services::Connectivity::Services Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: interoperability among services

Definition: specifies service interfaces, e.g., provided and required service operations, to ensure compatibility and reusability of services.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format.

**Figure 8:20 - Services Connectivity****Elements**

- [ServiceConnector](#)
- [ServiceInterface](#)
- [ServiceMethod](#)
- [ServiceParameter](#)
- [ServicePort](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceSpecificationRole](#)

View Specifications::Services::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Processes Viewpoint.

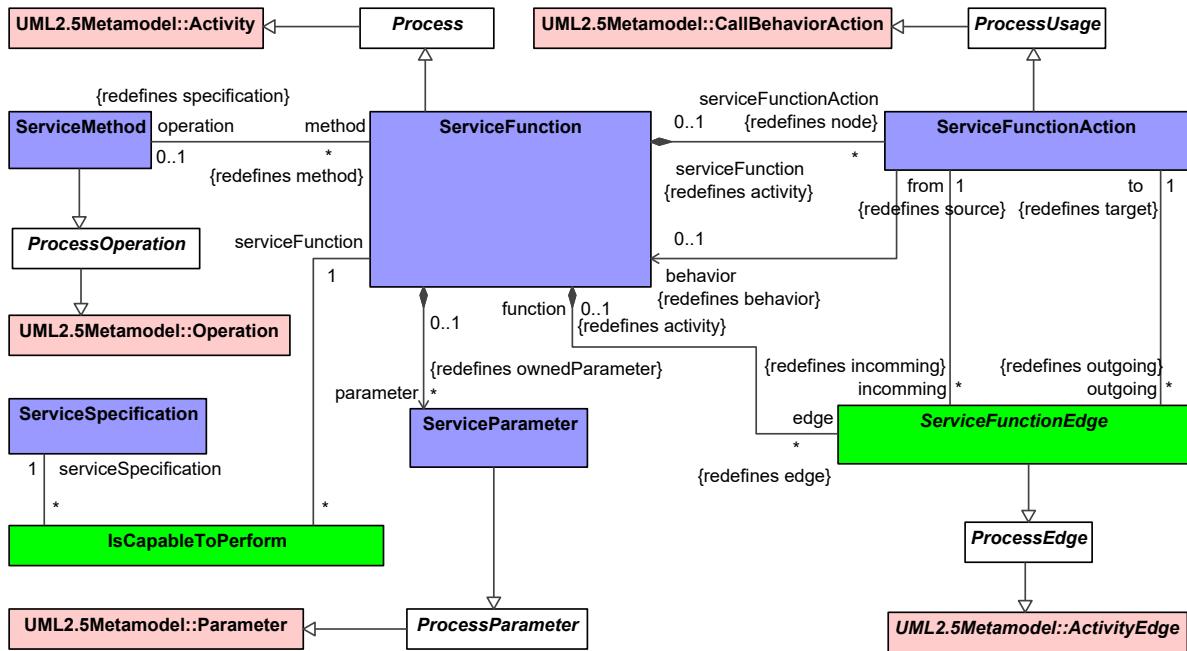
View Specifications::Services::Processes::Services Processes

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: the behavior of a service in terms of the operational activities it is expected to support.

Definition: provides detailed information regarding the allocation of service functions to service specifications, and data flows between service functions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:21 - Services Processes****Elements**

- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessOperation](#)
- [ProcessParameter](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [ServiceFunction](#)
- [ServiceFunctionAction](#)
- [ServiceFunctionEdge](#)
- [ServiceMethod](#)
- [ServiceParameter](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Activity
- UML2.5Metamodel::ActivityEdge
- UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Operation
- UML2.5Metamodel::Parameter

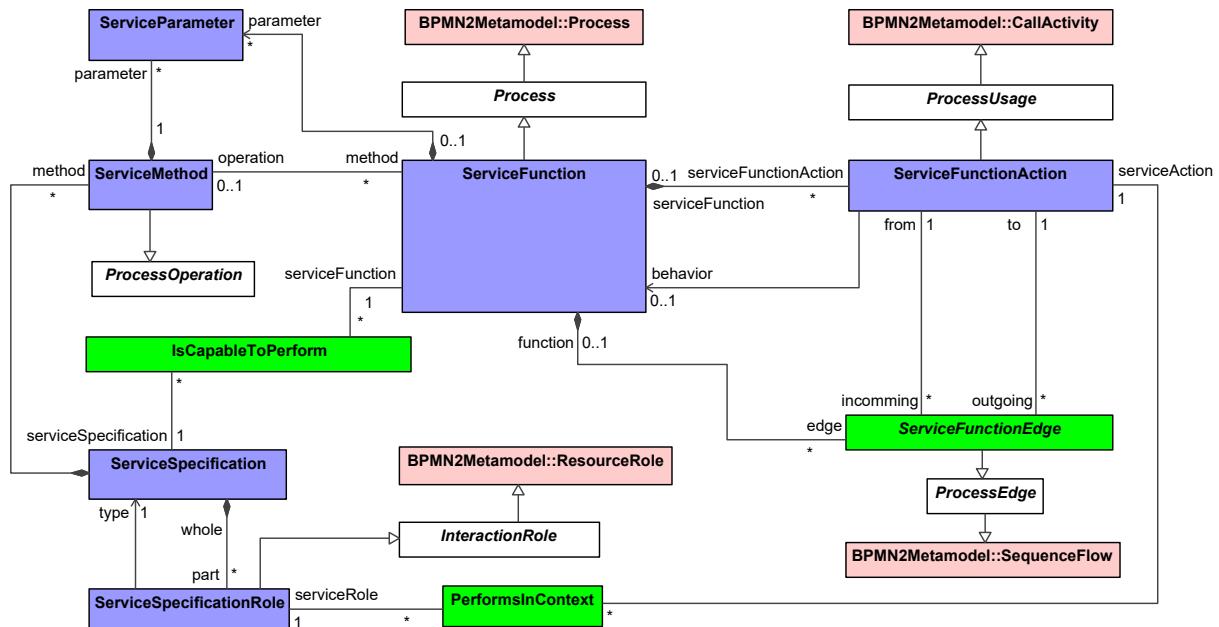
View Specifications::Services::Processes::Services Processes BPMN Semantics

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: the behavior of a service in terms of the operational activities it is expected to support.

Definition: provides detailed information regarding the allocation of service functions to service specifications, and data flows between service functions using BPMN.

Recommended Implementation: BPMN Process Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:22 - Services Processes BPMN Semantics****Elements**

- [BPMN2Metamodel::CallActivity](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::Process](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::SequenceFlow](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessOperation](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [ServiceFunction](#)
- [ServiceFunctionAction](#)
- [ServiceFunctionEdge](#)
- [ServiceMethod](#)
- [ServiceParameter](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceSpecificationRole](#)

View Specifications::Services::States

Contains the diagrams that document the Services States Viewpoint.

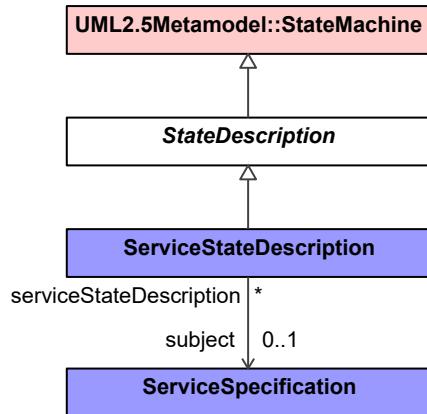
View Specifications::Services::States::Services States

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: the behavior of a service specification in terms of states and events causing transitions between states.

Definition: specifies the possible states a service specification may have, and the possible transitions between those states.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram.

**Figure 8:23 - Services States**

Elements

- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceStateDescription](#)
- [StateDescription](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::StateMachine

View Specifications::Services::Interaction Scenarios

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

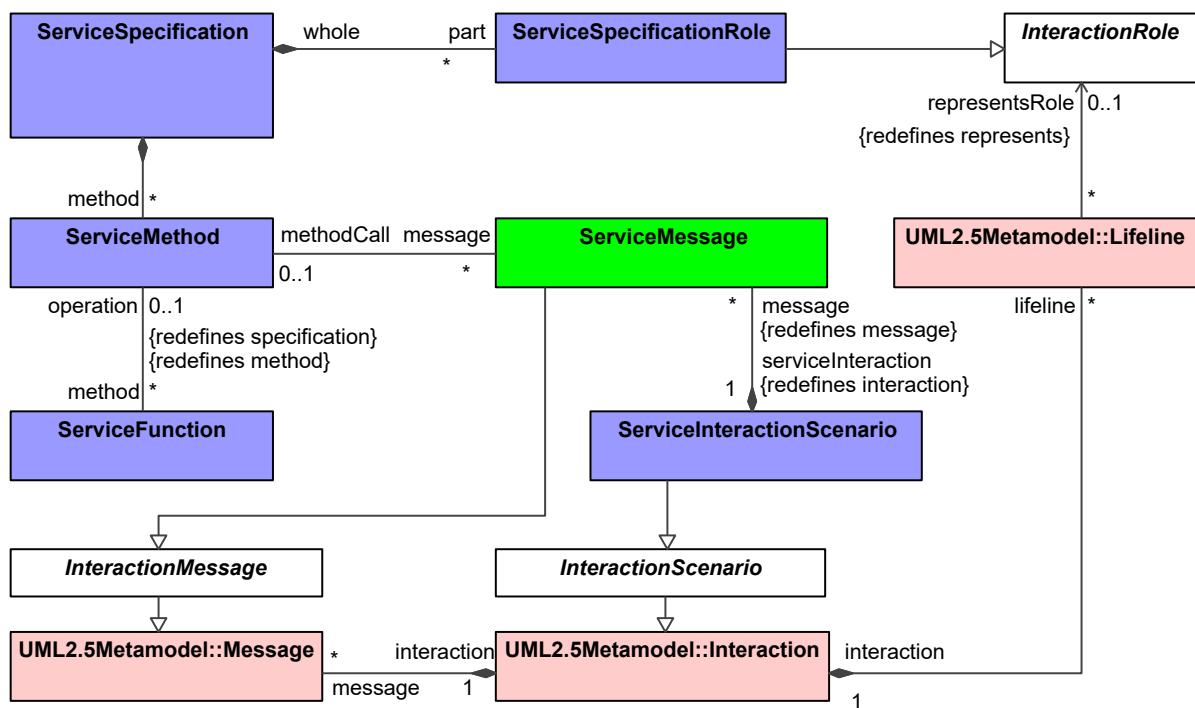
View Specifications::Services::Interaction Scenarios::Services Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: the behavior of a service specification in terms of expected time-ordered examination of the interactions between service roles.

Definition: specifies how a service roles interact with each other, service providers and consumers, and the sequence and dependencies of those interactions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram.

**Figure 8:24 - Services Interaction Scenarios**

Elements

- [InteractionMessage](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [InteractionScenario](#)
- [ServiceFunction](#)
- [ServiceInteractionScenario](#)
- [ServiceMessage](#)
- [ServiceMethod](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)
- [ServiceSpecificationRole](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Lifeline
- UML2.5Metamodel::Message

View Specifications::Services::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Constraints Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Services::Constraints::Services Constraints

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: service policies that apply to implementations of service specifications.

Definition: specifies traditional textual service policies that are constraints on the way that service specifications are implemented within resources. The addition of SysML parametrics provide a computational means of defining service policies across the enterprise or within a specific service configuration.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Parametric Diagram.

**Figure 8:25 - Services Constraints****Elements**

- [Rule](#)
- [ServicePolicy](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)

View Specifications::Services::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Roadmap Viewpoint.

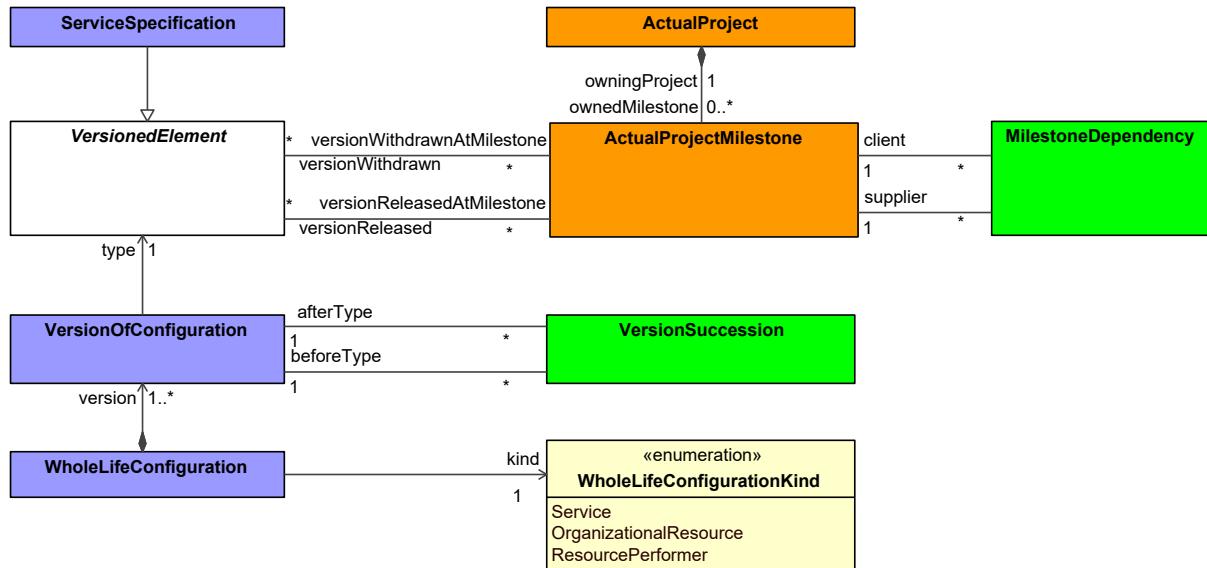
View Specifications::Services::Roadmap::Services Roadmap

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: service specification changes over time.

Definition: provides an overview of how a service specification changes over time. It shows the combination of several service specifications mapped against a timeline.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

**Figure 8:26 - Services Roadmap****Elements**

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [MilestoneDependency](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)

- [VersionedElement](#)
- [VersionOfConfiguration](#)
- [VersionSuccession](#)
- [WholeLifeConfiguration](#)

View Specifications::Services::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Services Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Services::Traceability::Services Traceability

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between operational activities and service specifications that support them.

Definition: depicts the mapping of service specifications to operational activities and how service specifications contribute to the achievement of a capability.

Recommended Implementation: tabular or matrix format.

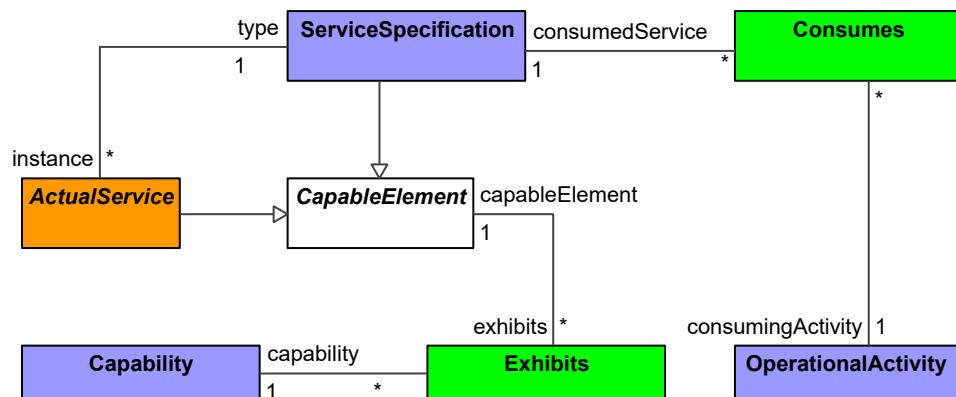


Figure 8:27 - Services Traceability

Elements

- [ActualService](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Consumes](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [ServiceSpecification](#)

8.1.5 View Specifications::Personnel

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs.

Concerns: human factors.

Definition: aims to clarify the role of Human Factors (HF) when creating architectures in order to facilitate both Human Factors Integration (HFI) and systems engineering (SE).

View Specifications::Personnel::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Taxonomy Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Taxonomy::Personnel Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs.
 Concerns: organizational resource types.
 Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of organizational resources.
 Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

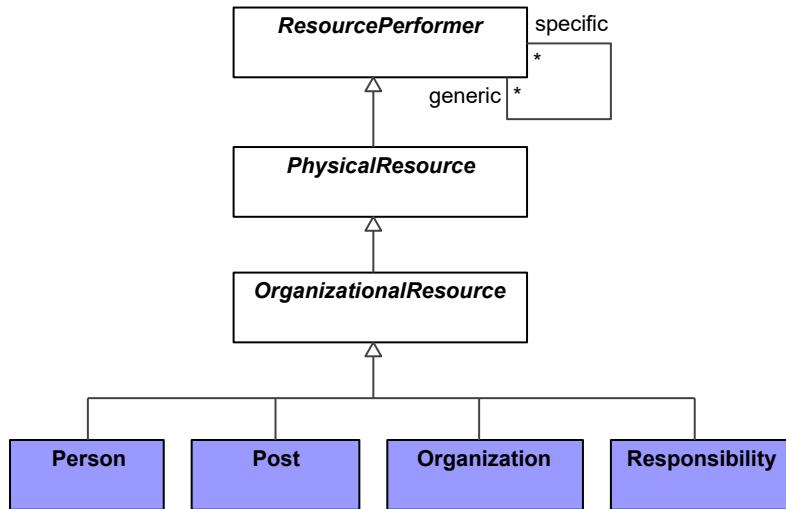


Figure 8:28 - Personnel Taxonomy

Elements

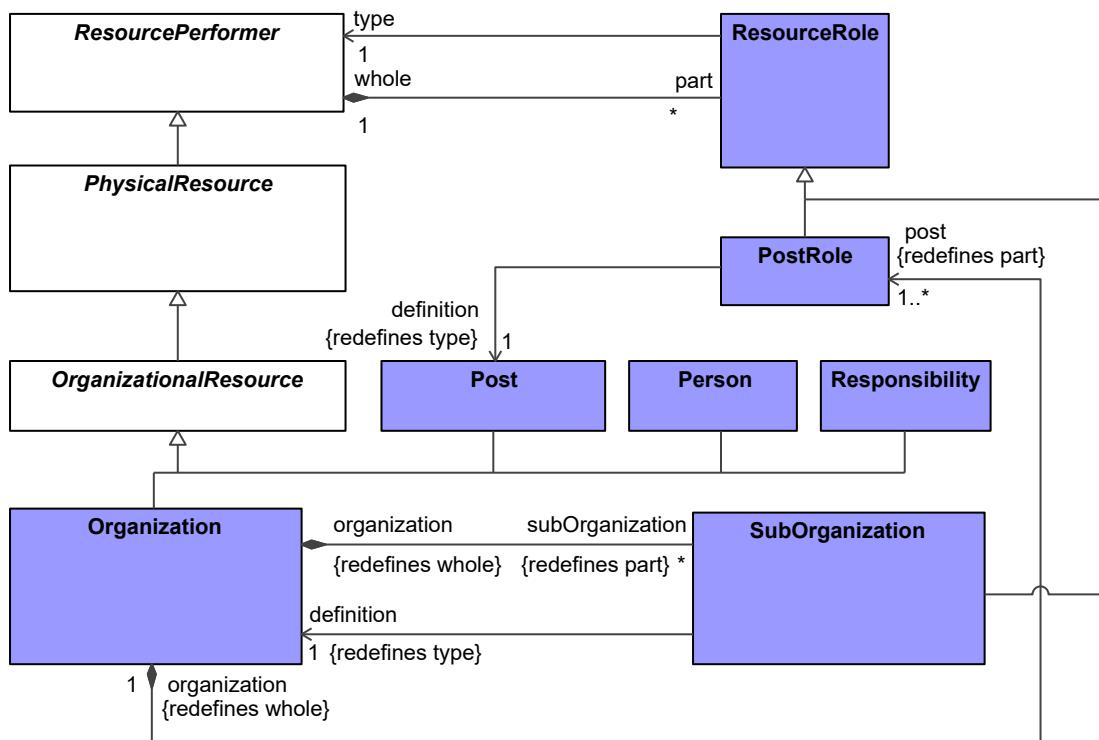
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Responsibility](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Structure::Personnel Structure

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs.
 Concerns: typical organizational structure used to support a capability(ies).
 Definition: shows organizational structures and possible interactions between organizational resources.
 Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

**Figure 8:29 - Personnel Structure****Elements**

- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [PostRole](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [SubOrganization](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Connectivity Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Connectivity::Personnel Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution providers.

Concerns: interaction of organizational resources.

Definition: captures the possible interactions between organizational resources, including command and control relationships. Interactions typically illustrate the fundamental roles and management responsibilities.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format.

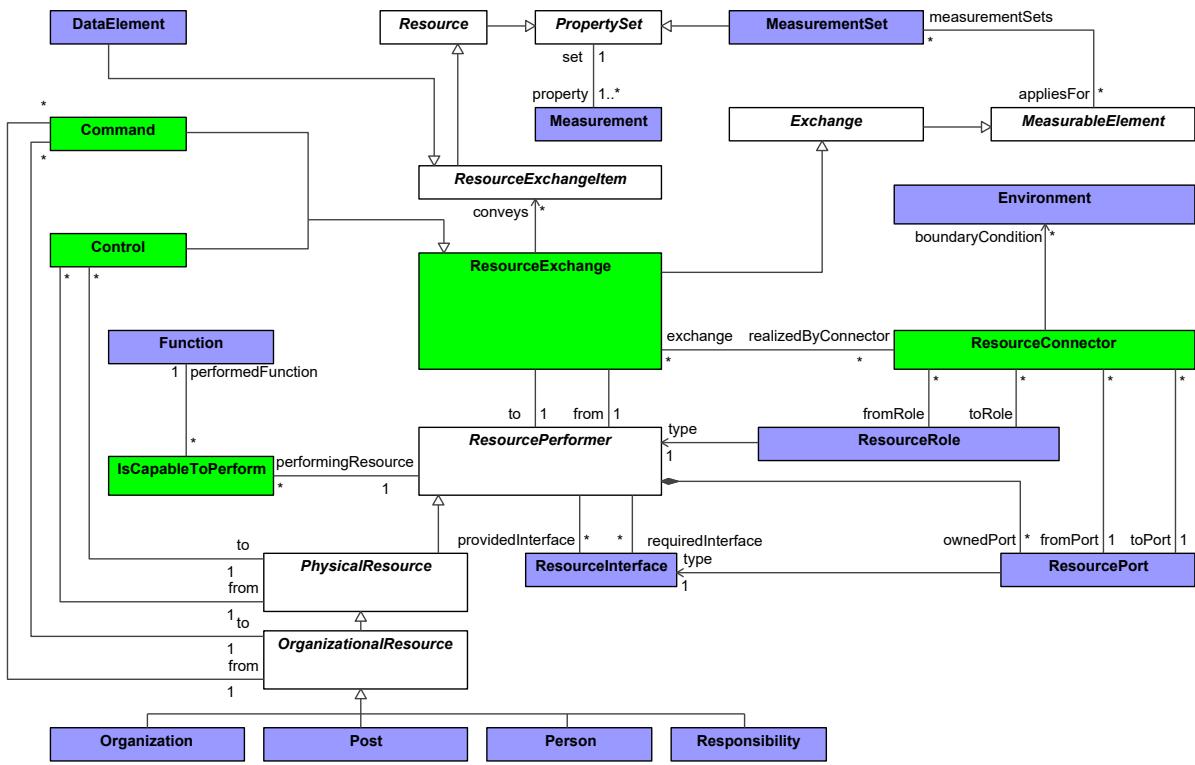


Figure 8:30 - Personnel Connectivity

Elements

- [Command](#)
- [Control](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [Environment](#)
- [Exchange](#)
- [Function](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [Resource](#)
- [ResourceConnector](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceInterface](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourcePort](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)

- [Responsibility](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Processes Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Processes::Personnel Processes

Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers.

Concerns: functions that have to be carried out by organizational resources.

Definition: specifies organizational resource functions in relation to resource definitions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram, BPMN Process Diagram as described in the Resources Processes section.

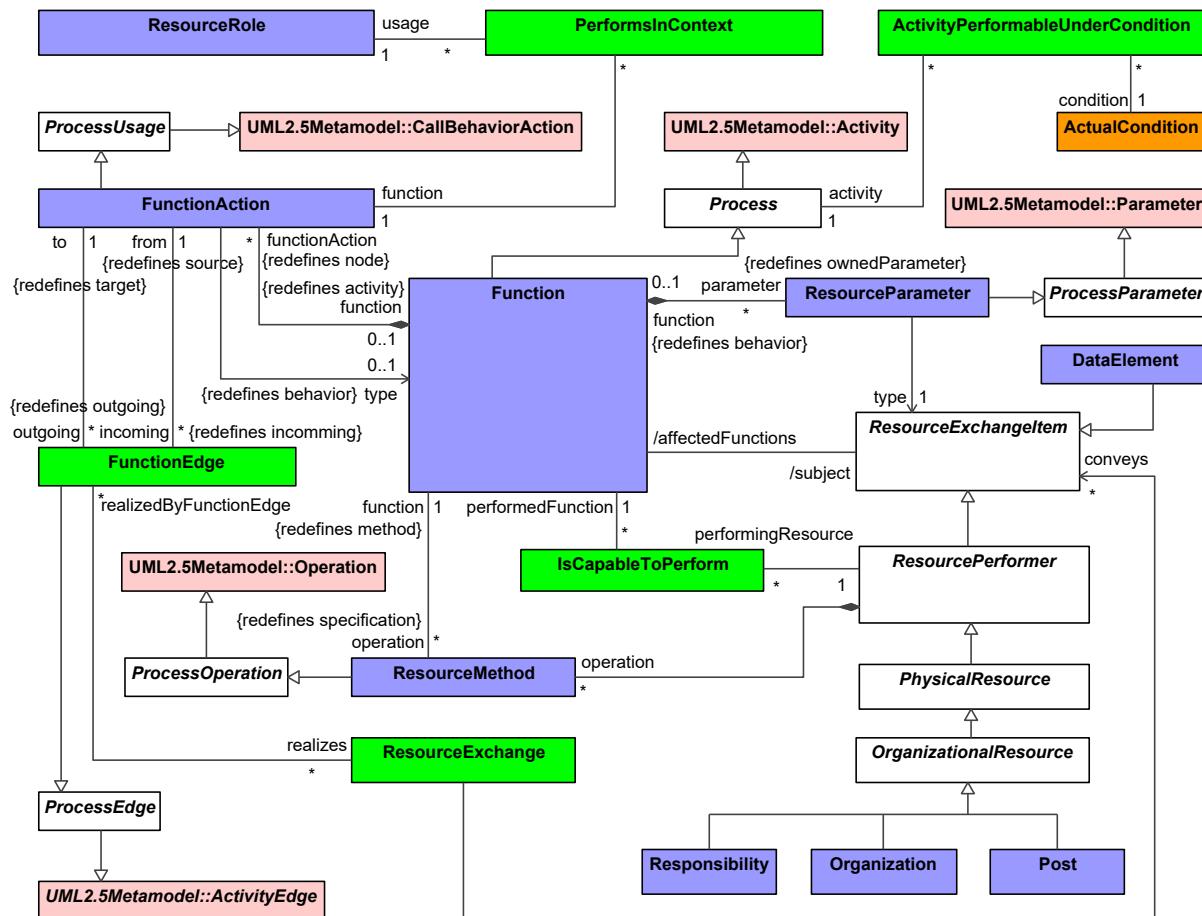


Figure 8:31 - Personnel Processes

Elements

- [ActivityPerformableUnderCondition](#)
- [ActualCondition](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [Function](#)
- [FunctionAction](#)
- [FunctionEdge](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [Organization](#)

- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessOperation](#)
- [ProcessParameter](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceMethod](#)
- [ResourceParameter](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Activity
- UML2.5Metamodel::ActivityEdge
- UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Operation
- UML2.5Metamodel::Parameter

View Specifications::Personnel::States

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel States Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::States::Personnel States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers.

Concerns: capture state-based behavior of an organizational resource.

Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of an organizational resource and how that organizational resource responds to various events and actions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram.

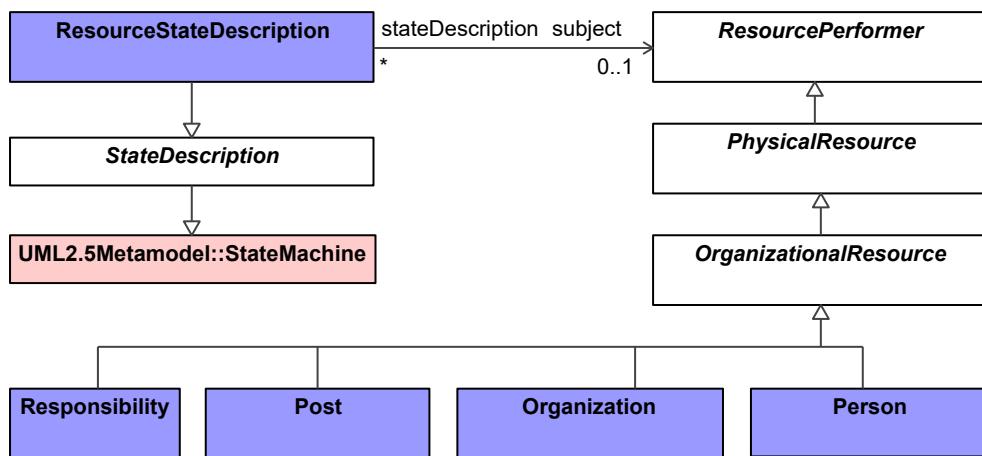


Figure 8:32 - Personnel States

Elements

- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceStateDescription](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [StateDescription](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::StateMachine

View Specifications::Personnel::Interaction Scenarios

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Interaction Scenarios::Personnel Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Software Engineers, Systems Engineers.

Concerns: interactions between organizational resources (roles).

Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the interactions between organizational resources.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram, BPMN Collaboration Diagram.

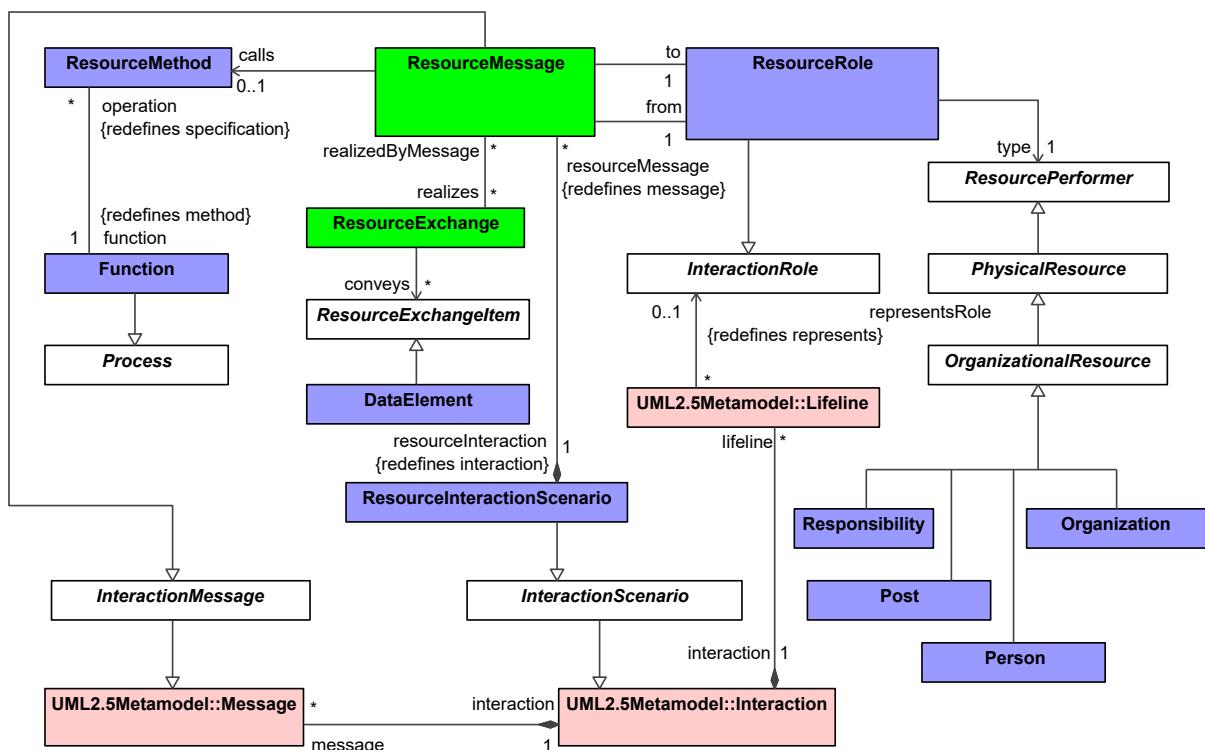


Figure 8:33 - Personnel Interaction Scenarios

Elements

- [DataElement](#)
- [Function](#)
- [InteractionMessage](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [InteractionScenario](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceInteractionScenario](#)
- [ResourceMessage](#)
- [ResourceMethod](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction
- UML2.5Metamodel::Lifeline
- UML2.5Metamodel::Message

View Specifications::Personnel::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Constraints Viewpoint.

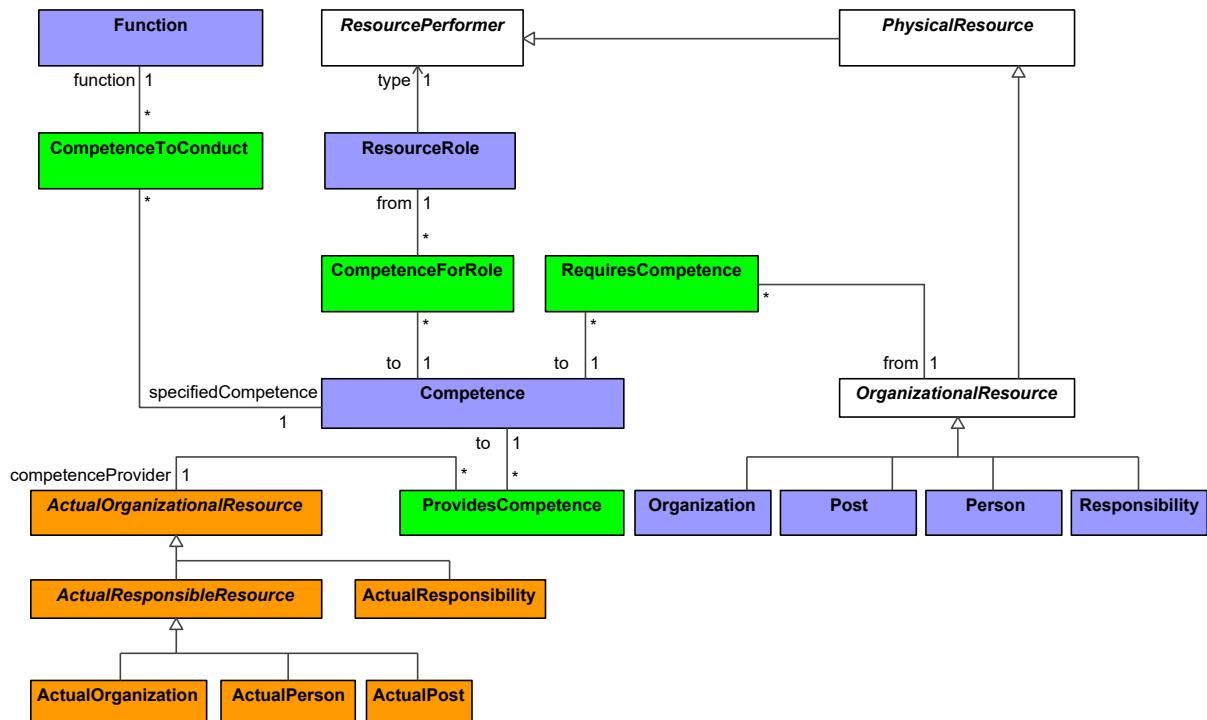
View Specifications::Personnel::Constraints::Personnel Constraints: Competence

Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers.

Concerns: allocation of competencies to actual posts.

Definition: specifies requirements for actual organizational resources – by linking competencies and actual posts.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:34 - Personnel Constraints: Competence****Elements**

- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualResponsibility](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [Competence](#)
- [CompetenceForRole](#)
- [CompetenceToConduct](#)
- [Function](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ProvidesCompetence](#)
- [RequiresCompetence](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Responsibility](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Constraints::Personnel Constraints: Drivers

Stakeholders: Systems engineers, Solution providers, Human resources.

Concerns: optimization of organizational resource behavior.

Definition: captures the factors that affect, constrain and characterize organizational resource behavior as the basis for

performance predictions at the level of actual persons and actual organizations. It creates a bridge between static architectural definitions and behavior predictions through executable models.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Parametric Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

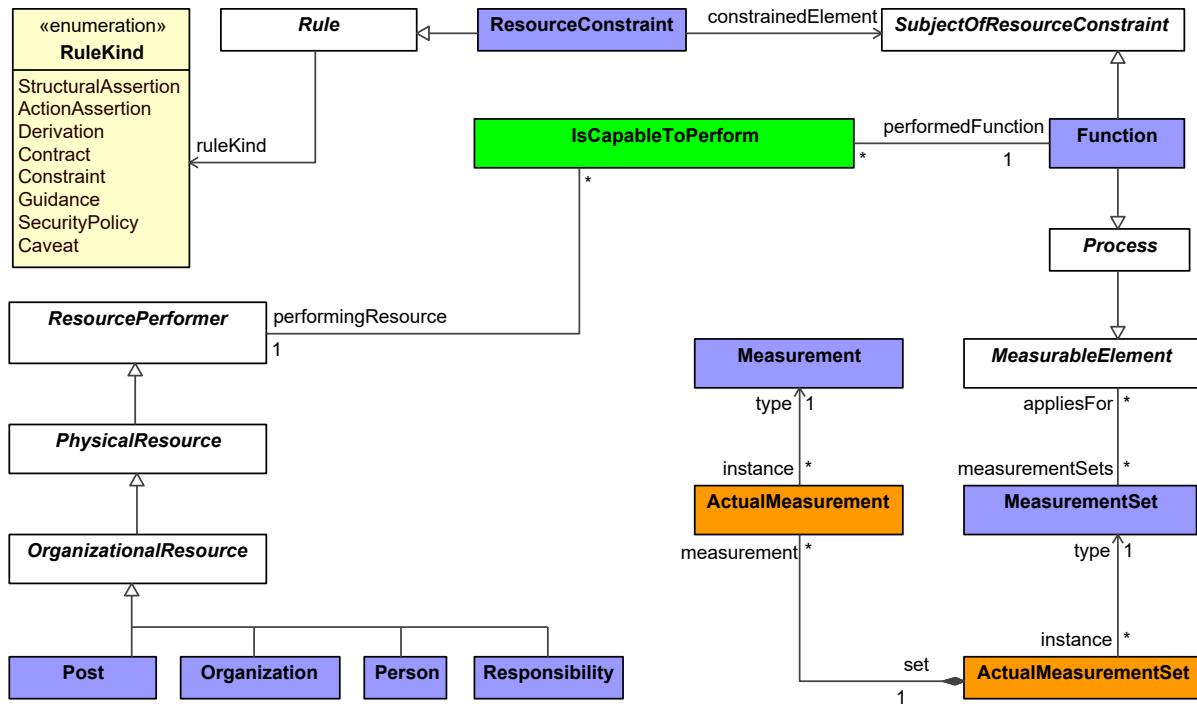


Figure 8:35 - Personnel Constraints: Drivers

Elements

- [ActualMeasurement](#)
- [ActualMeasurementSet](#)
- [Function](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ResourceConstraint](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [Rule](#)
- [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Constraints::Personnel Constraints: Performance

Stakeholders: Human resources, solution providers.

Concerns: how well an actual organizational resource matches the needs of the actual organization.

Definition: provides a repository for human-related measures (i.e., quality objectives and performance criteria (HFI values)), targets and competences.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

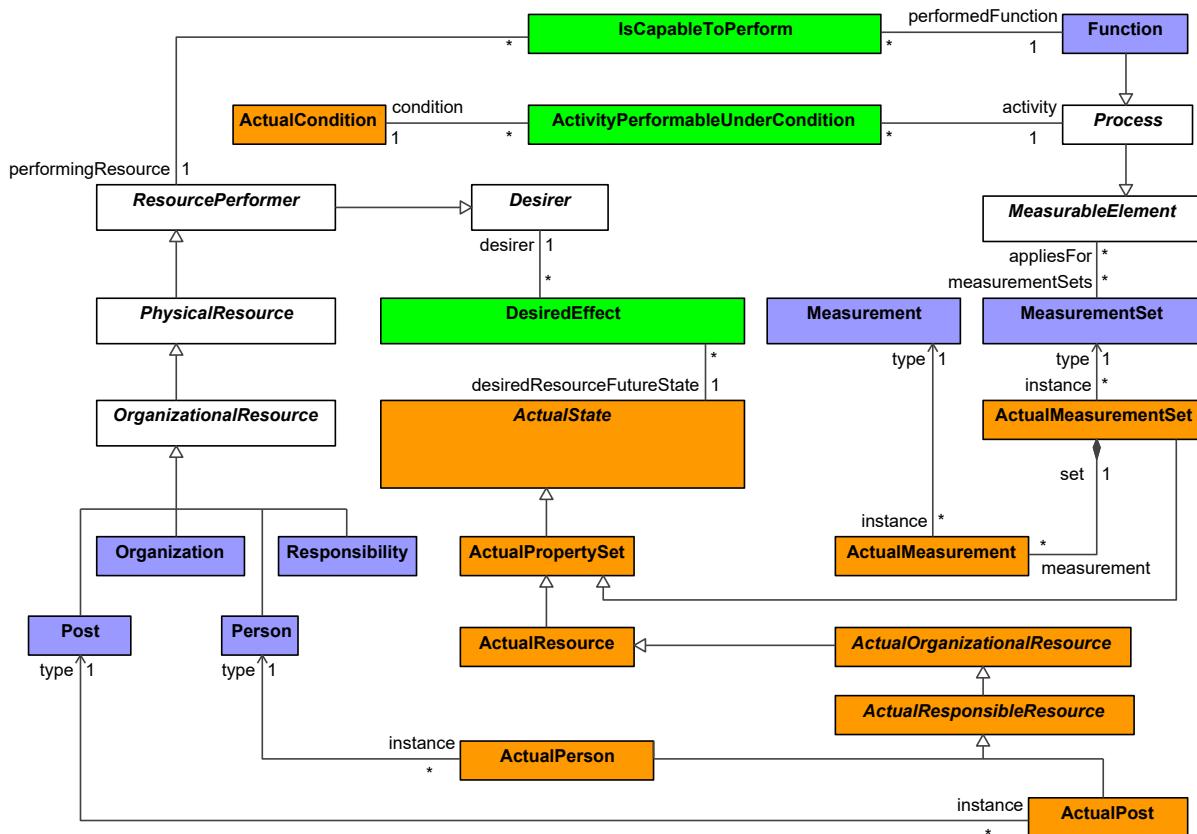


Figure 8:36 - Personnel Constraints: Performance

Elements

- ActivityPerformableUnderCondition
 - ActualCondition
 - ActualMeasurement
 - ActualMeasurementSet
 - ActualOrganizationalResource
 - ActualPerson
 - ActualPost
 - ActualPropertySet
 - ActualResource
 - ActualResponsibleResource
 - ActualState
 - DesiredEffect
 - Desirer
 - Function
 - IsCapableToPerform
 - MeasurableElement
 - Measurement
 - MeasurementSet

- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
 - [Post](#)
 - [Process](#)
 - [ResourcePerformer](#)
 - [Responsibility](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Roadmap Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Roadmap::Personnel Roadmap: Availability

Stakeholders: Human Resources, Training, Logisticians, Solution Providers.

Concerns: the staffing and training of resources.

Definition: defines the requirements and functions to ensure that actual persons with the right competencies, and in the right numbers, are available to fulfill actual posts.

Recommended Implementation: Timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

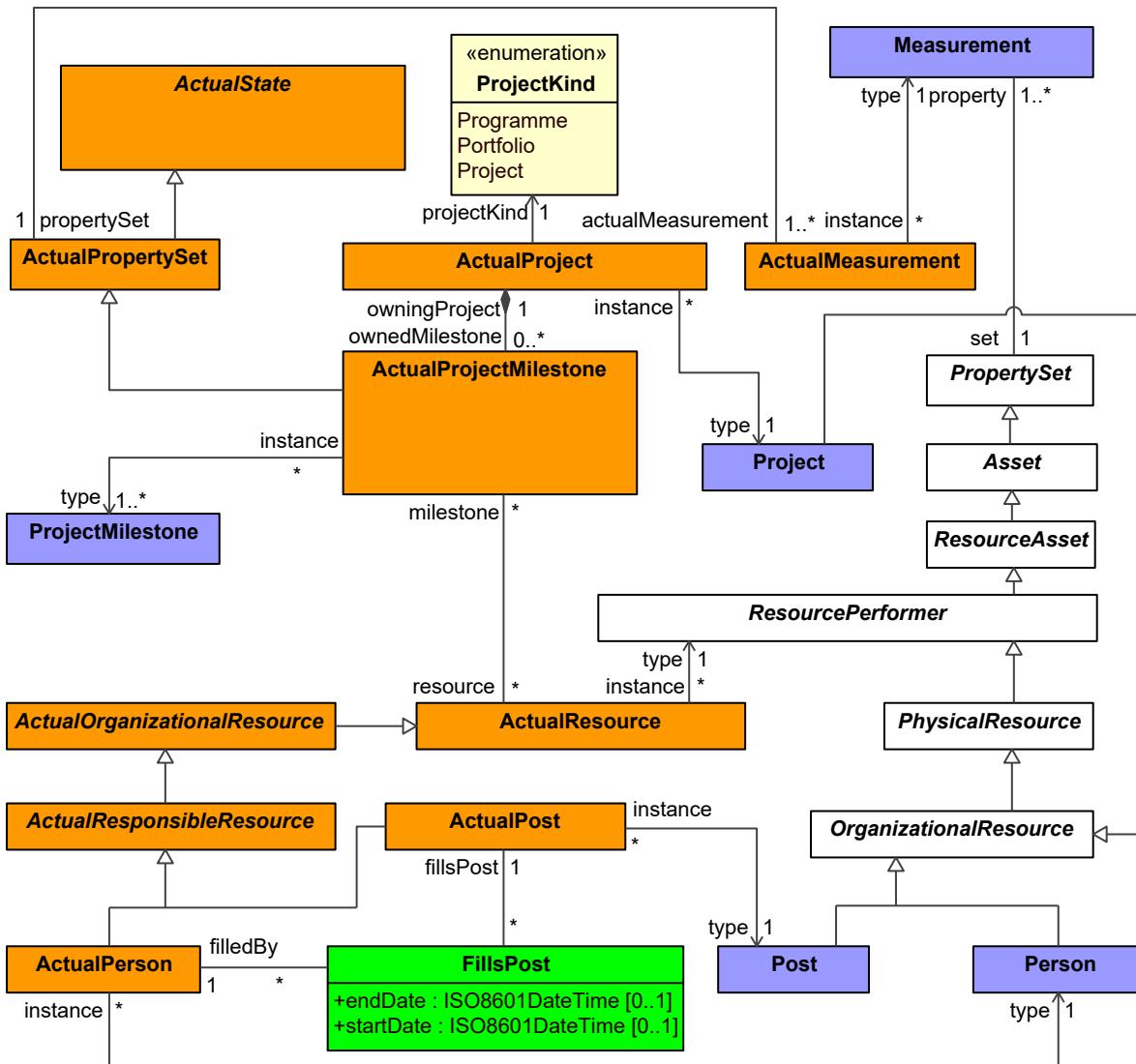


Figure 8:37 - Personnel Roadmap: Availability

Elements

- [ActualMeasurement](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [FillsPost](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)

- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ProjectMilestone](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Roadmap::Personnel Roadmap: Evolution

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers.

Concerns: organizational structure changes over time.

Definition: provides an overview of how an organizational structure changes over time. It shows the structure of several organizational structures mapped against a timeline.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

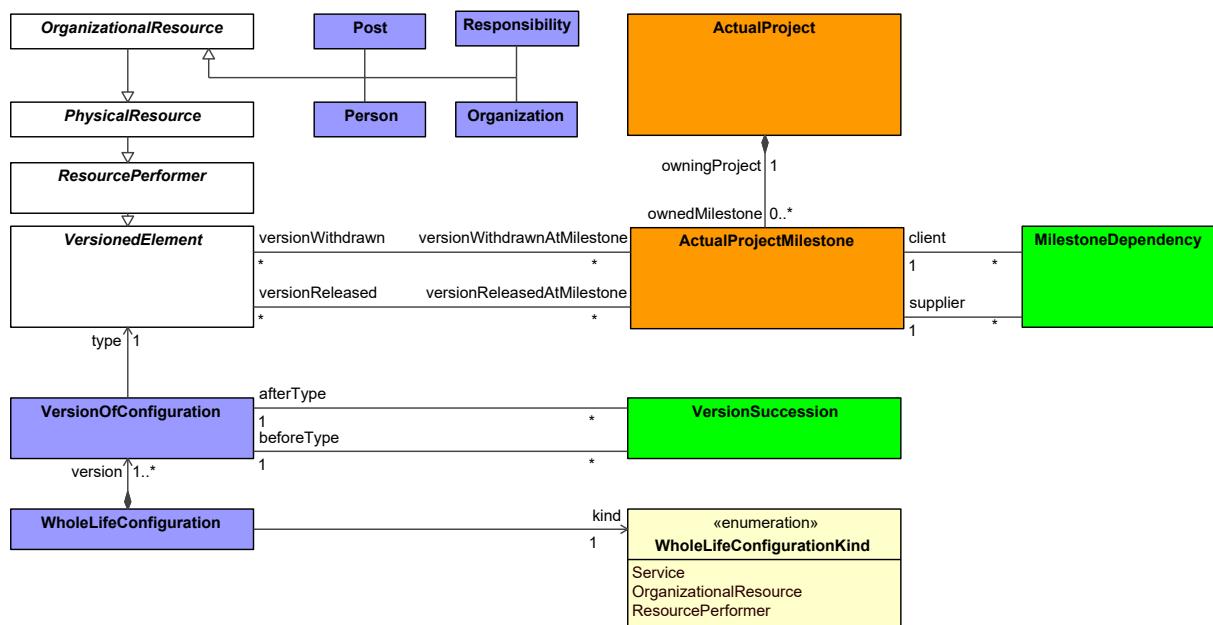


Figure 8:38 - Personnel Roadmap: Evolution

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [MilestoneDependency](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [VersionedElement](#)
- [VersionOfConfiguration](#)
- [VersionSuccession](#)

- [WholeLifeConfiguration](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Roadmap::Personnel Roadmap: Forecast

Stakeholders: Human resources, Logisticians, Solution Providers.

Concerns: competencies and skills forecast.

Definition: defines the underlying current and expected supporting competencies and skills of organizational resources.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

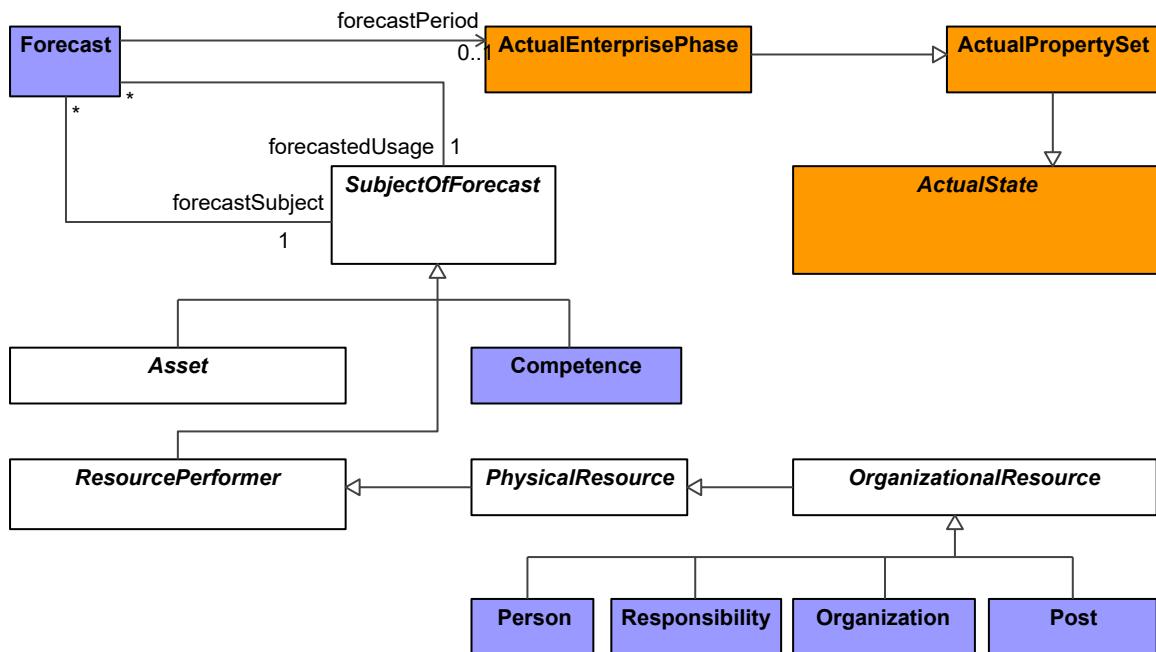


Figure 8:39 - Personnel Roadmap: Forecast

Elements

- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [Competence](#)
- [Forecast](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [SubjectOfForecast](#)

View Specifications::Personnel::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Personnel Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Personnel::Traceability::Personnel Traceability

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between operational activities and functions that implements them.

Definition: depicts the mapping of functions (performed by organizational resources) to operational activities and thus identifies the transformation of an operational need into a purposeful function performed by an organizational resource or solution.

Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

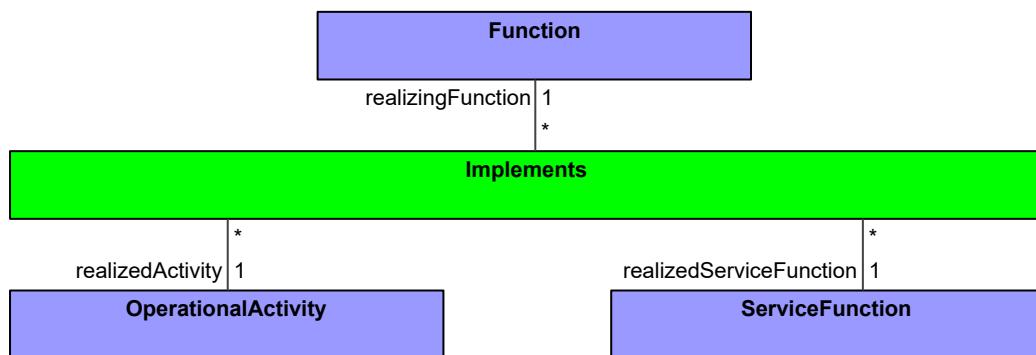


Figure 8:40 - Personnel Traceability

Elements

- [Function](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [ServiceFunction](#)

8.1.6 View Specifications::Resources

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Resource Owners, Implementers, Solution Providers, IT Architects.

Concerns: definition of solution architectures to implement operational requirements.

Definition: captures a solution architecture consisting of resources, e.g., organizational, software, artifacts, capability configurations, natural resources that implement the operational requirements. Further design of a resource is typically detailed in SysML or UML.

View Specifications::Resources::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Taxonomy Viewpoint.

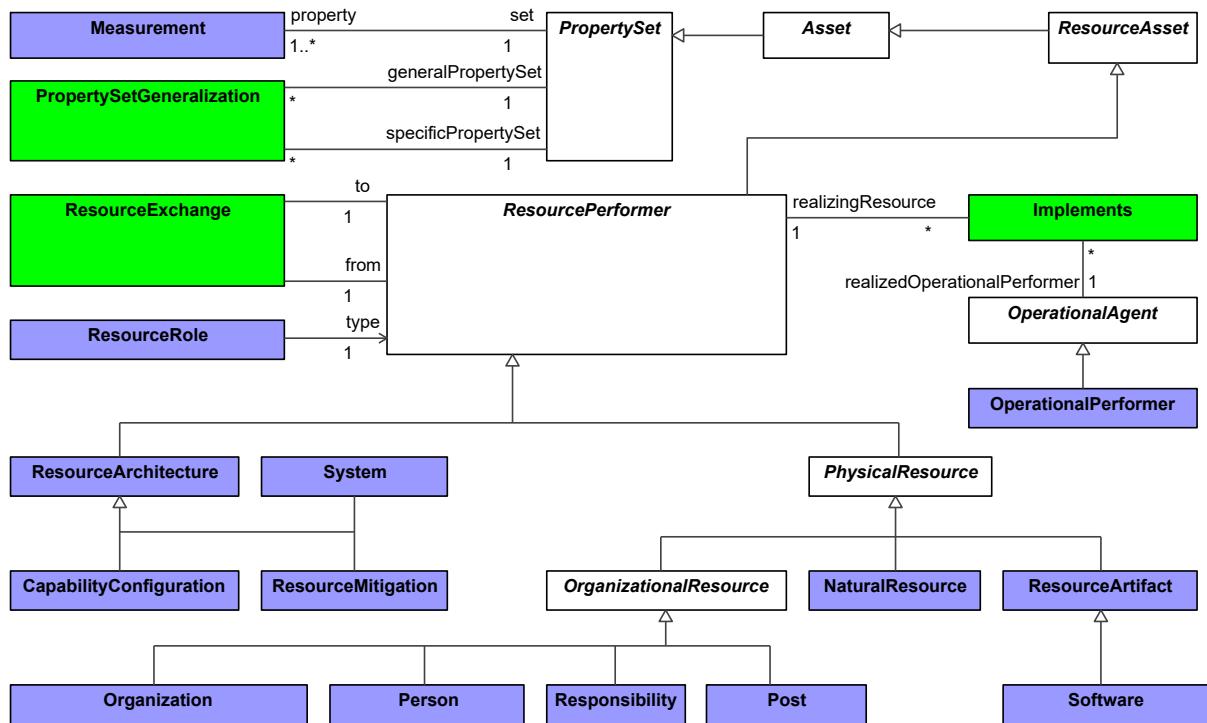
View Specifications::Resources::Taxonomy::Resources Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Implementers.

Concerns: resource types.

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of resources.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:41 - Resources Taxonomy**

Elements

- [Asset](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [PropertySetGeneralization](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Responsibility](#)
- [Software](#)
- [System](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Structure::Resources Structure

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Resource Owners, Implementers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: reference the resource structure, connectors and interfaces in a specific context.

Definition: defines the physical resources, e.g., capability configuration(s)/system(s) and interactions necessary to implement a specific set of OperationalPerformer(s). Can be used to represent communications networks and pathways that link communications resources and provides details regarding their configuration.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Bock Definition Diagram.

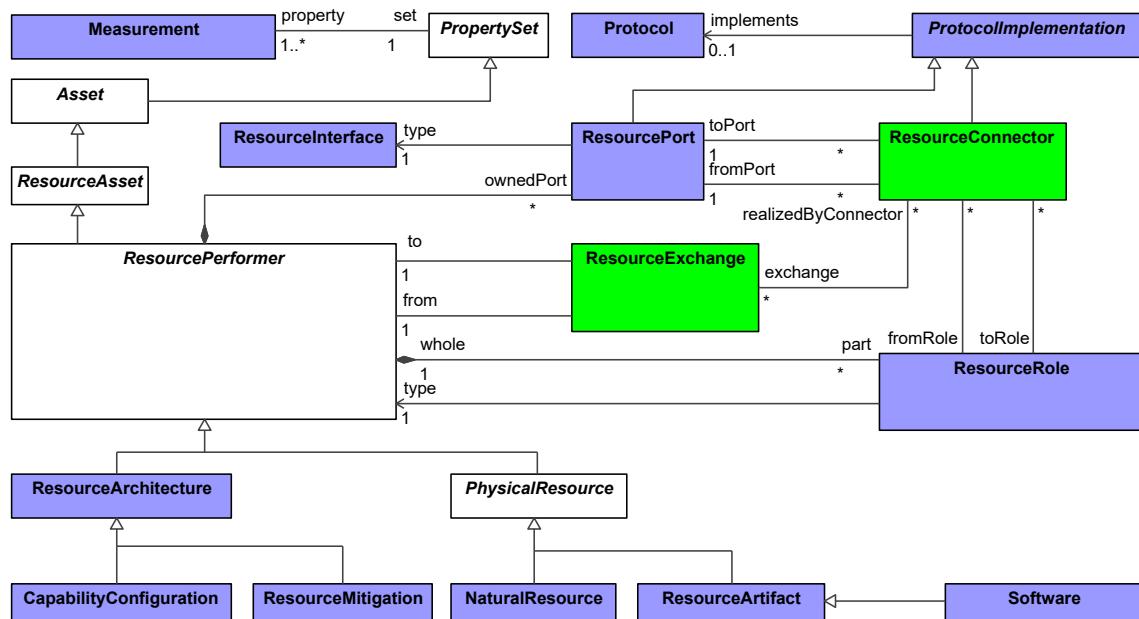


Figure 8:42 - Resources Structure

Elements

- [Asset](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [Protocol](#)
- [ProtocollImplementation](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)
- [ResourceConnector](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceInterface](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourcePort](#)

- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Software](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Connectivity Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Connectivity::Resources Connectivity

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implementers.

Concerns: capture the interactions between resources.

Definition: summarizes interactions between resources of information, systems, personnel, natural resources etc. and the functions that produce and consume them. Measurements can optionally be included.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format.

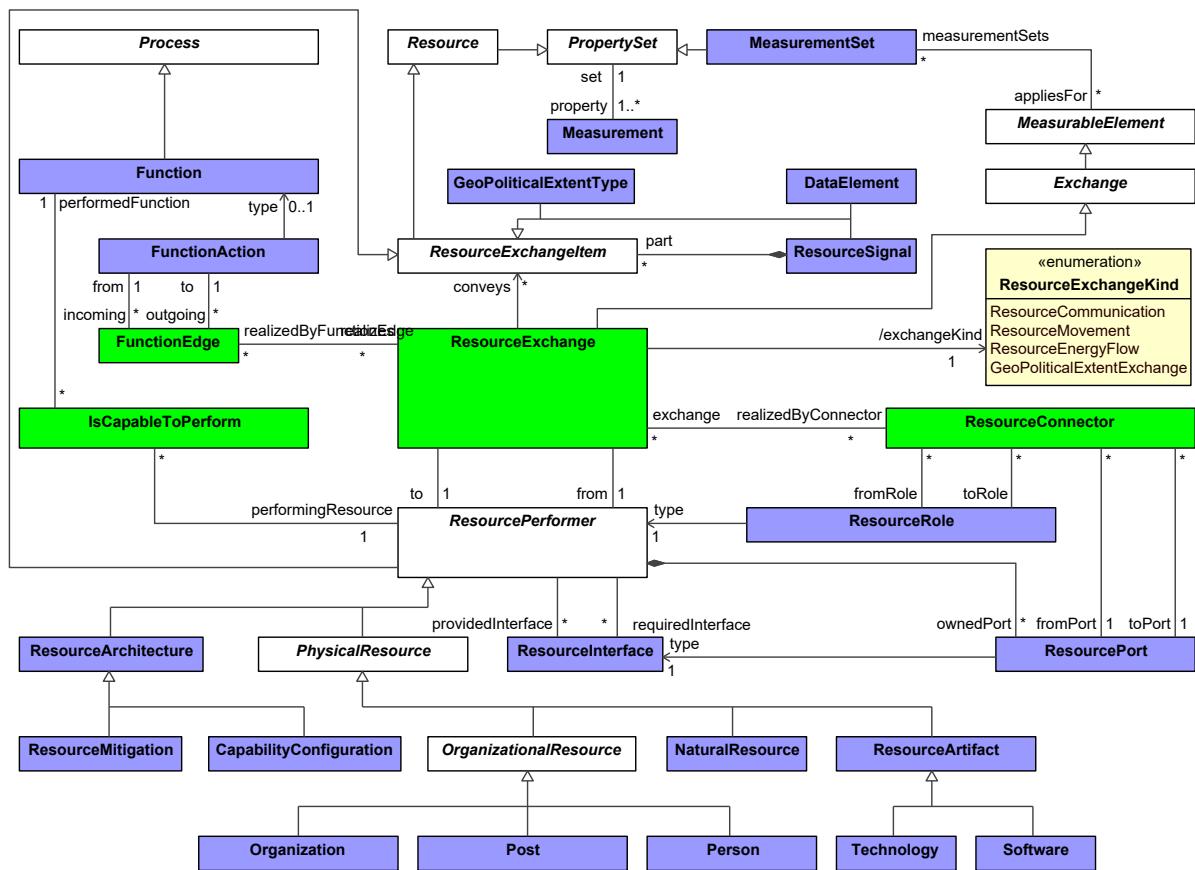


Figure 8:43 - Resources Connectivity

Elements

- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [DataExchange](#)
- [Exchange](#)
- [Function](#)
- [FunctionAction](#)
- [FunctionEdge](#)
- [GeoPoliticalExtentType](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)

- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Process](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [Resource](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceConnector](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceInterface](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourcePort](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [ResourceSignal](#)
- [Software](#)
- [Technology](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Processes Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Processes::Resources Processes

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects.

Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows.

Definition: describes the functions that are normally conducted in the course of implementing operational activity(ies) in support of capability(ies). It describes the functions, their Inputs/Outputs, function actions and flows between them.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

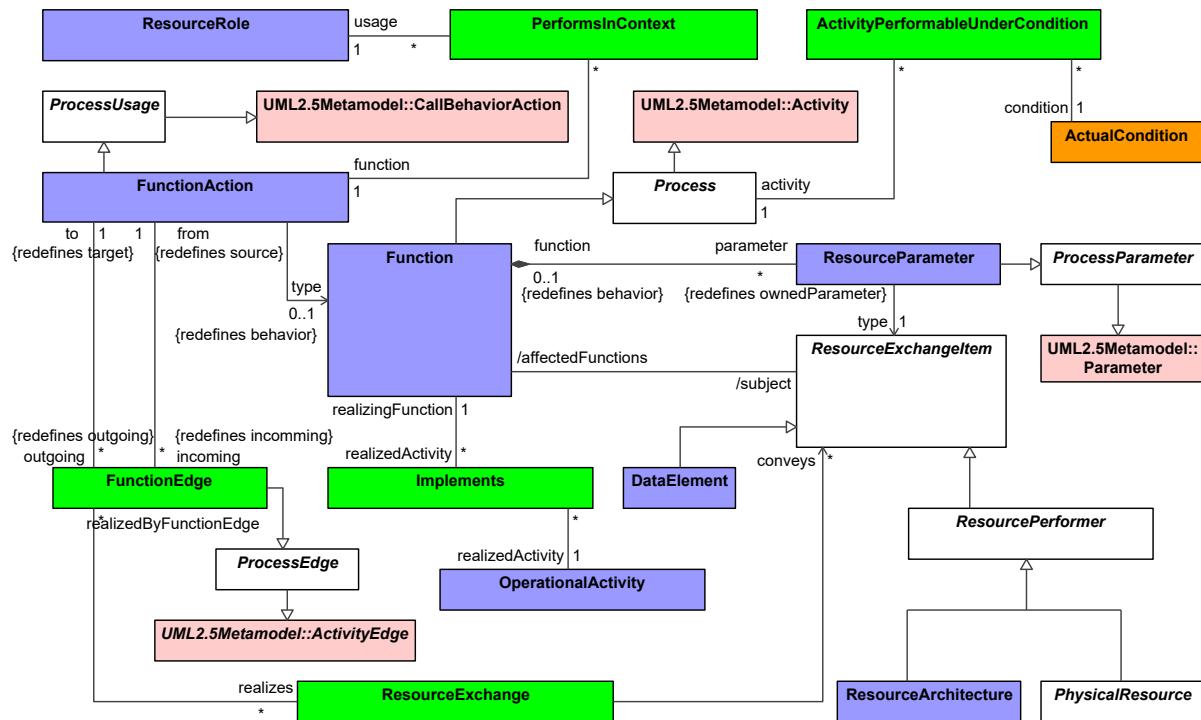


Figure 8:44 - Resources Processes

Elements

- ActivityPerformableUnderCondition
 - ActualCondition
 - DataElement
 - Function
 - FunctionAction
 - FunctionEdge
 - Implements
 - OperationalActivity
 - PerformsInContext
 - PhysicalResource
 - Process
 - ProcessEdge
 - ProcessParameter
 - ProcessUsage
 - ResourceArchitecture
 - ResourceExchange
 - ResourceExchangeItem
 - ResourceParameter
 - ResourcePerformer
 - ResourceRole
 - UML2.5Metamodel::Activity
 - UML2.5Metamodel::ActivityEdge
 - UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction
 - UML2.5Metamodel::Parameter

View Specifications::Resources::Processes::Resources Processes BPMN Semantics

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, IT Architects.

Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows using BPMN.

Definition: describes the functions that are normally conducted in the course of implementing operational activity(ies) in support of capability(ies). It describes the functions, their Inputs/Outputs, function actions and flows between them using BPMN.

Recommended Implementation: BPMN Process Diagram.

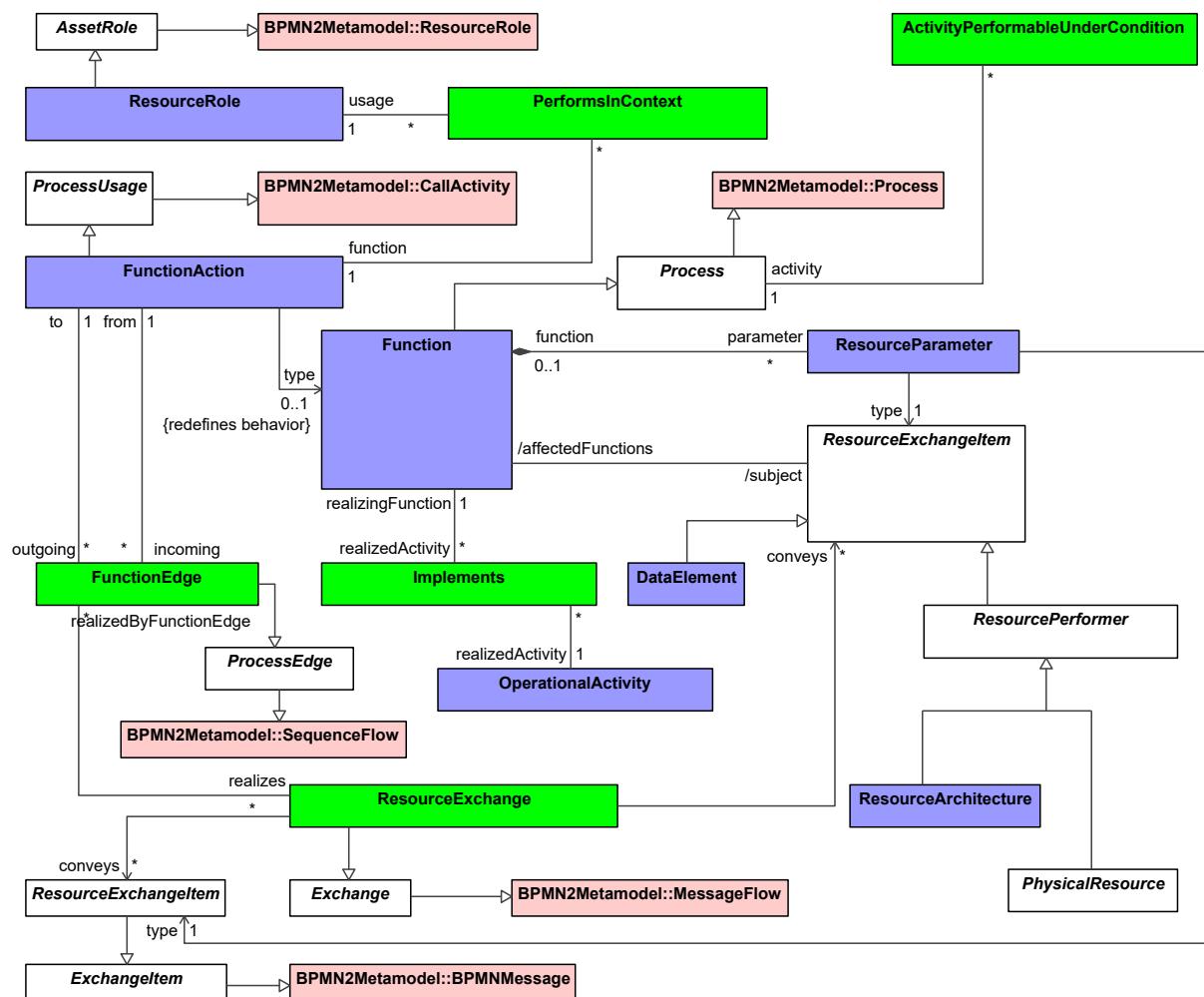


Figure 8:45 - Resources Processes BPMN Semantics

Elements

- [ActivityPerformableUnderCondition](#)
- [AssetRole](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::BPMNMessage](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::CallActivity](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::MessageFlow](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::Process](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole](#)
- [BPMN2Metamodel::SequenceFlow](#)
- [DataElement](#)

- [Exchange](#)
- [ExchangeItem](#)
- [Function](#)
- [FunctionAction](#)
- [FunctionEdge](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceParameter](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)

View Specifications::Resources::States

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources States Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::States::Resources States

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Software Engineers.

Concerns: capture state-based behavior of a resource.

Definition: it is a graphical representation of states of a resource and how that resource responds to various events and actions.

Recommended Implementation: SysML State Machine Diagram.

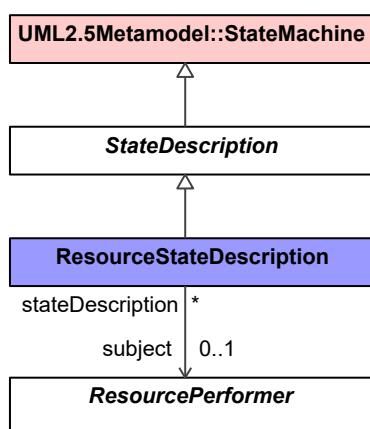


Figure 8:46 - Resources States

Elements

- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceStateDescription](#)
- [StateDescription](#)
- UML2.5Metamodel::StateMachine

View Specifications::Resources::Interaction Scenarios

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Interaction Scenarios Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Interaction Scenarios::Resources Interaction Scenarios

Stakeholders: Software Engineers, Systems Engineers.

Concerns: interactions between resources (roles).

Definition: provides a time-ordered examination of the interactions between resources.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Sequence Diagram.

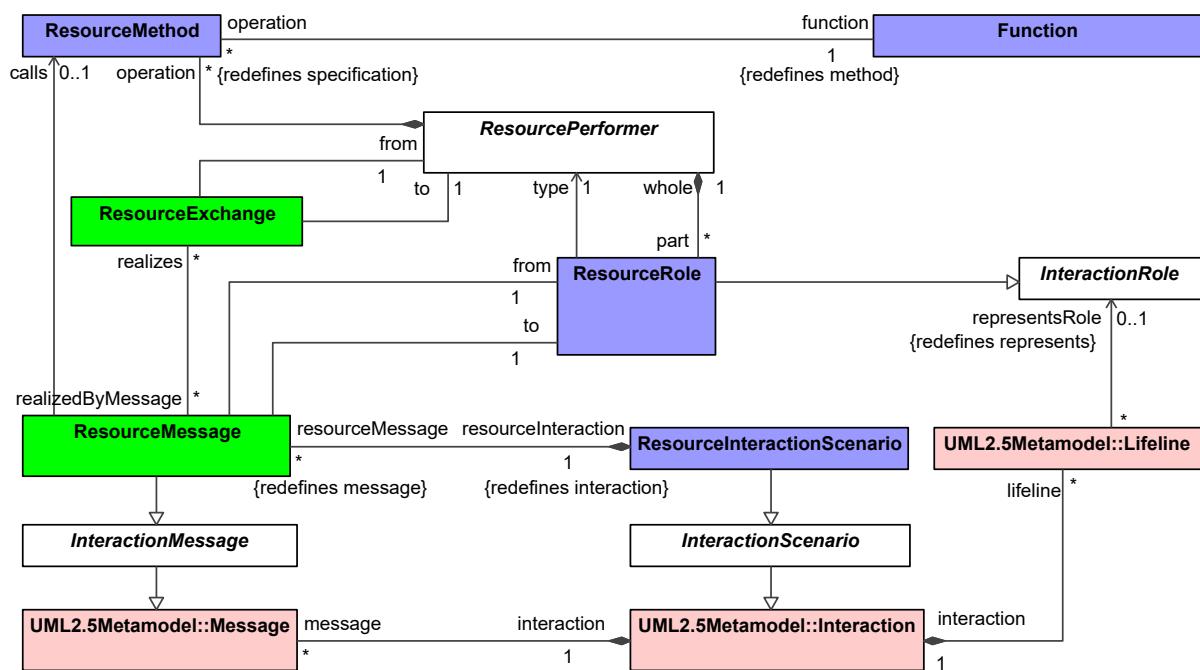


Figure 8:47 - Resources Interaction Scenarios

Elements

- [Function](#)
- [InteractionMessage](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [InteractionScenario](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceInteractionScenario](#)
- [ResourceMessage](#)
- [ResourceMethod](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction](#)
- [UML2.5Metamodel::Lifeline](#)
- [UML2.5Metamodel::Message](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Constraints Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Constraints::Resources Constraints

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implementers.

Concerns: define limitations, constraints and performance parameters for resources, their interactions, performed functions, and data.

Definition: specifies traditional textual rules/non-functional requirements that are constraints on resources, their interactions, performed functions, and data. The addition of SysML parametrics provide a computational means of defining resource constraints within a specific context.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram, OCL.

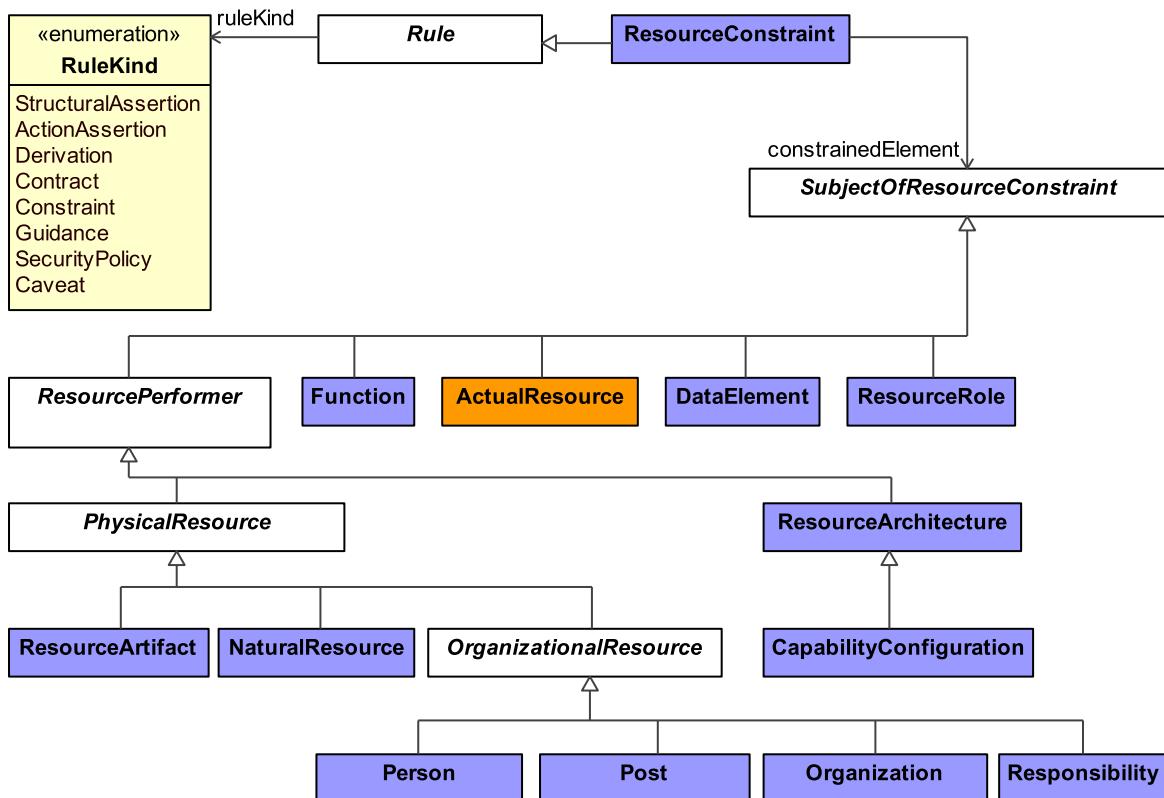


Figure 8:48 - Resources Constraints

Elements

- [ActualResource](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [Function](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [Person](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceConstraint](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)

- [Responsibility](#)
- [Rule](#)
- [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Roadmap Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Roadmap::Resources Roadmap: Evolution

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, IT Architects, Solution Providers, Implementers.

Concerns: resource structure changes over time.

Definition: provides an overview of how a resource structure changes over time. It shows the structure of several resources mapped against a timeline.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram.

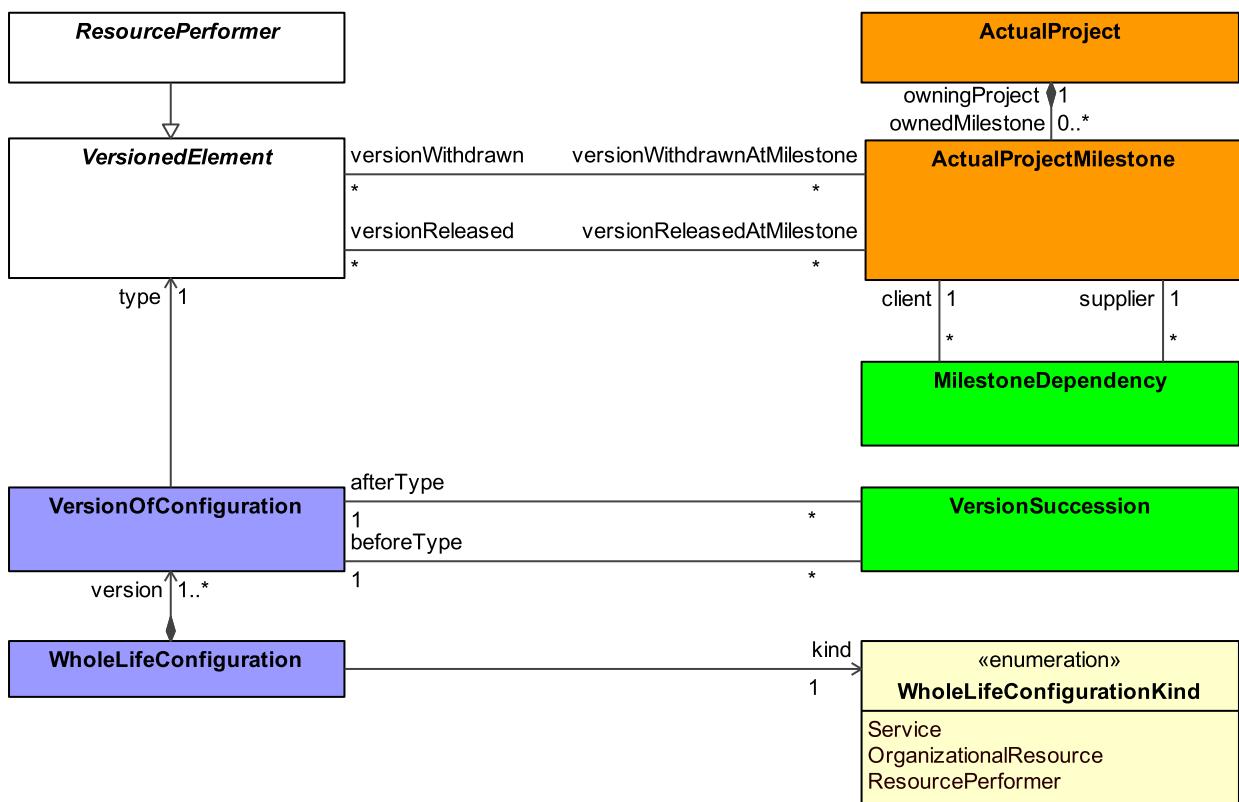


Figure 8:49 - Resources Roadmap: Evolution

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [MilestoneDependency](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [VersionedElement](#)
- [VersionOfConfiguration](#)
- [VersionSuccession](#)
- [WholeLifeConfiguration](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Roadmap::Resources Roadmap: Forecast

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, IT Architects.

Concerns: technology forecast.

Definition: defines the underlying current and expected supporting technologies. Expected supporting technologies are those that can be reasonably forecast given the current state of technology, and expected improvements / trends.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

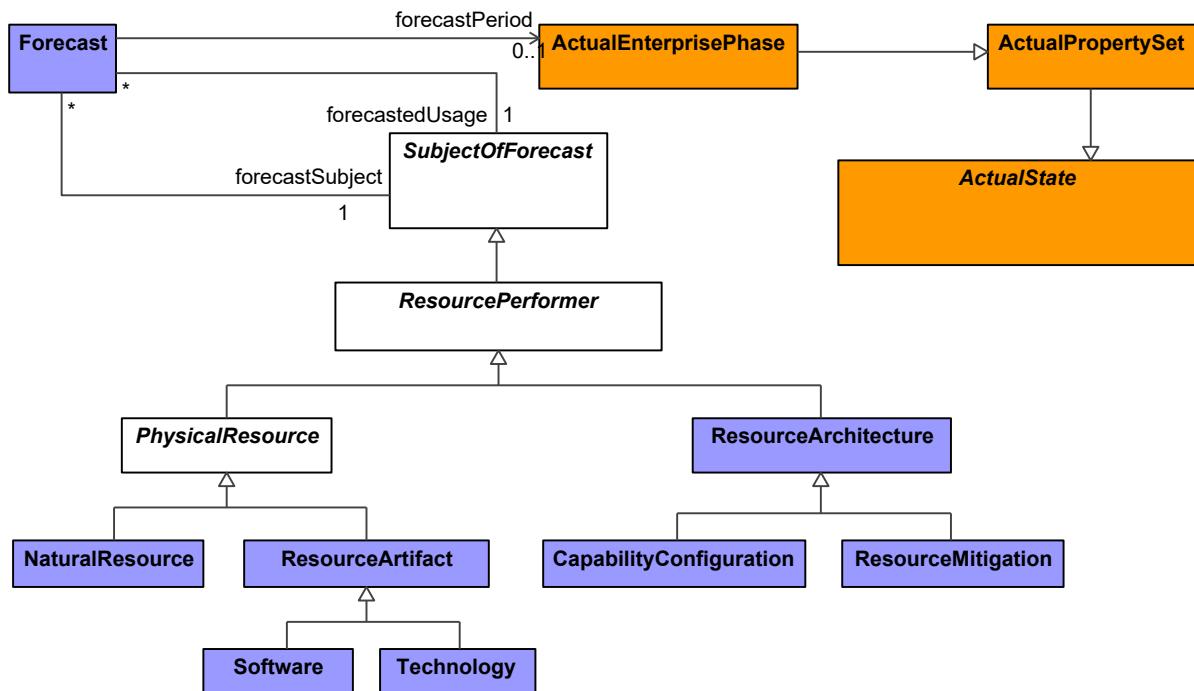


Figure 8:50 - Resources Roadmap: Forecast

Elements

- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [Forecast](#)
- [NaturalResource](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceArtifact](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Software](#)
- [SubjectOfForecast](#)
- [Technology](#)

View Specifications::Resources::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Resources Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Resources::Traceability::Resources Traceability

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between operational activities and functions that implements them.

Definition: depicts the mapping of functions to operational activities and thus identifies the transformation of an operational need into a purposeful function performed by a resource or solution.

Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

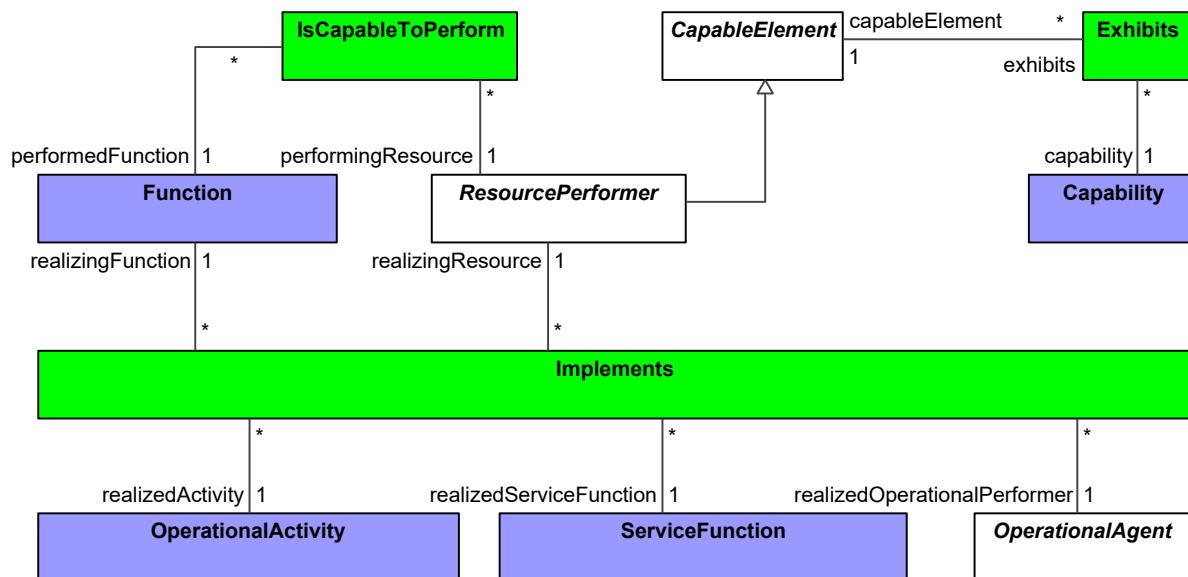


Figure 8:51 - Resources Traceability

Elements

- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [Function](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ServiceFunction](#)

8.1.7 View Specifications::Security

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Systems Engineers, Operational Architects.

Concerns: addresses the security constraints and information assurance attributes that exist on exchanges between resources and OperationalPerformers

Definition: illustrates the security assets, security constraints, security controls, families, and measures required to address specific security concerns.

View Specifications::Security::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Taxonomy Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Taxonomy::Security Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers.

Concerns: Security assets and security enclaves.

Definition: Defines the hierarchy of security assets and asset owners that are available to implement security, security constraints (policy, guidance, laws and regulations) and details where they are located (security enclaves).

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

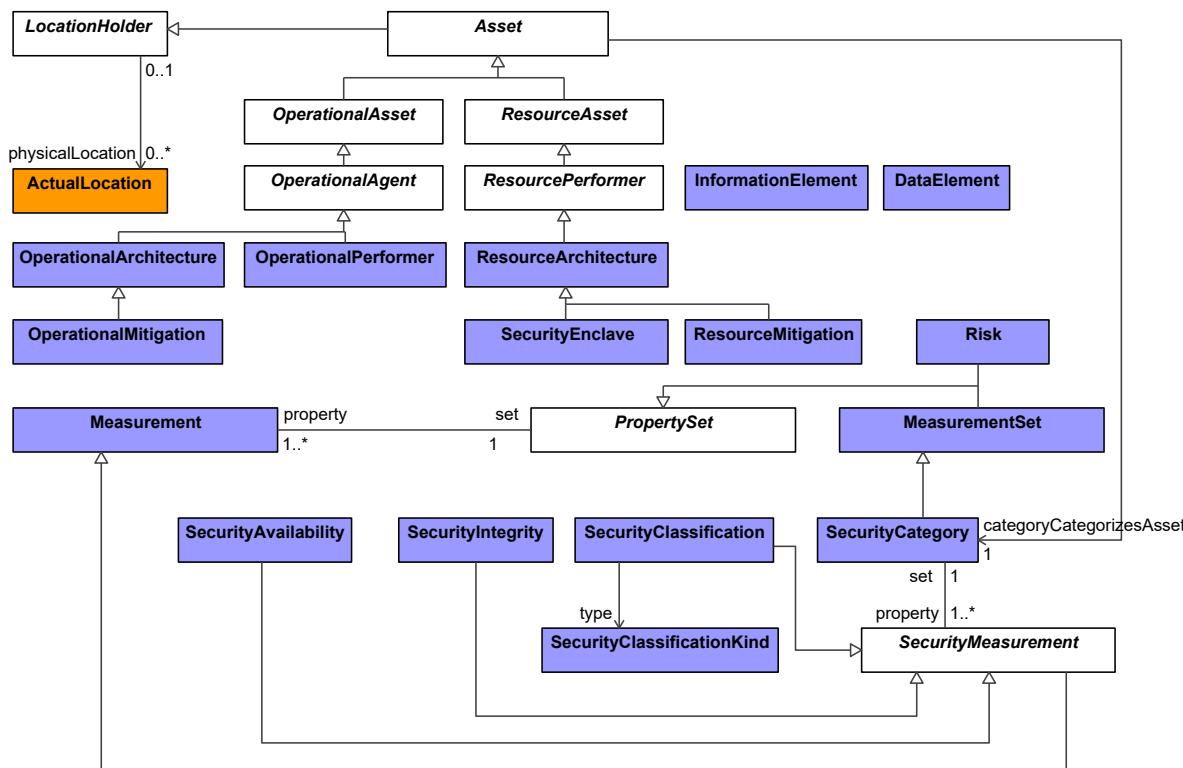


Figure 8:52 - Security Taxonomy

Elements

- [ActualLocation](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [InformationElement](#)
- [LocationHolder](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalArchitecture](#)
- [OperationalAsset](#)
- [OperationalMitigation](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)
- [ResourceMitigation](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)

- [Risk](#)
- [SecurityAvailability](#)
- [SecurityCategory](#)
- [SecurityClassification](#)
- [SecurityClassificationKind](#)
- [SecurityEnclave](#)
- [SecurityIntegrity](#)
- [SecurityMeasurement](#)

View Specifications::Security::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Structure::Security Structure

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers.

Concerns: The structure of security information and where it is used at the operational and resource level.

Definition: Captures the allocation of assets (operational and resource, information and data) across the security enclaves, shows applicable security controls necessary to protect organizations, systems and information during processing, while in storage (bdd), and during transmission (flows on an ibd). This view also captures Asset Aggregation and allocates the usage of the aggregated information at a location through the use of the SecurityProperty.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

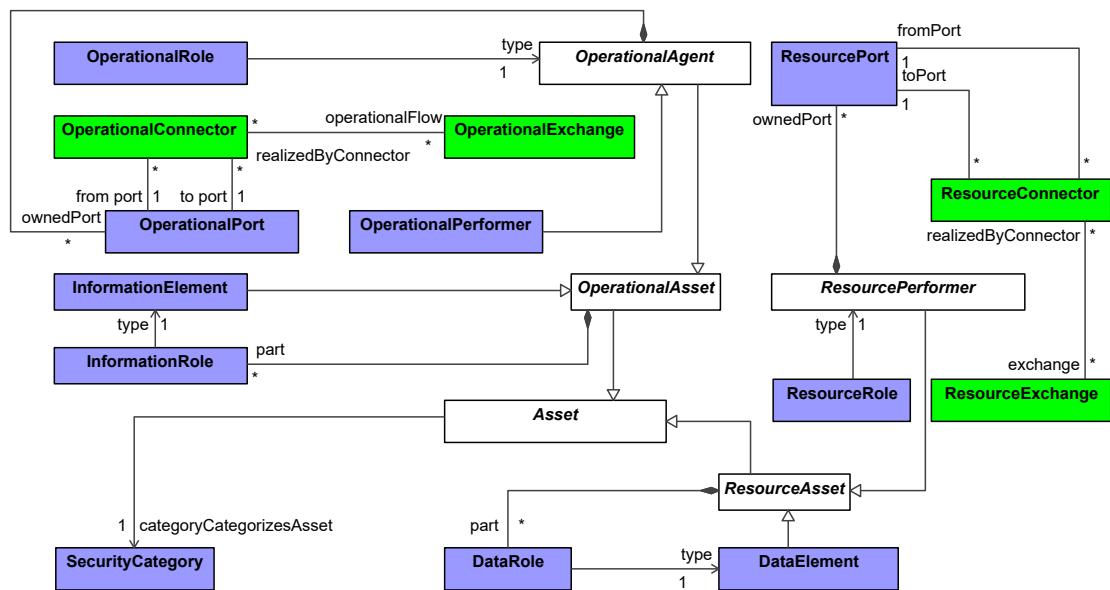


Figure 8:53 - Security Structure

Elements

- [Asset](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [DataRole](#)
- [InformationElement](#)
- [InformationRole](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalAsset](#)
- [OperationalConnector](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)

- OperationalPerformer
 - OperationalPort
 - OperationalRole
 - ResourceAsset
 - ResourceConnector
 - ResourceExchange
 - ResourcePerformer
 - ResourcePort
 - ResourceRole
 - SecurityCategory

View Specifications::Security::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Connectivity Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Connectivity::Security Connectivity

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers.

Concerns: Addresses the security constraints and information assurance attributes that exist on exchanges across resources and across performers.

Definition: Lists security exchanges across security assets; the applicable security controls; and the security enclaves that house the producers and consumers of the exchanges. Measurements can optionally be included.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram, tabular format.

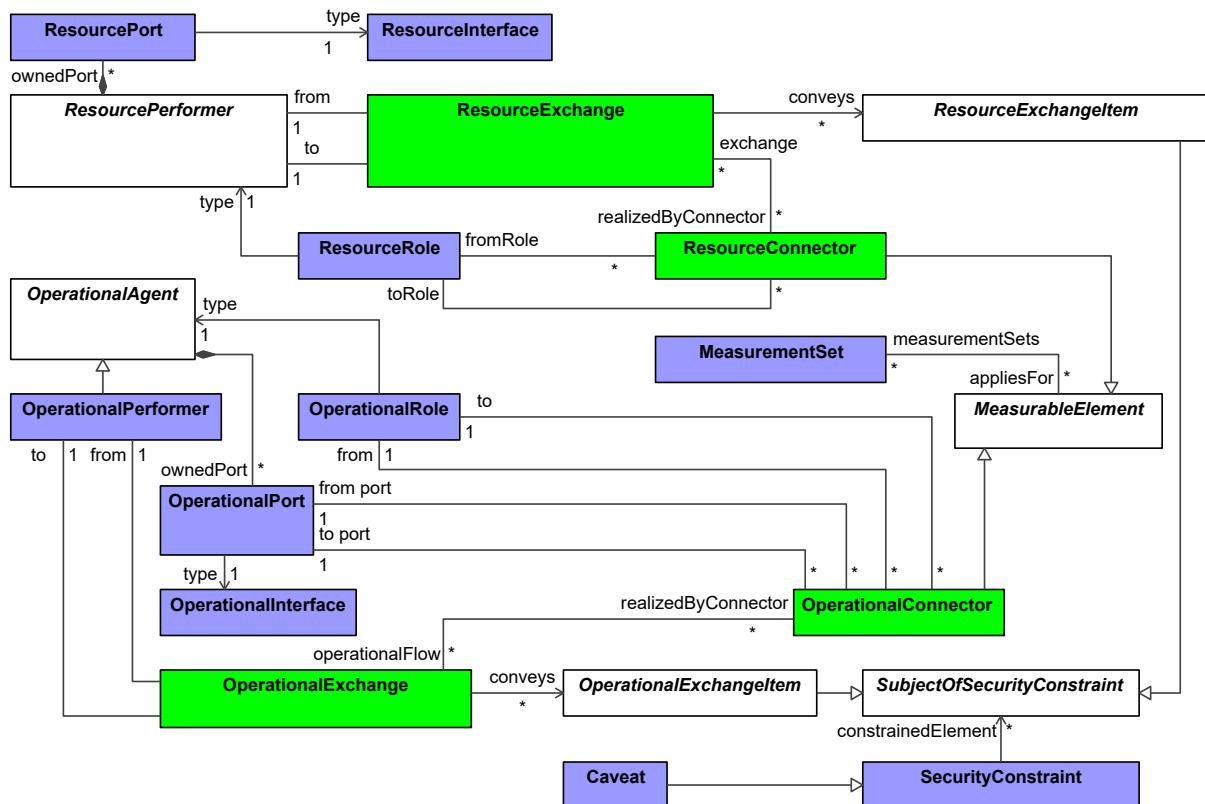


Figure 8:54 - Security Connectivity

Elements

- [Caveat](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalConnector](#)
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)
- [OperationalInterface](#)
- [OperationalPerformer](#)
- [OperationalPort](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [ResourceConnector](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourceInterface](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourcePort](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [SecurityConstraint](#)
- [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#)

View Specifications::Security::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Processes Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Processes::Security Processes

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers.

Concerns: The specification of the Security Control families, security controls, and measures required to address a specific security baseline.

Definition: Provides a set of Security Controls and any possible enhancements as applicable to assets. The activity diagram describes operational or resource level processes that apply (operational level) or implement (resource level) security controls/enhancements to assets located in enclaves and across enclaves. This Security Process view can be instantiated either as a variant of an activity/flow diagram or as a hierarchical work breakdown structure.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram, BPMN Process Diagram as described in Operational Processes and Resources Processes sections.

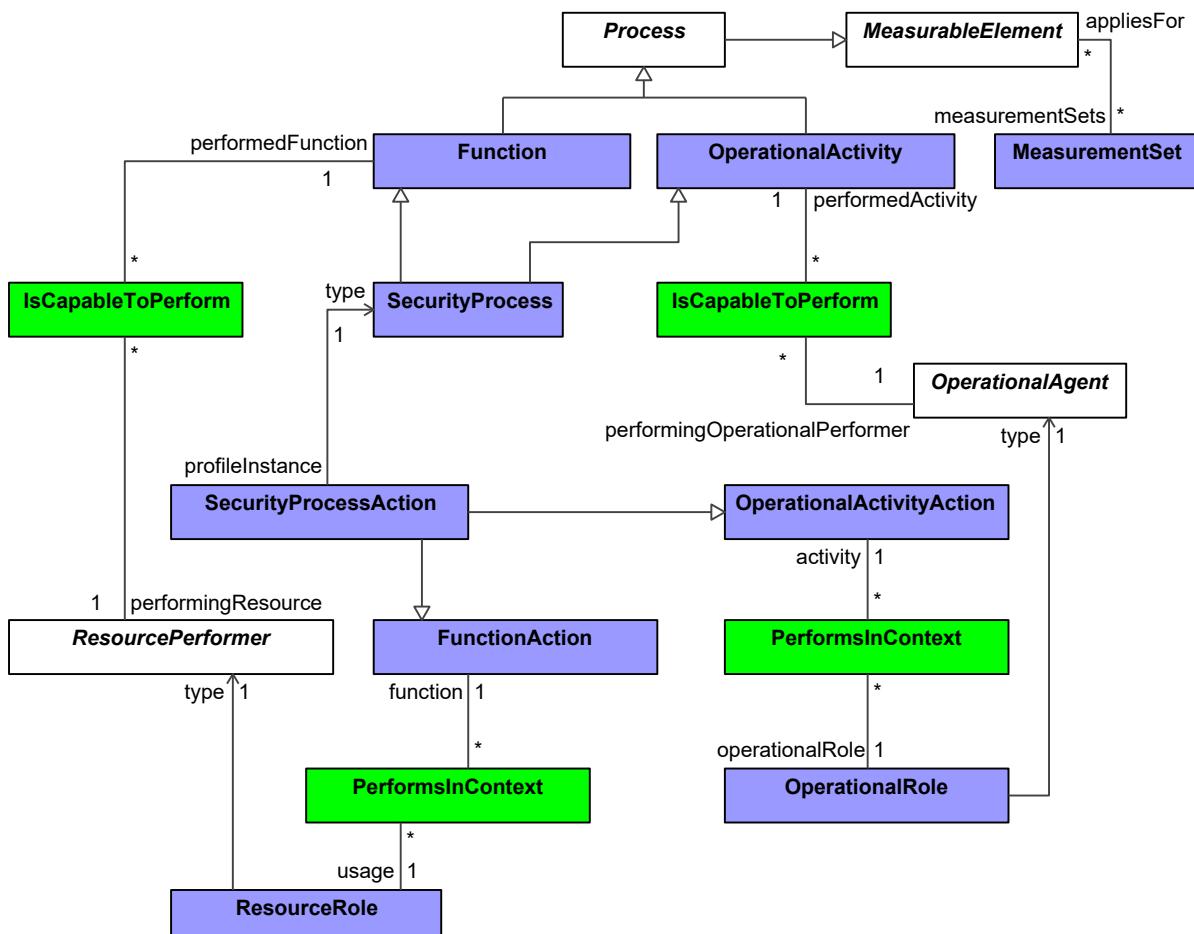


Figure 8:55 - Security Processes

Elements

- [Function](#)
- [FunctionAction](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [MeasurableElement](#)
- [MeasurementSet](#)
- [OperationalActivity](#)
- [OperationalActivityAction](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [SecurityProcess](#)
- [SecurityProcessAction](#)

View Specifications::Security::Constraints

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Constraints Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Constraints::Security Constraints

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Risk Analysts.

Concerns: (i) Security-related policy, guidance, laws and regulations as applicable to assets, (ii) threats, vulnerabilities, and risk assessments as applicable to assets.

Definition: (i) Specifies textual rules/non-functional requirements that are security constraints on resources, information and data (e.g. security-related in the form of rules (e.g. access control policy)). A common way of representing access control policy is through the use of XACML (eXtensible Access Control Markup Language), it is expected that implementations of UAF allow users to link security constraints to external files represented in XACML. (ii) Identifies risks, specifies risk likelihood, impact, asset criticality, other measurements and enables risk assessment.

Recommended Implementation: tabular or Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Parametric Diagram, or OCL.

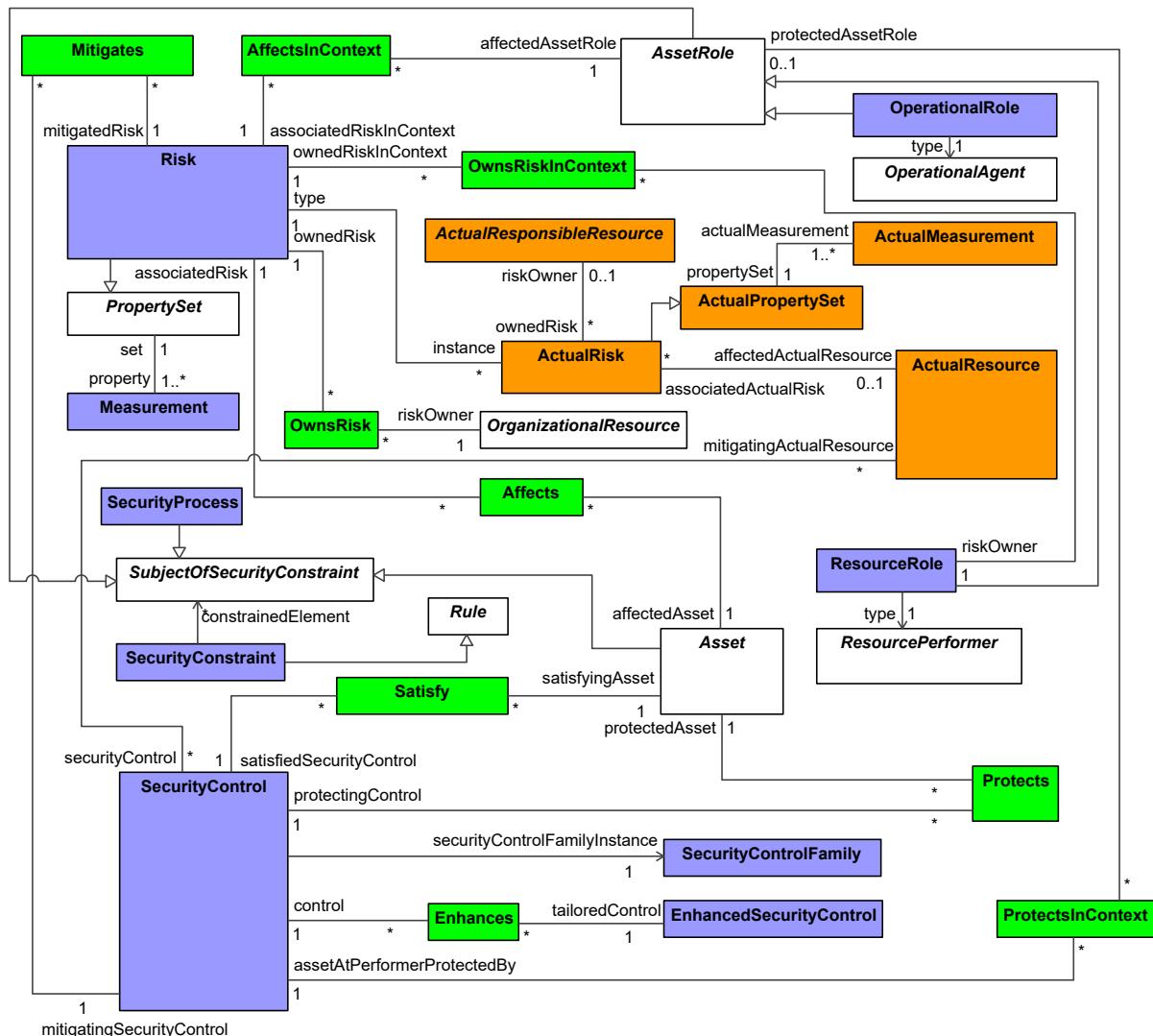


Figure 8:56 - Security Constraints

Elements

- [ActualMeasurement](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualResource](#)

- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [ActualRisk](#)
- [Affects](#)
- [AffectsInContext](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [AssetRole](#)
- [EnhancedSecurityControl](#)
- [Enhances](#)
- [Measurement](#)
- [Mitigates](#)
- [OperationalAgent](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [OwnsRisk](#)
- [OwnsRiskInContext](#)
- [PropertySet](#)
- [Protects](#)
- [ProtectsInContext](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Risk](#)
- [Rule](#)
- Satisfy
- [SecurityConstraint](#)
- [SecurityControl](#)
- [SecurityControlFamily](#)
- [SecurityProcess](#)
- [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#)

View Specifications::Security::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Security Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Security::Traceability::Security Traceability

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Risk Analysts.

Concerns: traceability between risk and risk owner, risk mitigations, and affected asset roles.

Definition: depicts the mapping of a risk to each of the following: risk owner, risk mitigations, and affected asset roles.

Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

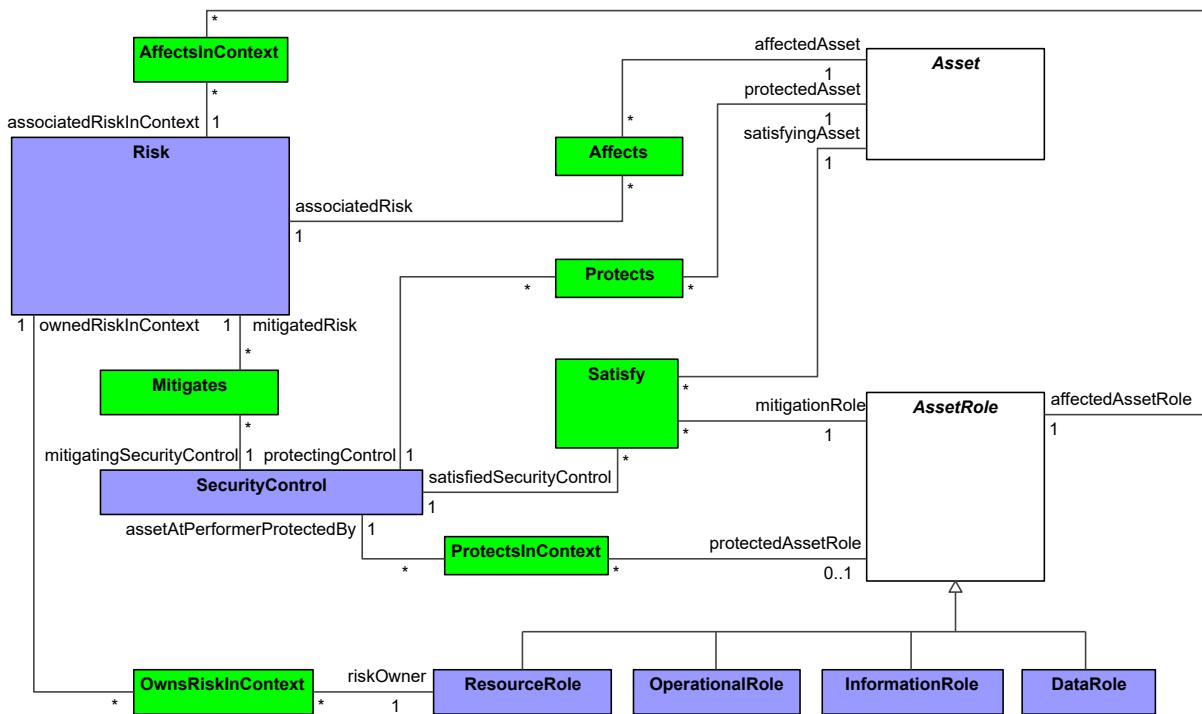


Figure 8:57 - Security Traceability

Elements

- [Affects](#)
- [AffectsInContext](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [AssetRole](#)
- [DataRole](#)
- [InformationRole](#)
- [Mitigates](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [OwnsRiskInContext](#)
- [Protects](#)
- [ProtectsInContext](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [Risk](#)
- [Satisfy](#)
- [SecurityControl](#)

8.1.8 View Specifications::Projects

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: project portfolio, projects and project milestones.

Definition: describes projects and project milestones, how those projects deliver capabilities, the organizations contributing to the projects and dependencies between projects.

View Specifications::Projects::Taxonomy

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Taxonomy Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Projects::Taxonomy::Project Taxonomy

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects. Concerns: types of projects and project milestones. Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of projects and project milestones. Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

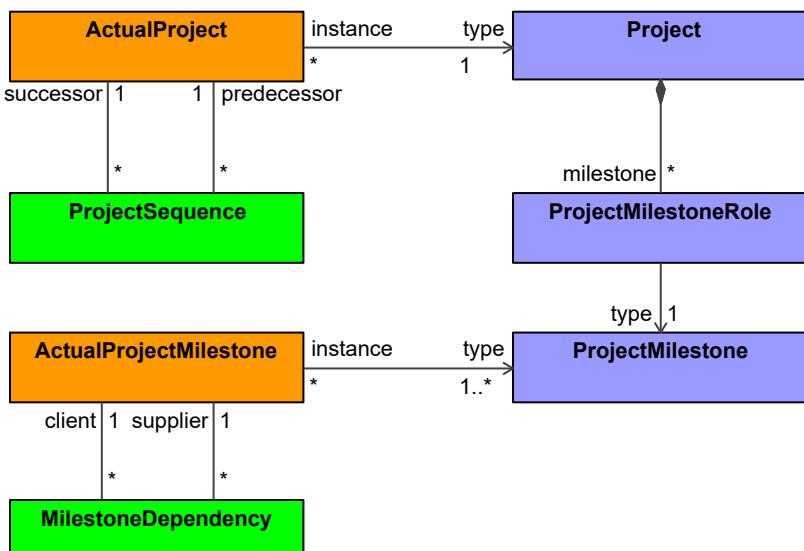


Figure 8:58 - Project Taxonomy

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [MilestoneDependency](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ProjectMilestone](#)
- [ProjectMilestoneRole](#)
- [ProjectSequence](#)

View Specifications::Projects::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Structure Viewpoint.

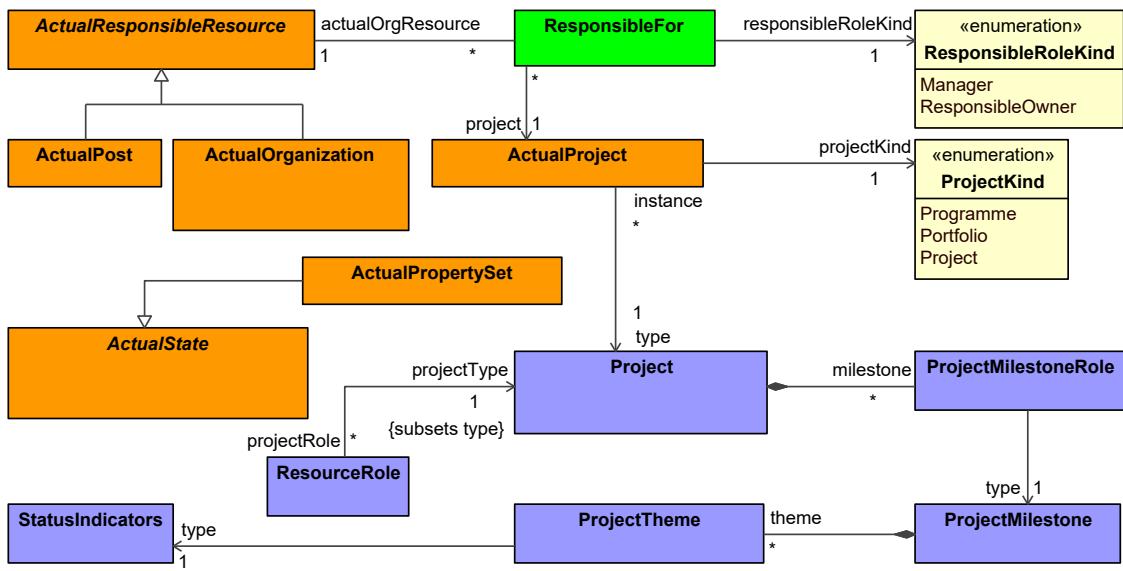
View Specifications::Projects::Structure::Project Structure

Stakeholders: PMs.

Concerns: relationships between types of projects and project milestones.

Definition: provides a template for an actual project(s) road map(s) to be implemented.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:59 - Project Structure****Elements**

- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ProjectMilestone](#)
- [ProjectMilestoneRole](#)
- [ProjectTheme](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [ResponsibleFor](#)
- [StatusIndicators](#)

View Specifications::Projects::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Connectivity Viewpoint.

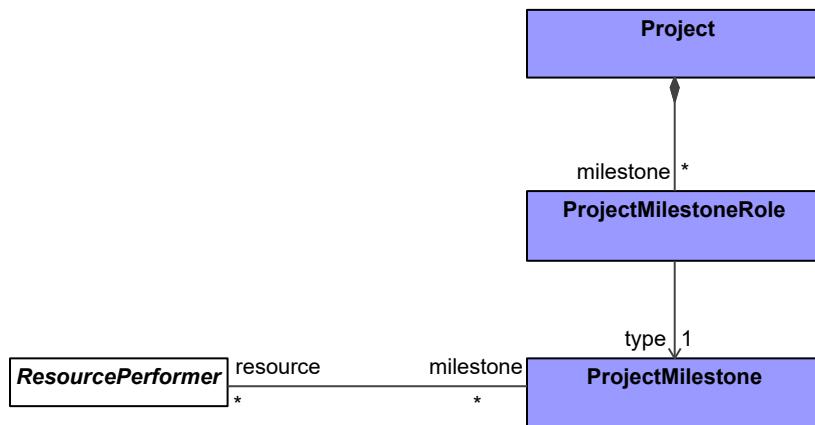
View Specifications::Projects::Connectivity::Project Connectivity

Stakeholders: PMs.

Concerns: relationships between projects and project milestones.

Definition: shows how projects and project milestones are related in sequence.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:60 - Project Connectivity**

Elements

- [Project](#)
- [ProjectMilestone](#)
- [ProjectMilestoneRole](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)

View Specifications::Projects::Processes

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Processes Viewpoint.

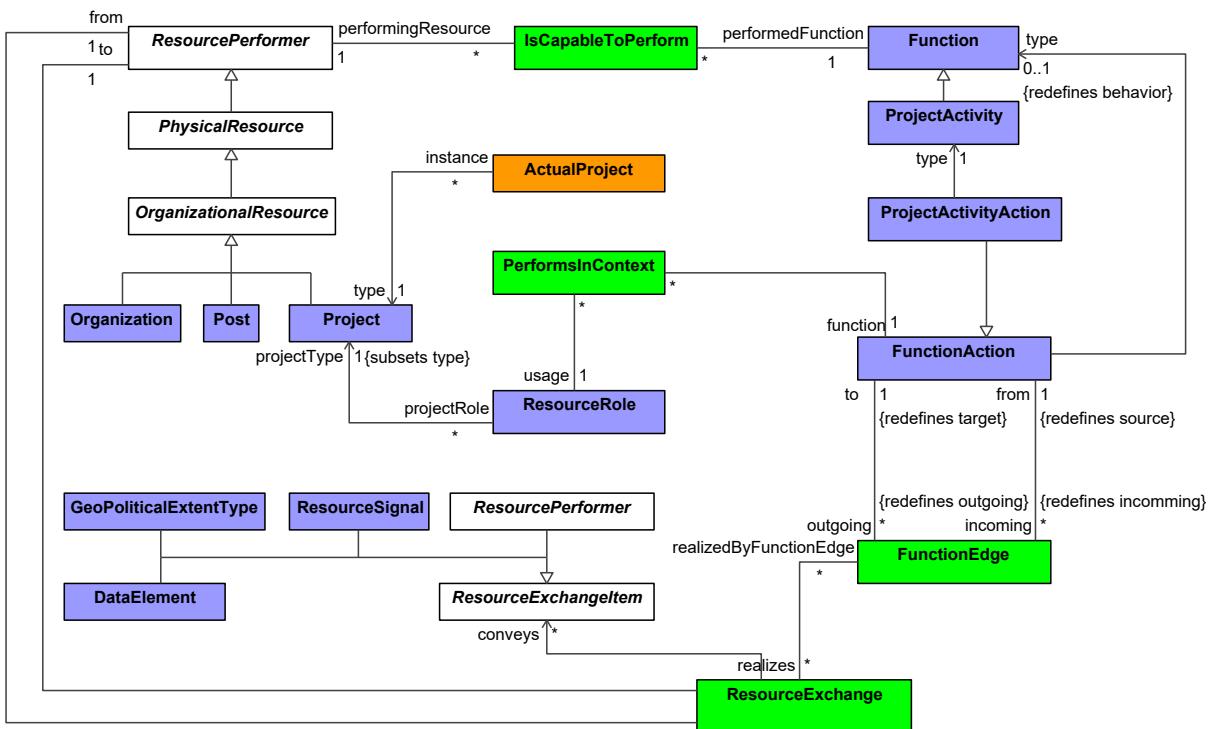
View Specifications::Projects::Processes::Project Processes

Stakeholders: PMs.

Concerns: captures project tasks (ProjectActivities) and flows between them.

Definition: describes the ProjectActivities that are normally conducted in the course of projects to support capability(ies) and implement resources. It describes the ProjectActivities, their Inputs/Outputs, ProjectActivityActions and flows between them.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Activity Diagram, SysML Block Definition Diagram, BPMN Process Diagram as described in Resources Processes section.

**Figure 8:61 - Project Processes**

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [DataElement](#)
- [Function](#)
- [FunctionAction](#)
- [FunctionEdge](#)
- [GeoPoliticalExtentType](#)
- [IsCapableToPerform](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [PerformsInContext](#)
- [PhysicalResource](#)
- [Post](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ProjectActivity](#)
- [ProjectActivityAction](#)
- [ResourceExchange](#)
- [ResourceExchangeItem](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)
- [ResourceSignal](#)

View Specifications::Projects::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Roadmap Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Projects::Roadmap::Project Roadmap

Stakeholders: PMs, Capability Owners, Solution Providers, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: the product portfolio management; a planning of capability delivery.

Definition: provides a timeline perspective on programs or projects

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

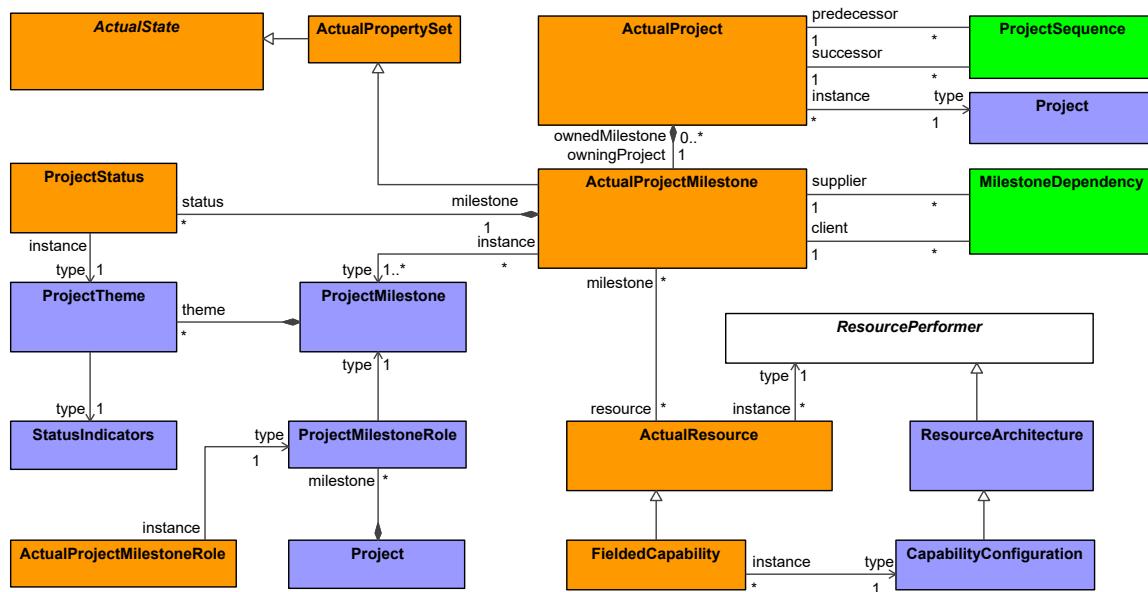


Figure 8:62 - Project Roadmap

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestoneRole](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualState](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [FieldedCapability](#)
- [MilestoneDependency](#)
- [Project](#)
- [ProjectMilestone](#)
- [ProjectMilestoneRole](#)
- [ProjectSequence](#)
- [ProjectStatus](#)
- [ProjectTheme](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [StatusIndicators](#)

View Specifications::Projects::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Project Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Projects::Traceability::Project Traceability

Stakeholders: PMs, Project Portfolio Managers, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: traceability between capabilities and projects that deliver them.

Definition: depicts the mapping of projects to capabilities and thus identifies the transformation of a capability(ies) into a purposeful implementation via projects.

Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

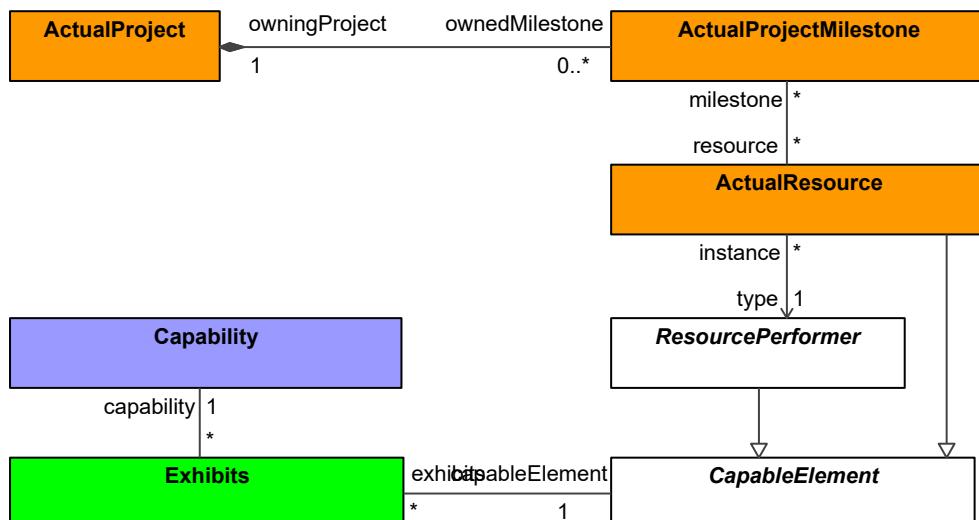


Figure 8:63 - Project Traceability

Elements

- [ActualProject](#)
- [ActualProjectMilestone](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)

8.1.9 View Specifications::Standards

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects. Concerns: technical and non-technical Standards applicable to the architecture.

Definition: shows the technical, operational, and business Standards applicable to the architecture. Defines the underlying current and expected Standards.

View Specifications::Standards::Taxonomy

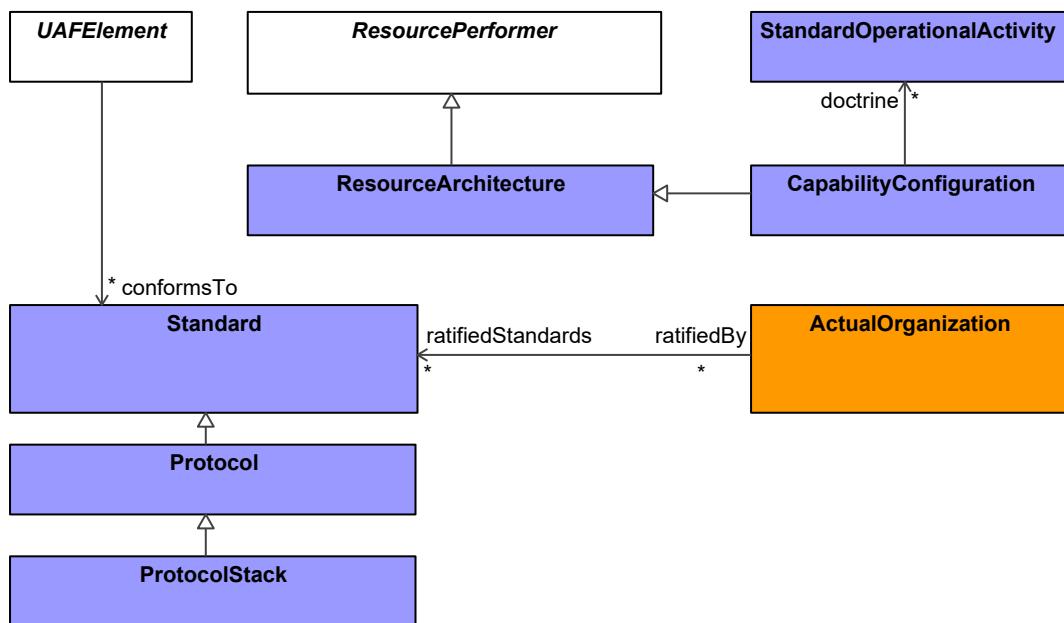
Contains the diagrams that document the Standards Taxonomy Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Standards::Taxonomy::Standards Taxonomy

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects. Concerns: technical and non-technical standards, guidance and policy applicable to the architecture.

Definition: shows the taxonomy of types of technical, operational, and business standards, guidance and policy applicable to the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:64 - Standards Taxonomy**

Elements

- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [Protocol](#)
- [ProtocolStack](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Standard](#)
- [StandardOperationalActivity](#)
- [UAFEElement](#)

View Specifications::Standards::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Standards Structure Viewpoint.

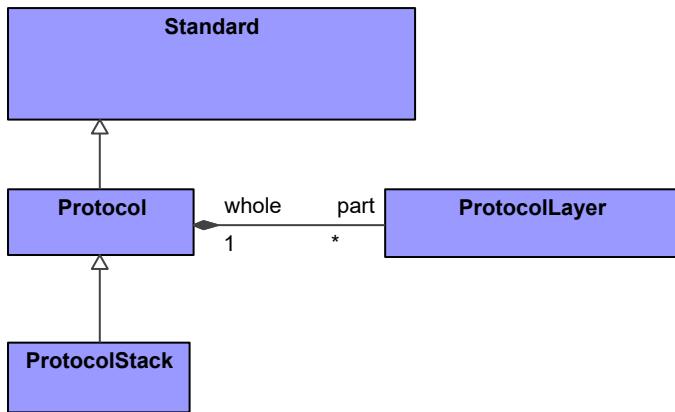
View Specifications::Standards::Structure::Standards Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects.

Concerns: the specification of the protocol stack used in the architecture.

Definition: shows the composition of standards required to achieve the architecture's objectives.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Internal Block Diagram.

**Figure 8:65 - Standards Structure**

Elements

- [Protocol](#)
- [ProtocolLayer](#)
- [ProtocolStack](#)
- [Standard](#)

View Specifications::Standards::Roadmap

Contains the diagrams that document the Standards Roadmap Viewpoint.

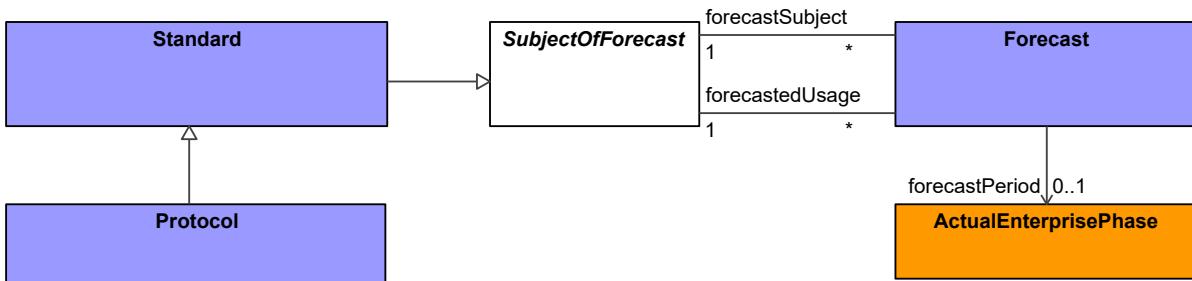
View Specifications::Standards::Roadmap::Standards Roadmap

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Systems Architects, Software Engineers, Business Architects.

Concerns: expected changes in technology-related standards and conventions, operational standards, or business standards and conventions.

Definition: defines the underlying current and expected standards. Expected standards are those that can be reasonably forecast given the current state of technology, and expected improvements / trends.

Recommended Implementation: timeline, tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:66 - Standards Roadmap**

Elements

- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [Forecast](#)
- [Protocol](#)
- [Standard](#)
- [SubjectOfForecast](#)

View Specifications::Standards::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Standards Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Standards::Traceability::Standards Traceability

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects.
 Concerns: standards that need to be taken in account to ensure the interoperability of the implementation of architectural elements.

Definition: shows the applicability of standards to specific elements in the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

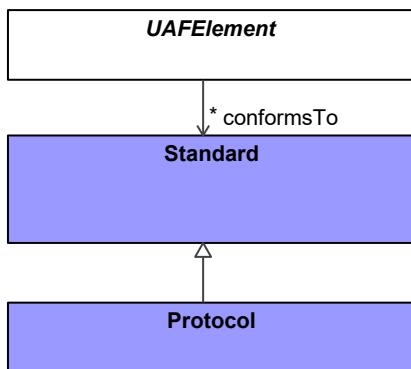


Figure 8:67 - Standards Traceability

Elements

- [Protocol](#)
- [Standard](#)
- [UAFElement](#)

8.1.10 View Specifications::Actual Resources

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects, Human Resources.

Concerns: the analysis, e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations.

Definition: illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations and actual relationships between them.

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Structure

Contains the diagrams that document the Actual Resources Structure Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Structure::Actual Resources Structure

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects.

Concerns: the analysis, e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations as it provides a means to capture different solution architectures. The detailed analysis (trade-off, what-if etc.) is carried out using the Resource Constraints view.

Definition: illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations required to meet an operational need.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

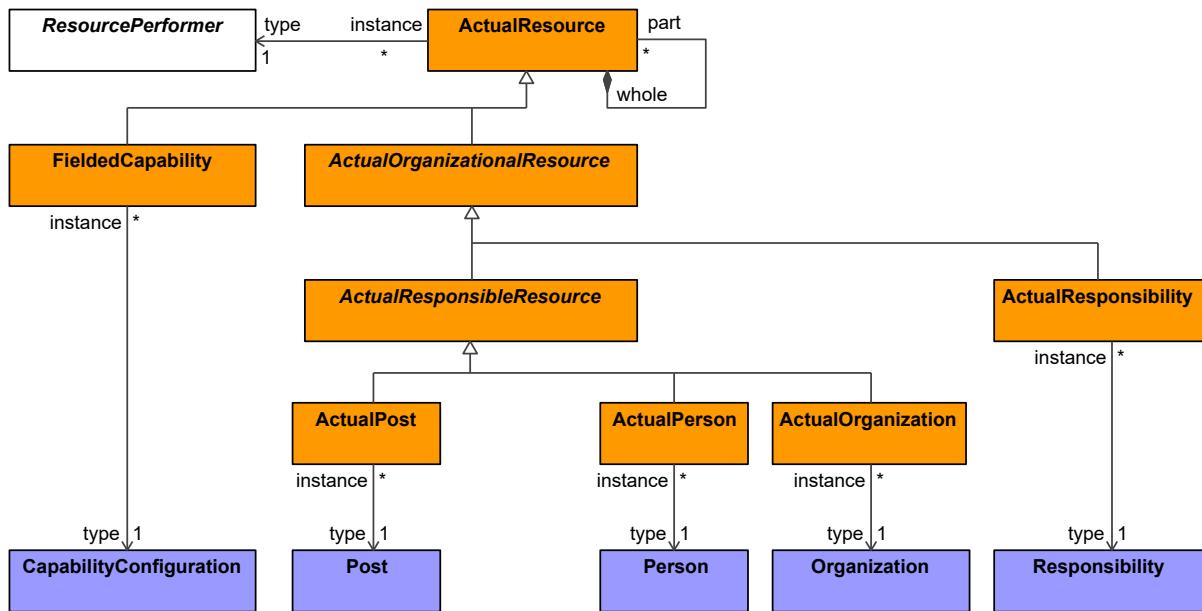


Figure 8:68 - Actual Resources Structure

Elements

- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualResponsibility](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [CapabilityConfiguration](#)
- [FieldedCapability](#)
- [Organization](#)
- [Person](#)
- [Post](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [Responsibility](#)

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Connectivity

Contains the diagrams that document the Actual Resources Connectivity Viewpoint.

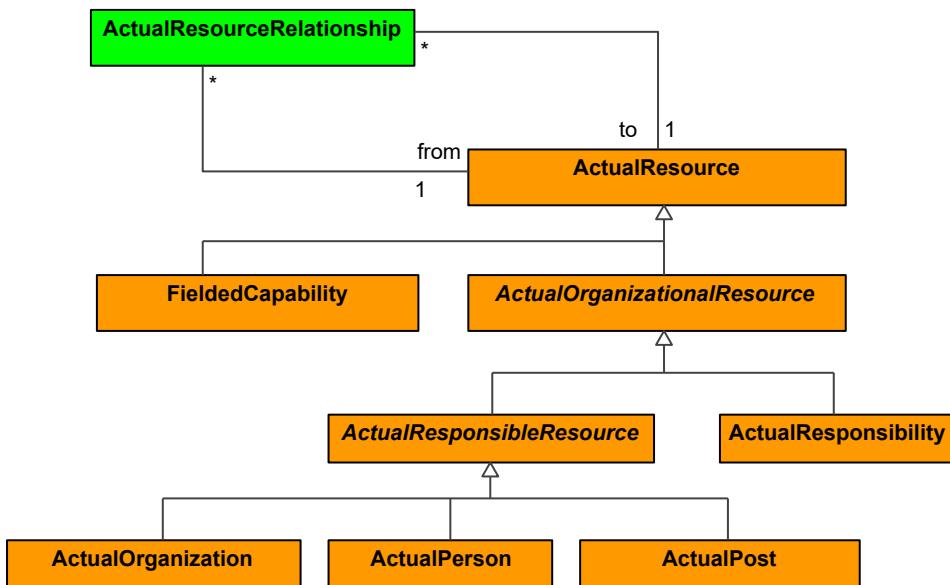
View Specifications::Actual Resources::Connectivity::Actual Resources Connectivity

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects.

Concerns: the communication of actual resource.

Definition: illustrates the actual resource configurations and actual relationships between them.

Recommended Implementation: tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram, SysML Internal Block Diagram, SysML Sequence Diagram.

**Figure 8:69 - Actual Resources Connectivity**

Elements

- [ActualOrganization](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ActualPerson](#)
- [ActualPost](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [ActualResourceRelationship](#)
- [ActualResponsibility](#)
- [ActualResponsibleResource](#)
- [FieldedCapability](#)

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Traceability

Contains the diagrams that document the Actual Resources Traceability Viewpoint.

View Specifications::Actual Resources::Traceability::Actual Resources Traceability

Stakeholders: Systems Engineers, Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Business Architects.

Concerns: traceability between operational activities and functions that implements them.

Definition: depicts the mapping of functions to operational activities and thus identifies the transformation of an operational need into a purposeful function performed by a resource or solution.

Recommended Implementation: Matrix format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

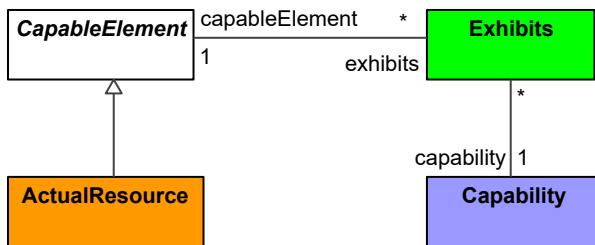


Figure 8:70 - Actual Resources Traceability

Elements

- [ActualResource](#)
- [Capability](#)
- [CapableElement](#)
- [Exhibits](#)

8.1.11 View Specifications::Dictionary

Stakeholders: Architects, users of the architecture, Capability Owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: Definitions for all the elements in the architecture, libraries of environments and measurements.

Definition: Presents all the elements used in an architecture. Can be used specifically to capture:

- a. Elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.
- b. Measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MoEs, TPIs etc.

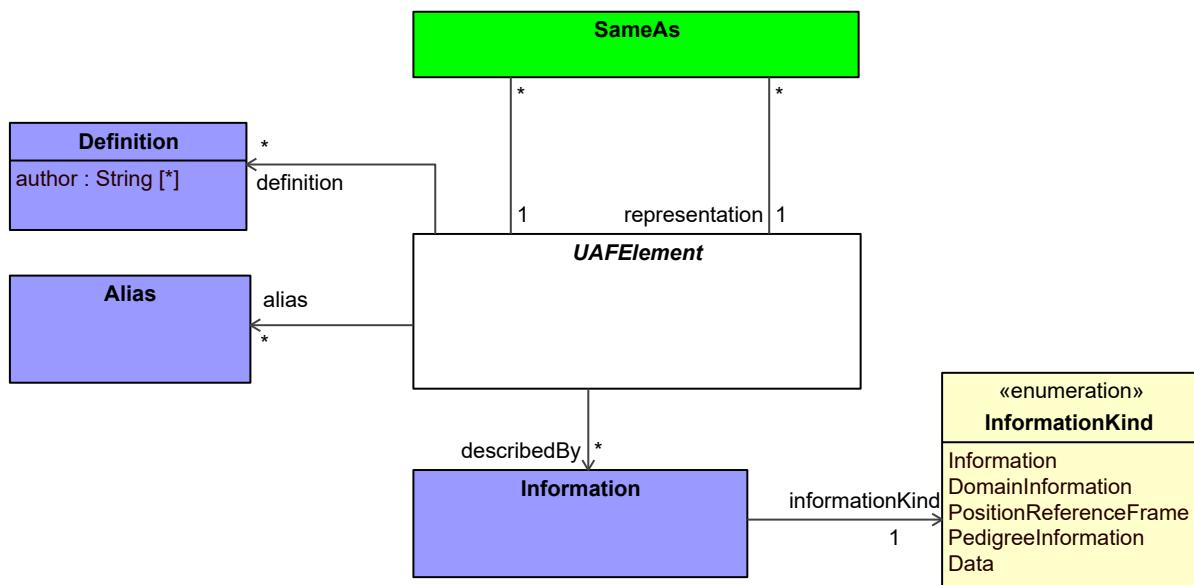
View Specifications::Dictionary::Dictionary

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: provides a central reference for a given architecture's data and metadata. It enables the set of architecture description to stand alone, with minimal reference to outside resources.

Definition: contains definitions of terms used in the given architecture. It consists of textual definitions in the form of a glossary, their taxonomies, and their metadata (i.e., data about architecture data), including metadata for any custom-tailored views. Architects should use standard terms where possible (i.e., terms from existing, approved dictionaries, glossaries, and lexicons).

Recommended Implementation: text, table format.

**Figure 8:71 - Dictionary**

Elements

- [Alias](#)
- [Definition](#)
- [Information](#)
- [SameAs](#)
- [UAFEElement](#)

8.1.12 View Specifications::Summary & Overview

Stakeholders: Executives, PMs, Enterprise Architects.

Concerns: executive-level summary information in a consistent form.

Definition: provides executive-level summary information in a consistent form that allows quick reference and comparison between architectural descriptions. Includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decisions relating to an architecture-based work program.

View Specifications::Summary & Overview::Summary & Overview

Stakeholders: Decision makers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: quick overview of an architecture description and summary of analysis. In the initial phases of architecture development, it serves as a planning guide. Upon completion of an architecture, it provides a summary of findings, and any conducted analysis.

Definition: provides executive-level summary information in a consistent form that allows quick reference and comparison among architectures. The Summary and Overview includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decision processes involving the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: text, free form diagram, table format.

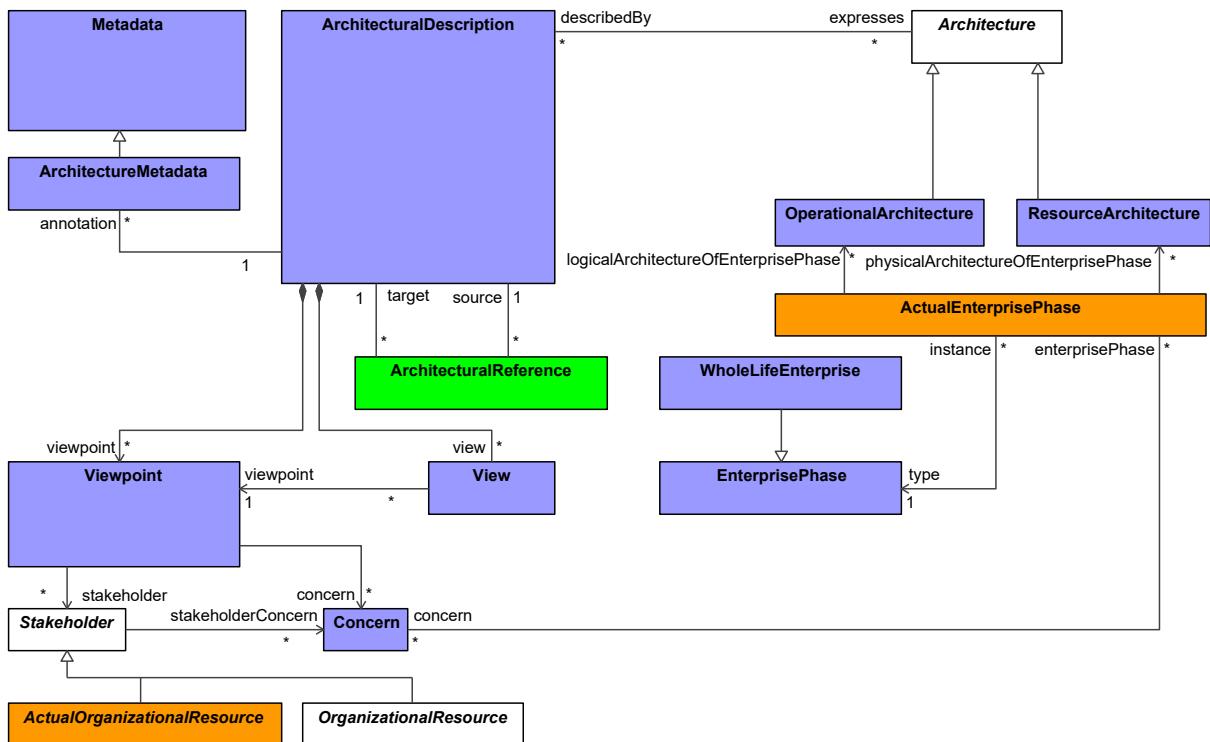


Figure 8:72 - Summary & Overview

Elements

- [ActualEnterprisePhase](#)
- [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)
- [ArchitecturalDescription](#)
- [ArchitecturalReference](#)
- [Architecture](#)
- [ArchitectureMetadata](#)
- [Concern](#)
- [EnterprisePhase](#)
- [Metadata](#)
- [OperationalArchitecture](#)
- [OrganizationalResource](#)
- [ResourceArchitecture](#)
- [Stakeholder](#)
- [View](#)
- [Viewpoint](#)
- [WholeLifeEnterprise](#)

8.1.13 View Specifications::Requirements

Stakeholders: Requirement Engineers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: requirements traceability.

Definition: used to represent requirements, their properties, and relationships (trace, verify, satisfy, refine) to UAF architectural elements.

View Specifications::Requirements::Requirements

Stakeholders: Requirement Engineers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: provides a central reference for a set of stakeholder needs expressed as requirements, their relationship (via traceability) to more detailed requirements and the solution described by the architecture that will meet those requirements.

Definition: used to represent requirements, their properties, and relationships (trace, verify, satisfy, refine) between each other and to UAF architectural elements.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Requirement Diagram, tabular format, matrix format.

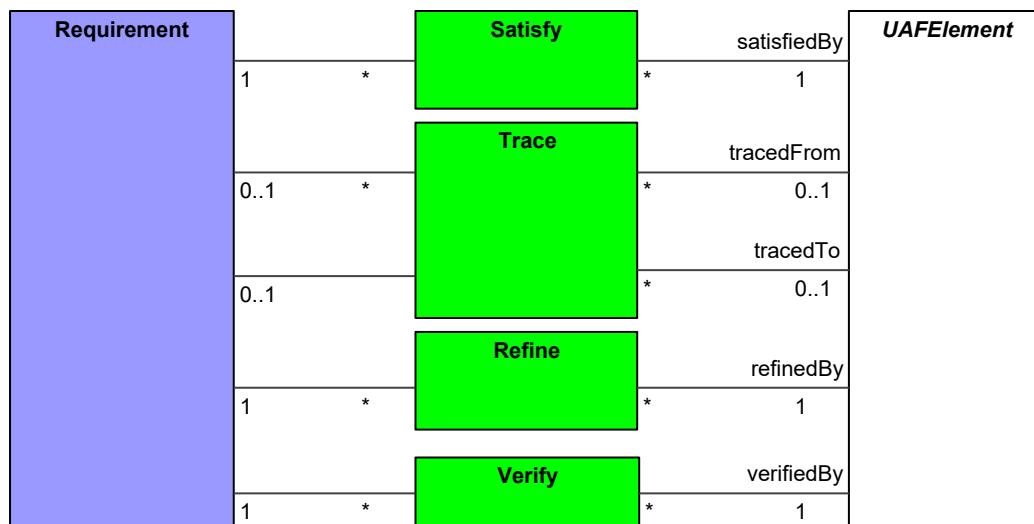


Figure 8:73 - Requirements

Elements

- Refine
- Requirement
- Satisfy
- Trace
- [UAFELEMENT](#)
- Verify

8.1.14 View Specifications::Information

Stakeholders: Data Modelers, Software Engineers, Systems Engineers

Concerns: address the information perspective on operational, service, and resource architectures.

Definition: allows analysis of an architecture's information and data definition aspect, without consideration of implementation specific issues.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

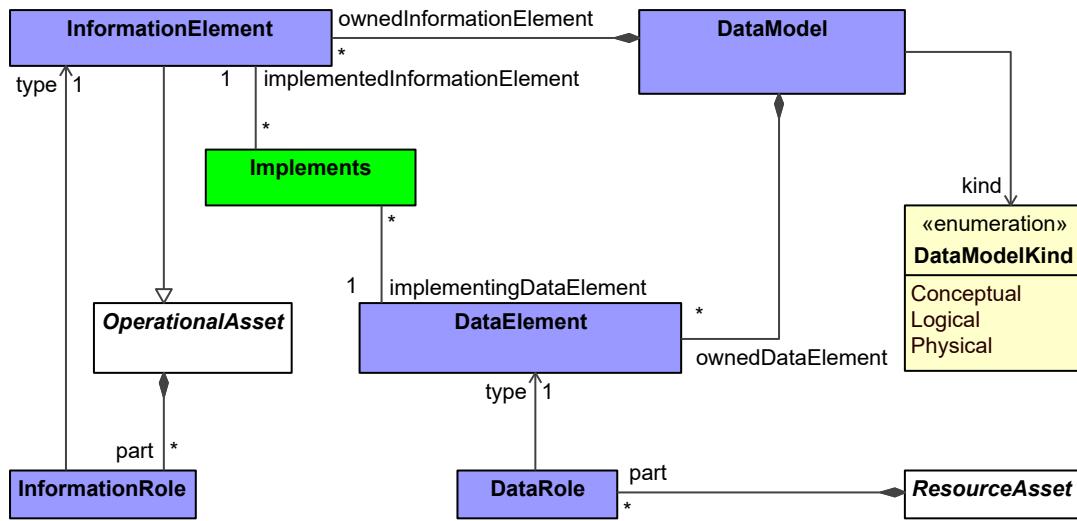
View Specifications::Information::Information Model

Stakeholders: Data Modelers, Software Engineers, Systems Engineers

Concerns: address the information perspective on operational, service, and resource architectures.

Definition: allows analysis of an architecture's information and data definition aspect, without consideration of implementation specific issues.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:74 - Information Model**

Elements

- [InformationElement](#)
- [DataModel](#)
- [DataRole](#)
- [Implements](#)
- [InformationRole](#)
- [OperationalAsset](#)
- [ResourceAsset](#)

8.1.15 View Specifications::Parameters

Stakeholders: Capability owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: identifies measurable properties that can be used to support engineering analysis and environment for the Capabilities

Definition: Shows the measurable properties of something in the physical world and elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.

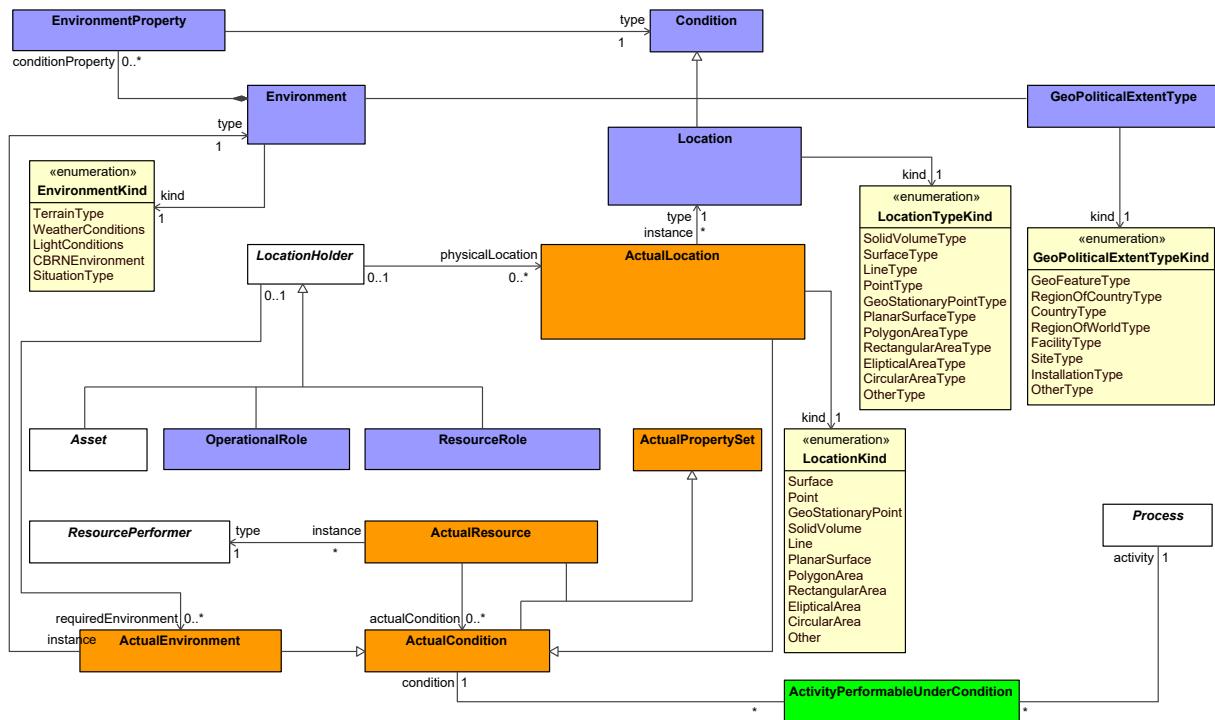
View Specifications::Parameters::Parameters: Environment

Stakeholders: Capability owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: defines the environment for the capabilities.

Definition: shows the elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

**Figure 8:75 - Parameters: Environment****Elements**

- [ActivityPerformableUnderCondition](#)
- [ActualCondition](#)
- [ActualEnvironment](#)
- [ActualLocation](#)
- [ActualPropertySet](#)
- [ActualResource](#)
- [Asset](#)
- [Condition](#)
- [Environment](#)
- [EnvironmentProperty](#)
- [GeoPoliticalExtentType](#)
- [Location](#)
- [LocationHolder](#)
- [OperationalRole](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ResourcePerformer](#)
- [ResourceRole](#)

View Specifications::Parameters::Parameters: Measurements

Stakeholders: Capability owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: identifies measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MoEs, TPIs etc.

Definition: Shows the measurable properties of something in the physical world, expressed in amounts of a unit of measure that can be associated with any element in the architecture.

Recommended Implementation: SysML Block Definition Diagram.

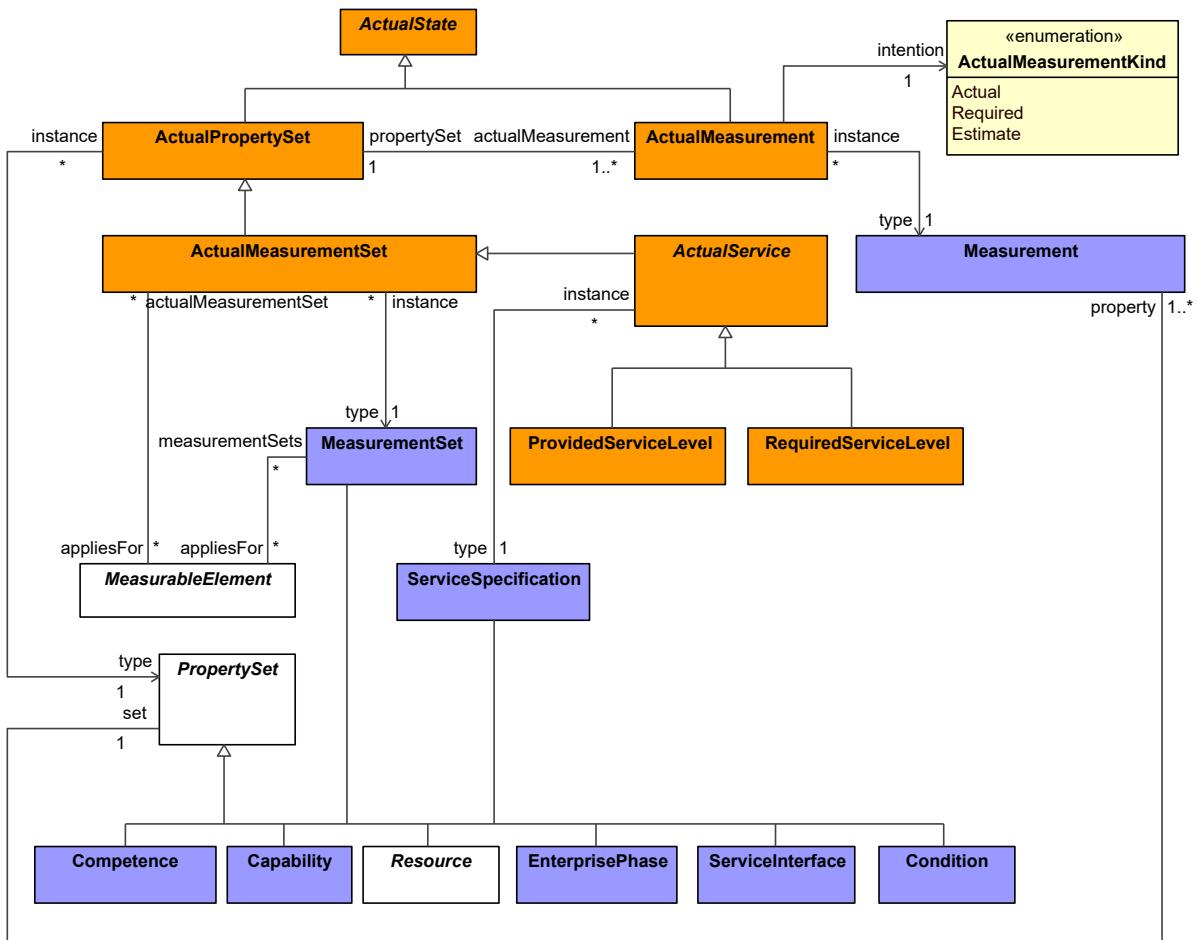


Figure 8:76 - Parameters: Measurements

Elements

- ActualMeasurement
 - ActualMeasurementSet
 - ActualPropertySet
 - ActualService
 - ActualState
 - Capability
 - Competence
 - Condition
 - EnterprisePhase
 - MeasurableElement
 - Measurement
 - MeasurementSet
 - PropertySet
 - ProvidedServiceLevel
 - RequiredServiceLevel
 - Resource
 - ServiceInterface
 - ServiceSpecification

8.1.16 View Specifications::Other

Contains the diagrams that document the use of BPMN, NIEM, IEPPV in the context of UAF.

View Specifications::Other::BPMN

Stakeholders: Business Architects, Enterprise Architects

Concerns: captures activity based behavior and flows.

Definition: describes the activities that are normally conducted in the course of achieving business goals that support a capability. It describes operational activities, their Inputs/Outputs, operational activity actions and flows between them using BPMN.

Recommended Implementation: BPMN Process Diagram.

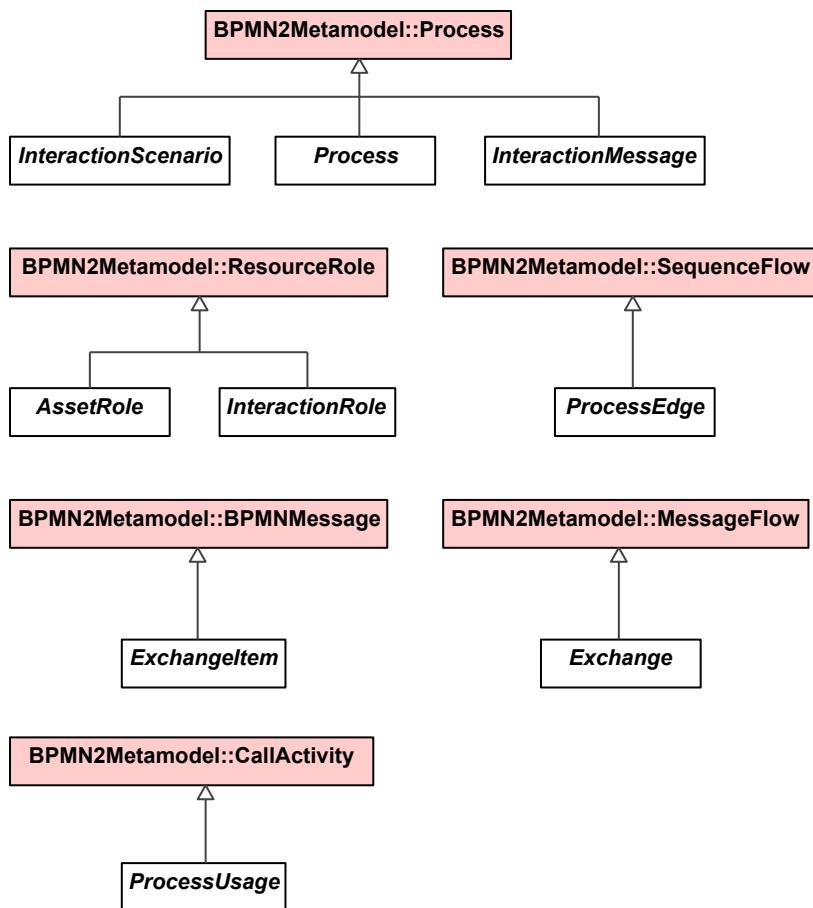


Figure 8:77 - BPMN

Elements

- [AssetRole](#)
- BPMN2Metamodel::BPMNMessage
- BPMN2Metamodel::CallActivity
- BPMN2Metamodel::MessageFlow
- BPMN2Metamodel::Process
- BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole
- BPMN2Metamodel::SequenceFlow
- [Exchange](#)

- [ExchangeItem](#)
- [InteractionMessage](#)
- [InteractionRole](#)
- [InteractionScenario](#)
- [Process](#)
- [ProcessEdge](#)
- [ProcessUsage](#)

View Specifications::Other::IEPPV

Stakeholders: Data Modelers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects, information architects.

Concerns: information exchanges, information interfaces, information interoperability, information sharing and safeguarding.

Definition: UAFP supports information modeling and traceability to IEPPV model elements using the IEPPV-defined elements: Message, SemanticElement, and FilteredSemanticElement, used to represent data, properties/attributes, structure, format, and relationships. The IEPPV profile enables the specification of the policies, rules and constraints governing the packaging (assembly, transformation, marking, redaction) of data elements conforming to information sharing and safeguarding requirements. The IEPPV profile also governs the processing (parsing, transformation, and marshalling) received information and data element.

Recommended Implementation: UML Class Diagram, SysML Block Diagram.

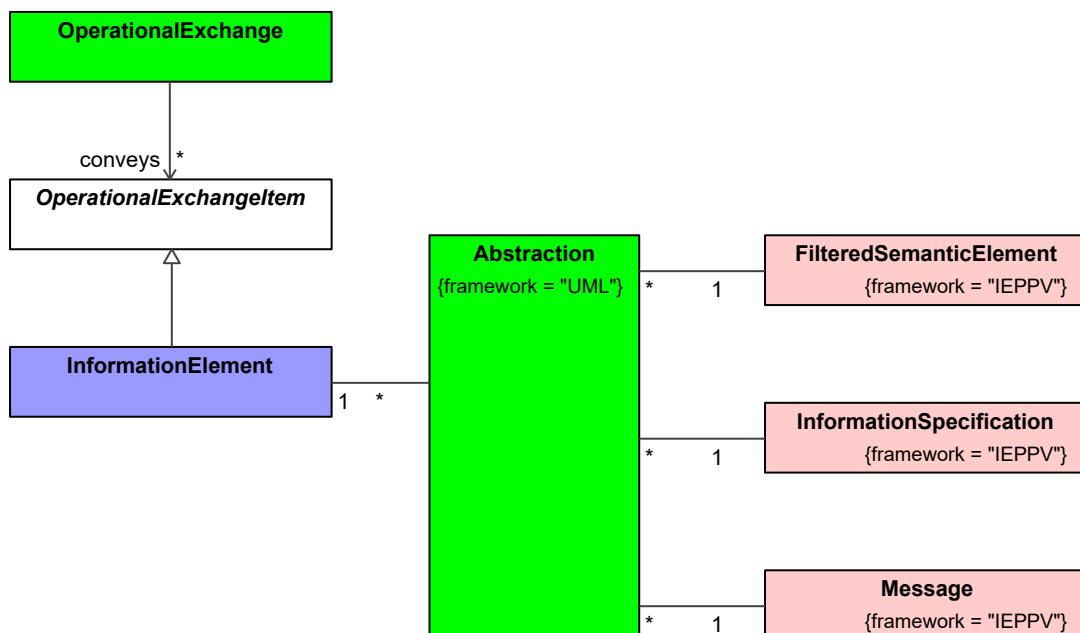


Figure 8:78 - IEPPV

Elements

- Abstraction
- FilteredSemanticElement
- [InformationElement](#)
- InformationSpecification
- Message
- [OperationalExchange](#)
- [OperationalExchangeItem](#)

View Specifications::Other::NIEM

Stakeholders: Data Modelers, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: information exchanges, information interoperability, data schema.

Definition: A specification representing the structure, semantics, and relationships of data objects that satisfy an information exchange requirement. Used for organizing and packaging Model Package Descriptions (MPDs) and Information Exchange Package Documentation (IEPD) as defined by the National Information Exchange Model (NIEM). An IEPD is a type of MPD. The NIEM MPD defines an Enterprise Information Exchange Model (EIEM) as an MPD that contains NIEM-conforming schemas that define and declare data components to be consistently reused in the IEPDs of an enterprise. An EIEM is a collection of schemas organized into a collection of subset schemas and one or more extension schemas. An information sharing enterprise creates and maintains an EIEM.

Recommended Implementation: UML Class Diagram, SysML Block Diagram.

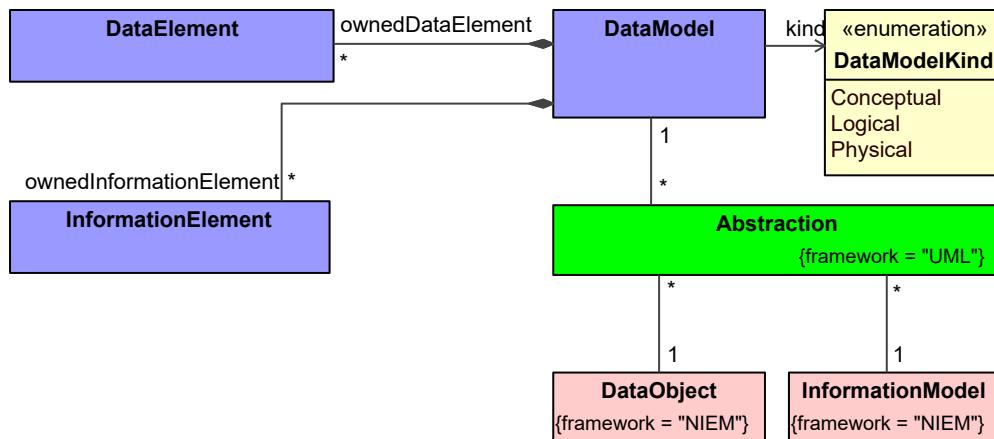


Figure 8:79 - NIEM

Elements

- Abstraction
- [DataElement](#)
- [DataModel](#)
- DataObject
- [InformationElement](#)
- InformationModel

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9 Domain Metamodel (DMM) Elements

9.1 Domain MetaModel

This package contains the elements of the DMM.

9.1.1 Domain MetaModel::Metadata

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, people who want to discover the architecture, Technical Managers.

Concerns: Captures meta-data relevant to the entire architecture

Definition: Provide information pertinent to the entire architecture. Present supporting information rather than architectural models.

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Taxonomy

ArchitectureMetadata

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Metadata](#)

Description

Information associated with an ArchitecturalDescription, that supplements the standard set of tags used to summarize the Architecture. It states things like what methodology was used, notation, etc.

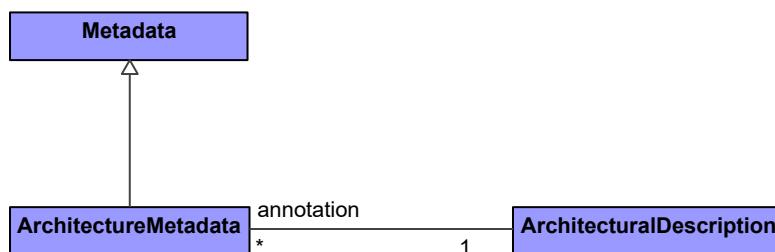


Figure 9:1 - ArchitectureMetadata

InteractionScenarioGeneralization

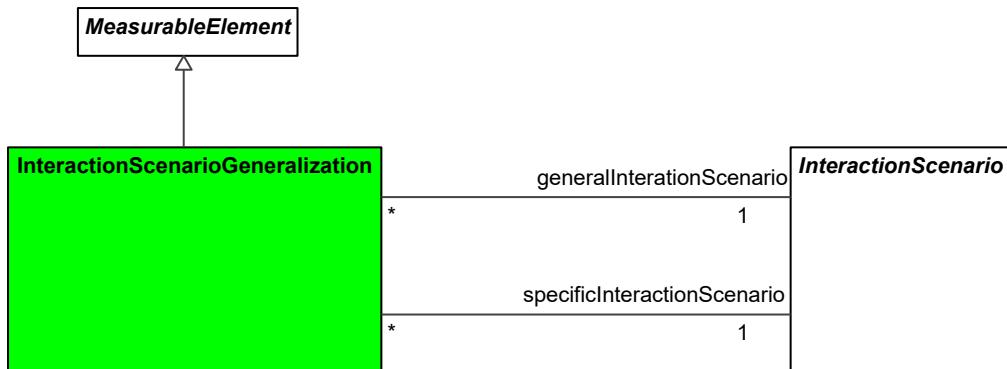
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: UML2.5Metamodel::Generalization, [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An InteractionScenarioGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general InteractionScenario and a more specific InteractionScenario.

**Figure 9:2 - InteractionScenarioGeneralization**

Metadata

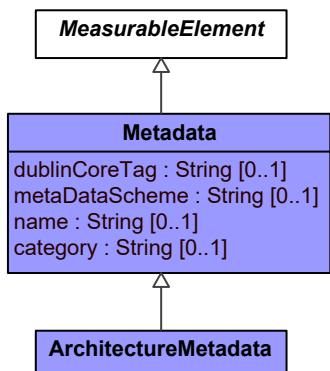
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A comment that can be applied to any element in the architecture. The attributes associated with this element details the relationship between the element and its related dublinCoreElement, metaDataScheme, category and name. This allows the element to be referenced using the Semantic Web.

**Figure 9:3 - Metadata**

Attributes

category : String[0..1]

Defines the category of a Metadata element example:
<http://purl.org/dc/terms/abstract>.

dublinCoreTag : String[0..1]

A metadata category that is a DublinCore tag.

metaDataScheme : String[0..1]

A representation scheme that defines a set of Metadata.

name : String[0..1]

The name of the Metadata.

ProcessGeneralization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: UML2.5Metamodel::Generalization, [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A ProcessGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general Process and a more specific Process.

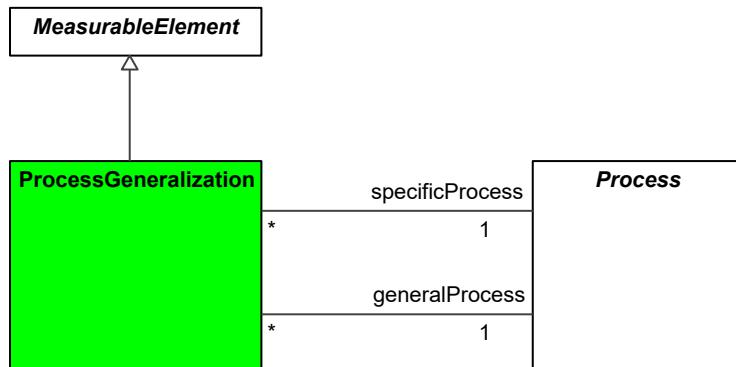


Figure 9:4 - ProcessGeneralization

PropertySetGeneralization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: UML2.5Metamodel::Generalization, [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A PropertySetGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general PropertySet and a more specific PropertySet.

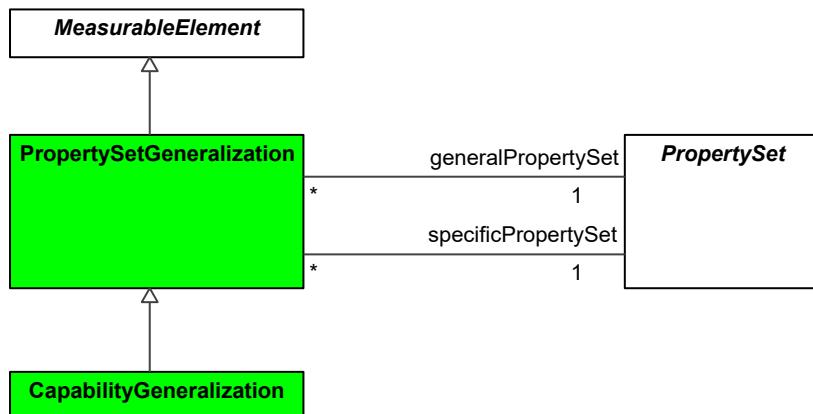


Figure 9:5 - PropertySetGeneralization

StateDescriptionGeneralization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: UML2.5Metamodel::Generalization, [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A StateDescriptionGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general StateDescription and a more specific StateDescription.

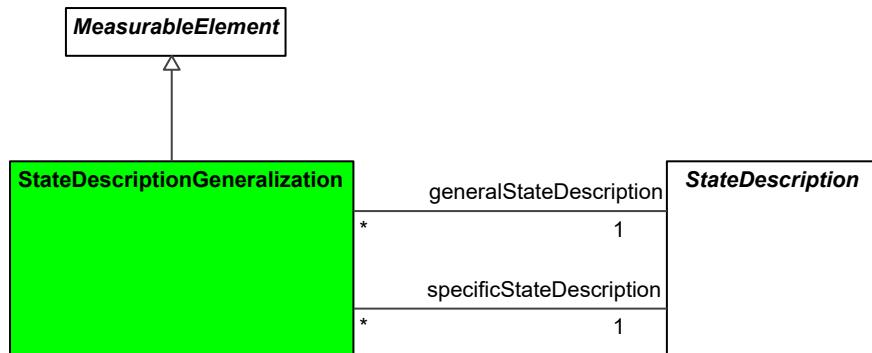


Figure 9:6 - StateDescriptionGeneralization

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Structure

EnvironmentProperty

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A property of an Environment that is typed by a Condition. The kinds of Condition that can be represented are Location, GeoPoliticalExtentType and Environment.

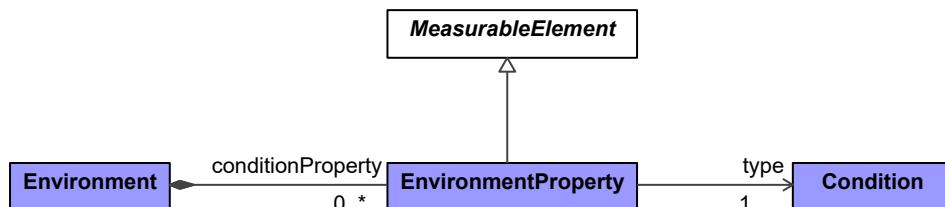


Figure 9:7 - EnvironmentProperty

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Connectivity

Exchange

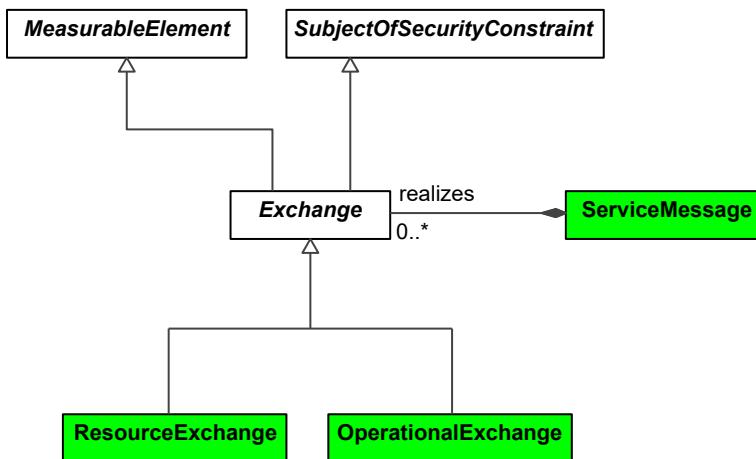
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: Yes

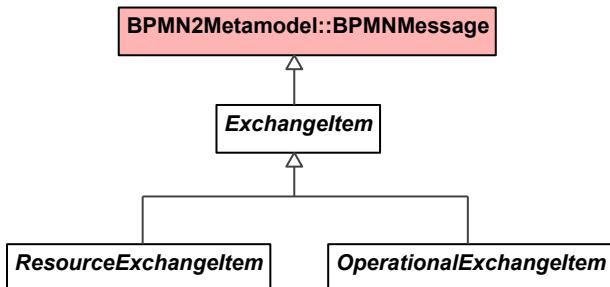
Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), BPMN2Metamodel::MessageFlow, [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#)

Description

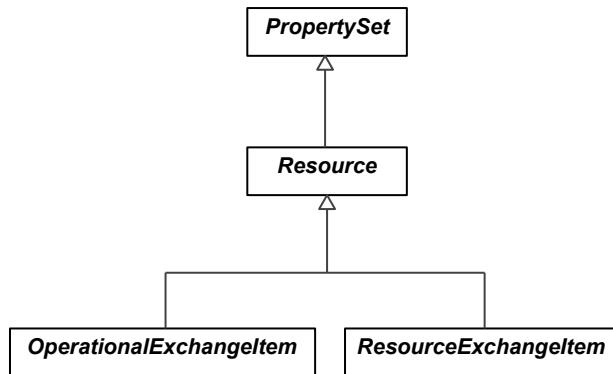
Abstract tuple, grouping OperationalExchanges and ResourceExchanges that exchange Resources.

**Figure 9:8 - Exchange****Exchangeltem****Package:** Connectivity**isAbstract:** Yes**Generalization:** BPMN2Metamodel::BPMNMessage**Description**

An abstract grouping for elements that defines the types of elements that can be exchanged between Assets and conveyed by an Exchange.

**Figure 9:9 - Exchangeltem****Resource****Package:** Connectivity**isAbstract:** Yes**Generalization:** [PropertySet](#)**Description**

Abstract type grouping all elements that can be conveyed by an Exchange.

**Figure 9:10 - Resource****Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Processes****ActivityPerformableUnderCondition****Package:** Processes**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

The ActualCondition under which an Activity is performed.

**Figure 9:11 - ActivityPerformableUnderCondition****IsCapableToPerform****Package:** Processes**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

A tuple defining the traceability between the structural elements to the Activities that they can perform.

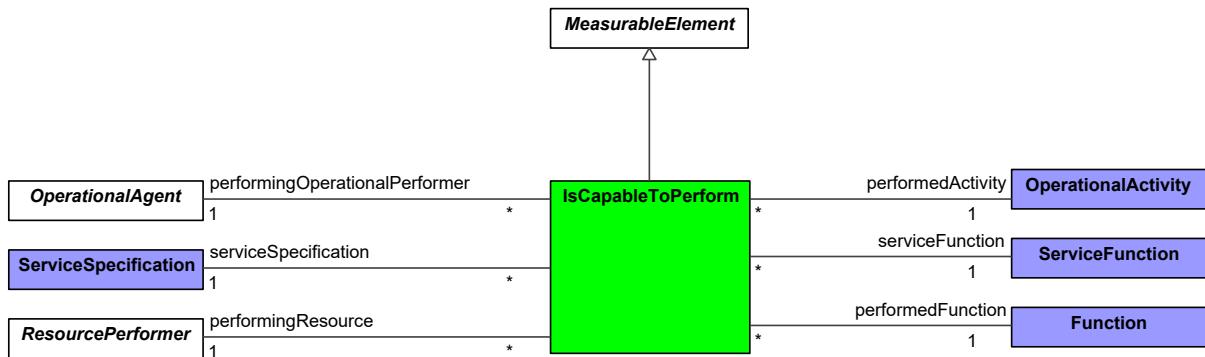


Figure 9:12 - IsCapableToPerform

PerformsInContext

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that relates an OperationalAction to an OperationalRole, or a FunctionAction to a ResourceRole. It indicates that the action can be carried out by the role when used in a specific context or configuration.

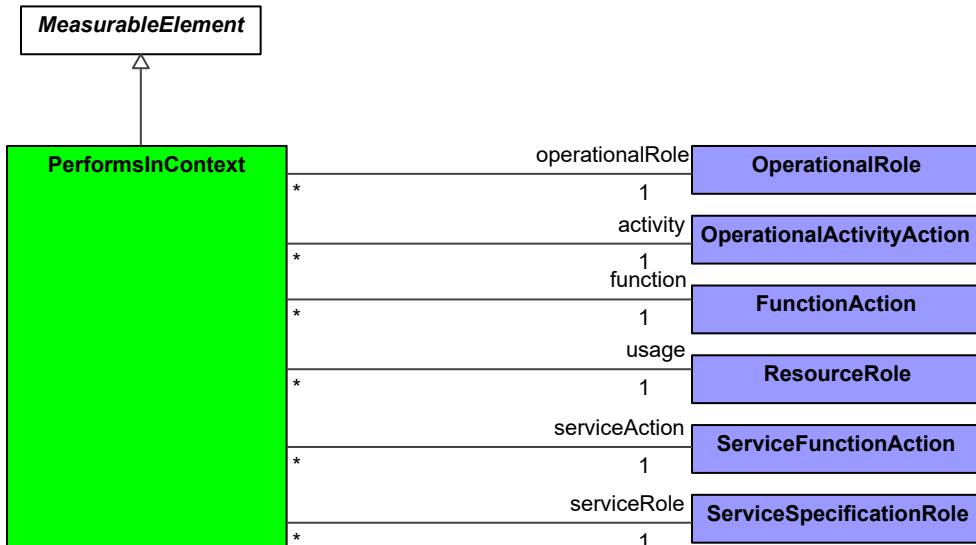


Figure 9:13 - PerformsInContext

Process

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, BPMN2Metamodel::Process

Description

An abstract type that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.

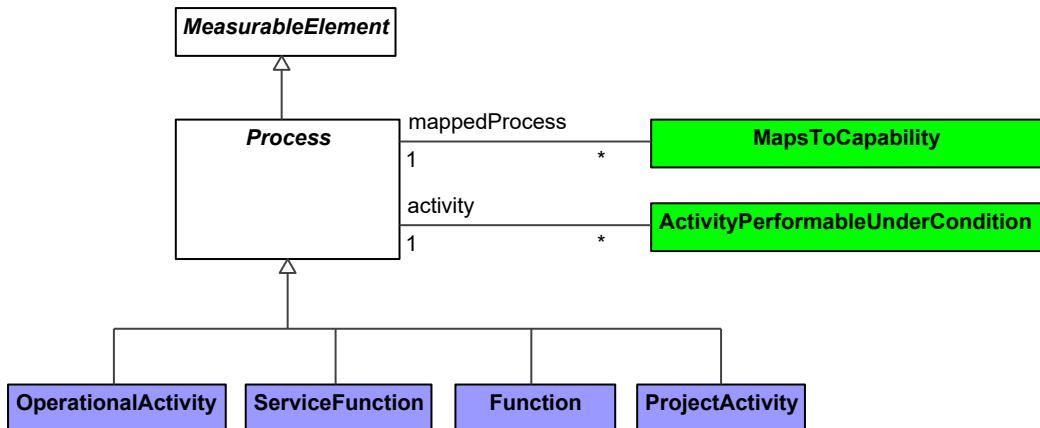


Figure 9:14 - Process

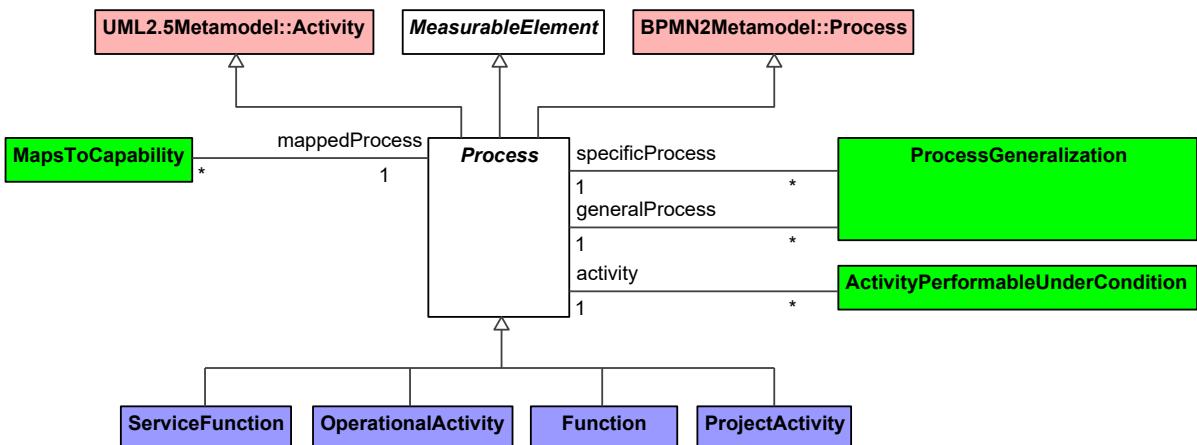


Figure 9:15 - Process

ProcessEdge

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, UML2.5Metamodel::ActivityEdge, BPMN2Metamodel::SequenceFlow

Description

An abstract type that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.

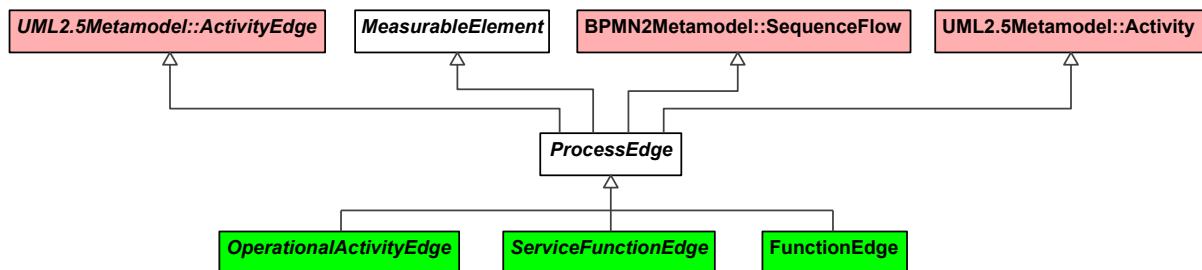


Figure 9:16 - ProcessEdge

ProcessOperation

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, UML2.5Metamodel::Operation

Description

An abstract type that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.

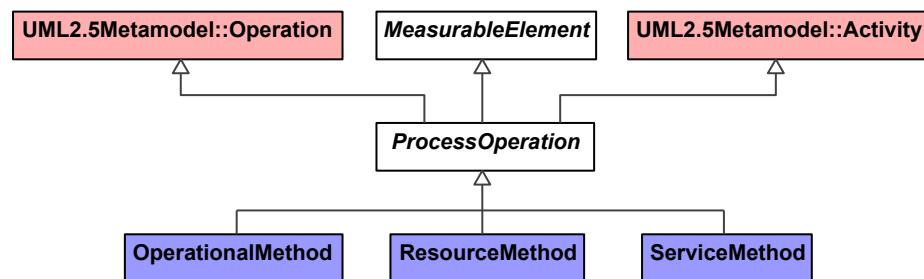


Figure 9:17 - ProcessOperation

ProcessParameter

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction, UML2.5Metamodel::Parameter

Description

An abstract type that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.

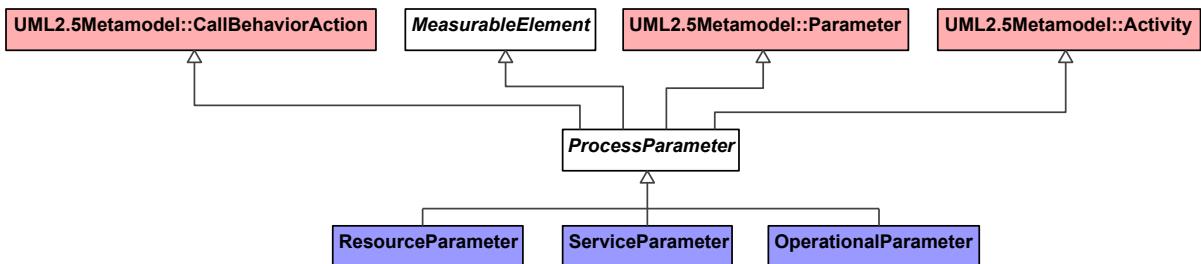


Figure 9:18 - ProcessParameter

ProcessUsage

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, UML2.5Metamodel::CallBehaviorAction, BPMN2Metamodel::CallActivity

Description

An abstract type that represents a behavior or process (i.e., a Function or OperationalActivity) that can be performed by a Performer.

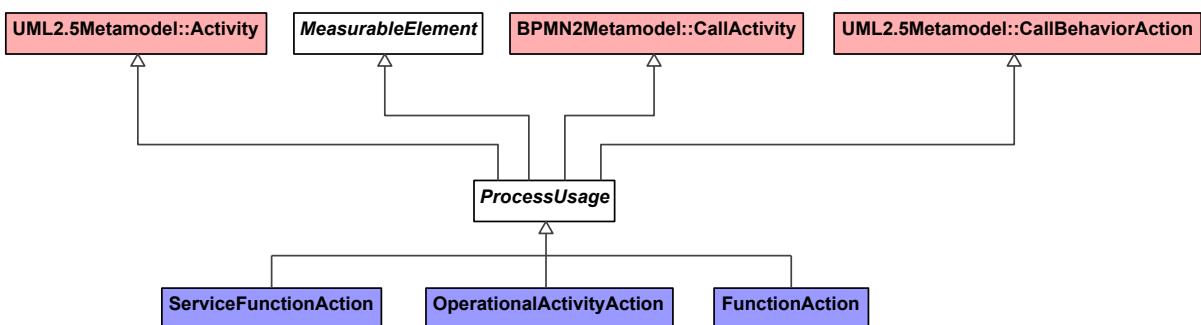


Figure 9:19 - ProcessUsage

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::States

StateDescription

Package: States

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: UML2.5Metamodel::StateMachine

Description

An abstract type that represents a state machine (i.e., an OperationalStateDescription or ResourceStateDescription), depicting how the Asset responds to various events and the actions.

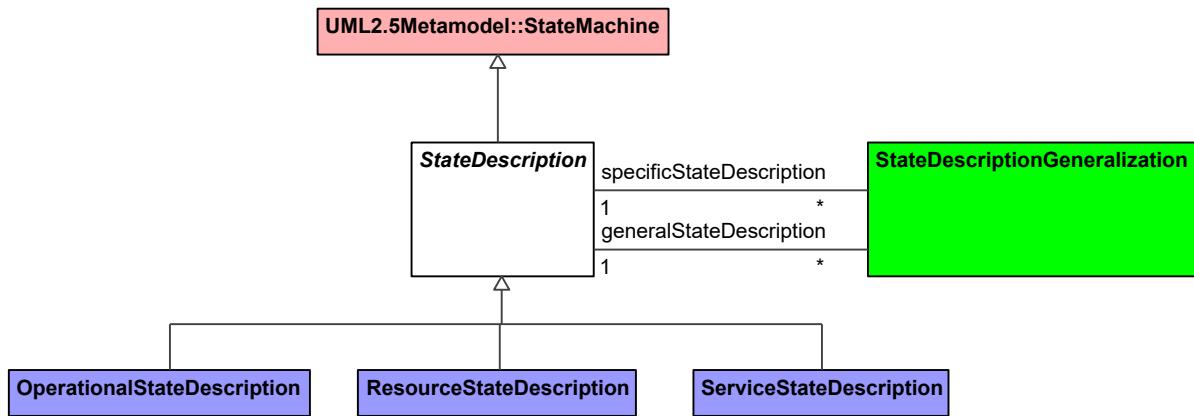


Figure 9:20 - StateDescription

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Interaction Scenarios

InteractionMessage

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, BPMN2Metamodel::Process, UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction, UML2.5Metamodel::Message

Description

An abstract type that groups several types of messages used in the InteractionScenario.

InteractionRole

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole

Description

An abstract type that represents an individual participant in the InteractionScenario.

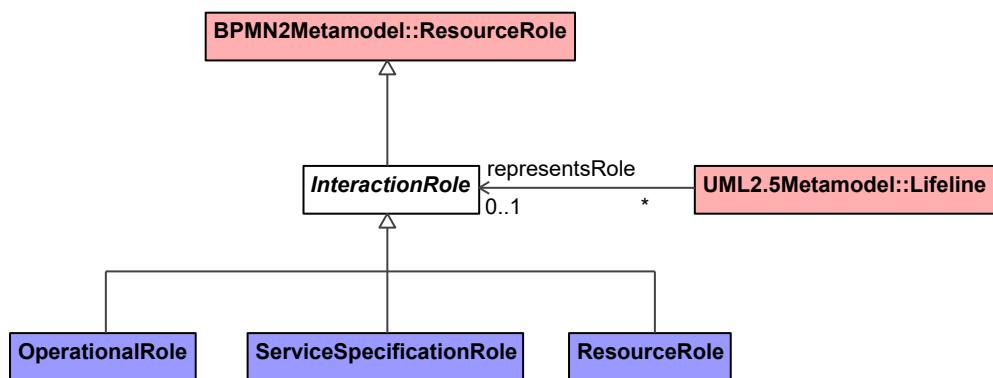


Figure 9:21 - InteractionRole

InteractionScenario

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), UML2.5Metamodel::Activity, BPMN2Metamodel::Process, UML2.5Metamodel::Interaction

Description

An abstract type that specifies interactions between Assets, like ResourcePerformers, and ServiceSpecifications.

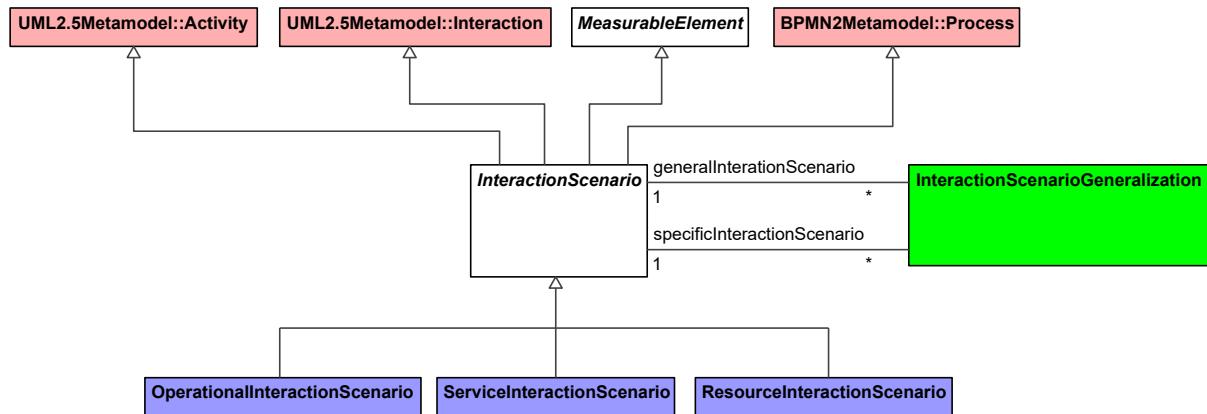


Figure 9:22 - InteractionScenario

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Information

Information

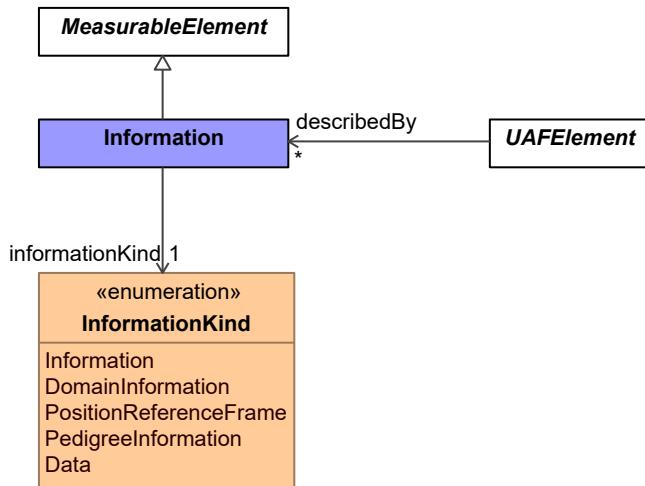
Package: Information

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A comment that describes the state of an item of interest in any medium or form -- and is communicated or received.

**Figure 9:23 - Information**

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Constraints

Rule

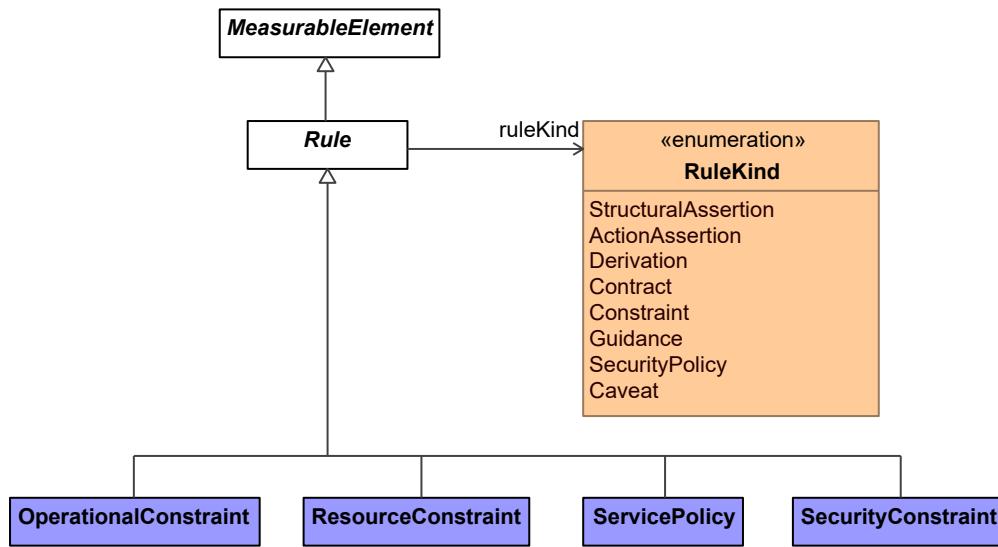
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An abstract type for all types of constraint (i.e., an OperationalConstraint could detail the rules of accountancy best practice).

**Figure 9:24 - Rule**

Domain MetaModel::Metadata::Traceability

ArchitecturalReference

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that specifies that one architectural description refers to another.

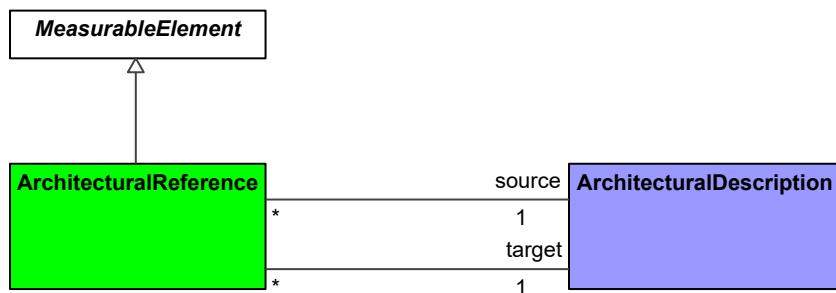


Figure 9:25 - ArchitecturalReference

Implements

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that defines how an element in the upper layer of abstraction is implemented by a semantically equivalent element (for example tracing the Functions to the OperationalActivities) in the lower level of abstraction.

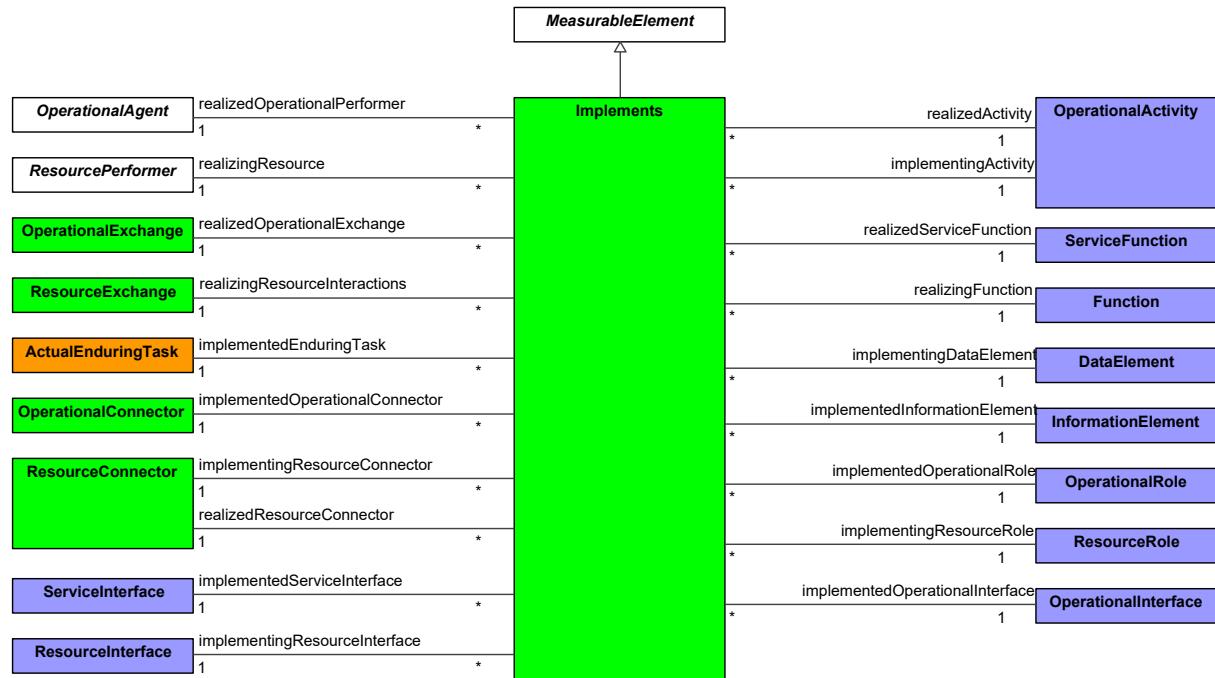


Figure 9:26 - Implements

9.1.2 Domain MetaModel::Strategic

Domain MetaModel::Strategic::Taxonomy

Capability

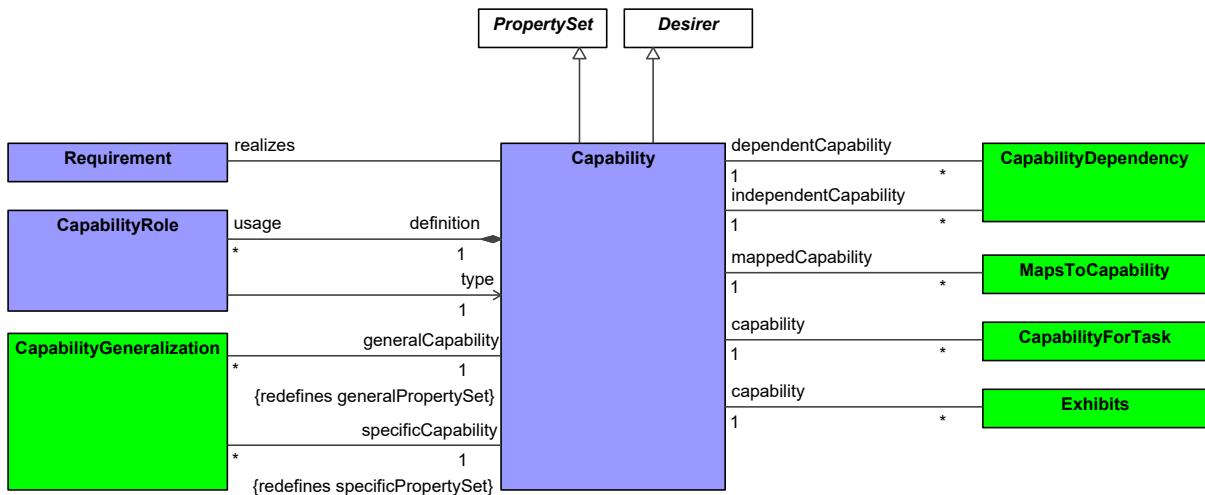
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#), [Desirer](#)

Description

A high-level specification of the enterprise's ability to execute a specified course of action.

**Figure 9:27 - Capability**

CapabilityGeneralization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySetGeneralization](#)

Description

A CapabilityGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general Capability and a more specific Capability.

**Figure 9:28 - CapabilityGeneralization**

Domain MetaModel::Strategic::Structure

ActualEnduringTask

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [CapableElement](#), [ActualPropertySet](#)

Description

An actual undertaking recognized by an enterprise as being essential to achieving its goals - i.e., a strategic specification of what the enterprise does.

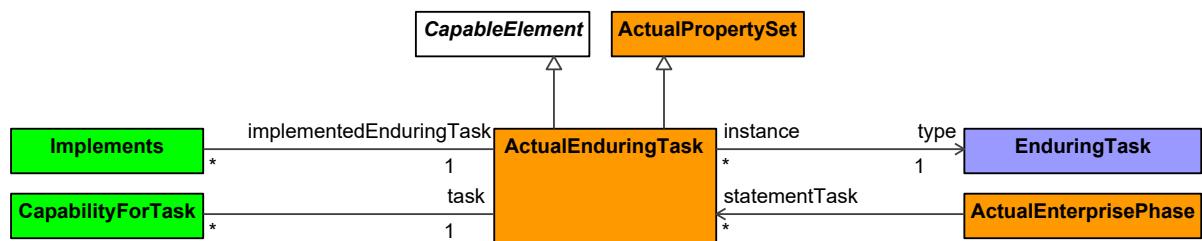


Figure 9:29 - ActualEnduringTask

ActualEnterprisePhase

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [CapableElement](#), [ActualPropertySet](#), [Achiever](#)

Description

An individual that describes the phase of an actual enterprise endeavor.

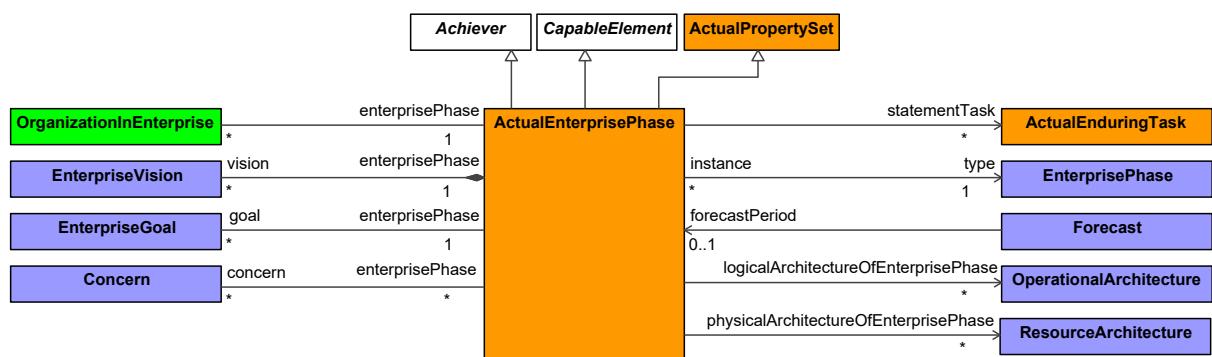


Figure 9:30 - ActualEnterprisePhase

CapabilityRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#), [Desirer](#), [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A high-level specification of the enterprise's ability to execute a specified course of action.

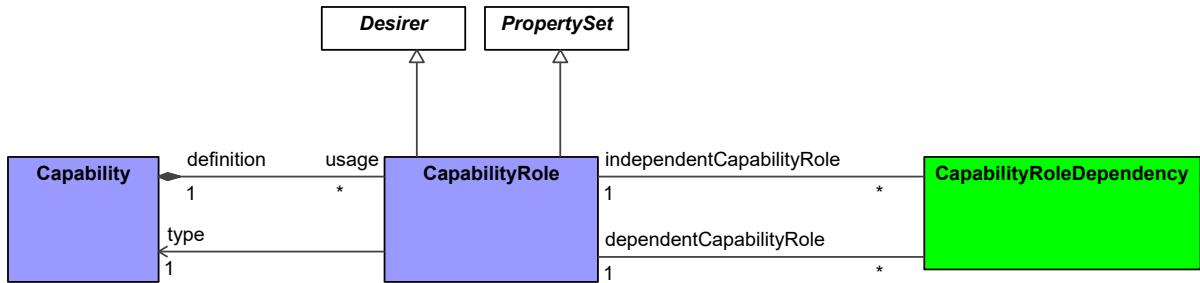


Figure 9:31 - CapabilityRole

EnduringTask

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A type of template behavior recognized by an enterprise as being essential to achieving its goals - i.e., a template for a strategic specification of what the enterprise does.

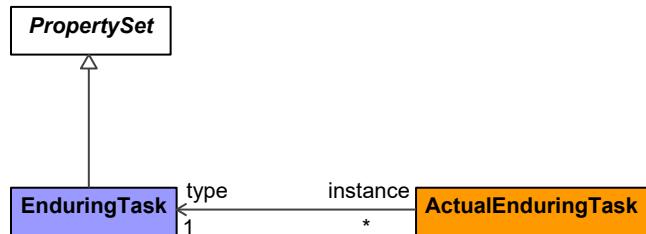


Figure 9:32 - EnduringTask

EnterpriseGoal

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A statement about a state or condition of the enterprise to be brought about or sustained through appropriate Means. An EnterpriseGoal amplifies an EnterpriseVision that is, it indicates what must be satisfied on a continuing basis to effectively attain the EnterpriseVision. BMM: OMG dtc-13-08-24.

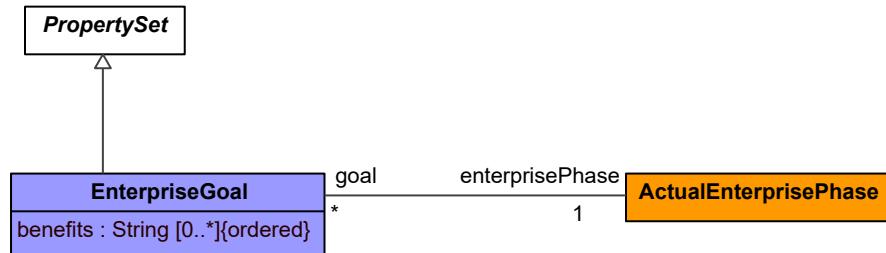


Figure 9:33 - EnterpriseGoal

Attributes

benefits : String[0..*] A description of the usefulness of the Goal in terms of why the state or condition of the Enterprise is worth attaining.

EnterprisePhase

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A type of a current or future state of the enterprise.

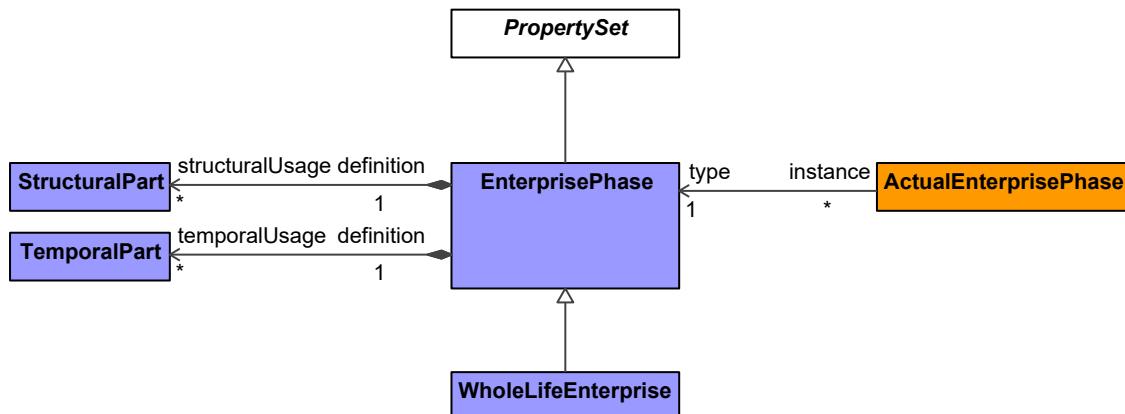


Figure 9:34 - EnterprisePhase

EnterpriseVision

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A Vision describes the future state of the enterprise, without regard to how it is to be achieved. BMM: OMG dtc-13-08-24.

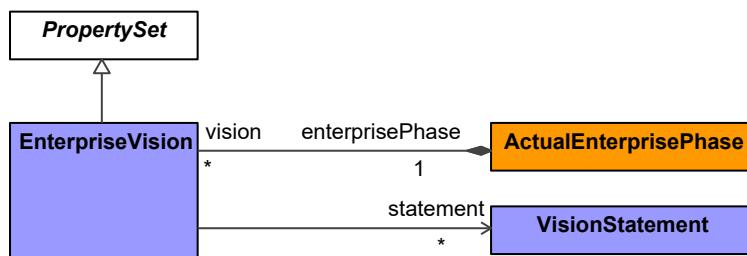


Figure 9:35 - EnterpriseVision

StructuralPart

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A current or future state of the wholeLifeEnterprise or another EnterprisePhase.

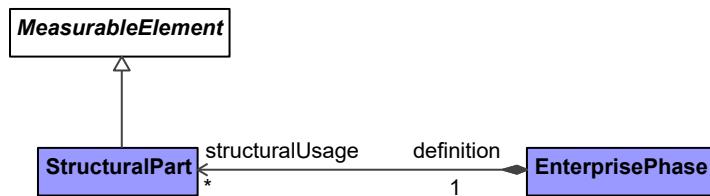


Figure 9:36 - StructuralPart

TemporalPart

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A current or future state of the wholeLifeEnterprise or another EnterprisePhase.

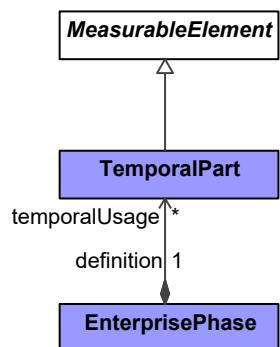


Figure 9:37 - TemporalPart

VisionStatement

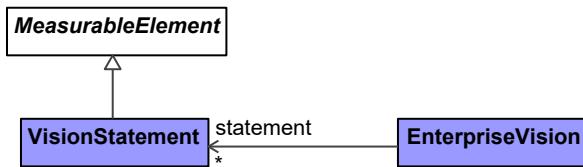
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A type of comment that describes the future state of the enterprise, without regard to how it is to be achieved. BMM: OMG dtc-13-08-24.

**Figure 9:38 - VisionStatement**

WholeLifeEnterprise

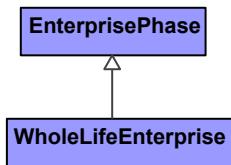
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [EnterprisePhase](#)

Description

A WholeLifeEnterprise is a purposeful endeavor of any size involving people, organizations and supporting systems. It is made up of TemporalParts and StructuralParts.

**Figure 9:39 - WholeLifeEnterprise**

Domain MetaModel::Strategic::Connectivity

CapabilityDependency

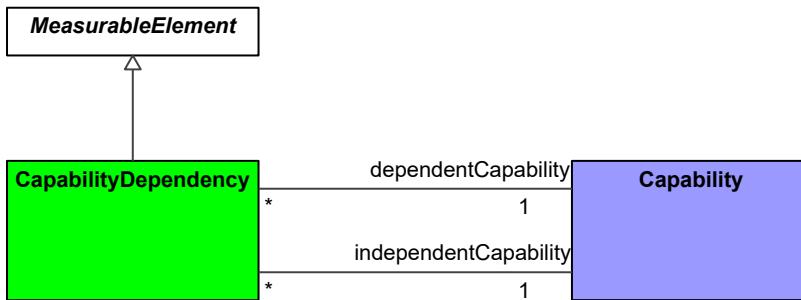
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that one CapabilityDependency is dependent from another.

**Figure 9:40 - CapabilityDependency**

CapabilityRoleDependency

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

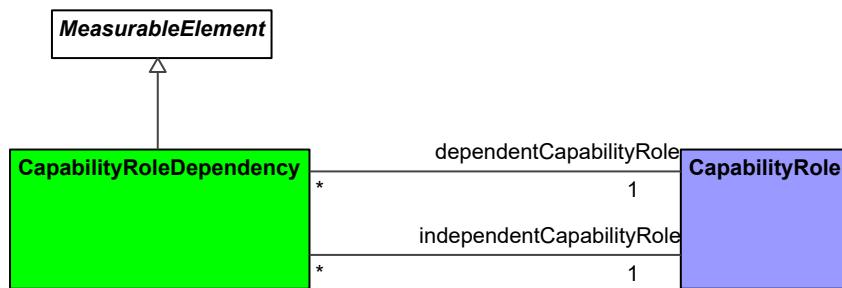


Figure 9:41 - CapabilityRoleDependency

Domain MetaModel::Strategic::States

AchievedEffect

Package: States

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that exists between an ActualState (e.g., observed/measured during testing) of an element that attempts to achieve a DesiredEffect and an Achiever.

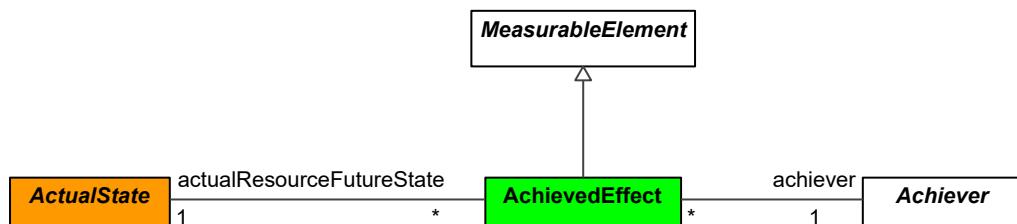


Figure 9:42 - AchievedEffect

Achiever

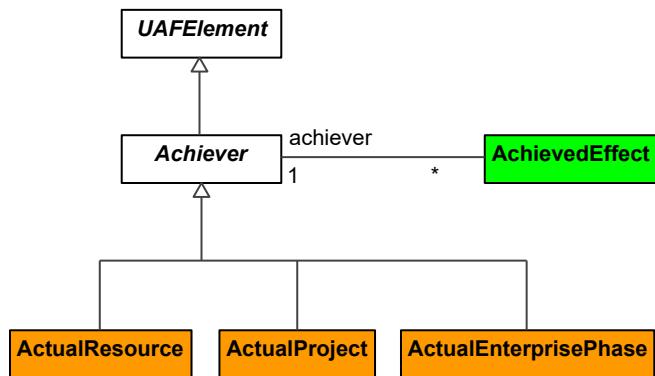
Package: States

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFFElement](#)

Description

An ActualResource, ActualProject or ActualEnterprisePhase that can deliver a DesiredEffect.

**Figure 9:43 - Achiever****DesiredEffect****Package:** States**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

A tuple relating the Desirer (a Capability or OrganizationalResource) to an ActualState.

**Figure 9:44 - DesiredEffect****Desirer****Package:** States**isAbstract:** Yes**Generalization:** [UAFEElement](#)**Description**

Abstract type used to group architecture elements that might desire a particular effect.

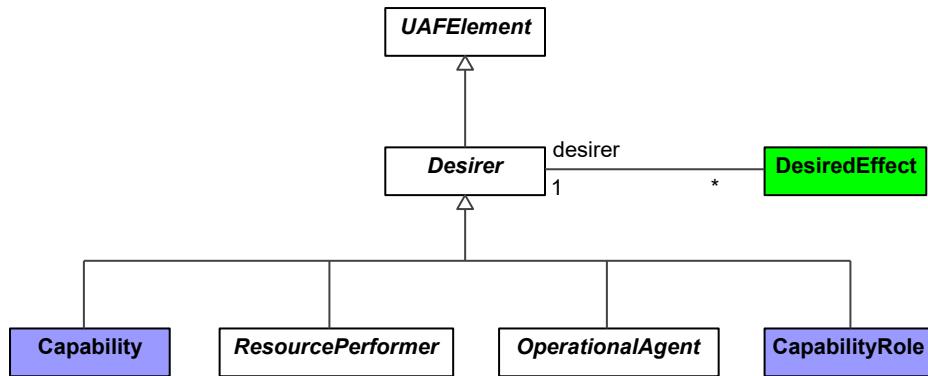


Figure 9:45 - Desirer

Domain MetaModel::Strategic::Traceability

CapabilityForTask

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that a Capability is required in order for an Enterprise to conduct a phase of an EnduringTask.

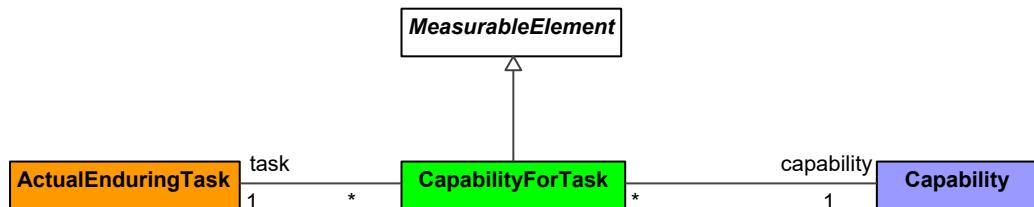


Figure 9:46 - CapabilityForTask

CapableElement

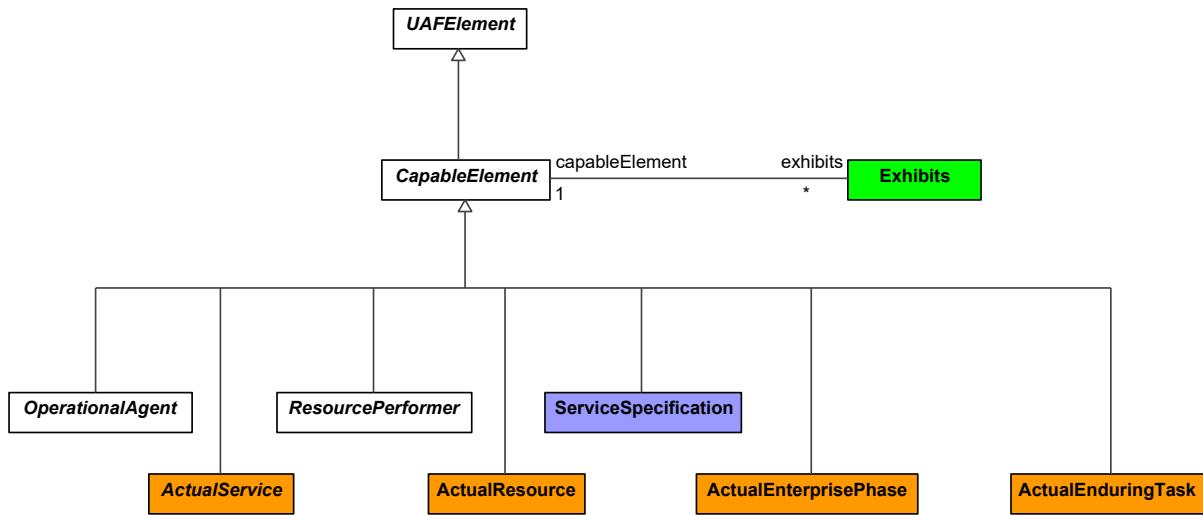
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type that represents a structural element that can exhibit capabilities.

**Figure 9:47 - CapableElement**

Exhibits

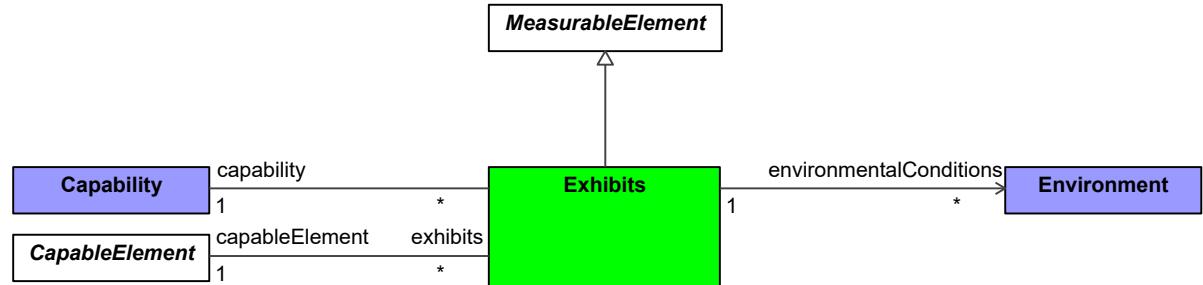
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that exists between a CapableElement and a Capability that it meets under specific environmental conditions.

**Figure 9:48 - Exhibits**

MapsToCapability

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple denoting that an Activity contributes to providing a Capability.

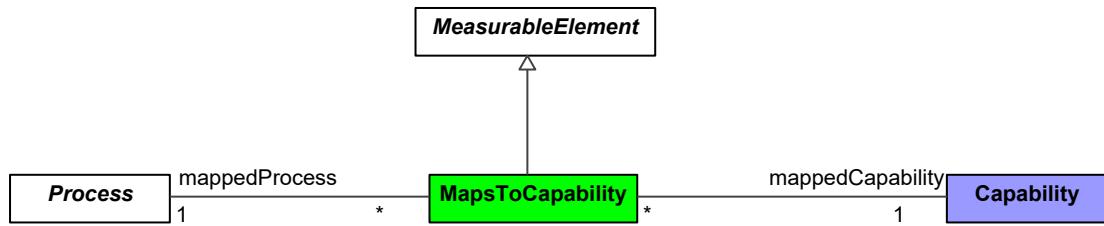


Figure 9:49 - MapsToCapability

OrganizationInEnterprise

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple relating an ActualOrganization to an ActualEnterprisePhase to denote that the ActualOrganization plays a role or is a stakeholder in an ActualEnterprisePhase.

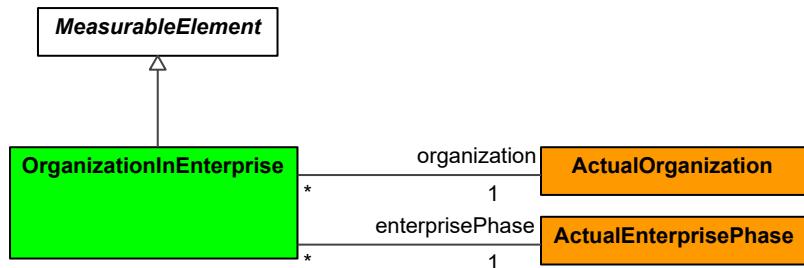


Figure 9:50 - OrganizationInEnterprise

9.1.3 Domain MetaModel::Operational

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Taxonomy

ArbitraryConnector

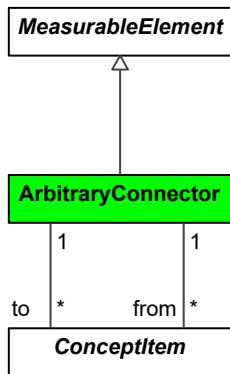
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

Represents a visual indication of a connection used in high level operational concept diagrams.

**Figure 9:51 - ArbitraryConnector**

ConceptItem

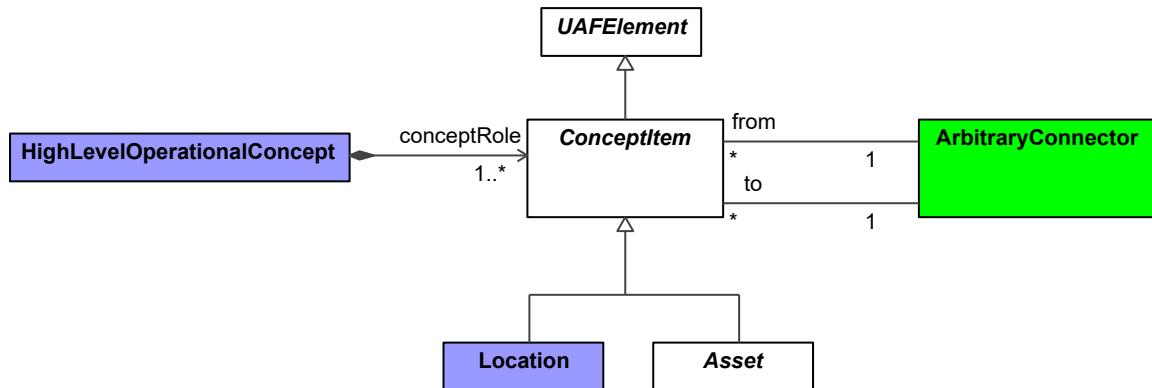
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

Abstract, an item which may feature in a HighLevelOperationalConcept.

**Figure 9:52 – ConceptItem**

HighLevelOperationalConcept

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

Describes the Resources and Locations required to meet an operational scenario from an integrated systems point of view. It is used to communicate overall quantitative and qualitative system characteristics to stakeholders.

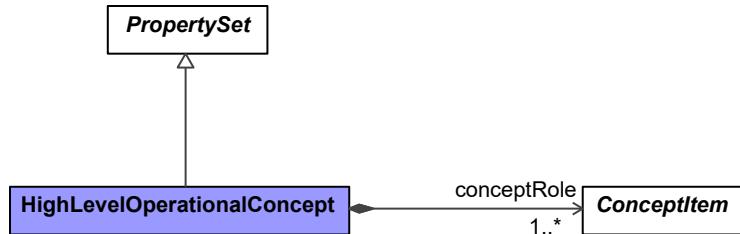


Figure 9:53 - HighLevelOperationalConcept

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Structure

KnownResource

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalPerformer](#), [ResourcePerformer](#)

Description

Asserts that a known ResourcePerformer constrains the implementation of the OperationalPerformer that plays the role in the OperationalArchitecture.

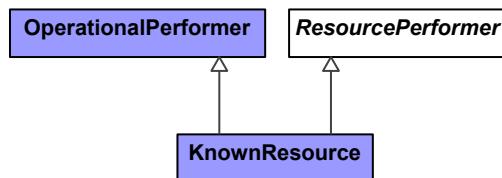


Figure 9:54 - KnownResource

OperationalAgent

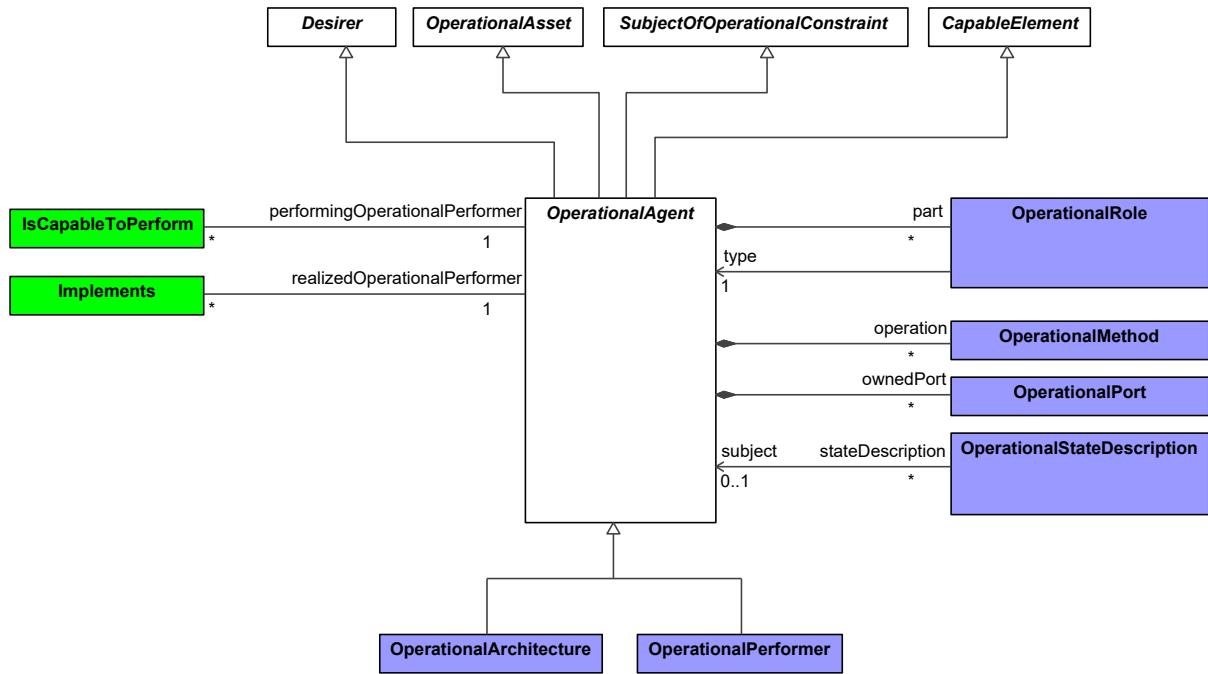
Package: Structure

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#), [CapableElement](#), [OperationalAsset](#), [Desirer](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping OperationalArchitecture and OperationalPerformer.

**Figure 9:55 - OperationalAgent**

OperationalArchitecture

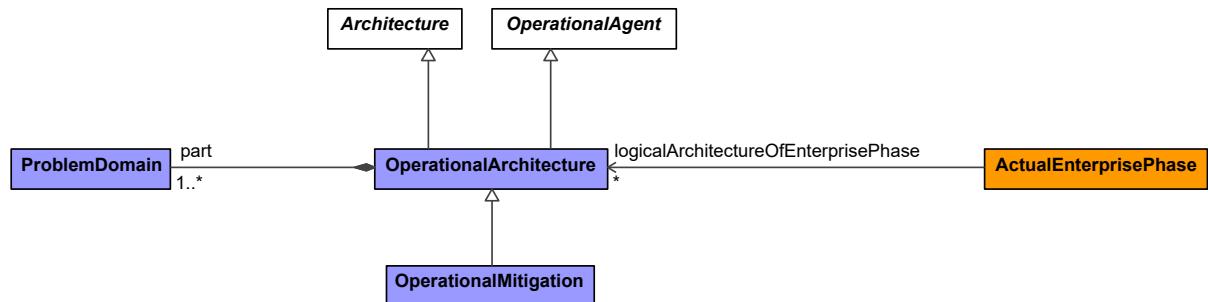
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalAgent](#), [Architecture](#)

Description

A type used to denote a model of the Architecture, described from the Operational perspective.

**Figure 9:56 - OperationalArchitecture**

OperationalMethod

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessOperation](#)

Description

A behavioral feature of an **OperationalAgent** whose behavior is specified in an **OperationalActivity**.

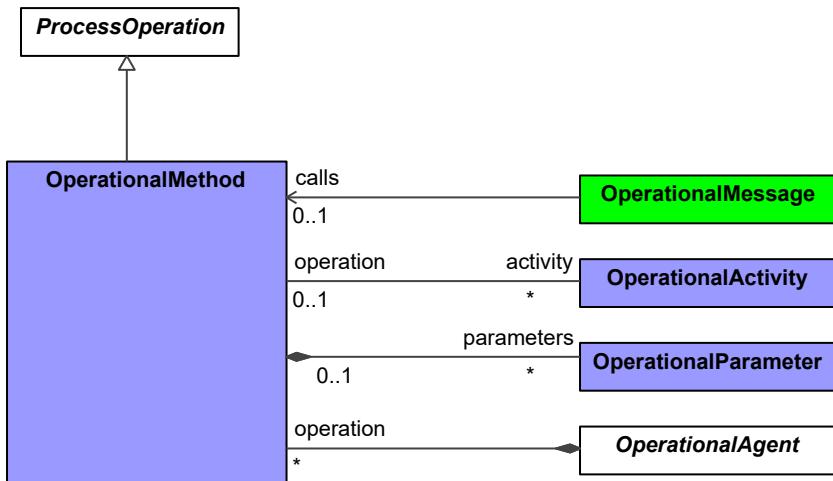


Figure 9:57 - OperationalMethod

OperationalParameter

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessParameter](#)

Description

A type that represents inputs and outputs of an **OperationalActivity**. It is typed by an **OperationalExchangeItem**.

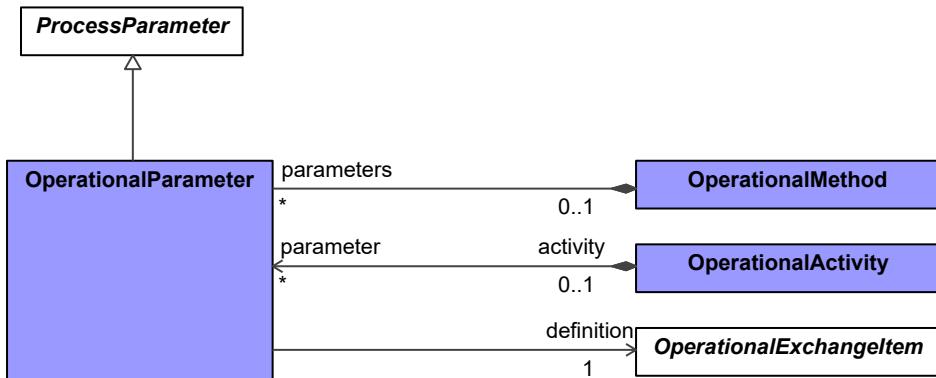


Figure 9:58 - OperationalParameter

OperationalPerformer

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalAgent](#)

Description

A logical entity that IsCapableToPerform **OperationalActivities** which produce, consume and process Resources.

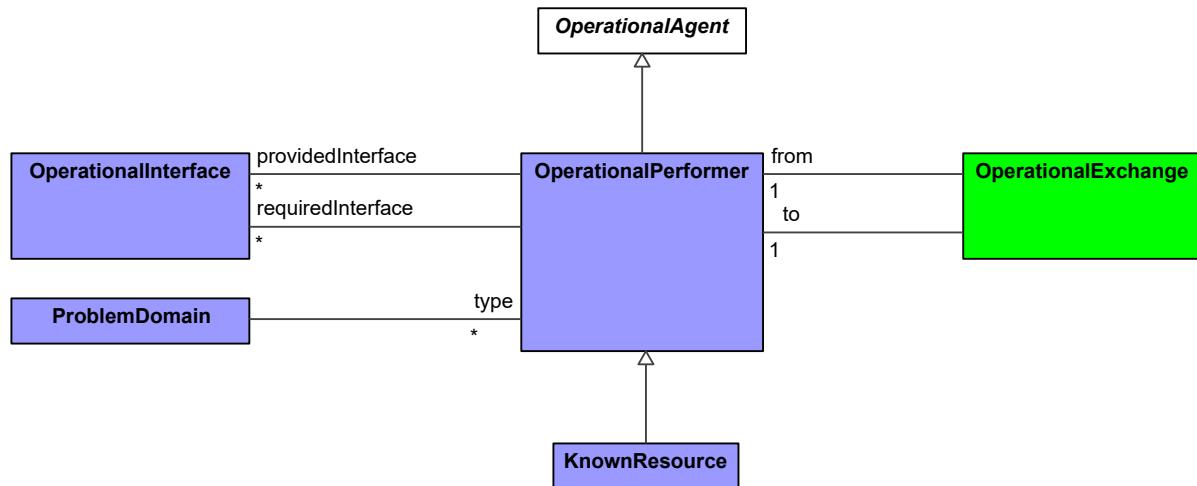


Figure 9:59 - OperationalPerformer

OperationalRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [LocationHolder](#), [AssetRole](#), [InteractionRole](#)

Description

Usage of an **OperationalPerformer** or **OperationalArchitecture** in the context of another **OperationalPerformer** or **OperationalArchitecture**. Creates a whole-part relationship.

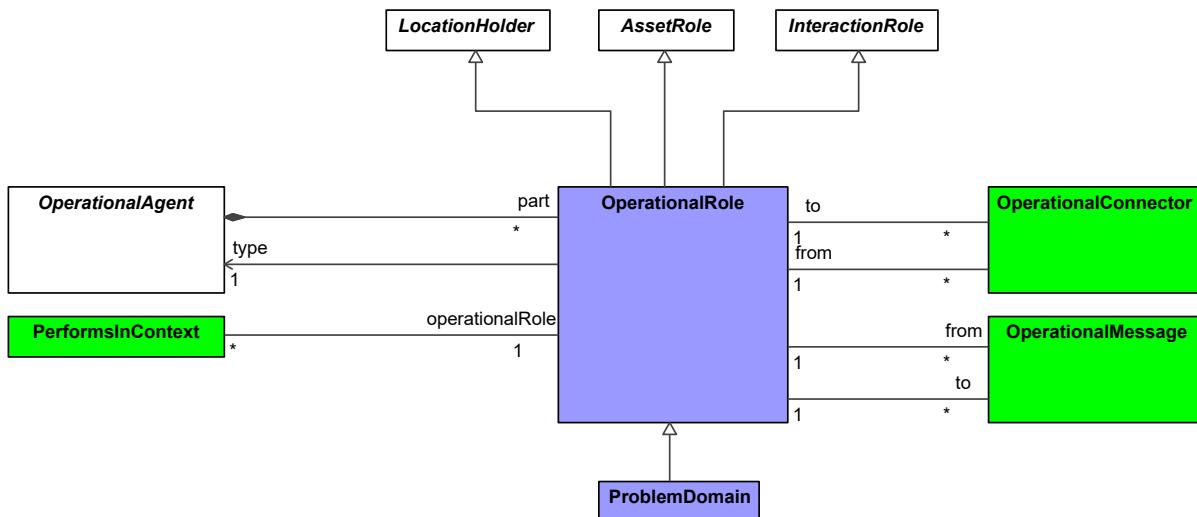


Figure 9:60 - OperationalRole

ProblemDomain

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalRole](#)

Description

A property associated with an OperationalArchitecture, used to specify the scope of the problem.

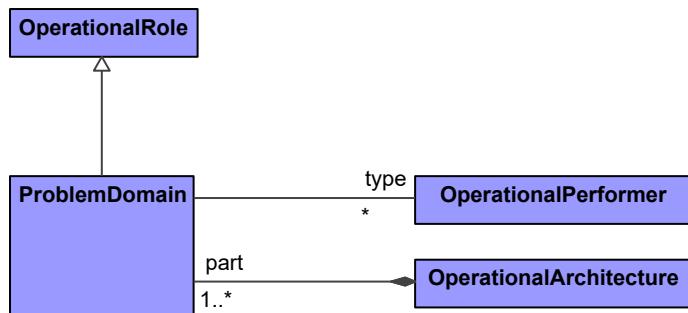


Figure 9:61 - ProblemDomain

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Connectivity

OperationalConnector

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A Connector that goes between OperationalRoles representing a need to exchange Resources. It can carry a number of OperationalExchanges.

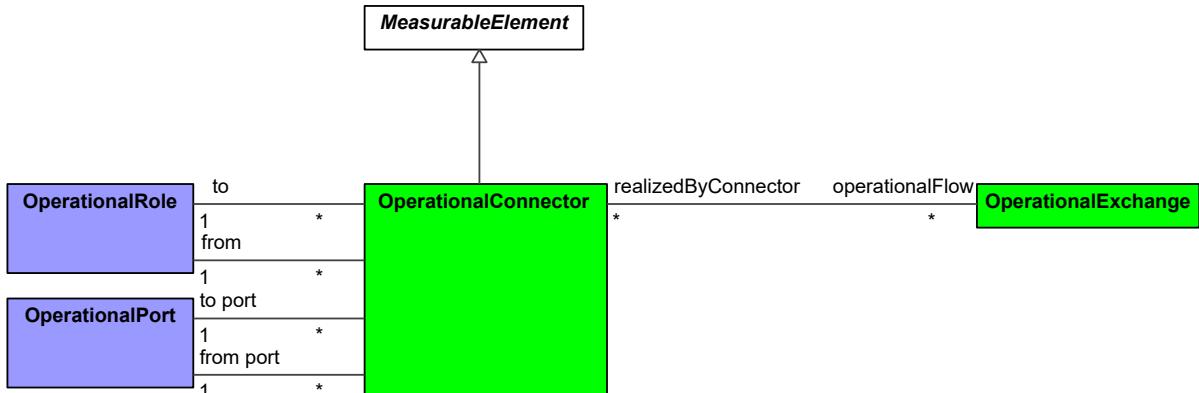


Figure 9:62 - OperationalConnector

OperationalExchange

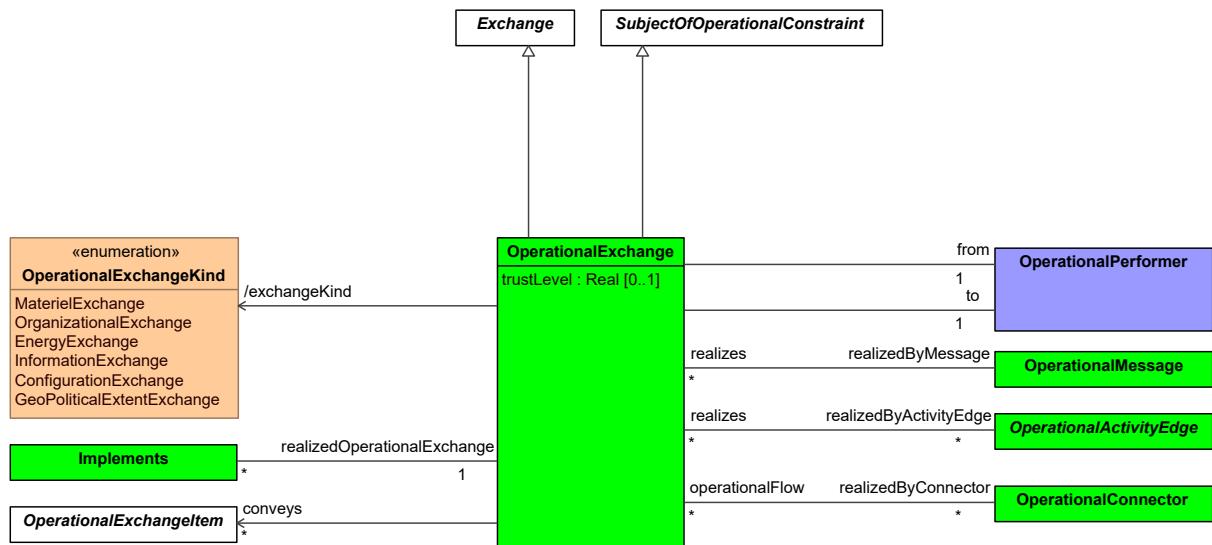
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Exchange](#), [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#)

Description

Asserts that a flow can exist between OperationalPerformers (i.e., flows of information, people, materiel, or energy).

**Figure 9:63 - OperationalExchange**

Attributes

trustLevel : Real[0..1] Captures the directional arbitrary level of trust related to an **OperationalExchange** between two **OperationalPerformers**.

OperationalExchangItem

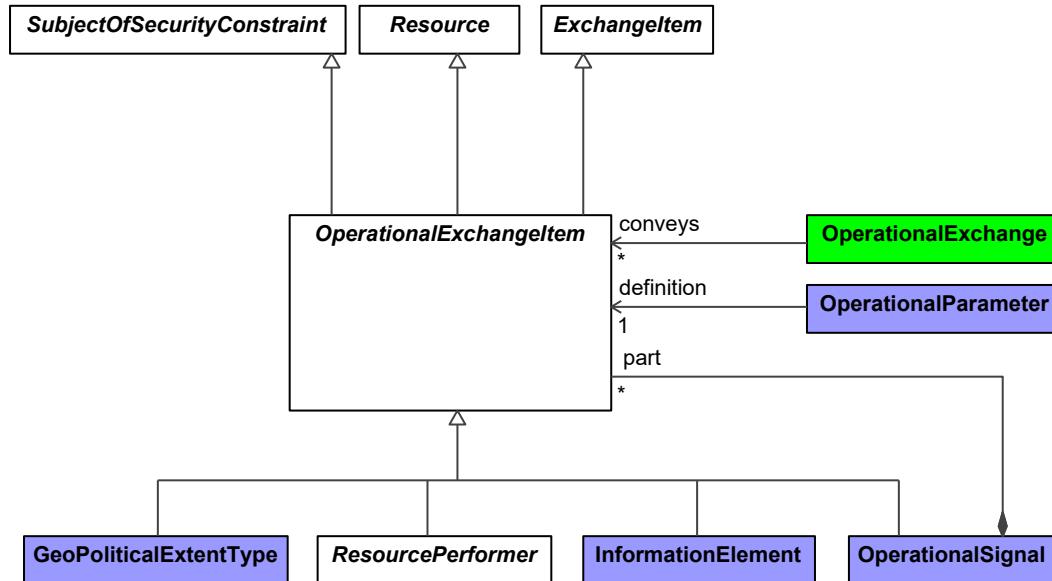
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [Resource](#), [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#), [ExchangeItem](#)

Description

An abstract grouping for elements that defines the types of elements that can be exchanged between **OperationalPerformers** and conveyed by an **OperationalExchange**.

**Figure 9:64 - OperationalExchangItem**

OperationalInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A declaration that specifies a contract between the OperationalPerformer it is related to, and any other OperationalPerformers it can interact with.

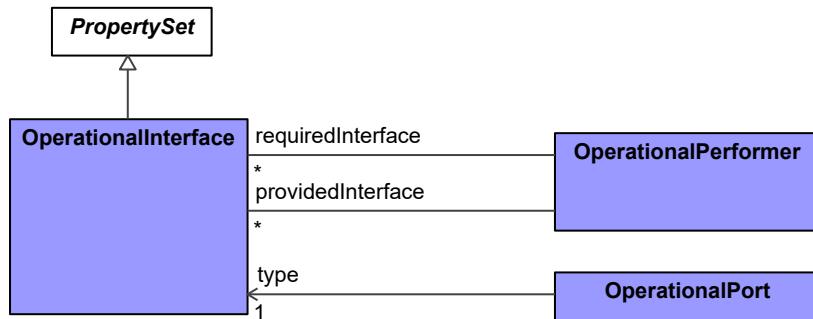


Figure 9:65 - OperationalInterface

OperationalPort

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An interaction point for an OperationalAgent through which it can interact with the outside environment and which is defined by an OperationalInterface.

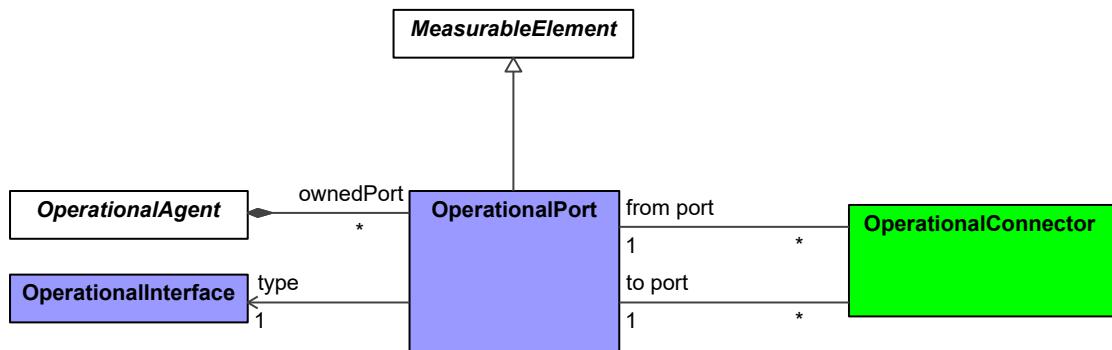


Figure 9:66 - OperationalPort

OperationalSignal

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#), [OperationalExchangeItem](#)

Description

An item of information that flows between OperationalPerformers and is produced and consumed by the OperationalActivities that the OperationalPerformers are capable of performing (see IsCapableToPerform).

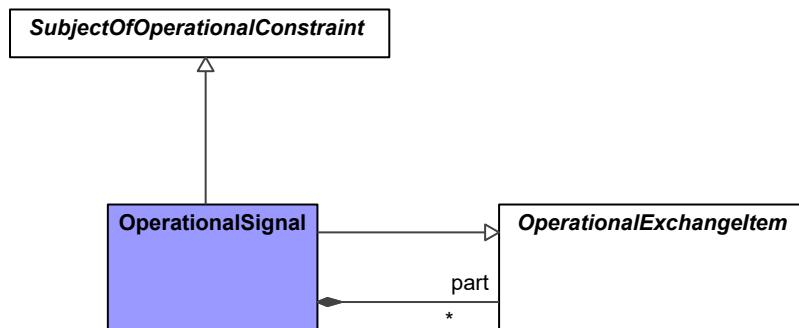


Figure 9:67 - OperationalSignal

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Processes

OperationalActivity

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#), [Process](#)

Description

An Activity that captures a logical process, specified independently of how the process is carried out.

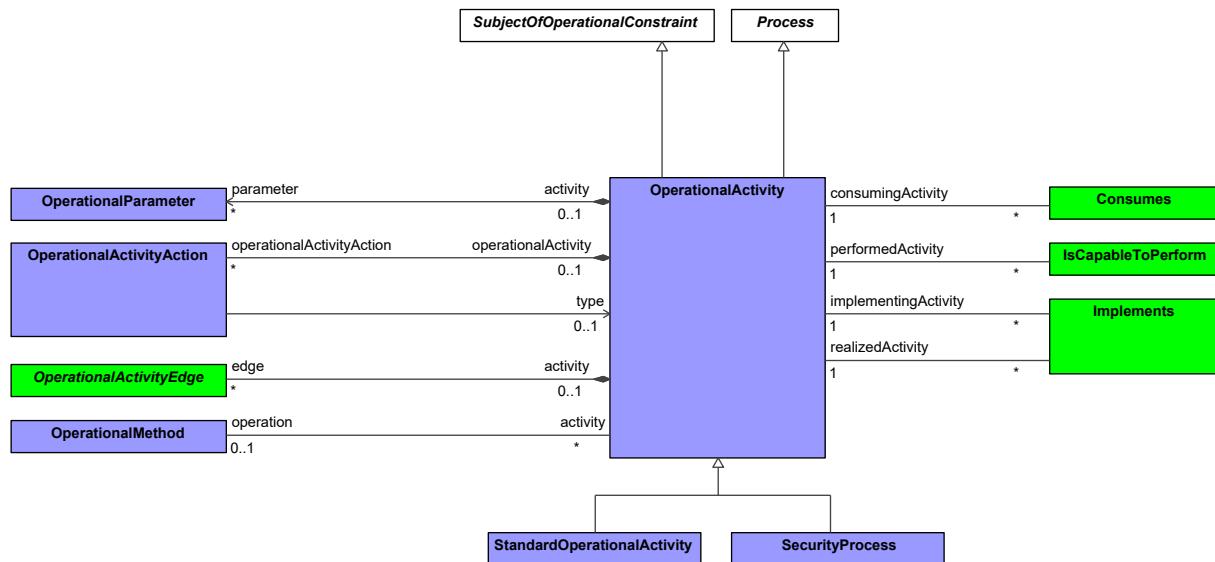


Figure 9:68 - OperationalActivity

OperationalActivityAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessUsage](#)**Description**

A call of an OperationalActivity in the context of another OperationalActivity.

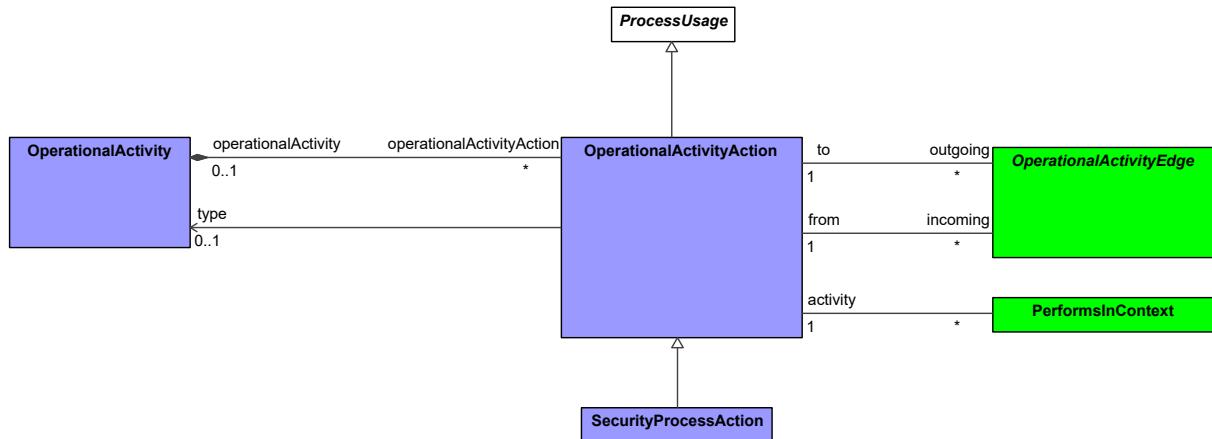


Figure 9:69 - OperationalActivityAction

OperationalActivityEdge

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ProcessEdge](#)

Description

A tuple that shows the flow of Resources (objects/information) between OperationalActivityActions.

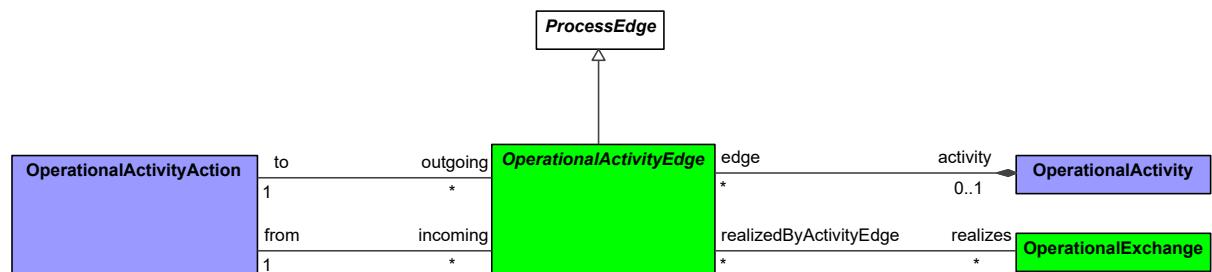


Figure 9:70 - OperationalActivityEdge

StandardOperationalActivity

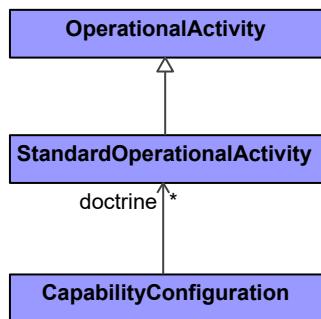
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalActivity](#)

Description

A sub-type of OperationalActivity that is a standard operating procedure.

**Figure 9:71 - StandardOperationalActivity**

Domain MetaModel::Operational::States

OperationalStateDescription

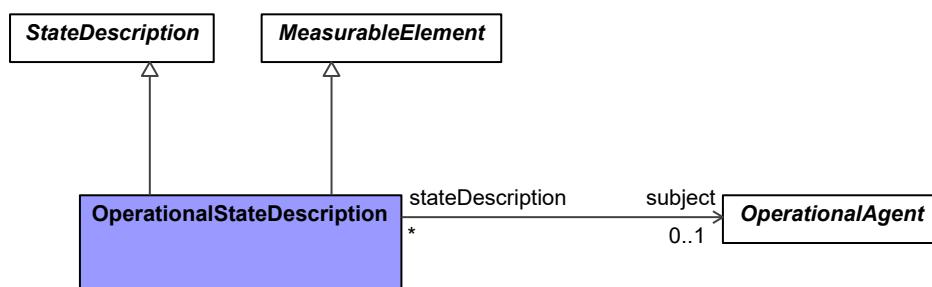
Package: States

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), [StateDescription](#)

Description

A state machine describing the behavior of an OperationalPerformer, depicting how the OperationalPerformer responds to various events and the actions.

**Figure 9:72 - OperationalStateDescription**

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Interaction Scenarios

OperationalInteractionScenario

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionScenario](#)

Description

A specification of the interactions between OperationalPerformers in an OperationalArchitecture.

**Figure 9:73 - OperationalInteractionScenario**

OperationalMessage

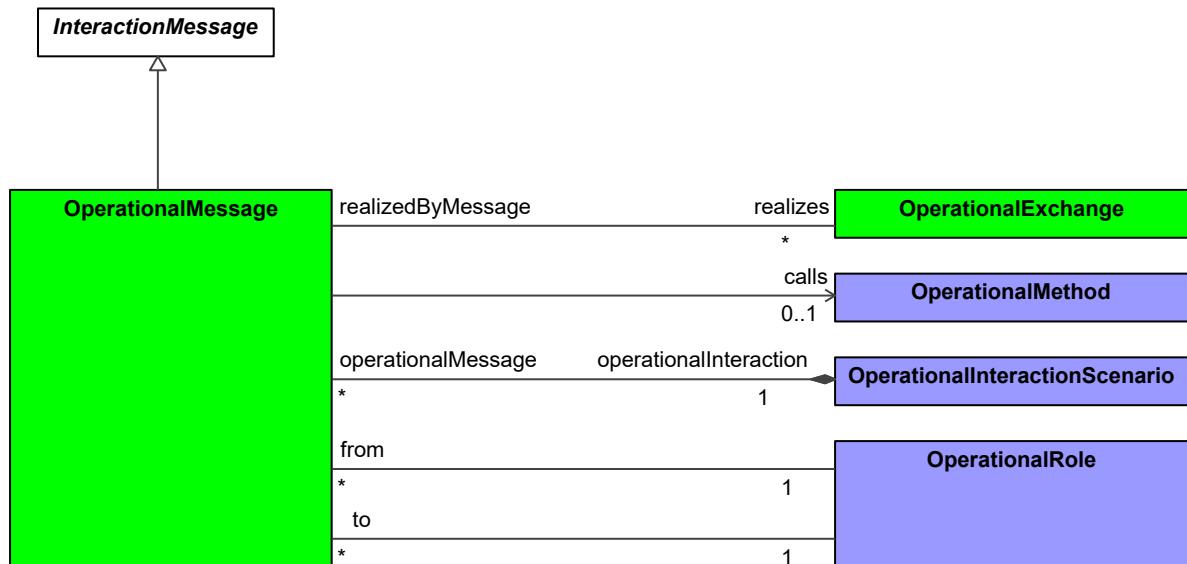
Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionMessage](#)

Description

Message for use in an **OperationalInteractionScenario** which carries any of the subtypes of **OperationalExchange**.

**Figure 9:74 - OperationalMessage**

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Information

InformationElement

Package: Information

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#), [OperationalAsset](#), [OperationalExchangeItem](#)

Description

An item of information that flows between **OperationalPerformers** and is produced and consumed by the **OperationalActivities** that the **OperationalPerformers** are capable to perform (see **IsCapableToPerform**).

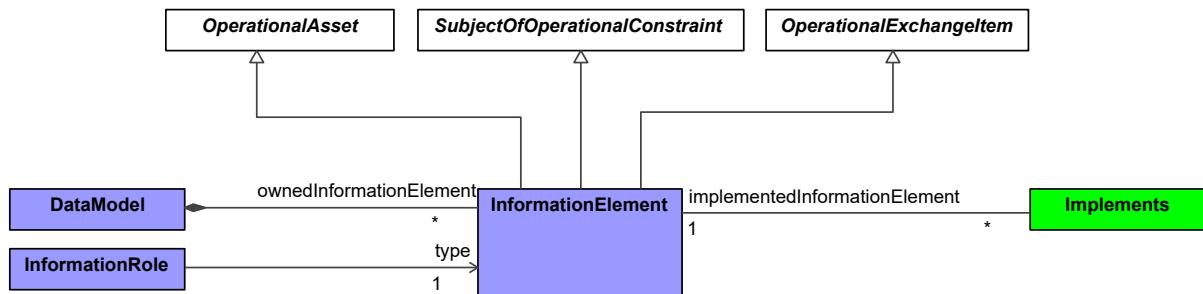


Figure 9:75 - InformationElement

Domain MetaModel::Operational::Constraints

OperationalConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Rule](#)

Description

A Rule governing an operational architecture element, i.e., OperationalPerformer, OperationalActivity, InformationElement etc.

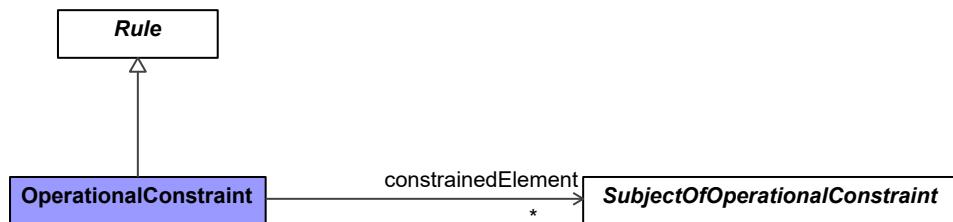


Figure 9:76 - OperationalConstraint

SubjectOfOperationalConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping element that can be the subject of an OperationalConstraint.

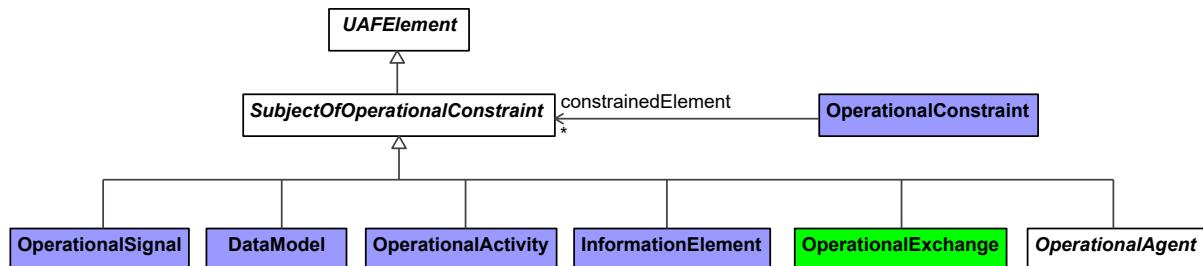


Figure 9:77 - SubjectOfOperationalConstraint

9.1.4 Domain MetaModel::Services

Stakeholders: Enterprise Architects, Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: specifications of services required to exhibit a Capability.

Definition: shows Service Specifications and required and provided service levels of these specifications required to exhibit a Capability or to support an Operational Activity.

Domain MetaModel::Services::Taxonomy

ServiceSpecification

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#), [VersionedElement](#), [CapableElement](#)

Description

The specification of a set of functionalities provided by one element for the use of others.

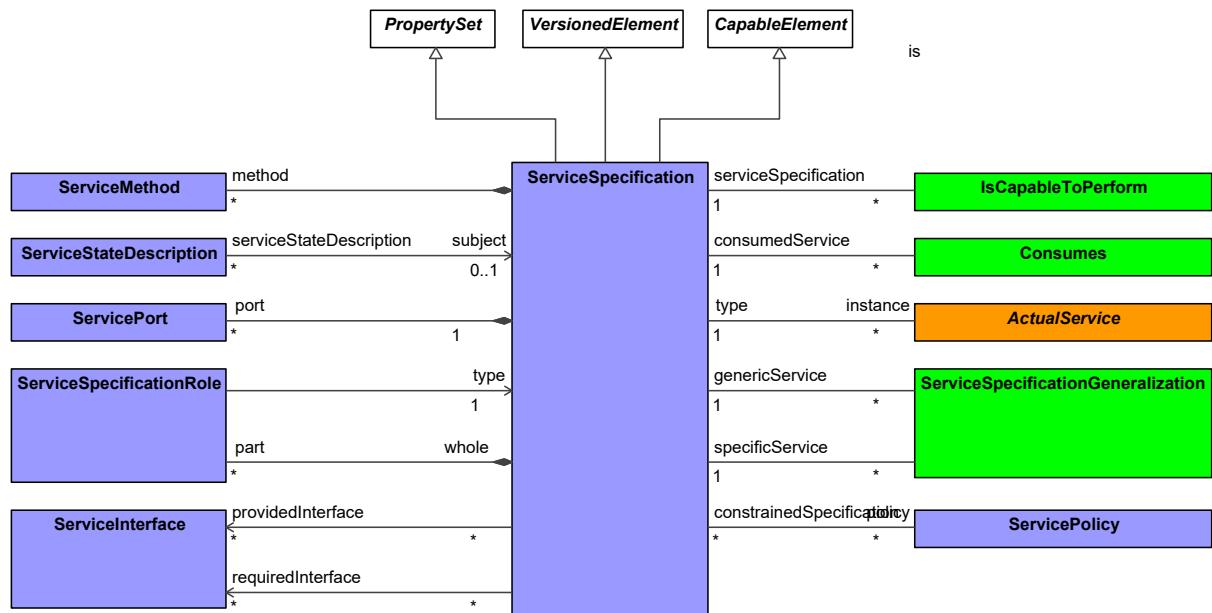


Figure 9:78 - ServiceSpecification

ServiceSpecificationGeneralization

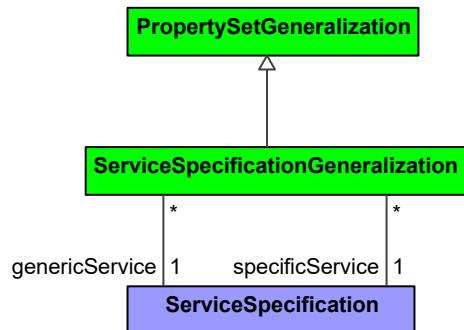
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySetGeneralization](#)

Description

A ServiceSpecificationGeneralization is a taxonomic relationship between a more general ServiceSpecification and a more specific ServiceSpecification.

**Figure 9:79 - ServiceSpecificationGeneralization**

Domain MetaModel::Services::Structure

ServiceConnector

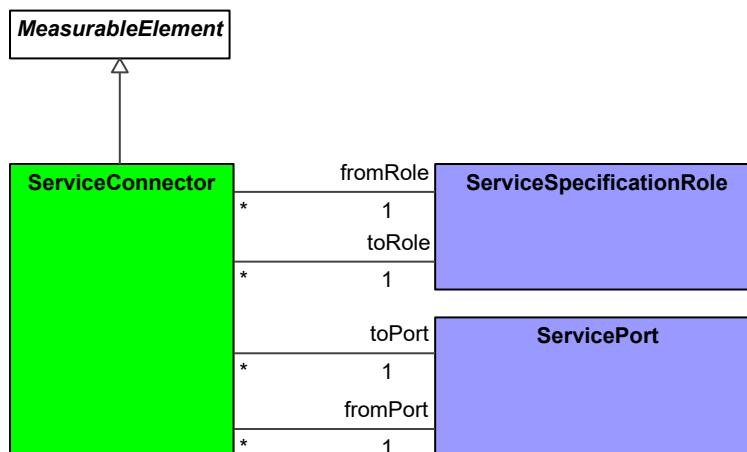
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A channel for exchange between two ServiceSpecifications. Where one acts as the consumer of the other.

**Figure 9:80 - ServiceConnector**

ServiceMethod

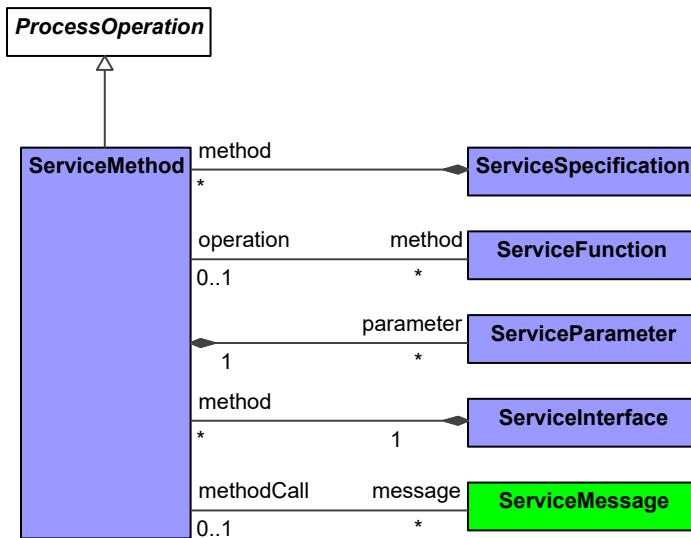
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessOperation](#)

Description

A behavioral feature of a ServiceSpecification whose behavior is specified in a ServiceFunction.

**Figure 9:81 - ServiceMethod**

ServiceParameter

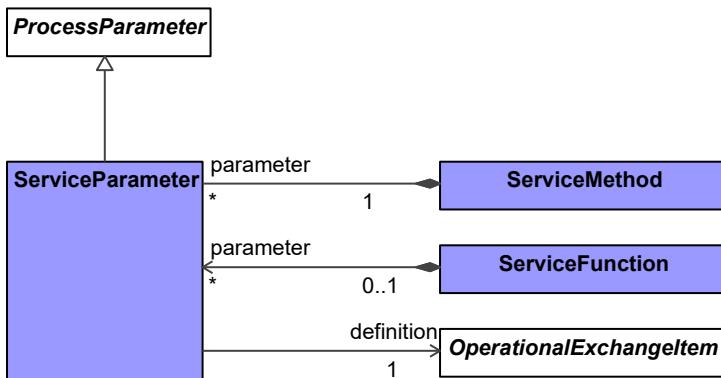
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessParameter](#)

Description

A type that represents inputs and outputs of a **ServiceFunction**, represents inputs and outputs of a **ServiceSpecification**.

**Figure 9:82 - ServiceParameter**

ServiceSpecificationRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), [InteractionRole](#)

Description

A behavioral feature of a **ServiceSpecification** whose behavior is specified in a **ServiceFunction**.

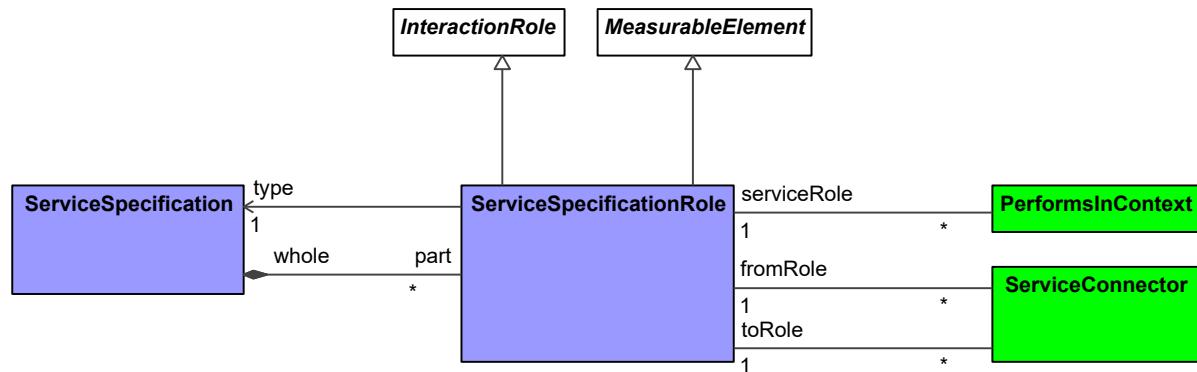


Figure 9:83 - ServiceSpecificationRole

Domain MetaModel::Services::Connectivity

ServiceInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A contract that defines the ServiceMethods and ServiceMessageHandlers that the ServiceSpecification realizes.

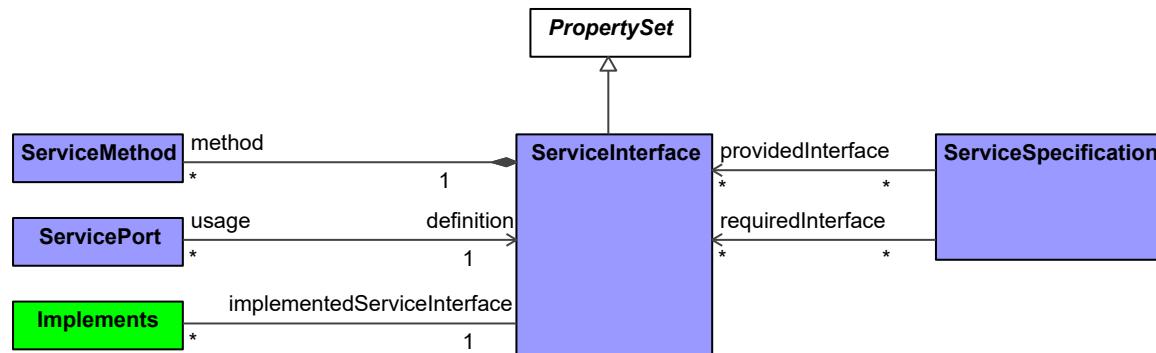


Figure 9:84 - ServiceInterface

ServicePort

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An interaction point for a ServiceSpecification through which it can interact with the outside environment and which is defined by a ServiceInterface.

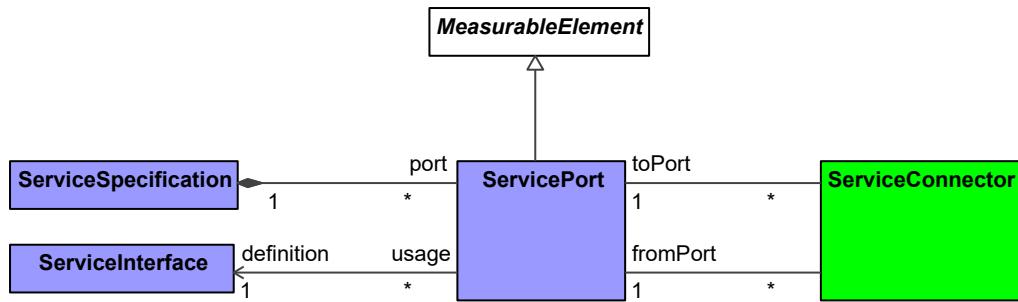


Figure 9:85 - ServicePort

Domain MetaModel::Services::Processes

ServiceFunction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Process](#)

Description

An Activity that describes the abstract behavior of ServiceSpecifications, regardless of the actual implementation.

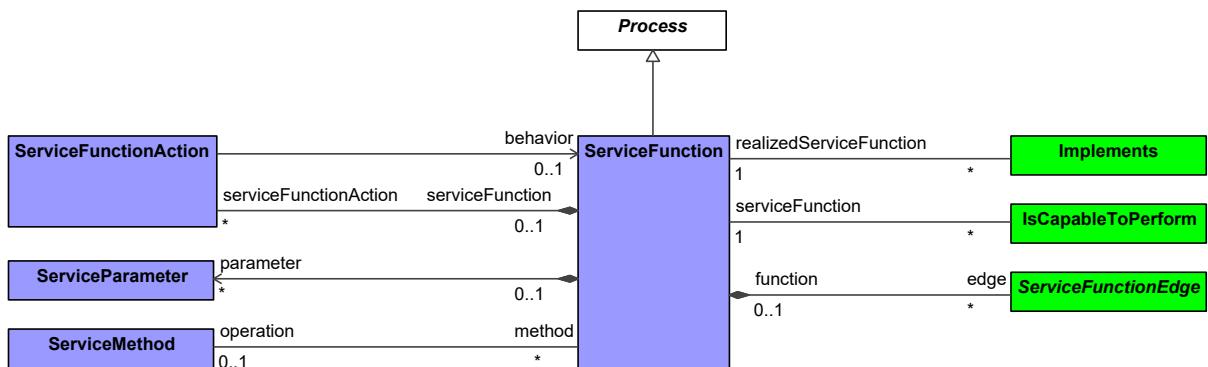


Figure 9:86 - ServiceFunction

ServiceFunctionAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessUsage](#)

Description

A call of a ServiceFunction in the context of another ServiceFunction.

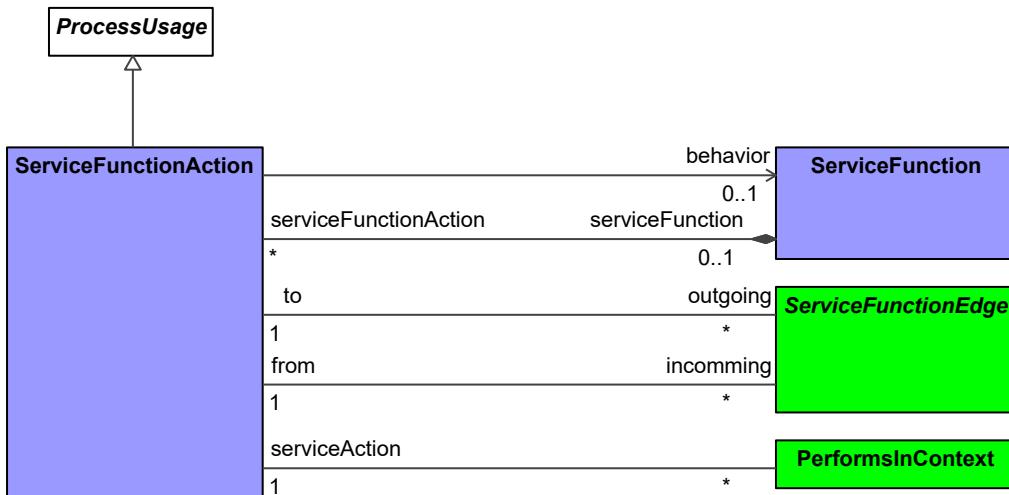


Figure 9:87 - ServiceFunctionAction

ServiceFunctionEdge

Package: Processes

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ProcessEdge](#)

Description

A tuple that shows the flow of Resources (objects/information) between OperationalActivityActions.

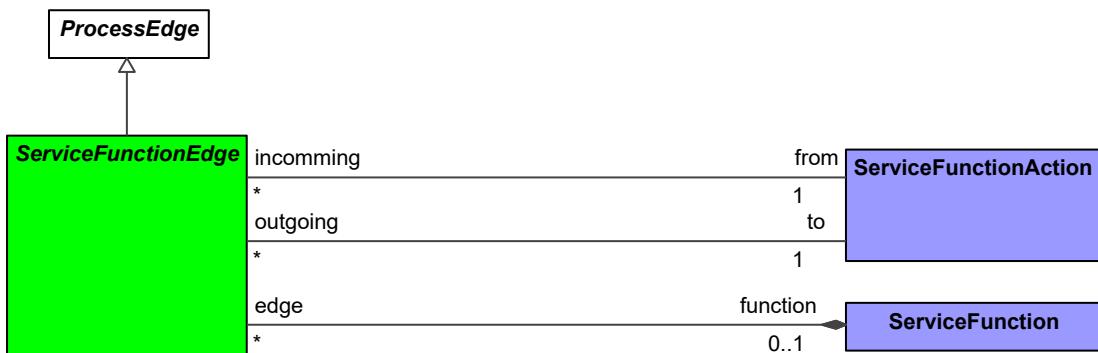


Figure 9:88 - ServiceFunctionEdge

Domain MetaModel::Services::States

ServiceStateDescription

Package: States

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), [StateDescription](#)

Description

A state machine describing the behavior of a ServiceSpecification, depicting how the ServiceSpecification responds to various events and the actions.

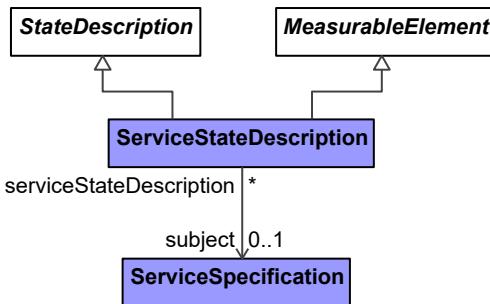


Figure 9:89 - ServiceStateDescription

Domain MetaModel::Services::Interaction Scenarios

ServiceInteractionScenario

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionScenario](#)

Description

A specification of the interactions between ServiceSpecifications.



Figure 9:90 - ServiceInteractionScenario

ServiceMessage

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionMessage](#)

Description

Message for use in a Service Event-Trace.

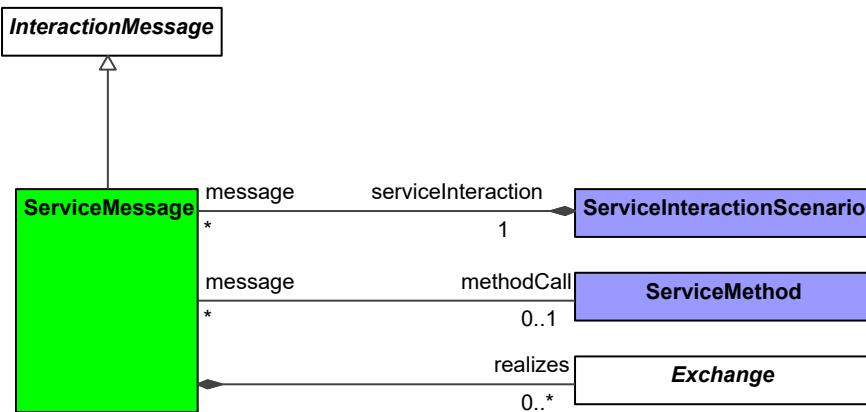


Figure 9:91 - ServiceMessage

Domain MetaModel::Services::Constraints

ServicePolicy

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Rule](#)

Description

A constraint governing the use of one or more ServiceSpecifications.



Figure 9:92 - ServicePolicy

Domain MetaModel::Services::Traceability

Consumes

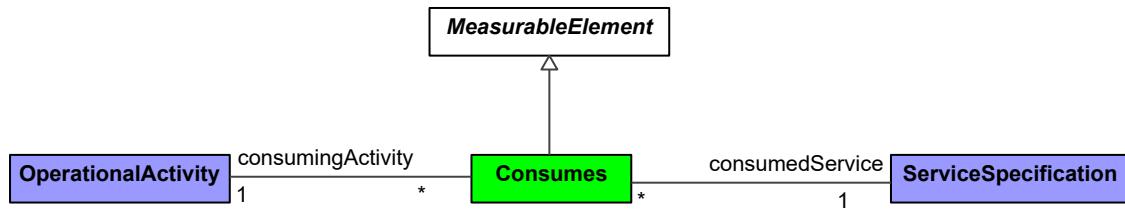
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that an OperationalActivity make use of a service.

**Figure 9:93 - Consumes**

9.1.5 Domain MetaModel::Personnel

Stakeholders: Human resources, Solution Providers, PMs.

Concerns: human factors.

Definition: aims to clarify the role of Human Factors (HF) when creating architectures in order to facilitate both Human Factors Integration (HFI) and systems engineering (SE).

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Taxonomy

Organization

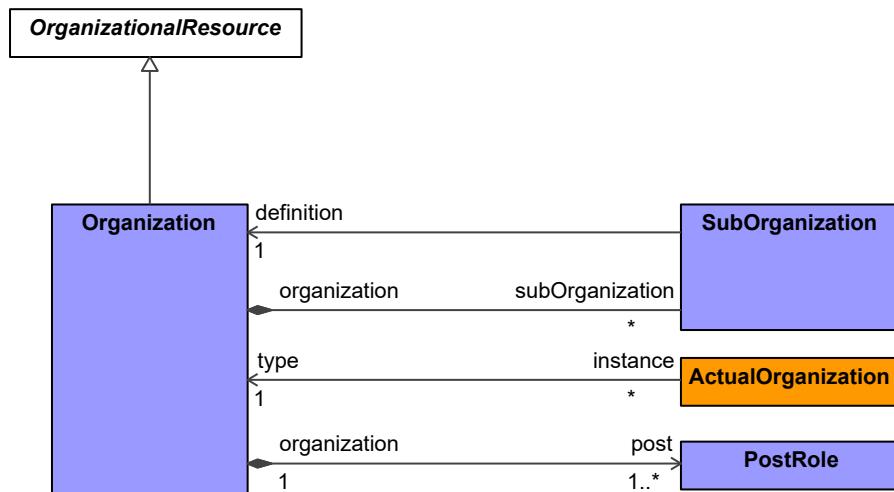
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#)

Description

A group of OrganizationalResources (Persons, Posts, Organizations and Responsibilities) associated for a particular purpose.

**Figure 9:94 - Organization**

OrganizationalResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [PhysicalResource](#), [Stakeholder](#)

Description

An abstract type for Organization, Person, Post and Responsibility.

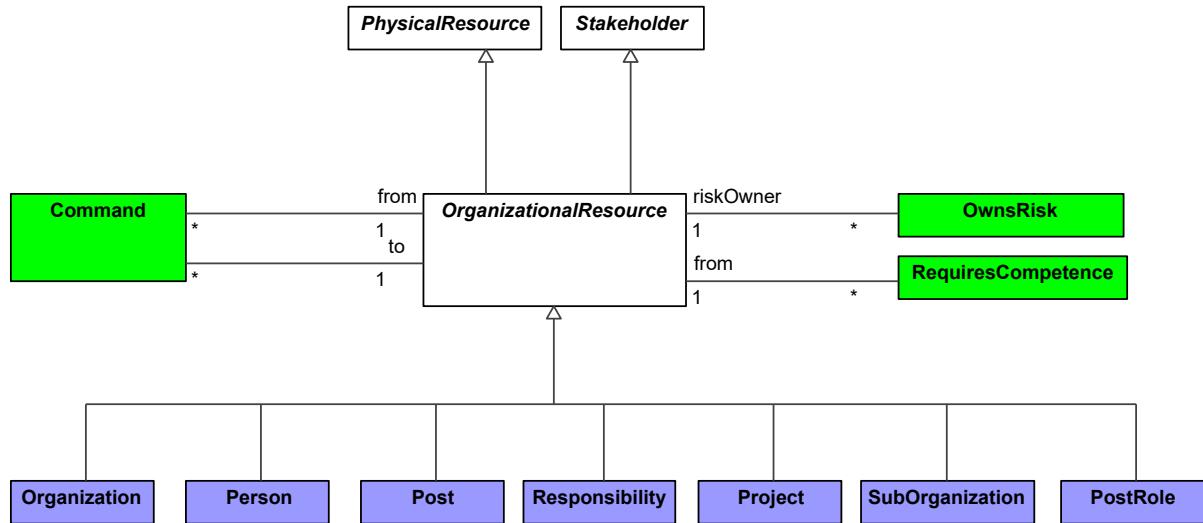


Figure 9:95 - OrganizationalResource

Person

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#)

Description

A type of a human being used to define the characteristics that need to be described for ActualPersons (e.g., properties such as address, telephone number, nationality, etc.).

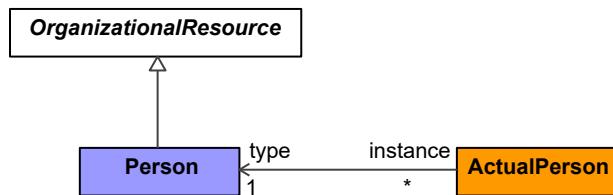


Figure 9:96 - Person

Post

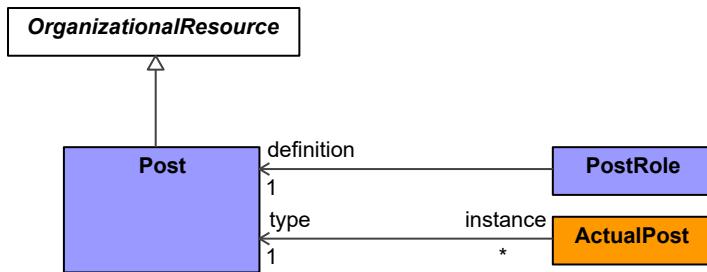
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#)

Description

A type of job title or position that a person can fill (e.g., Lawyer, Solution Architect, Machine Operator or Chief Executive Officer).

**Figure 9:97 - Post**

Responsibility

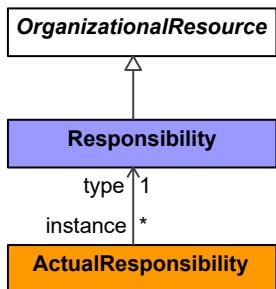
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#)

Description

The type of duty required of a Person or Organization.

**Figure 9:98 - Responsibility**

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Structure

PostRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#), [ResourceRole](#)

Description

A usage of a post in the context of another *OrganizationalResource*. Creates a whole-part relationship.

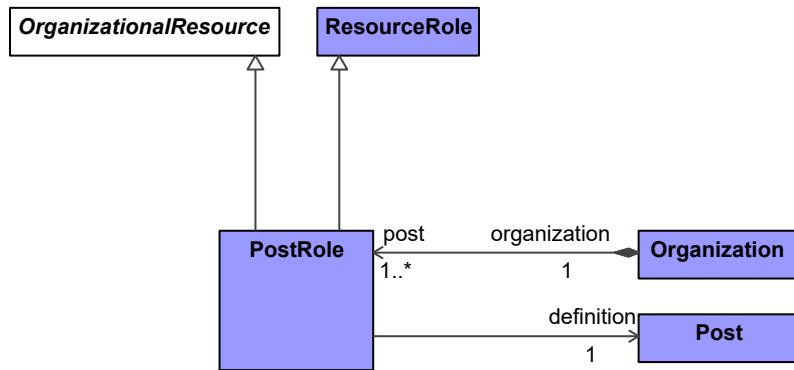


Figure 9:99 - PostRole

SubOrganization

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#), [ResourceRole](#)

Description

A type of a human being used to define the characteristics that need to be described for ActualPersons (e.g., properties such as address, telephone number, nationality, etc.).

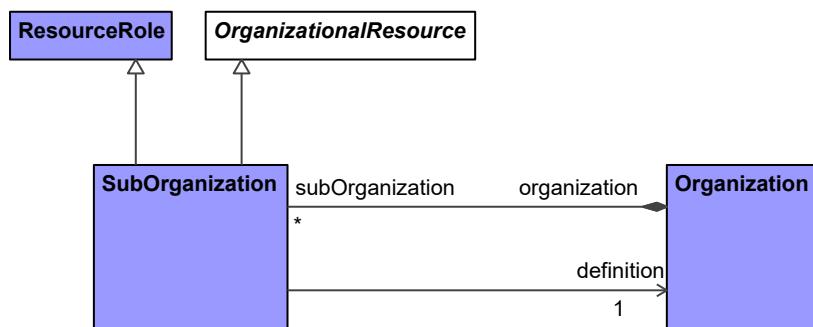


Figure 9:100 - SubOrganization

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Connectivity

Command

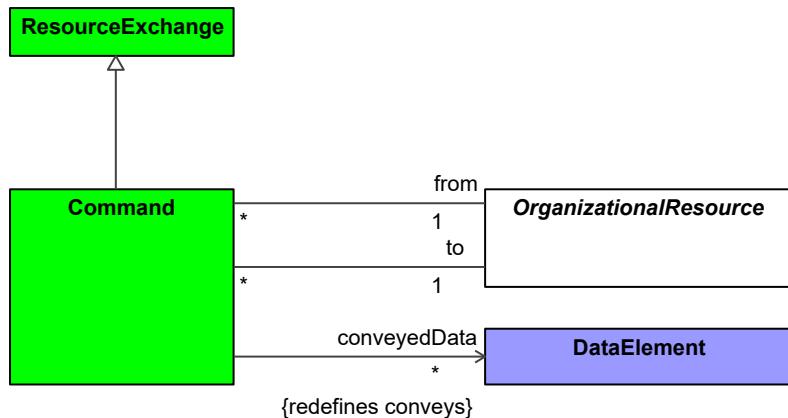
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceExchange](#)

Description

A type of ResourceExchange that asserts that one OrganizationalResource commands another.

**Figure 9:101 - Command**

Control

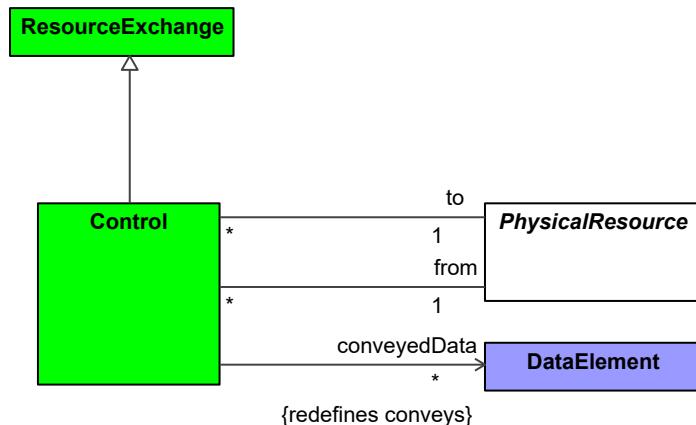
Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceExchange](#)

Description

A type of ResourceExchange that asserts that one PhysicalResource controls another PhysicalResource (i.e., the driver of a vehicle controlling the vehicle speed or direction).

**Figure 9:102 - Control**

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Interaction Scenarios

ResourceInteractionScenario

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionScenario](#)

Description

A specification of the interactions between ResourcePerformers in a ResourceArchitecture.

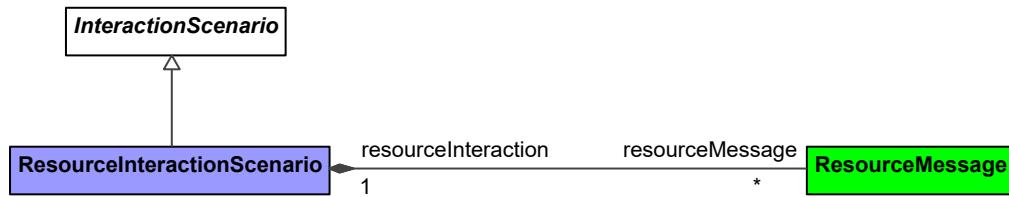


Figure 9:103 - ResourceInteractionScenario

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Constraints

Competence

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#), [SubjectOfForecast](#)

Description

A specific set of abilities defined by knowledge, skills and aptitude.

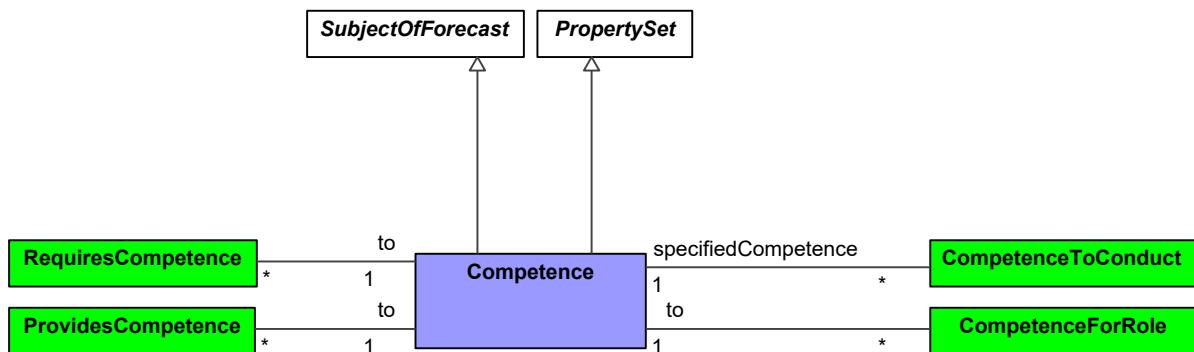


Figure 9:104 - Competence

CompetenceForRole

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple used to associate an organizational role with a specific set of required competencies.

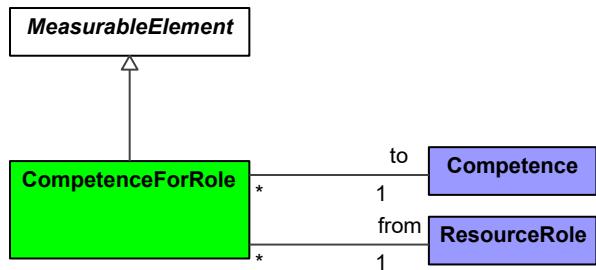


Figure 9:105 - CompetenceForRole

RequiresCompetence

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that an ActualOrganizationalResource is required to have a specific set of Competencies.

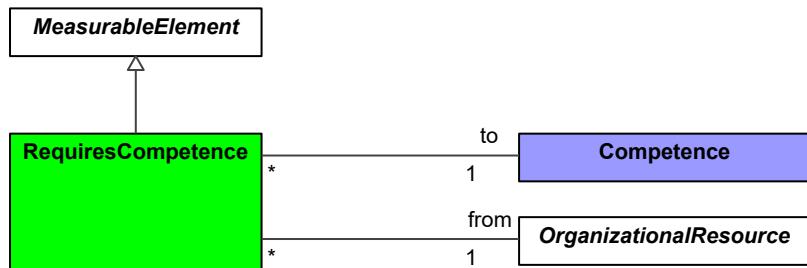


Figure 9:106 - RequiresCompetence

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Roadmap

FillsPost

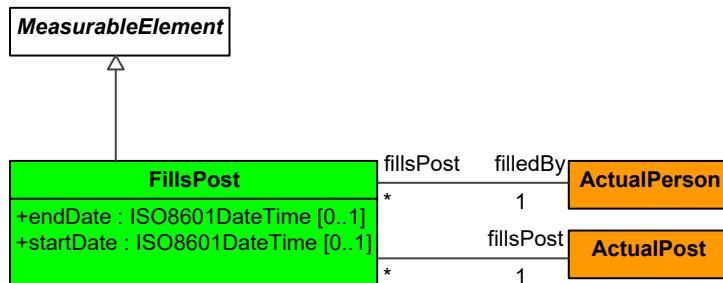
Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that an ActualPerson fills an ActualPost.

**Figure 9:107 - FillsPost**

Attributes

`endDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]` End date of an ActualPerson filling an ActualPost.
`startDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1]` Start date of an ActualPerson filling an ActualPost.

Domain MetaModel::Personnel::Traceability

CompetenceToConduct

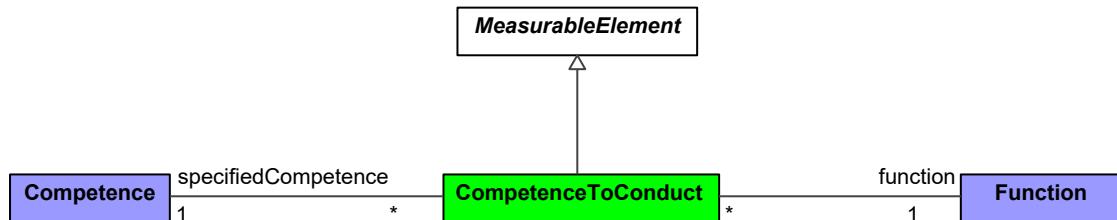
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple used to associate a Function with a specific set of Competencies needed to conduct the Function.

**Figure 9:108 - CompetenceToConduct**

9.1.6 Domain MetaModel::Resources

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Taxonomy

CapabilityConfiguration

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArchitecture](#)

Description

A composite structure representing the physical and human resources (and their interactions) in an enterprise, assembled to meet a capability.

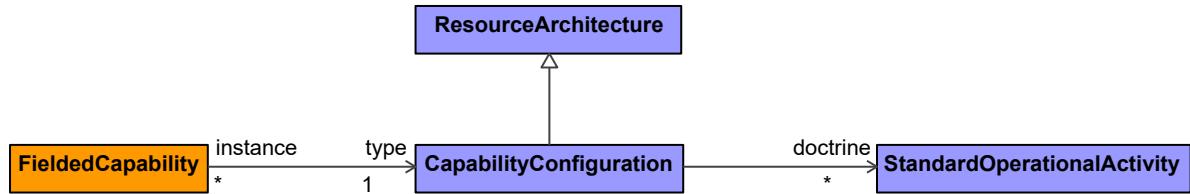


Figure 9:109 - CapabilityConfiguration

NaturalResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PhysicalResource](#)

Description

Type of physical resource that occurs in nature such as oil, water, gas or coal.

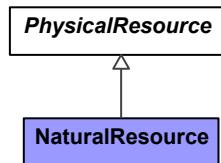


Figure 9:110 - NaturalResource

PhysicalResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ResourcePerformer](#)

Description

An abstract type defining physical resources (i.e., OrganizationalResource, ResourceArtifact and NaturalResource).

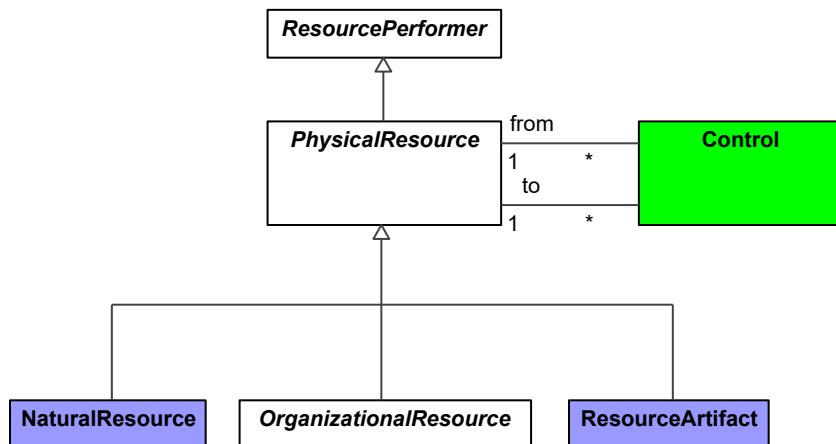


Figure 9:111 - PhysicalResource

ResourceArchitecture

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourcePerformer](#), [Architecture](#)

Description

A type used to denote a model of the Architecture, described from the ResourcePerformer perspective.

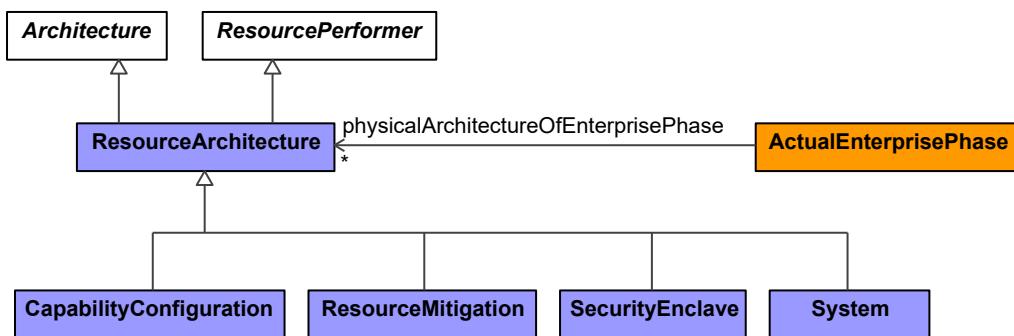


Figure 9:112 - ResourceArchitecture

ResourceArtifact

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PhysicalResource](#)

Description

A type of man-made object that contains no human beings (i.e., satellite, radio, petrol, gasoline, etc.).

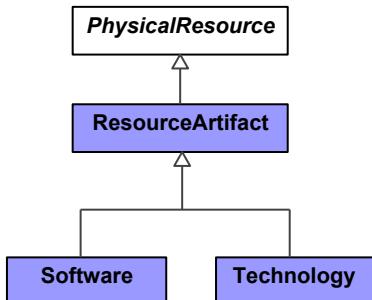


Figure 9:113 - ResourceArtifact

ResourcePerformer

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ResourceExchangeItem](#), [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#), [OperationalExchangeItem](#), [SubjectOfForecast](#), [CapableElement](#), [Desirer](#), [VersionedElement](#), [ResourceAsset](#)

Description

An abstract grouping of elements that can perform Functions.

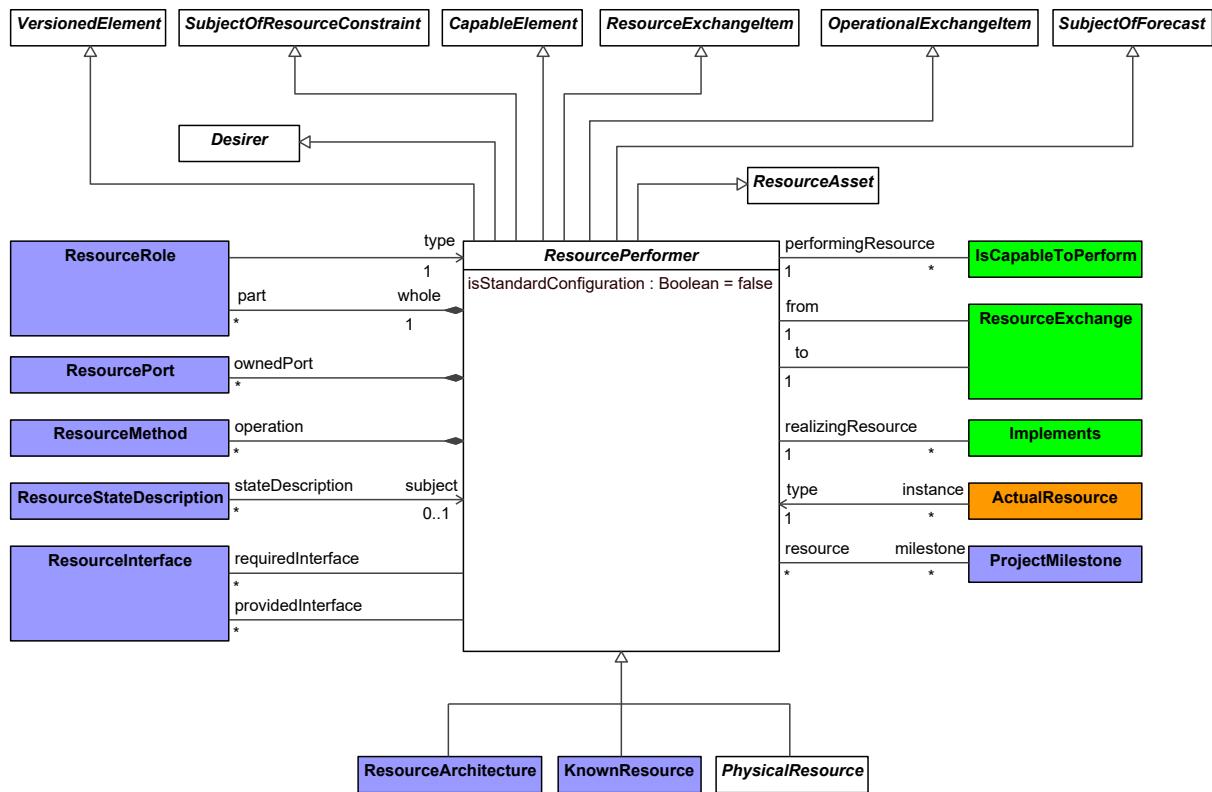


Figure 9:114 – ResourcePerformer

Attributes

`isStandardConfiguration : Boolean[]` Indicates if the ResourcePerformer is StandardConfiguration, default=false.

Software

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArtifact](#)

Description

A sub-type of ResourceArtifact that specifies an executable computer program.

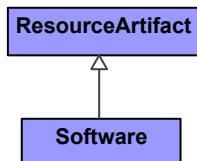


Figure 9:115 - Software

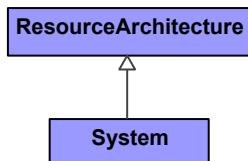
System

Package: Taxonomy

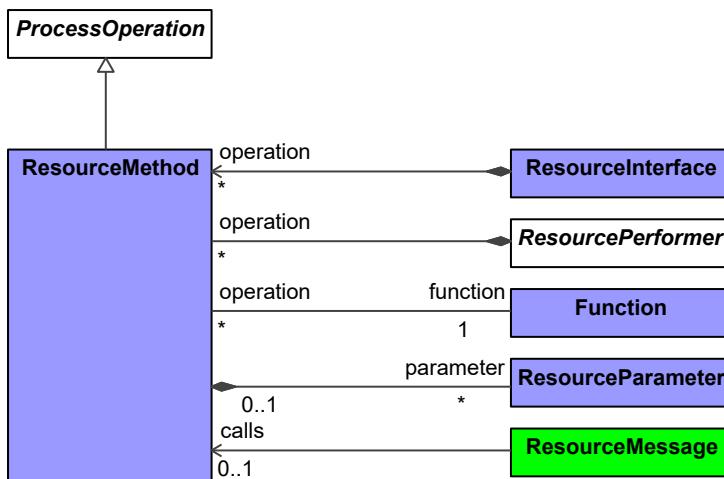
isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArchitecture](#)**Description**

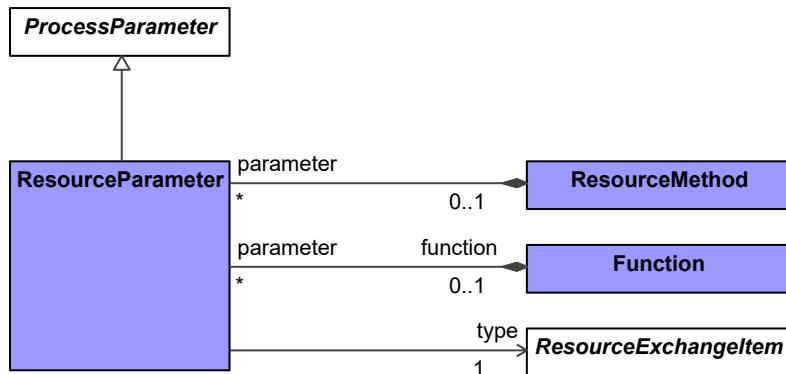
An integrated set of elements, subsystems, or assemblies that accomplish a defined objective. These elements include products (hardware, software, firmware), processes, people, information, techniques, facilities, services, and other support elements (INCOSE SE Handbook V4, 2015).

**Figure 9:116 - System****Domain MetaModel::Resources::Structure****ResourceMethod****Package:** Structure**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [ProcessOperation](#)**Description**

A behavioral feature of a ResourcePerformer whose behavior is specified in a Function.

**Figure 9:117 - ResourceMethod****ResourceParameter****Package:** Structure**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [ProcessParameter](#)**Description**

A type that represents inputs and outputs of a Function. It is typed by a ResourceInteractionItem.

**Figure 9:118 - ResourceParameter**

ResourcePort

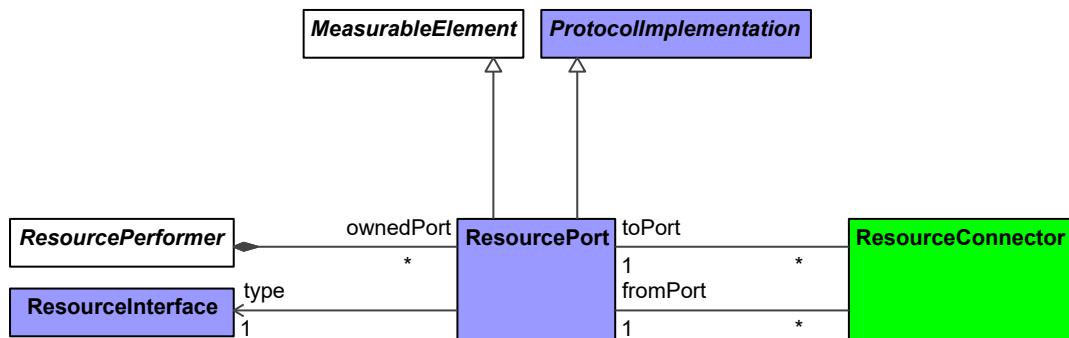
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProtocolImplementation](#), [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An interaction point for a ResourcePerformer through which it can interact with the outside environment and which is defined by a ResourceInterface.

**Figure 9:119 - ResourcePort**

ResourceRole

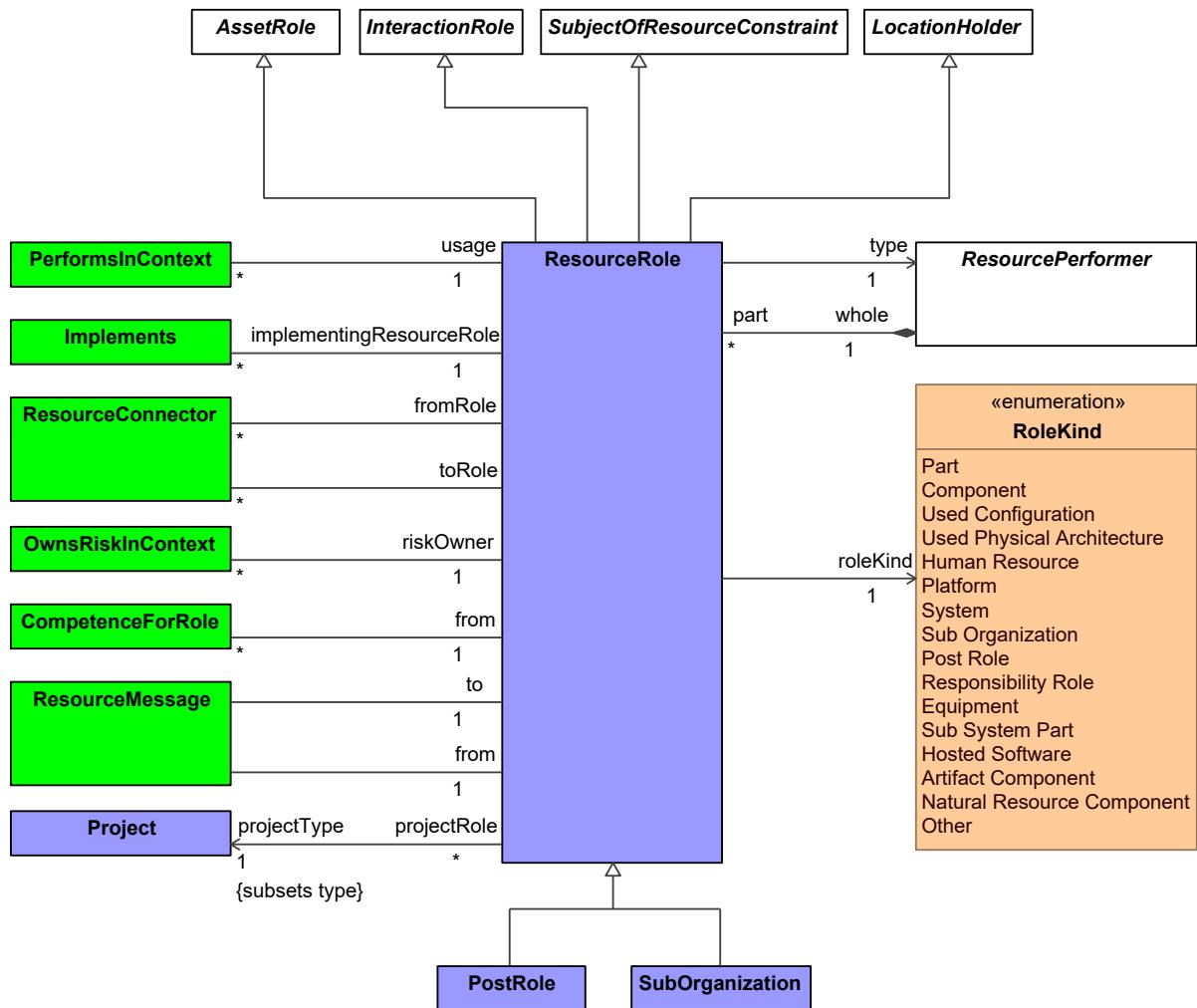
Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#), [LocationHolder](#), [AssetRole](#), [InteractionRole](#)

Description

Usage of a ResourcePerformer in the context of another ResourcePerformer. Creates a whole-part relationship.

**Figure 9:120 - ResourceRole**

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Connectivity

ResourceConnector

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProtocolImplementation](#), [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A channel for exchange between two ResourceRoles.

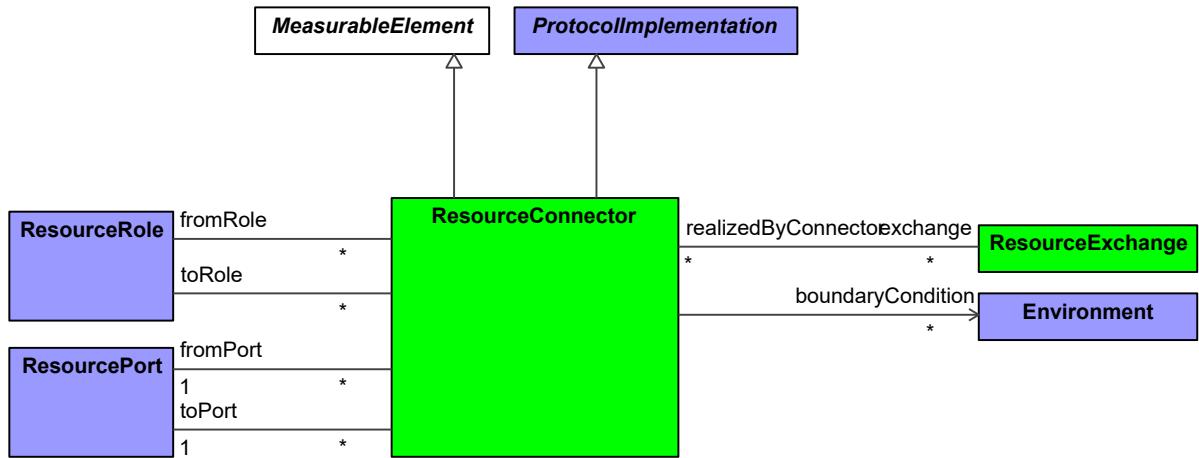


Figure 9:121 - ResourceConnector

ResourceExchange

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Exchange](#)

Description

Asserts that a flow can exist between ResourcePerformers (i.e., flows of data, people, material, or energy).

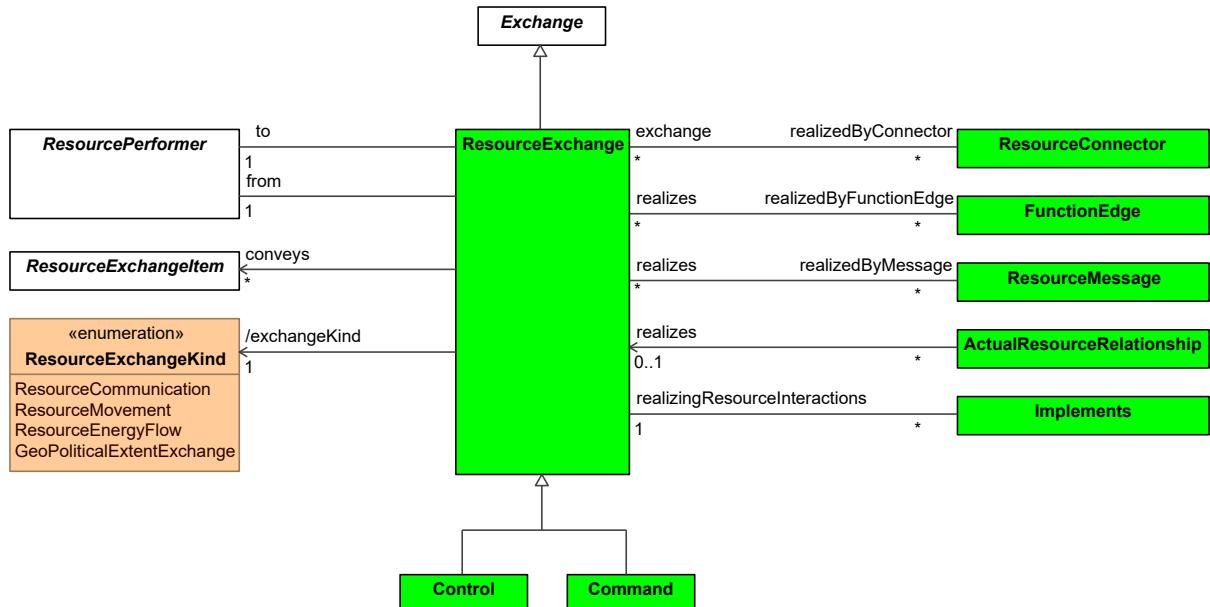


Figure 9:122 - ResourceExchange

ResourceExchangeItem

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [Resource](#), [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#), [ExchangeItem](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping elements that defines the types of elements that can be exchanged between ResourcePerformers and conveyed by a ResourceExchange.

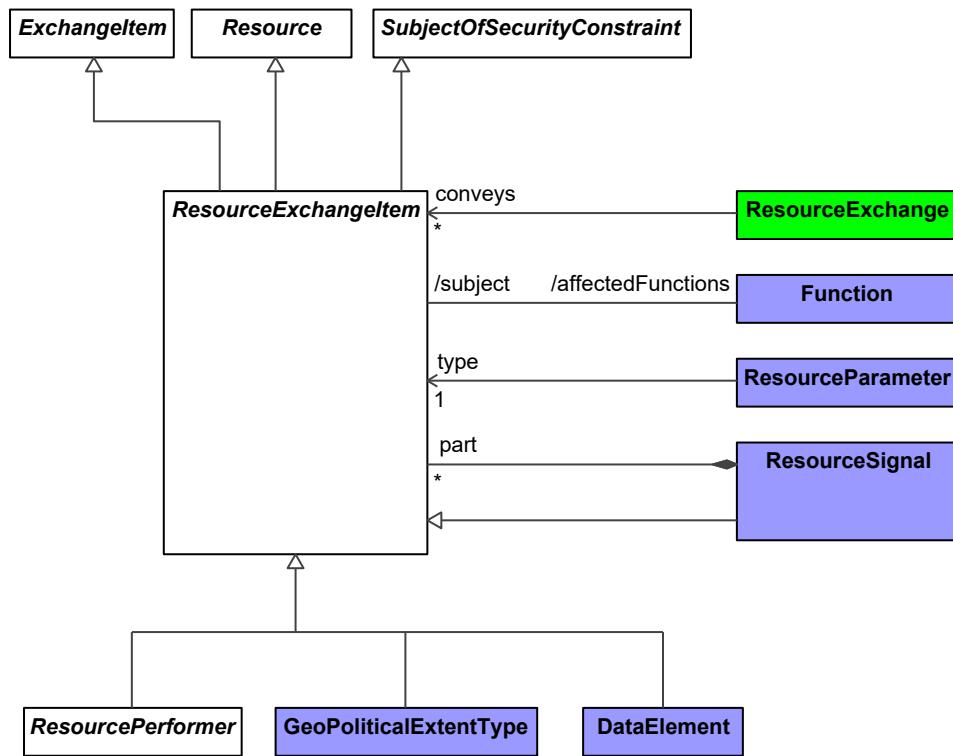


Figure 9:123 - ResourceExchangelItem

ResourceInterface

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A declaration that specifies a contract between the ResourcePerformers it is related to and any other ResourcePerformers it can interact with. It is also intended to be an implementation of a specification of an Interface in the Business and/or Service layer.

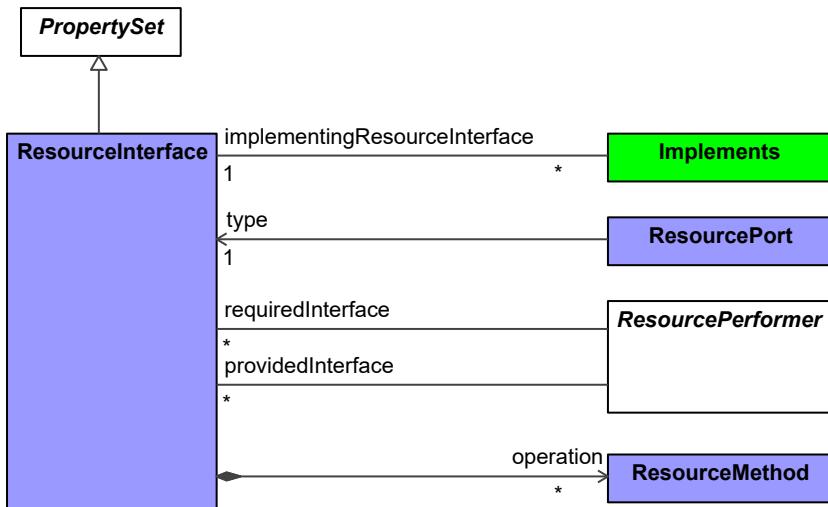


Figure 9:124 - ResourceInterface

ResourceSignal

Package: Connectivity

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceExchangeItem](#)

Description

A property of an element representing something in the physical world, expressed in amounts of a unit of measure.

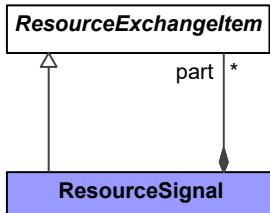


Figure 9:125 - ResourceSignal

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Processes

Function

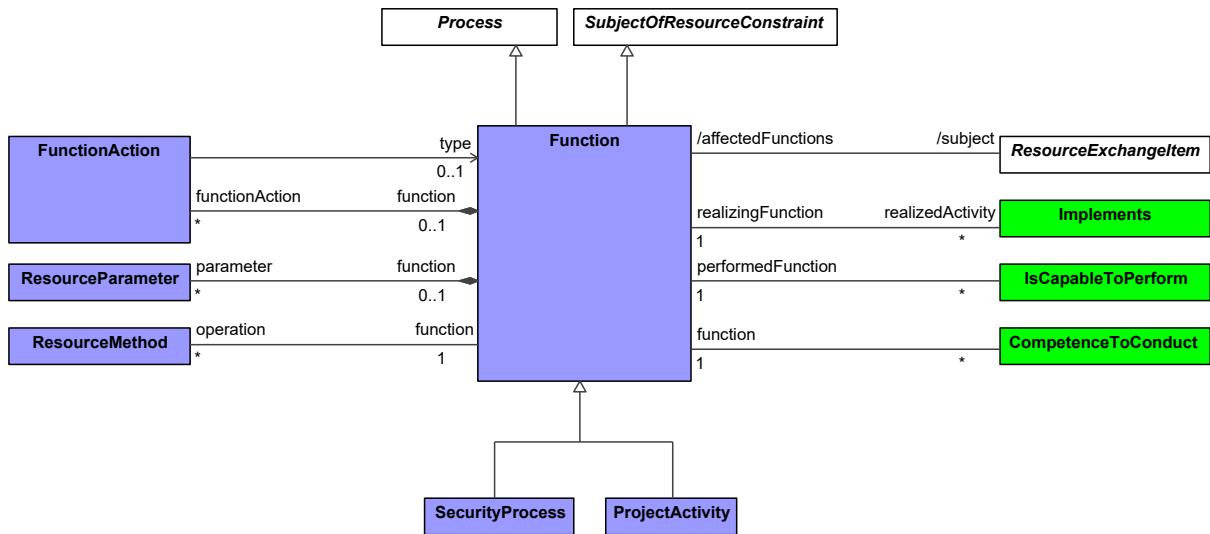
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#), [Process](#)

Description

An Activity which is specified in the context to the ResourcePerformer (human or machine) that IsCapableToPerform it.

**Figure 9:126 - Function**

FunctionAction

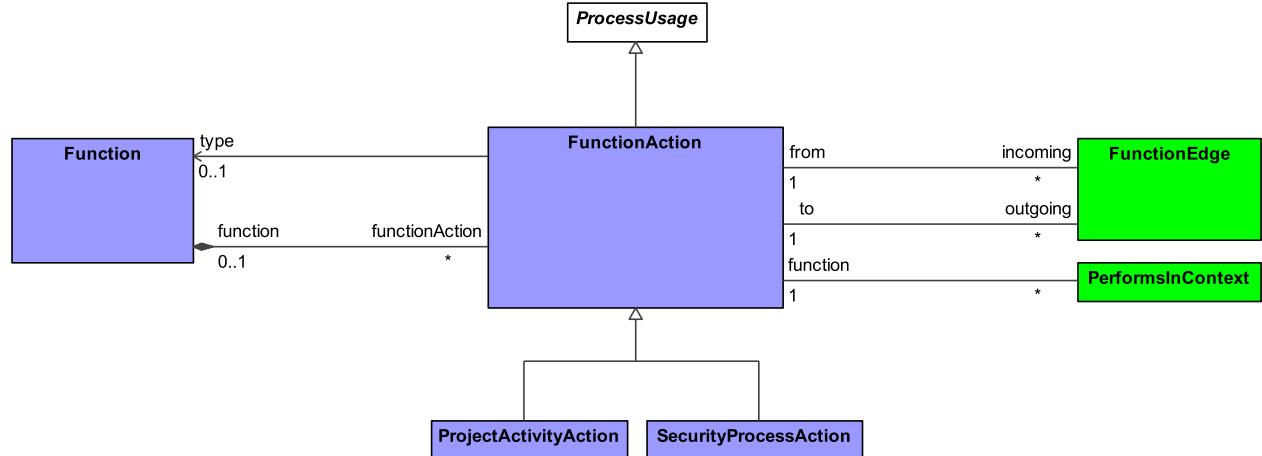
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessUsage](#)

Description

A call of a Function indicating that the Function is performed by a ResourceRole in a specific context.

**Figure 9:127 - FunctionAction**

FunctionEdge

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ProcessEdge](#)

Description

A tuple that shows the flow of Resources (objects/data) between FunctionActions.

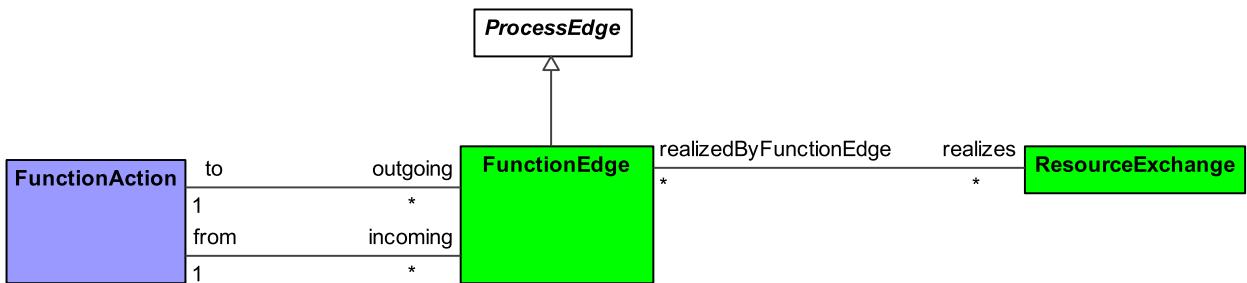


Figure 9:128 - FunctionEdge

Domain MetaModel::Resources::States

ResourceStateDescription

Package: States

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#), [StateDescription](#)

Description

A state machine describing the behavior of a ResourcePerformer, depicting how the ResourcePerformer responds to various events and the actions.

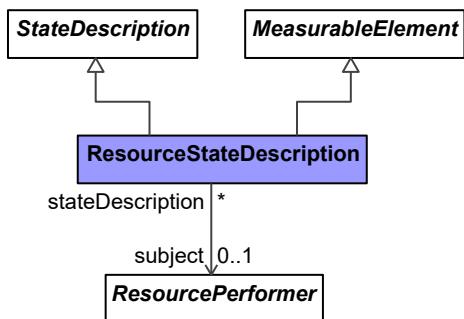


Figure 9:129 - ResourceStateDescription

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Interaction Scenarios

ResourceMessage

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [InteractionMessage](#)

Description

Message for use in a Resource Event-Trace which carries any of the subtypes of ResourceExchange.

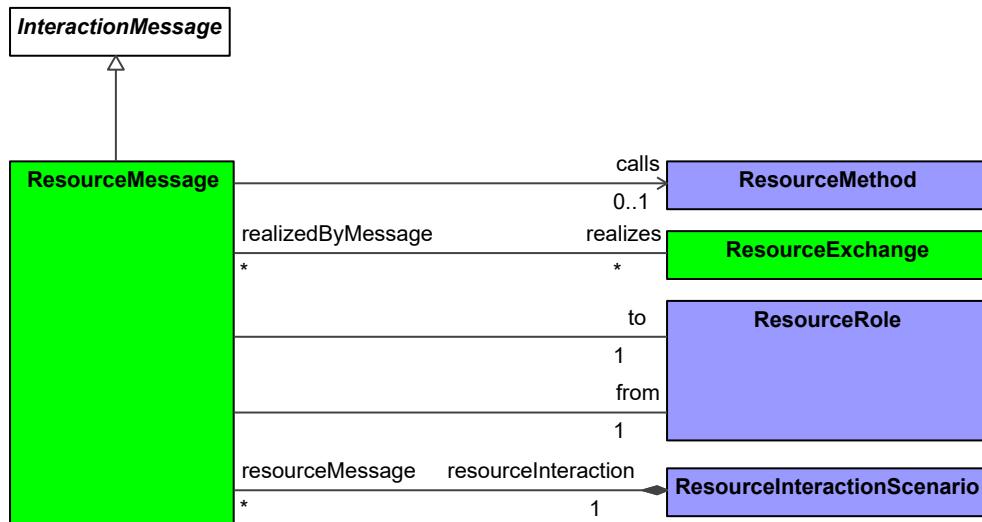


Figure 9:130 - ResourceMessage

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Information

DataElement

Package: Information

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#), [ResourceAsset](#), [ResourceExchangeItem](#)

Description

A formalized representation of data that is managed by or exchanged between resources.

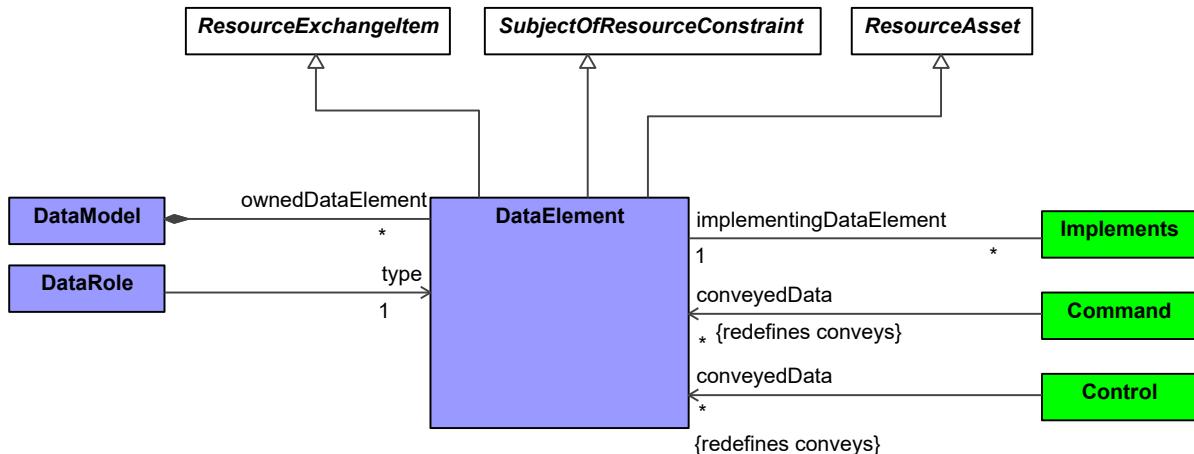


Figure 9:131 - DataElement

DataRole

Package: Information

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [AssetRole](#)

Description

A usage of DataElement that exists in the context of a ResourceAsset. It also allows the representation of the whole-part aggregation of DataElements.

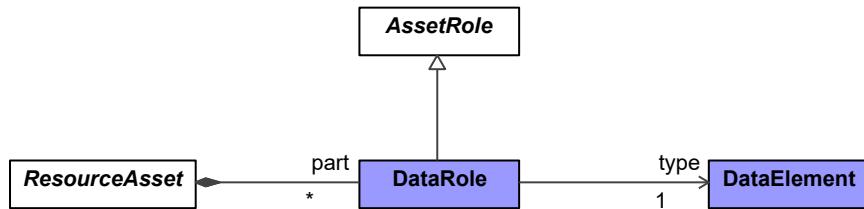


Figure 9:132 - DataRole

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Constraints

ResourceConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Rule](#)

Description

A rule governing the structural or functional aspects of an implementation.



Figure 9:133 - ResourceConstraint

SubjectOfResourceConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping elements that can be the subject of a ResourceConstraint.

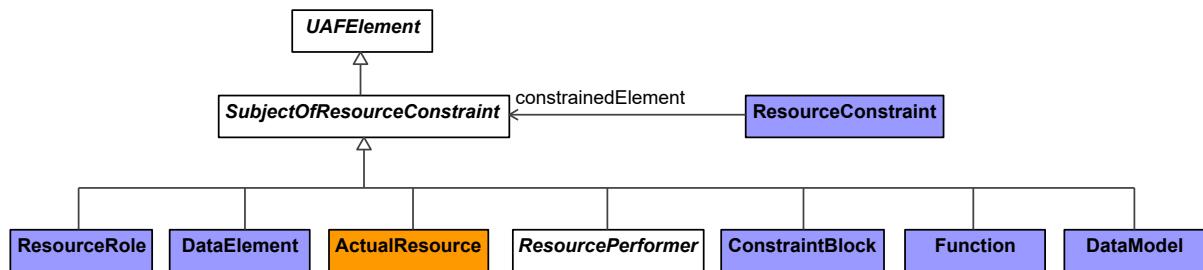


Figure 9:134 - SubjectOfResourceConstraint

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Roadmap

Forecast

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that specifies a transition from one Asset, Standard, Competence to another future one. It is related to an ActualEnterprisePhase to give it a temporal context.

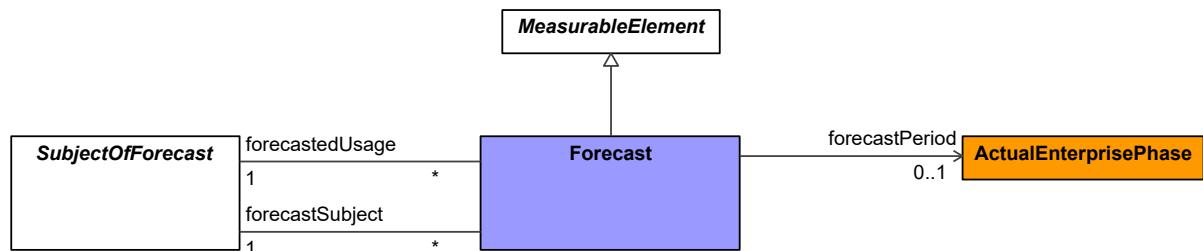


Figure 9:135 - Forecast

SubjectOfForecast

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping elements that can be the subject of a Forecast.

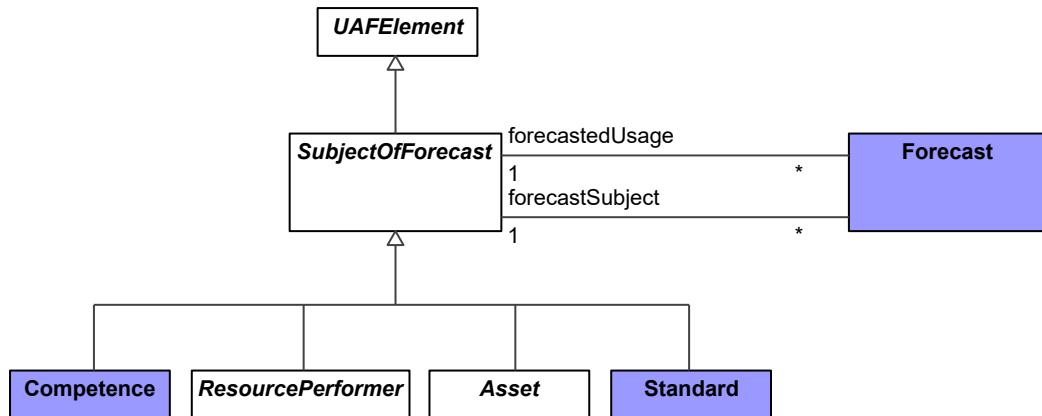


Figure 9:136 - SubjectOfForecast

Technology

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArtifact](#)

Description

A sub type of **ResourceArtifact** that indicates a technology domain, i.e., nuclear, mechanical, electronic, mobile telephony etc.

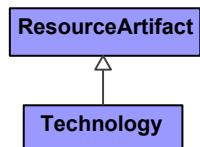


Figure 9:137 - Technology

VersionedElement

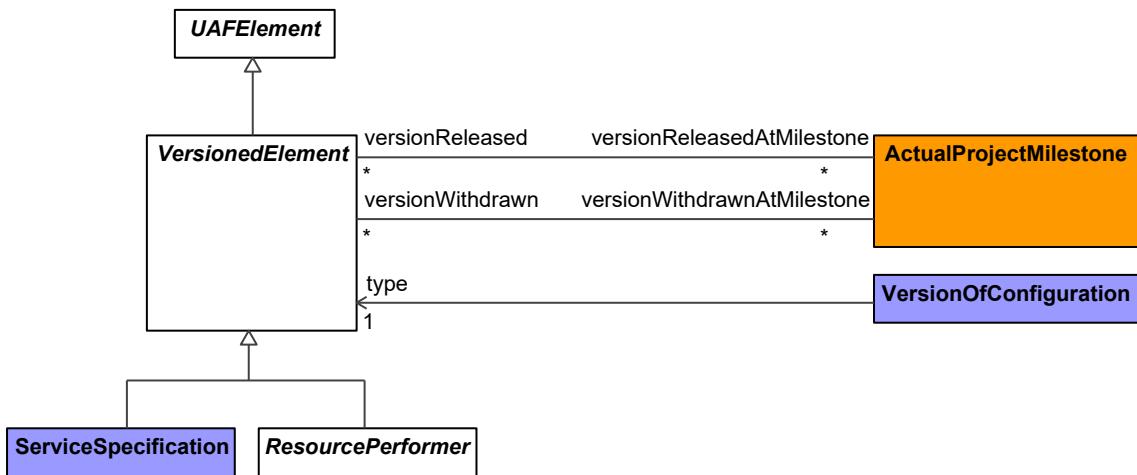
Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping **ResourcePerformer** and **ServiceSpecification** that allows **VersionOfConfiguration** to be related to **ActualProjectMilestones**.

**Figure 9:138 - VersionedElement**

VersionOfConfiguration

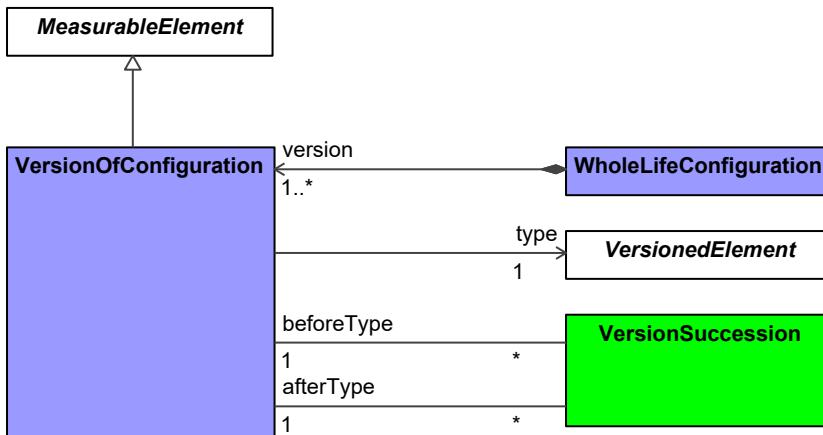
Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A property of a WholeLifeConfiguration, used in version control of a VersionedElement. It asserts that a VersionedElement is a version of a WholeLifeConfiguration.

**Figure 9:139 - VersionOfConfiguration**

VersionSuccession

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple between two VersionOfConfigurations that denotes that one VersionOfConfiguration follows from another.

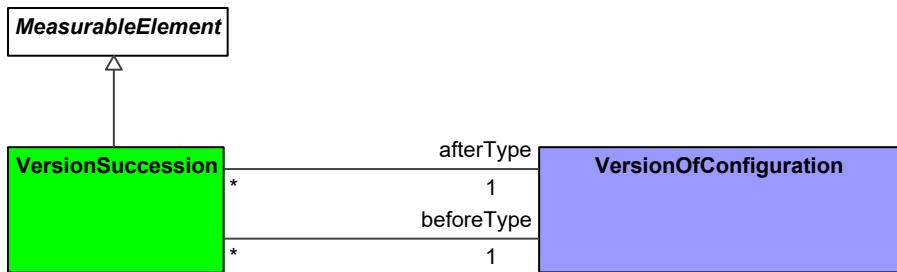


Figure 9:140 - VersionSuccession

WholeLifeConfiguration

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A set of VersionedElements.

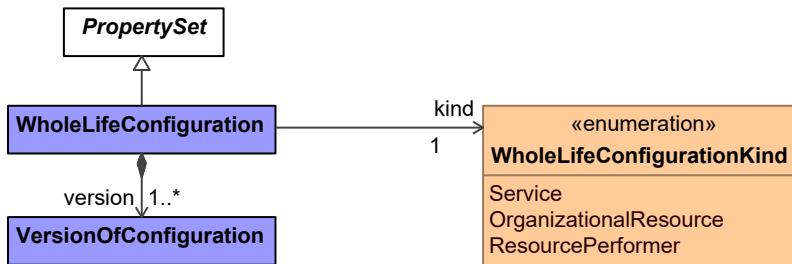


Figure 9:141 - WholeLifeConfiguration

Domain MetaModel::Resources::Traceability

ProtocolImplementation

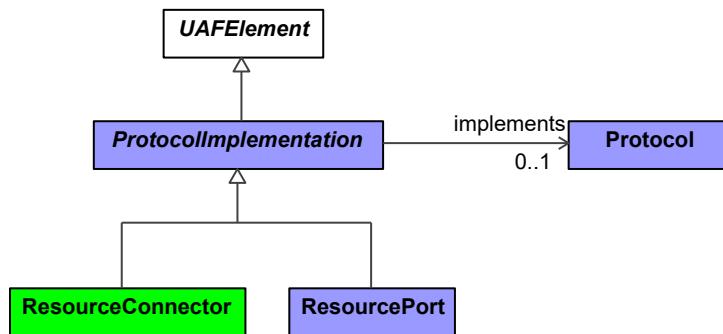
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping architectural elements that can implement Protocols.

**Figure 9:142 - ProtocolImplementation**

9.1.7 Domain MetaModel::Security

Stakeholders: Security Architects, Security Engineers, Systems Engineers, Operational Architects.

Concerns: addresses the security constraints and information assurance attributes that exist on exchanges between resources and OperationalPerformers

Definition: illustrates the security assets, security constraints, security controls, families, and measures required to address specific security concerns.

Domain MetaModel::Security::Taxonomy

Asset

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [SubjectOfForecast](#), [ConceptItem](#), [LocationHolder](#), [PropertySet](#), [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#)

Description

Asset as applied to Security views, an abstract type that indicates the types of elements that can be considered as a subject for security analysis.

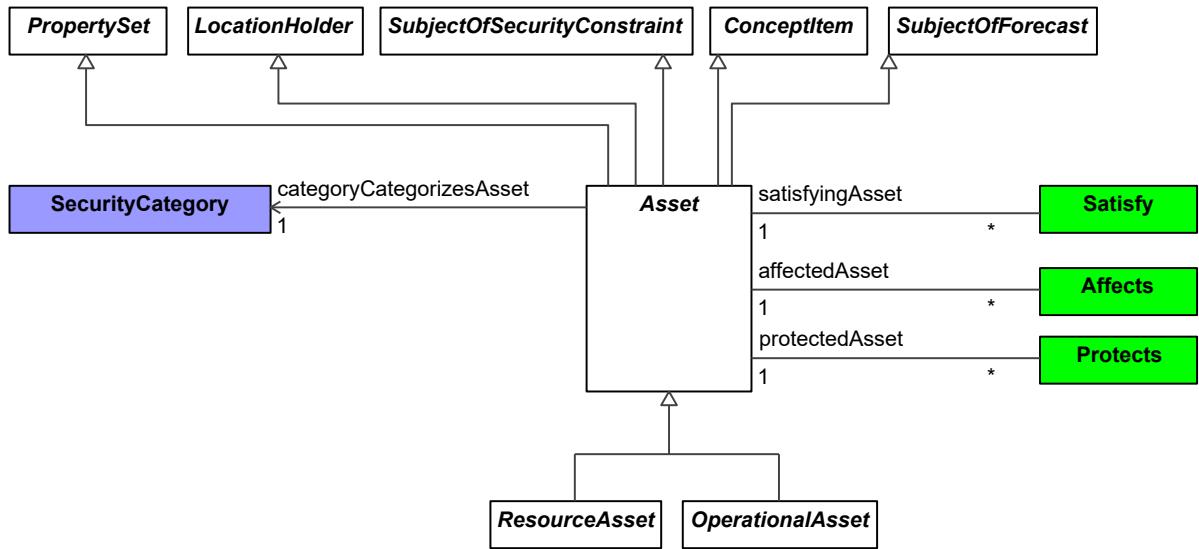


Figure 9:143 - Asset

OperationalAsset

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [Asset](#)

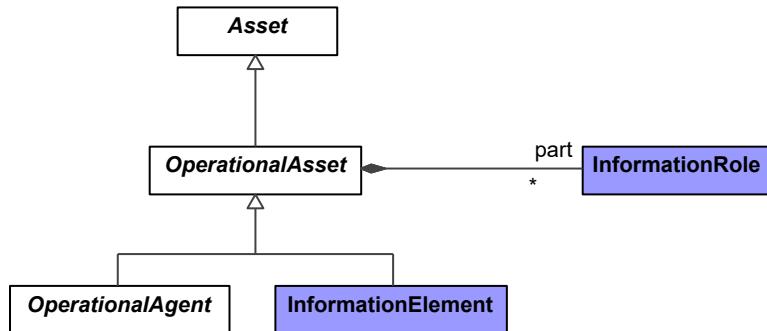


Figure 9:144 - OperationalAsset

OperationalMitigation

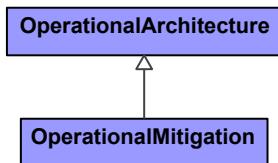
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalArchitecture](#)

Description

A set of OperationalPerformers intended to address against specific operational risks.

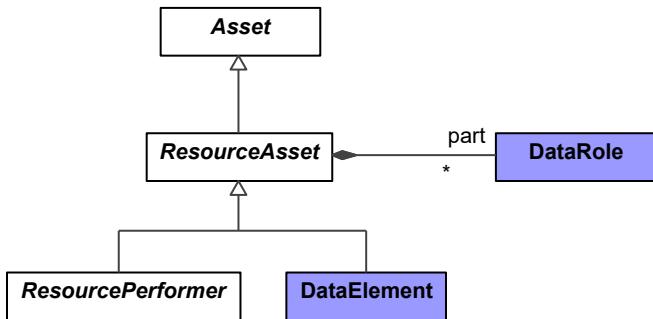
**Figure 9:145 - OperationalMitigation**

ResourceAsset

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [Asset](#)

**Figure 9:146 - ResourceAsset**

ResourceMitigation

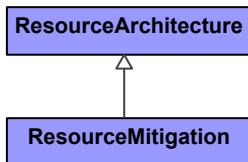
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArchitecture](#)

Description

A set of ResourcePerformers intended to address against specific risks.

**Figure 9:147 - ResourceMitigation**

SecurityEnclave

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ResourceArchitecture](#)

Description

Collection of information systems connected by one or more internal networks under the control of a single authority and security policy. The systems may be structured by physical proximity or by function, independent of location.

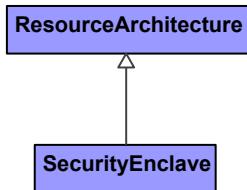


Figure 9:148 - SecurityEnclave

Domain MetaModel::Security::Structure

AssetRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: BPMN2Metamodel::ResourceRole, [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#), [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

AssetRole as applied to Security views, an abstract element that indicates the type of elements that can be considered as a subject for security analysis in the particular context.

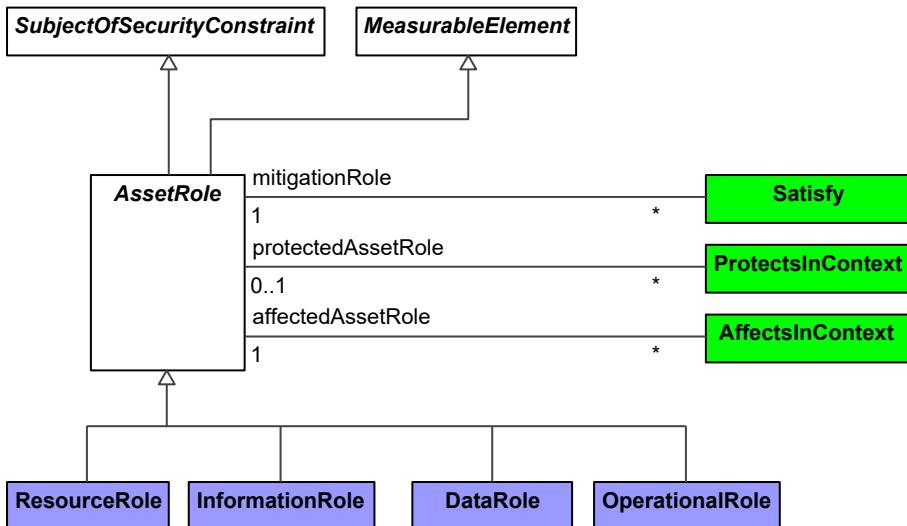


Figure 9:149 - AssetRole

InformationRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [AssetRole](#)

Description

A usage of InformationElement that exists in the context of an OperationalAsset. It also allows the representation of the whole-part aggregation of InformationElements.

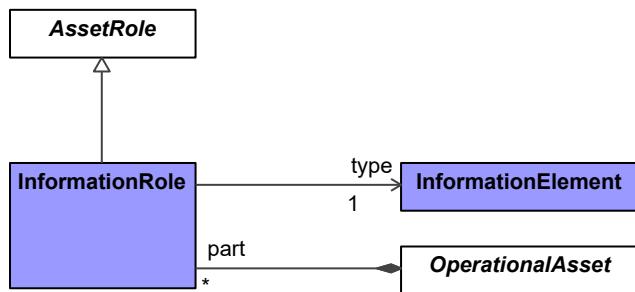


Figure 9:150 - InformationRole

Domain MetaModel::Security::Processes

EnhancedSecurityControl

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityControl](#)

Description

Statement of security capability to: (i) build in additional but related, functionality to a basic control; and/or (ii) increase the strength of a basic control.

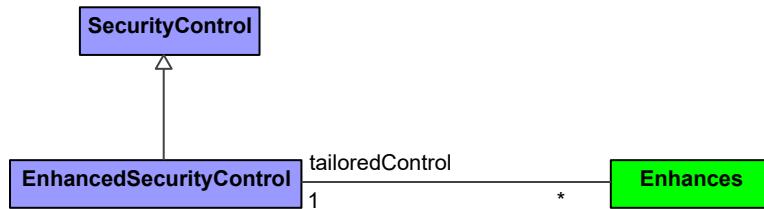


Figure 9:151 - EnhancedSecurityControl

Enhances

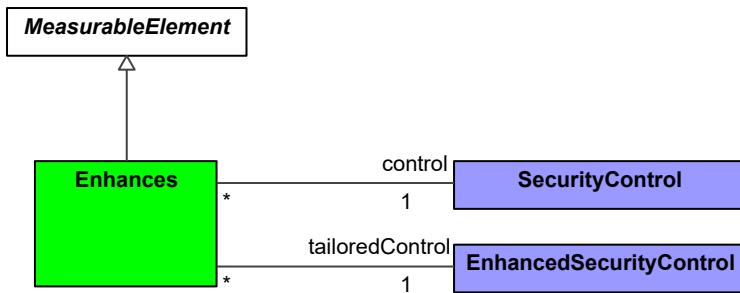
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

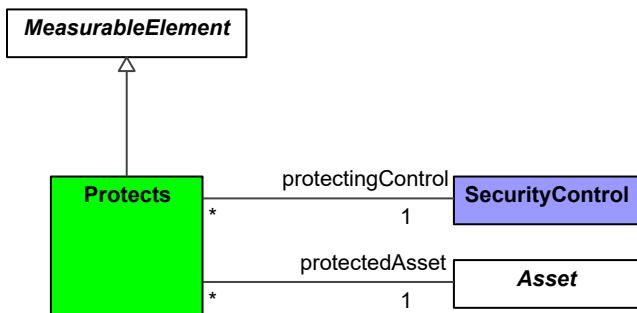
Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple relating the EnhancedSecurityControl to a SecurityControl.

**Figure 9:152 - Enhances****Protects****Package:** Processes**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

A tuple that asserts that a SecurityControl is required to protect an Asset.

**Figure 9:153 - Protects****ProtectsInContext****Package:** Processes**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

A tuple that relates a SecurityControlAction to an OperationalRole, or a ResourceRole. It indicates that SecurityControl is required to protect an Asset in a specific context or configuration.

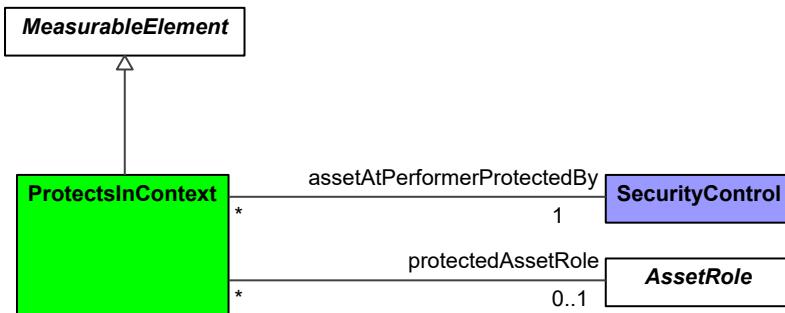


Figure 9:154 - ProtectsInContext

SecurityProcess

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalActivity](#), [Function](#), [SubjectOfSecurityConstraint](#)

Description

The security-related procedure that satisfies the security control requirement.

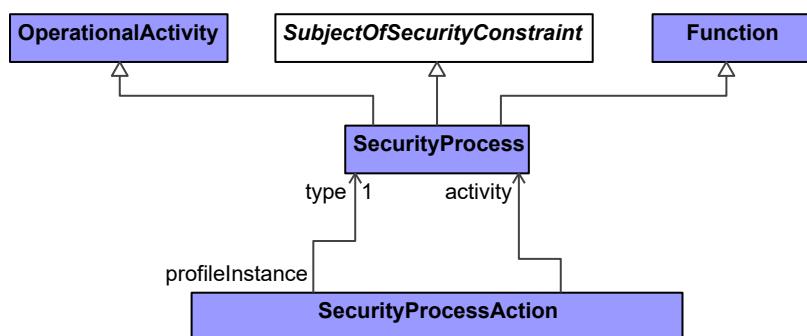


Figure 9:155 - SecurityProcess

SecurityProcessAction

Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OperationalActivityAction](#), [FunctionAction](#)

Description

A call of a SecurityProcess in the context of another SecurityProcess.

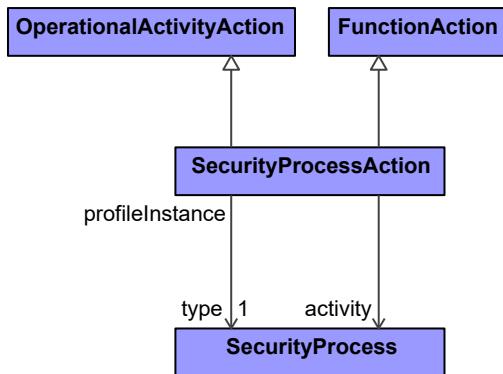


Figure 9:156 - SecurityProcessAction

Domain MetaModel::Security::Constraints

ActualRisk

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualPropertySet](#)

Description

An instance of a Risk. A value holder for Risk Measurements.

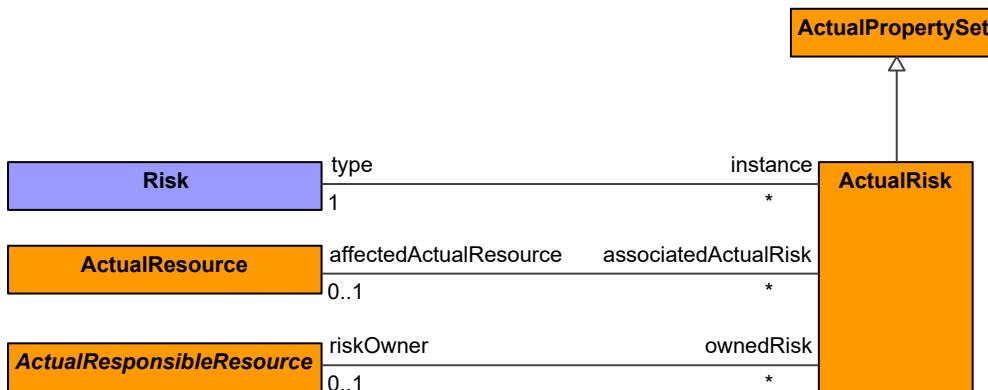


Figure 9:157 - ActualRisk

Caveat

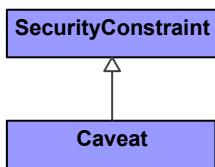
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityConstraint](#)

Description

A statement that details alternate conditions under which the rule is not valid.

**Figure 9:158 - Caveat**

Risk

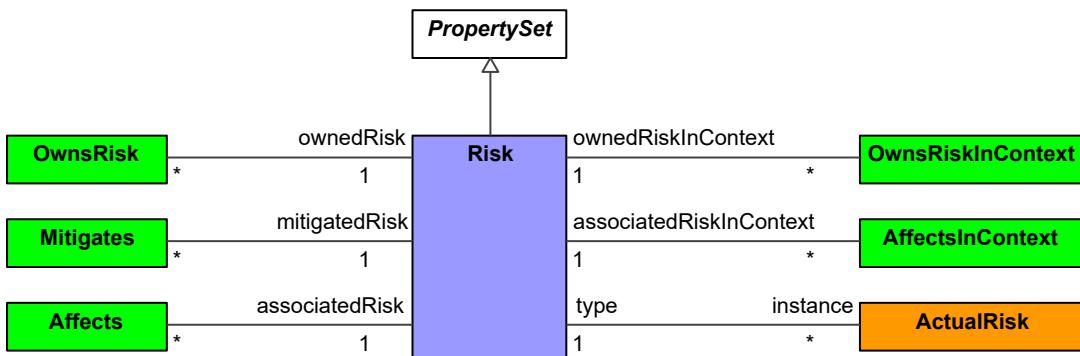
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A statement of the impact of an event on Assets. It represents a constraint on an Asset in terms of adverse effects, with an associated measure. The measure is used to capture the extent to which an entity is threatened by a potential circumstance or event. Risk is typically a function of: (i) the adverse impacts that would arise if the circumstance or event occurs; and (ii) the likelihood of occurrence.

**Figure 9:159 - Risk**

SecurityAvailability

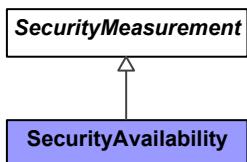
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityMeasurement](#)

Description

Details the potential impact on organization or individuals if the information is not available to those who need to access it.

**Figure 9:160 - SecurityAvailability**

SecurityCategory

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurementSet](#)

Description

The security categories that have been determined for each type of information processed, stored, or transmitted by those information systems. The generalized format for expressing the security category (SC) of an information system is:
SC information system = {(confidentiality, impact), (integrity, impact), (availability, impact)}.

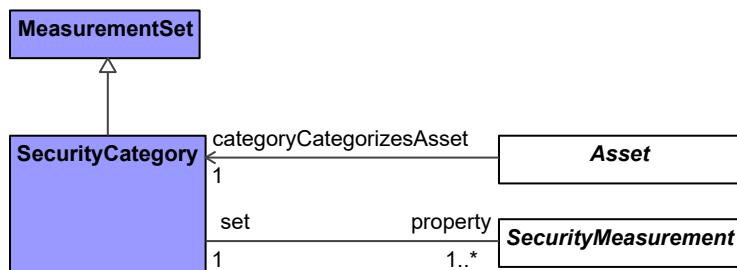


Figure 9:161 - SecurityCategory

SecurityClassification

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityMeasurement](#)

Description

Details a classification for the exchange.

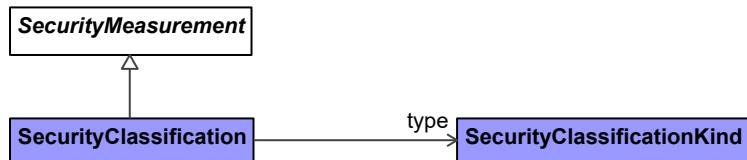


Figure 9:162 - SecurityClassification

SecurityClassificationKind

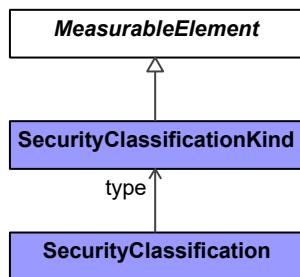
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A type that defines acceptable values for the security category (SC) of an information system, where the acceptable values for potential impact are low, moderate, or high.

**Figure 9:163 - SecurityClassificationKind**

SecurityConstraint

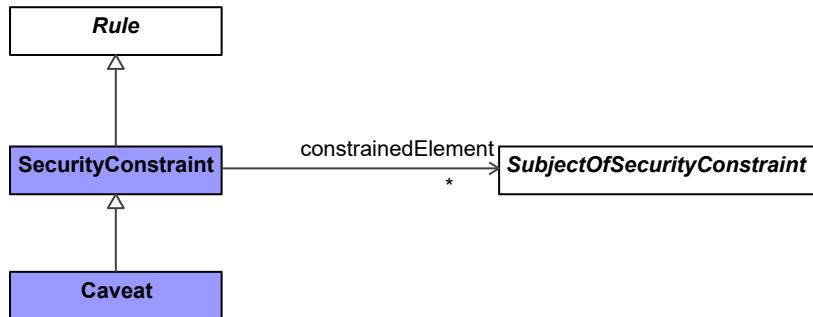
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Rule](#)

Description

A type of rule that captures a formal statement to define access control policy language.

**Figure 9:164 - SecurityConstraint**

SecurityControl

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

The management, operational, and technical control (i.e., safeguard or countermeasure) prescribed for an information system to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the system and its information [NIST SP 800-53].

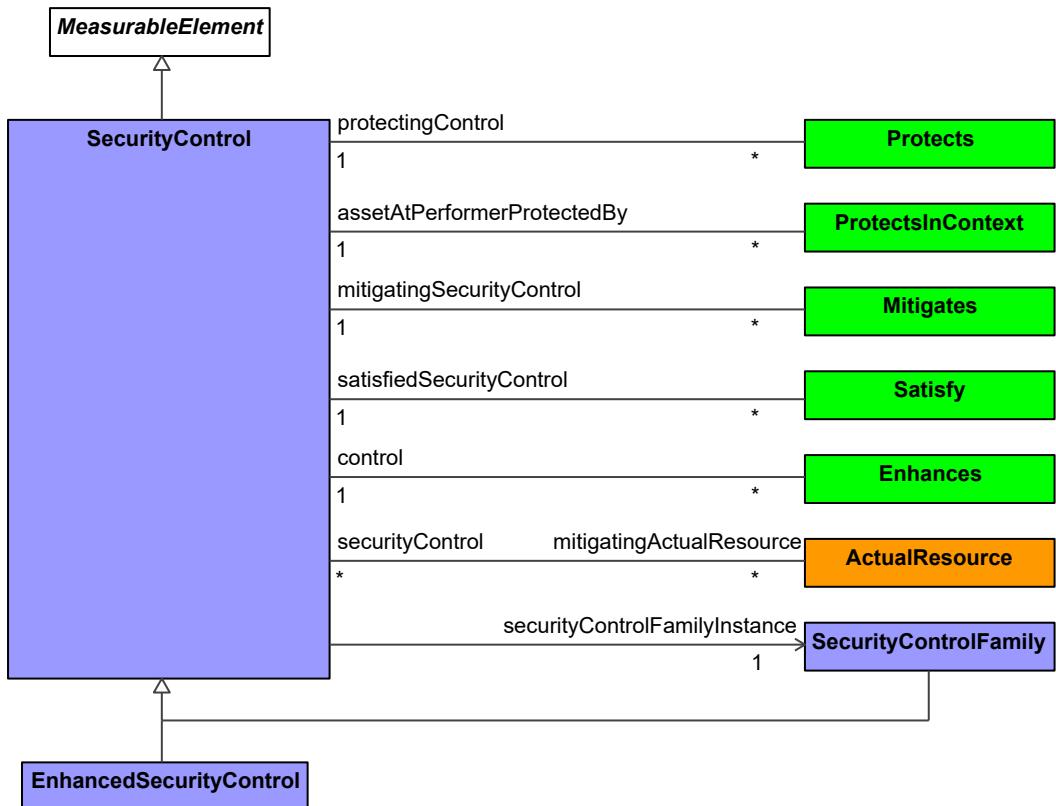


Figure 9:165 - SecurityControl

SecurityControlFamily

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityControl](#)

Description

An element that organizes security controls into a family. Each Security Control Family contains security controls related to the general security topic of the family.

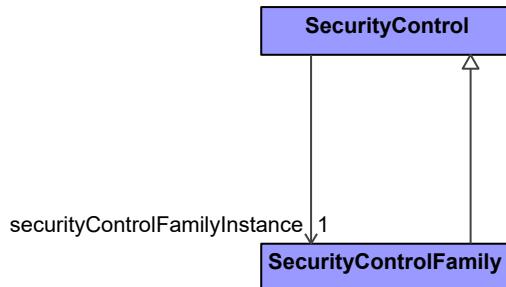


Figure 9:166 – SecurityControlFamily

SecurityIntegrity

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SecurityMeasurement](#)

Description

Details the potential impact on organization or individuals due to modification or destruction of information, and includes ensuring information non-repudiation and authenticity.

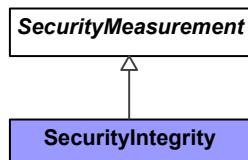


Figure 9:167 - SecurityIntegrity

SecurityMeasurement

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [Measurement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping all types of security measurements (e.g., SecurityIntegrity, SecurityAvailability).

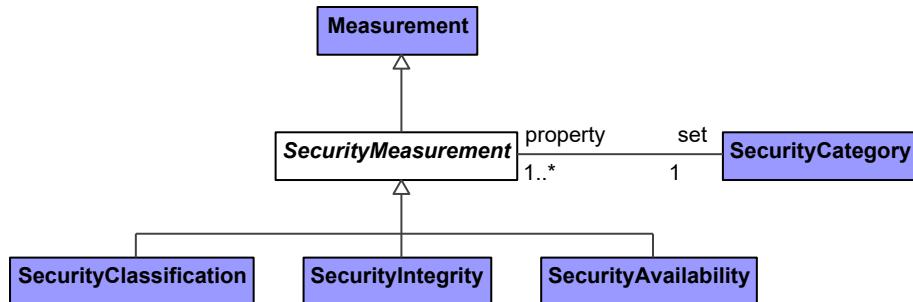


Figure 9:168 - SecurityMeasurement

SubjectOfSecurityConstraint

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping elements that can be the subject of a SecurityConstraint.

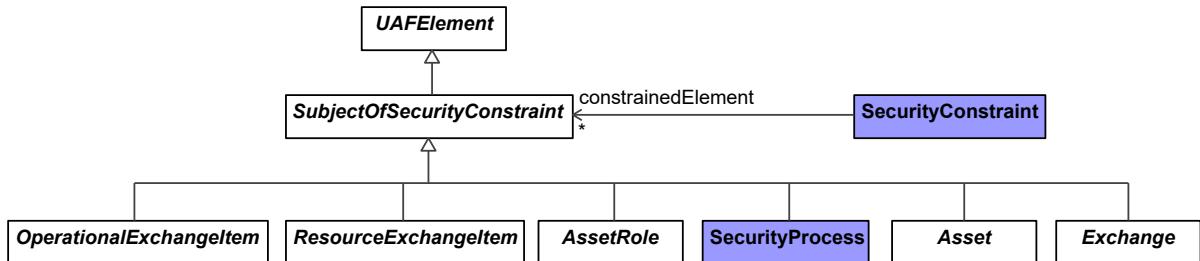


Figure 9:169 - SubjectOfSecurityConstraint

Domain MetaModel::Security::Traceability

Affects

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that a Risk is applicable to an Asset.

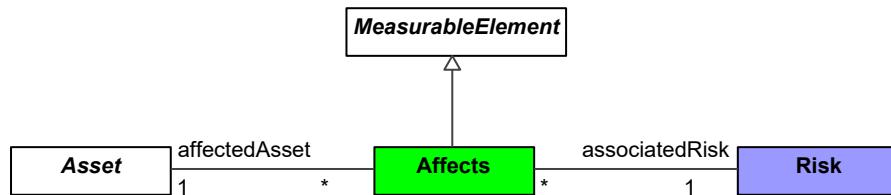


Figure 9:170 - Affects

AffectsInContext

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that a Risk is applicable to an AssetRole in the specific context or configuration.

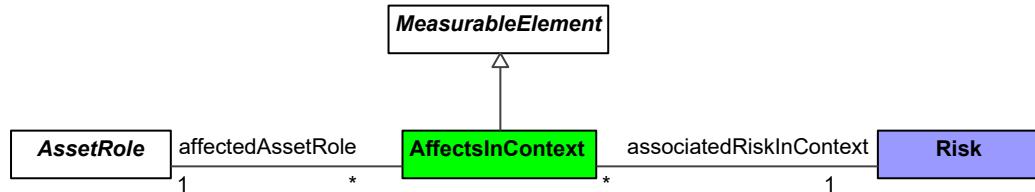


Figure 9:171 – AffectsInContext

Mitigates

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple relating a Security Control to a Risk. Mitigation is established to manage risk and could be represented as an overall strategy or through techniques (mitigation configurations) and procedures (SecurityProcesses).



Figure 9:172 - Mitigates

OwnsRisk

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple relating a Risk to an organizational resource that is responsible for executing the risk mitigation.

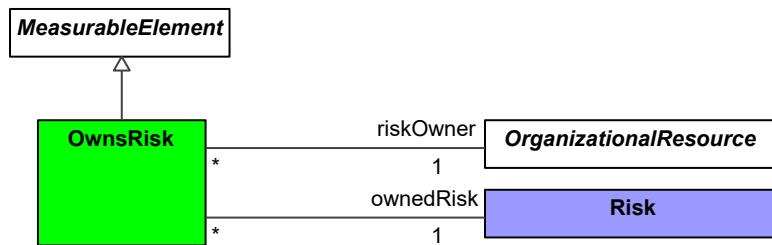


Figure 9:173 - OwnsRisk

OwnsRiskInContext

Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple relating a Risk to an organizational role that is responsible for executing the risk mitigation in the specific context or configuration.

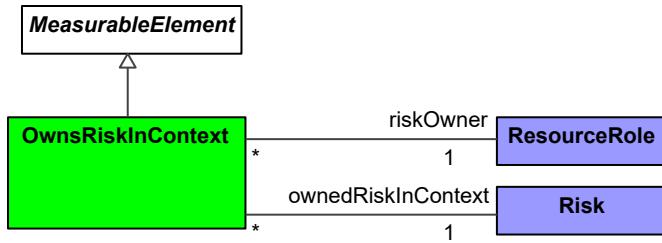


Figure 9:174 - OwnsRiskInContext

9.1.8 Domain MetaModel::Projects

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Taxonomy

Project

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [OrganizationalResource](#)

Description

A type that describes types of time-limited endeavors that are required to meet one or more Capability needs.

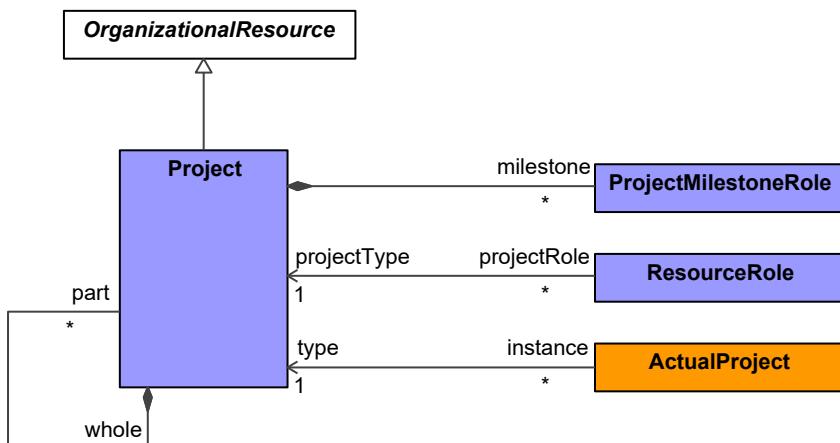


Figure 9:175 - Project

ProjectMilestone

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A type of event in a Project by which progress is measured.

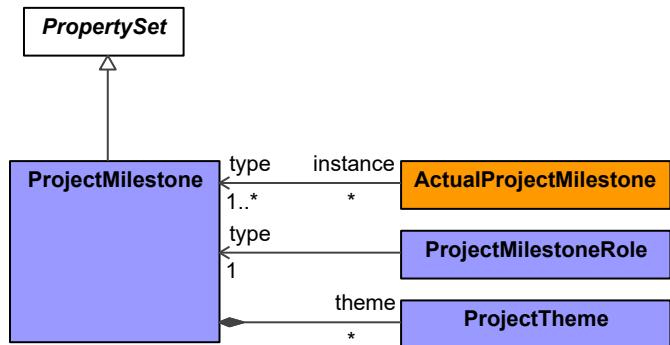


Figure 9:176 - ProjectMilestone

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Structure

ActualProjectMilestoneRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualState](#)

Description

An ActualProjectMilestone that is applied to a ProjectMilestoneRole.

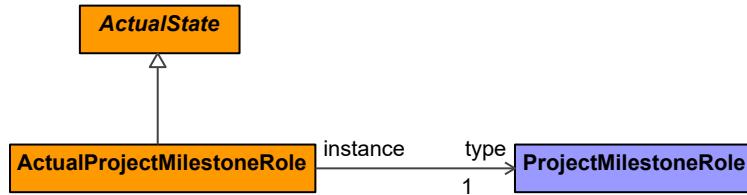


Figure 9:177 - ActualProjectMilestoneRole

ProjectMilestoneRole

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

The role played by a ProjectMilestone in the context of a Project.

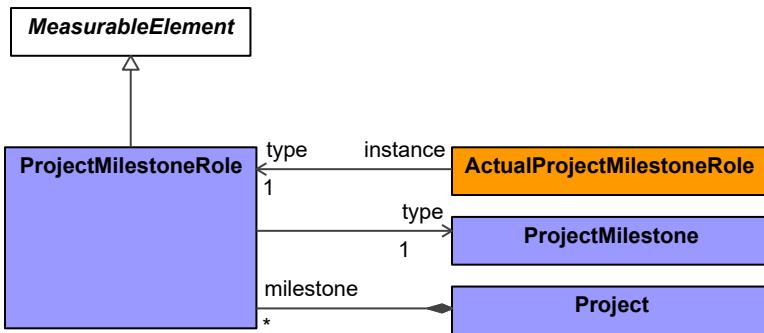


Figure 9:178 - ProjectMilestoneRole

ProjectStatus

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualState](#)

Description

The status (i.e., level of progress) of a ProjectTheme for an ActualProject at the time of the ActualProjectMilestone.

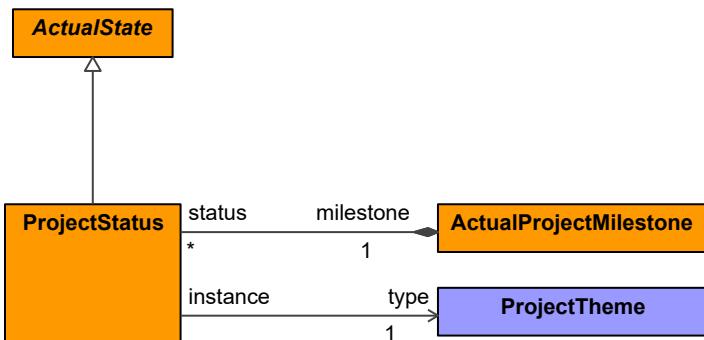


Figure 9:179 - ProjectStatus

ProjectTheme

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A property of a ProjectMilestone that captures an aspect by which the progress of ActualProjects may be measured.

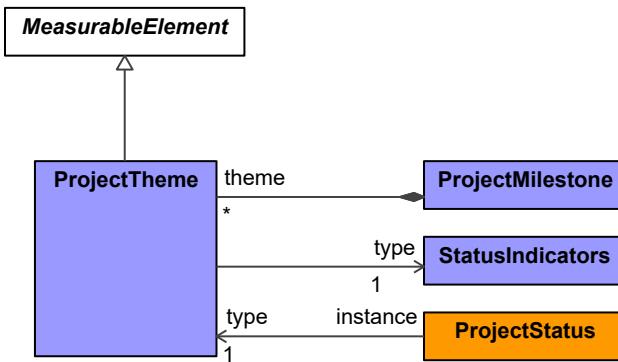


Figure 9:180 - ProjectTheme

StatusIndicators**Package:** Structure**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

An enumerated type that specifies a status for a ProjectTheme.

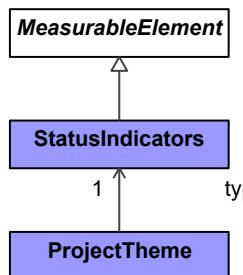
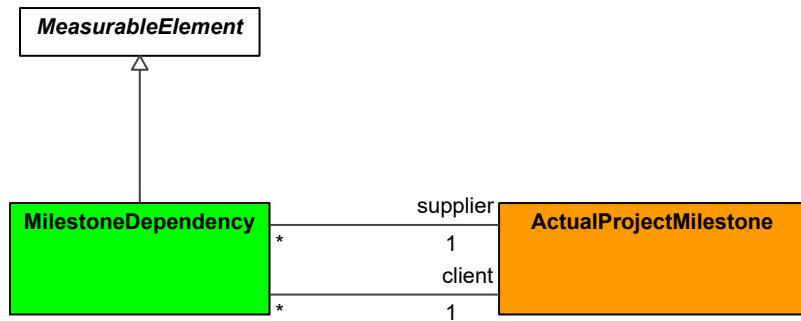


Figure 9:181 - StatusIndicators

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Connectivity**MilestoneDependency****Package:** Connectivity**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [MeasurableElement](#)**Description**

A tuple between two ActualProjectMilestones that denotes one ActualProjectMilestone follows from another.

**Figure 9:182 - MilestoneDependency**

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Processes

ProjectActivity

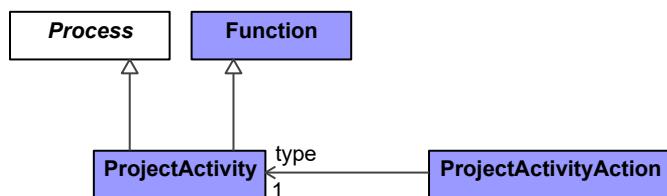
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Function](#), [Process](#)

Description

An activity carried out during a project.

**Figure 9:183 - ProjectActivity**

ProjectActivityAction

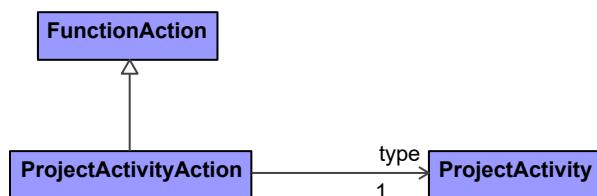
Package: Processes

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [FunctionAction](#)

Description

The **ProjectActivityAction** is defined as a call behavior action that invokes the activity that needs to be performed.

**Figure 9:184 - ProjectActivityAction**

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Interaction Scenarios

ProjectSequence

Package: Interaction Scenarios

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple between two ActualProjects that denotes one ActualProject cannot start before the previous ActualProject is finished.

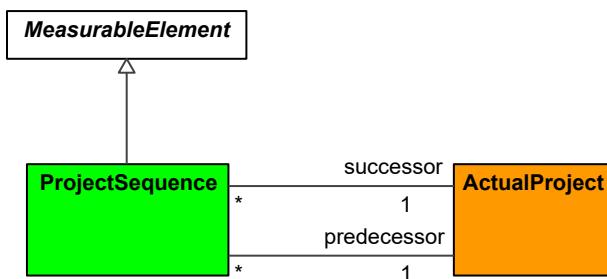


Figure 9:185 - ProjectSequence

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Roadmap

ActualProject

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Achiever](#), [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)

Description

A time-limited endeavor to provide a specific set of ActualResources that meet specific Capability needs.

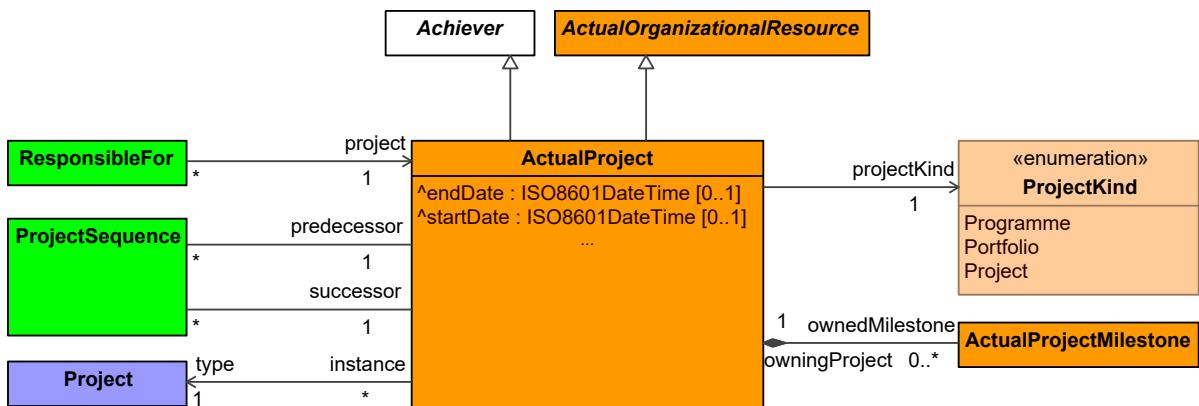


Figure 9:186 – ActualProject

ActualProjectMilestone

Package: Roadmap

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualPropertySet](#)

Description

An event with a start date in an ActualProject from which progress is measured.

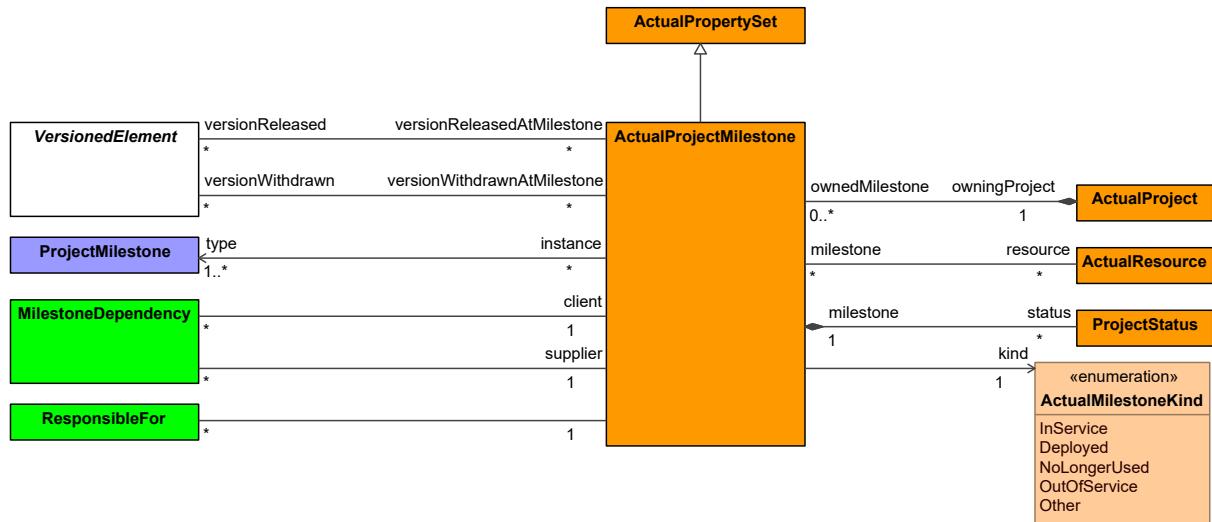


Figure 9:187 - ActualProjectMilestone

Constraints

[1] unnamed1 startTime=endTime

Domain MetaModel::Projects::Traceability

ResponsibleFor

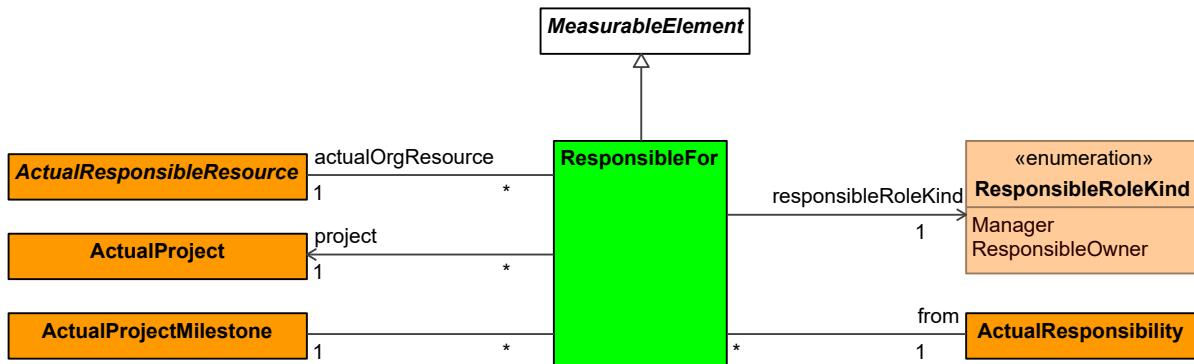
Package: Traceability

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple between an ActualResponsibleResource and an ActualResponsibility or ActualProject. It defines the duties that the ActualResponsibleResource is ResponsibleFor.

**Figure 9:188 – ResponsibleFor**

9.1.9 Domain MetaModel::Standards

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Software Engineers, Systems Architects, Business Architects.

Concerns: technical and non-technical Standards applicable to the architecture.

Definition: shows the technical, operational, and business Standards applicable to the architecture. Defines the underlying current and expected Standards.

Domain MetaModel::Standards::Taxonomy

Protocol

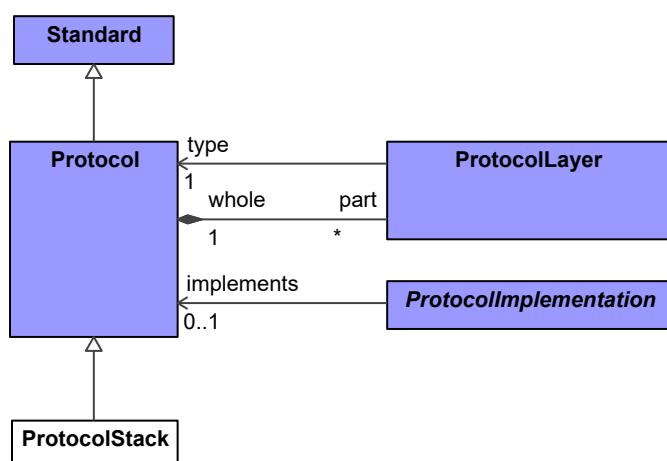
Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Standard](#)

Description

A Standard for communication over a network. Protocols may be composite, represented as a **ProtocolStack** made up of **ProtocolLayers**.

**Figure 9:189 - Protocol**

ProtocolStack

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Protocol](#)

Description

A sub type of Protocol that contains the ProtocolLayers, defining a complete stack.

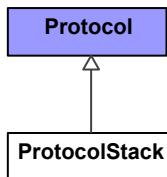


Figure 9:190 - ProtocolStack

Standard

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfForecast](#), [PropertySet](#)

Description

A ratified and peer-reviewed specification that is used to guide or constrain the architecture. A Standard may be applied to any element in the architecture.

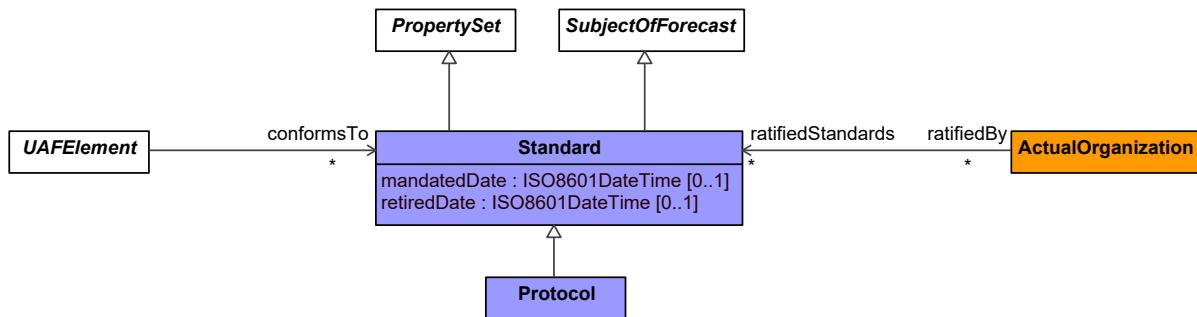


Figure 9:191 - Standard

Attributes

mandatedDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1] The date when this version of the Standard was published.

retiredDate : ISO8601DateTime[0..1] The date when this version of the Standard was retired.

Domain MetaModel::Standards::Structure

ProtocolLayer

Package: Structure

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

Usage of a Protocol in the context of another Protocol. Creates a whole-part relationship.

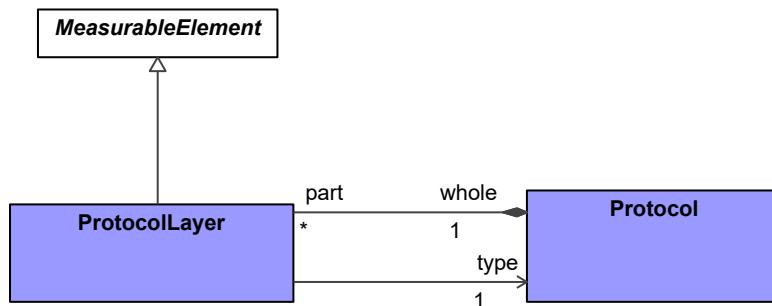


Figure 9:192 – ProtocolLayer

9.1.10 Domain MetaModel::Actual Resources

Stakeholders: Solution Providers, Systems Engineers, Business Architects, Human Resources.

Concerns: the analysis.e.g., evaluation of different alternatives, what-if, trade-offs, V&V on the actual resource configurations.

Definition: illustrates the expected or achieved actual resource configurations and actual relationships between them.

Domain MetaModel::Actual Resources::Taxonomy

ActualOrganization

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualResponsibleResource](#)

Description

An actual formal or informal organizational unit, e.g., "Driving and Vehicle Licensing Agency", "UAF team Alpha".

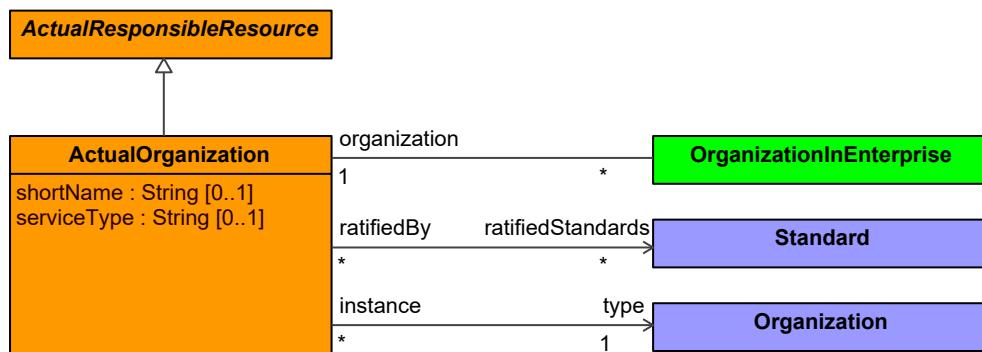


Figure 9:193 - ActualOrganization

Attributes

serviceType : String[0..1] Service office code or symbol

shortName : String[0..1] String providing a simplified means of identifying an ActualOrganization, i.e. SoftWareGroup could use SWG as the shortName.

ActualOrganizationalResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ActualResource](#), [Stakeholder](#)

Description

Abstract element for an ActualOrganization, ActualPerson or ActualPost.

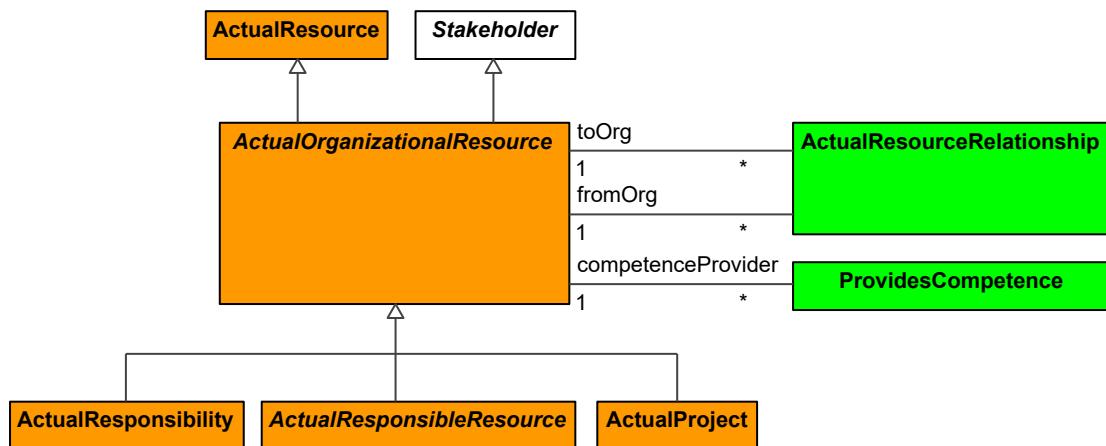


Figure 9:194 - ActualOrganizationalResource

ActualPerson

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualResponsibleResource](#)

Description

An individual human being.

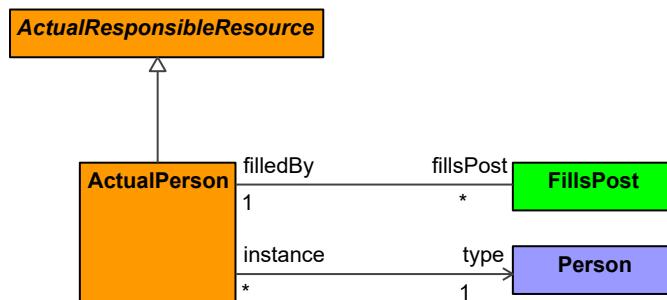


Figure 9:195 – ActualPerson

ActualPost

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualResponsibleResource](#)

Description

An actual, specific post, an instance of a Post "type" - e.g., "President of the United States of America." where the Post would be president.

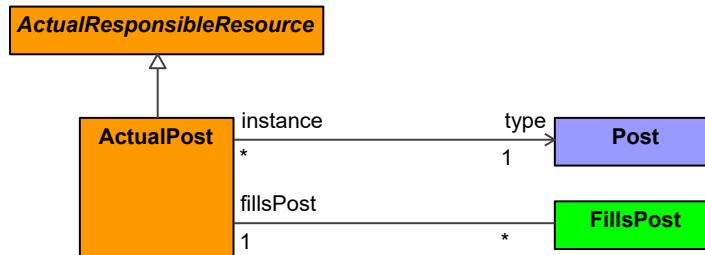


Figure 9:196 - ActualPost

ActualResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualPropertySet](#), [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#), [Achiever](#), [CapableElement](#)

Description

An individual, fully-realized ResourcePerformer.

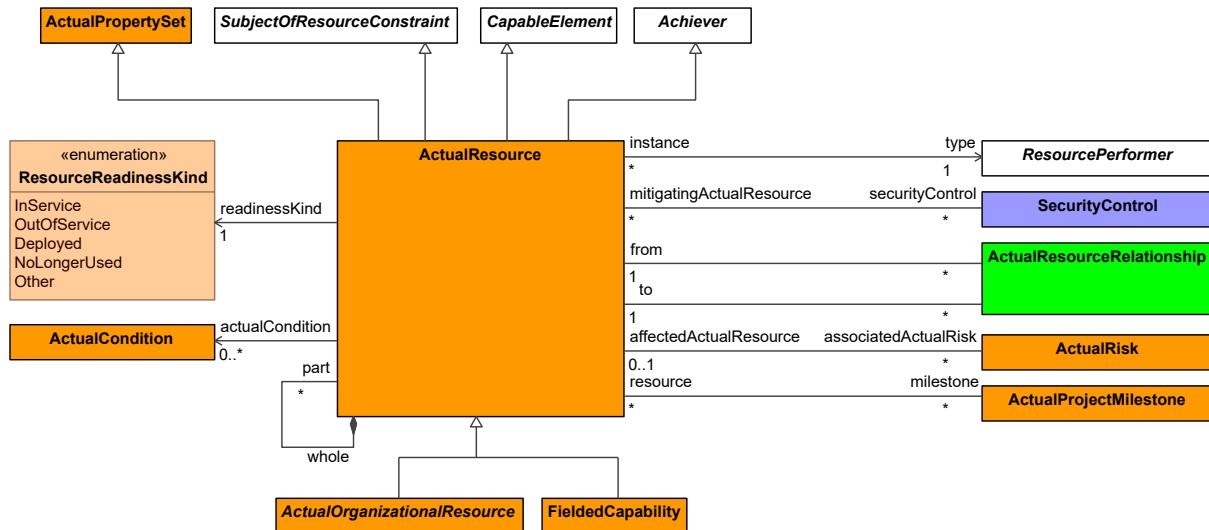


Figure 9:197 – ActualResource

ActualResourceRelationship

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

An actual resource flow existing between ActualResources (i.e., flow of data, people, materiel, or energy).

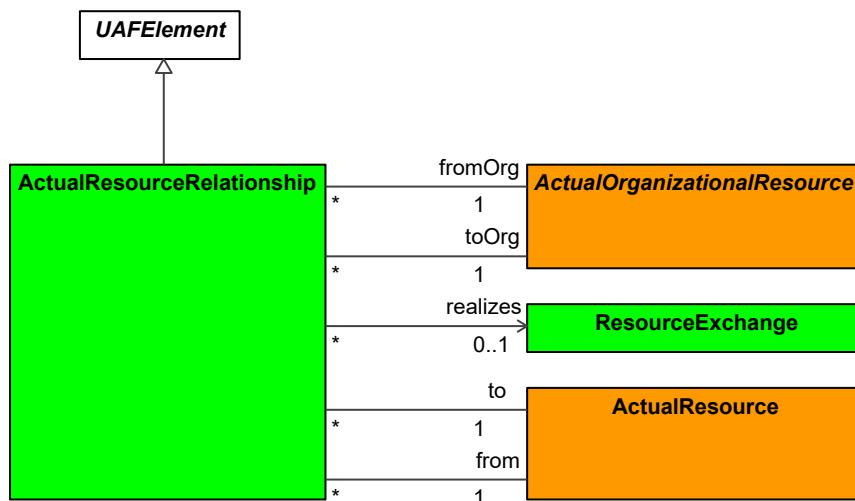


Figure 9:198 - ActualResourceRelationship

ActualResponsibility

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)

Description

An actual duty required of a Person or Organization.

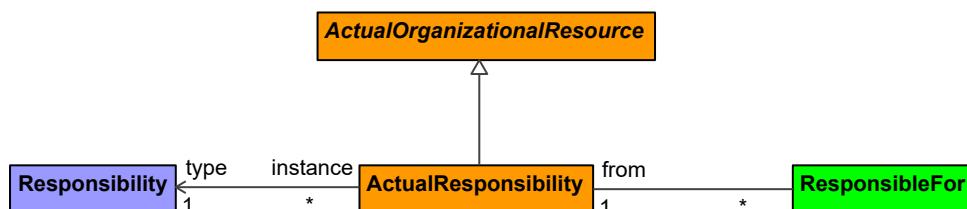


Figure 9:199 – ActualResponsibility

ActualResponsibleResource

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ActualOrganizationalResource](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping responsible OrganizationalResources.

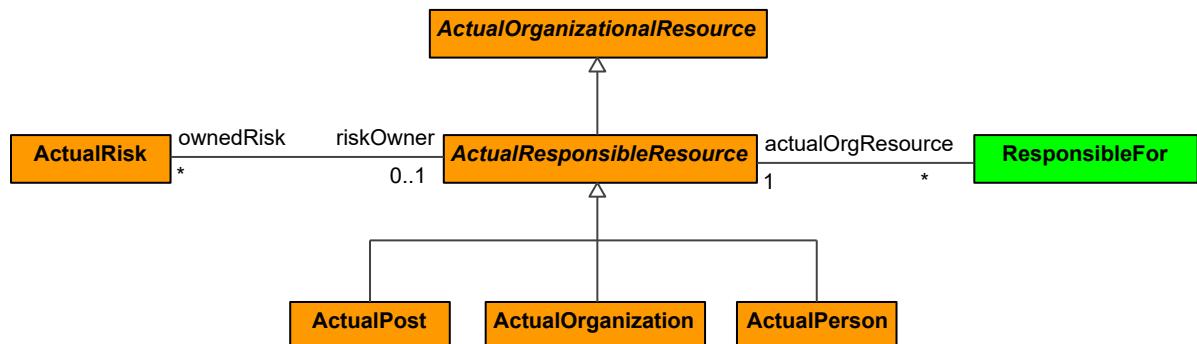


Figure 9:200 - ActualResponsibleResource

FieldedCapability

Package: Taxonomy

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualResource](#)

Description

An individual, fully-realized capability.

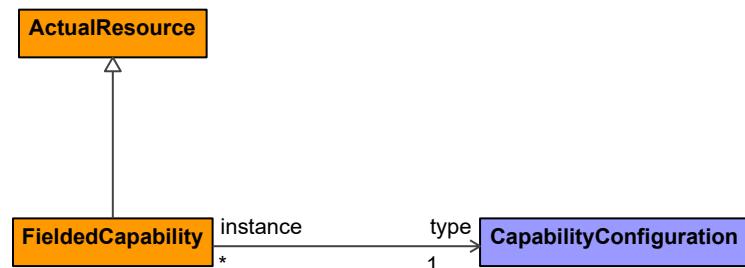


Figure 9:201 - FieldedCapability

Domain MetaModel::Actual Resources::Constraints

ActualService

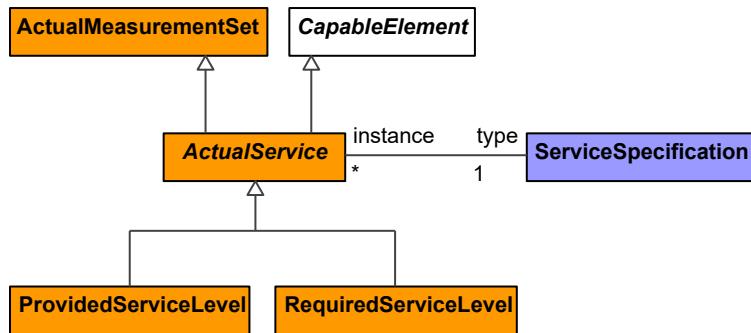
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [ActualMeasurementSet](#), [CapableElement](#)

Description

An individual ServiceSpecification.

**Figure 9:202 - ActualService**

ProvidedServiceLevel

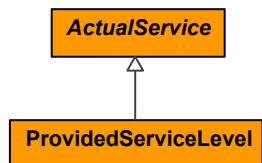
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualService](#)

Description

A sub type of ActualService that details a specific service level delivered by the provider.

**Figure 9:203 - ProvidedServiceLevel**

ProvidesCompetence

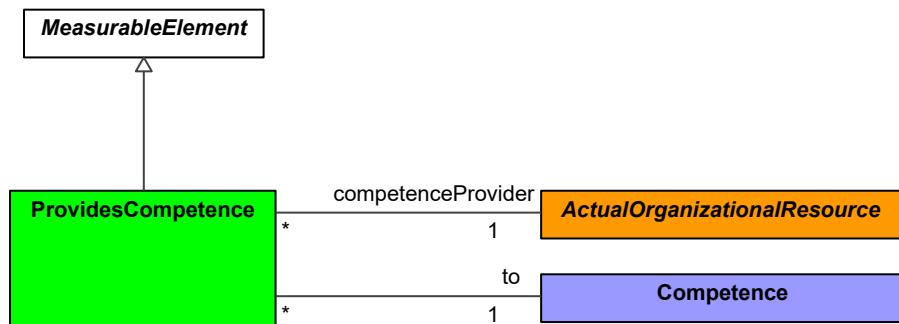
Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that an ActualOrganizationalResource provides a specific set of Competencies.

**Figure 9:204 - ProvidesCompetence**

RequiredServiceLevel

Package: Constraints

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualService](#)

Description

A sub type of ActualService that details a specific service level required of the provider.

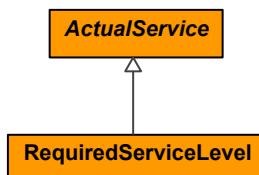


Figure 9:205 - RequiredServiceLevel

9.1.11 Domain MetaModel::Dictionary

Stakeholders: Architects, users of the architecture, Capability Owners, Systems Engineers, Solution Providers.

Concerns: Definitions for all the elements in the architecture, libraries of environments and measurements.

Definition: Presents all the elements used in an architecture. Can be used specifically to capture:

a. Elements and relationships that are involved in defining the environments applicable to capability, operational concept or set of systems.

b. Measurable properties that can be used to support analysis such as KPIs, MoEs, TPIs etc.

Recommended Implementation: Tabular format, SysML Block Definition Diagram.

Alias

Package: Dictionary

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A metamodel Artifact used to define an alternative name for an element.

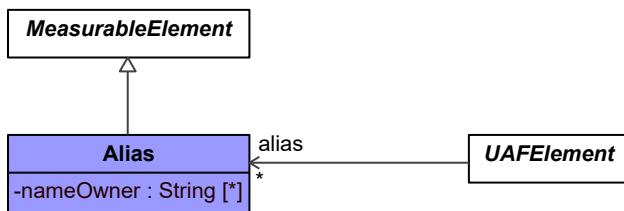


Figure 9:206 – Alias

Attributes

nameOwner : String[*] Someone or something that uses this alternative name.

Definition

Package: Dictionary

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A comment containing a description of an element in the architecture.

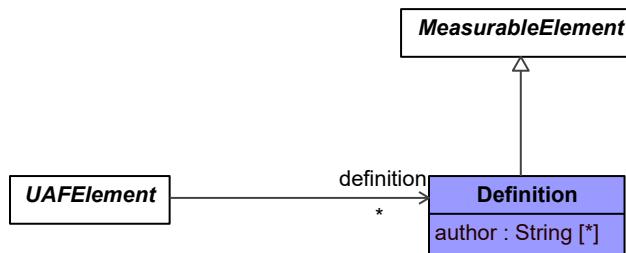


Figure 9:207 - Definition

Attributes

author : String[*] The original or current person (architect) responsible for the Definition.

SameAs

Package: Dictionary

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A tuple that asserts that two elements refer to the same real-world thing.

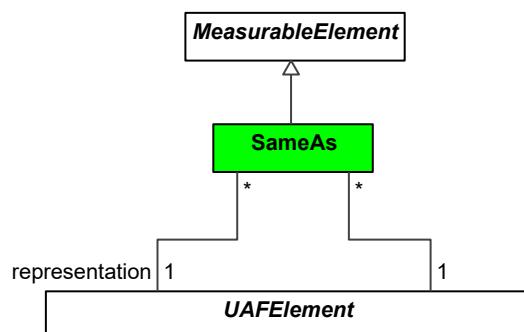


Figure 9:208 – SameAs

9.1.12 Domain MetaModel::Summary & Overview

ArchitecturalDescription

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

An Architecture Description is a work product used to express the Architecture of some System Of Interest. It provides executive-level summary information about the architecture description in a consistent form to allow quick reference and comparison between architecture descriptions -- It includes assumptions, constraints, and limitations that may affect high-level decisions relating to an architecture-based work program.

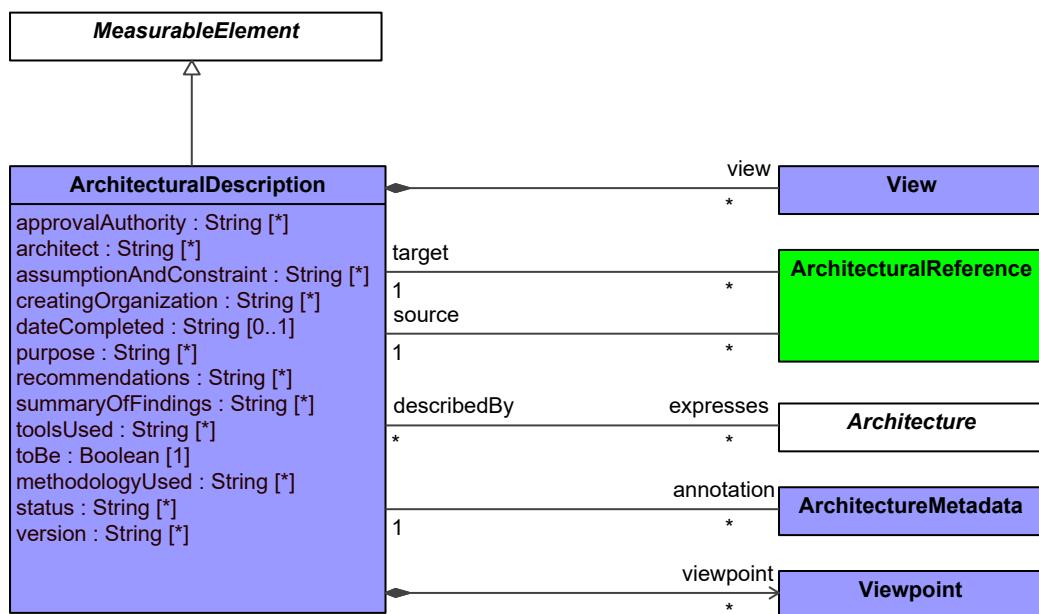


Figure 9:209 - ArchitecturalDescription

Attributes

approvalAuthority : String[*]

Someone or something that has the authority to approve the ArchitecturalDescription.

architect : String[*]

Someone responsible for the creation of ArchitecturalDescription.

assumptionAndConstraint : String[*]

Any assumptions, constraints, and limitations contained in the ArchitecturalDescription, including those affecting deployment, communications performance, information assurance environments, etc.

creatingOrganization : String[*]

The organization responsible for creating the ArchitecturalDescription.

dateCompleted : String[0..1]

Date that the ArchitecturalDescription was completed.

methodologyUsed : String[*]

The methodology used in developing the architecture.

purpose : String[*]

Explains the need for the Architecture, what it will demonstrate, the types of analyses that will be applied to it, who is expected to perform the analyses, what decisions are expected to be made on the basis of each form of analysis, who is expected to make those decisions, and what actions are expected to result.

recommendations : String[*]	States the recommendations that have been developed based on the architecture effort. Examples include recommended system implementations, and opportunities for technology insertion.
status : String[*]	Approval status of the architecture.
summaryOfFindings : String[*]	Summarizes the findings that have been developed so far. This may be updated several times during the development of the ArchitecturalDescription.
toBe : Boolean[1]	Indicates whether the ArchitecturalDescription represents an Architecture that exists or will exist in the future.
toolsUsed : String[*]	Identifies any tools used to develop the ArchitecturalDescription as well as file names and formats if appropriate.
version : String[*]	Version number of the architecture.

Architecture

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAEElement](#)

Description

An abstract type that represents a generic architecture. Subtypes are OperationalArchitecture and PhysicalArchitecture.

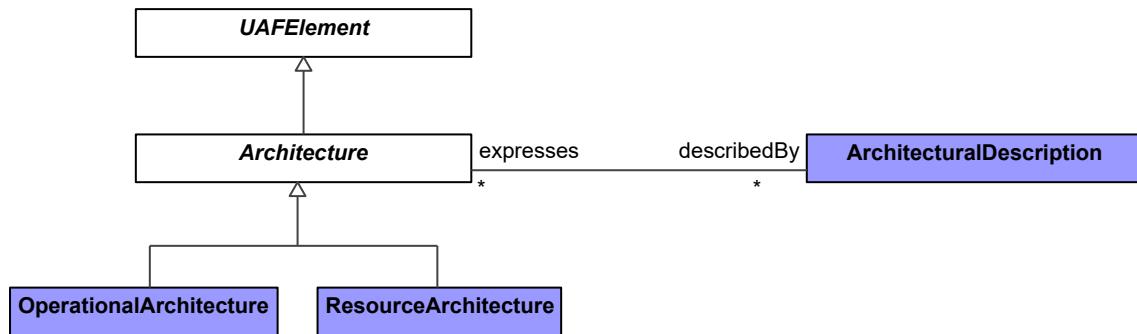


Figure 9:210 - Architecture

Concern

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

Interest in an EnterprisePhase (EnterprisePhase is synonym for System in ISO 42010) relevant to one or more of its stakeholders.

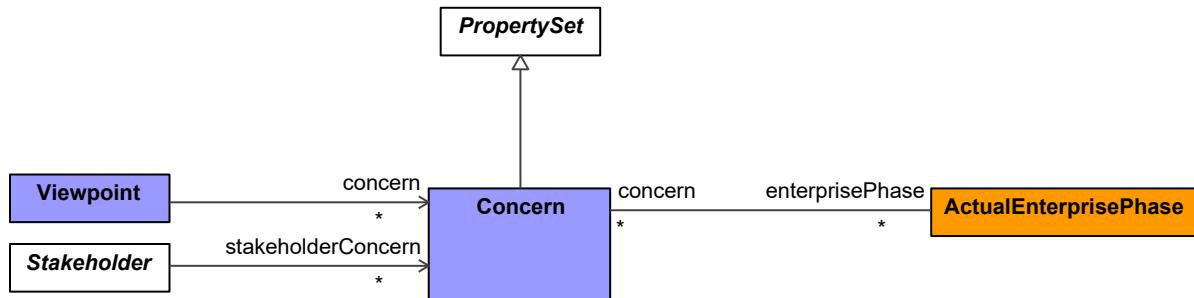


Figure 9:211 - Concern

Stakeholder

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

Individual, team, organization, or classes thereof, having an interest in an EnterprisePhase [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011].

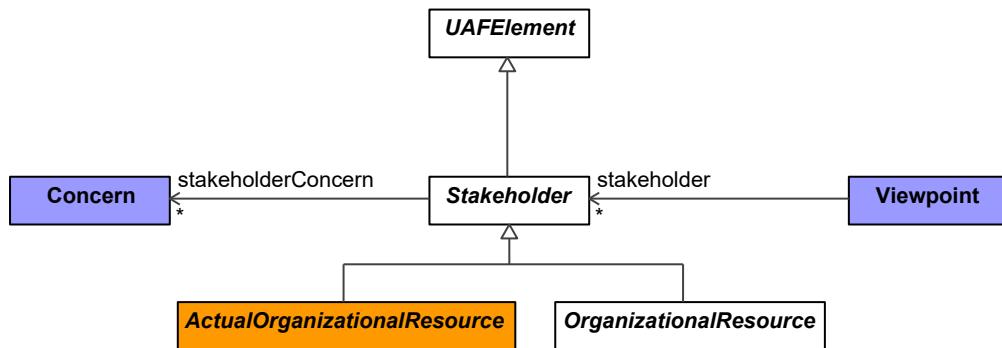


Figure 9:212 - Stakeholder

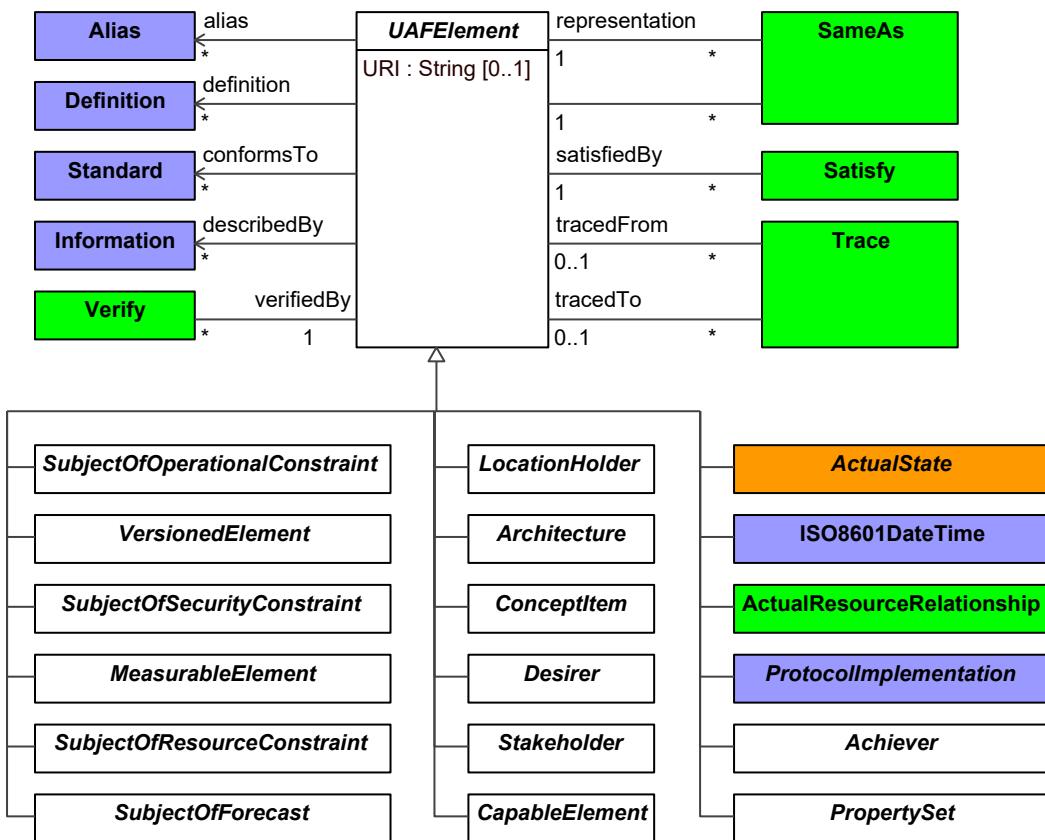
UAFEElement

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: Yes

Description

Abstract super type for all of the UAF elements. It provides a way for all of the UAF elements to have a common set of properties.

**Figure 9:213 - UAFEElement**

Attributes

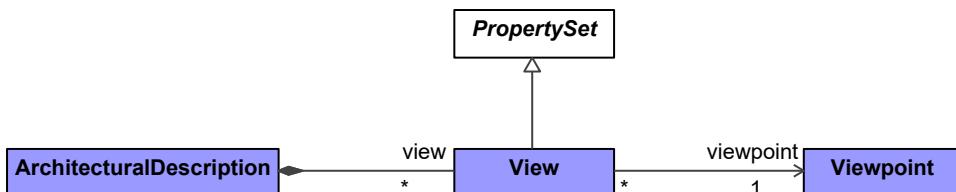
URI : String[0..1] Captures Unique identifier for the element.

View

Package: Summary & Overview**isAbstract:** No**Generalization:** [PropertySet](#)

Description

An architecture view expresses the architecture of the system-of-interest in accordance with an architecture viewpoint (or simply, viewpoint). [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011(E)].

**Figure 9:214 - View**

Viewpoint

Package: Summary & Overview

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

An architecture viewpoint frames (to formulate or construct in a particular style or language) one or more concerns. A concern can be framed by more than one viewpoint. [ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011(E)].

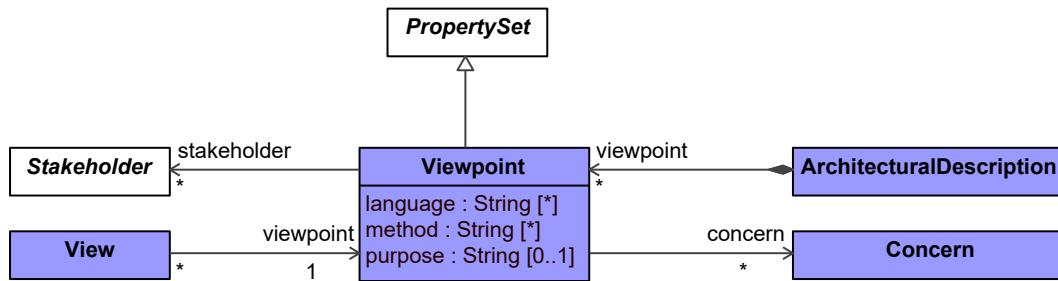


Figure 9:215 - Viewpoint

Attributes

`language : String[*]` The languages used to express the Viewpoint.

`method : String[*]` The methods employed in the development of the Viewpoint.

`purpose : String[0..1]` The purpose of the Viewpoint.

9.1.13 Domain MetaModel::Information

DataModel

Package: Information

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [SubjectOfOperationalConstraint](#), [SubjectOfResourceConstraint](#)

Description

A structural specification of data types, showing relationships between them. The type of data captured in the DataModel is described using the enumeration DataModelKind (Conceptual, Logical and Physical).

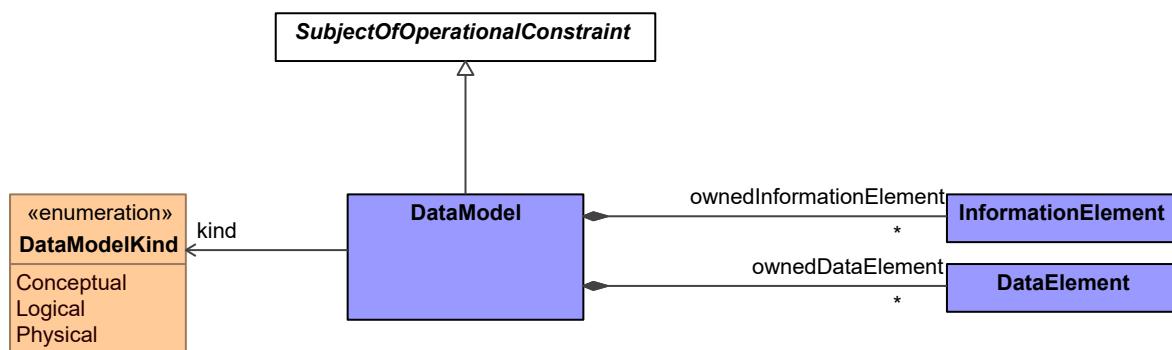


Figure 9:216 - DataModel

9.1.14 Domain MetaModel::Parameters

ActualCondition

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualPropertySet](#)

Description

An individual describing an actual situation with respect to circumstances under which an OperationalActivity, Function or ServiceFunction can be performed.

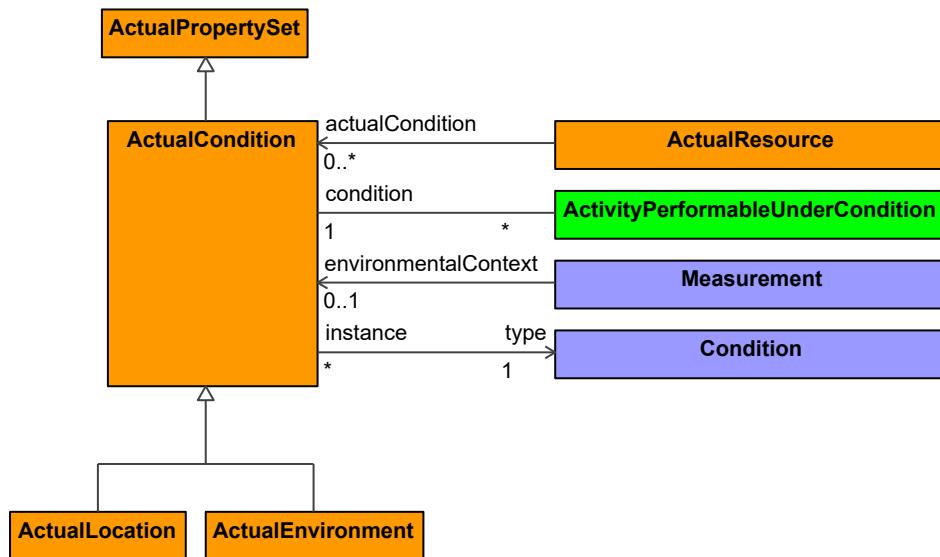


Figure 9:217 - ActualCondition

ActualEnvironment

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualCondition](#)

Description

An individual that describes the circumstances of an Environment.



Figure 9:218 - ActualEnvironment

ActualLocation

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualCondition](#)

Description

An individual that describes a physical location, for example using text to provide an address, Geo-coordinates, etc.

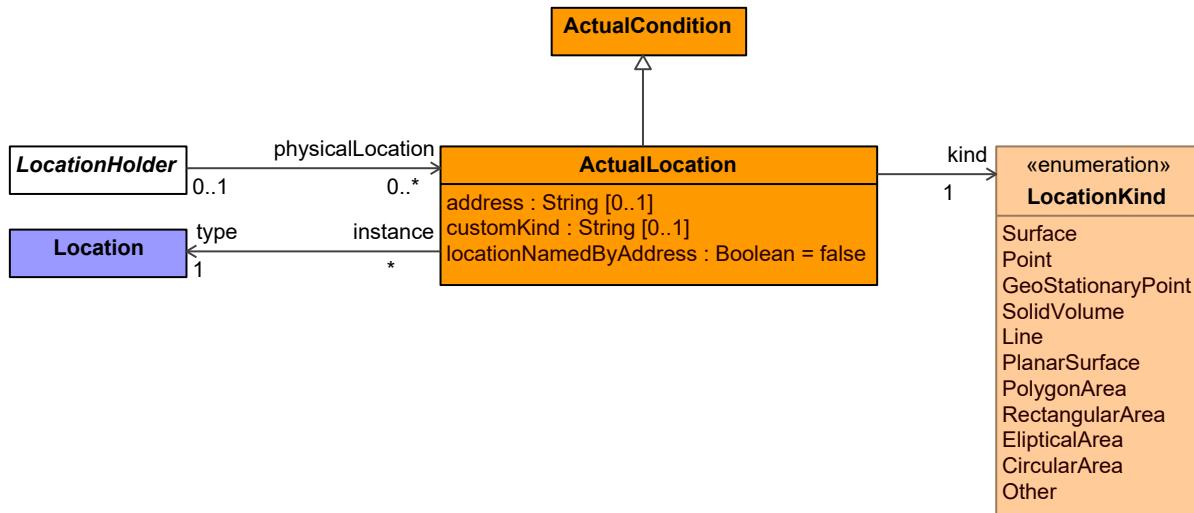


Figure 9:219 - ActualLocation

Attributes

address : String[0..1]

String describing the address of the ActualLocation, i.e. "1600 Pennsylvania avenue", "The White House"

customKind : String[0..1]

String describing a location kind that is not in the LocationKind enumerated list

locationNamedByAddress : Boolean[]

Boolean that indicates if the ActualLocation address is embedded in the ActualLocation name. By default = false.

ActualMeasurement

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualState](#)

Description

An actual value that is applied to a Measurement.

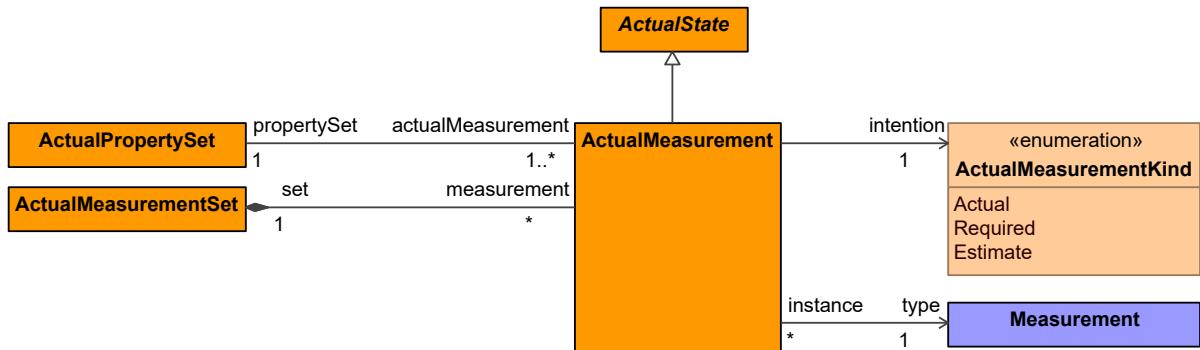


Figure 9:220 - ActualMeasurement

ActualMeasurementSet

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualPropertySet](#)

Description

A set of ActualMeasurements.

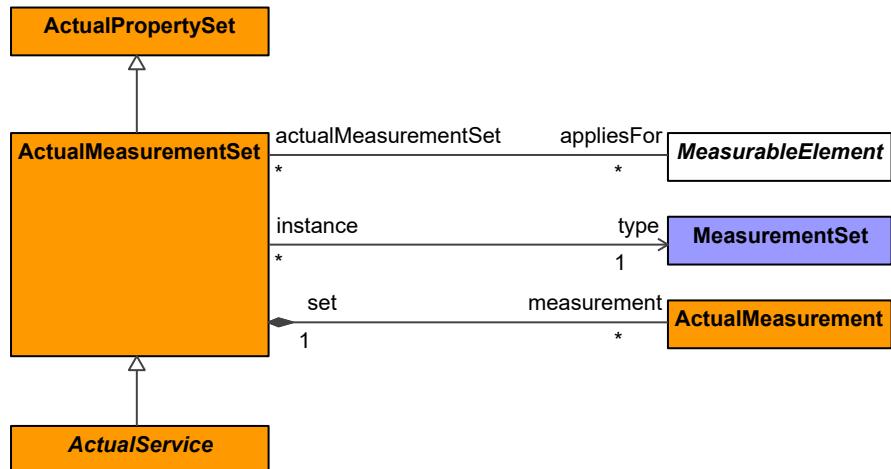


Figure 9:221 - ActualMeasurementSet

ActualPropertySet

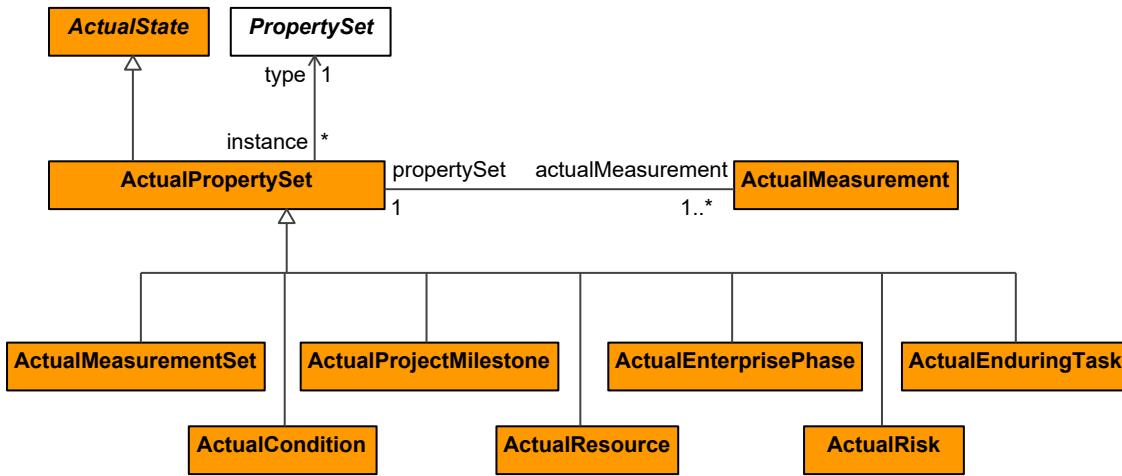
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ActualState](#)

Description

A set or collection of Actual properties.

**Figure 9:222 - ActualPropertySet**

ActualState

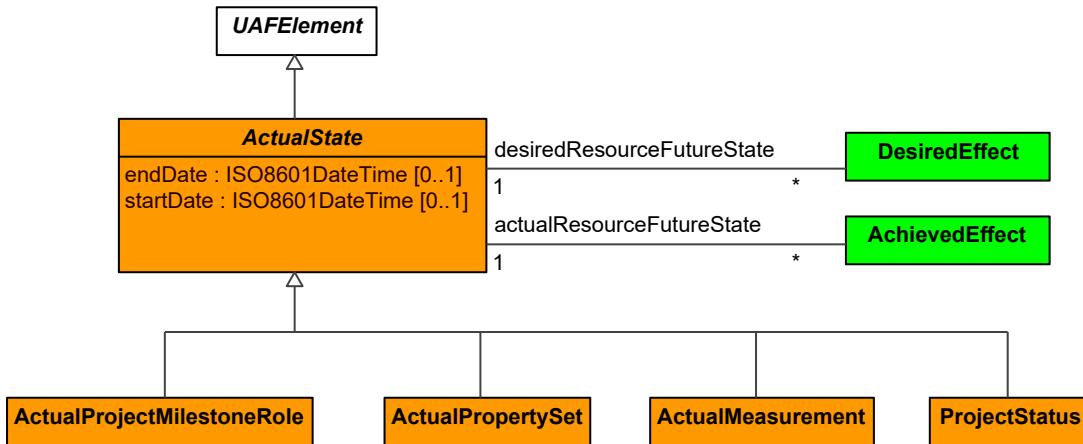
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAFEElement](#)

Description

Abstract element that applies temporal extent to a set of elements realized as Instance Specifications.

**Figure 9:223 - ActualState**

Attributes

endDate : **ISO8601DateTime[0..1]** End time for all individual elements.

startDate : **ISO8601DateTime[0..1]** Start time for all individual elements.

Condition

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A type that defines the Location, Environment and/or GeoPoliticalExtent.

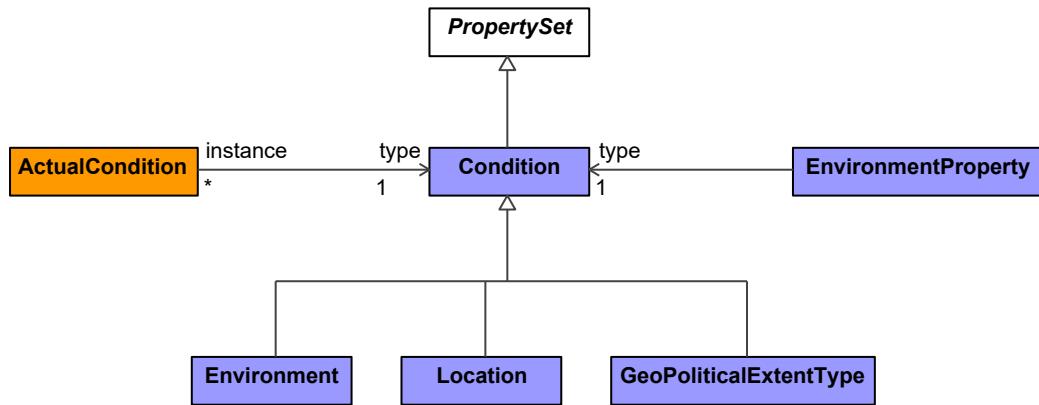


Figure 9:224 - Condition

Environment

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Condition](#)

Description

A definition of the environmental factors in which something exists or functions. The definition of an Environment element can be further defined using EnvironmentKind.

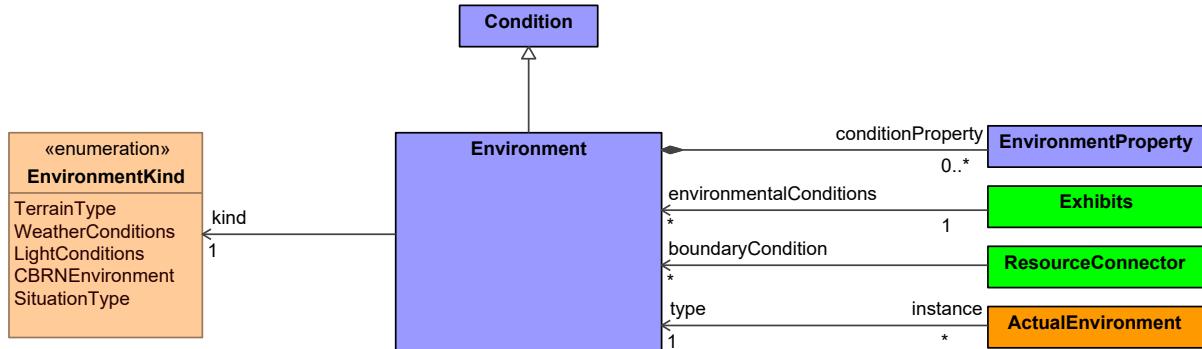


Figure 9:225 - Environment

GeoPoliticalExtentType

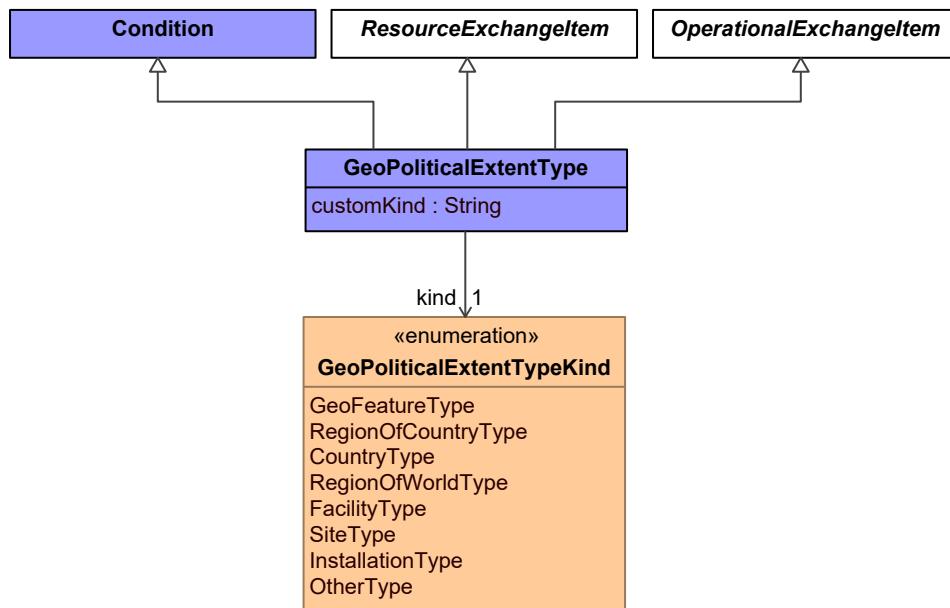
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [Condition](#), [OperationalExchangeItem](#), [ResourceExchangeItem](#)

Description

A type of geospatial extent whose boundaries are defined by declaration or agreement by political parties.

**Figure 9:226 - GeoPoliticalExtentType****Attributes**

customKind : String[] Captures the kind of GeopoliticalExtentType.

ISO8601DateTime

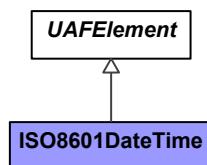
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [UAFFElement](#)

Description

A date and time specified in the ISO8601 date-time format including timezone designator (TZD): YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssTZD.

**Figure 9:227 - ISO8601DateTime****Location**

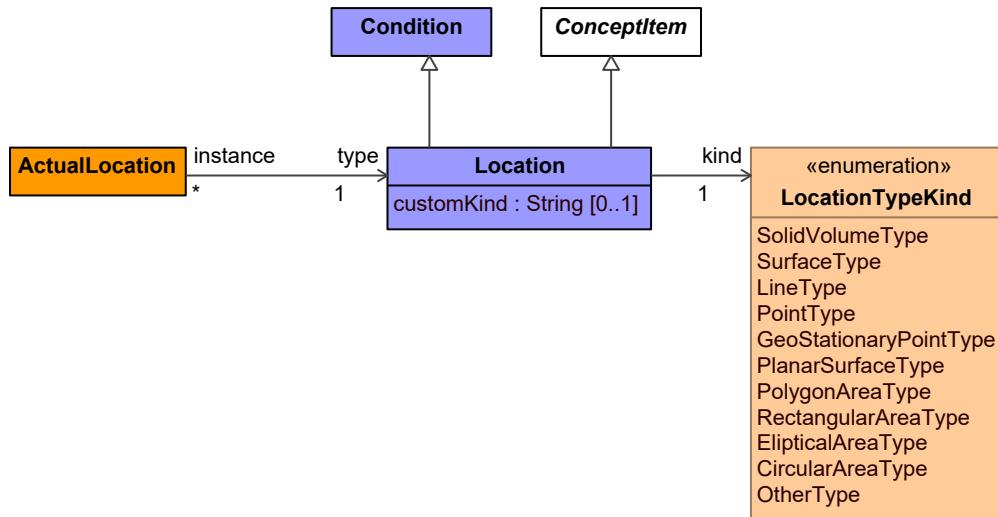
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [ConceptItem](#), [Condition](#)

Description

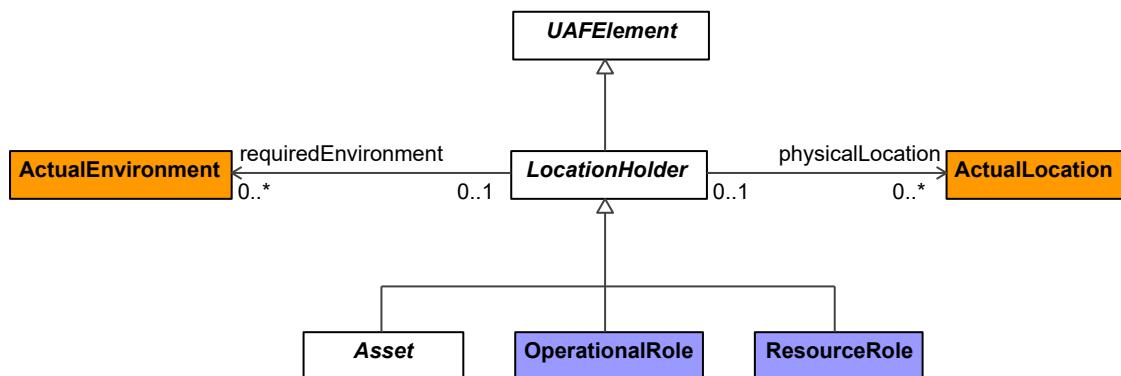
A specification of the generic area in which a LocationHolder is required to be located.

**Figure 9:228 - Location****Attributes**`customKind : String[0..1]` Captures the kind of Location if the LocationTypeKind has been set to "OtherType".

LocationHolder

Package: Parameters**isAbstract:** Yes**Generalization:** [UAElement](#)**Description**

Abstract type, used to group elements that are allowed to be associated with a Location.

**Figure 9:229 - LocationHolder**

MeasurableElement

Package: Parameters**isAbstract:** Yes**Generalization:** [UAElement](#)**Description**

Abstract type, grouping elements that can be measured by applying MeasurementSets to them.

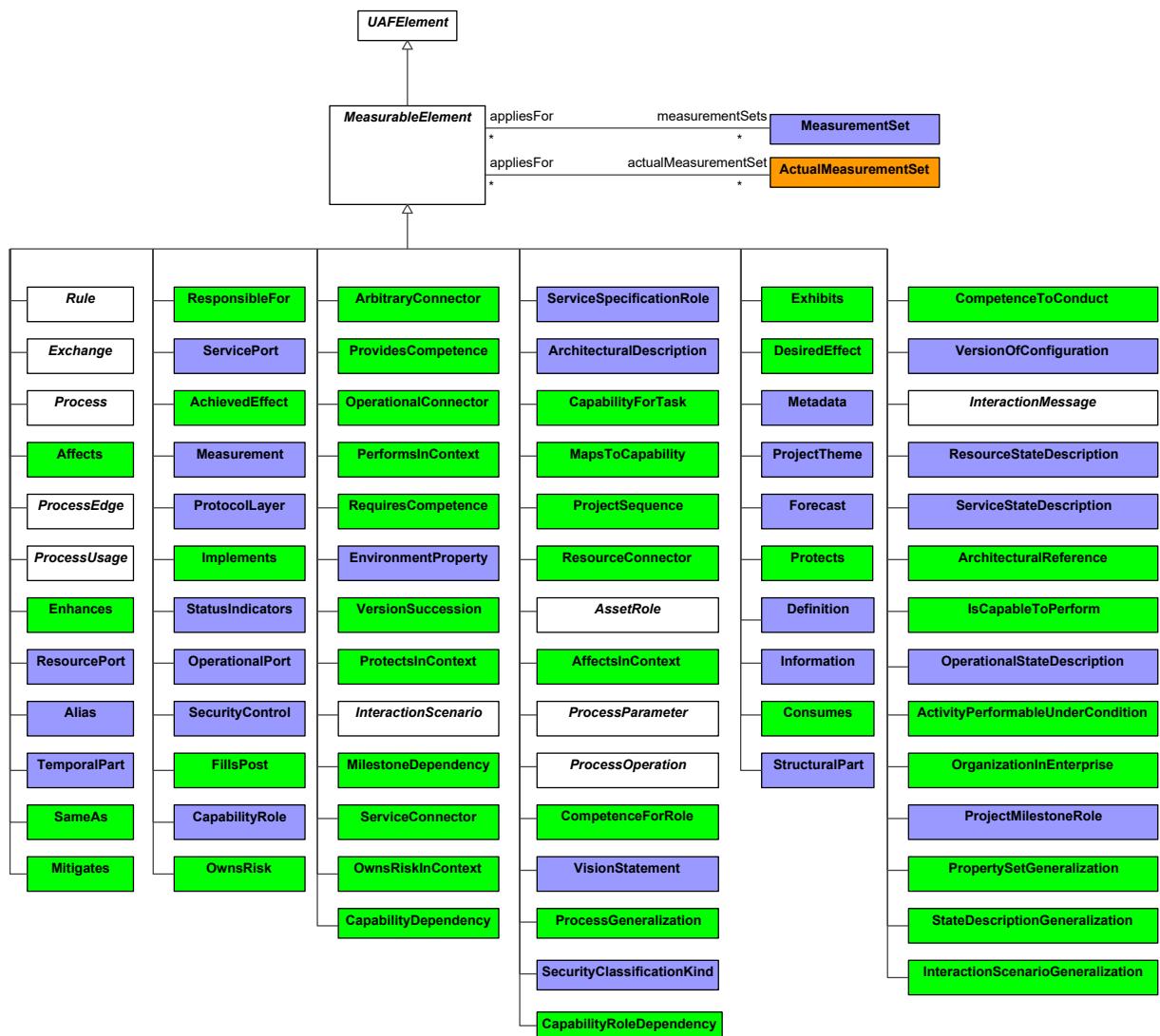


Figure 9:230 - MeasurableElement

Measurement

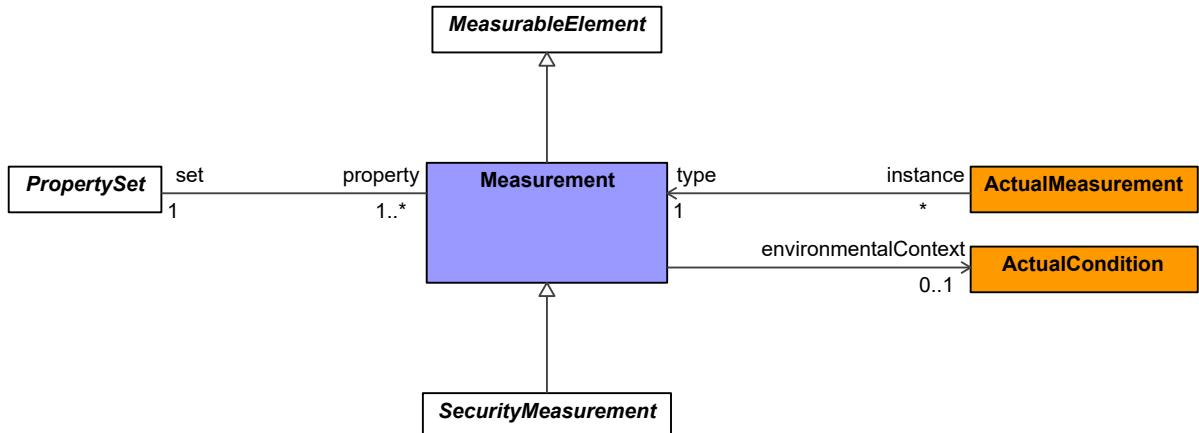
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [MeasurableElement](#)

Description

A property of an element representing something in the physical world, expressed in amounts of a unit of measure.

**Figure 9:231 - Measurement**

MeasurementSet

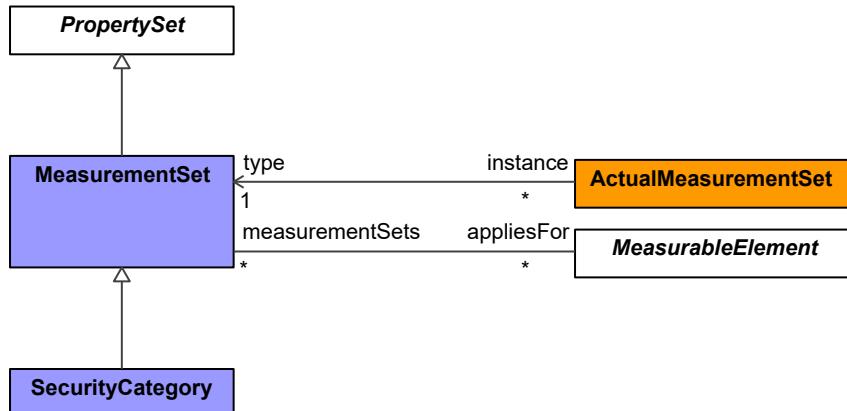
Package: Parameters

isAbstract: No

Generalization: [PropertySet](#)

Description

A collection of Measurements.

**Figure 9:232 - MeasurementSet**

PropertySet

Package: Parameters

isAbstract: Yes

Generalization: [UAElement](#)

Description

An abstract type grouping architectural elements that can own Measurements.

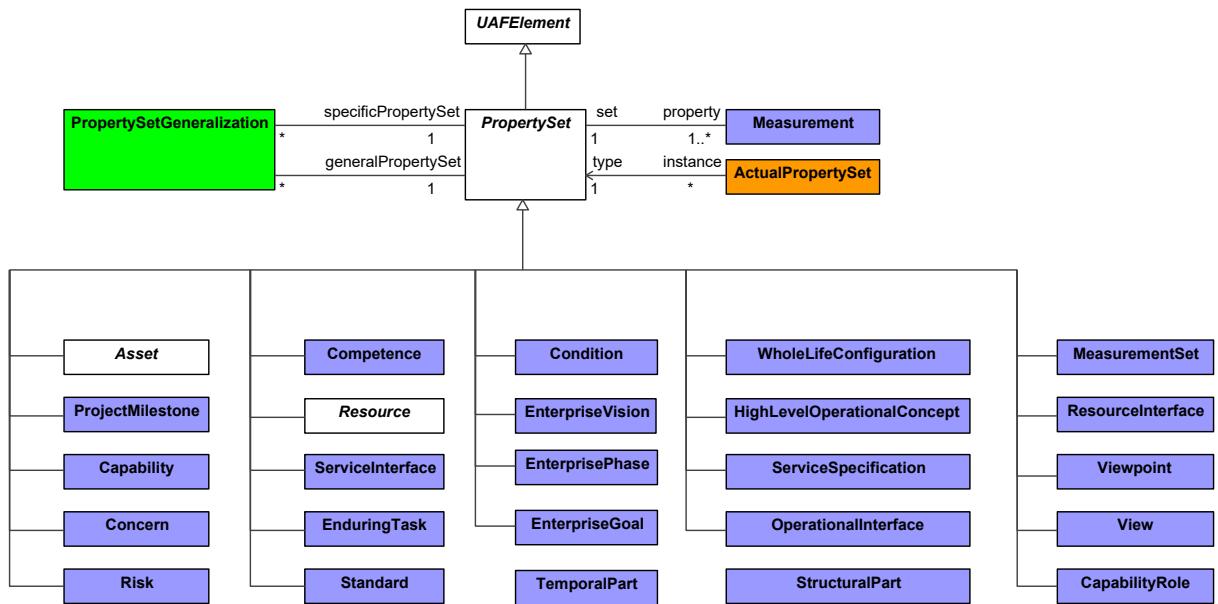


Figure 9:233 - PropertySet